🚨 Login

and-abstractclasses

%2F%3Fpage%3D2)



(https://www.examveda.com /login /?url=https %3A%2F %2Fwww.examveda.com%3A44 program%2Fpracticemcq-questionon-interfaces-

Interfaces and Abstract Classes -Java Programming MCQ Questions and Answers

Home (https://www.examveda.com/) / Java Program (https://www.examveda.com/mcq-question-on-java-program/) / Interfaces And Abstract Classes



6. Which of the following is a correct interface?

- A. o interface A { void print() { } }
- B. o abstract interface A { print(); }
- C. o abstract interface A { abstract void print(); { }}
- D.

 interface A { void print(); }

 void print

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board (https://www.examveda.com/which-of-the-following-is-a-correct-interface-java-programming-on-interfaces-andabstract-class-6)

Share (http://www.facebook.com/share.php?u=https://www.examveda.com/which-of-the-following-is-a-correct-interface-javaprogramming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-6)

Answer & Solution

Answer: Option D

No explanation is given for this question Let's Discuss on Board (https://www.examveda.com/which-of-the-

following-is-a-correct-interface-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-6)

7. Determine output of the following code.

```
interface A { }
class C { }
class D extends C { }
class B extends D implements A { }
public class Test extends Thread{
        public static void main(String[] args){
                B b = new B();
                if (b instanceof A)
                         System.out.println("b is an inst
ance of A");
                if (b instanceof C)
                        System.out.println("b is an inst
ance of C");
        }
```

- A. o Nothing.
- B. o b is an instance of A.
- C. o b is an instance of C.

D. ● b is an instance of A followed by b is an instance of C. ♥

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board (https://www.examveda.com/determine-output-of-the-following-code-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstractclass-7)

Share (http://www.facebook.com/share.php?u=https://www.examveda.com/determine-output-of-the-following-code-java-programmingon-interfaces-and-abstract-class-7)

Save for Later

Answer & Solution

Answer: Option D

No explanation is given for this question Let's Discuss on Board (https://www.examveda.com/determineoutput-of-the-following-code-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-7)

8. Given the following piece of code:

```
public interface Guard{
        void doYourJob();
abstract public class Dog implements Guard{ }
```

which of the following statements is correct?

- This code will not compile, because method doYourJob() in interface Guard must be defined abstract.
- This code will not compile, because class Dog must implement method doYourJob() from interface Guard.
- This code will not compile, because in the declaration of class Dog we must use the keyword extends instead of implements.
- D.

 This code will compile without any errors.

 □

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board (https://www.examveda.com/given-the-following-piece-of-code-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-8)

Share (http://www.facebook.com/share.php?u=https://www.examveda.com/given-the-following-piece-of-code-java-programming-oninterfaces-and-abstract-class-8)

Save for Later

Answer & Solution

Answer: Option D

No explanation is given for this question Let's Discuss on Board (https://www.examveda.com/given-thefollowing-piece-of-code-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-8)



9. In Java, declaring a class abstract is useful

- A. O To prevent developers from further extending the class.
- C. O When default implementations of some methods are not desirable.
- D. O To force developers to extend the class not to use its capabilities.
- E. O When it makes sense to have objects of that class.

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board (https://www.examveda.com/in-java-declaring-a-class-abstract-is-useful-java-programming-on-interfaces-andabstract-class-9)

Share (http://www.facebook.com/share.php?u=https://www.examveda.com/in-java-declaring-a-class-abstract-is-useful-javaprogramming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-9)

Save for Later

Answer & Solution

Answer: Option B

No explanation is given for this question Let's Discuss on Board (https://www.examveda.com/in-javadeclaring-a-class-abstract-is-useful-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-9)

10. What will be the output?

```
interface A{
        public void method();
}
class One{
        public void method() {
                System.out.println("Class One method");
        }
class Two extends One implements A{
        public void method() {
                System.out.println("Class Two method");
        }
public class Test extends Two{
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                A a = new Two();
                a.method();
        }
}
```

A. o will print Class One method

B. ● will print Class Two method •

- C. o compiles fine but print nothing
- D. O Compilation Error
- E. O None of these

Answer & Solution

Discuss in Board (https://www.examveda.com/what-will-be-the-output-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-10)

Share (http://www.facebook.com/share.php?u=https://www.examveda.com/what-will-be-the-output-java-programming-on-interfacesand-abstract-class-10)

Save for Later

Answer & Solution

Answer: Option B

No explanation is given for this question Let's Discuss on Board (https://www.examveda.com/what-will-be-theoutput-java-programming-on-interfaces-and-abstract-class-10)

Python IDE for Charm **Professional Developers**

- < (https://www.examveda.com:443/java-program/practice-mcq-question-oninterfaces-and-abstract-classes/)
- 1 (https://www.examveda.com:443/java-program/practice-mcq-question-oninterfaces-and-abstract-classes/)

2

- 3 (https://www.examveda.com:443/java-program/practice-mcq-question-oninterfaces-and-abstract-classes/?page=3)
- 4 (https://www.examveda.com:443/java-program/practice-mcq-question-oninterfaces-and-abstract-classes/?page=4)
- > (https://www.examveda.com:443/java-program/practice-mcq-question-oninterfaces-and-abstract-classes/?page=3)



Java Program

Chapter -

» Data Types and Variables (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-data-types-and-variables/)

- » Declaration and Access Control (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-declaration-and-access-control/)
- » Array (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-array/)
- » Strings (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-strings/)
- » Operators (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-operators/)
- » Constructors and Methods (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-constructors-and-methods/)
- » Flow Control (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-flow-control/)
- » Overriding and Overloading (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-overriding-and-overloading/)
- » Interfaces and Abstract Classes (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-interfaces-and-abstract-classes/)
- » Inheritence (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-inheritence/)
- » Exceptions (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-exceptions/)
- » Threads (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcg-question-on-threads/)
- » Input Output (https://www.examveda.com/java-program/practice-mcq-question-on-input-output/)



8 of 8