

IRC Library for Python 3 Version 0.0622

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Summary

Erkle is a low level, event-driven IRC library for Python 3, designed for <u>IRC bots</u>, <u>IRC clients</u>, or any other IRC-related purpose.

Philosophy

Erkle was designed with the following in mind:

- **Little or no boilerplate code.** To write a IRC bot or client, the programmer should only have to write the functionality he or she wants to employ.
- Modular code. Most IRC bots or clients will require some common functionality. The programmer shouldn't have to <u>reinvent the wheel</u> every time they create a new bot or client. Code should be able to be isolated into <u>modules</u> for repeated use.
- **Little or no software requirements.** The library should use the Python standard library over third party libraries whenever possible.
- Whenever possible, the library should mirror the protocol. Having an understanding of how the IRC protocol works should give an understanding of how the library works.
- **General purpose.** The library should be able to be used for IRC bots, IRC clients, or any other IRC-based purpose, with no preference for any one specific function.
- **Multiple clients, multiple connections.** The library should make it easy to create and maintain multiple IRC connections/clients at once, from a single program.
- **Not a "black box".** The library should not prevent the user from using the library to perform functions not envisioned by the library's author. Important internal objects and functionality should be easily available to the user.

Low Level

To use *Erkle*, understanding IRC and the IRC protocol is a necessity. *Erkle* is designed to be low level, meaning its interface is influenced by the protocol itself. Since there's no syntactic sugar to hide the difficult or complex parts of the protocol, *Erkle* code can be hard to understand if you don't understand the underlying protocol.

The IRC protocol is defined in a series of RFC documents:

- RFC 1459
- RFC 2812

Why not use **Twisted** or **irclib**?

I wanted an IRC library with as few requirements as possible, and didn't require subclassing. I also wanted a client that was small enough to be bundled with an application, rather than requiring a user to install it through **pip** or some other package manager. Last, I wanted a library that wasn't focused on writing IRC bots *or* writing IRC clients; I wanted a library that would work for any IRC-related activity. Since I couldn't find this library, I decided to write *Erkle*.

Requirements

Erkle uses, for the most part, only modules in the Python standard library. To use <u>SSL/TLS</u> to connect to IRC servers, however, the <u>pyOpenSSL</u> library must be installed. To install this library via the Python package installer, <u>pip</u>, execute this command:

pip install pyOpenSSL

Python libraries

Erkle uses the following modules from the standard library:

- sys
- os
- socket
- collections
- string
- threading
- ipaddress
- urllib.request
- ssl (only if it is available)

The Erkle Object

The *Erkle* object's constructor takes two mandatory arguments, and a number of optional key word arguments.

Mandatory arguments

- nickname
 - The nickname the *Erkle* object will use when it connects to an IRC server (string).
- server
 - The hostname or IP address of the IRC server to connect to (string).

Optional key word arguments

Any of these key words can be used with *Erkle*'s **configure()** method to change or set options after the *Erkle* object's creation.

Key word	Туре	Default	Description
port	int	6667	Sets the server port the client will connect to.
username	str	The client's nickname	Sets the username the client will use. The key can be shortened to "user".
realname	str	"Erkle 0.033 IRC Client"	Sets the real name the client will use. The key can be shortened to "real".
alternate	str	Nickname followed by an underscore	Sets the nickname the client will use if the initial nickname is already taken. The key can be shortened to "alt".
password	str	None	Sets the password to be used to connect to the IRC server.
ssl	bool	False	Sets whether SSL/TLS is used to connect to the server.
cert_authority	str	None	Loads a set of "certificate authority" certificates from a file.
certificate	str	None	If SSL/TLS is being used to connect, this sets the location of the client's certificate file (if needed).
key	str	None	If SSL/TLS is being used to connect, this sets the location of the client's key file (if needed).
verify_host	bool	False	If SSL/TLS is being used to connect, set this to True to verify the server's host name.
verify_cert	bool	False	If SSL/TLS is being used to connect, set this to True to verify the server's certificate.
socket	module	None	To use a different module for networking, set this to the new module's object. The module must support <i>Python's socket library API</i> .

