Computational Companion to "Quasi-Symmetric Nets: A Constructive Approach to the Equimodular Elliptic Type of Kokotsakis Polyhedra" — Example 5 Helper

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====*)
   (*Quit*)
   (*All angle sets in degrees*)
   anglesDeg = {
     {26.20863403213998, 82.2407675648952, 21.949109994264898, 60}, (*Vertex 1*)
     {16.166237389600262,
      130.87095233025335, 18.85247535405415, 115}, (*Vertex 2*)
     {134.65533802039442,
      34.44439013740831, 145.3694664686027, 80}, (*Vertex 3*)
     {117.95117201340666,
      49.52829397349284, 149.0275482144225, 105} (*Vertex 4*)};
   (*----*)
   (*Function to compute sigma from 4 angles*)
   computeSigma[\{\alpha_{-}, \beta_{-}, \gamma_{-}, \delta_{-}\}] := (\alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta) / 2;
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(*Function to compute a,b,c,d from angles*)
computeABCD[\{\alpha_{-}, \beta_{-}, \gamma_{-}, \delta_{-}\}] :=
  Module[{alpha = \alpha Degree, beta = \beta Degree, gamma = \gamma Degree,
    delta = \delta Degree, sigma}, sigma = computeSigma[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\} Degree];
   {Sin[alpha] / Sin[sigma - alpha], Sin[beta] / Sin[sigma - beta],
    Sin[gamma] / Sin[sigma - gamma], Sin[delta] / Sin[sigma - delta]}];
(*----*)
(*Compute all \sigma values*)
sigmas = computeSigma /@ anglesDeg;
(*Compute all {a,b,c,d} values*)
results = computeABCD /@ anglesDeg;
(*Optional:extract individual values*)
{a1, b1, c1, d1} = results[1];
{a2, b2, c2, d2} = results[2];
{a3, b3, c3, d3} = results[3];
{a4, b4, c4, d4} = results[4];
\{\sigma 1, \sigma 2, \sigma 3, \sigma 4\} = FullSimplify[sigmas];
====*)
CONDITION (N.0) =======*)
====*)
(*uniqueCombos={{1,1,1,1},{1,1,-1},{1,1,-1},
  \{1,1,-1,1\},\{1,-1,1,1\},\{1,-1,-1,1\},\{1,-1,1,-1\},\{1,-1,-1,-1\}\};
checkConditionN0Degrees[\{\alpha_{-},\beta_{-},\gamma_{-},\delta_{-}\}]:=Module[
  {angles=\{\alpha,\beta,\gamma,\delta\},results},results=Mod[uniqueCombos.angles,360]//Chop;
  !MemberQ[results,0]];
conditionsN0=checkConditionN0Degrees/@anglesDeg;
allVerticesPass=And@@conditionsNO;
Column[{TextCell[Style["======= CONDITION (N.0) ============,
    Darker[Green], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  If[allVerticesPass,
   Style["✓ All vertices satisfy (N.0).",Darker[Green],Bold],
   Style["X Some vertices fail (N.0).",Red,Bold]]}]*)
uniqueCombos = \{\{1, 1, 1, 1\}, \{1, 1, 1, -1\}, \{1, 1, -1, -1\}, \{1, 1, -1, 1\},
   \{1, -1, 1, 1\}, \{1, -1, -1, 1\}, \{1, -1, 1, -1\}, \{1, -1, -1, -1\}\};
checkConditionN0Degrees[\{\alpha_{-}, \beta_{-}, \gamma_{-}, \delta_{-}\}] :=
```

```
Module[{angles = {\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta}, results},
  results = Mod[uniqueCombos.angles, 360] // Chop;
  results];
(*apply to all vertices*)
resultsPerVertex = checkConditionNODegrees /@ anglesDeg;
(*check pass/fail*)
conditionsN0 = Map[! MemberQ[#, 0] &, resultsPerVertex];
allVerticesPass = And @@ conditionsN0;
Column[{TextCell[Style["========== CONDITION (N.0) ==============,
   Darker[Green], Bold, 16], "Text"], (*summary line*)If[allVerticesPass,
  Style["✓ All vertices satisfy (N.0).", Darker[Green], Bold],
  Style["* Some vertices fail (N.0).", Red, Bold]],
 (*detailed results for each vertex*)
 Grid[Prepend[Table[{"Vertex "<> ToString[i], resultsPerVertex[i],
     If[conditionsN0[i], " Pass", " Fail"]}, {i, Length[anglesDeg]}],
   {"Vertex", "Combinations (mod 360)", "Status"}], Frame → All]}]
====*)
CONDITION (N.3) =========*)
Ms = FullSimplify[Times@@@ results];
allEqualQ = Simplify[Equal@@Ms];
Column[{TextCell[Style["======== CONDITION (N.3) ===========",
   Darker[Blue], Bold, 16], "Text"], If[allEqualQ,
  Row[{Style[" \checkmark M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = ", Bold], Ms[1]]}],
  Style["x M_i are not all equal.", Red, Bold]]}]
====*)
aList = results[All, 1];
cList = results[All, 3];
dList = results[All, 4];
rList = FullSimplify /@ (aList * dList); {r1, r2, r3, r4} = rList;
sList = FullSimplify /@ (cList * dList); {s1, s2, s3, s4} = sList;
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```
Column[{TextCell[Style["======== CONDITION (N.4) ===========",
    Darker[Purple], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  If[r1 == r2 && r3 == r4 && s1 == s4 && s2 == s3, Column[
    \{Row[\{Style[" < r1 = r2 = ", Bold], r1, Style["; < r3 = r4 = ", Bold], r3\}],
     Row[{Style[" ✓ s1 = s4 = ", Bold], s1, Style["; ✓ s2 = s3 = ", Bold],
       s2}]}], Style["X Condition (N.4) fails.", Red, Bold]]
 }]
====*)
CONDITION (N.5) ========*)
====*)
fList = FullSimplify /@ (aList * cList); {f1, f2, f3, f4} = fList;
M1 = Ms[1];
m[M1_] := Piecewise[{{1 - M1, M1 < 1}, {(M1 - 1) / M1, M1 > 1}}] // N;
K = EllipticK[m[M1]] // N;
Kp = EllipticK[1 - m[M1]] // N;
computeTi[i_] :=
  Module[{sigma = sigmas[i], r = rList[i], s = sList[i], f = fList[i], base},
   base = I * Im[InverseJacobiDN[Piecewise[
          {{Sqrt[f], M1 < 1}, {1 / Sqrt[f], M1 > 1}}], m[M1]]] / Kp;
   Which[sigma < 180, Which[r > 1 \& \& s > 1, base, (r < 1 \& \& s > 1) \mid | (r > 1 \& \& s < 1),
     1 + base, r < 1 \&\& s < 1, 2 + base, sigma > 180, Which[r > 1 && s > 1,
     2 + base, (r < 1 \&\& s > 1) \mid \mid (r > 1 \&\& s < 1), 3 + base, r < 1 \&\& s < 1, base]]];
tList = computeTi /@ Range[4];
RoundWithTolerance[x_, tol_:10^(-14)] :=
  Module[{nearest}, nearest = Round[x];
   If[Abs[x - nearest] ≤ tol, nearest, x]];
checkValidCombination[M1_, \varepsilon_: 10^(-14)] :=
  Module[{i, combo, dotProd, rePart, imPart, n2, expr, foundQ = False},
   Print[Style["\triangle Approximate validation using \epsilon-tolerance. For rigorous
       proof, see the referenced paper.", Darker@Orange, Italic]];
   Do[combo = uniqueCombos[i]];
    dotProd = tList.combo;
    rePart = Abs[Re[dotProd]];
    imPart = Abs[Im[dotProd]];
    If M1 < 1,
     If \lceil Mod \lceil RoundWithTolerance \lceil rePart \rceil, 4] < \epsilon,
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```
If [Mod[RoundWithTolerance[imPart], 2] < \varepsilon, expr =
         tList[1] + combo[2] \times tList[2] + combo[3] \times tList[3] + combo[4] \times tList[4];
       Print[Style["✓ Valid Combination Found (M < 1):",
          Darker[Green], Bold], "\n", Style["e1 = ", Bold], combo[2],
        Style[", e2 = ", Bold], combo[[3]], Style[", e3 = ", Bold], combo[[4]],
         "\n", Style["t1 = ", Bold], Re[tList[[1]]], "K + ", Im[tList[[1]]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t2 = ", Bold], Re[tList[2]], "K + ", Im[tList[2]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t3 = ", Bold], Re[tList[3]], "K + ", Im[tList[3]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t4 = ", Bold], Re[tList[4]], "K + ", Im[tList[4]],
         "iK'", "\n", Style["t1 + e1*t2 + e2*t3 + e3*t4 = ", Bold],
        Re[expr], "K + ", Im[expr], "iK'"];
        foundQ = True;
       Break[]]]];
    If M1 > 1,
     If \lceil Mod \lceil RoundWithTolerance \lceil imPart \rceil, 2] < \epsilon,
      n2 = Quotient[RoundWithTolerance[imPart], 2];
      If [Mod[RoundWithTolerance[Abs[rePart - 2 n2]], 4] < \varepsilon, expr =
         \label{tlist[1]} tList[1] + combo[2] \times tList[2] + combo[3] \times tList[3] + combo[4] \times tList[4];
       Print[Style["▼ Valid Combination Found (M > 1):",
          Darker[Green], Bold], "\n", Style["e1 = ", Bold], combo[2],
        Style[", e2 = ", Bold], combo[[3]], Style[", e3 = ", Bold], combo[[4]],
         "\n", Style["t1 = ", Bold], Re[tList[1]], "K + ", Im[tList[1]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t2 = ", Bold], Re[tList[2]], "K + ", Im[tList[2]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t3 = ", Bold], Re[tList[3]], "K + ", Im[tList[3]], "iK'",
         "\n", Style["t4 = ", Bold], Re[tList[4]], "K + ", Im[tList[4]],
         "iK'", "\n", Style["t1 + e1*t2 + e2*t3 + e3*t4 = ", Bold],
        Re[expr], "K + ", Im[expr], "iK'"];
        foundQ = True;
        Break[]]]], {i, Length[uniqueCombos]}];
   If[! foundQ, Print[Style["X No valid combination found.", Red, Bold], "\n",
     Style["t1 = ", Bold], Re[tList[1]], "K + ", Im[tList[1]], "iK'", "\n",
     Style["t2 = ", Bold], Re[tList[2]]], "K + ", Im[tList[2]]], "iK'", "\n",
     Style["t3 = ", Bold], Re[tList[3]], "K + ", Im[tList[3]], "iK'", "\n",
     Style["t4 = ", Bold], Re[tList[4]], "K + ", Im[tList[4]], "iK'", "\n"]];];
Column[{TextCell[Style["======== CONDITION (N.5) ===========",
    Darker[Red], Bold, 16], "Text"]}]
res = checkValidCombination[M1];
====*)
OTHER PARAMETER=======*)
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```
cosSigmaAlt[Mi_, fi_, ri_, si_] :=
  (Mi (fi+ri+si-1) + ri fi si - ri fi - ri si - fi si) / (2 Sqrt[ri si fi] (1 - Mi));
Column[
 {TextCell[Style["============== OTHER PARAMETERS ================,
    Darker[Orange], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  Row[{Style["u = ", Bold], 1 - M1}],
  Row[\{Style["\sigma1 = ", Bold], \sigma1 Degree, Style[", \sigma2 = ", Bold], \sigma2 Degree, \}]
    Style[", \sigma3 = ", Bold], \sigma3 Degree, Style[", \sigma4 = ", Bold], \sigma4 Degree}],
  Row[\{Style["\sigma1 \approx ", Bold], N[\sigma1], Style["o", Bold], Style[", \sigma2 \approx ", Bold], \}]
    N[\sigma 2], Style["°", Bold], Style[", \sigma 3 \approx ", Bold], N[\sigma 3],
    Style["°", Bold], Style[", \sigma 4 \approx ", Bold], N[\sigma 4], Style["°", Bold]}],
  Row[{Style["cosσ1 = ", Bold], Simplify@cosSigmaAlt[M1, f1, r1, s1],
    Style[", \cos \sigma 2 = ", Bold], Simplify@cosSigmaAlt[M1, f2, r2, s2],
    Style[", cosσ3 = ", Bold], Simplify@cosSigmaAlt[M1, f3, r3, s3],
    Style[", \cos \sigma 4 = ", Bold], Simplify@cosSigmaAlt[M1, f4, r4, s4]}],
  Row[{Style["f1 = ", Bold], f1, Style[", f2 = ", Bold],
    f2, Style[", f3 = ", Bold], f3, Style[", f4 = ", Bold], f4}],
  Row[\{Style["z1 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(f1-1)], Style[", z2 = ", Bold], \}
    FullSimplify[1/(f2-1)], Style[", z3 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(f3-1)],
    Style[", z4 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(f4-1)]}],
  Row[\{Style["x1 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(r1-1)], Style[", x2 = ", Bold], \}]
    FullSimplify[1/(r2-1)], Style[", x3 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(r3-1)],
    Style[", x4 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(r4-1)]}],
  Row[\{Style["y1 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1/(s1-1)], Style[", y2 = ", Bold], \}]
    Full Simplify[1/(s2-1)], Style[", y3 = ", Bold], Full Simplify[1/(s3-1)],
    Style[", y4 = ", Bold], FullSimplify[1 / (s4 - 1)]}],
  Row[{Style["p1 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r1-1]],
    Style[", p2 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r2-1]], Style[", p3 = ", Bold],
    Simplify[Sqrt[r3-1]], Style[", p4 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r4-1]]}],
  Row[{Style["q1 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[s1-1]],
    Style[", q2 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[s2 - 1]], Style[", q3 = ", Bold],
    Simplify[Sqrt[s3-1]], Style[", q4 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[s4-1]]}],
  Row[\{Style["p1\cdot q1 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r1-1] Sqrt[s1-1]]\},
    Style[", p2 \cdot q2 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r2-1] Sqrt[s2-1]],
    Style[", p3\cdot q3 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r3-1] Sqrt[s3-1]],
    Style[", p4\cdot q4 = ", Bold], Simplify[Sqrt[r4-1] Sqrt[s4-1]]
 }]
====*)
BRICARD's EQUATIONS========**)
```

 $\sqrt{(1+3.4575776313801847 t^2) (1-0.7811714739558353 t^2)})$

 $(-1.2264950862699229 - 3.4575776313801847 t^2);$

