

**will/shall (1)**



SARAH

Sarah goes to work every day. She is always there from 8.30 until 4.30.

It is 11 o'clock now. Sarah **is** at work.

At 11 o'clock yesterday, she **was** at work.

At 11 o'clock tomorrow, she **will be** at work.

**will** + *infinitive* (**will be** / **will win** / **will come** etc.):

I/we/you/they he/she/it	<b>will</b> ('ll) <b>will not</b> (won't)	<b>be</b> <b>win</b> <b>eat</b> <b>come</b> etc.
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<b>will</b>	I/we/you/they he/she/it	<b>be?</b> <b>win?</b> <b>eat?</b> <b>come?</b> etc.
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**'ll = will:** I'll (I will) / you'll / she'll etc.

**won't = will not:** I **won't** (= I will not) / you **won't** / she **won't** etc.

We use **will** for the *future* (tomorrow / next week etc.):

- ☐ Sue travels a lot. Today she is in Madrid. Tomorrow she'll **be** in Rome. Next week she'll **be** in Tokyo.
- ☐ You can call me this evening. I'll **be** at home.
- ☐ Leave the old bread in the garden. The birds **will eat** it.
- ☐ We'll probably **go** out this evening.
- ☐ **Will** you **be** at home this evening?
- ☐ I **won't be** here tomorrow. (= I will not be here)
- ☐ Don't drink coffee before you go to bed. You **won't sleep**.

We often say **I think ... will ...** :

- ☐ **I think** Kelly **will pass** the exam.
- ☐ **I don't think** it **will rain** this afternoon.
- ☐ **Do you think** the exam **will be** difficult?

We do *not* use **will** for things we have already arranged or decided to do (→ Units 25–26):

- ☐ We're **going** to the cinema on Saturday. Do you want to come with us? (*not* We will go)
- ☐ I'm not **working** tomorrow. (*not* I won't work)
- ☐ **Are** you **going to do** the exam? (*not* Will you do)

## shall

You can say **I shall** (= I will) and **we shall** (= we will):

- ☐ **I shall be** late tomorrow.    *or*    **I will (I'll) be** late tomorrow.
- ☐ I think **we shall win**.    *or*    I think **we will (we'll) win**.

But *do not* use **shall** with **you/they/he/she/it**:

- ☐ **Tom will** be late. (*not* Tom shall be)

# Vocabulary

# precisely

- ▶ **ИМЕННО ТАК, ИМЕННО, ТОЧНО, В ТОЧНОСТИ**
- ▶ *adverb: exactly.*
- ▶ The fireworks begin at eight o'clock **precisely**.
- ▶ What do you think the problem is, **precisely**?
  
- ▶ *used to emphasize what you are saying:*
- ▶ "You look tired - you should go home and rest." "I'm going to do **precisely** that."
- ▶ But it's **precisely** because of the noise that they're thinking of moving.
  
- ▶ *used to express complete agreement with someone or suggest that what they have said is obvious:*
- ▶ "It would be stupid to attempt the journey in the dark." "**Precisely!**" he answered.
  
- ▶ *carefully and accurately:*
- ▶ He works slowly and **precisely** whereas I tend to rush things and make mistakes.



# essential

- ▶ **существенный, основной, необходимый, сущность, неотъемлемый**
- ▶ adjective: *necessary or needed; extremely important or necessary.*
- ▶ Government support will be **essential** if the project is to succeed.
- ▶ There is **essential** work to be done before the building can be re-occupied.
  
- ▶ adjective: *relating to something's or someone's basic or most important qualities:*
- ▶ I love the building as it is, and don't want to do anything to change its **essential** character.
- ▶ She believes in the **essential** goodness of human beings.
  
- ▶ noun: *a basic thing that you cannot live without; the basic things you need to live.*
- ▶ When we go on holiday, we only take the bare **essentials**.
- ▶ Because I live in a remote village, I regard my car as an **essential**.

# flexible

- ▶ гибкий, свободный, податливый
- ▶ adjective: *able to change or be changed easily according to the situation:*
- ▶ My schedule is **flexible** - I could arrange to meet with you any day next week.
- ▶ adjective: *able to bend or to be bent easily without breaking.*
- ▶ Rubber is a **flexible** substance.
- ▶ Dancers and gymnasts need to be very **flexible** (= able to bend their bodies easily).



# respond

- ▶ отвечать, реагировать, удовлетворять, отклик, отзываться, делать в ответ
- ▶ verb: *to say or do something as a reaction to something that has been said or done.*
- ▶ To every question, he **responded** "I don't know."
- ▶ I asked her what the time was, but she didn't **respond**.
- ▶ He **responded** by marching off and slamming the door behind him.
- ▶ How did she **respond** to the news?
- ▶ When the tax office wrote to me demanding unpaid income tax, I **responded** that I had been working abroad since 1998.
- ▶ The police **respond** to emergencies (= arrive and are ready to deal with emergencies) in just a few minutes.

# snack

- ▶ закуска, легкая закуска, что-либо легко достижимое
- ▶ noun: *a small amount of food that is eaten between meals, or a very small meal.*
- ▶ I had a huge lunch, so I'll only need a **snack** for dinner.
- ▶ Fresh or dried fruit makes an ideal **snack**.
- ▶ Many **snack** foods are high in salt, sugar, and fat.