Ərk IRC Client, Version 0.850

Plugin Guide

A guide for writing plugins for the Ərk IRC Client

https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/erk

Summary

An Ərk *plugin* is a file containing one of more Python 3 classes that inherit from
`erk.Plugin`. A *package* is a directory that contains one or more files containing Ərk plugins,
along with other optional files that either contain metadata or graphics. A plugin can be used
to create new commands and features, automate functionality, and so much more.

In this document, the term "plugin" is used for both plugins and packages; if a distinction
between the two terms is necessary, the correct term is used.

Installing Ərk Plugins

Ərk plugins "live" in a directory named "plugins", in the main Ərk installation directory. To
install a plugin, simply place it in the "plugins" directory. Plugins and packages can be
exported for distribution, via the "Export Plugin" tool in the main client and the editor; this tool
creates "Ərk Package" files, with a file extension of ".perk". Ərk Package files are just zip
archives containing one or more Ərk plugins or packages. To install an Ərk Package, click the
"Install Plugin" entry in the "Plugins" menu, select the package you want to install, and click
"Open". The Ərk Package will be extracted to the "plugins" directory and loaded into the client
automatically.

Uninstalling Ərk Plugins

Delete (or otherwise remove) the plugin file or package from the "plugins" directory.
Alternately, click on the "Uninstall plugin" entry in the "Plugins" menu.

Writing an Ərk Plugin

The first step is creating a new Python 3 class that inherits from **erk.Plugin**. To get access to this class, import it from Ərk:

```
1  from erk import *
```

Then, create the rest of the class. The following plugin will do *nothing*, but it's a complete example that shows what a plugin should look like:

```
1  from erk import *
2
3  class ExamplePlugin(Plugin):
4      def __init__(self):
5          self.name = "An Example Plugin"
6          self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"
7
8      def received(self,client,line):
9          pass
10
11     def sent(self,client,line):
12         pass
13
14     def load(self):
15         pass
16
17     def unload(self):
18         pass
19
20     def input(self,client,name,text):
21         pass
22
23     def connect(self,client):
24         pass
25
26     def public(self,client,channel,user,message):
27         pass
28
29     def private(self,client,user,message):
30         pass
31
32     def notice(self,client,target,user,message):
33         pass
34
35     def join(self,client,channel,user):
36         pass
37
38     def part(self,client,channel,user):
39         pass
40
41     def tick(self,client):
42         pass
43
44     def ctcp(self,client,user,channel,tag,message):
45         pass
46
47     def mode(self,client,channel,user,mset,modes,arguments):
48         pass
```

Plugin Attributes

Plugins have only two *required* attributes: **name** and `description`. Plugins can also possess four other optional attributes: `author`, `version`, `source`, and `website`.

`name`

This is the name of the plugin. It must be unique (that is, no other loaded plugin can use the same name). It can contain spaces. All plugins are required to have a **name** attribute.

`description`

This describes the plugin. It can also contain spaces, but it does not have to be unique. All plugins are required to have a `description` attribute.

`author`

The name of the person (or persons) who created/maintain the plugin.

`version`

A string representing the plugin's version.

`source`

A URL to where users can obtain the source code or information about the source code of the plugin.

`website`

A URL where users can obtain the plugin, information about the plugin, or information about the person (or persons) who wrote the plugin.

Plugin Methods

There are thirteen methods a plugin can have; they are not required to have any specific methods, but *they must have at least one of the methods* to be a valid plugin.

Most of the methods are passed an instance of the Twisted IRC client[1] as a first argument. This is the instance that Әrk uses to communicate with the IRC connection associated with the event or window that triggered the method's execution. At this time, Әrk uses version 20.3 of Twisted during development; the documentation for this object can be found at the Twisted website[2] . The instance has been modified so that any outgoing messages are displayed in the client (so, if you use the **msg()** method to send a PRIVMSG command, the message sent will be displayed in the appropriate channel or private chat window).

`load`

Arguments	None
Description	This method is executed as soon as the plugin is loaded into memory.

`unload`

Arguments	None
Description	This method is executed when the plugin is unloaded from memory; if not otherwise unloaded, this method is executed when Әrk shuts down.

`tick`

Arguments	**client** (instance of **twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient**)
Description	This method is executed every second the Әrk client is connected to a server.

`received`

Arguments	**client** (instance of **twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient**), **line** (string)
Description	This method is executed every time the Әrk client receives a line of data from the server.

