



# User Guide

## Open Source IRC Client

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License  
Source Code  
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[GPL 3 \(explained\)](#)  
<https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk>  
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# Summary

**IRC (Internet Relay Chat)** is a text-based chat system for [instant messaging](#). IRC is designed for [group communication](#) in discussion forums, called [channels](#), but also allows one-on-one communication via [private messages](#)...

Internet Relay Chat is implemented as an [application layer](#) protocol to facilitate communication in the form of text. The chat process works on a [client-server networking model](#). Users connect, using a client—which may be a [web app](#), a [standalone desktop program](#), or embedded into part of a larger program—to an IRC server, which may be part of a larger IRC network. Examples of ways used to connect include the programs [Mibbit](#), [KiwiIRC](#), [mIRC](#) and the paid service [IRCCloud](#).

*From the Wikipedia entry on IRC, at <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/IRC>*

MERK is a free and open source Internet Relay Chat client for Windows, Linux, and macOS. It uses a "multiple document interface", in which the application works as a parent window that contains other windows for [servers](#), [channels](#), and [private chats](#). The popular Windows shareware client [mIRC](#) is an example of another IRC client that uses a multiple document interface.

MERK is written in the Python programming language, using the PyQt library for the graphical interface and the Twisted library for networking. MERK also comes bundled with four other open source libraries:

- **qt5reactor**, for getting PyQt and Twisted to work together
- **pyspellchecker**, which provides the spellchecking mechanism
- **emoji**, providing support for emoji shortcodes
- **pike**, providing support for plugins

MERK has a scripting engine allowing most functionality to be automated. The core concept of the scripting engine is the **context**: a context is a window, either a [channel](#), [private chat](#), or [server](#) window, that the [commands](#) executed are intended to interact with. Scripts can be [executed on connection](#), or [executed from text input](#). MERK comes with a [script editor](#) with features to make writing scripts easy and fun, with no prior programming experience required. MERK is [extremely configurable](#), with over [300 settings](#) that can be tweaked. MERK supports both [emojis](#) and [ASCIIemojis](#); they can be inserted into messages with [shortcodes](#), and displayed in MERK.

MERK's [plugin system](#) allows users to extend MERK's capabilities with Python, no matter what platform they're running. Plugins can be created entirely within MERK, using the [plugin manager](#) and the [Python editor](#), with support for Python syntax highlighting and auto-indentation.

As IRC is a text-based protocol, MERK features a rich text display, which can be [easily configured](#). MERK supports the display of mIRC colors<sup>1</sup>, which can optionally be stripped from messages.

---

<sup>1</sup> <https://en.wikichip.org/wiki/irc/colors>

# Running MERK

MERK comes in three different versions: the Python version, which uses the Python interpreter to run MERK, a PyInstaller version of MERK for Windows (which doesn't require a Python interpreter), and a PyInstaller version of MERK for Linux (which also doesn't require a Python interpreter). All versions behave exactly the same way, and have only minor differences.

## PyInstaller Version for Windows

Download the Windows version of MERK, and unzip the archive to anywhere you'd like. The archive contains a folder named **lib**, the **merk.exe** executable, the **CHANGELOG**, and **README.html**. Just double click **merk.exe**, to run MERK. That's it! There's also an installer for MERK. Download the Windows installer version and unzip the archive to wherever you'd like. Double click on **setup.exe**, which will guide you through installing MERK on your computer. MERK can be installed wherever you'd like, and can either be installed for a single user, or for all users on your computer.

## PyInstaller Version for Linux

Download the Linux version of MERK, and unzip the archive to anywhere you'd like. The archive contains a folder named **lib**, the **merk** executable, the **CHANGELOG**, and **README.html**. Just double click **merk**, to run MERK. That's it!

## Python Version

MERK requires several libraries to be installed in order to run: **Python 3.9+**, **PyQt**, **Twisted**, and if you'd like to connect to servers via SSL/TLS, **PyOpenSSL** and **service\_identity**. If you're running MERK on Windows, you may also need **pywin32**. All of these libraries can be installed easily with [PIP](#), the Python package installer. To install the base requirements, open a terminal, and enter:

```
pip install PyQt Twisted PyOpenSSL service_identity
```

If you're using MERK on Windows, you may also have to enter:

```
pip install pywin32
```

Once all the requirements are installed, unzip the downloaded archive of MERK, use the terminal to navigate to the directory you unzipped MERK to, and type:

```
python merk.py
```

# Updating MERK

As MERK stores all its configuration files separate from the executable/installation, updating MERK to the latest version is easy. [Configuration files](#) are stored separately from program files, and MERK will automatically update any configuration files as needed.

## Windows

The Windows version of MERK comes in two different distributions: the **ZIP file version**, which is a ZIP file containing **merk.exe**, the MERK executable, and the **lib** folder, which contains files needed for **merk.exe** to run, and the **installer version**, which is a "setup" installer.

### ZIP File Version

You can do this one of two ways: either delete **merk.exe** and the **lib** folder, wherever you extracted them to, and unzip the new version of MERK in the same folder; or unzip the new version of MERK in the same directory and overwrite all files.

### Installer Version

This version of MERK is even easier to update. Just download the installer of the newer version of MERK, unzip **setup.exe**, and double click on it. You don't have to uninstall the older version, the new version will overwrite the old one.

## Linux

The Linux version of MERK comes in only one distribution: the **ZIP file version**, which is a ZIP file containing **merk**, the MERK executable, and the **lib** folder, which contains files needed for **merk** to run. Unzip the new version of MERK in the same folder you installed MERK to and overwrite all files.

## Python

Overwrite the old MERK source code with the new source code.

# Command-Line Arguments and Options

```
usage: python merk.py [--ssl] [-p PASSWORD] [-c CHANNEL[:KEY]]
                    [-C SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD]] [-S SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD]]
                    [-n NICKNAME] [-u USERNAME] [-a NICKNAME] [-r REALNAME]
                    [-h] [-d] [-x] [-t] [-R] [-o] [-f] [-s FILE] [-P] [-E]
                    [--config-name NAME] [--config-directory DIRECTORY]
                    [--config-local] [--scripts-directory DIRECTORY]
                    [--user-file FILE] [--config-file FILE] [--reset]
                    [--reset-user] [--reset-all] [--uninstall [FILE]]
                    [--install FILE] [-Q NAME] [-D] [-L]
                    [SERVER] [PORT]
```

## Connection:

```
SERVER            Server to connect to
PORT              Server port to connect to (6667)
--ssl, --tls      Use SSL/TLS to connect to IRC
-p PASSWORD, --password PASSWORD
                  Use server password to connect
-c CHANNEL[:KEY], --channel CHANNEL[:KEY]
                  Join channel on connection
-C SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD], --connect SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD]
                  Connect to server via TCP/IP
-S SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD], --connectssl SERVER:PORT[:PASSWORD]
                  Connect to server via SSL/TLS
```

## User Information:

```
-n NICKNAME, --nickname NICKNAME
                  Use this nickname to connect
-u USERNAME, --username USERNAME
                  Use this username to connect
-a NICKNAME, --alternate NICKNAME
                  Use this alternate nickname to connect
-r REALNAME, --realname REALNAME
                  Use this realname to connect
```

## Options:

```
-h, --help        Show help and usage information
-d, --donotsave   Do not save new user settings
-x, --donotexecute Do not execute connection script
-t, --reconnect   Reconnect to servers on disconnection
-R, --run         Don't ask for connection information on start
-o, --on-top      Application window always on top
-f, --full-screen Application window displays full screen
-s FILE, --script FILE
                  Use a file as a connection script
-P, --disable-plugins
                  Disables plugins
-E, --enable-plugins
                  Enables plugins
```

## Files and Directories:

```
--config-name NAME    Name of the configuration file directory (default:
                      .merk)
--config-directory DIRECTORY
                      Location to store configuration files
--config-local        Store configuration files in install directory
--scripts-directory DIRECTORY
                      Location to look for script files
--user-file FILE      File to use for user data
--config-file FILE    File to use for configuration data
--reset              Reset configuration file to default values
--reset-user         Reset user file to default values
--reset-all         Reset all configuration files to default values
--uninstall [FILE]   Deletes an installed plugin
--install FILE        Install plugin ZIP or Python module
```

## Appearance:

```
-Q NAME, --qtstyle NAME
                  Set Qt widget style (default: Windows)
-D, --dark        Run in dark mode
-L, --light       Run in light mode
```

## Using the Command-Line Interface

The command-line interface of MERK works identically on all platforms.

MERK's command-line options allow users to do many things on startup. All of these uses are completely optional, and never have to be used. Most command-line options feature a long version (for example **--donotexecute**) and a shorter version (**-x**, which does the same thing). All versions of MERK (Python, Windows, Linux, and macOS) all use the same command-line interface, so all of these examples will work on any version of MERK.

If user settings are in place (that is, the default nickname, username, etc), command-line options can be used to connect to one or more IRC servers automatically on startup. For example, to automatically connect to the DALnet IRC network, you can use:

```
merk.exe us.dal.net 6687
```

This will automatically connect to DALnet, executing any connection script previously set up with MERK. To prevent the connection script from executing, try:

```
merk.exe --donotexecute us.dal.net 6667
```

Multiple servers can be connected to, as well, though the method is a little different. Use the **-C** option to connect to normal IRC servers, and the **-S** option to connect to IRC servers via SSL/TLS. In the next example, we're going to connect to the Libera network via SSL/TLS, and DALnet:

```
merk.exe -S irc.libera.chat:6697 -C us.dal.net:6667
```

If you want MERK to skip asking for a server to connect to on startup, use the **--run** option:

```
merk.exe --run
```

MERK can even be configured to run on a USB thumb drive! For this example, assume that MERK has been extracted into the root directory of a USB thumb drive. In the same directory as **merk.exe**, create a text file, and type this into it:

```
merk.exe --config-local
```

Save this file as **merk.bat**. Now, to run MERK off of the thumb drive, double click on **merk.bat** (which is a Windows batch file<sup>2</sup>). This will run MERK normally, but store all of the configuration files in a folder named **.merk** in the drive where you're running MERK from. MERK is now completely portable!

---

2 [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Batch\\_file](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Batch_file)

## Resetting MERK to Default Settings

If your installation of MERK becomes unusable or for any other reason, you can reset MERK back to default settings with the following [command-line option](#):

```
python merk.py --reset
```

If you are running MERK with the PyInstaller executable, use:

```
merk.exe --reset
```

To reset all user settings, use the **--reset-user** command-line option. This will remove all user settings, including your nickname, alternate username, username, realname, connection history, and any connection scripts:

```
python merk.py --reset-user
```

To reset *all* settings, and return MERK configuration files to their default state with all default settings, use **--reset-all**. This will reset both your user file, **user.json**, and the settings file, **settings.json**, to all default values:

```
merk --reset-all
```

If a plugin has a fatal error in it that is causing MERK to crash or otherwise not function, there are two options. The first is to disable plugins from the command-line:

```
python merk.py --disable-plugins
```

This will allow the user to start up MERK without crashing. MERK will not load in any plugins until plugins are re-enabled; the [plugin manager](#) will also be disabled. This option will always save to the [configuration file](#), even if **--dontsave** is enabled; plugins must be re-enabled manually, either with **--enable-plugins** or in [settings](#). The other option is to delete all installed plugins:

```
merk.exe --uninstall all
```

***This will delete any and all installed plugins and their icons! This will not move the files to the "recycle bin", and the files will be lost!*** If you know which plugin is causing MERK to crash, it might be easier to navigate to the [plugins directory](#) and delete the file manually.

If you know which plugin is causing MERK to crash, you can uninstall it by passing that plugin's Python file name (without the path) to **--uninstall**. This will delete the plugin (and its icon, if it exists), allowing you to start MERK normally. Call **--uninstall** without any arguments to see a list of installed Python plugin files.



# Directories and Configuration Files

MERK stores all its settings in a directory it creates in the user's home directory<sup>3</sup>, named **.merk**. Inside this directory, MERK creates:

- **logs**. This directory is where MERK stores [channel](#) and [private chat](#) logs.
- **styles**. This directory is where MERK stores [text style](#) files, and the palette used for [dark mode](#).
- **scripts**. This directory is where MERK stores, and first looks for, [scripts](#). This is the default directory chosen when running a script via the [server window](#) toolbar, input menu, or right click menus, or when saving a script in the [editor](#).
- **plugins**. This directory is where MERK looks for and loads any installed [plugins](#) from. To install a plugin, simply copy the plugin's Python file into this directory, use the [plugin manager](#), or use the `--install` [command-line option](#). This is the default directory chosen when saving Python code in the [Python editor](#).
- **settings.json**. This file is where MERK stores and loads application settings.
- **user.json**. This file is where MERK stores user information, such as the chosen nickname, username, and the like, as well as the application's connection history and any connection scripts.

When using the [/script command](#), if a full filename is not provided, MERK will look for the script in several locations, in order:

1. The **scripts** directory.
2. The settings directory (by default, **.merk** in the user's home directory).
3. The application's installation directory.

First, MERK will attempt to find the script using the provided filename, and if the script is still not found, it will append the default file extension (which is **.merk**) to the filename and search again. This same pattern is used with the `/edit` and `/insert` commands.



*These folders can be opened in your default file manager from the client by clicking on the appropriate entry in the "Directories" sub-menu, near the bottom of the "Tools" menu.*

---

<sup>3</sup> On Windows, this will be in the **Users** directory under the user's username. On Linux, or other UNIX-like environments, this will be the standard user's home directory.

# New User Help

Many dialogs feature text explaining how the dialog or the settings in it work.

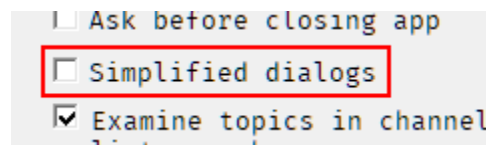


*The explanation text from the channel list dialog.*

While new users of MERK may find these helpful, experienced users may not want to see them. To hide the help text on dialogs, turn on "Simplified dialogs" in the [settings menu or the settings dialog](#):



*The "Simplified dialogs" option in the "Settings" menu. Click this entry to simplified dialogs on and hide the help text.*

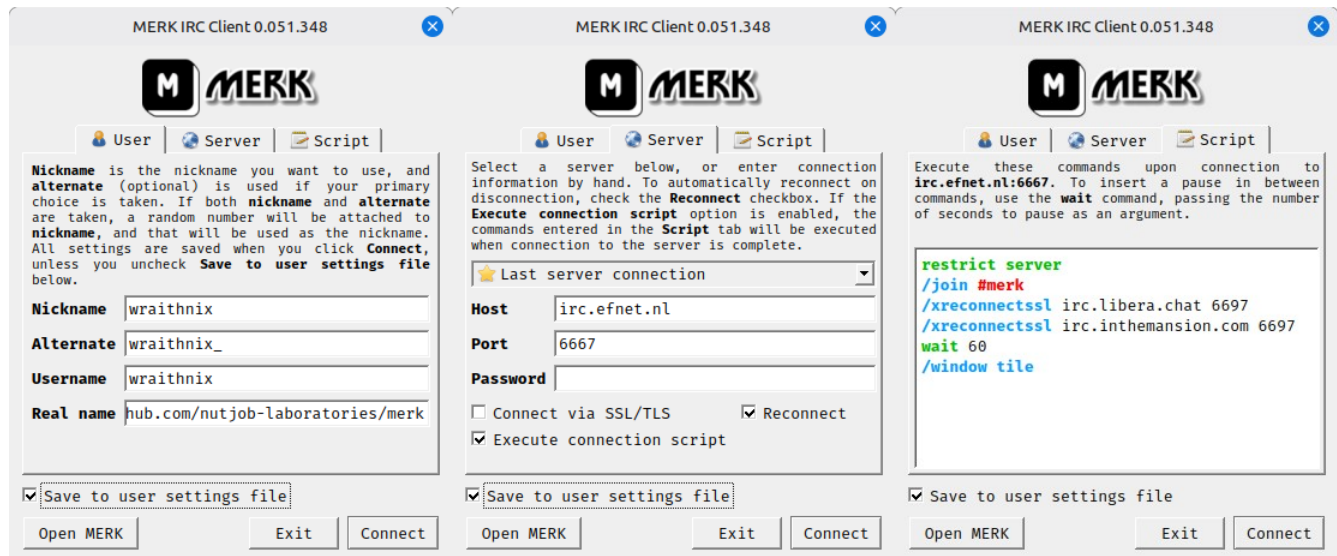


*The "Simplified dialogs" option on the first page of the "Settings" dialog.*

"Simplified dialogs" is turned off by default, showing the help text on dialogs every time a dialog is opened.

# Connection Dialog

When you first run MERK, a connection dialog is displayed, allowing you to connect to an IRC server. The dialog has three tabs: **User**, **Server**, and **Script**.

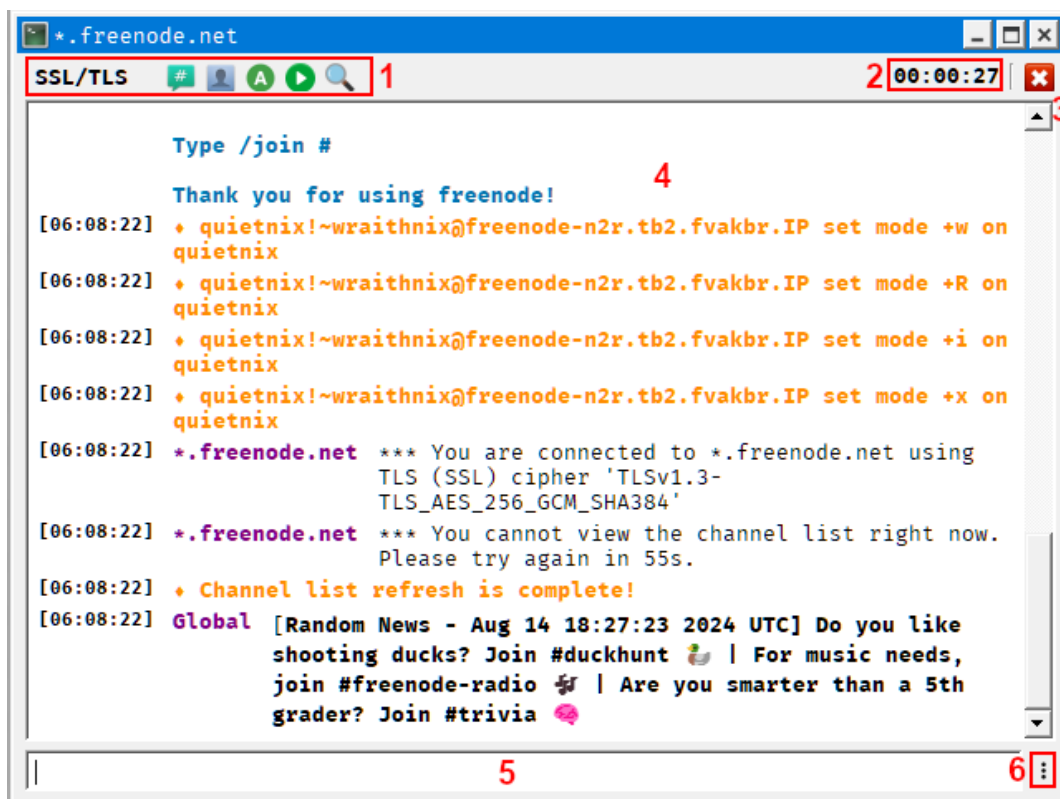


- **User** is where the user enters their various user information for connection. **Nickname** is the nickname you'd like to use, and **Alternate** (optional) will be used if that nickname is already taken; if both are taken, a random number is generated and added to **Nickname**.
- **Server** is where the user enters the IRC server to connect to. By default, the last server MERK connected to is pre-entered. **Host** is the IP address or hostname of the desired IRC server, and **Port** is the server's port. **Password** is the server's password, if one is required; leave blank if one is not required. Click **Connect via SSL/TLS** to connect via SSL/TLS, and click **Reconnect** if MERK should automatically try to reconnect on disconnection. Click **Execute connection script** to execute the connection script on the next tab as soon as MERK connects to the server.
- **Script** has a small [script](#) editor for editing the script MERK will [execute upon connection to the server](#). The syntax highlighting settings can be edited with the [settings dialog](#). If **Execute connection script** is unchecked, this script will not be executed.
- **Save to user settings files**, if checked, will save any information entered into the dialog to **user.json**, and will be loaded automatically the next time MERK is started up.