Key word	Туре	Default	Description
encoding	str	"utf-8"	Sets what string encoding the server uses.
flood_protection	bool	True	Sets whether <i>flood protection</i> is used or not.
flood_rate	number	2	Sets how often messages are sent to the server if flood protection is turned on, in seconds. This value can be either an integer or a float.
clock_resolution	number	0.25	How often the uptime clock is updated, in seconds. Lower numbers can make flood protection timing more accurate. This value can be either an integer or a float.
tick_frequency	number	1.0	Sets how often the tick event is triggered, in seconds. See <i>Events</i> . This value can be either an integer or a float.
multithreaded	bool	False	Executes <i>Erkle</i> 's connect() method in a separate thread.
daemon	bool	False	If <i>Erkle</i> is to run in a separate thread, the thread will be daemonized.
debug_input	bool	False	Set this to <i>True</i> to print all incoming IRC messages to the console.
debug_output	bool	False	Set this to <i>True</i> to print all outgoing IRC messages to the console.
fetch_external_ip	bool	False	Set this to <i>True</i> to attempt to retrieve <i>Erkle</i> 's external IP address; if <i>False</i> , "127.0.0.1" is used as <i>Erkle</i> 's IP address.
external_ip_source	str	"http://myexternalip.com/raw"	Set this to the URL <i>Erkle</i> will use to retrieve its external IP address, if using the fetch_external_ip option.
external_ip	str	"127.0.0.1"	Set this to the external IP address that <i>Erkle</i> will use.

Methods

Usable before connecting to an IRC server

Once the *Erkle* object is created, use its **connect()** method to cause the object to connect to the IRC server.

Method	Arguments	Description
configure	Key words	Any options set by the keywords available in <i>Erkle</i> 's constructor can be set with this method. See <i>Optional key word arguments</i> . This method <i>cannot</i> be called while the client is connected to IRC.
connect	None.	Connects to the IRC server. If the multithreaded configuration option is set to <i>True</i> , the IRC client/connection will be executed in a separate thread.
disable	• tag (string) •	Prevents any hooked functions tagged with tag from executing. Any number of tags can be enabled, as long as they are passed as individual arguments. See <u>Tags</u> . This method can be called while the client is connected.
enable	• tag (string) •	Removes tag from the list of disabled tags; hooked functions with this tag will be executed as normal. Any number of tags can be enabled, as long as they are passed as individual arguments. See <u>Tags</u> . This method can be called while the client is connected.
tag	• tag (string) •	Adds a tag to the <i>Erkle</i> object. Only hooked functions with that tag will be called when an event is triggered. See <u>Tags</u> . This method can be called while the client is connected. This method can be called while the client is connected.
untag	• tag (string) •	Removes a tag from the <i>Erkle</i> object. See <u>Tags</u> . This method can be called while the client is connected. This method can be called while the client is connected.

Usable after connecting to an IRC server

The following methods can only be used after the *Erkle* object's **connect()** method has been called. If flood protection is turned on (the default), any outgoing messages to the server are added to a queue and sent at a rate of rate of one message every two seconds.

Method	Arguments	Returns	Description
thread	None.	Nothing	If <i>Erkle</i> has the multithreaded configuration option set to <i>True</i> , the object's <i>Thread</i> object (see <u>the Python</u> <u>documentation for the Threading library</u>) will be returned; otherwise, None is returned.
kill	None.	Nothing	If <i>Erkle</i> has the multithreaded configuration option set to <i>True</i> , this will terminate the object's thread.
socket	None.	Nothing	Returns the socket the <i>Erkle</i> object is using for the IRC connection.
send	• data (string)	Nothing	Sends a "raw" message to the IRC server; the message will not be processed in any way before being sent. This method can be used to send commands to the IRC server that don't have a corresponding <i>Erkle</i> method. For example, to send the IRC operator rehash command, you could call <i>Erkle</i> .send("REHASH").

