

problem 01

(1) for example $X_i, net_{ik} = \omega_{ik}X_i + b_{ij}, z_{ik} = \frac{e^{net_{ik}}}{\sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}}}$.

the lost function: $L_i = -\sum_{k=1}^c [y_{ik} \log(z_{ik})]$

the cost function: $C = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N L_i = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{k=1}^c [y_{ik} \log(z_{ik})]$

the gradient of hidden-to-output weights: $\frac{\partial C}{\partial net_{ik}} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial z_{ij}} \frac{\partial z_{ij}}{\partial net_{ik}}$

in this formula, $\frac{\partial C}{\partial z_{ij}} = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j=1}^c [\frac{y_{ij}}{z_{ij}}]$

when $j = k$: $\frac{\partial z_{ik}}{\partial net_{ik}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial net_{ik}} \frac{e^{net_{ik}}}{\sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}}} = \frac{e^{net_{ik}} \sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}} - e^{2net_{ik}}}{(\sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}})^2} = z_{ik} - z_{ik}^2$

when $j \neq k$: $\frac{\partial z_{ij}}{\partial net_{ik}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial net_{ik}} \frac{e^{net_{ij}}}{\sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}}} = -\frac{e^{net_{ij}} e^{net_{ik}}}{(\sum_{k=1}^c e^{net_{ik}})^2} = -z_{ij} z_{ik}$

take them into the original fomula, $\frac{\partial C}{\partial net_{ik}} = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (\sum_{j \neq k}^c \frac{y_{ij}}{z_{ij}} (-z_{ij} z_{ik}) + \frac{y_{ik}}{z_{ik}} (z_{ik} - z_{ik}^2)) = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N (\sum_{j=1}^c (-y_{ij} z_{ik}) + y_{ik})$

(2) don't really understand

problem 02

(1)

$$h_{11} = f_{11}(x_1) = \begin{cases} -1, & x_1 \leq 0.5 \\ 1, & x_1 > 0.5 \end{cases}$$

$$h_{12} = f_{12}(x_2) = \begin{cases} -1, & x_2 \leq 0.5 \\ 1, & x_2 > 0.5 \end{cases}$$

$$g = h_{11} * h_{12}$$

(2)

$$h_{21} = f_{21}(x_1) = \begin{cases} 1, & 1 < x_1 \leq 1.5 \\ -1, & x_1 > 1.5 \end{cases}$$

$$= -f_{11}(x_1 - 1)$$

$$h_{22} = f_{22}(x_2) = \begin{cases} 1, & 1 < x_2 \leq 1.5 \\ -1, & x_2 > 1.5 \end{cases}$$

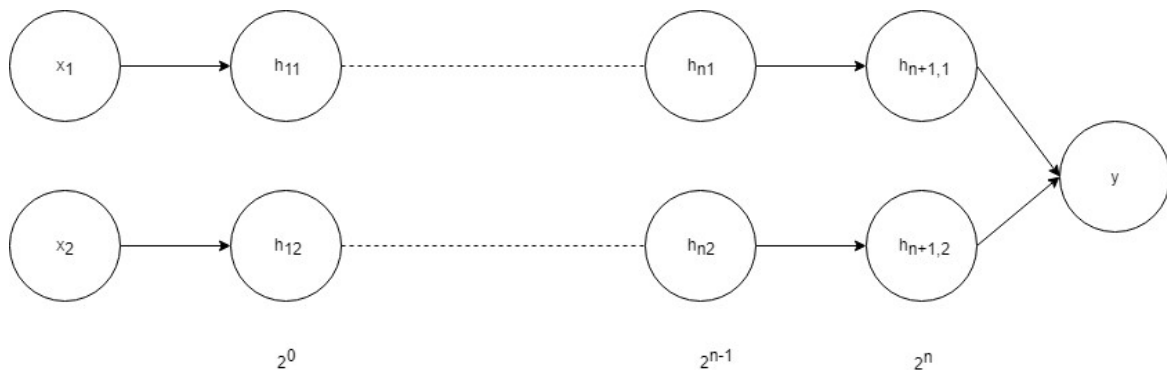
$$= -f_{12}(x_2 - 1)$$

$$g = h_{21} * h_{22}$$

(3) data are mirror symmetry to the 2^n axis.