Click **Connect** to connect to the IRC server using the entered information, or **Exit** to close MERK. To start MERK without connecting to a server, click **Open MERK**.

# Server Windows

Server windows are the first windows you will see in MERK; they appear as soon as connection to an IRC server begins. Server windows behave differently from channels or private chat windows: closing a server window does not disconnect from the server, it only hides the window. To view a hidden server window, click on its entry in the "Windows" menu or the system tray menu. You cannot chat to other users from a server window without using [commands](#) like `/msg` or `/notice`.



1. **Toolbar.** Buttons that perform basic actions; some on the IRC server, such as joining a channel, changing your nickname, and setting your away status, and others on the client, like selecting a script to run, refreshing the channel list from the server, and opening the channel list dialog. Clicking the button labeled "TCP/IP" (for normal connections) or "SSL/TLS" (for encrypted connections) will show a menu with information about the server.
2. **Connection uptime.** This displays how long MERK has been connected to the server.
3. **Disconnect.** Pressing this button issues a **QUIT** command and quickly disconnects from the IRC server.
4. **Display.** Displays any messages from the server, as well as notices, outgoing private messages, and the like.
5. **Text input widget.** Type [commands](#) in here, and press "enter" to execute them.
6. **Input menu.** Clicking on this brings up a menu that allows you to do various tasks, like changing the spellchecker's language. This button is present on channel or private message windows, too.

# Channel Windows

Closing a channel window leaves the channel.



1. **Mode Editor** and **Banlist**. The mode editor button displays a menu that allows the user to set or remove popular channel modes, if their status allows it; if they are not a privileged enough user, the button is hidden. The banlist displays a list of users that have been banned from the channel; if the banlist is empty, the button is hidden.
2. **Name and mode display**. Here, the channel name and any channel modes are displayed.
3. **Topic**. The channels topic is displayed here. Click on the topic to edit it, and press enter to send any changes to the server. [Click here for more information on editing channel topics](#).
4. **User count**. How many users are currently in the channel
5. **Chat display**. Channel chat, as well as system messages, are displayed here.
6. **User list**. A list of users in the channel is displayed here. Privileged users have special icons next to their name (green for channel operators, blue for voiced users, etc.), and normal users do not. Nicknames are displayed in bold if the users are present, and in normal weight if they are away. Double click a user's name to open a private chat window.
7. **Nickname**. This displays the currently used nickname, and any user modes set.
8. **Text input widget**. Type your chat or [commands](#) here, and press "enter" to send them to the server or client.
9. **Uptime**. This displays how long the client has been connected to the channel.
10. **Input menu**. Clicking on this brings up a menu that allows you to do various tasks, like changing the spellchecker's language.

## Private Chat Windows

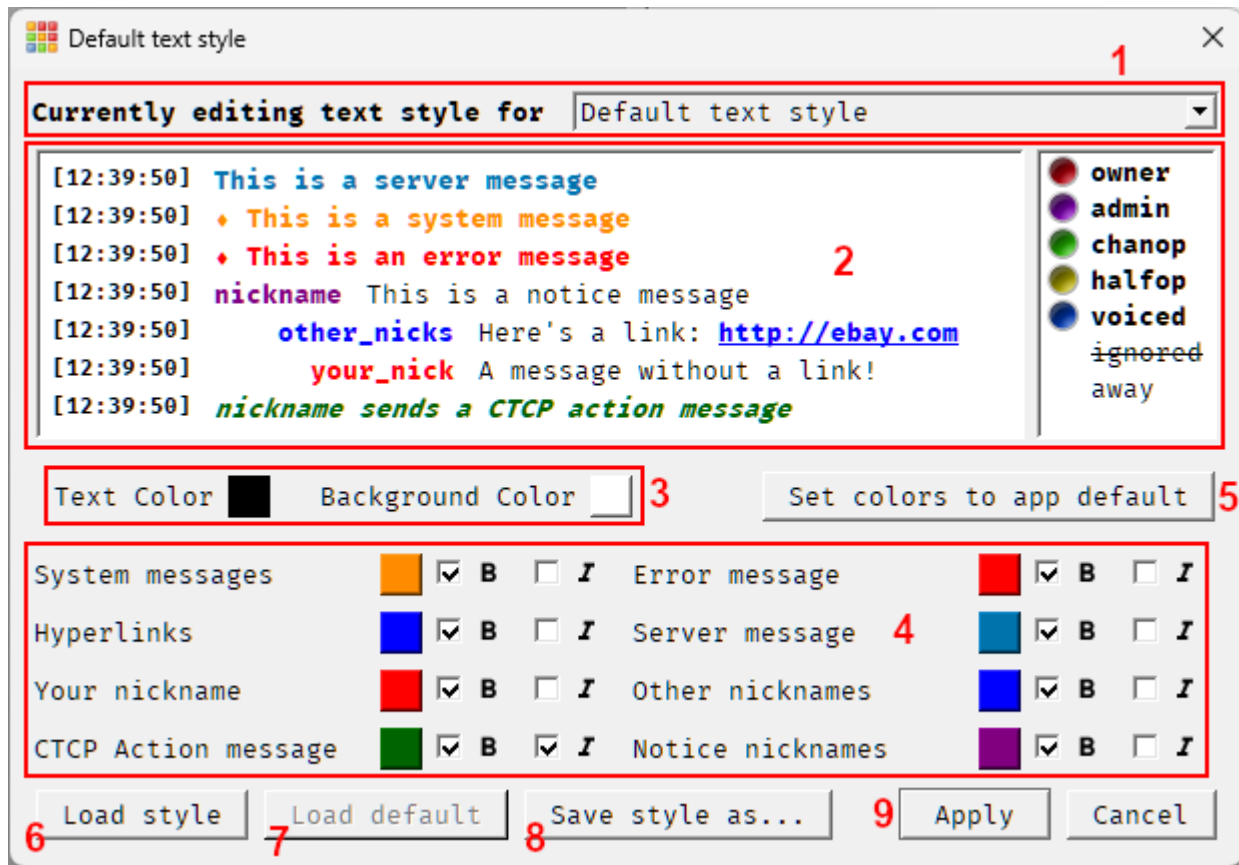
Closing a private chat window does not leave the chat, or block the sender; it only closes the window.



1. **Chat display.** Private chat is displayed here, as well as system messages.
2. **Nickname.** This displays the currently used nickname, and any user modes set.
3. **Text input widget.** Type your chat or [commands](#) here, and press "enter" to send them to the server or the client.
4. **Input menu.** Clicking on this brings up a menu that allows you to do various tasks, like changing the spellchecker's language.

# Style Editor

MERK has a text style engine that colors and styles all chat text, and can be edited by users with the style editor.



1. **Style selector.** Select which text style to edit. When launched from the "Tools" menu, this will default to editing the default text style; when launched from context menus or the `/style` command, the text style of the window that launched the style editor will be selected. The text style of any window currently in use can be selected. Both "dark" and "light" mode each have their own default text style.
2. **Display.** This is what the text style will look like in the client. Any changes in color or style will be displayed here instantly. If editing the default text style, or the text style of a channel, an example user list is shown as how it will appear in the client. The example user list is not shown when editing the text style of server windows or private chats.
3. **Background and foreground color.** Set the color of the text and the background color here.
4. **Message styles.** Change the color and style of individual message types here.
5. **Set colors to app default.** Set all colors to the default style that ships with MERK. This is different from the "default" style that is applied to server windows and any windows that do not have a style.
6. **Load style.** Here, you can open any existing MERK style file for editing. Colors and styles will be loaded and displayed.
7. **Load default.** This will load in whatever style the user has set as the default text style. This button is disabled when editing the default text style.
8. **Save style as....** Save this style to a file. It will not be applied, only saved to a file.
9. **Apply** and **Cancel.** Applying this style automatically saves it. Pressing the "cancel" button closes the dialog, and all changes are discarded.



## How Text Styles Are Applied

All chat windows start by using the default style. All text styles currently in use can be edited with the "Style Editor", found in the "Tools" menu



All chat windows can have their own styles which can be edited by selecting the "Style Editor" option from the "Tools" menu, or "Edit text style" in the input options menu, or the chat display right click menu. Styles for channel and private chat windows are saved with the IRC network of the channel or private chat in mind, so they will load no matter which server the client is connected to. For example, if the user has set a text style for the **#merk** channel on the EFnet network, it will load and be applied to the **#merk** channel window if the user is connected to **irc.underworld.no** on port 6667, **irc.choopa.net** on port 9999, or **irc.prison.net** on port 6667, as all of these servers are on the EFnet IRC network.

Server window text styles are specific to the server being connected to, regardless of what network the server is on. So, if the user has set a style for **irc.prison.net** on port 6667, the server window text style for that connection will be loaded. If the user connects to **irc.choopa.net** on port 9999, the default style will be loaded; even though both servers on the EFnet network, they are still different servers.



# Script Editor

To launch the script editor, use the `/edit` [command](#), or select **Script Editor** from the "Tools" menu



1. **File** and **Edit Menus**. All the normal selections of a text editor, like opening and saving files, cut and paste, find and replace, etc. Connection scripts can also be opened for editing, as well as created. Files can also be written directly into ZIP files, without the need for an archive utility.
2. **Commands**. Each entry in this menu allows the user to insert a command into the open script. Click the desired command, fill out the entries in the dialog that pops up, if needed, and the command will be inserted into the script.
3. **Aliases**. Insert built-in aliases into the script.
4. **Run**. Run the currently open script in any context/window available. The user also can run the script in all contexts/windows simultaneously. Scripts are executed with no arguments and no filename.
5. **Script display**. Features syntax highlighting. Colors used for the display can be set in the [settings dialog](#).
6. **Filename**. The currently open script's filename is displayed here.
7. **Line number**. The line number the cursor is currently on.

The colors and styles used for the syntax highlighting can be changed in the [settings dialog](#). Comments, commands, channels, aliases, and script-only commands can be styled individually. These colors and styles will also be used in the "Connection Script" tab of the [connection dialog](#).

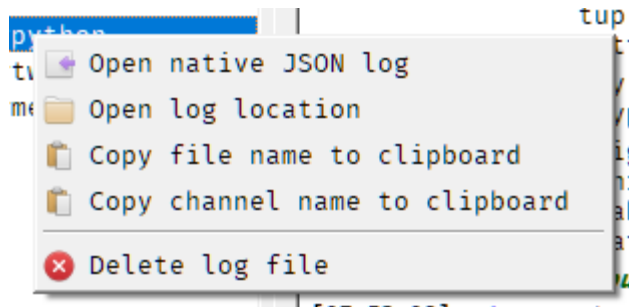
# Log Manager

The log manager allows users to view, delete, and export MERK logs. It can be launched from the "Tools" menu



1. **Logs.** A full list of all logs in MERK. Hover the mouse over the log name to see what IRC network the log is from. Click a log name to view information about the log, as well as use export options. Double click a log name to view the contents of a log.
2. **Search.** Search the log for specific words. Typing in the terms and pressing enter will find the first instance of the term in the log; hitting enter again will find the next, and so on.
3. **Next Result** and **Previous Result.** Move forward and backwards in the word search results.
4. **Log Viewer** and **Export Tabs.** Click tabs to switch functions. The **Export** tab has settings and functionality to export MERK logs to JSON or a custom delimited format.
5. **Log display.** Logs are loaded in full for viewing. For longer logs, this may take some time. Logs use the whatever default text style the user has set.
6. **Log information.** Contains the log name, what IRC network the log is from, how many lines of chat the log contains, and how long it took to render the entire log, if the log is being viewed.
7. **Log filename.** The full filename of the current log.

Additional log options can be seen by right-clicking on the log's name:



If the "Open native JSON log" option is selected, the JSON file that MERK uses will be opened in the default application that the user's operating system to open JSON files. There is additional information in the native log format that tells MERK how to render the log for viewing; to use MERK logs with other applications, the log should be exported to strip this information out.

Logs that are very large will not be fully loaded for the log display; only the last 5000 lines of chat are loaded, as it can take up to a minute to render a log this large, depending on the speed of the computer running MERK. This can be changed by using the [/config command](#): the setting **log\_manager\_maximum\_load\_size** sets the maximum number of lines to load.

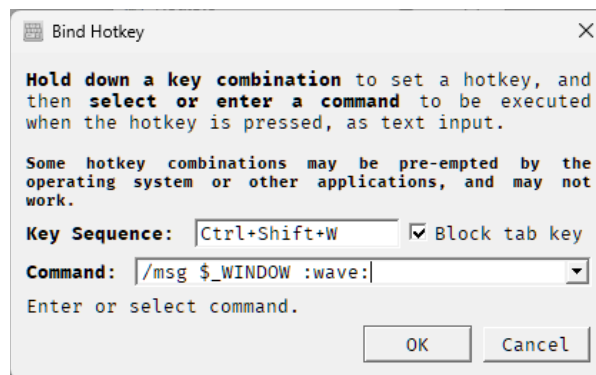
The export tab features a display of what the exported text will look like, in full, using whatever options are selected; the display is updated in real-time when options are changed.

# Hotkey Manager

The hotkey manager allows users to add, edit, or delete hotkeys that execute [commands](#) on whatever active [server](#), [channel](#), or [private chat](#) subwindow has focus when the hotkey is pressed.



The hotkey manager, showing a few bound hotkeys. Hotkeys can be added by clicking the + button, or removed by selecting a hotkey in the list and clicking the – button. Edit a hotkey by double-clicking on that hotkey's entry. Hotkeys are immediately saved to the configuration file when they are created, edited, or deleted.



Commands executed by hotkeys are treated *exactly* as if the command was typed into a subwindow's text input widget and the return key was pressed.

# Ignore Manager

The ignore manager allows users to add, edit, and remove entries in the ignore list, preventing chat from users with specific nicknames or hostmasks from appearing in [chat](#), or preventing them from sending the user private messages, notices, and the like.



The ignore manager. Add nicknames or hostmasks to the ignore list by clicking the + button, and select an entry and click the – button to remove an entry. Double click on an entry to edit that entry. All chat windows will be automatically updated with the new ignore list immediately upon adding or removing an entry if "Automatically update chats" is checked. Click on the refresh button to update chat windows manually.

If a user is ignored, their chat will not appear in any chat window, and any private chat or notices will not open any [chat windows](#). Any "ignored" chat is still received by MERK, and added to any chat logs, and will appear in chat windows if the ignore entry is removed.

Updating chat windows may take some time; chat must be re-rendered to hide or show any ignored or unignored entries. If "Automatically update chats" is checked, this update will be done *every time* an entry is added, edited, or removed; to manually update chats, click on the refresh button.

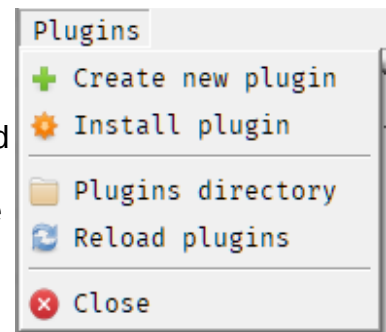
Entries can also be added and removed from the ignore list in the right click menu on [channel](#) user lists, as well as by the **/ignore** and **/unignore** [commands](#).

# Plugin Manager

The plugin manager allows users to create, edit, delete, and install [MERK plugins](#). A version of the [script editor](#), modified for Python programming, is used to create and edit MERK plugins in-app.



The plugin manager. To create, export, install, and uninstall plugins, click on the "Plugins" menu at the top of the window.

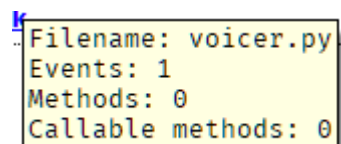


Right click on a plugin's entry for more options.

For more information on how plugins work, and what they can do, please see [Plugins and Plugin Development](#). MERK doesn't come with any plugins, so unless you've installed or created any plugins, this list will be empty when you first install MERK.

Hover the mouse above an entry in the plugin manager to see information about that plugin.

The filename, how many events the plugin responds to, how many methods the plugin has, and how many methods executable with the [/call command](#) the plugin has is displayed.



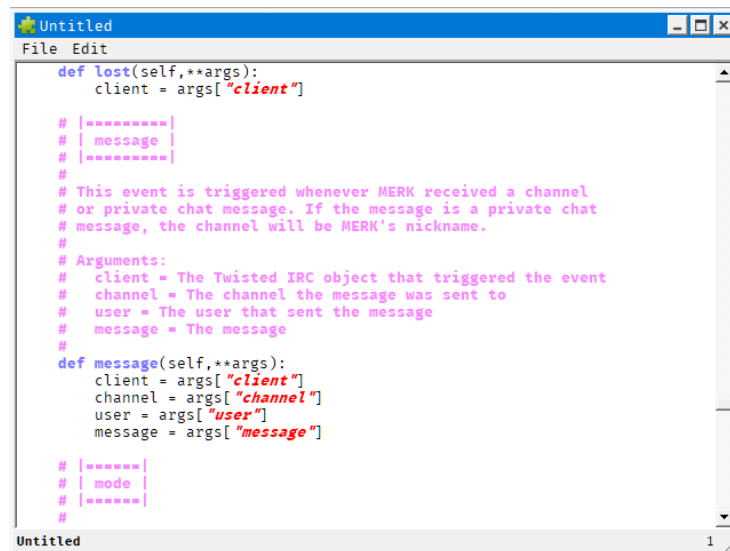
To install a plugin, simply copy the Python file for the plugin into the **plugins** directory, located in the same [directory where MERK stores configuration files, logs, scripts, and styles](#), and restart MERK to load the plugin into memory. The other options are to select the "Install Plugin" option in the "Plugins" menu, which allows the user to select a Python file or zip

archive to import into the plugins directory before automatically loading it, or to use the [command-line option](#) `--install`.

To view a plugin's console, double click on the plugin's entry, or select "Show console" from the plugin's right click menu. Not all plugins will have consoles. A plugin with an open console is marked with a small icon in the plugin list.

Selecting "Uninstall plugin" from a plugin's right click menu to uninstall a plugin will delete *any* plugin that is contained in the same file. The official documentation suggests that a Python file should contain only *one* plugin, but MERK does not enforce this. Check the tool tip of a plugin entry (which contains the filename that contains the plugin) before uninstalling it to make sure you don't unintentionally uninstall other plugins.

Selecting "Create new plugin" in the "Plugins" menu will open up the [Python editor](#), a special version of the script editor for Python code, and load in a skeleton<sup>4</sup> plugin for the user to edit. The skeleton plugin has all plugin events pre-defined, and more information about writing plugins is in the comments of the skeleton.