1**twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient**
2https://twistedmatrix.com/documents/current/api/twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient.html

sent

Arguments	`client` (instance of **`twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`**), `line` (string)
Description	This method is executed every time the Ərk client sends a line of data to the server.

connect

Arguments	`client` (instance of **`twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`**)
Description	This method is executed when the Ərk client is completes registration with a server.

input

Arguments	`client` (instance of **`twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`**), `name` (string), `text` (string)
Description	This method is executed whenever a user enters text into the Ərk IRC client and presses enter. **name** contains the "name" of the window the text was entered into. If entered into a non-chat server console, **name** will be set to "_Server"; other wise, **name** will contain the name of the channel the text was entered into (if entered into a channel chat window) or the nickname of a user (if entered into a private chat window). **text** contains the text that was entered into the window.

This method is intended to be used to implement new commands for the Ərk client. To prevent any further processing of user input, have this method return **True**. *Be careful with this*. It's trivially easy to implement a plugin that can prevent *any* user input at all:

```
1 def input(self,client,name,text):
2     return True
```

Only return **True** if no further processing of the text is required; for example, when implementing a custom command, returning **True** prevents the user's command input being sent to the server as a PRIVMSG.

Ərk will try to detect any plugins that maliciously prevent user input and refuse to load them; this is not perfect (or even close to perfect) and should not be relied on.

public

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `channel` (string), `user` (string), `message` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a public (channel) chat message. `channel` contains the name of the channel the chat originated from. `user` contains information about the user that sent the message; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

private

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `user` (string), `message` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a private chat message. `user` contains information about the user that sent the message; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

join

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `channel` (string), `user` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a channel join notification. `channel` contains the name of the channel the user joined. `user` contains information about the user that joined; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

part

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `channel` (string), `user` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a channel part notification. `channel` contains the name of the channel the user left. `user` contains information about the user that left the channel; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

notice

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `target` (string), `user` (string), `message` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a notice message. `target` contains the name of the user or channel the notice was sent to. `user` contains information about the user that sent the message; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

ctcp

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `user` (string), `channel` (string), `tag` (string), `message` (string)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives an unrecognized CTCP message. `user` contains information about the user that sent the message; this is presented in the format provided by the server: `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`. `channel` contains the channel (or nickname) the message was sent from. `tag` contains the CTCP message tag sent in the message. `message` contains the contents of the message sent.

mode

Arguments	`client` (instance of `twisted.words.protocols.irc.IRCClient`), `channel` (string), `user` (string), `mset` (boolean), `modes` (string), `arguments` (tuple)
Description	This method is executed when the Ɵrk client receives a mode change notification. `channel` contains the name of the user or channel the mode was set on; `user` contains information about the user that set the mode; this is presented in the format provided by the server (unless the mode was set by the server): `nickname`!`username`@`hostname`; `mset` is set to `True` if the mode was set on the target, and `False` if the mode was unset on the target; `modes` contains the mode that was set; `arguments` contains any arguments that were passed to the mode setting.

Built-In Methods

Plugins also contain several built-in methods to interact with the Ərk IRC client.

`autocomplete`

Arguments	`match` (string), `replacement` (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Adds an entry to the auto-completer. `match` is the text the auto-completer should try to match to; `replacement` is what the auto-completer will output if a match is found. For example, assume that a plugin has created a new command, "/new", that takes one argument. To add this new command to the auto-completer, set `match` to "/new", and `replacement` to "/new " (the same as `match`, but with a space appended); if the user types "/ne" and hits tab, it will be replaced with "/new ", ready for the user to type in the command's argument. Entries added to the auto-completer will only work if the "Auto-complete Commands" option is enabled in the "Settings" dialog.

`channels`

Arguments	None
Returns	List
Description	Returns a list of channels that Ərk is in on the current IRC server. If called before Ərk is connected to a server, or if Ərk is not in any channels, this will return an empty list.

`console`

Arguments	`text` (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Writes to the console window associated with the client that triggered the plugin method's execution. This method will always fail in a plugin's `load()` and `unload()` methods.

`directory`

Arguments	None
Returns	Str
Description	Returns the directory the package the plugin is located in, or the plugins directory (if the plugin is a non-package). ***This method cannot be called from `__init__`!*** The internal value that this method relies on is populated when the plugin is loaded into Әrk; calling it from the `__init__` method will cause a fatal error, and Әrk will not start properly.