```
 U[t_{-}] := (0.18029302872898165) (11.610011024543208) t + 6.663793331850769) 
          \sqrt{\left(\text{1+3.4575776313801847} \right. \left.\text{t}^{2}\right) \left.\left(\text{1-0.7811714739558353} \right. \left.\text{t}^{2}\right)\right)\right/}
    (2.6091661366212175 + 3.845171738795376 t^{2});
W2[t_{]} := (0.8842187622039149) (0.8494336559689466) t - 1.1387226496890441)
          \sqrt{(1+3.4575776313801847 t^2) (1-0.7811714739558353 t^2)})
    (-1.1465569838598522^{-3.4575776313801847^{t^2}};
 FLEXION 2=======*)
Z2[t_] := t;
W12[t_{-}] := (1.8303883744906646) (0.739190870110122) t + 0.8185802872931142)
          \sqrt{\left(\text{1+3.4575776313801847} \right.^{2}\left.\text{t}^{2}\right) \left.\left(\text{1-0.7811714739558353} \right.^{2}\left.\text{t}^{2}\right)\right)\right/}
    (-1.2264950862699229 - 3.4575776313801847 t^2);
U2[t_{-}] := (0.18029302872898165) (11.610011024543208) t - 6.663793331850769)
          \sqrt{(1+3.4575776313801847 t^2) (1-0.7811714739558353 t^2)})
    (2.6091661366212175 + 3.845171738795376 t^2);
\sqrt{\left(\text{1+3.4575776313801847} \right.^{2}\left.\text{t}^{2}\right) \left.\left(\text{1-0.7811714739558353} \right.^{2}\left.\text{t}^{2}\right)\right)\right/}
    (-1.1465569838598522 - 3.4575776313801847 t^2);
(*Step 2: Formulas for flexions*)
Column[
 {(*Header*)TextCell[Style["========== FLEXIONS =============,
     Red, Bold, 16], "Text"], (*Explanatory note*)TextCell[Style[
     "Solutions to Bricard's equations under a free parameter t := Z \in \mathbb{C}:",
     GrayLevel[0.3], 13], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  (*Heading for results*) TextCell[Style["Solution 1:", Bold, 14], "Text"],
  Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
  Row[{"Z(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[Z[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"W<sub>2</sub>(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[W2[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"U(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[U[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"W,(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[W1[t]]]}], Spacer[12],
  (*Heading for results*) TextCell[Style["Solution 2:", Bold, 14], "Text"],
  Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
  Row[{"Z(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[Z2[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"W<sub>2</sub>(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[W22[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"U(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[U2[t]]]}], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"W,(t) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[W12[t]]]}]
 }]
(*Step 3: Checking that W_1(t) and W_2(t) solves P_1(t, W_1) =
 0 and P_2(t, W_2) = 0 even when +- signs do NOT agree*)
(*t-range*)
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```
tMin = 0;
tMax = 0.6;
Column [
 {(*Header*)TextCell[Style["========== Equations: P,(t, W,) = 0
       Orange, Bold, 16], "Text"], (*Explanatory note*)TextCell[
   Style["Let W_{1s1} and W_{1s2} be formulas for W_1(t) from solutions
       1 and 2, respectively. Similarly, let W_{2s1} and W_{2s2} be
       the formulas for W2(t). We show that all four pairs -
       (W_{1s1}, W_{2s1}), (W_{1s1}, W_{2s2}), (W_{1s2}, W_{2s1}), and (W_{1s2}, W_{2s2})
       - solve equations P_1(t, W_1) = 0 and P_2(t, W_2) = 0.",
    GrayLevel[0.3], 13], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  (*Heading for results*)
  TextCell[Style["Pair 1, (W_1, W_2) = (W_{1s1}, W_{2s1}):", Bold, 14], "Text"],
  Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
  Row[{"P,(t, W<sub>1</sub>) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
        anglesDeg[[1] Degree, sigmas[[1] Degree, Z[t], W1[t]]]]]], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"P}_2(t, W_2) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[}
        anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W2[t]]]]]], Spacer[12],
  (*Verification Plots Module:This entire Module is now the last item inside
     the main Column.It will execute and place the resulting Panel here.*)
  Module[{PiExpr, labels}, (*1. Define the two polynomial expressions
    to be plotted*)PiExpr = {FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
        anglesDeg[[1] Degree, sigmas[[1] Degree, Z[t], W1[t]]], FullSimplify[
       BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W2[t]]];
   (*2. Define the labels for each plot*)
   labels = {Row[{Subscript["P", 1], "(t, ", Subscript["W", 1], ")", " ≈ 0 ",
        Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}], Row[{Subscript["P", 2], "(t, ",
        Subscript["W", 2], ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}]};
   (*3. Display the plots in the specified panel style*)
   Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[PiExpr[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
         PlotLabel \rightarrow Style[labels[i]], Bold, 14], PlotRange \rightarrow {-10^-10, 10^-10},
         (*Zoom in to confirm zero*)AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 300],
        {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2 (*Arrange plots in rows of 2*)],
     Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]],
  TextCell[Style["Pair 2, (W_1, W_2) = (W_{151}, W_{252}):", Bold, 14], "Text"],
  Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
  Row[{"P<sub>1</sub>(t, W<sub>1</sub>) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
        anglesDeg[[1] Degree, sigmas[[1] Degree, Z[t], W1[t]]]]]], Spacer[6],
  Row[{"P}_2(t, W_2) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[}
        anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W22[t]]]]]], Spacer[12],
  (*Verification Plots Module:This entire Module is now the last item inside
     the main Column.It will execute and place the resulting Panel here.*)
  Module[{PiExpr, labels}, (*1. Define the two polynomial expressions
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```
to be plotted*)PiExpr = {FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
      anglesDeg[[1] Degree, sigmas[[1] Degree, Z[t], W1[t]]], FullSimplify[
     BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W22[t]]]};
 (*2. Define the labels for each plot*)
 labels = {Row[{Subscript["P", 1], "(t, ", Subscript["W", 1], ")", " ≈ 0 ",
      Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}], Row[{Subscript["P", 2], "(t, ",
      Subscript["W", 2], ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}]};
 (*3. Display the plots in the specified panel style*)
 Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[PiExpr[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
       PlotLabel \rightarrow Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange \rightarrow {-10^-10, 10^-10},
       (*Zoom in to confirm zero*)AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 300],
      {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2 (*Arrange plots in rows of 2*)],
   Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]],
TextCell[Style["Pair 3, (W<sub>1</sub>, W<sub>2</sub>) = (W<sub>1,52</sub>, W<sub>2,51</sub>):", Bold, 14], "Text"],
Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
Row[{"P<sub>1</sub>(t, W<sub>1</sub>) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
      anglesDeg[1] Degree, sigmas[1] Degree, Z[t], W12[t]]]]]], Spacer[6],
Row[{"P}_2(t, W_2) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[}
      anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W2[t]]]}], Spacer[12],
(*Verification Plots Module:This entire Module is now the last item inside
   the main Column.It will execute and place the resulting Panel here.*)
Module[{PiExpr, labels}, (*1. Define the two polynomial expressions
  to be plotted*)PiExpr = {FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
      anglesDeg[1] Degree, sigmas[1] Degree, Z[t], W12[t]]], FullSimplify[
    BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W2[t]]];
 (*2. Define the labels for each plot*)
 labels = \{Row[\{Subscript["P", 1], "(t, ", Subscript["W", 1], ")", " \approx 0 ", \}\}
     Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}], Row[{Subscript["P", 2], "(t, ",
     Subscript["W", 2], ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}]};
 (*3. Display the plots in the specified panel style*)
 Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[PiExpr[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
       PlotLabel \rightarrow Style[labels[i]], Bold, 14], PlotRange \rightarrow \{-10^{-}10, 10^{-}10\},
       (*Zoom in to confirm zero*)AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 300],
      {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2 (*Arrange plots in rows of 2*)],
   Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]],
TextCell[Style["Pair 4, (W_1, W_2) = (W_{152}, W_{252}):", Bold, 14], "Text"],
Spacer[6], (*Traditional form results*)
Row[{"P,(t, W,) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
      anglesDeg[1] Degree, sigmas[1] Degree, Z[t], W12[t]]]]}], Spacer[6],
Row[{"P<sub>2</sub>(t, W<sub>2</sub>) = ", TraditionalForm[FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[}
     anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W22[t]]]]}], Spacer[12],
(*Verification Plots Module:This entire Module is now the last item inside
   the main Column.It will execute and place the resulting Panel here.*)
Module[{PiExpr, labels}, (*1. Define the two polynomial expressions
  to be plotted*)PiExpr = {FullSimplify[BricardsEquation[
```