Method	Arguments	Returns	Description
privmsg	 target (string) OR target (list) message (string)	Nothing	Sends a chat message to a channel or user. This can also be called via an alias: msg(). Pass a list of channels or users to send a PRIVMSG to multiple users or channels.
cprivmsg	 nickname (string) channel (string) message (string) 	Nothing	Sends a private message to nickname in channel that bypasses flood protection limits. Both the target nickname and the client must be in the same channel, and the client must be a channel operator. Not all servers support the CPRIVMSG command; if the server currently connected to supports CPRIVMSG it should be in the client's commands attribute.
action	 target (string) OR target (list) message (string) 	Nothing	Sends a CTCP action message to a channel or user. This can also be called via an alias: me(). Pass a list of channels or users to send a CTCP action to multiple users or channels.
notice	 target (string) OR target (list) message (string)	Nothing	Sends a notice to a user or channel Pass a list of channels or users to send a NOTICE to multiple users or channels.
cnotice	nickname (string)channel (string)message (string)	Nothing	Sends a channel NOTICE to nickname in channel that bypasses flood protection limits. Both the target nickname and the client must be in the same channel, and the client must be a channel operator. Not all servers support the CNOTICE command; if the server currently connected to supports CNOTICE it should be in the client's commands attribute.
ctcp	target (string)command (string)message (string)	Nothing	Sends a CTCP command/message to a channel or user. Pass a list of channels or users to send to multiple users or channels.
oper	username (string)password (string)	Nothing	Logs into an IRC operator account on the server. If the login is successful, the server will trigger an oper event.
join	channel (string)key (string)	Nothing	Joins a channel.
part	channel (string)reason (string)	Nothing	Leaves a channel.
kick	target (string)channel (string)reason (string)	Nothing	Kicks a user from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
ban	• channel (string) • mask (string)	Nothing	Bans any user who's nick/host/username matches a mask from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel). See <u>RFC 1459</u> for more information on masks.
unban	channel (string)mask (string)	Nothing	Removes a channel ban from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
lock	channel (string)key (string)	Nothing	Sets a channel key on a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
unlock	channel (string)key (string)	Nothing	Removes a channel key from a channel (the client must be a channel operator in the channel).
mode	target (string)mode (string)	Nothing	Sets a mode on a channel or user. See <u>RFC 1459</u> for more information on modes.

Method	Ar	guments	Returns	Description
invite		(string) nel (string)	Nothing	Sends a channel invitation to a user.
away	• mess	sage (string)	Nothing	Sets the client to "away" on the IRC server.
back		None.	Nothing	Sets the client to "back" on the IRC server.
whois	• user	(string)	Nothing	Requests WHOIS data on a user from the server. When the WHOIS data is received, the whois event will be triggered.
list		None.	Nothing	Requests a list of channels from the server. When the channel list is received, the list event will be triggered.
quit	• reaso	on (string)	Nothing	Disconnects from the IRC server. If <i>Erkle</i> is running in multithreaded mode, this will terminate the object's thread.
dccchat	• port	name (string) (integer) _ <i>ip</i> (string)	integer	Sends a DCC chat request to a user. nickname is the nickname of the user to chat with, port is what port number to use, and host_ip should contain the IP address the other user should use to connect to chat; if host_ip is not passed as an argument, <i>Erkle</i> will use the external IP address of the computer running the <i>Erkle</i> object. This method returns a unique integer called the connection's client ID ; this is used with the chat() method.
chat		tid (integer) sage (string)	Nothing	Sends a message to a connected user via DCC chat. clientid is the client ID of the DCC chat session (obtained from the dccchat() method or any of the DCC chat events.
closechat	• clien	tid (integer)	boolean	Closes a DCC chat session. clientid is the client ID of the DCC chat session. Returns <i>True</i> if the client ID was found and closed, and <i>False</i> if the client ID was <i>not</i> found.

Attributes

An *Erkle* object also has a number of attributes that store information about the server, client, and the *Erkle* object. Not all of these values will be available immediately; the values are populated as the server sends the appropriate data to the client. Most of these values should be available by the time the **registered** event is triggered.

Attribute	Туре	Description
nickname	string	The client's nickname.
username	string	The client's username.
realname	string	The client's realname.
server	string	The server's address.
port	integer	The server's port.
password	string	The password used to connect to the server, if there is one.
usessl	boolean	Whether SSL is being used for this connection or not.
certificate	dictionary	If SSL is being used for this connection, this will store a dictionary representation of the server's certificate (see getpeercert()) from Python's sss1 library).
hostname	string	The server's hostname.