`exec`

Arguments	`data` (string)
Returns	Returns `True` if the command was processed, and `False` if not
Description	Processes a string as if it were input by a user into the current chat's text input. This allows plugins to execute commands without using the Twisted IRC client. If passed a string *without* a input command, the string will be passed to the server as chat. This method will always fail in a plugin's `load()` and `unload()` methods. For more information, please see the *Erk Scripting and Commands* guide.

`help`

Arguments	`usage` (string), `description` (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Adds a command to the information displayed by the **/help** command. `usage` is what appears in the first column, and displays how to use the command; for example, for the /me command, which sends a CTCP description message, `usage` would be "/me DESCRIPTION". `description` is a short description of what the command does. For more information on the **/help** command, please see the *Erk Scripting and Commands* guide.

`info`

Arguments	None
Returns	String
Description	Returns a string containing the application name and version of the Ɵrk IRC client.

`log`

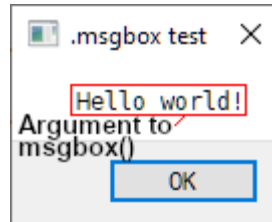|	
Arguments	**name** (string), **text** (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Writes text to a specific Ɵrk chat window. **log()** can only write text to a window associated with the client that triggered the plugin method's execution. That means that **log()** can write to channel windows that the client has joined or private message sessions that are open and ongoing. **log()** cannot write text to windows associated with another client. **name** should contain the name of the channel or user nick whose window you want to write to; **text** should contain the text you want to write. **text** can contain HTML. Any text written *will* be saved to the log, if logging is turned on.

For example, to write to the chat window for the channel "#erk", you could use **self.log("#erk","This is the text to write")**.

You cannot log() text to windows associated with another client. If you are trying to use **log()** from the **input()** method, for example, the only windows you can write to *must be on the same server the window that triggered the method is associated with*.

This method will always fail in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.

msgbox

Arguments	**text** (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Displays a message box stating **text** to the user. Like message boxes in most operating systems/GUI display libraries, the message box is modal, and must be dismissed by clicking "OK" before any further interaction with Ərk is possible.

print

Arguments	**text** (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Writes to the current window displayed in Ərk, whether it's a server console, channel chat, or private chat; if there is no current window, the method will fail silently and not display any text. This method will always fail in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.

script

Arguments	**filename** (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Executes an Ərk script on a separate thread; control will return to the plugin immediately after calling this method. Functionally, this works exactly like the **/script** command (see *Erk Scripting and Commands*). You can pass a complete file path and name, or a partial one; Ərk will look for the script in the assigned script directory, and will attach the ".erk" file extension if necessary. This method will always fail in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.

send

Arguments	`data` (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Sends a raw, unprocessed string to the current IRC server. This allows plugins to send commands that are otherwise unsupported by Ɵrk.

sysmsg

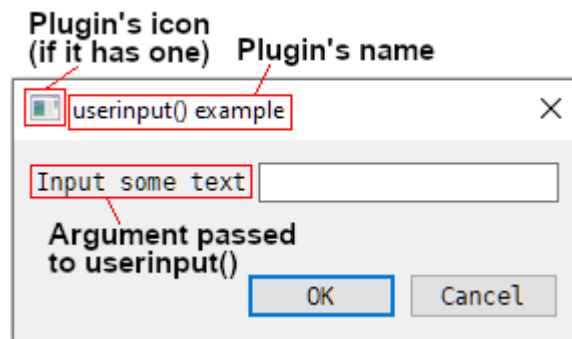|	
Arguments	`text` (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Writes a system message to the current window displayed in Ɵrk, whether it's a server console, channel chat, or private chat; if there is no current window, the method will fail silently and not display any text. This method will always fail in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.

topic

Arguments	`channel` (string)
Returns	Str or None
Description	Returns the topic of a given channel, if known. If the unknown, returns **None**.

uptime

Arguments	None
Returns	Int
Description	Returns the length of time (in seconds) that Ɵrk has been connected to the IRC server that triggered the plugin's execution. This method will always return 0 (zero) in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.

userinput

Arguments	`text` (string)
Returns	String if the user entered text into the dialog and clicked "Ok" or **None** if the user clicked "Cancel".
Description	Opens a dialog to get information from the user; the dialog will contain the plugin's name as the title, and `text` will appear before the text entry widget.

users

Arguments	`channel` (string)
Returns	List
Description	Returns a list of users in a given channel, without any status symbols (**@** for operators, **+** for voiced users, etc), if Ərk is present in that channel; if Ərk is not present in the channel, or is not connected to an IRC server, this method will return an empty list.