```
anglesDeg[1] Degree, sigmas[1] Degree, Z[t], W12[t]]], FullSimplify[
       BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[2] Degree, sigmas[2] Degree, Z[t], W22[t]]]};
    (*2. Define the labels for each plot*)
   labels = {Row[{Subscript["P", 1], "(t, ", Subscript["W", 1], ")", " ≈ 0 ",
        Style["\forall", Darker[Green], Bold]}], Row[{Subscript["P", 2], "(t, ",
        Subscript["W", 2], ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}]};
    (*3. Display the plots in the specified panel style*)
   Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[PiExpr[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
         PlotLabel \rightarrow Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange \rightarrow {-10^-10, 10^-10},
          (*Zoom in to confirm zero*)AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 300],
         {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2 (*Arrange plots in rows of 2*)],
      Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]]
 }]
(*Step 4: Checking that W_1(t) and W_2(t) does NOT satisfy W_1(t)/W_2(t) =
 c and W_1(t)W_2(t) = c where c is constant even when +- signs do NOT agree*)
expressions = {Z[t] * U[t], Z[t] / U[t], Z[t] * U2[t], Z[t] / U2[t],
   Z2[t] * U[t], Z2[t] / U[t], Z2[t] * U2[t], Z2[t] / U2[t]};
labels = {"W_{1s1} * W_{2s1}", "W_{1s1} / W_{2s1}", "W_{1s1} * W_{2s2}", "W_{1s1} / W_{2s2}",
   W_{1s2} * W_{2s1}, W_{1s2} / W_{2s1}, W_{1s2} * W_{2s2}, W_{1s2} / W_{2s2};
Column[
 {TextCell[Style["========= Plots of W_1(t)W_2(t) and W_1(t)/W_2(t) For All
       Pairs =======", Darker[Orange], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  (*Explanatory text*)
  TextCell[Style["Checking that all four pairs - (W_{1s1}, W_{2s1}), (W_{1s1}, W_{2s2}),
       (W_{1s2}, W_{2s1}), and (W_{1s2}, W_{2s2}) - does NOT satisfy W_1(t)/W_2(t)
       = const and W_1(t)W_2(t) = const.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
  Spacer[12],
  (*Plots panel*)
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
        PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
        AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
     Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
 }]
(*Step 5: Solving P_3(U, W_2) = 0 and P_4(U, W_1) = 0 for W_1 and W_2*)
(*Define the first Bricard equation P_3(U, W_2) = 0*)
P3 = BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[3] Degree, sigmas[3] Degree, U, Ww2];
(*Solve for W21, W22*)
solutionW2Expressions =
  (Ww2 /. FullSimplify[Solve[Rationalize[P3, 0] == 0, Ww2]]);
Ww21[U_] := solutionW2Expressions[1];
Ww22[U_] := solutionW2Expressions[2];
```

```
(*Define the fourth Bricard equation P_4(U, W_1) = 0*)
P4 = BricardsEquation[anglesDeg[4] Degree, sigmas[4] Degree, U, Ww1];
(*Solve for W11,W12*)
solutionW1Expressions =
        (Ww1 /. FullSimplify[Solve[Rationalize[P4, 0] == 0, Ww1]]);
Ww11[U_] := solutionW1Expressions[[1]];
Ww12[U ] := solutionW1Expressions[[2]];
Column[
    {(*Header*)TextCell[Style["========== Equations: P,(U, W,) = 0
                      Darker[Cyan], Bold, 16], "Text"], (*Explanatory note*)
       TextCell[Style["We solve P_3(U, W_2) = 0 and P_4(U, W_1) = 0 for W_1 and W_2.",
               GrayLevel[0.3], 13], "Text"], Spacer[12],
        (*Heading for results*)Row[{"W<sub>1,1</sub>(U) = ", TraditionalForm[Ww11[U]]}],
        Row[{"W<sub>12</sub>(U) = ", TraditionalForm[Ww12[U]]}],
       Spacer[6], Row[{"W21(U) = ", TraditionalForm[Ww21[U]]}],
       Row[\{"W_{22}(U) = ", TraditionalForm[Ww22[U]]\}]
    }]
 (*Step 6: Checking that pairs (W_{11}(U), W_{21}(U)), (W_{11}(U), W_{22}(U)),
 (W_{12}(U), W_{21}(U)), \text{ and } (W_{12}(U), W_{22}(U)) \text{ does NOT satisfy } W_1(U)/W_2(U) =
    c and W_1(U)W_2(U) = c where c is constant*)
UMin = 0;
UMax = 0.4;
expressions =
        \{Ww11[U] * Ww21[U], Ww11[U] / Ww21[U], Ww11[U] * Ww22[U], Ww11[U] / Ww22[U], Ww11[U], Ww11[
           \label{eq:ww12[U] * Ww21[U], Ww12[U] + Ww22[U], Ww12[U] + Ww22[U] + W
labels = {"W<sub>11</sub> * W<sub>21</sub>", "W<sub>11</sub> / W<sub>21</sub>", "W<sub>11</sub> * W<sub>22</sub>",
           W_{11} / W_{22}, W_{12} * W_{21}, W_{12} / W_{21}, W_{12} * W_{22}, W_{12} / W_{22};
Column[
    {TextCell[Style["============ Plots of W_1(U)W_2(U) and W_1(U)/W_2(U) For All}
                      Pairs =======", Magenta, Bold, 16], "Text"],
        (*Explanatory text*)
        TextCell[Style["Checking that all four pairs - (W,,(U),
                      W_{2,1}(U)), (W_{1,1}(U), W_{2,2}(U)), (W_{1,2}(U), W_{2,1}(U)), and
                       (W_{12}(U), W_{22}(U)) - does NOT satisfy W_1(U)/W_2(U) = const
                      and W_1(U)W_2(U) = const.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
        Spacer[12],
        (*Plots panel*)
        Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {U, UMin, UMax},
                          PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
```

```
AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
     Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
 }]
(*Step 7: Compute and print all P_i for flexions 1 and 2*)
 Style["========== FLEXIBILITY (Double Checking) =============,
  Orange, Bold, 16], "Text"]
funcs = \{\{Z, W_1\}, \{Z, W_2\}, \{U, W_2\}, \{U, W_1\}\};
TextCell[Style["Solution 1:", Bold, 14], "Text"]
Do[angles = anglesDeg[i] Degree;
  sigma = sigmas[i] Degree;
  \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\} = angles;
  poly = Which[i == 1, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, Z[t], W1[t]],
     i = 2, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, Z[t], W2[t]],
     i = 3, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, U[t], W2[t]],
     i = 4, BricardsEquation[{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta}, sigma, U[t], W1[t]]];
  Print[Row[{Subscript["P", i], "(", funcs[i, 1],
      ", ", funcs[i, 2], ") = ", FullSimplify[poly]}]], {i, 1, 4}];
(*Build P_i(t) consistently with your printing logic*)
Clear[PiExpr, labels, funcs];
funcs = \{\{Z, W1\}, \{Z, W2\}, \{U, W2\}, \{U, W1\}\}\};
PiExpr = Table[Module[{angles = anglesDeg[i] Degree,
      sigma = sigmas[i] Degree, \alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, poly\}, \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\} = angles;
     poly = BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, funcs[i, 1][t], funcs[i, 2][t]];
     FullSimplify[poly]], {i, 1, 4}];
labels = Table[Row[
     {Subscript["P", i], "(", ToString@funcs[i, 1], ", ", ToString@funcs[i, 2],
      ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}], {i, 1, 4}];
(*Pretty panel with plots like your style*)
Column[{TextCell[Style["========== FLEXION 1 ===========",
     Darker[Cyan], Bold, 16], "Text"], TextCell[
   Style["Polynomials Pi(t) built from Bricard's equations for flexion 1.",
     GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[Evaluate@PiExpr[i]],
         {t, tMin, tMax}, PlotLabel → Style[labels[i]], Bold, 14],
         PlotRange \rightarrow {-10^(-11), 10^(-11)}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", None},
         ImageSize \rightarrow 250], {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2], Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}],
   Background → Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins → 15]}]
(*Compute and print all P_i for flexion 2*)
TextCell[Style["Solution 2:", Bold, 14], "Text"]
funcs = \{\{Z, W_1\}, \{Z, W_2\}, \{U, W_2\}, \{U, W_1\}\};
```

