

## United International University Department of Computer Science and Engineering

CSE 2213/CSI 219: Discrete Mathematics Mid-term Examination — Spring 2025

Total Marks: 30 Time: 1 hour and 30 minutes

Any examinee found adopting unfair means will be expelled from the trimester / program as per UIU disciplinary rules.

1. (a) Convert the given conditional statement into **if p then q** format. Then determine the converse, inverse and contrapositive version of the following statement. [2]

"You will not be able to complete the syllabus unless you study 3 hours everyday."

(b) Consider the following propositions:

[2]

p: You visit the park.

z: You visit the zoo.

v: You enjoy your vacation.

Translate the following sentences using the above propositional variables:

- i. You can either visit the amusement park or the zoo, but you cannot visit both of the places.
- ii. You cannot enjoy your vacation if you do not visit the zoo, unless you go to the amusement park.
- (c) Prove that  $(q \land (p \rightarrow \neg q)) \rightarrow (\neg p \lor r)$  is a tautology, using a sequence of logical equivalence laws.
- 2. (a) Consider the following predicates:

 $[1 \times 4 = 4]$ 

[2]

 $S(x) \equiv x$  is Sherlock Holmes.

 $D(x) \equiv x$  is a detective.

 $M(x) \equiv x$  loves solving Mysteries.

 $F(x) \equiv x$  has many friends.

Express the following statements using the given predicates and quantifiers. The domain of the variables is the set of all people of London.

- i. All detectives in London love solving mysteries.
- ii. Anyone who has many friends must be a detective or love solving mysteries.
- iii. Some mystery lovers are not detectives.
- iv. People who are detectives and have many friends are not Sherlock Holmes.
- (b) Explain with reasoning whether the following propositions are true or false. The domain of the variables is the set of real numbers.  $[1 \times 2 = 2]$ 
  - i.  $\exists x \forall y (x \times y = x)$
  - ii.  $\forall x \exists y (x \times y = 1)$
- 3. Let the universal set,  $U = \{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid 3x 13 < 50\}$ ,  $P = \{x \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \mid x \text{ is a multiple of 4 and } x \leq 20\}$ , and  $Q = \{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19\}$ .
  - (a) i. List the elements of set P.

[1] [1]

ii. Write set Q using **set builder method**. iii. Find the **cardinality and elements** of  $Q \cap P$ .

[1]

- (b) Let  $R = \{3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 15\}.$ 
  - i. Find  $\mathcal{P}((Q \cup R) P)$ .

[1.5]

ii. Determine the elements of  $(Q' \cap R) \cup (P - R)$ .

[1.5]

[4]

[4]

- 4. (a) Consider two functions,  $f(x) = x^2 5x + 1$  and g(x) = 7x 3. Calculate  $(f \circ g)(x)$  and  $(g \circ f)(x)$  assuming that both the domain and the co-domain consist of real numbers. [2]
  - (b) Is the following function invertible? If so, find its inverse function.

 $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}, f: \mathbb{R} - \{-2\} \to \mathbb{R} - \{-1\}$ 

- 5. (a) Consider the statement:  $\forall a \in \mathbb{R} \ \forall b \in \mathbb{R} \ ((a \leq b) \to (a^0 \leq b^0))$ . Explain whether it can be proven using vacuous proof or trivial proof.
  - (b) Prove that, "For all integers n, if  $n^3 + 5$  is odd, then n is even."