A screenshot of a Python editor window titled "Untitled". The window has a menu bar with "File" and "Edit". The code inside is a Python plugin skeleton. It starts with a function `lost(self, **args):` which takes `args` and extracts `client` from `args["client"]`. Below this is a comment block: `# [=====]`, `# | message |`, `# [=====]`, followed by a description: `# This event is triggered whenever MERK received a channel or private chat message. If the message is a private chat message, the channel will be MERK's nickname.` Then another comment block: `# Arguments:`, `# client = The Twisted IRC object that triggered the event`, `# channel = The channel the message was sent to`, `# user = The user that sent the message`, `# message = The message`. Below this is a function `message(self, **args):` which takes `args` and extracts `client`, `channel`, `user`, and `message` from `args`. At the bottom is another comment block: `# [=====]`, `# | mode |`, `# [=====]`. The status bar at the bottom says "Untitled" and "1".

```
def lost(self, **args):
    client = args["client"]

    # [=====]
    # | message |
    # [=====]
    #
    # This event is triggered whenever MERK received a channel
    # or private chat message. If the message is a private chat
    # message, the channel will be MERK's nickname.
    #
    # Arguments:
    # client = The Twisted IRC object that triggered the event
    # channel = The channel the message was sent to
    # user = The user that sent the message
    # message = The message
    #
    def message(self, **args):
        client = args["client"]
        channel = args["channel"]
        user = args["user"]
        message = args["message"]

        # [=====]
        # | mode |
        # [=====]
```

*A plugin skeleton, open in the Python version of the script editor.*

The [Python editor](#) features syntax highlighting and auto-indent. The Python editor can be opened by choosing to create a plugin in the plugin manager, selecting "Edit plugin" from a plugin's right click menu, using the [/plugin command](#), or by opening an existing plugin file in the "Tools" menu. Python editor windows appear normally in the [windowbar](#) and the "Windows" menu, with the only difference being that the window's icon is the "plugin" icon rather than the normal "script" icon.

---

<sup>4</sup> A program skeleton may also be utilized as a template that reflects syntax and structures... [Wikipedia](#)

# Python Editor

The Python editor can be launched from the [plugin manager](#) to either edit an existing plugin, or create a new plugin. When opening a plugin from the "Tools" menu, that plugin will be opened in the Python editor. The Python editor can also be opened with the **/python command**.



1. **File and Edit Menus.** All the normal selections of a text editor, like opening and saving files, cut and paste, find and replace, etc. Other options include auto-indentation, making whitespace visible, reloading plugins when the editor is closed, and turning word wrap on and off.
2. **Insert.** Each entry in this menu allows the user to insert Python code into a plugin, either a [Plugin event method](#), or a [method intended to be used](#) with the [/call command](#).
3. **Script display.** Features syntax highlighting. Colors used for the display use the same settings used in the [script editor](#), and can be set in the [settings dialog](#).
4. **Filename.** The currently open Python file's name is displayed here.
5. **Line number.** The line number the cursor is currently on.



## The Windowbar



The "windowbar" is a widget that is located by default on the top of the main window that displays a list of open subwindows. Clicking on a window's name switches "focus" to that window, bringing it to the front; double click the window name to bring the window to the front and maximize it. By default, the windowbar only shows [channel windows](#), [private chat windows](#), and [script editor windows](#), but you can use the [settings dialog](#) (or the windowbar's right click menu) to show other window types. Think of the windowbar as a sort of task manager, only for windows in MERK.

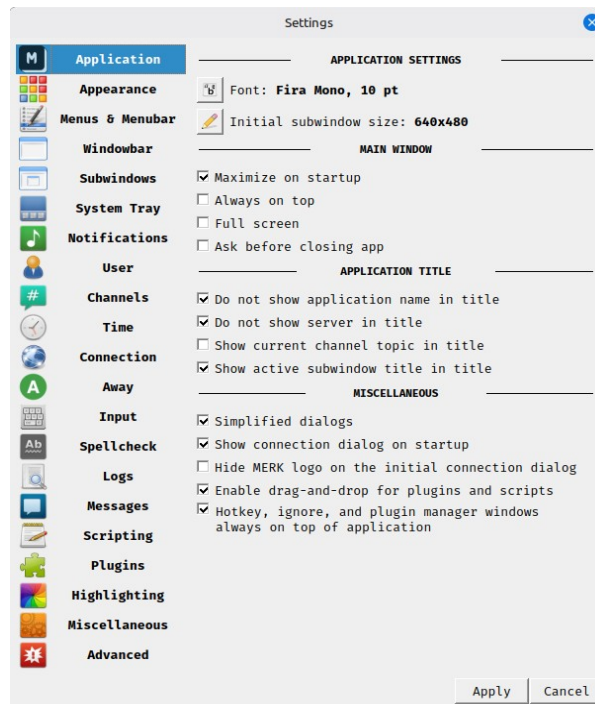
Right click on an entry in the windowbar for more options. Each window type shows different options. Right click on the windowbar itself to change settings for the windowbar. Most things about the windowbar can be changed, including the order windows are shown, what windows are shown, whether icons are shown on entries, and more.



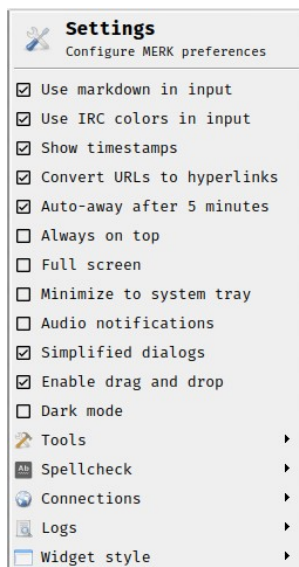
*The windowbar right click menu for a server window.*

Although immobile by default, the right click menu and the [settings dialog](#) can make the windowbar movable; the windowbar can float, or be "docked" at the bottom or the top of MERK's main window.

# Settings

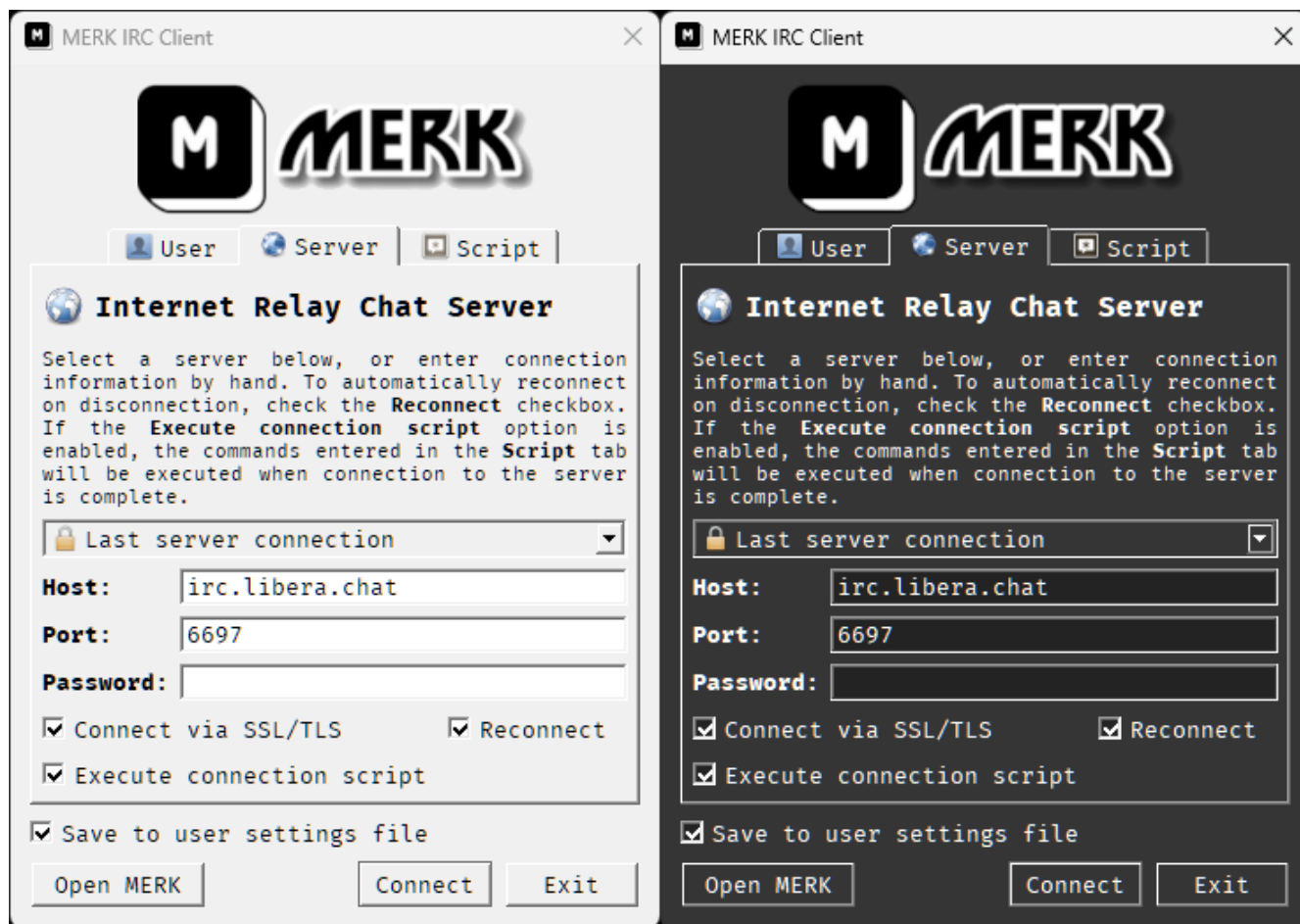


The settings dialog, available as the top entry in the "Settings" menu, allows users to change over 300 different settings, and apply almost all of them instantly. Settings are separated into sections, selectable with the menu on the left side of the dialog. Each section displays a number of options for various ways that MERK functions. To change settings, check, uncheck, or otherwise change the various options in the dialog; changes will not be applied until the "Apply" button is pressed. All changes are saved to the configuration file when applied. If a specific setting requires a restart of MERK, the user will be notified by the dialog when the option is changed, and an option to restart MERK will be offered.



The "Settings" menu offers a number of options that can be changed without having to open the settings dialog. Most settings in the menu are for options that are toggle-able; that is, they are either enabled or disabled. A box *with* a checkmark next to a setting means that option is enabled; a box *without* a checkmark means that setting is disabled. To toggle a setting, click on it; if the setting is enabled, it will be disabled, and vice versa. The setting change will be saved to the configuration file, and the setting will be applied immediately. Two settings (the spellcheck language and widget style) have circles; these options are multiple choice, and only one choice can be selected. An *empty* circle means that option is not selected, and a *full* circle means that option is selected. For either of these settings, click on the option to switch to that setting. The setting will be applied and saved immediately.

## Regular and Dark Mode



*Normal Mode*

*Dark Mode*

MERK can be operated in "light" mode, seen above to the left, or in "dark" mode, on the right. To switch to "dark" mode, select it in the ["Settings" menu or in the settings dialog](#). MERK will have to be restarted for it to take effect, and you'll be prompted to restart MERK automatically. Both "dark" and "light" mode have their own, separate default [text styles](#).

For more advanced users, if you want to edit the palette that "dark" mode uses, all of the colors used by the application are stored in a file in the **styles** directory named **dark.palette**. The file format is specific to MERK (similar to CSS<sup>5</sup>), but you can edit it with a text editor. All colors are stored in the hexadecimal format used by HTML. To re-create the file and reset the "dark" mode values back to the default, delete **dark.palette** and restart MERK; the application will regenerate the file with default values.

---

<sup>5</sup> *Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) is a style sheet language used for specifying the presentation and styling of a document written in a markup language such as HTML or XML....* [Wikipedia](#)

## Drag and Drop

To install plugins into MERK without the [plugin manager](#) or the [--install command-line flag](#), you can simply drag the plugin's [ZIP file](#) onto MERK's main window. The plugin's code, icon, and any scripts in the ZIP will be extracted, installed in the [plugins and scripts folder](#), and the plugin will be loaded into memory.

Dragging a [MERK script](#) (with the “.merk” file extension) onto MERK's main window will open the script in the [script editor](#).

Dragging a Python script (with the “.py” file extension) onto MERK's main window will open the script in the [Python editor](#).

Files do not have to be dragged and dropped one-by-one. Multiple files can be dragged and dropped, of various types, and they will all be dealt with. Multiple plugin packages will be extracted and installed before all the plugins are loaded into memory, and each MERK script or Python file will be opened up in their own editor window.

## Formatting Input

Any text entered into the text input widget or the topic editor can be formatted with markdown or [IRC colors](#). This system *only* works on text entered into the text input widget or topic editor, and not in any automated messages. If IRC color display is turned off in MERK, the formatting and colors will not be displayed in MERK's chat display, but will still be sent to the server for display on other clients. Both IRC color and markdown input can be turned off in the [settings dialog or menu](#). They are both turned on by default. If IRC color input is turned off, channel topics will not be converted into "markup" when edited.

Please note that these formatting options *only work for direct user input in the text input widget or topic editor*. Scripts using these "markup" tags in messages will be sent as-is, *without being converted to IRC colors or formatting*. Messages with plugins work the same way; however, "markup" can be used to insert colors, formatting, emojis, or ASCIIemojis into messages with the [color\(\), markdown\(\), or markup\(\) inherited methods](#).

## Colors

Both foreground (text) and background colors can be set. To set the foreground text color only, type **<NUMBER** at the beginning of the block of text to color (with **NUMBER** set to the IRC color to use). To set both the foreground and background color, type **<NUMBER, NUMBER** at the beginning of the block to color (with the first **NUMBER** setting the IRC color to use for the text, and the second **NUMBER** setting the IRC color to use for the background). Valid IRC color numbers are 0 (zero) to 15:

- |                               |                                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 0) <b>White</b> (#FFFFFF)     | 8) <b>Yellow</b> (#FFFF00)      |
| 1) <b>Black</b> (#000000)     | 9) <b>Light Green</b> (#00FC00) |
| 2) <b>Blue</b> (#00007F)      | 10) <b>Cyan</b> (#009393)       |
| 3) <b>Green</b> (#009300)     | 11) <b>Light Cyan</b> (#00FFFF) |
| 4) <b>Light Red</b> (#FF0000) | 12) <b>Light Blue</b> (#0000FC) |
| 5) <b>Brown</b> (#7F0000)     | 13) <b>Pink</b> (#FF00FF)       |
| 6) <b>Purple</b> (#9C009C)    | 14) <b>Grey</b> (#7F7F7F)       |
| 7) <b>Orange</b> (#FC7F00)    | 15) <b>Light Grey</b> (#D2D2D2) |

Invalid IRC color numbers (numbers greater than 15 or less than 0) will result in the color block being stripped from the message; the text will be sent un-colored. Nesting color blocks may result in unexpected output.

As an example, to send the message "Hello" in pink text, you would enter **<13Hello>**, which would look like **Hello**. To send the message "Hello, world!" in white text on a grey background, you would type **<0,14Hello, world!>**, which would look like **Hello world!**.

When editing channel topics with IRC color codes, the channel's topic will be converted to this "markup" style. That is, if the channel's topic is **RED ALERT**, when you click on the topic editor, it will be converted into `<0,4RED ALERT>`. Not all clients (or users) properly close color tags in their messages or topics, and though the colored text will be displayed properly in MERK, it may not convert into "markup" cleanly, and tags may remain open.

## Markdown

Text can be displayed in *italics*, **bold**, underline, and ~~strikethrough~~:

- **Italics.** To display text in italics, place \* (one asterisk) before and after the text to italicize.
- **Bold.** To display text in bold, place \*\* (two asterisks) before and after the text to bold.
- **Underline.** To display underlined text, place \_\_ (two underscores) before and after the text to underline.
- **Strikethrough.** To display strikethrough text, place ~ (one tilde) before and after the text to underline. Not all IRC clients can display this formatting.
- **Escaping characters.** To send a message that displays one of the characters used for markdown without turning it into markdown, put a forward slash in front of the character. For example, to send the message `**test**` without using italics, you would type `\*test\*`.

For example, to send the text `"Hello"`, you would enter `__**Hello**__`. To send the text `"Hello, world!"`, enter `*Hello*, ~world~!`.

## Channel Topics in the Topic Editor

When the channel topic editor is clicked, channel topics are *always* converted into "markup", converting IRC colors into the format described earlier, and the same with the markdown format. Emoji and ASCIImojis are also *always* converted into shortcodes, even if emoji or ASCIImoji shortcodes are disabled. When the topic has been edited, and the user hits the "return" button, it will be converted into the appropriate IRC colors, formatting, and emojis/ASCIImojis before being sent to the server. If IRC colors in topics are turned off, they will not be displayed in MERK, but they will be sent to the server, and other clients will see them.

This is to prevent MERK users from "damaging" topics set by others. This way, even if MERK users have colors turned off, they have the option of not removing other people's IRC color codes or formatting.

# Commands and Scripting Guide

## Command List

### IRC Commands

All of these commands are related to IRC, in some way, shape, or form. Commands that are limited to server operators begin with an underscore, and usually display the responses to that command in [server windows](#). Information about the details of many of these commands can be found in RFC 1459 and RFC 2812, which can be found in the “Help” menu.

| Command                                 | Description   |
|---|---|
| <b>/admin [SERVER]</b>                  | Requests administration information from the server   |
| <b>/away [MESSAGE]</b>                  | Sets status as "away"   |
| <b>/back</b>                            | Sets status as "back"   |
| <b>/_connect SERVER PORT [REMOTE]</b>   | Instructs a server to connect to another server. May only be issued by server operators                     |
| <b>/ctcp REQUEST USER</b>               | Sends a CTCP request to a user. Valid requests are TIME, VERSION, USERINFO, SOURCE, or FINGER               |
| <b>/_die</b>                            | Instructs a server to shut down. May only be issued by server operators                                     |
| <b>/finger TEXT...</b>                  | Sets the CTCP FINGER response. Pass * as the argument to clear the FINGER response text                     |
| <b>/info [TARGET]</b>                   | Requests server information   |
| <b>/invite NICKNAME CHANNEL</b>         | Sends a channel invitation  |
| <b>/ison NICKNAME(S)...</b>             | Displays if the specified nicknames are online  |
| <b>/join CHANNEL [KEY]</b>              | Joins a channel   |
| <b>/kick CHANNEL NICKNAME [MESSAGE]</b> | Kicks a user from a channel   |
| <b>/_kill CLIENT COMMENT...</b>         | Forcibly removes <b>CLIENT</b> from the network. May only be issued by IRC operators.                       |
| <b>/knock CHANNEL [MESSAGE]</b>         | Requests an invitation to a channel   |
| <b>/links [REMOTE [MASK]]</b>           | Requests a list of servers the server is connected to   |
| <b>/list [TERMS]</b>                    | Lists or searches channels on the server; use "*" for multi-character wildcard and "?" for single character |
| <b>/lusers [MASK [SERVERS]]</b>         | Requests statistics about the server  |
| <b>/me MESSAGE...</b>                   | Sends a CTCP action message to the current chat   |
| <b>/mode TARGET MODE...</b>             | Sets a mode on a channel or user  |
| <b>/msg TARGET MESSAGE...</b>           | Sends a message   |
| <b>/nick NEW_NICKNAME</b>               | Changes your nickname   |
| <b>/notice TARGET MESSAGE...</b>        | Sends a notice  |
| <b>/oper USERNAME PASSWORD</b>          | Logs into an operator account   |
| <b>/part CHANNEL [MESSAGE]</b>          | Leaves a channel  |
| <b>/ping USER [TEXT]</b>                | Sends a CTCP ping to a user   |

| Command                                  | Description  |
|--|--|
| <b>/quit [MESSAGE]</b>                   | Disconnects from the current IRC server  |
| <b>/quitall [MESSAGE]</b>                | Disconnects from all IRC servers   |
| <b>/quote TEXT...</b>                    | Sends unprocessed data to the server   |
| <b>/refresh</b>                          | Requests a new list of channels from the server  |
| <b>/_rehash</b>                          | Causes the server to reprocess and reload configuration files. May only be issued by IRC operators |
| <b>/time</b>                             | Requests server time   |
| <b>/topic CHANNEL NEW_TOPIC</b>          | Sets a channel topic   |
| <b>/_trace TARGET</b>                    | Executes a trace on a server or user. May only be issued by IRC operators                          |
| <b>/userhost NICK(S)...</b>              | Requests information about users from the server   |
| <b>/userinfo TEXT...</b>                 | Sets the CTCP USERINFO response. Pass * as the argument to clear the USERINFO response text        |
| <b>/version [SERVER]</b>                 | Requests server version  |
| <b>/wallops MESSAGE</b>                  | Sends a message to all operators   |
| <b>/who NICKNAME [o]</b>                 | Requests user information from the server  |
| <b>/whois NICKNAME [SERVER]</b>          | Requests user information from the server  |
| <b>/whowas NICKNAME [COUNT] [SERVER]</b> | Requests information about previously connected users  |