`write`

Arguments	**name** (string), **text** (string)
Returns	Nothing
Description	Writes text to a specific Ɵrk chat window. **write()** can only write text to a window associated with the client that triggered the plugin method's execution. That means that **write()** can write to channel windows that the client has joined or private message sessions that are open and ongoing. **write()** cannot write text to windows associated with another client. **name** should contain the name of the channel or user nick whose window you want to write to; **text** should contain the text you want to write. **text** can contain HTML. Any text written will not be saved to the log, if logging is turned on.

For example, to write to the chat window for the channel "#erk", you could use **self.write("#erk","This is the text to write")**.

*You cannot **write()** text to windows associated with another client.* If you are trying to use **write()** from the **input()** method, for example, the only windows you can write to *must be on the same server the window that triggered the method is associated with*.

This method will always fail in a plugin's **load()** and **unload()** methods.
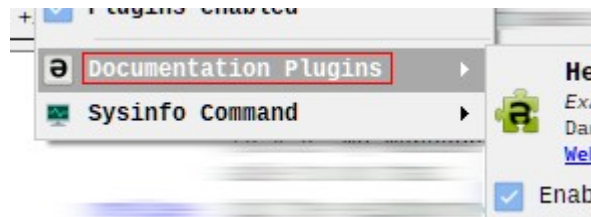
Plugin Packages

Plugins should be in their own directory in the "plugins" directory; this directory name can be any valid string for a Python module. This directory/plugin combination is called a "package".

For example, let's assume you have an Ərk plugin named "myplugin.py". You've decided that you want to use "dans_plugins" as your package name. Create a directory in your Ərk plugin directory named "dans_plugins", and copy/mode "myplugin.py" into the new directory. Your plugin package now looks like:

```
dans_plugins
    •  myplugin.py
```

This is all you need for a plugin package. However, how the package (and the plugins it contains) are displayed in the Ərk GUI can be further customized.

Package Name

The plugin's Python name is displayed as the package's name by default. If you'd like to customize this (for example, change the package's name to include punctuation not normally allowed by Python), create a file named "package.txt" (or just "package") in the root directory of the package. Write the new name in this file as the first and only line. Using the above example, if you wanted your "dans_plugin" package to be displayed as "Dan's Erk Plugins", you would write "Dan's Erk Plugins" in the package's "package.txt".

Package Icon
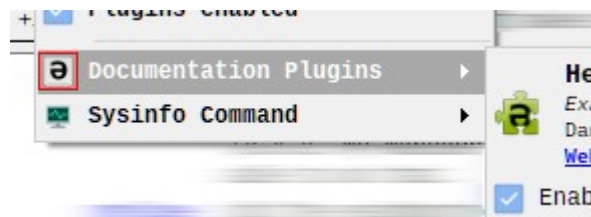
To create a custom icon for a package, create a PNG file with the desired icon image and place it in the root directory of the package; change the package icon's filename to "package.png". This icon will be displayed in Ərk's "Plugins" menu. Optional; if omitted, the default package icon will be used.

Plugin Icons
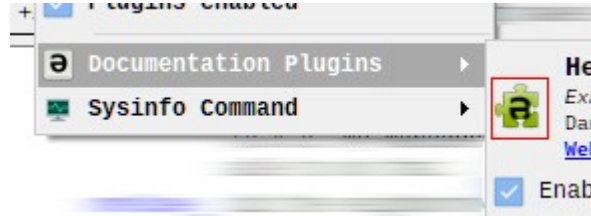
An icon can be specified for a plugin; this is the icon that will be displayed in Ərk's "Plugins" menu. To set an icon, place a PNG with the same name as the plugin's class file name with the extension ".py" replaced with ".png" in the same directory as the plugin's package. The icon should be 25 pixels by 25 pixels to be displayed properly. Optional; if omitted, the default plugin icon will be used.

Use Ərk to generate a "blank" plugin

The Ərk client has a command-line flag that will generate a "blank" plugin package, ready to be edited. It will create a directory with a Python-safe name in the user's current directory, and place all the files needed for a plugin in it.

```
C:\> python erk.py --generate "My brand new plugin"
Creating plugin package Mybrandnewplugin…
Done!
C:\>
```

The new package will not load into Ərk; it must be edited. It includes a plugin source code skeleton ("plugin.py"), a package name file ("package.txt"), and default icons for both the package and plugin.