Attribute	Туре	Description
software	string	The server's software.
options	list	A list of the options the server supports.
network	string	The network the server belongs to.
commands	list	A list of commands supported by the server.
maxchannels	integer	The maximum number of channels a client can join on the server.
maxnicklen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a nickname on the server.
channellen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a channel name on the server.
topiclen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a channel topic on the server.
kicklen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for a kick message on the server.
awaylen	integer	The maximum number of characters allowed for an away message on the server.
maxtargets	integer	The maximum number of targets a message can be sent to on a server.
modes	integer	The maximum number of channel modes that can be set on the server.
chantypes	list	What channel types the server uses.
prefix	list of lists	What channel status prefixes the server uses; each entry contains a list with the first value being the status type, and the second value being the prefix used for that type.
chanmodes	list	What channel modes the server uses.
casemapping	string	The casemapping the server uses.
spoofed	string	If the client's host is spoofed by the server, then the spoofed host name will be stored here.
users	dictionary of lists	An in-memory database of channel users. The dictionary uses channel names for keys, and each dictionary entry is a list of the named channel's users. The list will only contain users in channels the <i>Erkle</i> object has joined and is still present in. Each list entry is a <i>UserData</i> class object (see <i>UserData class</i>).
topic	dictionary	An in-memory database of channel topics. The dictionary uses channel names for keys, and each dictionary entry is a string containing the named channel's topic (or <i>None</i> if the topic is blank or unknown).
channels	list of lists	An in-memory database of all the channels on a server. This attribute starts empty by default; it will only be populated if the <i>Erkle</i> list() method is called. Each entry in the list is a <i>ChannelData</i> class object (see <i>ChannelData</i> class).
uptime	integer	Reflects how many seconds have elapsed since the <i>Erkle</i> object's connect() method was called.
tags	list	A list of tags that has been applied to the <i>Erkle</i> object.
encoding	string	The string encoding scheme the Erkle object is using.

Attribute	Type	Description
multithreaded	boolean	If <i>Erkle</i> is running in a separate thread, this is will be <i>True</i> ; otherwise, this will be <i>False</i> .
external_ip	string	The external IP address of the computer running the <i>Erkle</i> object.

The "irc" decorator, tags, and events

Included with the *Erkle* object is the *irc* decorator. The *irc* decorator is used to <u>decorate functions</u> that should be executed when specific events occur; this is called "hooking" an event. *irc* exposes one method: **event**. To hook an event, pass the name of the event (as a string) as the only argument to the **event** method. For example, to hook an event named "connect", the decorator required would look like:

```
@irc.event("connect")
```

Events can be hooked to an unlimited number of functions. Function hooks will be executed in the order in which they were hooked.

Tags

Hooked functions can also have **tags**, which are any number of strings attached to the hooked function's event. To add tags to a hooked function, pass them as additional arguments (after the event) to the function's decorator. For example, to add the tags "myfunc" and "chat" to a function hooked to the "public" event, you would use:

```
@irc.event("public", "myfunc", "chat")
```

Tags are used with *Erkle*'s **disable()** and **enable()** methods (see *Methods*).

Hooked functions can have any number of tags, and tags do not have to be unique. Hooked functions that do *not* have any tags cannot be disabled with the disable() method.

The *Erkle* object can be tagged as well by using *Erkle*'s tag() and untag() methods. When a tag is added to the *Erkle* object, only hooked functions with that tag will be called when an event is triggered. *Erkle* objects can have multiple tags. By default, *Erkle* objects have no tags and will call every hooked function triggered by an event.

Hooked functions with an asterisk (*) tag will be executed by every *Erkle* object, regardless of how the object is tagged. Since this is a special tag, *Erkle* objects cannot have this tag, and an error will be thrown if an asterisk is added or removed from *Erkle* object's tags.

To see an example of Erkle tag usage, see Using client and event tags.

Events

There are 33 IRC events that can be hooked. The hooked function can take a number of different arguments, depending on the event. The first (and sometimes only) argument passed to every hooked function is **connection**, which is the *Erkle* object running the IRC connection.