## All Other Commands

These commands are specific to MERK, and are for using and manipulating the client. Commands with a gray background are for use in scripts *only*; they cannot be used in the text input widget, and will only produce an error.

| Command   | Description  |
|---|--|
| <code>/alias [TOKEN] [TEXT...]</code>             | Creates an alias that can be referenced by <b>\$TOKEN</b> . Call with only <b>TOKEN</b> as the argument to see <b>TOKEN</b> 's value. If <b>TEXT</b> is a mathematical statement, it will be evaluated, with the resulting value stored as the alias' value. Call without any arguments to see all aliases and their values. |
| <code>/bind SEQUENCE COMMAND...</code>            | Executes <b>COMMAND</b> every time key <b>SEQUENCE</b> is pressed. <b>SEQUENCE</b> should contain no spaces, and should be a string like "Ctrl+M" or "Alt+Space". <b>COMMAND</b> will be executed in whatever window/context has focus when <b>SEQUENCE</b> is pressed.  |
| <code>/browser URL</code>                         | Opens <b>URL</b> in the default browser  |
| <code>/call METHOD ARGUMENTS...</code>            | <a href="#">Executes a METHOD in a plugin.</a>   |
| <code>/clear [SERVER] [WINDOW]</code>             | Clears a window's chat display. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <code>/close [SERVER] [WINDOW]</code>             | Closes a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <code>/config [SETTING] [VALUE...]</code>         | Changes a setting, or searches and displays one or all settings in the configuration file  |
| <code>/config export [FILENAME]</code>            | Exports the current configuration file   |
| <code>/config import [FILENAME]</code>            | Imports a configuration file into settings   |
| <code>/connect SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</code>    | Connects to an IRC server  |
| <code>/connectssl SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</code> | Connects to an IRC server via SSL  |
| <code>context WINDOW_NAME</code>                  | Moves execution of the script to <b>WINDOW_NAME</b> ; can only be called from scripts  |
| <code>/delay SECONDS COMMAND...</code>            | Executes <b>COMMAND</b> after <b>SECONDS</b> seconds   |
| <code>/edit [FILENAME]</code>                     | Opens a script in the editor; if called without an argument, opens an editor window  |
| <code>end</code>                                  | Immediately ends a script. Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <code>exclude WINDOW...</code>                    | Prevents a script from executing in <b>WINDOW</b> 's context. Multiple <b>WINDOWS</b> can be specified. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <code>/exit [SECONDS]</code>                      | Exits the client, with an optional pause of <b>SECONDS</b> before exit   |
| <code>/find [TERMS]</code>                        | Finds filenames that can be found by other commands, like <code>/script</code> or <code>/edit</code> . If called without any arguments, <code>/find</code> will list all files visible to commands. Can use <code>*</code> for multi-character wildcards and <code>?</code> for single character wildcards.                  |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>/focus [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>             | Sets focus on a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>/folder PATH [PATH...]</b>               | Opens <b>PATH(s)</b> in the default file manager. For <b>PATHs</b> that contain spaces, contain them in quotation marks   |
| <b>goto LINE_NUMBER</b>                     | Moves execution of the script to <b>LINE_NUMBER</b> . The only script-only command that can be issued from an <b>if</b> command. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>halt [MESSAGE...]</b>                    | Halts a script's execution, and displays an error <b>MESSAGE</b> with line number and file name. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>/help [COMMAND]</b>                      | Displays a list of available commands, and command usage information. This list will be modified as features are enabled or disabled.   |
| <b>/hide [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>              | Hides a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>if VALUE1 OPERATOR VALUE2 COMMAND...</b> | Executes <b>COMMAND</b> if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are true, depending on <b>OPERATOR</b> . Valid <b>OPERATORS</b> are <b>(is)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are equal), <b>(not)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are not equal), <b>(in)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is contained in <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(gt)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is a greater number than <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(lt)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is a lesser number than <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(ne)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are numbers and are not equal), and <b>(eq)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are numbers and are equal). Can only be called from scripts. |
| <b>/ignore USER</b>                         | Hides a <b>USER's</b> chat in all chat windows. This can be set to a nickname or hostmask. Capitalization is ignored. Use <b>*</b> as multiple character wildcards, and <b>?</b> as single character wildcards.   |
| <b>insert FILE [FILE...]</b>                | Inserts the contents of <b>FILE</b> where it appears in the script. <b>FILE</b> should be a MERK script. If a filename contains spaces, put it in quotation marks. Multiple files can be passed as arguments. Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <b>/macro NAME SCRIPT [USAGE] [HELP]</b>    | Creates a macro, executable with <b>/NAME</b> , that executes <b>SCRIPT</b> . <b>USAGE</b> and <b>HELP</b> are used for the command list displayed with <b>/help</b> .  |
| <b>/maximize [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>          | Maximizes a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>/minimize [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>          | Minimizes a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>/move [SERVER] [WINDOW] X Y</b>          | Moves a subwindow to <b>X</b> (left and right) and <b>Y</b> (up and down) coordinates. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>/msgbox MESSAGE...</b>                   | Displays a messagebox with a short message  |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>only WINDOW...</b>                         | Restricts a script to only executing in <b>WINDOW</b> 's context. Multiple <b>WINDOWS</b> can be specified. Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <b>/play FILENAME</b>                         | Plays a WAV file  |
| <b>/print [WINDOW] TEXT...</b>                | Prints text to a window   |
| <b>/prints [WINDOW] TEXT...</b>               | Prints a system message to a window   |
| <b>/private NICKNAME [MESSAGE]</b>            | Opens a private chat subwindow for <b>NICKNAME</b>  |
| <b>/python [FILENAME]</b>                     | Opens a file in the Python editor; if called without an argument, opens a Python editor window  |
| <b>/reconnect SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b>    | Connects to an IRC server, reconnecting on disconnection  |
| <b>/reconnectssl SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b> | Connects to an IRC server via SSL, reconnecting on disconnection  |
| <b>/rem [TEXT...]</b>                         | Does nothing. Can be used as a target for <b>goto</b>   |
| <b>/resize [SERVER] [WINDOW] WIDTH HEIGHT</b> | Resizes a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>restrict channel server private</b>        | Prevents a script from running if it is not being executed in a <b>channel</b> , <b>server</b> , or <b>private</b> chat window. Up to two window types can be set. Can only be called from scripts. |
| <b>/restore [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>             | Restores a subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.   |
| <b>/s FILENAME [ARGUMENTS]</b>                | A shortcut for the <b>/script</b> command.  |
| <b>/script FILENAME [ARGUMENTS]</b>           | Executes a list of commands in a file. If the script has a file extension of <b>.merk</b> , it may be omitted from <b>FILENAME</b> .  |
| <b>/show [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>                | Shows a subwindow, if hidden; otherwise, shifts focus to that subwindow. <b>SERVER</b> is optional if <b>WINDOW</b> belongs to the same context.  |
| <b>/style [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>               | Opens a window's text style editor.   |
| <b>/unalias TOKEN</b>                         | Deletes the alias referenced by <b>\$TOKEN</b>  |
| <b>/unbind SEQUENCE</b>                       | Removes a bind for key <b>SEQUENCE</b> . To remove all binds, pass <b>*</b> as the argument   |
| <b>/unignore USER</b>                         | Un-hides a <b>USER</b> 's chat in all chat windows. This can be set to a nickname or hostmask. Capitalization is ignored. To un-hide all users, use <b>*</b> as the argument.                       |
| <b>/unmacro NAME</b>                          | Deletes the macro named <b>NAME</b>   |
| <b>usage NUMBER [MESSAGE...]</b>              | Prevents a script from running unless <b>NUMBER</b> or more arguments are passed to it, and displays <b>MESSAGE</b> . Can only be called from scripts   |
| <b>/user [SETTING] [VALUE...]</b>             | Changes a user setting, or searches and displays one or all settings in the user file. Pass <b>*</b> as <b>VALUE</b> to set a setting as blank  |
| <b>wait SECONDS</b>                           | Pauses script execution for <b>SECONDS</b> ; can only be called from scripts  |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>/window [COMMAND] [X] [Y]</b>               | Manipulates the main application window. Valid commands are <b>cascade, fullscreen, hotkey, ignore, install, logs, maximize, minimize, move, next, ontop, plugin, previous, readme, resize, restart, restore, settings, tile,</b> and <b>uninstall</b> . Some of these commands may not be available if certain features are turned off. Call with no arguments to see window information and a list of subwindows. |
| <b>/xconnect SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b>      | Connects to an IRC server & executes connection script  |
| <b>/xconnectssl SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b>   | Connects to an IRC server via SSL & executes connection script  |
| <b>/xreconnect SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b>    | Connects to an IRC server & executes connection script, reconnecting on disconnection   |
| <b>/xreconnectssl SERVER [PORT] [PASSWORD]</b> | Connects to an IRC server via SSL & executes connection script, reconnecting on disconnection   |

## Script-Only Commands

These commands can only be called from scripts. Attempts to use them in the text input widget will fail and show an error.

| Command                                     | Description   |
|---|---|
| <b>context WINDOW_NAME</b>                  | Moves execution of the script to <b>WINDOW_NAME</b> ; can only be called from scripts   |
| <b>end</b>                                  | Immediately ends a script. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>exclude WINDOW...</b>                    | Prevents a script from executing in <b>WINDOW</b> 's context. Multiple <b>WINDOWS</b> can be specified. Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <b>if VALUE1 OPERATOR VALUE2 COMMAND...</b> | Executes <b>COMMAND</b> if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are true, depending on <b>OPERATOR</b> . Valid <b>OPERATORS</b> are <b>(is)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are equal), <b>(not)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are not equal), <b>(in)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is contained in <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(gt)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is a greater number than <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(lt)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> is a lesser number than <b>VALUE2</b> ), <b>(ne)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are numbers and are not equal), and <b>(eq)</b> (result is true if <b>VALUE1</b> and <b>VALUE2</b> are numbers and are equal). Can only be called from scripts. |
| <b>goto LINE_NUMBER</b>                     | Moves execution of the script to <b>LINE_NUMBER</b> . The only script-only command that can be issued from an <b>if</b> command. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>halt [MESSAGE...]</b>                    | Halts a script's execution, and displays an error <b>MESSAGE</b> with line number and file name. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>insert FILE [FILE...]</b>                | Inserts the contents of <b>FILE</b> into the script. <b>FILE</b> should be a MERK script. If a filename contains spaces, put it in quotation marks. Multiple files can be passed as arguments. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>only WINDOW...</b>                       | Restricts a script to only executing in <b>WINDOW</b> 's context. Multiple <b>WINDOWS</b> can be specified. Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <b>restrict channel server private</b>      | Prevents a script from running if it is not being executed in a <b>channel</b> , <b>server</b> , or <b>private</b> chat window. Up to two window types can be set. Can only be called from scripts.   |
| <b>usage NUMBER [MESSAGE...]</b>            | Prevents a script from running unless <b>NUMBER</b> or more arguments are passed to it, displaying <b>MESSAGE</b> . Can only be called from scripts.  |
| <b>wait SECONDS</b>                         | Pauses script execution for <b>SECONDS</b> ; can only be called from scripts  |

## Context-less Commands

These commands can be called without specifying the channel, chat, or window they are for. They will run in the current context. Commands with a gray background are IRC specific commands.

| Command                         | Description  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <b>/clear</b>                   | Clears the current window's chat display   |
| <b>/close</b>                   | Closes the current subwindow   |
| <b>/focus</b>                   | Sets focus on the current subwindow  |
| <b>/hide</b>                    | Hides the current subwindow  |
| <b>/invite NICKNAME</b>         | Sends a channel invitation to the current channel  |
| <b>/kick NICKNAME [MESSAGE]</b> | Kicks a user from the channel  |
| <b>/maximize</b>                | Maximizes the current subwindow  |
| <b>/me MESSAGE...</b>           | Sends a CTCP action message to the current chat  |
| <b>/minimize</b>                | Minimizes the current subwindow  |
| <b>/mode MODE...</b>            | Sets a mode on the current channel   |
| <b>/move X Y</b>                | Moves the current subwindow to <b>X</b> (left and right) and <b>Y</b> (up and down) coordinates. |
| <b>/part [MESSAGE]</b>          | Leaves the channel   |
| <b>/print TEXT...</b>           | Prints text to the current window  |
| <b>/prints TEXT...</b>          | Prints a system message to the current window  |
| <b>/resize WIDTH HEIGHT</b>     | Resizes the current subwindow  |
| <b>/restore</b>                 | Restores the current subwindow   |
| <b>/show</b>                    | Shows the current subwindow, if hidden   |
| <b>/style [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b> | Opens a window's text style editor.  |
| <b>/topic NEW_TOPIC</b>         | Sets the current channel's topic   |

## ***Subwindow and Window Management Commands***

These commands are used to manipulate both the main application window, and the subwindows it contains. For all of these commands except for **/window**, if the **SERVER** and **WINDOW** arguments are left out, the command will be enacted on the subwindow the command was entered in.

| <b>Command</b>                                | <b>Description</b>   |
|---|--|
| <b>/close [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>               | Closes a subwindow   |
| <b>/focus [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>               | Sets focus on a subwindow  |
| <b>/hide [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>                | Hides a subwindow  |
| <b>/maximize [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>            | Maximizes a window   |
| <b>/minimize [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>            | Minimizes a window   |
| <b>/move [SERVER] [WINDOW] X Y</b>            | Moves a subwindow to <b>X</b> (left and right) and <b>Y</b> (up and down) coordinates.   |
| <b>/resize [SERVER] [WINDOW] WIDTH HEIGHT</b> | Resizes a subwindow  |
| <b>/restore [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>             | Restores a window  |
| <b>/show [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>                | Shows a subwindow, if hidden   |
| <b>/window [COMMAND] [X] [Y]</b>              | Manipulates the main application window. Valid commands are <b>cascade</b> , <b>fullscreen</b> , <b>hotkey</b> , <b>ignore</b> , <b>install</b> , <b>logs</b> , <b>maximize</b> , <b>minimize</b> , <b>move</b> , <b>next</b> , <b>ontop</b> , <b>plugin</b> , <b>previous</b> , <b>readme</b> , <b>resize</b> , <b>restart</b> , <b>restore</b> , <b>settings</b> , <b>tile</b> , and <b>uninstall</b> . Some of these commands may not be available if certain features are turned off. Call with no arguments to see window information and a list of subwindows. |

## Additional Command Help

- **wait** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **context** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **end** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **usage** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **restrict** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **insert** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **only** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **exclude** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **if** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **goto** – *Can only be called from scripts*
- **halt** – *Can only be called from scripts*

Most commands can be issued in both the text input widget and scripts. There are eleven commands, however, that can *only* be issued in scripts: **wait**, **context**, **usage**, **restrict**, **insert**, **only**, **exclude**, **if**, **goto**, **halt**, and **end**. These eleven commands *cannot* be used in the text input widget.

Most commands require a context to be executed in (see [Context](#)). Commands that can be [issued without explicitly specifying a context](#) are **/clear**, **/invite**, **/kick**, **/me**, **/mode**, **/part**, **/topic**, **/maximize**, **/minimize**, **/hide**, **/show**, **/close**, **/print**, **/prints**, **/resize**, **/move**, **/focus**, and **/restore**; they will be executed in whatever the current context is, and may not function correctly if the current context does not support that command (for example, calling **/invite** from a [server window](#)). The only exception is **/me**: if called from the text input widget of a [channel](#) or [private chat](#) window, it will send a CTCP action to the current window, using *all* arguments as the text to send in the message. If **/me** is called from a [server](#) window, the first argument specifies the channel or private chat to send the CTCP message to. For example, to send a CTCP message containing "is using MERK" to the **#merk** channel, you could call **/me #merk is using MERK** from a server window. When calling **/me** from a script, *the command will always send to the current chat if running in a [channel](#) or [private chat](#) window, and must specify the context if running in a [server](#) window.* If a context is specified as the first argument to **/me**, and the command is executed in a [channel](#) or [private chat](#) window, the specified context will be sent as part of the CTCP action message.

The [goto command](#) cannot be used to "jump" to a line that contains any script-only command other than **end**. If the "jumped to" line contains *any* script-only command besides **end**, the script will display an error and end execution. Use the [/rem command](#) for a target line that "does nothing".

The [/call command](#) can be used to call one (or more) Python methods in [plugins](#). This allows for users to write complex commands in Python.



Most commands that require a numerical argument require an integer; that is, a whole or natural number<sup>6</sup>. Several commands can take floating-point numbers<sup>7</sup> as arguments, allowing for fractional numbers: **if**, **wait**, **/delay**, and **/exit**. As most of these commands' numerical arguments relate to the amount of time to "pause" a command or script's execution, floating-point numbers allow these commands to "pause" for time periods of less than a second. For example, to "pause" a script for 500 milliseconds, or one half of a second:

```
wait 0.5
```

To convert milliseconds into seconds, divide the number of milliseconds by 1000 to determine the number of seconds. 1 millisecond is 0.001 seconds, 2ms is 0.002 seconds, and so on.

---

<sup>6</sup> ...Natural numbers are the numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, and so on. [Wikipedia](#)

<sup>7</sup> [Wikipedia article on floating-point arithmetic](#)

## **/bind and /unbind**

The **/bind** command allows users to create their own hotkeys for MERK. The first argument to **/bind** should be the key sequence that triggers the hotkey; it should contain no spaces. Valid key signifiers include "Ctrl" (for the control key), "Shift" (for the shift key), "Alt" (for the alt key), and "Meta" (for the meta key). For example, the sequence "Ctrl+M" will trigger if the control key and the letter "M" are pressed at the same time. Capitalization does not matter (so "Ctrl+M" is the same bind as "ctrl+m" or "Ctrl+m").

All other arguments after the first are the command to execute when the key sequence is pressed. The command will be executed in the [context](#) of whatever window is active when the sequence is pressed. So, to print the words "Hello world" to the current window with the control key and the letter "H" are pressed, you could use:

```
/bind Ctrl+H /print Hello world
```

Only a single command can be assigned to a bind; if the desired action is complex or contains more than one command, use the **/script** command.

Commands triggered by a bound hotkey are treated *exactly* as if the command was typed into the window's text input widget and the return key was pressed. That means that they can execute any command that can be entered into the text input widget, and can *not* use any script-only commands. If the bound command does not contain any actual command, the hotkey will not do anything, and an error message is displayed. Any [built-in aliases](#) in the command will reference the [context](#) of the window the command is being executed in. Hotkeys only work on active subwindows. If no subwindows are open, *hotkeys will not work*.

For an example, let's create a bind that sends a greeting to the current window. It will use a built-in alias to send a message to the current channel or private chat. First, we'll create our script:

```
restrict channel private  
/msg $_WINDOW Hello!
```

Save this script to a file named **hello.merk** in your "scripts" directory. Now that we have our script, we'll create our bind:

```
/bind Ctrl+H /script hello
```

Now, no matter what channel or private chat MERK is in, every time the control key is pressed at the same time as the "H" key is pressed, the message "Hello!" will be sent to the current chat. If a server window is active when the key sequence is pressed, an error will be shown.

Only one bind for a given sequence can be active at a time. For example, if there is a bind for the "Ctrl+H" sequence, creating another bind for "Ctrl+H" will display an error.