```
Do[angles = anglesDeg[i] Degree;
  sigma = sigmas[i] Degree;
  \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\} = angles;
  poly = Which[i == 1, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, Z2[t], W12[t]],
    i = 2, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, Z2[t], W22[t]],
    i = 3, BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, U2[t], W22[t]],
    i = 4, BricardsEquation[{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta}, sigma, U2[t], W12[t]]];
  Print[Row[{Subscript["P", i], "(", funcs[i, 1],
     ", ", funcs[i, 2], ") = ", FullSimplify[poly]}]], {i, 1, 4}];
(*Build P i(t) consistently with your printing logic*)
Clear[PiExpr, labels, funcs];
funcs = \{\{Z2, W12\}, \{Z2, W22\}, \{U2, W22\}, \{U2, W12\}\};
PiExpr = Table[Module[{angles = anglesDeg[i] Degree,
     sigma = sigmas[i] Degree, \alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta, poly}, \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta} = angles;
    poly = BricardsEquation[\{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, sigma, funcs[i, 1][t], funcs[i, 2][t]];
    FullSimplify[poly]], {i, 1, 4}];
labels = Table[Row[
    {Subscript["P", i], "(", ToString@funcs[i, 1], ", ", ToString@funcs[i, 2],
     ")", " ≈ 0 ", Style["√", Darker[Green], Bold]}], {i, 1, 4}];
(*Pretty panel with plots like your style*)
Column[{TextCell[Style["========== FLEXION 2 ===========,
    Magenta, Bold, 16], "Text"], TextCell[
   Style["Polynomials Pi(t) built from Bricard's equations for flexion 2.",
    GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[Evaluate@PiExpr[i]],
       {t, tMin, tMax}, PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14],
       PlotRange \rightarrow \{-10^{\land}(-11), 10^{\land}(-11)\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"t", None\},
       ImageSize \rightarrow 250], {i, Length[PiExpr]}], 2], Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}],
   Background → Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins → 15]}]
====*)
(*{TraditionalForm[cot[Subscript[θ,1]/2]],
  TraditionalForm[cot[Subscript[\theta,2]/2]],
 TraditionalForm[cot[Subscript[\theta,3]/2]],
  TraditionalForm[cot[Subscript[\theta,4]/2]]};*)
FLEXION 1=======*)
(*List of expressions& labels*)
```

```
expressions =
  {Z[t] *U[t], Z[t] /U[t], W1[t] *W2[t], W1[t] /W2[t], Z[t] *W2[t], Z[t] /W2[t],
   U[t] * W1[t], U[t] / W1[t], Z[t] * W1[t], Z[t] / W1[t], W2[t] * U[t], W2[t] / U[t]};
labels = {"Z * U", "Z / U", "W_1 * W_2", "W_1 / W_2", "Z * W_2", "Z / W_2",
   "U * W_1", "U / W_1", "Z * W_1", "Z / W_1", "W_2 * U", "W_2 / U"};
Column[{TextCell[Style["======= NOT LINEAR COMPOUND =========",
    Darker[Brown], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  (*Explanatory text*)TextCell[
   Style["Above we consider the first pair of equations (P_1(t, W_1) = 0) and
       P_{1}(t, W_{1}) = 0). Solving them as quadratic equations in W_{1} and W_{2},
       respectively we parametrize the solutions by the first two and
       fourth expressions in Solutions 1 and 2 in a neighborhood of any
       point (W_1, t, W_2) such that the expression in the square root and
       denominators are not zero. Here, we choose any continuous branch
       of the square root in this neighborhood, and the signs in \pm need
       Not agree (this means we consider all 4 pairs we describe above).
       We conclude that NO component of the solution set of the first
       pair of Bricard's equations satisfies W<sub>1</sub>/W<sub>2</sub>=const NOR W<sub>1</sub>W<sub>2</sub>=const.
Analogously, NO component of the solution set of the other pair
       of equations (P_3(U, W_2) = 0 \text{ and } P_4(U, W_1) = 0) satisfies
       W<sub>1</sub>/W<sub>2</sub>=const NOR W<sub>1</sub>W<sub>2</sub>=const. As a result, NO component
       of the solution set of all four equations satisfies
       W<sub>1</sub>/W<sub>2</sub>=const NOR W<sub>1</sub>W<sub>2</sub>=const. So, our example does not belong
       to the linear compound class, even after switching the
boundary strips.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
  Spacer[6],
  TextCell[Style[
    "Below, we also present the plots of functions ZU, Z/U, W_1W_2, W_1/W_2, ZW_2,
       Z/W<sub>2</sub>, UW<sub>1</sub>, U/W<sub>1</sub>, ZW<sub>1</sub>, Z/W<sub>1</sub>, W<sub>2</sub>U, W<sub>2</sub>/U.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
  Spacer[6],
  TextCell[Style["Solution 1:", Bold, 14], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
        PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
        AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
    Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
 }]
FLEXION 2=======*)
(*List of expressions& labels*)
expressions = {Z2[t] * U2[t], Z2[t] / U2[t], W12[t] * W22[t], W12[t] / W22[t],
   Z2[t] * W22[t], Z2[t] / W22[t], U2[t] * W12[t], U2[t] / W12[t],
   Z2[t] * W12[t], Z2[t] / W12[t], W22[t] * U2[t], W22[t] / U2[t]};
labels = {"Z * U", "Z / U", "W_1 * W_2", "W_1 / W_2", "Z * W_2", "Z / W_2",
```

```
"U * W_1", "U / W_1", "Z * W_1", "Z / W_1", "W_2 * U", "W_2 / U"};
Column[{ TextCell[Style["Solution 2:", Bold, 14], "Text"], Spacer[12],
  (*Plots panel*)
 Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
      PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
      AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
   Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
}]
NOT TRIVIAL=========*)
====*)
FLEXION 1========*)
(*List of expressions to plot*)
expressions = {Z[t], W2[t], U[t], W1[t]};
labels = {"Z", "W<sub>2</sub>", "U", "W<sub>1</sub>"};
Column[{TextCell[
  Style["========= NOT TRIVIAL (FLEXION 1) =============,
   Pink, Bold, 16], "Text"],
  (*Explanatory text*)
  TextCell[Style["This configuration does not belong to the trivial class -
     even after switching the boundary strips - since none of the
     functions Z, W2, U, or W1 is constant.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
  Spacer[12],
  (*Plots in a light panel*)
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
      PlotLabel → Style[labels[i], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
      AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
   Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
}]
FLEXION 2=======*)
(*List of expressions to plot*)
expressions = {Z2[t], W22[t], U2[t], W12[t]};
labels = {"Z", "W<sub>2</sub>", "U", "W<sub>1</sub>"};
Column[{TextCell[
```

```
Style["========== NOT TRIVIAL (FLEXION 2) =============,
    Darker[Pink], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  (*Explanatory text*)
  TextCell[Style["This configuration does not belong to the trivial class -
      even after switching the boundary strips - since none of the
      functions Z, W2, U, or W1 is constant.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"],
  Spacer[12],
  (*Plots in a light panel*)
  Panel[GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[Plot[expressions[i]], {t, tMin, tMax},
       PlotLabel → Style[labels[i]], Bold, 14], PlotRange → All,
       AxesLabel → {"t", None}, ImageSize → 250], {i, Length[expressions]}], 2],
    Spacings \rightarrow {2, 2}], Background \rightarrow Lighter[Gray, 0.95], FrameMargins \rightarrow 15]
}]
====*)
SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS============+)
====*)
SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip[anglesDeg_List] := Module[{modified = anglesDeg},
  (*Indices:{row,column}={1,2},{1,3},{4,2},{4,3}*)
  modified[1, 2] = 180 - anglesDeg[1, 2]; (*\beta1*)
  modified[[1, 3]] = 180 - anglesDeg[[1, 3]]; (*γ1*)
  modified[[4, 2]] = 180 - anglesDeg[[4, 2]]; (*β4*)
  modified[4, 3] = 180 - anglesDeg[4, 3]; (*γ4*)
  modified]
SwitchingLeftBoundaryStrip[anglesDeg_List] := Module[{modified = anglesDeg},
  (*Indices:{row,column}={2,2},{2,3},{3,2},{3,3}*)
  modified[[2, 2]] = 180 - anglesDeg[[2, 2]]; (*β2*)
  modified[2, 3] = 180 - anglesDeg[2, 3]; (*\gamma2*)
  modified[3, 2] = 180 - anglesDeg[3, 2]; (*β3*)
  modified[3, 3] = 180 - anglesDeg[3, 3]; (*γ3*)
  modified]
SwitchingLowerBoundaryStrip[anglesDeg_List] := Module[{modified = anglesDeg},
  (*Indices:{row,column}={1,1},{1,2},{2,1},{2,2}*)
  modified[1, 1] = 180 - anglesDeg[1, 1]; (*\alpha1*)
  modified[[1, 2]] = 180 - anglesDeg[[1, 2]]; (*β1*)
  modified[2, 1] = 180 - anglesDeg[2, 1]; (*\alpha2*)
  modified[[2, 2]] = 180 - anglesDeg[[2, 2]]; (*β2*)
```

```
modified]
SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip[anglesDeg List] := Module[{modified = anglesDeg},
  (*Indices:{row,column}={3,1},{3,2},{4,1},{4,2}*)
  modified[3, 1] = 180 - anglesDeg[3, 1]; (*\alpha 3*)
  modified[3, 2] = 180 - anglesDeg[3, 2]; (*β3*)
  modified[4, 1] = 180 - anglesDeg[4, 1]; (*\alpha 4*)
  modified[4, 2] = 180 - anglesDeg[4, 2]; (*\beta 4*)
  modified]
====*)
CONJUGATE & NOT ISOGONAL=============*)
====*)
uniqueCombos = \{\{1,\,1,\,1,\,1\},\,\{1,\,1,\,-1\},\,\{1,\,1,\,-1,\,-1\},\,\{1,\,1,\,-1,\,1\},
   \{1, -1, 1, 1\}, \{1, -1, -1, 1\}, \{1, -1, 1, -1\}, \{1, -1, -1, -1\}\};
checkConditionN0Degrees[\{\alpha_{-}, \beta_{-}, \gamma_{-}, \delta_{-}\}] :=
  Module[{angles = \{\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta\}, results},
   results = Mod[uniqueCombos.angles, 360] // Chop;
   ! MemberQ[results, 0]];
Column[{TextCell[Style[
    "========== NOT CONIC & NOT CHIMERA & NOT LINEAR CONJUGATE & NOT
      ISOGONAL==========", Darker[Magenta], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  TextCell[Style[
    "Condition (N.0) is satisfied for all i=1,...,4 \Rightarrow NOT equimodular-conic,
      NOT chimera, NOT isogonal and NOT linear conjugate.
      Applying any boundary-strip switch still preserves
      (N.0), so no conic, no chimera, no isogonal and no
      linear conjugate form emerges.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"]
 }]
(*Now the exact same Module for checking all switch combinations...*)
Module[{angles = anglesDeg, switchers, combinations, results},
 (*Define switch functions*)
 switchers = <| "Right" → SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip,</pre>
   "Left" → SwitchingLeftBoundaryStrip, "Lower" → SwitchingLowerBoundaryStrip,
   "Upper" → SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip|>;
 (*Generate all combinations of switches (from size 1 to 4)*)
 combinations = Subsets[Keys[switchers], {1, Length[switchers]}];
 (*Evaluate condition after each combination of switches*)results = Table[
   Module[{switched = angles, name, passQ}, name = StringRiffle[combo, " + "];
    Do[switched = switchers[sw][switched], {sw, combo}];
```

