

# IRC Library for Python 3 https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/erkle

## Version 0.035





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## **Summary**

*Erkle* is a low level, event-driven IRC library for Python 3, designed for both quick and dirty <u>IRC bots</u> or for full blown IRC clients.

### **Philosophy**

Erkle was designed with the following in mind:

- **Little or no boilerplate code.** To write a IRC bot or client, the programmer should only have to write the functionality he or she wants to employ.
- Modular code. Most IRC bots or clients will require some common functionality. The programmer shouldn't have to <u>reinvent the wheel</u> every time they create a new bot or client. Code should be able to be isolated into <u>modules</u> for repeated use.
- **Little or no software requirements.** The library should use the Python standard library over third party libraries whenever possible.
- Whenever possible, the library should mirror the protocol. Having an understanding of how the IRC protocol works should give an understanding of how the library works.
- **General purpose.** The library should be able to be used for IRC bots, IRC clients, or any other IRC-based purpose, with no preference for any one specific function.
- **Multiple clients, multiple connections.** The library should make it easy to create and maintain multiple IRC connections/clients at once, from a single program.
- **Not a "black box".** The library should not prevent the user from using the library to perform functions not envisioned by the library's author. Important internal objects and functionality should be easily available to the user.

#### Low Level

To use *Erkle*, understanding IRC and the IRC protocol is a necessity. *Erkle* is designed to be low level, meaning its interface is influenced by the protocol itself. Since there's no syntactic sugar to hide the difficult or complex parts of the protocol, *Erkle* code should be easy to understand if you understand the underlying protocol.

The IRC protocol is defined in a series of RFC documents:

- RFC 1459
- RFC 2812

#### Why not use **Twisted** or **irclib**?

I wanted an IRC library with as few requirements as possible, and didn't require subclassing. I also wanted a client that was small enough to be bundled with an application, rather than requiring a user to install it through **pip** or some other package manager. Last, I wanted a library that wasn't focused on writing IRC bots *or* writing IRC clients; I wanted a library that would work for both. Since I couldn't find this library, I decided to write *Erkle*.

## Requirements

*Erkle* uses, for the most part, only modules in the Python standard library. To use <u>SSL/TLS</u> to connect to IRC servers, however, the <u>pyOpenSSL</u> library must be installed. To install this library via the Python package installer, <u>pip</u>, execute this command:

pip install pyOpenSSL

## **Python libraries**

Erkle uses the following modules from the standard library:

- sys
- os
- socket
- collections
- string
- threading
- importlib
- ss1 (only if it is available)

# **Erkle Object**

*Erkle* is an object that creates and manages an IRC connection. *Erkle()* takes a single argument (see below) on creation, a *dictionary* that configures the IRC client.

# **Configuration dictionary**

Key	Туре	Default	Optional	Description
nickname	str	n/a	No	Sets the nickname the client will use. The key can be shortened to "nick".
username	str	The client's nickname	Yes	Sets the username the client will use. The key can be shortened to "user".
realname	str	"Erkle 0.033 IRC Client"	Yes	Sets the real name the client will use. The key can be shortened to "real".
alternate	str	Nickname followed by an underscore	Yes	Sets the nickname the client will use if the initial nickname is already taken. The key can be shortened to "alt".
server	str	n/a	No	Sets the host name or IP address of the IRC server the client will connect to.
port	int	6667	Yes	Sets the server port the client will connect to.
password	str	None	Yes	Sets the password to be used to connect to the IRC server.
ssl	bool	False	Yes	Sets whether SSL/TLS is used to connect to the server.
encoding	str	"utf-8"	Yes	Sets what string encoding the server uses.
flood-protection	bool	True	Yes	Sets whether <u>flood protection</u> is used or not.
flood-rate	int	2	Yes	Sets how often messages are sent to the server if flood protection is turned on, in seconds.
language	str	"en"	Yes	Sets the language <i>Erkle</i> will use for application messages; this must be a two letter <u>ISO 639-1 language</u> code.
clock-frequency	float	1	Yes	Sets how often the <b>tick</b> event is triggered, in seconds. See <i>Events</i> on page 9.
multithreaded	bool	False	Yes	Executes <i>Erkle</i> 's client in a separate thread.

#### **Methods**

## Usable before connecting to an IRC server

Once the *Erkle* object is created, use the **connect** () method to cause the object to connect to the IRC server.