Event	Arguments	Description
connecting	Erkle object	Triggered when the <i>Erkle</i> object starts the connection process.
connect	Erkle object	Triggered when the <i>Erkle</i> object connects to IRC.
motd	Erkle objectmessage (string)	Triggered when the server's message of the day (MOTD) is received.
registered	Erkle object	Triggered when registration with the IRC server is complete.
nick-taken	Erkle objectnickname (string)	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> 's nickname is already taken during registration; nickname contains the new nickname.

Event	Arguments	Description
ping	Erkle object	Triggered when the IRC server sends <i>Erkle</i> a PING command.
join	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) 	Triggered whenever a user joins a channel <i>Erkle</i> is in. nickname contains the user's nickname, host contains the user's host, and channel contains the name of the channel joined. This event will trigger when the <i>Erkle</i> object joins a channel as well.
joined	Erkle objectchannel (string)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> joins a channel. channel contains the name of the joined channel.
part	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) reason (string) 	Triggered whenever a user leaves a channel <i>Erkle</i> is in. nickname contains the nickname of the user, host contains the user's host, channel contains the name of the channel, and reason contains the reason why the user quit. If no reason has been provided, reason will be set to None .
parted	Erkle objectchannel (string)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> leaves a channel. channel contains the name of the parted channel.
quit	Erkle objectnickname (string)host (string)reason (string)	Triggered when a user quits the IRC server. nickname contains the user's nickname, host contains the user's host, and reason contains the reason why the user quit. If no reason has been provided, reason will be set to None .
nick	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) new_nickname (string) 	Triggered when a user changes their nickname. nickname contains the user's original nickname, host contains the user's host, and new_nickname contains the user's new nickname.
names	Erkle objectchannel (string)users (list)	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> generates a list of users in a specific channel. This list will be regenerated every time a user changes their nick, quits IRC, or leaves a channel. channel contains the name of the channel, and users contains a list of users in that channel. Each entry in the list is a <i>UserData</i> class object (see <i>UserData class</i>). Generated user lists are stored in the <i>Erkle</i> object, accessible in the <i>users</i> attribute.
public	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) message (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a public message. nickname contains the sender's nickname, host contains the sender's host, channel contains the name of the channel the message was sent to, and message contains the message contents.
private	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) message (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a private message. nickname contains the sender's nickname, host contains the sender's host, and message contains the message contents.
notice	Erkle objectsender (string)message (string)	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a notice message. sender contains the nickname of the sender, and message contains the message contents.
action	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) target (string) message (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a CTCP action message. nickname contains the sender's nickname, host contains the sender's host, target contains the name of the channel or username the message was sent to, and message contains the message contents.

Event	Arguments	Description
ctcp	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) target (string) command (string) message (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a CTCP message. nickname contains the sender's nickname, host contains the sender's host, target contains the name of the channel or username the message was sent to, command contains the CTCP command sent, and message contains the data or message sent.
ctcp-reply	Erkle objectsender (string)command (string)message (string)	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a CTCP reply. sender contains the sender, command contains the CTCP command, and message contains the data or message sent.
away	Erkle objectnickname (string)reason (string)	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives an "away" notification.
back	Erkle object	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> unsets itself as "away".
topic	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) topic (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel topic update. nickname contains the topic setter's nickname, host contains the setter's host, channel contains channel name, and topic contains the channel's topic. If the topic is set to an empty string, topic is set to <i>None</i> .
mode	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) target (string) mode (string) 	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel or user mode change notification. nickname contains the mode setter's nickname, host contains the setter's host, target contains the user or channel the mode applies to, and mode contains the modes (and mode parameters) being set. If the mode is being set by the server, nickname and host will be set to the server's hostname.
kick	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) target (string) reason (string) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a kick notification. nickname contains the kicker's nickname, host contains the kicker's host, channel contains the channel being kicked from, target contains the nickname of the user being kicked, and reason contains the reason given for the kick. If no reason is provided, reason will be set to <i>None</i> .
kicked	 Erkle object nickname (string) host (string) channel (string) reason (string) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> is kicked from a channel. nickname contains the kicker's nickname, host contains the kicker's host, channel contains the channel being kicked from, and reason contains the reason given for the kick. If no reason is provided, reason will be set to <i>None</i> .
invite	Erkle objectnickname (string)host (string)channel (string)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel invitation. nickname contains the inviter's nickname, host contains the inviter's host, and channel contains the channel <i>Erkle</i> is being invited to.
whois	Erkle objectwhois (string)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives WHOIS data from the server. whois contains a <i>WhoisData</i> class object (see <i>WhoisData class</i>).
list	Erkle objectchannels (list of lists)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a channel list from the server. Each entry in channels is a <i>ChannelData</i> class object (see <i>ChannelData class</i>). Generated channel lists are stored in the <i>Erkle</i> object, accessible
		in the <u>channels</u> attribute.
oper	Erkle object	Triggered when <i>Erkle</i> is granted IRC operator status (usually the result of the oper() method being called on the <i>Erkle</i> object).