```
passQ = And @@ (checkConditionNODegrees /@ switched);
    (*Print the result after switching*)
    (*Print["\nSwitch combination: ",name];
    Print["Switched anglesDeg:"];
    Print[MatrixForm[switched]];*)
    {name, passQ}], {combo, combinations}];
 (*Display results*)
 Column[Prepend[Table[Module[{comboName = res[1], passQ = res[2]}},
     Row[{Style[comboName <> ": ", Bold],
       If[passQ,
        Style["Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.", Darker[Green]],
        Style["Condition (N.0) fails.", Red, Bold]
       ]
     ]], {res, results}], TextCell[
    Style["CONDITION (N.0) AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS", 14], "Text"]]]]
====*)
NOT ORTHODIAGONAL=======*)
====*)
(*Column[
  {TextCell[Style["========= NOT ORTHODIAGONAL ===============,
     Darker[Blue],Bold,16],"Text"],
   TextCell[Style[
     "\cos(\alpha_i) \cdot \cos(\gamma_i) \neq \cos(\beta_i) \cdot \cos(\delta_i) for each i = 1 \Rightarrow NOT orthodiagonal.
       Switching boundary strips does not
       correct this.", GrayLevel[0.3]],"Text"]
  }]
Module[{angles=anglesDeg,switchers,combinations,results},
  (*Define switch functions*)switchers=<|"Right"→SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip,
    "Left"→SwitchingLeftBoundaryStrip,"Lower"→SwitchingLowerBoundaryStrip,
    "Upper"→SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip|>;
  (*Helper function:compute and print difference only*)
  formatOrthodiagonalCheck[quad_List]:=
   Module[{vals},vals=Table[Module[{a,b,c,d,lhs,rhs,diff},{a,b,c,d}=quad[i];
       lhs=FullSimplify[Cos[a Degree] Cos[c Degree]];
       rhs=FullSimplify[Cos[b Degree] Cos[d Degree]];
       diff=Chop[lhs-rhs];
       Style[Row[\{"cos(\alpha"<>ToString[i]<>")\cdot cos(\gamma"<>ToString[i]<>") - ",
          "cos(\beta" <> ToString[i] <>") \cdot cos(\delta" <> ToString[i] <>") = ",
          NumberForm[diff,{5,3}]}],If[diff=0,Red,Black]]],{i,Length[quad]}];
```

```
Column[vals]];
  (*Orthodiagonal check for anglesDeg before any switching*)
  Print[TextCell[Style["\nInitial anglesDeg (no switches):",Bold]]];
  Print[MatrixForm[angles]];
  Print[TextCell[Style[
     "Orthodiagonal check: cos(\alpha i) \cdot cos(\gamma i) - cos(\beta i) \cdot cos(\delta i) for i = 1..4",
     Italic]];
  Print[formatOrthodiagonalCheck[angles]];
  (*Generate all combinations of switches (from size 1 to 4)*)
  combinations=Subsets[Keys[switchers], {1, Length[switchers]}];
  (*Evaluate condition after each combination of switches*)results=
   Table[Module[{switched=angles,name,passQ},name=StringRiffle[combo," + "];
     Do[switched=switchers[sw][switched],{sw,combo}];
     passQ=And@@(checkConditionN0Degrees/@switched);
     Print[Style["\nSwitch combination: ", Bold],name];
     Print[Style["Switched anglesDeg:", Italic]];
     Print[MatrixForm[switched]];
     Print[
      TextCell[Style["Orthodiagonal check: cos(\alpha_i) \cdot cos(\gamma_i) - cos(\beta_i) \cdot cos(\delta_i)
           for i = 1..4", Italic]]];
     Print[formatOrthodiagonalCheck[switched]];
      {name,passQ}],{combo,combinations}];]*)
Column[
 {TextCell[Style["=========== ORTHOGONALITY CHECK ================,
    Brown, Bold, 16], "Text"],
  TextCell[Style["cos(\alpha_i) \cdot cos(\gamma_i) \neq cos(\beta_i) \cdot cos(\delta_i) for at least
       one i = 1, ..., 4 \Rightarrow NOT orthodiagonal. Switching boundary
       strips does not correct this.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"]}]
(*Helper
 function: Returns True if at least one cosine product difference is non-
   zero.Returns False if all differences are zero.*)
isNotOrthodiagonal[quad_List] :=
  Or @@ Table [Module [ {a, b, c, d, diff}, {a, b, c, d} = quad [i];
     diff = Chop[Cos[a Degree] Cos[c Degree] - Cos[b Degree] Cos[d Degree]];
     diff # 0], {i, Length[quad]}];
(*First,check the initial,unswitched angles*)
Print[TextCell[Style["\nInitial anglesDeg (no switches):", Bold]]];
If[isNotOrthodiagonal[anglesDeg], Print[Style[
    " -> Condition met: At least one difference is non-zero.", Darker@Green]],
  Print[Style[" -> Condition NOT met: All differences are zero.", Red]]];
(*Now, use your desired module to check all switch combinations*)
Module[{angles = anglesDeg, switchers, combinations, results},
```

```
(*Define switch functions*)
 switchers = <|"Right" → SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip,</pre>
   "Left" → SwitchingLeftBoundaryStrip, "Lower" → SwitchingLowerBoundaryStrip,
   "Upper" → SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip|>;
 (*Generate all combinations of switches (from size 1 to 4)*)
 combinations = Subsets[Keys[switchers], {1, Length[switchers]}];
 (*Evaluate condition after each combination
  of switches and store in'results'*)results = Table[
   Module[{switched = angles, name, passQ}, name = StringRiffle[combo, " + "];
    Do[switched = switchers[sw][switched], {sw, combo}];
    (* ***THIS IS THE KEY CHANGE****) (*Set passQ using our
     new helper function*)passQ = isNotOrthodiagonal[switched];
    {name, passQ}], {combo, combinations}];
 (*Display results in the specified column format*)
 Column[Prepend[Table[Module[{comboName = res[[1]], passQ = res[[2]]},
     Row[{Style[comboName <> ": ", Bold], If[passQ,
        Style["Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).", Darker[
          Green]], Style["Condition NOT met (all differences are zero).",
         Red, Bold]]}]], {res, results}], TextCell[
    Style["\nNON-ORTHOGONALITY CHECK AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS", 14],
    "Text"]]]]
====*)
NOT CONJUGATE-MODULAR===========*)
====*)
(*Column[{TextCell[
     Style["========= NOT CONJUGATE-MODULAR ==============,
      Purple,Bold,16],"Text"],
    TextCell[Style["M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = M
        and M ≠ 2 ⇒ NOT conjugate-modular. Boundary-strip
        switches preserve this.",GrayLevel[0.3]],"Text"]
   }]
  Ms=FullSimplify[Times@@eresults];
allEqualQ=Simplify[Equal@@Ms];
Module[{angles=anglesDeg,switchers,combinations,results,
  computeConjugateModularInfo},(*Define switch functions*)
 switchers=<|"Right"→SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip,
   \verb"Left" \to S witching Left Boundary Strip, \verb"Lower" \to S witching Lower Boundary Strip,
   "Upper"→SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip|>;
 (*Computes Mi and pi and prints them,
 with classification*)computeConjugateModularInfo[quad_List]:=
```

```
Module[{abcdList,Ms,summary},abcdList=computeABCD/@quad;
   Ms=FullSimplify[Times@@@abcdList];
   summary=If[Simplify[Equal@@Ms]&&Ms[1]]=!=2,
     Style["M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = M and M \neq 2",Bold],
     Style["M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = M and M = 2",Red,Bold]];
   Column[{Style["Mi values:",Bold],Row[{"M1 = ",Ms[1],
       ", M2 = ",Ms[2],", M3 = ",Ms[3],", M4 = ",Ms[4]}],summary}]];
 (*Original anglesDeg check*)
 Print[
  TextCell[Style["\nInitial configuration (no switches applied):",Bold]]];
 Print[MatrixForm[angles]];
 Print[computeConjugateModularInfo[angles]];
 (*Generate all switch combinations (from size 1 to 4)*)
 combinations=Subsets[Keys[switchers], {1, Length[switchers]}];
 (*Evaluate each switched configuration*)results=
  Table[Module[{switched=angles,name,passQ},name=StringRiffle[combo," + "];
    Do[switched=switchers[sw][switched],{sw,combo}];
    passQ=And@@(checkConditionNODegrees/@switched);
    Print[Style["\nSwitch combination: ", Bold],name];
    Print[Style["Switched anglesDeg:", Italic]];
    Print[MatrixForm[switched]];
    Print[computeConjugateModularInfo[switched]];
    {name,passQ}],{combo,combinations}];]*)
Column[{TextCell[
   Style["======== CONJUGATE-MODULAR CHECK ==============,
    Darker[Brown], Bold, 16], "Text"],
  TextCell[Style["M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = M and M \neq 2 \Rightarrow NOT conjugate-modular.
      Boundary-strip switches preserve this.", GrayLevel[0.3]], "Text"]}]
(*Helper Function:Returns True if all M i values are equal
   AND their common value is not 2. Returns False otherwise.*)
isNotConjugateModular[quad_List] :=
  Module[{abcdList, Ms}, abcdList = computeABCD /@ quad;
   Ms = FullSimplify[Times@@@ abcdList];
   (*The condition is met if they are all equal AND the value isn't 2*)
   Simplify [Equal @@ Ms] && (Ms[1] \neq 2)];
(*First,check the initial,unswitched angles*)
Print[TextCell[Style["\nInitial anglesDeg (no switches):", Bold]]];
If[isNotConjugateModular[anglesDeg], Print[
   Style[" -> Condition met: All Mi are equal and M ≠ 2.", Darker@Green]],
  Print[Style[" -> Condition NOT met.", Red]]];
(*Now, use the clean module to check all switch combinations*)
Module[{angles = anglesDeg, switchers, combinations, results},
```