Method	Arguments	Description
connect	None.	Connects to the IRC server. If the multithreaded configuration option is set to <i>True</i> , the IRC client/connection will be executed in a separate thread.
disable	• tag (string) •	Prevents any hooked functions tagged with <b>tag</b> from executing. Any number of tags can be enabled, as long as they are passed as individual arguments. See <i>Tags</i> , page 9. This method can be called while the client is connected.
enable	• tag (string) •	Removes <b>tag</b> from the list of disabled tags; hooked functions with this tag will be executed as normal. Any number of tags can be enabled, as long as they are passed as individual arguments. See <i>Tags</i> , page 9. This method can be called while the client is connected.
tag	• tag (string) •	Adds a <b>tag</b> to the <i>Erkle</i> object. Only hooked functions with that tag will be called when an event is triggered. See <i>Tags</i> , page 9. This method can be called while the client is connected. This method can be called while the client is connected.
untag	• tag (string) •	Removes a <b>tag</b> from the <i>Erkle</i> object. See <i>Tags</i> , page 9. This method can be called while the client is connected. This method can be called while the client is connected.

## Usable after connecting to an IRC server

The following methods can only be used after the *Erkle* object's **connect()** method has been called. If flood protection is turned on (the default), any outgoing messages to the server are added to a queue and sent at a rate of rate of one message every two seconds.

Method	Arguments	Description
thread	None.	If Erkle has the multithreaded configuration option set to True, the object's Thread object (see the Python documentation for the Threading library) will be returned; otherwise, None is returned.
kill	None.	If <i>Erkle</i> has the multithreaded configuration option set to <i>True</i> , this will terminate the object's thread.
socket	None.	Returns the socket the Erkle object is using for the IRC connection.
send	data (string)	Sends a "raw" message to the IRC server; the message will not be processed in any way before being sent.
privmsg	<ul><li>target (string)</li><li>message (string)</li></ul>	Sends a chat message to a channel or user. This can also be called via an alias: msg ()
action	<ul><li>target (string)</li><li>message (string)</li></ul>	Sends a CTCP action message to a channel or user. This can also be called via an alias: me ()
notice	<ul><li>target (string)</li><li>message (string)</li></ul>	Sends a notice to a user or channel.

join	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>key (string)</li></ul>	Joins a channel.
part	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>reason (string)</li></ul>	Leaves a channel.
kick	<ul><li>target (string)</li><li>channel (string)</li><li>reason (string)</li></ul>	Kicks a user from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
ban	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>mask (string)</li></ul>	Bans any user who's nick/host/username matches a mask from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel). See <a href="RFC 1459"><u>RFC 1459</u></a> for more information on masks.
unban	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>mask (string)</li></ul>	Removes a channel ban from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
lock	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>key (string)</li></ul>	Sets a channel key on a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
unlock	<ul><li>channel (string)</li><li>key (string)</li></ul>	Removes a channel key from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
mode	<ul><li>target (string)</li><li>mode (string)</li></ul>	Sets a mode on a channel or user. See <u>RFC 1459</u> for more information on modes.
invite	<ul><li>user (string)</li><li>channel (string)</li></ul>	Sends a channel invitation to a user.
away	• message (string)	Sets the client to "away" on the IRC server.
back	None.	Sets the client to "back" on the IRC server.
whois	• user (string)	Requests WHOIS data on a user from the server. When the WHOIS data is received, the whois event will be triggered.
list	None.	Requests a list of channels from the server. When the channel list is received, the list event will be triggered.
quit	• reason (string)	Disconnects from the IRC server. If <i>Erkle</i> is running in multithreaded mode, this will terminate the object's thread.

## **Attributes**

An *Erkle* object also has a number of attributes that store information about the server, client, and the *Erkle* object. Not all of these values will be available immediately; the values are populated as the server sends the appropriate data to the client. Most of these values should be available by the time the **registered** event is triggered.

Attribute	Туре	Description
nickname	string	The client's nickname.
username	string	The client's username.
realname	string	The client's realname.
server	string	The server's address.
port	integer	The server's port.
password	string	The password used to connect to the server, if there is one.
usessl	boolean	Whether SSL is being used for this connection or not.
hostname	string	The server's hostname.
software	string	The server's software.
options	list	A list of the options the server supports.
network	string	The network the server belongs to.
commands	list	A list of commands supported by the server.
maxchannels	integer	The maximum number of channels a client can join on the server.
maxnicklen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a nickname on the server.
channellen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a channel name on the server.
topiclen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a channel topic on the server.
kicklen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a kick message on the server.
awaylen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for an away message on the server.
maxtargets	integer	The maximum number of targets a message can be sent to on a server.
modes	integer	The maximum number of channel modes that can be set on the server.
chantypes	list	What channel types the server uses.
prefix	list of lists	What channel status prefixes the server uses; each entry contains a list with the first value being the status type, and the second value being the prefix used for that type.
chanmodes	list	What channel modes the server uses.
casemapping	string	The casemapping the server uses.
spoofed	string	If the client's host is spoofed by the server, then the spoofed host name will be stored here.