Event	Arguments	Description
line	Erkle objectline (string)	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a line of data from the server.
error	 Erkle object code (string) subject (string) reason (string) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives an error message from the server. code is the error's code (from the IRC RFC documents), subject is the "subject" of the error (if there is no "target", subject will be set to <i>None</i>), and reason contains a short description of the error.
tick	Erkle object	Triggered once per second by default. The interval can be changed with the clock-frequency option (see <i>The Erkle Object</i>).
dcc-chat	 Erkle object nickname (string) clientid (integer) message (string) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> receives a DCC chat message. nickname contains the nickname of the sending user, clientid contains the connection's client ID, and message contains the message sent.
dcc-chat- accept	 Erkle object nickname (string) address (string) port (integer) clientid (integer) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> begins a DCC chat session with a user. nickname contains the nickname of the connected user, address contains the IP address of the sender, port contains the port the user is using, and clientid contains the connection's client ID.
dcc-chat- end	 Erkle object nickname (string) address (string) port (integer) clientid (integer) 	Triggered whenever <i>Erkle</i> ends a DCC chat session with a user. nickname contains the nickname of the disconnected user, address contains the IP address of the sender, port contains the port the user is using, and clientid contains the connection's client ID.

Erkle's **connect()** is a blocking function (if not ran in **multithreaded** mode), so hooked functions should be declared *before* **connect()** is called.

For programs with multiple IRC connections (and, thus, multiple *Erkle* objects), understand that hooked events apply to *every* connection. So, if you hook the "public" event to a function, that function will be called when *every* connection triggers a "public" event. To restrict some hooked functions to a specific *Erkle* object, add a tag to the object with the tag() method, and add that tag to any hooked functions you'd like the object to call. To make sure a hooked function executes on *all* connections, apply the * tag to it.

Event sets

Erkle contains a few sets of pre-written event handlers; they reside in the **erkle.events** package. To use an event set, simply import it. This type of module is called *event modules* (see *Using event modules with Erkle*).

Package	erkle.events.dump	
	action, away, back, connect, join, kick, kicked, mode, motd, names, nick, nick-taken, notice, part, ping, private, public, quit, topic, welcome	
Description	Prints event-specific data from every <i>Erkle</i> event to the console.	

Package	erkle.events.messages
Hooks	action, notice, private, public
Description	Prints incoming messages to the console.

Custom data classes

ChannelData class

The *ChannelData* class is used by the *Erkle* client to present results from the LIST command. *ChannelData* has no methods, only attributes.

Attribute	Type	Description
name	string	The channel's name.
users	integer	How many users are in the channel.
topic	string	The channel's topic; if there is no topic, this will be set to <i>None</i> .

UserData class

The *UserData* class is used by the *Erkle* client to store user information. *UserData* has no methods, only attributes.

Attribute	Туре	Description
nickname	string	The user's nickname.
username	string	The user's username.
host	string	The user's host.
ор	boolean	True if the user is a channel operator, False if not.
voiced	boolean	True if the user is voiced, False if not.
owner	boolean	True if the user is a channel owner, False if not.
admin	boolean	True if the user is an admin, False if not.
halfop	boolean	True if the user is a channel half-op, False if not.

WhoisData class

The *WhoisData* class is used by *Erkle* to present results from the WHOIS command. *WhoisData* has no methods, only attributes.

Attribute	Туре	Description
nickame	string	The user's nickname.
username	string	The user's username.
host	string	The user's host.
realname	string	The user's real name.
privs	string	The user's privileges; if the user has none, this will be set to <i>None</i> .
idle	integer	How long the user has been idle, in seconds.
signon	integer	When the user connected to IRC as a UNIX epoch timestamp.
channels	list	What channels the user is in.
server	string	What server the user is connected to.