```
(*Define switch functions*)
switchers = <| "Right" → SwitchingRightBoundaryStrip,</pre>
  "Left" → SwitchingLeftBoundaryStrip, "Lower" → SwitchingLowerBoundaryStrip,
  "Upper" → SwitchingUpperBoundaryStrip|>;
(*Generate all combinations of switches (from size 1 to 4)*)
combinations = Subsets[Keys[switchers], {1, Length[switchers]}];
(*Evaluate condition after each combination
of switches and store the result*)results = Table[
  Module[{switched = angles, name, passQ}, name = StringRiffle[combo, " + "];
   Do[switched = switchers[sw][switched], {sw, combo}];
   (*Set passQ using our new helper function for this check*)
   passQ = isNotConjugateModular[switched];
   {name, passQ}], {combo, combinations}];
(*Display results in the specified column format*)
Column[Prepend[Table[Module[{comboName = res[1], passQ = res[2]}},
    Row[{Style[comboName <> ": ", Bold], If[passQ,
       Style["Condition met (All M_1 are equal and M \neq 2).", Darker[Green]],
       Style["Condition NOT met.", Red, Bold]]}]], {res, results}],
  TextCell[Style["\nCONJUGATE-MODULAR CHECK AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS",
    14], "Text"]]]]
```


✓ All vertices satisfy (N.0).

Out[16]=

Vertex	Combinations (mod 360)	Status
Vertex 1	{190.399, 70.3985, 26.5003,	✔ Pass
	146.5, 25.917, 342.019, 265.917, 222.019}	
Vertex 2	{280.89, 50.8897, 13.1847, 243.185,	✓ Pass
	19.1478, 341.443, 149.148, 111.443}	
Vertex 3	{34.4692, 234.469, 303.73,	✔ Pass
	103.73, 325.58, 34.8415, 165.58, 234.841}	
Vertex 4	{61.507, 211.507, 273.452,	✔ Pass
	123.452, 322.45, 24.3953, 112.45, 174.395}	

```
Out[19]=
   \checkmark M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = 1.22593
Out[25]=
   \checkmark r1 = r2 = 0.71078; \checkmark r3 = r4 = 0.887609
   \checkmark s1 = s4 = 0.58646; \checkmark s2 = s3 = 0.800228
Out[35]=
```

Out[38]=

Out[40]=

```
△ Approximate validation using
  \varepsilon-tolerance. For rigorous proof, see the referenced paper.

✓ Valid Combination Found (M > 1):

e1 = -1, e2 = -1, e3 = 1
t1 = 2.K + 0.801037iK'
t2 = 2.K + 0.837691iK'
t3 = 0.K + 0.579573iK'
t4 = 0.K + 0.616227iK'
t1 + e1*t2 + e2*t3 + e3*t4 = 0.K + 2.33147 \times 10^{-15} iK'
======== OTHER PARAMETERS ==========
u = -0.22593
\sigma 1 = 1.66154, \sigma 2 = 2.45122, \sigma 3 = 3.44239, \sigma 4 = 3.67834
\sigma 1 \approx 95.1993^{\circ}, \sigma 2 \approx 140.445^{\circ}, \sigma 3 \approx 197.235^{\circ}, \sigma 4 \approx 210.754^{\circ}
\cos \sigma 1 = -0.0906196, \cos \sigma 2 = -0.771012, \cos \sigma 3 = -0.9551, \cos \sigma 4 = -0.859375
f1 = 0.184669, f2 = 0.127824, f3 = 0.578993, f4 = 0.516796
z1 = -1.2265, z2 = -1.14656, z3 = -2.37526, z4 = -2.06952
x1 = -3.45758, x2 = -3.45758, x3 = -8.89754, x4 = -8.89754
y1 = -2.41814, y2 = -5.00571, y3 = -5.00571, y4 = -2.41814
p1 = 0. + 0.537792 i, p2 = 0. + 0.537792 i
 , p3 = 0. + 0.335247 i, p4 = 0. + 0.335247 i
q1 = 0. + 0.643071 i, q2 = 0. + 0.446958 i
 , q3 = 0. + 0.446958 i , q4 = 0. + 0.643071 i
p1 \cdot q1 = -0.345838 + 0. i, p2 \cdot q2 = -0.24037 + 0. i
 , p3 \cdot q3 = -0.149841 + 0. i, p4 \cdot q4 = -0.215588 + 0. i
====== Bricard's
   System of Equations ========
We introduce new notation for the
  cotangents of half of the dihedral angles. Denote Z:=
 \cot\left(\frac{\theta_1}{2}\right), W_2 = \cot\left(\frac{\theta_2}{2}\right), U := \cot\left(\frac{\theta_3}{2}\right), and W_1 = \cot\left(\frac{\theta_4}{2}\right)
```

$$P_{1}(Z, W_{1}) = W_{1}^{2}(-0.421853 Z^{2} - 0.149642) - 0.330156 W_{1} Z - 0.213966 Z^{2} + 0.223322 = 0$$

$$P_{2}(Z, W_{2}) = W_{2}^{2}(-0.414164 Z^{2} - 0.13734) - 0.179936 W_{2} Z - 0.0948641 Z^{2} + 0.105916 = 0$$

$$P_{3}(U, W_{2}) = (0.88211 U^{2} + 0.235485) W_{2}^{2} + 0.41857 U^{2} - 0.808492 U W_{2} - 0.0876622 = 0$$

$$P_{4}(U, W_{1}) = (0.800007 U^{2} + 0.186077) W_{1}^{2} + 0.684669 U^{2} - 0.909187 U W_{1} - 0.164576 = 0$$

Out[49]=

========== FLEXIONS ==========

Solutions to Bricard's equations under a free parameter t := $Z \in \mathbb{C}$:

Solution 1:

$$Z(t) = t$$

$$\mathsf{W_2} \; (\mathsf{t}) \;\; = \;\; \frac{0.29121 \; \sqrt{-2.70096 \; t^4 + 2.67641 \; t^2 + 1} \; -0.217229 \; t}}{1. \; t^2 + 0.331607}$$

$$U(t) = \frac{0.312453 \sqrt{-2.70096 t^4 + 2.67641 t^2 + 1} + 0.544372 t}{1. t^2 + 0.678556}$$

$$W_{1}(t) = \frac{0.433344 \sqrt{-2.70096 t^{4} + 2.67641 t^{2} + 1} - 0.391316 t}{1. t^{2} + 0.354727}$$

Solution 2:

$$Z(t) = t$$

$$W_{2}\left(t\right) = \frac{-0.29121 \sqrt{-2.70096 t^{4} + 2.67641 t^{2} + 1} - 0.217229 t}{1. t^{2} + 0.331607}$$

$$U(t) = \frac{0.544372 \, t - 0.312453 \, \sqrt{-2.70096 \, t^4 + 2.67641 \, t^2 + 1}}{1. \, t^2 + 0.678556}$$

$$W_{1}(t) = \frac{-0.433344 \sqrt{-2.70096 t^{4} + 2.67641 t^{2} + 1} - 0.391316 t}{1. t^{2} + 0.354727}$$

Out[52]=

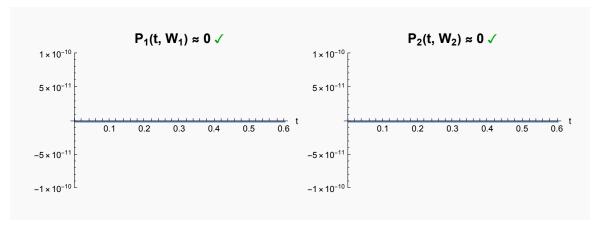
W_1) = 0 and P_2 (t, W_2) = 0 ==========

Let W_{1s1} and W_{1s2} be formulas for $W_{1}\left(t\right)$ from solutions 1 and 2, respectively. Similarly, let W_{2s1} and W_{2s2} be the formulas for $W_{2}\left(t\right)$. We show that all four pairs - $(W_{1s1}, W_{2s1}), (W_{1s1}, W_{2s2}), (W_{1s2}, W_{2s1}),$ and (W_{1s2}, W_{2s2}) - solve equations $P_1(t, W_1) = 0$ and $P_2(t, W_2) = 0$.

Pair 1, $(W_1, W_2) = (W_{1s1}, W_{2s1})$:

$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_1}\left({\tt t,\;W_1}\right) &=& \frac{1}{\left(1.\;t^2+0.354727\right)^2} \left(t\;\left(t\;\left(1.9004\times10^{-16}\;t^4-1.52032\times10^{-15}\;t^2+1\right)\right) \\ && & 3.88578\times10^{-16}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\;t-8.55179\times10^{-16}\right) + \\ && & 7.63278\times10^{-17}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\;\right) - 1.12836\times10^{-16} \end{array}$$

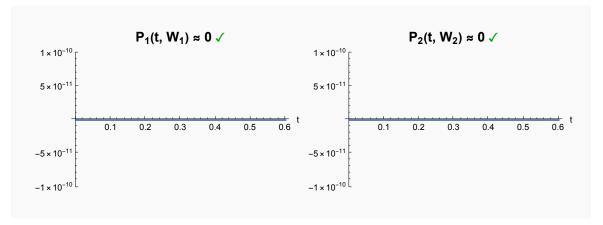
$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_2}\left({\tt t,\;W_2}\right) &=& \frac{1}{\left(1.\;t^2+0.331607\right)^2} \left(t\;\left(t\;\left(-1.0532\times10^{-16}\;t^4-5.6873\times10^{-16}\;t^2+1\right)\right) \\ && \qquad \qquad \\ && \qquad \\ && \qquad \\ && \qquad \\ && \qquad \qquad \\ && \qquad \\ &$$



Pair 2, $(W_1, W_2) = (W_{1s1}, W_{2s2})$:

$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_1} \left({\tt t, W_1} \right) &=& \frac{1}{\left(1.\,\, t^{2} + 0.354727 \right)^{2}} \left(t \, \left(t \, \left(1.9004 \times 10^{-16} \,\, t^{4} - 1.52032 \times 10^{-15} \,\, t^{2} + 3.88578 \times 10^{-16} \,\, \sqrt{-2.70096} \,\, t^{4} + 2.67641 \,\, t^{2} + 1 \,\, t - 8.55179 \times 10^{-16} \right) + 3.83278 \times 10^{-17} \,\, \sqrt{-2.70096} \,\, t^{4} + 2.67641 \,\, t^{2} + 1 \,\, \right) - 1.12836 \times 10^{-16} \\ \end{array}$$

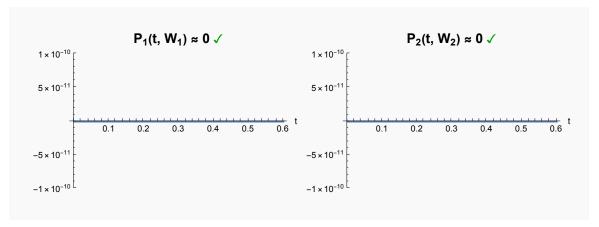
$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_2}\left({\tt t,\;W_2}\right) &=& \frac{1}{(1.\;t^2+0.331607)^2} \left({\tt t\;\left({\tt t\;\left(-1.0532\times10^{-16}\;t^4-5.6873\times10^{-16}\;t^2-5.6873\times10^{-16}\;t^2-1.89577\times10^{-16}\right)}\right. \\ &+& \left. 7.63278\times10^{-17}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\;\;{\tt t\;-1.89577\times10^{-16}}\right) + \\ &+& \left. 2.08167\times10^{-17}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\right) - 1.0532\times10^{-17} \right) \end{array}$$



Pair 3, $(W_1, W_2) = (W_{1s2}, W_{2s1})$:

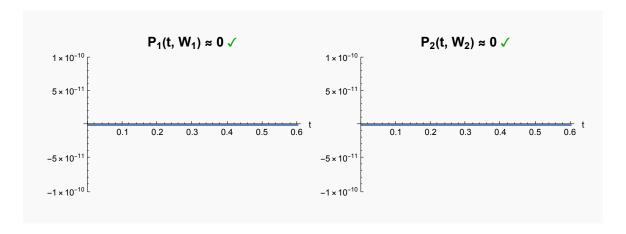
$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{P_1}\left(\mathsf{t,\ W_1}\right) &= \frac{1}{(1.\ t^2 + 0.354727)^2} \left(t\ \left(t\ \left(1.9004 \times 10^{-16}\ t^4 - 1.52032 \times 10^{-15}\ t^2 - 3.88578 \times 10^{-16}\ \sqrt{-2.70096}\ t^4 + 2.67641\ t^2 + 1\ }\ t - 8.55179 \times 10^{-16}\right) - \\ &\qquad \qquad 7.63278 \times 10^{-17}\ \sqrt{-2.70096}\ t^4 + 2.67641\ t^2 + 1\ \right) - 1.12836 \times 10^{-16} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_2}\left({\tt t,\ W_2}\right) &=& \frac{1}{\left(1.\ t^2 + 0.331607\right)^2} \left(t\ \left(t\ \left(-1.0532 \times 10^{-16}\ t^4 - 5.6873 \times 10^{-16}\ t^2 + \right.\right.\right. \\ & & \left. 7.63278 \times 10^{-17}\ \sqrt{-2.70096\ t^4 + 2.67641\ t^2 + 1}\ t - 1.89577 \times 10^{-16}\right) - \\ & \left. 2.08167 \times 10^{-17}\ \sqrt{-2.70096\ t^4 + 2.67641\ t^2 + 1}\right) - 1.0532 \times 10^{-17}\right) \end{array}$$



Pair 4, $(W_1, W_2) = (W_{1s2}, W_{2s2})$:

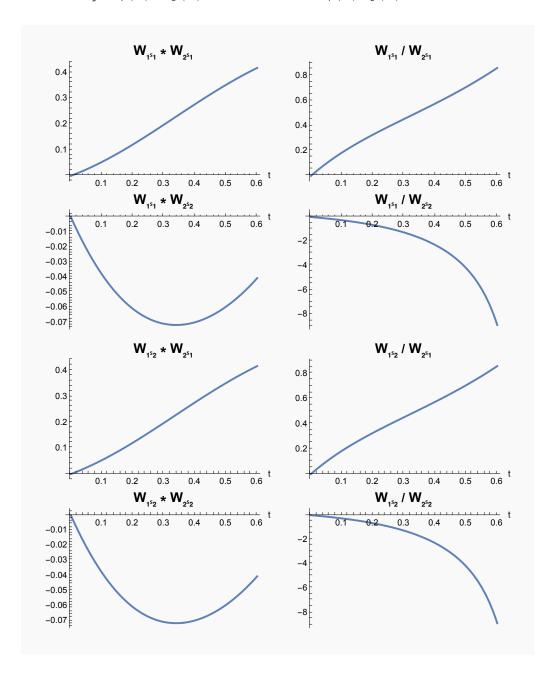
$$\begin{array}{lll} {\sf P_2}\left({\tt t,\;W_2}\right) &=& \frac{1}{(1.\;t^2+0.331607)^2} \left({\tt t\;\left({\tt t\;\left(-1.0532\times10^{-16}\;t^4-5.6873\times10^{-16}\;t^2-5.6873\times10^{-16}\;t^2-1.89577\times10^{-16}\right)}\right. \\ &+& \left. 7.63278\times10^{-17}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\;\;{\tt t\;-1.89577\times10^{-16}}\right) + \\ &+& \left. 2.08167\times10^{-17}\;\sqrt{-2.70096\;t^4+2.67641\;t^2+1}\right) - 1.0532\times10^{-17} \right) \end{array}$$



Out[55]=

========= Plots of $W_1(t)W_2(t)$ and $W_1(t)/W_2(t)$ For All Pairs ========

Checking that all four pairs - (W_{1s1}, W_{2s1}) , $(W_{1s1}, W_{2s2}), (W_{1s2}, W_{2s1}), and (W_{1s2}, W_{2s2})$ - does NOT satisfy $W_1(t)/W_2(t) = const$ and $W_1(t)W_2(t) = const$.

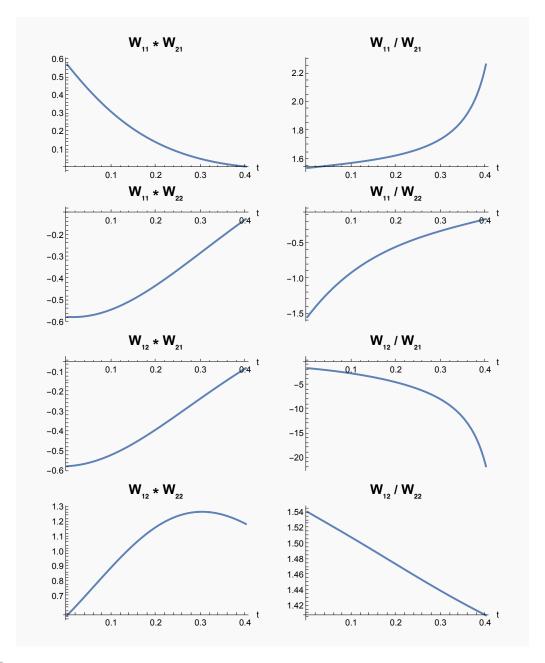


Out[64]=