users	dictionary of lists	An in-memory database of channel users. The dictionary uses channel names for keys, and each dictionary entry is a list of the named channel's users. The list will only contain users in channels the <i>Erkle</i> object has joined and is still present in.
topic	dictionary	An in-memory database of channel topics. The dictionary uses channel names for keys, and each dictionary entry is a string containing the named channel's topic (or <i>None</i> if the topic is blank or unknown).
channels	list of lists	An in-memory database of all the channels on a server. This attribute starts empty by default; it will only be populated if the Erkle list() method is called. Each entry in the list a list that contains, in this order:  0. channel name (string) 1. number of users in the channel (integer) 2. channel topic (string) (None if there's no topic)
uptime	integer	Reflects how many seconds have elapsed since the <i>Erkle</i> object's connect() method was called.
tags	list	A list of tags that has been applied to the <i>Erkle</i> object.
language	string	What language the <i>Erkle</i> object is using for application messages.
encoding	string	The string encoding scheme the Erkle object is using.
multithreaded	boolean	If <i>Erkle</i> is running in a separate thread, this is will be <i>True</i> ; otherwise, this will be <i>False</i> .

## The "irc" decorator, tags, and events

Included with the *Erkle* object is the *irc* decorator. The *irc* decorator is used to <u>decorate functions</u> that should be executed when specific events occur; this is called "hooking" an event. *irc* exposes one method: **event**. To hook an event, pass the name of the event (as a string) as the only argument to the **event** method. For example, to hook an event named "connect", the decorator required would look like:

```
@irc.event("connect")
```

Events can be hooked to an unlimited number of functions. Function hooks will be executed in the order in which they were hooked.

#### Tags

Hooked functions can also have **tags**, which are any number of strings attached to the hooked function's event. To add tags to a hooked function, pass them as additional arguments (after the event) to the function's decorator. For example, to add the tags "myfunc" and "chat" to a function hooked to the "public" event, you would use:

```
@irc.event("public", "myfunc", "chat")
```

Tags are used with Erkle's disable() and enable() methods (see Methods on page 5).

Hooked functions can have any number of tags, and tags do not have to be unique. Hooked functions that do *not* have any tags cannot be disabled with the disable() method.

The *Erkle* object can be tagged as well by using *Erkle*'s tag() and untag() methods. When a tag is added to the *Erkle* object, only hooked functions with that tag will be called when an event is triggered. *Erkle* objects can have multiple tags. By default, *Erkle* objects have no tags and will call every hooked function triggered by an event.

#### **Events**

There are 28 IRC events that can be hooked. The hooked function can take a number of different arguments, depending on the event. The first (and sometimes only) argument passed to every hooked function is **connection**, which is the *Erkle* object running the IRC connection.

Event	Arguments	Description
connecting	Erkle object	Triggered when the Erkle object starts the connection process.
connect	Erkle object	Triggered when the Erkle object connects to IRC.
motd	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>message (string)</li></ul>	Triggered when the server's message of the day (MOTD) is received.
registered	Erkle object	Triggered when registration with the IRC server is complete.
nick-taken	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>nickname (string)</li></ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> 's nickname is already taken during registration; <b>nickname</b> contains the new nickname.
ping	Erkle object	Triggered when the IRC server sends <i>Erkle</i> a PING command.
join	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever a user joins a channel <i>Erkle</i> is in. <b>nickname</b> contains the user's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the user's host, and <b>channel</b> contains the name of the channel joined. This event will trigger when the <i>Erkle</i> object joins a channel as well.