Once edited, simply copy the package directory into Ərk's plugin directory.

Pluggər, the Ərk Plugin Editor
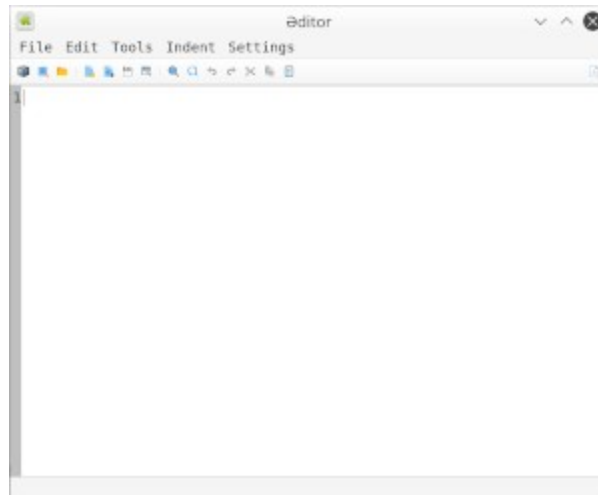
Ərk has a built-in editor and development environment for writing plugins. By default, it is hidden; to make the editor accessible, open the "Preferences" dialog (on the "Settings" menu), and open the "Extensions" section. Turn on "Plugin development mode".
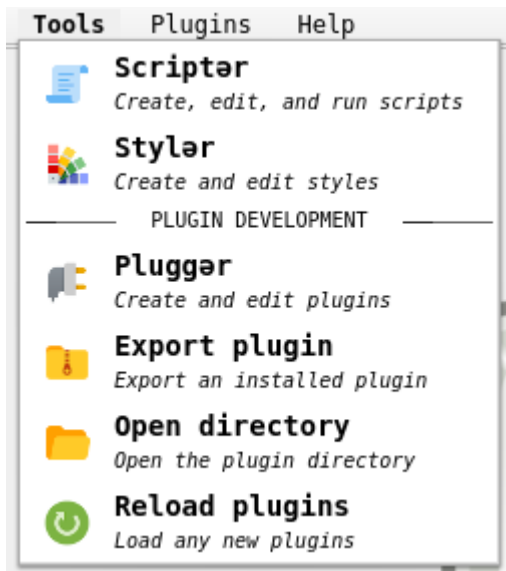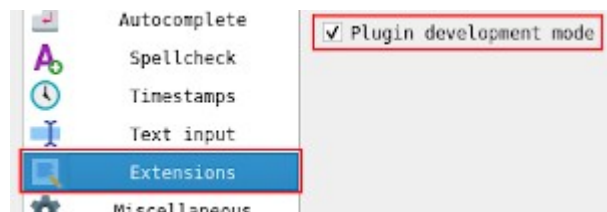

The next time the "Tools" menu is opened, it will feature a number of new options. The features will remain available until "Development mode" is turned off.

To start the editor, click on "Pluggər". The editor features colored syntax highlighting for Python code, and many of the features a code-oriented text editor would feature.

Development mode

Development mode also activates a number of features to make plugin development easier. Every plugin entry in the "Plugins" menu gets new options:
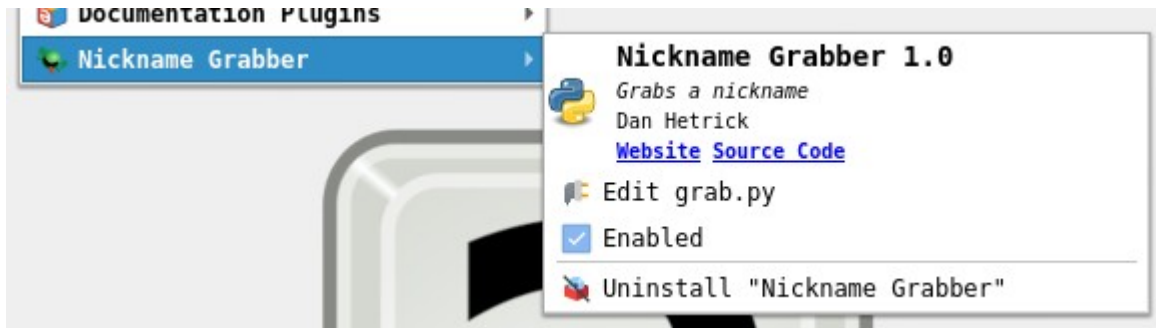
- **Edit**. Click to edit the plugin's source file in the editor.
- **Execute load()**. This will force the plugin's **load()** method to execute (if the plugin has a **load()** method).
- **Execute unload()**. This will force the plugin's **unload()** method to execute (if the plugin has an **unload()** method).