```
W_2) = 0 and P_4 (U, W_1) = 0 ==========
We solve P_3(U, W_2) = 0 and P_4(U, W_1) = 0 for W_1 and W_2.
W_{1,1}(U) = (7222744828955253)
      (189\ 138\ 201\ U - (\sqrt{-2}\ 680\ 395\ 016\ 262\ 704\ 482\ 813\ 187\ 584\ 807\ 951\ 930\ 130\ 653\ 355\ 908)
                  U^4 + 1032129652347521584235818417642670330076442518838U^2 +
               149 859 397 973 825 934 530 621 273 428 105 010 794 541 324 409) ) /
          (\sqrt{28\,269\,114\,644\,460\,405\,884\,735\,498\,739\,639})))
   (69\,343\,357\,(34\,669\,481\,662\,129\,708\,U^2+8\,063\,919\,601\,387\,767))
W_{1,2}(U) = (7222744828955253)
      (\sqrt{-2680395016262704482813187584807951930130653355908U^4 +
               1\,032\,129\,652\,347\,521\,584\,235\,818\,417\,642\,670\,330\,076\,442\,518\,838\,U^2 +
               (\sqrt{28269114644460405884735498739639}) + 189138201U))
   (69343357(34669481662129708U^2+8063919601387767))
W_{2,1}(U) = (36638176136907085(639108280 U - 
        (\sqrt{(-171\,221\,835\,383\,724\,213\,721\,103\,870\,127\,558\,397\,470\,100\,713\,982\,038\,U^4} +
               65\,931\,749\,744\,600\,854\,023\,059\,486\,355\,485\,079\,809\,530\,328\,664\,611\, U^2 +
               9 572 917 803 121 176 424 002 017 537 029 258 858 477 782 207 750) ) /
          (\sqrt{185\,529\,021\,411\,073\,059\,243\,794\,579\,716\,667})))
   \left(\,\mathbf{158\,098\,757\,}\,\left(\,\mathbf{323\,189\,016\,543\,928\,223\,}\,\mathit{U}^{2}\,+\,86\,277\,416\,030\,895\,750\,\right)\,\right)
W_{22}(U) = (36638176136907085
      \left(\,\, \left(\,\, \sqrt{\,\, \left(\,\, -\,171\,221\,835\,383\,724\,213\,721\,103\,870\,127\,558\,397\,470\,100\,713\,982\,038\,\,U^4\,+\right.\right.\right.\right.
               65\,931\,749\,744\,600\,854\,023\,059\,486\,355\,485\,079\,809\,530\,328\,664\,611\, U^2 +
               9 572 917 803 121 176 424 002 017 537 029 258 858 477 782 207 750) ) /
          (\sqrt{185529021411073059243794579716667}) + 639108280U))
   (158\,098\,757\,(323\,189\,016\,543\,928\,223\,U^2+86\,277\,416\,030\,895\,750))
```

======== Plots of $W_1(U)W_2(U)$ and $W_1(U)/W_2(U)$ For All Pairs =========

Checking that all four pairs $-(W_{11}(U), W_{21}(U)), (W_{11}(U), W_{22}(U)), (W_{12}(U), W_{21}(U)), and <math>(W_{12}(U), W_{22}(U)) - does$ NOT satisfy $W_1(U)/W_2(U) = const$ and $W_1(U)W_2(U) = const$.



Out[70]=

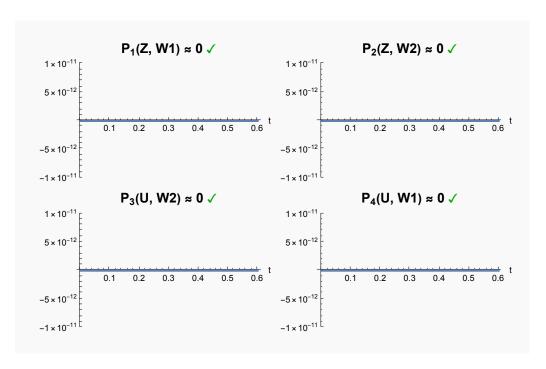
Out[72]=

Solution 1:

$$\begin{split} P_1 \; (\; Z \; , \; \; W_1 \;) \; &= \; \frac{1}{\left(0.354727 + 1. \; t^2\right)^2} \; \left(-1.12836 \times 10^{-16} + \right. \\ & \; t \; \left(7.63278 \times 10^{-17} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(-8.55179 \times 10^{-16} - 1.52032 \times 10^{-15} \; t^2 \; + \right. \\ & \; 1.9004 \times 10^{-16} \; t^4 + 3.88578 \times 10^{-16} \; t \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; \right) \right) \right) \\ P_2 \; (\; Z \; , \; \; W_2 \;) \; &= \; \frac{1}{\left(0.331607 + 1. \; t^2 \right)^2} \\ & \; \left(-1.0532 \times 10^{-17} \; + t \; \left(-2.08167 \times 10^{-17} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(-1.89577 \times 10^{-16} \; - 5.6873 \times 10^{-16} \; t^2 - 1.0532 \times 10^{-16} \; t^4 + 7.63278 \times 10^{-17} \; t \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; \right) \right) \right) \\ P_3 \; (\; U \; , \; \; W_2 \;) \; &= \; \frac{1}{\left(0.225014 + 1.01016 \; t^2 + 1. \; t^4 \right)^2} \\ & \; \left(8.02692 \times 10^{-17} \; + t \; \left(9.7296 \times 10^{-17} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(6.42255 \times 10^{-16} \; + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \; t \; \left(4.21616 \times 10^{-16} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(1.82917 \times 10^{-15} \; + 1.66701 \times 10^{-15} \right. \right. \\ & \; t^2 + 2.20538 \times 10^{-16} \; t^4 \; + 4.54048 \times 10^{-16} \; t \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; \right) \right) \right) \right) \\ P_4 \; (\; U \; , \; \; W_1 \;) \; = \; \frac{1}{\left(0.240702 + 1.03328 \; t^2 + 1. \; t^4 \right)^2} \\ & \; \left(2.31221 \times 10^{-16} \; t \; \left(4.95008 \times 10^{-16} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(1.00956 \times 10^{-15} \; + \right. \right. \right. \\ & \; t \; \left(1.30265 \times 10^{-15} \; \sqrt{1 + 2.67641 \; t^2 - 2.70096 \; t^4} \; + t \; \left(9.90016 \times 10^{-16} - 1.0812 \times 10^{-15} \right. \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Out[78]=

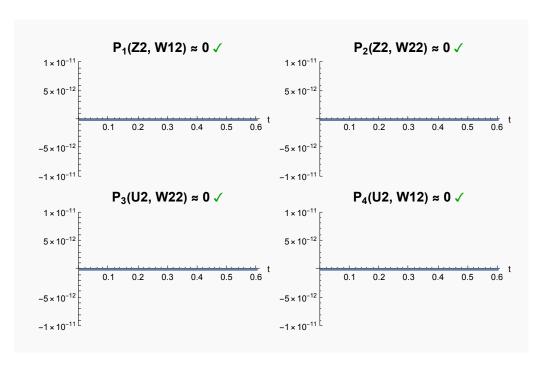
Polynomials $P_i(t)$ built from Bricard's equations for flexion 1.



Out[79]=

Solution 2:

Polynomials $P_{i}(t)$ built from Bricard's equations for flexion 2.



Out[89]=

Out[86]=

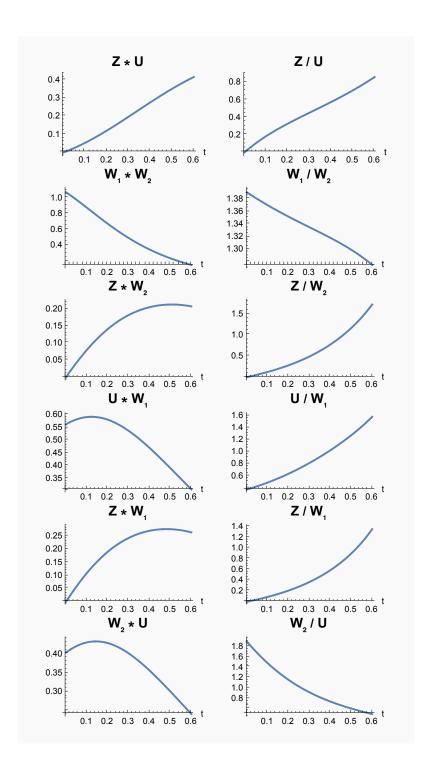
======= NOT LINEAR COMPOUND =========

Above we consider the first pair of equations $(P_1(t, W_1) = 0)$ and $P_2(t, W_2) = 0$). Solving them as quadratic equations in W_1 and W,, respectively we parametrize the solutions by the first two and fourth expressions in Solutions 1 and 2 in a neighborhood of any point (W_1, t, W_2) such that the expression in the square root and denominators are not zero. Here, we choose any continuous branch of the square root in this neighborhood, and the signs in \pm need Not agree (this means we consider all 4 pairs we describe above). We conclude that NO component of the solution set of the first pair of Bricard's equations satisfies $W_1/W_2 = const$ NOR $W_1W_2 = const$.

Analogously, NO component of the solution set of the other pair of equations $(P_3(U, W_2) = 0 \text{ and } P_4(U, W_1) = 0)$ satisfies $W_1/W_2 = const NOR W_1W_2 = const.$ As a result, NO component of the solution set of all four equations satisfies W_1/W_2 = const NOR W_1W_2 = const. So, our example does not belong to the linear compound class, even after switching the boundary strips.

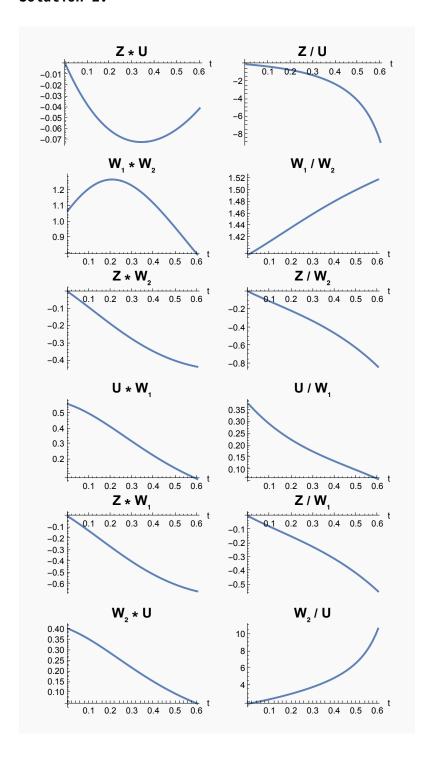
Below, we also present the plots of functions ZU, Z/U, W_1W_2 , W_1/W_2 , ZW_2 , Z/W_2 , UW_1 , U/W_1 , ZW_1 , Z/W_1 , W_2U , W_2/U .

Solution 1:



Out[92]=

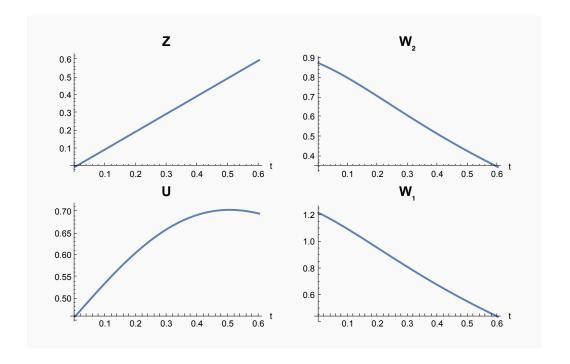
Solution 2:



Out[95]=

======== NOT TRIVIAL (FLEXION 1) ==========

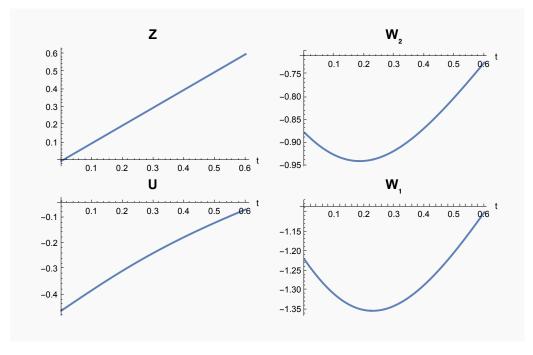
This configuration does not belong to the trivial class - even after switching the boundary strips since none of the functions ${\sf Z}$, ${\sf W2}$, ${\sf U}$, or ${\sf W1}$ is constant.



Out[98]=

======== NOT TRIVIAL (FLEXION 2) ==========

This configuration does not belong to the trivial class - even after switching the boundary strips since none of the functions Z, W2, U, or W1 is constant.



Out[105]=

========= NOT CONIC & NOT CHIMERA & NOT LINEAR CONJUGATE & NOT ISOGONAL==========

Condition (N.0) is satisfied for all $i=1,\ldots,4$ ⇒ NOT equimodular-conic, NOT chimera, NOT isogonal and NOT linear conjugate. Applying any boundary-strip switch still preserves (N.0), so no conic, no chimera, no isogonal and no linear conjugate form emerges.