Examples

Greeter Bot

Here's an example bot that connect to an IRC server, join a channel, and greets everyone who joins that channel by name:

Auto-Op Bot

This bot will automatically grant channel operator status to any user in a list of nicknames contained in the script. The bot will have to be granted channel operator status by another channel operator, however.

```
from erkle import *
CHANNELS = [ "#erklebot", "#erklesupport", "#pythonfans" ]
OPERATORS = [ "alice", "bob", "carol", "dave" ]
# Join all channels in the CHANNEL list as soon
# as we connect
@irc.event("registered")
def welcomed(connection):
     for channel in CHANNELS:
          connection.join(channel)
# If anyone with a nickname in the OPERATORS list
# joins a channel the client is in, send a mode
# message to the server to grant channel operator status
@irc.event("join")
def joined(connection, nickname, host, channel):
     if nickname in OPERATORS:
          connection.mode(channel,"+o "+nickname)
          connection.privmsg(nickname, "Welcome back, "+nickname)
# Create the client
bot = Erkle('greetbot','irc.efnet.org',port=6667)
# Connect the client to the IRC server
bot.connect()
```

Using configure()

This bot will connect to an IRC server and join a channel. If passed no command line arguments, it will connect to the Freenode IRC network via TCP/IP; if passed "ssl" as a command line argument, it will use SSL/TLS to connect to Freenode.

```
import sys
from erkle import *
# Join all channels in the CHANNEL list as soon
# as we connect
@irc.event("registered")
def welcomed(connection):
     connection.join("#erklelib")
# Create the client
bot = Erkle('greetbot','chat.freenode.net')
connect_via_ssl = False
if len(sys.argv)>1:
     if sys.argv[1].lower()=="ssl":
          connect_via_ssl = True
if connect_via_ssl:
     bot.configure(ssl=True,port=6697)
else:
     bot.configure(port=6667)
# Connect the client to the IRC server
bot.connect()
```

Using client and event tags

This bot will connect to the same channel on two different IRC networks and display any public chat. Each client will use a tagged "public" event that only that client will execute.

```
from erkle import *
CHANNEL = "#erklebot"
# This event will only be triggered when the client
# connected to EFnet gets a "public" event
@irc.event("public", "EFnet")
def public(connection, nickname, host, channel, message):
     print("EFnet->"+nickname+": "+message)
# This event will only be triggered when the client
# connected to Rizon gets a "public" event
@irc.event("public", "Rizon")
def public(connection, nickname, host, channel, message):
     print("Rizon->"+nickname+": "+message)
# This event will be triggered by both clients
@irc.event("registered", "*")
def welcomed(connection):
     connection.join(CHANNEL)
# Create the EFnet client
efnet_bot = Erkle('multibot','irc.efnet.org',multithreaded=True)
# Add the "EFnet" tag to the EFnet client
efnet bot.tag("EFnet")
# Create the Rizon client
rizon_bot = Erkle('multibot','irc.rizon.org',multithreaded=True)
# Add the "Rizon" tag to the Rizon client
rizon_bot.tag("Rizon")
# Connect both clients to IRC, each on
# their own thread
efnet bot.connect()
rizon bot.connect()
```

Using event modules with Erkle

Hooked event functions can be written in Python modules and included in *Erkle* programs by only using import. This is not a function of *Erkle*, this is just how Python works when it loads modules. A module containing *Erkle* hooked event functions is called an *event module*.

As an example of this, we're going to write a module that automatically joins a specific channel when *Erkle* connects to an IRC server.

Open a file named *joiner.py*, and write the following to it and save the file:

Now, in the same directory that you saved *joiner.py*, open a file named *modexample.py* (or whatever else you'd like to name it), and write the following to it and save:

```
from erkle import *

# Import our "joiner.py" module
import joiner

# Create our Erkle object
joinbot = Erkle('erklemod','irc.efnet.org',alternate='erklem0d')

# Connect to IRC
joinbot.connect()
```

Now, when we run **modexample.py**, our *Erkle* bot will join "#erklebot" as soon as it connects to the IRC server.

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