

Step By Step Guide for Starting "Hello, World!" on OpenWRT

Installation. All actions of this step should be performed by a non-root user. Directories with spaces in their full path are not allowed.

1. Install SVN by running the following commands in the terminal. Respond positively when asked to confirm.

```
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install subversion build-essential
```

2. Create openwrt folder in the home folder.

```
mkdir ~/openwrt
```

3. Open it

```
cd ~/openwrt
```

4. Download OpenWRT Attitude Adjustment, by running the following command:

```
svn co svn://svn.openwrt.org/openwrt/branches/attitude_adjustment
```

5. Open *attitude_adjustment* folder

```
cd attitude_adjustment
```

6. Download and install all available feeds

```
./scripts/feeds update -a  
./scripts/feeds install -a
```

7. Obtain a list of missing packages for successful build, using the following command:

```
make menuconfig
```

If the installation of OpenWRT is not interfered with anything, as evidenced by the absence of errors, proceed to step 8. Otherwise you will be notified of the missing packages in the following way:

Build dependency: Please install ncurses. (Missing libncurses.so or ncurses.h)

Under Ubuntu 12.10 operating system build required the following packages: ncurses, zlib, GNU awk, and git. Commands that install the missing packages:

```
sudo apt-get install libncurses5-dev  
sudo apt-get install zlib1g-dev
```

```
sudo apt-get install gawk
sudo apt-get install git-core
```

During installation you'll have to enter root-user's password and agree if asked to confirm installation. If the list of missing packages differs from the above list, you can use the following command for finding the necessary package

```
apt-cache search ""
```

enter the name of the missing component obtained through make menuconfig in brackets. You might also find helpful the table of the most frequent issues that is available at the following address: <http://wiki.openwrt.org/doc/howto/buildroot.exigence> («Table of known prerequisites and their corresponding packages»). Select the column with your operating system and the line with the missing package and find what you need to install at the crossing.

When all necessary components are installed you'll see a configuration menu (a grey window on a blue background)

8. The settings should be the following:

- Target system - Atheros AR7xxx/AR9xxx
- Subtarget - Devices with NAND flash (mostly Mikrotik)
- Target profile - Atheros WiFi (ath5k)

9. Save settings and exit

10. In *attitude_adjustment* folder start the build, using *make* command

Attention! Build takes 2-6 hours.

II. Package assembly

1. Create a folder for source codes. Locate it in the OpenWRT root

```
cd ../
mkdir hello
cd hello
```

As a result you should get a hello folder in the openwrt folder, next to *attitude_adjustment* folder. In case of an author, it is */home/user/openwrt/hello*

2. Create two files *hello.c* and *Makefile* in this folder. The first file will contain the source code on C and the second one – build rules.

```
touch hello.c
```

```
touch Makefile # file name with a capital letter
```

Both files contain:

```
hello.c

#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    printf("Hello, World!\n");
}
```

Makefile

```
.SUFFIXES: .tar.gz .c

override CFLAGS += -Wall -O0 -g
hello:hello.c

all: hello hello.tar.gz

%.tar.gz: DIR=$(subst .tar.gz,,${@})
%.tar.gz: %.c
    @mkdir -p ./$(DIR)-0.1
    @cp $^ Makefile ./$(DIR)-0.1
    tar -cz -f $@ ./$(DIR)-0.1
```

In this case, hello.c contains a code of simple greeting to a console, and Makefile compiles the code, building on the platform, creates tar.gz archive with a source code and a make file in it, as well as a folder with similar content. **Attention!** Keeping tabs is a must! You can verify the accuracy by running the following commands (in ~/openwrt/hello)

```
make all
```

```
./hello
```

The first one will collect, compile and create an archive with a folder. The second one will launch the executive file compiled for the platform of the current machine. «Hello, World!» in the console indicates that this step was performed successfully.

3. Then, create a hello folder in ~/openwrt/attitude_adjustment/feeds/packages/utils folder

```
cd ../
cd attitude_adjustment/feeds/packages/utils/
mkdir hello
```

and open it

```
cd hello/
```

4. Create a make file in it for OpenWRT

```
touch makefile
```

5. Record the following data in it

```
include $(TOPDIR)/rules.mk

PKG_NAME:=hello
PKG_VERSION:=0
PKG_RELEASE:=1

PKG_BUILD_DIR:=$(PKG_NAME)-$(PKG_VERSION).$(PKG_RELEASE)
PKG_SOURCE:=hello.tar.gz
PKG_SOURCE_URL:=file:///home/user/openwrt/hello/

include $(INCLUDE_DIR)/package.mk
```

```
define Package/hello
SECTION:=utils
CATEGORY:=Utilities
TITLE:=HW
endef

define Package/hello/description
Hello World
endef

define Package/hello/Build/Compile
$(MAKE) -C $(PKG_BUILD_DIR) hello
endef

define Package/hello/install
$(INSTALL_DIR) $(1)/bin/
$(INSTALL_BIN) $(PKG_BUILD_DIR)/hello $(1)/bin/hello
endef

$(eval $(call BuildPackage,hello))
```

Attention! Make sure to change user name in `PKG_SOURCE_URL`.

III. Compilation

1. After proper make files configuring run the following commands from `~/openwrt/attitude_adjustment` folder:

```
./scripts/feeds update -i
./scripts/feeds install hello
```

2. Open configuration menu once again

```
make menuconfig
```

3. Find our package

```
Utilites ----> hello
```

And put [M] package parameter to it

4. Press Exit two times to exit and save

5. Run the following command

```
make package/hello/compile
```

In case of successful compilation, a ready `hello_0-1_ar71xx.ipk` executive file will appear in `~/openwrt/attitude_adjustment/bin/ar71xx/packages` for starting on FlexRoad.

IV. Moving and installation

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1. Move `hello_0-1_ar71xx.ipk` package to FlexRoad and install it. As an option you can copy `hello_0-1_ar71xx.ipk` to the root folder of the device using SCP utility.
 2. Install the package using `opkg install /root/hello_0-1_ar71xx.ipk` command.
 3. You can check its operation by entering the package name as a command in the console

hello

«Hello, World!» in the console indicates successful completion of all operations.