Be aware that this command can "overwrite" default hotkeys, like "Ctrl+C" for copy and "Ctrl+V" for paste, and MERK will not prevent this. Some hotkeys can not be overwritten, and the bind will not work. If a set hotkey doesn't seem to work, try a different key sequence.

To remove an existing bind, use the `/unbind` command. Pass the key sequence of the bind to remove as the first argument; just like with the `/bind` command, capitalization doesn't matter, and the sequence should not contain spaces.

To remove all created hotkey binds, pass `*` as the only argument to `/unbind`.

To see a list of all the binds currently in effect, call `/bind` without any arguments.

Binds can also be set with MERK's GUI. To bind or remove a hotkey, or save hotkeys to the configuration file, or save all current hotkeys to the configuration file, use the [hotkey manager](#).

## `/call`

The `/call` command is used to call Python methods in plugins. The first argument should be the name of the method, and all other arguments are [tokenized like the arguments to the `/script` command](#). Executing `/call` is [blocking](#); unless the code in the method executes in another thread, MERK will halt until execution of the method is complete. For more information on how to write and use these methods, see [Writing Methods for `/call`](#).

## `/config`

The `/config` command allows users to edit the main MERK configuration file, `settings.json`, from within the client. **Warning!** It is possible to break or otherwise "mess up" MERK's configuration with this command. If this occurs, see [Resetting MERK to Default Settings](#) to undo the damage.

If called with no arguments, `/config` will list all the settings that can be edited with the command. To search settings, pass search terms to the command as an argument. For example, to search all settings that have the word "windowbar" in them, you could execute `/config windowbar`; this will print a list of all the settings that match the search term:



```
Found 18 config settings containing "windowbar"
[07:41:03] + 1) windowbar_unread_message_animation_length = "1000" (integer)
[07:41:03] + 2) windowbar_show_unread_messages = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 3) windowbar_include_log_manager = "False" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 4) windowbar_bold_on_hover = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 5) windowbar_underline_active_window = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 6) windowbar_include_channel_lists = "False" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 7) show_windowbar = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 8) windowbar_on_top = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 9) windowbar_include_servers = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 10) windowbar_justify = "center" (string)
[07:41:03] + 11) windowbar_can_float = "False" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 12) windowbar_show_icons = "False" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 13) windowbar_doubleclick_to_maximize = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 14) windowbar_include_editors = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 15) always_show_current_first_in_windowbar = "False" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 16) show_windowbar_context_menu = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 17) windowbar_include_channels = "True" (boolean)
[07:41:03] + 18) windowbar_include_private = "True" (boolean)
.....
End 18 config search results
```

Each listing contains the name of the setting, what the setting's value currently is, and what type of variable the setting is. To change a setting, pass the name of the setting as the first argument to **/config**, followed by the new setting value. The new value will be checked to make sure it's valid, and if so, stored as the new setting's value. For example, to change the **show\_windowbar** setting to "False", you could execute:

```
/config show_windowbar false
```

If a setting's value is a string, all arguments after the setting will be assumed to be part of the new value. For example, if using **/config** to change the default "away" message to "I'm busy right now!", you could execute:

```
/config away_message I'm busy right now!
```

Values are sanity checked<sup>8</sup> to make sure that they are the correct type. For example, if a value is intended to be a boolean (a "true" or "false" value), **/config** will not allow that setting to be set to an integer or a string.

**/config** can also be used to import and export configuration files. To export the current configuration file, pass **export** as the first argument to **/config**, followed by the filename to export the configuration to; if no filename is passed, the user will be prompted for a filename. To import a configuration file, pass **import** as the first argument to **/config**, followed by the filename of the configuration file to import; if no filename is passed, the user will be prompted for a file to import. After importing a configuration file, MERK should be restarted as soon as possible.

Not all settings can be edited with the **/config** command. The internal custom dictionary for the spellchecker, hotkeys, the application font, the "ignore" list, and the option to save *all* messages to the log cannot be edited with this command, due to the possibility of breaking MERK with badly formatted data. Most of these settings can be changed with the [settings dialog](#), [hotkey manager](#), or [ignore manager](#) dialogs. These settings will not be searchable or settable with **/config**, nor can they be viewed with **/config**.

A full list of all settings that can be changed with **/config**, along with their default values, can be found [at the end of this document](#).

**MERK should be restarted after changing settings with /config. Although many settings are applied instantly, some settings will only be applied after restarting. MERK can be restarted from scripts or as a command with /window restart.**

---

<sup>8</sup> ...a simple check to see if the produced material is rational (that the material's creator was thinking rationally, applying sanity). [Wikipedia](#)

## **/connect, /connectssl, /xconnect, and xconnectssl**

These commands are used to connect MERK to IRC servers:

- **/connect** connects to an IRC server, and does *not* execute any existing connection scripts
- **/connectssl** connects to an IRC server via SSL/TLS, and does *not* execute any existing connection scripts
- **/xconnect** connects to an IRC server, and executes any existing connection scripts
- **/xconnectssl** connects to an IRC server via SSL/TLS, and executes any existing connection scripts

Pass the hostname or IP address of the server as the first argument to these commands, and the port number to connect to as the second argument. These commands can be issued from the text input widget or from scripts. Please see [Connecting to Servers](#) for an example connection script that uses these commands. Call any of these commands without arguments to open the connection dialog.

These commands will not automatically reconnect on disconnection. To ensure that MERK reconnects to the server on disconnection, add **re** before connect in all of these commands:

- **/reconnect** connects to an IRC server, and does *not* execute any existing connection scripts, automatically reconnecting on disconnection
- **/reconnectssl** connects to an IRC server via SSL/TLS, and does *not* execute any existing connection scripts, automatically reconnecting on disconnection
- **/xreconnect** connects to an IRC server, and executes any existing connection scripts, automatically reconnecting on disconnection
- **/xreconnectssl** connects to an IRC server via SSL/TLS, and executes any existing connection scripts, automatically reconnecting on disconnection

## **/delay**

The **/delay** command is used to delay a command's execution for a set amount of time. Pass the number of seconds to delay the execution of the command as the first argument, and all other arguments will be used as the command to execute. The command to be executed with **/delay** cannot contain any script-only commands, *even in scripts*. The command will fail with a "no command found" error. For example, to wait 5 minutes (which is 300 seconds) before changing your nick to **merk\_user**, you could use:

```
/delay 300 /nick merk_user
```

## goto

The **goto** command is extremely powerful, and allows a script to "jump" from one line to another line; that is, it can change the sequence of execution of a script. Using the **insert** command can alter the line count of a script, so **goto** should not be used in scripts that use **insert**. Instead, if your script has the **insert** command, execute scripts with **goto** using the **/script** command.

**goto** cannot be used to "jump" to a line that contains a script-only command other than **end**. If **goto** is used in this way, an error will be raised, and script execution will halt. The [/rem command](#) can be used as a target, as the command is not a script-only command, and does nothing.

Using **goto** is easy: pass the line number you wish to "jump" to as the only argument. Execution of the script will immediately move to the desired line. For example:

```
1 /print This is the beginning of the script!
2 goto 4
3 /print This line will never be executed.
4 /print This line will ALWAYS be executed!
5 end
```

This script:

1. Prints "This is the beginning of the script!" to the current window
2. "Jumps" immediately to line 4
3. Prints "This line will ALWAYS be executed!" to the current window, which is the result of the command on line 4.
4. End the script.

With the **goto** command in place, line 3 will never be executed, as the **goto** command skips right over it.

**goto** is the only script-only command that can be called from an **if** command; all other script-only commands are forbidden, and will display an error.

**WARNING!** There are no protections in place preventing a script from entering an infinite loop<sup>9</sup>. **goto** can lock up or crash MERK.

Please use **goto** carefully and sparingly.

---

<sup>9</sup> ...An infinite loop (or endless loop) is a sequence of instructions that, as written, will continue endlessly, unless an external intervention occurs, such as turning off power via a switch or pulling a plug. [Wikipedia](#)

## if

The **if** command allows MERK scripts to have a small amount of flow control<sup>10</sup>. It compares two values, and if the values' comparison is true, executes a command. The entity that sets how the comparison works is called the **operator**. MERK has seven operators:

| Operator     | Description   |
|--------------|---|
| <b>(is)</b>  | True if the first value is equal to the second value. Values are treated as strings, and are case in-sensitive.   |
| <b>(not)</b> | True if the first value is <i>not</i> equal to the second value. Values are treated as strings, and are case in-sensitive.  |
| <b>(in)</b>  | True if the first value is contained in the second value; for example, <b>o (in) pop</b> evaluates to true because "pop" has "o" in it. Values are treated as strings, and are case in-sensitive. |
| <b>(lt)</b>  | True if the both values are numbers, and the first value is less than the second value. If either value is not a number, an error is displayed and script execution stops.                        |
| <b>(gt)</b>  | True if both values are numbers, and the first value is greater than the second value. If either value is not a number, an error is displayed and script execution stops.                         |
| <b>(eq)</b>  | True if both values are numbers, and the first value is equal to the second value. If either value is not a number, an error is displayed and script execution stops.                             |
| <b>(ne)</b>  | True if both values are numbers, and the first value is not equal to the second value. If either value is not a number, an error is displayed and script execution stops.                         |

The first value is passed as the first argument, followed by the **OPERATOR**, followed by the second value. All other arguments should contain the command to execute if the comparison is true. **if** can execute almost any command available, with one major exception: **if cannot execute any script-only command other than goto**. Any attempt to use **if** to execute a script-only command besides **goto** will result in a "Line contains no command" error, and script execution will be halted. Remember, **goto** cannot be used to "jump" to a line with any script-only command other than **end**.

Values are tokenized like [script arguments](#); values can have whitespace in them as long as they are contained in quotes. Values can also be mathematical statements, which are evaluated before comparing with the **if** statement's operator. For example, let's assume that you have a number stored in an alias named **mynum**, and you want to determine if that number is even or odd:

```
1 if "$mynum % 2" (eq) 0 goto 4
2 /print $mynum is odd
3 end
4 /print $mynum is even
5 end
```

---

<sup>10</sup> ...Control flow (or flow of control) describes how execution progresses from one command to the next.  
[Wikipedia](#)

## /ignore

The **/ignore** command hides chat from a given nickname or user. However, messages from an **/ignored** user are still received and logged, they are just not displayed. That user's chat is hidden from *all* chat displays, no matter what server they are on. You can pass a nickname (which will hide all chat from any user with that nickname) or a hostmask (which will hide chat from only users with that hostmask) to the **/ignore** command. The **/ignore** list is saved to the configuration file, and will be applied universally until the user is **/unignored**. The **/ignore** list *cannot* be edited by the **/config** command; the only way to unignore a user is either through the right click user list menu, the **/unignore** command, or the ignore list manager.

The **/ignore** command can also be used with wildcards. Use **\*** to substitute for any number of characters, and **?** to substitute for a single character. Users **/ignored** in this way *must* be **/unignored** with the **/unignore** command, or the ignore manager. Right clicking on an ignored user in the user list will not give an option to unignore the user. To show the user's messages again, either call **/unignore** with the specific entry used to ignore them as an argument (so, **/unignore \*annoying.com\*** in the example above), call **/unignore \*** to clear the ignore list, or remove the entry from the ignore list with the ignore manager.

Call **/ignore** with no arguments to see the ignored user list in full. Attempting to add an entry to the ignore list that already exists will result in an error.

Entries in the ignore list can be added, removed, or edited with the GUI [Ignore Manager](#), by selecting "Ignores" in the "Tools" menu.

## insert

The **insert** script-only command reads in the contents of any file passed as an argument to it, and "inserts" it into the script where it is called. Any built-in aliases (see [Built-In Aliases](#)) in the inserted script will reference the script being executed, not the script being **inserted**, including any arguments passed to the calling script. For example, assume you have a script named **stuff.merk**, and it contains:

```
/print Hello from $_SCRIPT!
```

In another script, we use the **insert** command to insert this file into the script **test.merk**:

```
/print This is my main script!
insert stuff.merk
/print And now my script is complete!
```



Once processed, the script that will be executed will look like:

```
/print This is my main script!  
/print Hello from test.merk!  
/print And now my script is complete!
```

The **insert** command can be used to insert multiple files into a script; pass each file's name as a separate argument to **insert**, or issue **insert** multiple times. Arguments passed to the **insert** command are tokenized like [script arguments](#), so filenames with spaces in them can be passed to **insert**, as long as they are contained in quotation marks.

**inserted** files may contain **insert** as well, up to a maximum "depth" of 10 files. That is, a file can **insert** a file that calls **insert**, which can **insert** call a file that calls **insert**, which can **insert** a file that calls **insert**, which can **insert** a file that calls **insert**, and so on, up to a maximum of 10 "layers" of files that call **insert**. Changing this behavior is only possible by [using the /config command](#) on the **maximum\_insert\_file\_depth** setting, or by editing **settings.json** directly with a text editor.

Using the **insert** command can alter the line count of a script, and thus the **goto** command should not be used in an **inserted** script, or in a script that uses **insert**.

## **/macro and /unmacro**

The **/macro** command allows users to create their own "commands"; it creates a named command, just like MERK's other commands, that executes a script, passing any arguments to the script. Arguments to the **/macro** command are tokenized like [arguments passed to scripts](#), so if you have an argument that contains whitespace in it, contain it in quotes. Macro names, much like aliases, cannot contain punctuation (with the exception of the underscore, **\_**). They also cannot have the same name as existing commands.

As an example, we're going to create a macro named **/hello**. First, we'll write the script the macro will execute. Our macro will take one argument, a name, and send a message containing a greeting to that name to the current context. Any and all script commands can be used, including script-only commands:

```
restrict channel private  
usage 1 /hello NAME  
/msg $_WINDOW Hello, $_1!
```

Save this script to a file named **hello.merk** in MERK's "scripts" folder. Now that our script exists, we can create the macro for our command:

```
/macro hello hello.merk
```

Thanks to the **usage** script-only command, if we call our macro with less arguments than we need, the script's usage text will be displayed. And thanks to the **restrict** script-only command, if this macro is called from a server window, the macro will not execute and an error will be displayed.

Arguments to macros are tokenized (and treated) just like [arguments to scripts](#). In the example above, the command **/hello bob** is treated exactly like the command **/script hello.merk bob** was called. If you wanted to send a greeting to a user that contains spaces in the "name" argument, use quotes to contain the argument; for example, to send a greeting to "Bob the Builder", you could use the **/hello** macro like:

```
/hello "Bob the Builder"
```

Macros are not saved by MERK, so they must be recreated every time MERK is started. An easy way to make sure that the macros you use are always available is to create them in your connection scripts.

The **/macro** command can take two optional arguments; these arguments set the text that is displayed in the command list displayed by the **/help** command. The first optional argument sets the usage text (displayed in the left hand column of the **/help** display), and the second optional argument sets the command description (displayed in the right hand column of the **/help** display). To modify the previous example to use the usage and help arguments, we could create the macro with:

```
/macro hello hello.merk "/hello NAME" "Says hello to another user"
```

This adds our usage and help information to the **/help** display:

|                                 |                                    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>/focus [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b> | sets focus on a subwindow          |
| <b>/fullscreen</b>              | Toggles full screen mode           |
| <b>/hello NAME</b>              | Says hello to another user         |
| <b>/help [COMMAND]</b>          | Displays command usage information |
| <b>/hide [SERVER] [WINDOW]</b>  | Hides a subwindow                  |

It is not possible to pass the help text to the **/macro** command without passing the usage text first; while both arguments are optional, and usage text may be passed *without* help text, if help text is desired, usage text *must* be passed as an argument first. If both usage and help text arguments are omitted, the macro is still added to the **/help** display; usage is set to the name of the macro, and the help text is set to "Executes script ", with the name of the script the macro executes.

Macros *cannot* have the same name as existing commands. Macro names must also start with a letter, and not a number or other symbol. Multiple macros *cannot* have the same name; a new macro with the same name as an existing macro will "overwrite" the older macro.

Macros are treated like commands in a lot of respects. If autocomplete for commands is turned on, autocomplete will work for macros. Macros are added to the list of commands that displays when the **/help** is used, and macros will be highlighted just like commands in the text input widget. If scripting is turned off in [settings](#), the **/macro** command will be disabled.

Call **/macro** with no arguments to see a list of currently defined macros.

Macros can be removed after creation with the **/unmacro** command, passing the name of the macro as the first argument. For example, to remove the macro created in the above example, you could use:

```
/unmacro hello
```

## **/print and /prints**

The **/print** command can be used to print text to the current or another window; use the name of the window context as the first argument to print to another window. If this window cannot be found, the text will print to whatever the current window context is. The window specified by the first command must be "connected" to the current context (that is, they share an IRC server connection).

The **/prints** command works exactly the same way, only it prints a "system" message, like the messages emitted by most commands.

Both **/print** and **/prints** can print HTML, and are not written to the log.

```
/rem This will print to the current window
/print Hello world!

/rem This will print to the #merk channel window.
/rem If the client is not in #merk, it will print to the current window.
/print #merk Hello world!

/rem This will print some HTML as a system message
/prints <i>This is in italics!<i><br><u>And this is underlined on a new line!</u>
```

## **/quit and /quitall**

These commands are used to disconnect MERK from an IRC server. The **/quit** command disconnects from the IRC server associated with the [context](#) the command was issued in. It can be issued without an argument, or with a "quit" message as all arguments to the command; this will be used instead of the default "quit" message.

The **/quitall** works exactly the same way as **/quit**, only it will disconnect from *all* servers that MERK is currently connected to.

## **/rem**

The **/rem** command does nothing. It can be used to add "comments" to a script, or as a target for the **goto** command. Since the **goto** command cannot be used to "jump" to a line that contains a script-only command, place a **/rem** command in the line before the desired script-only command, and "jump" to the line with the **/rem** command.

For example, the following code will display an error on line 3 and exit:

```
1 goto 3
2 /print This will never display
3 goto 4
4 /print This will display
```

As line 3, the target the **goto** command "jumps" to in line 1, contains a script-only command (another **goto**), an error will be displayed and the script will exit. To make this script work in exactly the same way (other than updating the target of the second **goto** command), we can use the **/rem** command:

```
1 goto 3
2 /print This will never display
3 /rem This line does nothing
4 goto 5
5 /print This will display
```

## **/resize and /move**

The **/resize** and **/move** commands can be used to resize and move MERK subwindows, respectively.

Much like **/hide** and **/show**, **/resize**'s and **/move**'s first two arguments set what window the command is going to work on. Pass the name of the window as the first argument if the window shares the same context as the window the command is being executed in. If the window belongs to the context of another server, pass the name of the server followed by the window name as the first two arguments.

**/resize** takes two additional arguments: the new width of the subwindow, and the new height of the subwindow. So, to set a subwindow's size to a width of 800 pixels, and a height of 600 pixels, you can use:

```
/resize #merk 800 600
```

**/move** works similarly, and also takes two additional arguments: the new **X** and **Y** values of the subwindow. The **X** value sets where the top left corner of the subwindow will be located from left to right, and the **Y** value sets where the top left corner of the subwindow will be

located from top to bottom. An error will be shown if invalid values are used (like negative numbers, or if it would move the window to where it would no longer be visible).