	Erkle object	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> joins a channel. <b>channel</b> contains the
joined	channel (string)	name of the joined channel.
part	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>reason (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever a user leaves a channel <i>Erkle</i> is in. <b>nickname</b> contains the nickname of the user, <b>host</b> contains the user's host, <b>channel</b> contains the name of the channel, and <b>reason</b> contains the reason why the user quit. If no reason has been provided, <b>reason</b> will be set to <b>None</b> .
parted	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>channel (string)</li></ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> leaves a channel. <b>channel</b> contains the name of the parted channel.
quit	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>reason (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when a user quits the IRC server. <b>nickname</b> contains the user's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the user's host, and <b>reason</b> contains the reason why the user quit. If no reason has been provided, <b>reason</b> will be set to <b>None</b> .
nick	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>new_nickname (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when a user changes their nickname. <b>nickname</b> contains the user's original nickname, <b>host</b> contains the user's host, and <b>new_nickname</b> contains the user's new nickname.
names	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>users (list)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> generates a list of users in a specific channel. This list will be regenerated every time a user changes their nick, quits IRC, or leaves a channel. <b>channel</b> contains the name of the channel, and <b>users</b> contains a list of users in that channel. If the server is configured for it, each user entry will contain the user's nickname and host, in the form <i>nickname!</i> <b>username@hostname</b> ; otherwise, the entry will only contain the user's nickname. Channel status symbols ('@' for channel operators, '+' for voiced users, etc.) are prefixed to each user's nickname.  Generated user lists are stored in the <i>Erkle</i> object, accessible in the <b>users</b> attribute.
public	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>message (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a public message. <b>nickname</b> contains the sender's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the sender's host, <b>channel</b> contains the name of the channel the message was sent to, and <b>message</b> contains the message contents.
private	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>message (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a private message. <b>nickname</b> contains the sender's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the sender's host, and <b>message</b> contains the message contents.
notice	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>sender (string)</li><li>message (string)</li></ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a notice message. <b>sender</b> contains the nickname of the sender, and <b>message</b> contains the message contents.
action	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>target (string)</li> <li>message (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a CTCP action message. <b>nickname</b> contains the sender's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the sender's host, <b>target</b> contains the name of the channel or username the message was sent to, and <b>message</b> contains the message contents.
away	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>nickname (string)</li><li>reason (string)</li></ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives an "away" notification.
back	Erkle object	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> unsets itself as "away".

topic	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>topic (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel topic update. <b>nickname</b> contains the topic setter's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the setter's host, <b>channel</b> contains channel name, and <b>topic</b> contains the channel's topic. If the topic is set to an empty string, <b>topic</b> is set to <i>None</i> .
mode	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>target (string)</li> <li>mode (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel or user mode change notification. <b>nickname</b> contains the mode setter's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the setter's host, <b>target</b> contains the user or channel the mode applies to, and <b>mode</b> contains the modes (and mode parameters) being set. If the mode is being set by the server, <b>nickname</b> and <b>host</b> will be set to the server's hostname.
kick	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>target (string)</li> <li>reason (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a kick notification. <b>nickname</b> contains the kicker's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the kicker's host, <b>channel</b> contains the channel being kicked from, <b>target</b> contains the nickname of the user being kicked, and <b>reason</b> contains the reason given for the kick. If no reason is provided, <b>reason</b> will be set to <i>None</i> .
kicked	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>channel (string)</li> <li>reason (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> is kicked from a channel. <b>nickname</b> contains the kicker's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the kicker's host, <b>channel</b> contains the channel being kicked from, and <b>reason</b> contains the reason given for the kick. If no reason is provided, <b>reason</b> will be set to <i>None</i> .
invite	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>nickname (string)</li><li>host (string)</li><li>channel (string)</li></ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel invitation. <b>nickname</b> contains the inviter's nickname, <b>host</b> contains the inviter's host, and <b>channel</b> contains the channel <i>Erkle</i> is being invited to.
whois	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>nickname (string)</li> <li>username (string)</li> <li>host (string)</li> <li>realname (string)</li> <li>server (string)</li> <li>idle (integer)</li> <li>signon (string)</li> <li>channels (list)</li> <li>privileges (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives WHOIS data from the server. <b>nickname</b> contains the user's nickname, <b>username</b> contains the user's username, <b>host</b> contains the user's host, <b>realname</b> contains the user's realname, <b>server</b> contains the server the user is connected to, <b>idle</b> contains the number of seconds the user has been idle, <b>signon</b> contains the timestamp of when the user signed on to the server, <b>channels</b> contains a list of channels (with status) the user is in, and <b>privileges</b> contains any special privileges the user has (or <i>None</i> if the user has none).
list	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>channels (list of lists)</li></ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel list from the server. Each entry in <b>channels</b> is a list that contains, in this order:  0. channel name (string)  1. number of users in the channel (integer)  2. channel topic (string) ( <i>None</i> if there's no topic)
line	<ul><li>Erkle object</li><li>line (string)</li></ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a line of data from the server.
error	<ul> <li>Erkle object</li> <li>code (string)</li> <li>subject (string)</li> <li>reason (string)</li> </ul>	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives an error message from the server. <b>code</b> is the error's code (from the IRC RFC documents), <b>subject</b> is the "subject" of the error (if there is no "target", <b>subject</b> will be set to <i>None</i> ), and <b>reason</b> contains a short description of the error.
tick	Erkle object	Triggered once per second by default. The interval can be changed with the <b>clock-frequency</b> option (see <i>Erkle Object</i> on page 4).

