Outline of the Talk

High-level overview: I will begin with a short monologue to familiarize the audience with stack languages and their semantics. I will keep this section short and non-formal, attempting to build up an intuition for how stack languages work. This portion will cover stack languages that support higher-order functions.

The rest of the talk will build up the formal semantics and type inference systems for a small stack-based language, starting with the minimal subset checked by Poial's first paper and ending with a system equivalent in power to Diggins'.

Part 1 - Background

- 1. Why bother with stack languages?
 - a. Forth, Joy, Factor, etc.
- 2. Give an intuition for how stack languages work
- 3. Light overview of the history

Part 2 - Stack-Effect Calculi

- 1. Build up the system from Poial '90 to Horspool '93
 - a. HPCL HP Calculator language (numbers and numeric operators)
 - b. CBL HPCL + if statements
 - c. MiniForth CBL + stack shuffle words

Part 3 - Nested Tuple Systems

- Continue building based on the stack-effect calculi
 - a. HiForth MiniForth stack shuffle words + lambdas
 - b. Show why we can't use basic stack effects
 - i. Primary problem: no stack-polymorphic call operator
- Develop Chris Okasaki's tuple embedding in Haskell
- 3. Explain Diggin's type syntax and show how it is equivalent to Okasaki
- 4. Continue building based on Diggin's system
 - a. MiniJoy HiForth + stack-polymorphic call