This example uses the **/move** command to move the subwindow for **#merk** on **tungsten.libera.chat** to a new location 950 pixels to the right, and 500 pixels from the top:

```
/move tungsten.libera.chat #merk 950 500
```

## restrict, only, and exclude

The **restrict** script-only command restricts a script's execution to a specific context. The first argument sets what type of context the script will function in: **server** restricts the script's context to server windows or connection scripts, **channel** restricts the script's context to channel windows, and **private** restricts the script's context to private chat windows. A restricted script will *not* execute in another context, and will show an error. Up to two context types can be passed, so **restrict private channel** would prevent a script from being executed in server windows. So, to restrict a script's execution to chat windows only, you could use:

```
restrict private channel
```

The similar **only** script-only command can be used to restrict a script's execution to specific contexts; for example, specific channels, server windows, or private chats. Pass the name of the window as an argument to the command; an unlimited number of arguments can be passed to the command. For example, to restrict a script's execution to channels named **#merk** or **#merkirc**, you could use:

```
only #merk #merkirc
```

The **exclude** script-only command works just like the **only** command, only it prevents a script from executing in specific contexts. Pass the name of the window as an argument to the command; an unlimited number of arguments can be passed to the command. To prevent a script's execution in any channel named **#merk** or **#merkirc**, you could use:

```
exclude #merk #merkirc
```

## **/show, /hide, /close, and context**

**/show** and **context** command switch contexts programmatically, but in slightly different ways. **/show** will show a window hidden with the **/hide** command, and also move focus to that window; that means that any commands issued without context will now be issued in that window's context. **/hide** simply "hides" a window without closing that window. A hidden window is no longer visible, but will still appear in the [windowbar](#); it is *not* closed, and if the window's context is a channel, the client will still be present in that channel. **/show** will *not* move "focus" to a subwindow, and *cannot* be used to switch context; to switch to a windows context, use the **/focus** command. **/show** and **/hide** can be issued from the text input widget. **context** can only be issued in scripts, and *completely* moves the script's context to the new window.

Both **/hide** and **/show** can take up to two arguments. Pass the **name of the window** to hide or show as the **first argument** if the window shares a context (that is, the same server connection) as the window issuing the command. If the window to be shown or hidden is in another context (a different server connection), pass the **name of the server window** as the **first argument**, followed by the **name of the window** to be shown or hidden as the **second argument**. The IRC server's hostname is normally used for the **name** of the server window, but you can use the address used to connect to the server, or **address:port** to switch to the server window's context. To "select" the server window with one of these commands, use **\*** as the name of the window along with the name of the server.

For the following example, assume that we have two active connections: we are in the channels **#merk** and **#python** on **silver.libera.chat**, and the channels **#qt** and **#merk** on **lawnmower.undernet.org**. Our test script is executed in **#python**'s context, on **silver.libera.chat**:

```
/rem Here, we hide #merk's window in the current context
/hide #merk

/rem Now, we switch context to lawnmower.undernet.org's window
context lawnmower.undernet.org

/rem This shows to #merk, only it's on the UnderNet server,
/rem not the Libera server
/show #merk
```

**/close** works exactly the same as **/show** and **/hide**, only instead of showing or hiding a window, it closes a window. If the window is for a channel, the channel will be left.

You can use the [/window command](#) to see a list of currently available subwindows.

## /user

**/user** works exactly the same way as **/config**, only it edits the user configuration file. For most settings, this just changes default values. However, for **finger** and **userinfo**, this setting changes the values sent when MERK receives a CTCP FINGER or USERINFO request, respectively.

To set a value to a blank string, pass **\*** as the value to set.

Here's some example uses of **/user**:

```
/rem This sets the default nickname
/user nickname new_nickname

/rem This clears the CTCP USERINFO response
/user userinfo *
```

## /window

The **/window** command is used to manipulate the main application window, as well the subwindows "contained" in it. To move the main application window, pass **move** as the first argument to **/window**, followed by the **X** and **Y** values. To resize the window, pass **resize** as the first argument to **/window**, followed by the **width** and **height**:

```
/rem Moves the main application window to the coordinates 200,200
/window move 200 200

/rem Resizes the main window to 1024x768
/window resize 1024 768
```

To maximize, minimize, or restore the main application window, pass **maximize**, **minimize**, or **restore** to **/window** as the only argument, respectively.

**/window** can also be used to open dialogs and other types of subwindows. To open up the README, pass **readme** as the only argument to **/window**. To open up the [settings dialog](#), pass **settings** as the only argument to **/window**. To open the [log manager](#), pass **logs** as the only argument to **/window**. To open the [log manager](#) with only logs from certain targets, pass the name of the IRC network to show only logs from that network as an argument to **/window logs**, or pass a search term to show only logs with that term in the name of the channel or private chat to **/window logs**. You can also use **/window** to open up the [hotkey](#), [ignore](#), and [plugin](#) managers:

```
/rem This opens the README
/window readme

/rem This opens the Settings dialog
/window settings
```

```
/rem This opens the hotkey manager
/window hotkey

/rem This opens the ignore manager
/window ignore

/rem This opens the plugin manager
/window plugin

/rem This opens the log manager
/window logs

/rem This opens the log manager, only showing logs from EFnet
/window logs Efnet

/rem This opens the log manager, only showing channels named "#merk"
/window logs #merk
```

**/window** can also arrange subwindows in common patterns. Call with **cascade** as the only argument to cascade all subwindows, and call with **tile** as the only argument to arrange all subwindows in a tiled pattern. **/window** can also be used to "move" focus to another subwindow. Call with **next** as the only argument to move focus to the "next" subwindow, and call with **previous** as the only argument to move to the "previous" subwindow.

MERK can be restarted, using the same command-line used to start the app, by passing **restart** as the only argument to **/window**.

```
/rem This cascades all subwindows
/window cascade

/rem This tiles all subwindows
/window tile

/rem This moves focus to the "next" subwindow
/window next

/rem This moves focus to the previous subwindow
/window previous

/rem This toggles full-screen mode
/window fullscreen

/rem This toggles "always on top" mode
/window ontop

/rem This restarts MERK with the same command-line used to start it
/window restart
```

The order subwindows are ordered in can be set in the [settings dialog](#), or by changing the **subwindow\_order** setting with the **/config** command. Valid values are **creation** (the default; the order subwindows were created in), **stacking** (the "visual" order the subwindows are in), and **activation** (the order subwindows have been activated in).



The **/window** command can also be used to install and uninstall plugins. Pass **install** as the first argument to **/window**, followed by the ZIP or Python file to install. Pass **uninstall** as the first argument to **/window**, followed by the name of the Python plugin file to uninstall. To see a full list of installed plugins, pass **uninstall** to **/window** without any other arguments.

```
/rem This shows a list of all installed plugin files
/window uninstall

/rem This installs the plugin ZIP file C:\away.zip
/window install C:\away.zip

/rem This installs the plugin Python file /home/user/away.py
/window install /home/user/away.py

/rem This uninstalls the plugin Python file away.py
/window uninstall away.py
```

Plugins installed with the **/window** command will *never* overwrite existing files in the [plugins and scripts directories](#) unless overwriting files on plugin installation is turned on in the [settings dialog](#).

## Scripting MERK

There are two types of scripts in MERK: connection scripts, and all other scripts. Each script runs in its own thread, and no commands are blocking<sup>11</sup>; each command is executed immediately after being issued, without waiting for the command's process to end or resolve.

### Connection Scripts

Connection scripts are the scripts entered into the [connection dialog](#), and are intended to be executed as soon as the client connects to the server. Unlike other scripts, they are stored in the user configuration file, and, outside of connection, can only be executed with the [script editor](#). Connection scripts have the context of the associated server window created when connection begins (see [Context](#) and [Writing Connection Scripts](#)).

### All Other Scripts

All other scripts are, well, *scripts*: a list of commands, one per line, issued in order. Scripts have a context, which is the window that they are called from or executed in. They can be executed in several ways:

- From the **"Run"** button on a server window's toolbar. The script will be executed in the server window's context.
- From the **"Run"** entry in a window's input menu. The text in the text input widget will be replaced with a call to the **/script** command to execute the selected file.
- From the **"Run"** entry in a window's chat display right-click menu. The text in the text input widget will be replaced with a call to the **/script** command to execute the selected file.
- By issuing the **/script** command. The script will be executed in the window that the command was called from's context.
- From the **"Run"** menu in a [script editor](#) window. The user can select which context to run the script in, or optionally select to run the script on *all* windows simultaneously (with each window running that script in the window's context).

When using the **/script** command, scripts are searched for as outlined in [Directories and Configuration Files](#); if the script can be found in this directory search, the path to that script can be omitted. For example, if a script named **example.merk** is in the **/scripts** directory, calling **/script example.merk** will execute that script. If the file extension to the script is **.merk**, then the file extension can be omitted; **/script example** will also execute the script in the previous example.

Scripts can have comments. For single line comments, the **/rem** command can be used; the command does nothing, and any arguments to it are ignored.

---

<sup>11</sup> ... a process that is blocked is waiting for some event, such as a resource becoming available or the completion of an I/O operation. [Wikipedia](#)

## Errors

For the most part, MERK handles script errors in two ways. Errors in most [script-only commands](#) will prevent execution, while errors in other commands will halt the script execution when the error is encountered. If any of the following script-only command errors or conditions are detected, ***the script will not execute at all***:

- Calling **wait** with a non-number argument
- Calling **usage** with the wrong number of arguments
- Calling **usage** with a non-number as the first argument
- Calling **restrict** with the wrong number of arguments
- Calling **restrict** with an argument that is not server, channel, or private
- Calling **only** with no arguments
- Calling **end** with any arguments
- Calling **insert** no arguments
- Calling **insert** with a file that cannot be found, doesn't exist, or can't be read. Errors of this type will *not* display the filename the faulty **insert** call was in.
- Calling **context** with a context that doesn't exist
- Executing a script in a context that is not allowed by **restrict**
- Executing a script in a context that is not allowed by **only**
- Executing a script in a context that is not allowed by **exclude**

Every other command error will display an error message (if script error messages are turned on in [settings](#)), and halt execution of the script. Error messages will be displayed for:

- Lines that do not contain a command
- Lines that start with / and are not followed by a valid command
- Calls to commands with an incorrect number of arguments
- Calls to commands with invalid arguments
- Scripts being executed in the "wrong" context
- Errors in command execution
- Using **goto** to "jump" to a line that contains a script-only command

If an error is encountered, an error message will be displayed. The error message will contain:

- **The name of the file the error is located in.** If the error is in a connection script, the filename displayed will be **SERVER:PORT** for the server's connection script. If the filename is not known or does not exist, the filename will be set to **script**. Errors in calling the **insert** command will *not* contain the filename the error occurred in, only what the erroneous call was. The filename displayed will not contain a path to where that file is located (as, most likely, it will be in [MERK's scripts directory](#)).
- **The line number the error occurred on.** On files that contain the **insert** command, the line number may not be accurate, as the script will include the **inserted** file.
- **A description of the error.**

## Context

A script or command's *context* is a reference to the window the script or command is being executed in. Context is, for the most part, only necessary for scripts; the context for any commands issued by a window's text input widget is the window the command is being issued in.

Some commands can ignore an argument if they are for the current context; for example, when issuing the **/part** command, you can ignore the **CHANNEL** argument if the command is intended to be executed in the current window's context:

```
/rem This leaves the current channel
/part

/rem This invites a user to the current channel
/invite my_friend

/rem This kicks a user from the current channel
/kick my_enemy

/rem This gives a user operator status in the current channel
/mode +o my_friend

/rem This sets the topic in the current channel
/topic Welcome to my channel!
```

Context-less commands should *not* be issued by scripts, as it can get confusing if you run the script in the wrong context. However, if the script is being ran in any window's context, context-less commands are available to the script.

When running a script from a window, either through the server window's toolbar, or the input menu, the script is always ran in that window's context. The [script editor](#) "Run" menu allows you to choose which context to run the script in. If MERK is connected to more than one server, and in more than one channel or private chat on each server, the "Run" menu will give options to run the script in all of each context; for example, you can run a script in all connected channels.



An example "Run" menu from the [script editor](#). The client is connected to a server on **localhost:6667**, and is in the channel **#merk** while having a private chat with **other\_user**. Each selection will run the script in the specified context.

A window's context is "connected" to any other window contexts that share the same network stream. Commands issued from the text input widget in server or chat windows can only effect other windows that share the same server connection. This is called a "shared context".

For example, let's assume that MERK is connected to two servers, **irc.example.com** and **irc.other.net**. On **irc.example.com**, MERK is connected to two channels, **#merk** and **#python**. On **irc.other.net**, MERK is connected to the channel **#qt**. In this example, **#merk** and **#python** have a shared context, while **#qt** doesn't have a shared context with the other two window. Commands issued in **#qt** will not be able to have an effect on **#merk** or **#python**, and vice versa.

Scripts can use the **context** command to "move" the script to another context. The **context** command will search for all windows, no matter what context. The order **context** looks for windows is:

1. Windows that have a shared context with the context the script was executed in.
2. Windows from all contexts.
3. Server windows.

**context** will move to the *first* window it finds with the name passed to it. If you are in multiple channels with the same name, this may be problematic.

If a script is intended to only be ran in a specific type of context, the **restrict** command can be used, in one of three ways:

- **restrict server** – The script will only run in server windows or connection scripts
- **restrict channel** – The script will only run in channel windows
- **restrict private** – The script will only run in private chat windows

A script that has been "restricted" will *only* run in the context specified, and will not execute and show an error if it is ran in another context. Up to two contexts can be passed to **restrict**. For example, to make sure that a script is ran *only* in chat windows, use **restrict channel private**.

Outside of scripts, it *is* possible to "move" to another window's context via commands. The [/show command](#) can move to the context of any other window, as can the **/focus** command.

## Aliases

Aliases are tokens that can be created to insert specific strings into your input in the client (if the "Interpolate aliases into input" setting is turned on, which is the default) or into your scripts. They function kind of like variables<sup>12</sup> do in programming languages. As an example, let's create an alias named 'GREETING', and set it to the value 'Hello world!':

```
/alias GREETING Hello world!
```

Now, if you want to insert the string "Hello world!" into a command or any output, you can use the alias interpolation symbol, which is **\$** by default, followed by the alias's name, to insert your alias into the command or output:

```
/msg #mychannel $GREETING
```

This sends a message to **#mychannel** that says "Hello world!" to everyone in the channel!

Alias names *must* start with a letter, and not a number or other symbol. This is to prevent overwriting built-in aliases created for each window's context (see [Built-In Aliases](#)). Alias names also cannot contain punctuation, except for underscores.

To create an alias, use the **/alias** command. To see a list of all aliases set for the current window, issue the **/alias** command with no arguments. To delete an alias, issue the **/unalias** command.

Aliases can also be used as macros, and can contain an entire command. For example, let's say that you like to issue a greeting to everyone that enters a channel, but typing **/msg #mychannel Hello, and welcome!** is a pain to type every time someone joins, you could create this alias:

```
/alias GREETING /msg $_WINDOW Hello, and welcome!
```

Now, whenever someone joins your channel, just type **\$GREETING** into the text input widget to send your message! The above example uses a built-in alias, which is explained in **Built-In Aliases**.

All aliases are *global* in scope; that is, they are available to all and every script executed on the client after they are created. They can also be changed by any script or command. Aliases created by connection scripts will be available and visible to any scripts executed after the connection script (including other connection scripts). Any script can also delete an alias with the **/unalias** command.

Built-in aliases cannot be deleted with the **/unalias** command. The client will display an error that says the alias doesn't exist if attempted.

---

<sup>12</sup> [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variable\\_\(computer\\_science\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variable_(computer_science))

## Built-In Aliases

Each window has a number of aliases for use that are built-in to the window's context, and do not require the user to create them. Built-in alias names start with an underscore (\_) and are all uppercase. Some built-in aliases (see [Script Arguments](#)) are only created in certain circumstances; these have a gray background.

| Alias              | Value  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>_0, _1, ...</b> | Any arguments that have been passed to the currently running script; the first argument will be set to <b>\$_1</b> , the second argument will be set to <b>\$_2</b> , and so on. <b>\$_0</b> will contain all arguments, separated by spaces; if no arguments have been passed, <b>\$_0</b> will be set to <b>none</b> . |
| <b>_ARGS</b>       | The number of arguments passed to a script. If no arguments have been passed to the script, this will be set to <b>0</b> .   |
| <b>_CLIENT</b>     | The name of the IRC client, MERK.  |
| <b>_CONNECTION</b> | If the connection type of the server the window is connected to; if connected via SSL/TLS, this will be set to <b>SSL/TLS</b> , otherwise it will be set to <b>TCP/IP</b> .  |
| <b>_COUNT</b>      | The number of users in the current channel. For server and private chat windows, this will be set to <b>0</b> .  |
| <b>_CUPTIME</b>    | The number of seconds that MERK has been running.  |
| <b>_HOST</b>       | The reported hostname of the server the window is connected to; if that is not known, then this will be set to the server's address, a colon, and the server's port.   |
| <b>_DATE</b>       | The current date, in "MM/DD/YYYY" format.  |
| <b>_DAY</b>        | The current day of the week.   |
| <b>_DLOGS</b>      | The directory MERK is storing logs in.   |
| <b>_DPLUGINS</b>   | The directory MERK is using to store and load plugins.   |
| <b>_DSCRIPTS</b>   | The directory MERK is using to store and load scripts.   |
| <b>_DSETTINGS</b>  | The directory MERK is using to store settings.   |
| <b>_DSTYLES</b>    | The directory MERK is using to store text style files.   |
| <b>_EDATE</b>      | The current date, in "DD/MM/YYYY" format.  |
| <b>_EPOCH</b>      | The current time in UNIX epoch format.   |
| <b>_FILE</b>       | The full filename of the currently running script. If called from an <b>/inserted</b> file, this will contain the name of the script being executed, not the <b>/inserted</b> file. If the current script does not have a filename, this will be set to <b>script</b> .  |
| <b>_HCHANNELS</b>  | The number of hidden channels on the server the window is connected to. If this is not known, this will be set to <b>0</b> .   |
| <b>_MODE</b>       | Any modes set on the user associated with the window. If no modes are set, this will be set to <b>none</b> .   |
| <b>_MONTH</b>      | The name of the current month.   |
| <b>_NETWORK</b>    | The network the server the window is connected to is on; if this is not known, this will be set to <b>unknown</b> .  |
| <b>_NICKNAME</b>   | The user's current nickname.   |
| <b>_ORDINAL</b>    | The current day of the month.  |
| <b>_PORT</b>       | The port on the server the window is connected to.   |

| Alias             | Value   |
|-------------------|---|
| <b>_PRESENT</b>   | If the window the alias is being used in is a channel window, this will contain a list of users in that channel, separated by commas. If there are no users in the channel, or if this is used in a non-channel context, this will be set to <b>none</b> .  |
| <b>_REALNAME</b>  | The user's realname, as set in user settings.   |
| <b>_RELEASE</b>   | The URL for the current latest release of MERK, as known at the release of the running version.   |
| <b>_RVERSION</b>  | The current release version of MERK, as known at the release of the running version.  |
| <b>_SCHANNELS</b> | The number of visible channels on the server the window is connected to. If this is not known, this will be set to <b>0</b> .   |
| <b>_SCOUNT</b>    | The number of visible users on the server the window is connected to. If this is not known, this will be set to <b>0</b> .  |
| <b>_SCRIPT</b>    | The name of the file, without the full path, of the currently running script. Only present in scripts that have been executed with the <b>/script</b> command. If called from an <b>/inserted</b> file, this will contain the name of the script being executed, not the <b>/inserted</b> file. If the current script does not have a filename, this will be set to <b>script</b> . |
| <b>_SERVER</b>    | The server the window is connected to; this will be the address used to connect to the server, not the server's reported hostname.  |
| <b>_SOFTWARE</b>  | The server software the server the window is connected to is using. If this is not known, this will be set to <b>unknown</b> .  |
| <b>_SOURCE</b>    | The URL to MERK's source code.  |
| <b>_STAMP</b>     | The current time, following the format setting for timestamps.  |
| <b>_STATUS</b>    | If the window is associated with a channel, this will contain the window's channel status ( <b>operator</b> , <b>voiced</b> , etc.); otherwise, this will be set to <b>normal</b> .   |
| <b>_SUPTIME</b>   | How long, in seconds, the client has been connected to the server associated with the current window.   |
| <b>_TIME</b>      | The current time, in 24-hour format.  |
| <b>_TOPIC</b>     | If the window the alias is being used in is a channel window, this will contain the channel's topic, if there is one. If the channel does not have a topic, or if the window is not a channel, this will be set to <b>No topic</b> .  |
| <b>_UPTIME</b>    | How long the window the script is being ran in has been connected or has been in use, in seconds.   |
| <b>_VERSION</b>   | The current version of MERK in use.   |
| <b>_USERNAME</b>  | The user's username, as set in user settings.   |
| <b>_WINDOW</b>    | The name of the window the script is being used in.   |
| <b>_WTYPE</b>     | The type of window the alias is being used in; either <b>server</b> for server windows, <b>channel</b> for channel windows, or <b>private</b> for private chat windows.   |
| <b>_YEAR</b>      | The current year.   |

Built-in aliases can be very useful in scripts, where the script may not "know" what [context](#) it is running in:

```

/rem This sends a message to the current channel
/msg $_WINDOW Hello, everybody! My name is $_NICKNAME

/rem This sets the current channel's topic
/topic $_WINDOW We've been around for $_UPTIME seconds!

