Compare the Triplets *

Problem Submissions Leaderboard Discussions Editorial

Alice and Bob each created one problem for HackerRank. A reviewer rates the two challenges, awarding points on a scale from 1 to 100 for three categories: problem clarity, originality, and difficulty.

The rating for Alice's challenge is the triplet a = (a[0], a[1], a[2]), and the rating for Bob's challenge is the triplet b = (b[0], b[1], b[2]).

The task is to find their comparison points by comparing a[0] with b[0], a[1] with b[1], and a[2] with b[2].

- If a[i] > b[i], then Alice is awarded 1 point.
- If a[i] < b[i], then Bob is awarded 1 point.
- If a[i] = b[i], then neither person receives a point.

Comparison points is the total points a person earned.

Given a and b, determine their respective comparison points.

Example

a = [1, 2, 3]

b = [3, 2, 1]

- For elements *0*, Bob is awarded a point because a[0] .
- For the equal elements a[1] and b[1], no points are earned.
- Finally, for elements 2, a[2] > b[2] so Alice receives a point.

The return array is [1, 1] with Alice's score first and Bob's second.

Function Description

 $Complete \ the \ function \ compare Triplets \ in \ the \ editor \ below.$

compareTriplets has the following parameter(s):

- int a[3]: Alice's challenge rating
- int b[3]: Bob's challenge rating

Return

• int[2]: Alice's score is in the first position, and Bob's score is in the second.

Input Format

The first line contains 3 space-separated integers, a[0], a[1], and a[2], the respective values in triplet a.

The second line contains 3 space-separated integers, b[0], b[1], and b[2], the respective values in triplet b.

Constraints

- 1 ≤ a[i] ≤ 100
- $1 \le b[i] \le 100$

Sample Input 0

5 6 7 3 6 10

Sample Output 0

1 1

Explanation 0

In this example:

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• a = (a[0], a[1], a[2]) = (5, 6, 7)
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•
$$b = (b[0], b[1], b[2]) = (3, 6, 10)$$

Now, let's compare each individual score:

- $ullet \ a[0] > b[0]$, so Alice receives 1 point.
- $ullet \ a[1] = b[1]$, so nobody receives a point.
- $ullet \ a[2] < b[2]$, so Bob receives 1 point.

Alice's comparison score is $\mathbf{1}$, and Bob's comparison score is $\mathbf{1}$. Thus, we return the array $[\mathbf{1},\mathbf{1}]$.

Sample Input 1

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17 28 30
99 16 8
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Sample Output 1

2 1

Explanation 1

Comparing the 0^{th} elements, 17 < 99 so Bob receives a point.

Comparing the $\mathbf{1}^{st}$ and $\mathbf{2}^{nd}$ elements, 28>16 and 30>8 so Alice receives two points.

The return array is [2, 1].