Erkle's connect() is a blocking function (if not ran in multithreaded mode), so hooked functions should be declared before connect() is called.

For programs with multiple IRC connections (and, thus, multiple *Erkle* objects), understand that hooked events apply to *every* connection. So, if you hook the "public" event to a function, that function will be called when *every connection triggers a "public" event*. To restrict some hooked functions to a specific *Erkle* object, add a tag to the object with the <code>tag()</code> method, and add that tag to any hooked functions you'd like the object to call.

#### **Event sets**

*Erkle* contains a few sets of pre-written event handlers; they reside in the **erkle.events** package. To use an event set, simply import it.

	Package	erkle.events.dump
		action, away, back, connect, join, kick, kicked, mode, motd, names, nick, nick-taken, notice, part, ping, private, public, quit, topic, welcome
D	Description	Prints event-specific data from every <b>Erkle</b> event to the console.

Package	erkle.events.messages
Hooks	action, notice, private, public
Description	Prints incoming messages to the console.

## **Examples**

#### **Greeter Bot**

Here's an example bot that connect to an IRC server, join a channel, and greets everyone who joins that channel by name:

```
from erkle import *
CHANNEL = "#erklebot"
# Join #erklebot as soon as we connect
@irc.event("registered")
def welcomed(connection):
  connection.join(CHANNEL)
# Greet everyone who joins #erklebot
@irc.event("join")
def joined(connection, nickname, host, channel):
  connection.msg("Welcome to "+CHANNEL+", "+nickname+"!")
# Configure and create the IRC client
config = {
     'nickname': 'greetbot',
     'server': 'irc.efnet.org'
bot = Erkle(config)
# Connect to IRC
bot.connect()
```

### **Auto-Op Bot**

This bot will automatically grant channel operator status to any user in a list of nicknames contained in the script. The bot will have to be granted channel operator status by another channel operator, however.

```
from erkle import *
CHANNELS = [ "#erklebot", "#erklesupport", "#pythonfans" ]
OPERATORS = [ "alice", "bob", "carol", "dave" ]
# Join all channels in the CHANNEL list as soon
# as we connect
@irc.event("registered")
def welcomed(connection):
  for channel in CHANNELS:
    connection.join(channel)
# If anyone with a nickname in the OPERATORS list
# joins a channel the client is in, send a mode
# message to the server to grant channel operator status
@irc.event("join")
def joined(connection, nickname, host, channel):
  if nickname in OPERATORS:
    connection.mode(channel, "+o "+nickname)
    connection.privmsg(nickname, "Welcome back, "+nickname)
# Configure and create the client
config = {
     'nick': 'greetbot',
     'server': 'irc.efnet.org', 'port': 6667
bot = Erkle(config)
# Connect the client to the IRC server
bot.connect()
```

### Using client and event tags

This bot will connect to the same channel on two different IRC networks and display any public chat. Each client will use a tagged "public" event that only that client will execute.

```
from erkle import *
CHANNEL = "#erklebot"
# This event will only be triggered when the client
# connected to EFnet gets a "public" event
@irc.event("public", "EFnet")
def public(connection, nickname, host, channel, message):
     print("EFnet->"+nickname+": "+message)
# This event will only be triggered when the client
# connected to Rizon gets a "public" event
@irc.event("public", "Rizon")
def public(connection, nickname, host, channel, message):
     print("Rizon->"+nickname+": "+message)
# This event will be triggered by both clients
@irc.event("registered")
def welcomed(connection):
  connection.join(CHANNEL)
# Configure and create the EFnet client
config = {
     'nick': 'multibot',
     'alternate': 'mult1b0t',
     'server': 'irc.efnet.org',
     'multithreaded': True
efnet bot = Erkle(config)
# Add the "EFnet" tag to the EFnet client
efnet bot.tag("EFnet")
# Configure and create the Rizon client
config = {
     'nick': 'multibot',
     'alternate': 'mult1b0t',
     'server': 'irc.rizon.org',
     'multithreaded': True
rizon bot = Erkle(config)
# Add the "Rizon" tag to the Rizon client
rizon bot.tag("Rizon")
# Connect both clients to IRC, each on
# their own thread
efnet bot.connect()
rizon bot.connect()
```

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