```



## Script Arguments

Arguments can be passed to a script with the **/script** command; just pass them as arguments to the command following the script file name. The **/script** command is the *only* way to pass arguments to a script.

Script arguments are tokenized<sup>13</sup> differently than arguments for commands. In arguments for most commands, arguments are considered to consist of either a single word, with no spaces, or a number of words separated by spaces. A channel name, for example, or a nickname may be an argument; the **/msg** command looks for a channel or nickname as the first argument, with all other arguments being the message to be sent. Arguments to scripts can contain spaces, and the number of arguments is important. To use an argument with spaces in it, contain the argument with quotation marks.

```
/rem This calls a script with a single argument
/script myscript.merk "Hello, world!"

/rem Here are multiple arguments, with spaces in each
/script test.merk "First argument!" "Second argument!" "And third!"
```

To access these arguments, a built-in alias is created for each one, and another is created for all arguments. Each built-in alias is named with the number of the argument: **\$\_1** for the first argument, **\$\_2** for the second, **\$\_3** for the third, and so on. The built-in alias **\$\_0** contains all arguments passed to the script, joined by single spaces; if no arguments have been passed to the script, **\$\_0** will contain the string **none**.

To make sure your script is called with the right number of arguments, use the **usage** command. As the first argument to **usage**, pass the number of arguments your script requires. All arguments after this first will be displayed as the error message if your script is called with an improper number of arguments.

As an example, let's write a script that sends a greeting to someone in the current chat. Our script will require a single argument, a name. When executed with the right number of arguments, it will send the greeting to chat, and if executed with too few arguments, will tell the user how to use the script. Open the [script editor](#), and paste the following code into it, saving the file as **greet.merk**.

```
/rem This script requires a single argument.
/rem If none or more than one argument is passed,
/rem display script usage information.
usage 1 Usage: /script $_SCRIPT NAME

/msg $_WINDOW Hello there, $_1! Nice to see you!
```

---

13 [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lexical\\_analysis#Tokenization](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lexical_analysis#Tokenization)

Let's execute our script! In the text input widget, type the following and hit enter:

```
/script greet other_user
```

Our greeting is sent to the current chat:

```
wraithnix Hello there, other_user! Nice to see you!
```

If we executed our script with no arguments, an error message is displayed:

```
Usage: /script greet.merk NAME
```

Connection scripts are *never* called with any arguments. Scripts executed by any way other than the **/script** command are *never* called with any arguments.

Several built-in aliases are created for scripts. **\$\_FILE** contains the full filename of the script (including path) being called, **\$\_SCRIPT** contains the filename of the script without the path, and **\$\_ARGS** contains the number of arguments the script was called with. The example above has a use of the **\$\_SCRIPT** built-in alias. If a script is executed from the [script editor](#) (and thus doesn't have a filename), both **\$\_FILE** and **\$\_SCRIPT** will be set to **script**.

Scripts executed with the "Run" menu in the editor are *never* called with any arguments, and will only have the **\$\_SCRIPT** or **\$\_FILE** built-in aliases if the script has been saved to or loaded from a filename. Scripts executed with the "Run script" button on server window toolbars will have the **\$\_SCRIPT** and **\$\_FILE** built-in aliases, but as they are *never* called with arguments, will have the **\$\_ARGS** built-in alias set to **none**.

Argument built-in aliases can be used with **inserted** scripts, but they will always reference the script that is being executed, not the **inserted** script. For example, if an **inserted** script includes the built-in alias **\$\_1**, that alias will interpolate to the first argument that was passed to the script that is being executed, *not* the **inserted** file.

## Writing Connection Scripts

Connection scripts are the scripts that can be entered in the connection dialog, and are executed as soon as the client completes connecting to a server. A connection script's context is the server window created when connecting. In fact, calling **restrict server** to restrict the connection script's execution to a server window will pass successfully, while using **restrict** with any other context type will cause the connection script to not execute.



To issue commands that will have an effect on another window, use the **context** command to move the script to that window's context.

Before **contexting** to another context, be aware that that window (and the context) may "not exist" yet. The channel window may not be rendered yet, the private chat that you intended to start has not started yet, etc. The **wait** command will help you in these situations, so you can make sure that all the contexts for your script have been created before you issue commands.

For example, let's say that when you connect to your favorite server, automatically join your favorite channel, **#merk**, say hello, and maximize the channel window. Your connection script might look like:

```
/alias FAVORITE #merk
/join $FAVORITE
/msg $FAVORITE Hello, everybody!
wait 10
context $FAVORITE
/print $_WINDOW Maximizing $FAVORITE!
/maximize $_WINDOW
```

How long to **wait** after connection will take some trial and error, due to many factors: the speed of your Internet connection, the speed of your computer, how busy the server is, how big of a log the client is loading for display, among other things. When in doubt, a longer **wait** is preferable to a shorter one, to make sure that your script executes properly. When first writing a connection script, try **wait 30** to pause the script for 30 seconds, and tweak from there.

## Example Scripts

### Wave

This is a simple script that sends an emoji to the current chat, and adds a shortcut to executing the script. When executed in a channel or private chat window, it will send the "wave" emoji to the current chat. It also creates an alias, allowing the user to type **\$wave** to send the wave emoji.

```
/rem Wave Script
/rem By Dan Hetrick

restrict channel private
/msg $_WINDOW :wave:
/alias wave /script $_FILE
```

What this script does specifically:

1. Restrict the scripts execution to channel and private chat windows.
2. Sends the "wave" emoji to the current chat
3. Creates an alias named "wave" that will re-execute the script

## Greeting

This script sends a greeting to the as a private message to a user. It takes a single argument, the username of the person the greeting is being sent to.

```
/rem Greeting Script
/rem By Dan Hetrick

usage 1 Usage: /script $_SCRIPT nickname
/msg $_1 Hello! Nice to see you!
```

What this script does specifically:

1. Makes sure the script is called with a single argument
2. Sends a greeting as a private message to the user set in the single argument

To make this a little easier, we'll create a macro for our greeting script. Assuming that our greeting script was saved to a file named **greeting.merk** in MERK's "scripts" directory:

```
/macro greet greeting "/greet USER" "Sends a greeting to the current chat"
```

Now, we can call our script with a new custom "command", **/greet**. So, if we wanted to send a greeting to a user named "Bob":

```
/greet Bob
```

This would send a message to the user "Bob" that consists of "Hello! Nice to see you!".

## Example Connection Script

This script should be set as a connection script. Upon connection to the server, it will log the user into **NICKSERV**, join a channel the user owns, tell **CHANSERV** to give them operator status in the channel, set the channel topic, maximize the channel's window, and send a greeting to the channel

```
/rem Example Server Connection Script

restrict server
/alias USERNAME my_username
/alias PASSWORD my_password
/alias CHANNEL #my_channel
/alias TOPIC Welcome to my channel!
/alias GREETING $_NICKNAME is here, everybody!

/msg nickserv IDENTIFY $USERNAME $PASSWORD
wait 5
/join $CHANNEL
/msg chanserv OP $CHANNEL
wait 10
context $CHANNEL
/topic $TOPIC
/maximize
wait 1
/msg $_WINDOW $GREETING
```

What this script does specifically:

1. Restrict the script's execution to server windows
2. Sets an alias for the user's **NICKSERV** username
3. Sets an alias for the user's **NICKSERV** password
4. Sets an alias for the user's channel
5. Sets an alias for the channel's topic
6. Sets an alias for the greeting to send once everything else is done
7. Logs into **NICKSERV** with the set username and password
8. Waits 5 seconds
9. Join the set channel
10. Tells **CHANSERV** to give the user operator status in the set channel
11. Waits 10 seconds
12. Switches contexts to the channel window
13. Sets the current channel's topic
14. Maximizes the current channel window
15. Waits 1 second
16. Sends the greeting to the current channel

## Inserting Files

If there's data or aliases that you want to use in more than one script, the **/insert** command makes that easy. In the last example, a script was used to login to **NICKSERV**. In this example, we're going to store our login information in one script, and use it in another.

### login.merk

```
/rem NICKSERV Login  
  
/alias USERNAME my_username  
/alias PASSWORD my_password  
/alias LOGIN_TO_NICKSERV /msg NICKSERV IDENTIFY $USERNAME $PASSWORD
```

Now, to login to **NICKSERV** from another script, use the **/insert** command to insert this file into the script, and issue the full command:

```
insert login.merk  
$LOGIN_TO_NICKSERV
```

Once all aliases have been interpolated into the script, this will end up being the script that is executed:

```
/msg NICKSERV IDENTIFY my_username my_password
```



## Connecting to Servers

Scripts can call other scripts, allowing scripts to be "chained"; that is, to execute one after the other. This script is an example of a connection script that connects to multiple servers, and executes multiple scripts.

First, let's create our initial connection script. We're going to use it upon connection to UnderNet. It will login to our X account before connecting to two other servers.

```
restrict server
/msg X@channels.undernet.org login username password
/join #merk
/xconnect palladium.libera.chat 6667
/xconnectssl irc.underworld.no 6697
```

This script:

1. Restricts the script's execution to server window contexts.
2. Sends a private message to UnderNet's user service bot, logging into an account.
3. Joins the **#merk** channel.
4. Connects to **palladium.libera.chat** on port 6667, executing any existing connection script when it connects.
5. Connects to **irc.underworld.no** via SSL/TLS, on port 6697, executing any existing connection script when it connects.

Scripts can also execute other scripts with the **/script** command.

## Custom Day-of-the-Week Away Message

This script sets MERK's default away message to a custom message depending on what day of the week it is.

```
1 if $_DAY (is) Monday goto 9
2 if $_DAY (is) Tuesday goto 11
3 if $_DAY (is) Wednesday goto 13
4 if $_DAY (is) Thursday goto 15
5 if $_DAY (is) Friday goto 17
6 if $_DAY (is) Saturday goto 18
7 if $_DAY (is) Sunday goto 21
8 halt $_DAY is not a recognized day!
9 /config away_message I hate Mondays
10 end
11 /config away_message At least it's not Monday
12 end
13 /config away_message It's Wednesday, my dudes
14 end
15 /config away_message It's almost Friday...
16 end
17 /config away_message It's Friday!
18 end
19 /config away_message I love Saturday!
20 end
21 /config away_message It's almost Monday...
22 end
```

This script uses **if** and the built-in alias **\$\_DAY** to check what day of the week it is, and sets the default away message, using **goto** and **/config**, with a special message for each individual day. If, for some reason, the name of the day of the week stored in **\$\_DAY** is not recognized, the script uses the **halt** command to show an error message to the user.

## "Trout" Macro

Many IRC clients have had the ability to create a "trout" command or macro: a command that takes a single nickname as an argument, and sends a CTCP action message to the current chat that says "slaps NICKNAME with a trout". Here's how you can do that in MERK!

First, we're going to write a script that takes a single argument and uses it to send a CTCP action message to the current chat. We'll save this script to a file named **trout.merk** in your scripts directory:

```
restrict channel private
usage 1 Usage: /trout NICKNAME
/me slaps $_1 with a trout
```

Now that we have our script, we'll use it to create a macro. We can put this command into the text input widget, a connection script, or another script:

```
/macro trout trout.merk "/trout NICKNAME" "Slaps someone with a trout"
```

Our "trout" macro is complete! Now, we can use our macro just like a command in the text input widget, scripts, or hotkeys. For example, to "slap" a user named "Bob", we'd use:

```
/trout Bob
```

This will send a CTCP action message to the current chat window that says "[YOUR NICKNAME] slaps Bob with a trout".

# Plugins and Plugin Development

MERK plugins are written in Python (just like MERK), and can use any libraries accessible to Python. If MERK is ran on Windows using the PyInstaller distribution, plugins are limited to the Python standard library, Qt5, and Twisted.

MERK plugins are stored in the **plugins** directory, and are loaded automatically when MERK starts. Each **.py** file in the **plugins** directory can contain one or more MERK plugin classes. Each Python module should only contain only *one* **Plugin** class, but there's no mechanism to prevent placing multiple **Plugin** in the same file. To install a plugin, just copy the plugin's Python file into the **plugins** directory, use the **--install** [command-line option](#), [drag-and-drop](#) a [plugin ZIP file](#) onto the main application window, or use the [plugin manager](#). To uninstall a plugin, either delete the Python module from the **plugins** directory, use the **--uninstall** [command-line option](#), or use the [plugin manager](#). To uninstall *all* plugins, use the **--uninstall all** [command-line option](#). Call **--uninstall** without any arguments to see a list of installed plugin filenames. The [/window command](#) can also be used to install and uninstall plugins.

The plugin API<sup>14</sup> gives users direct access to the instances of the [Twisted IRC client objects](#) that MERK uses to communicate with IRC servers, and send and receive messages. Although knowledge of how the Twisted API functions should not be necessary to write plugins, it makes functionality that would otherwise be impossible possible. The [Twisted IRC Client](#) documentation can help with performing advanced IRC activities.

Plugins can also contain methods that can be executed from the text input widget with the **/call** command. These methods take two arguments: the [Window object](#) of window calling the method, and a **list** of strings all the arguments passed to it. The method must not have the same name as any [Plugin event](#) or [inherited method](#), and can only take these two arguments (besides the **self** instance reference). The **/call** command will execute *all* Plugin methods with the method name passed to it, so if multiple plugins contain methods with the same name, **they will all be executed**.

At least a basic understanding of the IRC protocol is assumed. If you don't understand the IRC protocol, or concepts like channels, channel and user modes, and hostmasks, among other things, this document may be difficult to work through. The two main design documents for the IRC protocol, [RFC 1459](#) and [RFC 2812](#), can be found in the "Help" menu, and reading these will help your plugin development (and your understanding of how MERK and IRC works).

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<sup>14</sup> An application programming interface (API)...is a type of software interface, offering a service to other pieces of software. [Wikipedia](#)

## Creating MERK Plugins

All MERK plugins are classes derived from a class built into MERK named **Plugin**. To start off a plugin, this class must be imported from MERK:

```
from merk import Plugin
```

MERK plugins *must* be derived from this class. Plugin source files can contain multiple **Plugin** classes, and each class will be treated as a separate plugin.

This class is the only thing exported from the **merk** class by default, so a "splat" import works too:

```
from merk import *
```

Once the **Plugin** class is imported, a new class can be created that inherits from that class; this is a new MERK plugin. Here's an example plugin that doesn't really do anything but print a greeting to STDOUT when the plugin is loaded:

```
from merk import Plugin

class ExamplePlugin(Plugin):

    NAME = "Example Plugin"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        print("Hello world!")
```

**Plugin** classes contain methods that MERK triggers when certain events occur. In the example above, the **init()** method is triggered every the plugin is loaded or reloaded. This event method that doesn't accept any event arguments. The **init()** plugin event will be executed every time the plugin is loaded into memory, or reloaded.

Plugins are cleared from memory when they are reloaded, by default. This can be changed by changing the **clear\_plugins\_from\_memory\_on\_reload** setting with the [settings dialog](#) or with the [/config command](#). If this option is turned on, **unload()** will still be executed every time, even if the plugin is not unloaded from memory.

The **uninstall()** plugin event is triggered when the plugin is uninstalled with the plugin manager or the **/window** command, and is intended to "clean up" after a plugin is removed. The **unload()** plugin event is triggered every time a plugin is unloaded from memory, like when a plugin is reloaded or on application exit. Both of these events, like **init()**, does not accept any arguments.

All other event methods accept a single argument, a dictionary containing information about the event, and objects that your plugin may need to complete tasks. For example, the **message()** event is triggered when MERK receives a message, and passes the nickname of the user that sent the message, the message contents, the target the message was sent to (either a channel or a nickname), and the [MERK Window class](#) representing the window that received that message in the dictionary.

With this information, we can craft an event that prints all incoming messages to STDOUT:

```
def message(self, **args):
    print(f"{args['nickname']}: {args['message']}")
```

The [MERK Window class](#) contains methods for interacting with the MERK GUI. For example, the **print()** method allows plugins to print messages directly to a window. This example **message()** event method prints whatever message was sent to the window that it was sent to:

```
def message(self, **args):
    args["window"].print(f"{args['nickname']} said {args['message']}")
```

Each plugin also has access to a ["console" window](#) it can use to display data. Every plugin only has one console, and it is initially hidden when created (this can be changed in settings). This console can be printed to, much like other MERK subwindows, as well as moved, resized, and the like. To access a plugin's console, use the **console()** [Plugin inherited method](#), which returns a [Console](#) object. Viewing a plugin's console is possible programmatically, or through double clicking a plugin in the [plugin manager](#).

The [Twisted IRC client object](#) passed to most events (and obtainable from the [MERK Window class](#)) can be used to perform, well, IRC actions, and will function normally. It is the raw, instantiated object that MERK uses to communicate with the IRC server. However, sending message done with this object will not "impact" MERK like "normal". For example, if the [.msg\(\)](#) method is called on the [Twisted IRC client object](#) to send a channel or private message, that message will *not* appear as chat inside MERK. The message will still be sent, and (hopefully) received by the target user or channel, but MERK will *not* display the message, and the message will not be written to log. This behavior may be desired, however; if a plugin is designed to work as a [bot](#), it might be tiresome to see user interactions with the bot in the client. Joining and parting channels will work normally, as will setting channel or user modes; if the [Twisted IRC object](#) is used to join or leave a channel, MERK will join that channel, automatically creating or destroying subwindows as needed.

As IRC is a text based protocol, most arguments passed to events are [strings](#), unless otherwise noted.

**Plugins** have four different attributes: **NAME**, **AUTHOR**, **VERSION**, and **SOURCE**. These are used by MERK to display information about each loaded plugin. A plugin doesn't *have* to have these attributes; if these attributes are not set in the plugin's source code, **NAME**, **AUTHOR**, and **SOURCE** will be set to "Unknown", and **VERSION** will be set to "1.0". All attributes should be strings. If **SOURCE** is set to a URL, it will be displayed as a link the [plugin manager](#). Plugins can also have an icon (a 48x48 pixel PNG image) that is displayed in the plugin manager; to set the icon for a plugin, place the desired icon in the same directory as the plugin source file, with the same file name, replacing the Python file's `.py` file extension with `.png`.

**Plugins** must also have at least one [event method](#) or one [/callable method](#). If a **Plugin** doesn't have *any* event or `/call` methods, an error will be displayed and the plugin will not be loaded. Plugins can react to over 30 different events; most of them are related to IRC, but a handful (like `init()`, mentioned above) are triggered by MERK itself. Individual events can be disabled and prevented from executing in the [settings dialog](#).

**Plugins** also have a number of [built-in methods for interacting with MERK](#). These methods can be used to get information about MERK, what servers it's connected to, what chat windows are displayed, interacting with subwindows, and the like. Every **Plugin** class inherits these methods by default; they can be overridden in code, if desired.