The main "Tools" menu also gets four new options:

- **Pluggər**. This opens the code editor.
- **Export Plugin**. Any installed plugins can be exported to a zip file; this file an then be used with the "Install" option.
- **Open plugin directory**. This will open Ərk's plugin directory in the computer's file explorer.
- **Load new plugins**. This will load any new plugins, into memory. If the plugin hasn't been loaded, the plugin's **load()** method will be executed.

Features

The editor features almost everything you need to create plugins and plugin packages for Ərk easily. These tools include a package creator, a tool to export installed plugin packages, and a plugin code generator.

All three of these features can be found in the "Tools" menu:
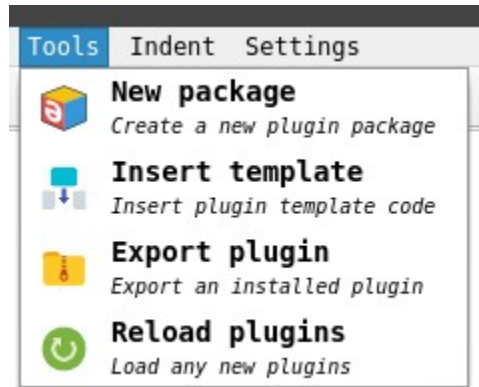
- **New package**. This brings up a dialog asking the user for a package name, plugin name, description, and other optional information. A new package is created with this information.

- **Insert template**. This brings up a dialog asking for plugin information, and uses that data to generate a "blank" plugin, which is inserted wherever the cursor is in the editor.

- **Export plugin**. This will bring up a dialog allowing the user to select any installed plugin; the selected plugin will be placed in a Ərk Package file and saved. This archive can now be installed with the "Install plugin" menu option in Ərk's "Plugins" menu.

Examples

"Hello, world!" plugin

This plugin will implement new command: "/hello". This will display the traditional "Hello, world!" message in the window where the command was entered; the new command will be added to the auto-completer as well.

```python
from erk import *

class HelloWorld(Plugin):
    def __init__(self):
        self.name = "Hello World plugin"
        self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"

    def load(self):
        self.autocomplete("/hello","/hello")
        self.help("/hello","Says hello to the world!")

    def input(self,client,name,text):

        # Look for our new command
        if text=="/hello":

            # Found it! Now lets display our message
            self.print("Hello, world!")

            # Now, we return "True" to make sure that
            # "/hello" isn't sent to the IRC server as
            # a chat messages
            return True
```

Note taking plugin

This plugin will introduce three new commands: "/note" (for adding a note), "/notes" (for displaying all stored notes), and "/clear" (for deleting all stored notes).

```python
from erk import *

class Notes(Plugin):
    def __init__(self):
        self.name = "Note taking plugin"
        self.description = "Example plugin for documentation"
        self.notes = []

    def load(self):
        self.autocomplete("/clear","/clear")
        self.help("/clear","Deletes any stored notes")
        self.autocomplete("/note","/note ")
        self.help("/note MESSAGE...","Stores a note")
        self.autocomplete("/notes","/notes")
        self.help("/notes","Displays any stored notes")

    def input(self,client,name,text):

        # Tokenize the input
        tokens = text.split()

        # Handle the "/clear" command
        # This will delete any stored notes
        if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/clear":
            self.notes = []
            return True

        # Handle the "/note" command
        # This adds a new note to the stored notes
        if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/note":
            tokens.pop(0)
            n = ' '.join(tokens)
            self.notes.append(n)
            return True

        # Handle the "/notes" command
        # This will display any stored notes
        if len(tokens)>0 and tokens[0].lower()=="/notes":

            # If there are no stored notes, let the
            # user know and return
            if len(self.notes)==0:
                self.print("No notes found")
                return True

            # Format the note list using HTML
            t = "<ul>"
            for n in self.notes:
                t = t + "<li>"+n+"</li>"
            t = t + "</ul>"

            # Display the stored notes to the user
            self.print(t)
```