

# Exploratory Data Analysis Report - Titanic Dataset

## 1. Objective

The purpose of this analysis is to explore and extract meaningful insights from the Titanic dataset using Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA).

## 2. Tools Used

Python  
Jupyter Notebook  
Pandas  
Matplotlib  
Seaborn

## 3. Dataset Overview

The dataset used is the 'train.csv' file from the Titanic Kaggle competition. It includes features such as Passenger Name, Survived, Sex, Age, SibSp, Parch, Ticket, Fare, Cabin, and Embarked.

## 4. Data Cleaning

Checked for null values using `df.isnull().sum()`  
Noted missing values in Age, Cabin, and Embarked  
Suggested basic imputation methods like mean/median for Age and mode for Embarked.

## 5. Univariate Analysis

Used histograms and boxplots to analyze distributions of individual features such as Age, Fare, and Pclass.

## 6. Bivariate Analysis

Explored survival rates across Sex, Pclass, and Age using barplots and violin plots.

## 7. Multivariate Analysis

Generated pairplots and correlation heatmaps to examine relationships among multiple variables and detect multicollinearity.

## 8. Key Insights

Females had a higher survival rate than males  
Passengers in 1st class were more likely to survive  
Higher fare-paying passengers had better survival chances  
Cabin feature has a high number of missing values

## 9. Summary

This EDA provided valuable insights into factors influencing survival on the Titanic. The analysis revealed strong correlations between survival and Pclass, Sex, and Age.

## 10. Conclusion

The findings can be useful for feature engineering in machine learning models and deepen our understanding of the Titanic disaster.