	4									
		+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	
		-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	
	3									
		-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	
x_2										
	2									
		+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	
		+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	
	1									
		-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	
		-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	
		+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	
	0		1		2		3		4	
					x_1					

(4)

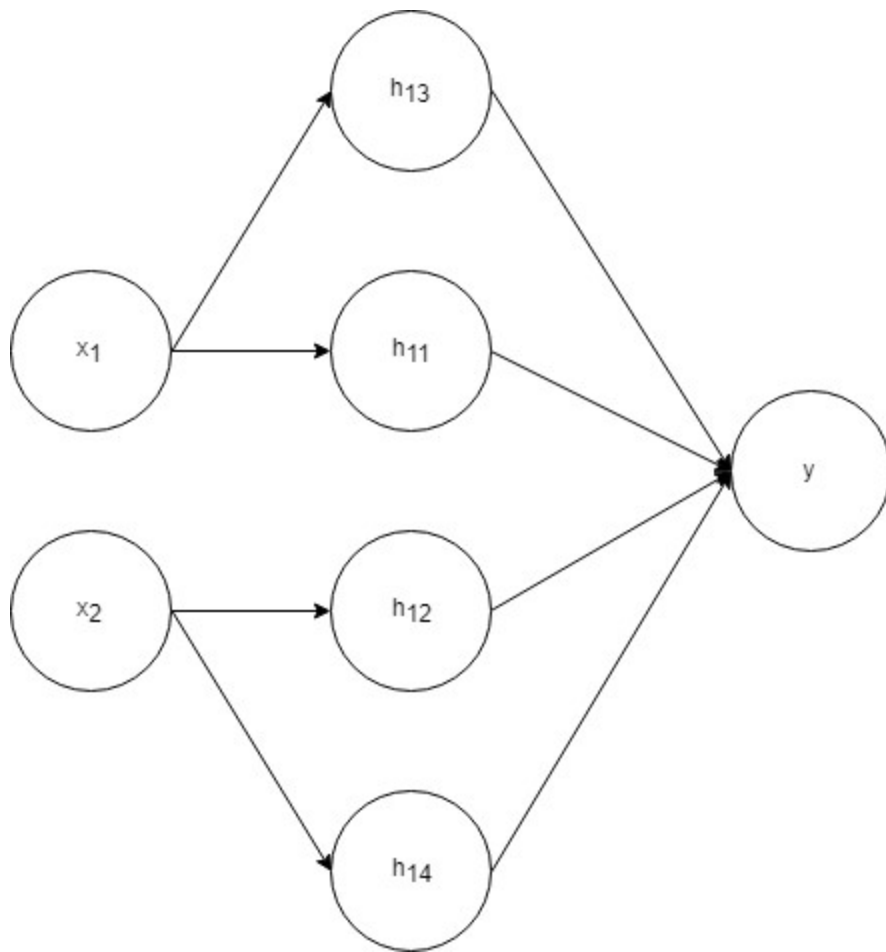


when $n \geq 1$:

$$h_{n1} = f_{n1}(x_1) = -f_{n-1}(x_1 - 2^{n-1})$$

$$h_{n2} = f_{n2}(x_2) = -f_{n-1}(x_2 - 2^{n-1})$$

(5)



$$h_{11} = (-1)^{x_1|0.5}$$

$$h_{13} = (-1)^{x_1|1}$$

$$h_{12} = (-1)^{x_2|0.5+1}$$

$$h_{14} = (-1)^{x_2|1+1}$$

$$y = h_{11} * h_{12} * h_{13} * h_{14}$$