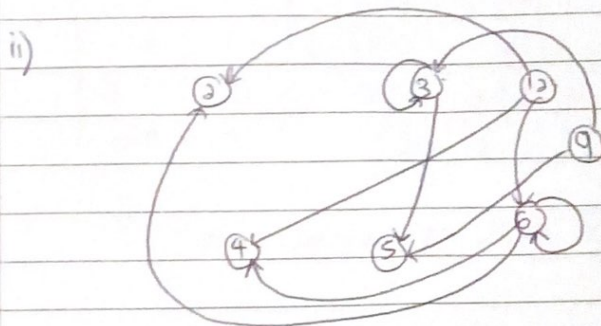


## Assignment 1.2 Discrete Structure

1.  $A = \{3, 6, 9, 12\}$   $B = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

i)  $R = \{(3, 3), (3, 5), (6, 2), (6, 4), (6, 6), (9, 3), (9, 5), (12, 2), (12, 4), (12, 6)\}$



iii) domain  $R = \{3, 6, 9, 12\}$   
 range  $R = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

2.  $D = \{1, 3, 8, 10, 15\}$

$R = \{(1, 8), (1, 15)\}$

Not equivalence relations, because relation  $R$  is not reflexive, not symmetric and not transitive.

3. i)  $M_R =$

	s	t	u	v
s	1	1	1	0
t	0	1	1	1
u	1	0	1	0
v	0	0	0	0

ii)

	s	t	u	v
In-degree	2	2	3	1
Out-degree	3	3	2	0

iii) Not reflexive because  $(u, u) \notin R$   
 Not antisymmetric because  $(s, u) \in R$  and  $(u, s) \in R$

$$M_R \otimes M_R \neq M_R$$

Q.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \neq \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

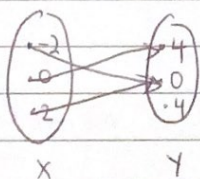
Thus, relation of  $R$  is not partial order.

$$X = \{-2, 0, 2\} \quad Y = \{-4, 0, 4\}$$

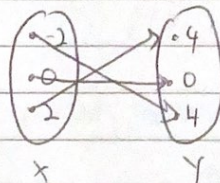
$$V = \{(-2, 0), (0, 4), (2, 0)\}$$

$$W = \{(-2, -4), (0, 0), (2, 4)\}$$

$$v(x) = 4 - x^2$$



$$w(x) = 2x$$



$v$  is not one-to-one, and not onto  $Y$ , not bijection.  
 $w$  is one-to-one, onto  $Y$  and is a bijection.

$$5 \quad f(x) = 7x - 2 \quad g(x) = \frac{2}{3}x$$

$$i) \quad g(x) = \frac{2}{3}x$$

$$g^{-1}(y) = x$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}y$$

$$g^{-1}(y) = \frac{3}{2}y$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ii) } (g \circ g \circ f)(x) &= g[g(f(x))] \\
 &= g[g(7x-2)] \\
 &= g\left[\frac{2}{3}(7x-2)\right] \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{2}{3}(7x-2)\right) \\
 &= \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{14}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}\right) \\
 &= \frac{28}{9}x - \frac{8}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6. A+B=C$$

$$A, F_0 = 5.0 \quad t = 0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$B, F_1 = 4.5$$

i)

$$F_t = F_{t-1} + \frac{1}{5}F_{t-2}, \quad t \geq 2$$

ii)

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_2 &= F_{(2-1)} + \frac{1}{5}F_{(2-2)} \\
 &= 4.5 + \frac{1}{5}(5.0) \\
 &= 5.5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_3 &= F_2 + \frac{1}{5}F_1 \\
 &= 5.5 + \frac{1}{5}(4.5) \\
 &= 6.4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F_0 = 5.0$$

$$F_1 = 4.5$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_2 &= F_1 + \frac{1}{5}F_0 \\
 &= 4.5 + \frac{1}{5}(5.0) \\
 &= 5.5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_3 &= F_2 + \frac{1}{5}F_1 \\
 &= 5.5 + \frac{1}{5}(4.5) \\
 &= 6.4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_4 &= F_3 + \frac{1}{5}F_2 \\
 &= 6.4 + \frac{1}{5}(5.5) \\
 &= 7.5
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_5 &= F_4 + \frac{1}{5}F_3 \\
 &= 7.5 + \frac{1}{5}(6.4) \\
 &= 8.78
 \end{aligned}$$

7.  $w_0 = 5$   $w_n = 2w_{n-1} + w_{n-2}, n \geq 2$   
 $w_1 = 7$

(2).  $w_0 = 5$   
 $w_1 = 7$

$$w_2 = 2w_1 + w_0$$

$$= 2(7) + 5$$

$$= 19$$

$$w_3 = 2w_2 + w_1$$

$$= 2(19) + 7$$

$$= 45$$

$$w_4 = 2w_3 + w_2$$

$$= 2(45) + 19$$

$$= 109$$

(1) recursive algorithm.

(2) trace output  $n=4$

input :  $n$   
 output :  $w(n)$

$w(n) \{$   
     if ( $n=0$ )  
         return 5  
     else if ( $n=1$ )  
         return 7  
     else return ( $2w(n-1) + w(n-2)$ )  
     }

$w(4)$   $w(4) = 109$

$n=4$

$n \neq 1$

$n \neq 4$

return ( $2w(3) + w(2)$ )

$w(3)$

$n=3$

$n \neq 1$

$w(3) = 45$

$n \neq 4$

return ( $2w(2) + w(1)$ )

$w(1) = 7$

$w(1)$

$n=1$

return 7

$w(2)$

$n=2$

$n \neq 1$

$w(2) = 19$

$n \neq 4$

return ( $2w(1) + w(0)$ )

$w(0) = 5$

$w(0)$

$n=0$

return 5

$\therefore$  answer  $w(4) = 109$