```
Out[106]=
      CONDITION (N.0) AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS
      Right: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Left: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Lower: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Left: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Lower: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Left + Lower: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Left + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Lower + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Left + Lower: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Left + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Lower + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Left + Lower + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
      Right + Left + Lower + Upper: Condition (N.0) is still satisfied.
Out[107]=
      ========= ORTHOGONALITY CHECK ===========
      cos(\alpha_i) \cdot cos(\gamma_i) \neq cos(\beta_i) \cdot cos(\delta_i) for
        at least one i = 1, ..., 4 \Rightarrow NOT orthodiagonal.
        Switching boundary strips does not correct this.
      Initial anglesDeg (no switches):
       -> Condition met: At least one difference is non-zero.
Out[111]=
      NON-ORTHOGONALITY CHECK AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS
      Right: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Left: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Lower: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Left: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Lower: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Left + Lower: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Left + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Lower + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Left + Lower: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Left + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Lower + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Left + Lower + Upper: Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
      Right + Left + Lower + Upper:
       Condition met (at least one difference is non-zero).
Out[112]=
      ======== CONJUGATE-MODULAR CHECK ============
      M1 = M2 = M3 = M4 = M and M \neq 2 \Rightarrow NOT
        conjugate-modular. Boundary-strip switches preserve this.
```

Initial anglesDeg (no switches):

```
-> Condition met: All M_i are equal and M \neq 2.
Out[116]=
```

CONJUGATE-MODULAR CHECK AFTER SWITCHING BOUNDARY STRIPS

```
Right: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Left: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Lower: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Left: Condition met (All Mi are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Lower: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Left + Lower: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Left + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Lower + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Left + Lower: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Left + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Lower + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Left + Lower + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
Right + Left + Lower + Upper: Condition met (All M_i are equal and M \neq 2).
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