The [/call command](#) can also be used to directly execute [specially-crafted Plugin methods](#), allowing for custom commands written completely in Python.

Plugins run in the same thread<sup>15</sup> that MERK runs in, and thus, function calls in plugins can block<sup>16</sup> or pause normal functioning of the application. Python and Qt have many options to [run processes in a new or different thread](#) to prevent this (the [PyQt5 QThread class](#) is good for this).

Since plugins run in the same thread as MERK, errors in the Python code of a plugin can crash MERK or prevent MERK from starting up. If this occurs, you have a few recovery options.

- You can use the `--disable-plugins` [command-line flag](#) to disable plugins; this will prevent plugins from loading and MERK can start up normally.
- If you know the filename of the plugin, you can navigate to the [plugins directory](#) and delete the plugin's file, or use the `--uninstall FILENAME` command-line option.
- You can delete all installed plugins with the `--uninstall all` [command-line flag](#). ***This will delete any and all installed plugins and their icons! This will not move the files to the "recycle bin", and the files will be lost!*** This will also allow MERK to start up normally, without having to disable plugins.

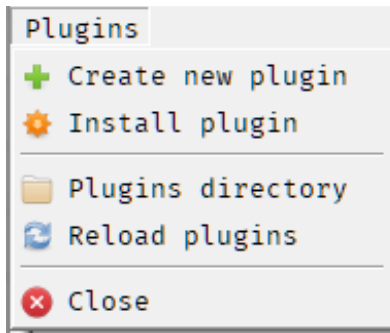
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<sup>15</sup> ...a thread of execution is the smallest sequence of programmed instructions that can be managed independently by a scheduler. [Wikipedia](#)

<sup>16</sup> ...a process that is blocked is waiting for some event. [Wikipedia](#)

Plugins can be created, edited, imported, and deleted with the [plugin manager](#). Creating or editing a plugin will open the [Python editor](#), made just for creating and editing plugins. The Python editor features syntax highlighting for Python, auto-indent, and more. The Python editor can open and edit any Python file.

Creating a plugin in MERK is easy. First, open the [plugin manager](#), open the "Plugins" menu, and click on "Create new plugin":



This will open a "blank" **Plugin** (a code skeleton<sup>17</sup> with all attributes and events) in the [Python editor](#). This "blank" **Plugin** has all the code needed for a plugin already in it; it's got default values for **NAME**, **AUTHOR**, **VERSION**, and **SOURCE** already filled in, and all plugin [event methods](#). If saved, this **Plugin** won't do anything at all. There's no code to actually *do* anything when an event is triggered. Edit this **Plugin**, add any code you'd like to [events](#) so that the plugin accomplishes what you'd like, add any [callable methods](#) you'd like, and save it. Click the "Reload plugins" option in the "Plugins" menu to load your **Plugin** into memory, or restart MERK. Congratulations! You've just written your first MERK **Plugin**!

**Plugins** can also be written in your text editor or Python IDE of choice. Save your plugin files to the [plugins directory](#), or use the [plugin manager](#) to install the new plugin, and restart MERK.

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<sup>17</sup> A program skeleton may also be utilized as a template that reflects syntax and structures... [Wikipedia](#)



## Writing Methods for `/call`

`/call` can be used to create "commands" for MERK, completely in Python. A method executable by `/call` must be formatted in a specific way: it must take two arguments (the [Window](#) that the `/call` command was executed in, and a **list** of strings), and it cannot have the same name as a **Plugin** [event](#) or [inherited](#) method. When a `/call` command is issued by the user, any plugin that contains a method in this format with the name passed to the command will be executed; this means that a single `/call` can execute multiple methods. Arguments to the `/call` command, after the method name, are [tokenized like arguments to the `/script` command](#); that is, you can pass arguments that contain whitespace by containing the argument in quotes.

Methods that are executable by `/call` *must* be in a **Plugin** class. `/call` cannot execute "stand-alone" functions in modules.

As an example, let's create a **Plugin** with a method that allows the user to make notes in a plugin's [Console](#). We'll name our method "save":

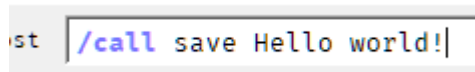
```
from merk import Plugin

class ExamplePlugin(Plugin):

    NAME = "Example Plugin"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

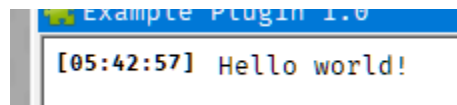
    def save(self, window, arguments):
        console = self.console()
        console.print(" ".join(arguments))
```

We'll add our method to a new plugin, and restart MERK. After connecting to a server, we'll execute a `/call` command to execute our method:



```
st /call save Hello world!|
```

This writes out "Hello world!" to the plugin's console:



```
Example Plugin 1.0
[05:42:57] Hello world!
```

If this method was added to multiple plugins, this method would be executed *in each plugin, once for each plugin*.

As this command can potentially be hazardous, `/call` can be disabled either in the [settings dialog](#), or by using [/config](#) to set `enable_call_command` to "false".

## Packaging and Installing MERK Plugins

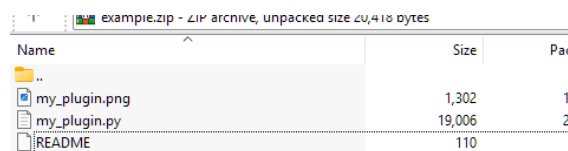
Plugins can be "packaged" in two ways: either as a single Python source file, or as a ZIP<sup>18</sup> archive. All filenames should be all lowercase, including file extensions. To package a MERK plugin in a ZIP file, place any plugin source files (and their icons) in the root directory of the ZIP. Only Python (\*.py) and PNG files (\*.png) in the ZIP will be extracted into the [plugins directory](#). If there are any MERK scripts (\*.merk) in the ZIP, these will be extracted into the [scripts directory](#).

Importing a plugin via the [plugin manager](#) will ask before overwriting existing existing files in the [plugins directory](#). The filename of a plugin is *only* used internally, is only displayed to the user in the [plugin manager](#), and is not used for any other purpose. To force MERK to automatically overwrite files on import, use [/config](#) to set **overwrite\_files\_on\_plugin\_import** to "true", or turn this setting on in the [settings dialog](#), on the "Plugins" page; with this set, any existing files in the plugins directory will be overwritten, regardless of whether a plugin is being imported as a Python source file or a packaged ZIP file. This may be desirable during plugin development. Installing a plugin via the [--install command-line option](#) will *always* overwrite existing files.

Plugins can also have icons that are displayed in the [plugin manager](#). Icons should be in the PNG<sup>19</sup> format, and should have the same name (minus the file extension) as the plugin, and it should be in the same directory (usually [plugins](#)) as the plugin. For example, if a plugin's filename is **example.py**, the icon's filename should be **example.png**. The icon will be displayed in the [plugin manager](#) as a 48x48 pixel image.

Any MERK [scripts](#) (with a .merk file extension) found in a plugin package will be copied into the [scripts directory](#). If a script of the same name already exists in the [scripts directory](#), the plugin installation will ask before overwriting it, much like with Python source files. If overwriting files is turned on in the [settings dialog](#) or the configuration file, MERK scripts will be overwritten automatically.

As an example, let's "create" a plugin package. Our plugin's code is contained in a file named **my\_plugin.py**. We want to display an icon for your plugin in the plugin manager, so we create a 48x48 pixel image, and name it **my\_plugin.png**. We'll also create a **README** file, with information about the plugin. When we create our ZIP file, we'll put all three files in the root directory of the ZIP, not in a subdirectory. Here's what our ZIP file would look like in WinRAR:



The screenshot shows a WinRAR window titled 'example.zip - ZIP archive, unpacked size 20,410 bytes'. It displays a list of files in the archive:

| Name          | Size   | Pac |
|---------------|--------|-----|
| ..            |        |     |
| my_plugin.png | 1,302  | 1   |
| my_plugin.py  | 19,006 | 2   |
| README        | 110    |     |

18 ...is an archive file format that supports lossless data compression. [Wikipedia](#)

19 Portable Network Graphic. [Wikipedia](#)

Once we've created our ZIP file, it's ready to be installed! The easiest way to create a ZIP plugin package is by using the [plugin manager](#) to export a plugin. Just select a plugin, right click on it, and select the menu option to "Export plugin", and MERK will create a correctly formatted ZIP file with the plugin and icon (if one exists) inside.

To install a ZIP packaged plugin, either extract the ZIP archive into the [plugins directory](#), use the `--install` [command-line option](#), or use the "Install plugin" option in the "Plugins" menu in the [plugin manager](#). To install a plugin in a single Python source file, copy the source file and icon (if necessary) into the [plugins directory](#), use the `--install` [command-line option](#), or use the "Install plugin" option in the [plugin manager](#).

## Plugin Class

### Inherited Methods

These methods are inherited by every **Plugin**-derived class, and can be called from the **self** object passed to every [event](#).

|              |                    |  |
|--------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>alias</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <b>None</b> (retrieves alias table)</li><li>2. <b>String</b> (retrieves alias value)</li><li>3. <b>String, String</b> (creates or sets an alias value)</li></ol>  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <b>Dict</b> (alias table)</li><li>2. <b>String</b> or <b>None</b> (alias value)</li><li>3. <b>Boolean</b></li></ol>   |
|              | <b>Description</b> | <p>Allows to view and edit the <a href="#">alias table</a>, used by scripts and the text input widget. This method does <i>not</i> allow any <a href="#">built-in aliases</a> to be retrieved or edited.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. If called with no arguments, a <b>dict</b> containing all alias values (with the corresponding alias as keys) is returned.</li><li>2. If called with a single <b>string</b> as an argument, an alias with the name contained in the <b>string</b> is searched for in the table, and that alias's value is returned as a <b>string</b>; if that alias doesn't exist, <b>None</b> is returned.</li><li>3. If called with two <b>strings</b> as arguments, an alias with the name contained in the first <b>string</b> is created with the value contained in the second <b>string</b>; if this creation is successful, <b>True</b> is returned, and if unsuccessful, <b>False</b> is returned.</li></ol> |
|              | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>print(f"All aliases: {self.alias()}")  if self.alias("target")!=None:     print("Alias '\$target' exists!") else:     print("Alias '\$target' doesn't exist!")  if self.alias("example","my value"):     print("Alias '\$example' created!") else:     print("Alias '\$example' not created!")</pre>  |

|                     |             |   |
|---------------------|-------------|---|
| <b>all_channels</b> | Arguments   | None  |
|                     | Returns     | List of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                     | Description | Returns a list of all open channel subwindows. Each entry in the list is a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> .      |
|                     | Example     | <pre>for w in self.all_channels():     name = w.name()     print(f"{name}")</pre>                             |
| <b>all_masters</b>  | Arguments   | None  |
|                     | Returns     | List of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                     | Description | Returns a list of all open server subwindows. Each entry in the list is a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> .       |
|                     | Example     | <pre>for w in self.all_masters():     name = w.name()     print(f"{name}")</pre>                              |
| <b>all_privates</b> | Arguments   | None  |
|                     | Returns     | List of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                     | Description | Returns a list of all open private chat subwindows. Each entry in the list is a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> . |
|                     | Example     | <pre>for w in self.all_privates():     name = w.name()     print(f"{name}")</pre>                             |
| <b>all_windows</b>  | Arguments   | None  |
|                     | Returns     | List of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                     | Description | Returns a list of all open subwindows. Each entry in the list is a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> .              |
|                     | Example     | <pre>for w in self.all_windows():     name = w.name()     print(f"{name}")</pre>                              |
| <b>asciimojize</b>  | Arguments   | <b>String</b> (string to insert ASCIImojis into)  |
|                     | Returns     | <b>String</b> (string with ASCIImojis)  |
|                     | Description | Converts ASCIImoji shortcodes into ASCIImojis, and returns the altered string.                                |
|                     | Example     | <pre>bear = self.asciimojize("(bear)") print(bear)</pre>  |

|                 |             |   |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| <b>bind</b>     | Arguments   | <b>String</b> (key sequence)<br><b>String</b> (command to execute)  |
|                 | Returns     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                 | Description | Creates a new hotkey. The key sequence that triggers the hotkey should contain no spaces. The command can be any command that can be entered into a text input widget on a subwindow. See <a href="#">/bind</a> for more information. Returns <b>True</b> if the hotkey was set, and <b>False</b> if setting the hotkey failed. |
|                 | Example     | <pre>if self.bind("Ctrl+Shift+X", "/quitall"):     print("Hotkey set!") else:     print("Hotkey not set!")</pre>  |
| <b>browser</b>  | Arguments   | <b>String</b> (URL to open)   |
|                 | Returns     | Nothing   |
|                 | Description | Opens a URL in the default browser, if the URL is a valid URL.  |
|                 | Example     | <pre>self.browser("https://google.com")</pre>   |
| <b>channel</b>  | Arguments   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)<br><b>String</b> (name of the channel)  |
|                 | Returns     | <a href="#">MERK Window</a>   |
|                 | Description | Returns the window for a channel on <b>client</b> . Returns <b>None</b> if the window is not open or can't be found.  |
|                 | Example     | <pre>channel = self.channel(client, "#merk")</pre>  |
| <b>channels</b> | Arguments   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)   |
|                 | Returns     | <b>List</b> of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>   |
|                 | Description | Returns a list of all channel windows on <b>client</b> . Returns an empty list if none are found.   |
|                 | Example     | <pre>channels = self.channels(client)</pre>   |
| <b>clients</b>  | Arguments   | None  |
|                 | Returns     | <b>List</b> of <a href="#">Twisted IRC client objects</a>   |
|                 | Description | Returns a list of all active clients that MERK is connected to. Each client will be "registered" with the server; that is, each client can issue commands or be used with other built-in methods.   |
|                 | Example     | <pre>for c in self.clients():     print(f"Server: {c.server}")     print(f"Port: {c.port}")</pre>   |

|                |                    |  |
|----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>color</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string to insert IRC color codes into)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with IRC color codes)  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Inserts IRC color codes into a string using <a href="#">the same mechanism MERK uses in user input</a> . Pass the formatted string to the method, and the same string with IRC color codes "injected" into it is returned.                         |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>msg = self.color("&lt;0,4Red Alert!&gt;")</code>   |
| <b>colored</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b>  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b> ( <b>True</b> if string contains IRC color and formatting codes, <b>False</b> if not)   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Detects if a string contains IRC color and formatting codes.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>if self.colored("Hello"):<br/>    print("Contains IRC colors!")<br/>else:<br/>    print("Does not contain IRC colors!")</code>   |
| <b>connect</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (server)<br><b>Integer</b> (port)<br><b>String</b> (password, defaults to <b>None</b> )<br><b>Boolean</b> (connect via SSL/TLS, defaults to <b>False</b> )<br><b>Boolean</b> (reconnect on disconnection, defaults to <b>False</b> ) |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Connects MERK to an IRC server. If a connection script for this server exists, it will <i>not</i> be executed on connection.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.connect("localhost", 6697, None, True)</code>   |
|                |                    |  |
| <b>console</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <a href="#">Plugin Console</a>   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Returns the plugin's console window.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>c = self.console()<br/>c.print("Hello world!")</code>  |
| <b>current</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Returns the <a href="#">MERK Window</a> of the currently active server, channel, or private chat window, if one of these windows is currently active; if some other type of window is currently active, returns <b>None</b> .                      |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>w = self.current()<br/>if w!=None: w.print("Hello, world!")</code>   |

|                      |                    |  |
|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>deasciimojize</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string with ASCIImojis)   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with ASCIImoji shortcodes)   |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Converts ASCIImojis in a string into ASCIImoji shortcodes.   |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>s = self.deasciimojize("(-■_■)")</code><br><code>print(s)</code>   |
| <b>demojize</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string with emojis)   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with emoji shortcodes)   |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Converts emojis in strings into emoji shortcodes.  |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>s = self.demojize("😂")</code><br><code>print(s)</code>   |
| <b>emojize</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string to insert emojis into)   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with emojis)   |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Converts emoji shortcodes into emojis, and returns the altered string.   |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>joy = self.emojize(":joy:")</code><br><code>print(joy)</code>  |
| <b>find</b>          | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (name of the file to search for)<br><b>String</b> (file extension; optional)   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or <b>None</b>   |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Searches for a file in the directory where MERK stores it's plugin files, scripts, configuration files, and the installation directory (if that option is turned on in <a href="#">settings</a> ), in that order. Returns the full path of the first matching file found. Returns <b>None</b> if the file is not found |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>filename = self.find("bell", "wav")</code>   |
| <b>folder</b>        | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (directory path)   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Opens up a folder in the default file manager.   |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.folder("C:\")</code>  |
| <b>home</b>          | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                      | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (directory path)   |
|                      | <b>Description</b> | Returns the path to the <a href="#">directory where MERK stores all its configuration files</a> .  |
|                      | <b>Example</b>     | <code>directory = self.home()</code>   |



|                |                    |   |
|----------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>id</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b>   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Each plugin has a unique identifier, which is generated when the plugin is loaded. This method returns the plugin's identifier.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>identifier = self.id()</code>   |
| <b>ignore</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (nickname or hostmask to ignore)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Adds a user to the ignore list. Wildcards can be used in the entry; use * for any character(s) and ? for a single character. Returns <b>True</b> if the addition was successful, and <b>False</b> if not. |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>if self.ignore("*@annoying.com"):<br/>    print("Added to ignore list!")</code>   |
| <b>ignores</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Strings</b> (ignore list)  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Returns the complete list of users being ignored. This may be an empty list if there are no users in the ignore list.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>ignoring = self.ignores()</code>  |
| <b>is_away</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Checks if MERK is set to "away" status on a specific client, and return <b>True</b> if MERK is away, and <b>False</b> if not.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>if self.is_away(client):<br/>    print("Away")<br/>else:<br/>    print("Not away")</code>   |

|                   |                    |   |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>is_ignored</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (nickname)<br><b>String</b> (hostmask)  |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Checks if a nickname or hostmask is in the ignore list. If either the nickname or the hostmask to check is not known, set that argument to <b>None</b> ; however, either the nickname <i>or</i> the hostmask must be set. Returns <b>True</b> if the nickname or hostmask is in the ignore list, or <b>False</b> if not.  |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>if self.is_ignored("user", "*@annoying"):     print("User is ignored!") else:     print("User is not ignored!")</pre>  |
| <b>list</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)   |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Lists of Strings</b> (channel list)  |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Retrieves a list of channels on the IRC server that client is connected to. If MERK has not requested or received a channel list from the server, this list will be empty; to request a fresh list from the server, consider executing the <b>/refresh</b> command. Each entry in the returned list is a list, with the following order: <b>channel name, user count, topic</b> |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>for chan in self.list(client):     name = chan[0]     user_count = chan[1]     topic = chan[2]</pre>   |
| <b>macro</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (macro name)<br><b>String</b> (script to execute)<br><b>String</b> (usage text; optional)<br><b>String</b> (help text; optional)  |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Creates a macro; that is, creates a command that can be entered into the text input widget of a subwindow that executes a script. Macros made with this method <i>cannot</i> overwrite existing macros with the same name. Returns <b>True</b> if the macro was successfully created, and <b>False</b> if not. See <a href="#">/macro</a> for more information.                 |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>if self.macro("hello", "hello.merk"):     print("/hello macro created!")</pre>   |

|                  |                    |   |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>markdown</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string to insert IRC formatting codes into)  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with IRC formatting codes)  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Inserts IRC text formatting codes into a string using <a href="#">the same mechanism MERK uses for input</a> . Pass the formatted string to the method, and the same string with IRC formatting codes “injected” into it is returned.   |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>msg = self.markdown("__**Hello!**__")</code>  |
| <b>markup</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string to insert IRC formatting and color codes into)  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string with IRC formatting and color codes)  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Inserts IRC text formatting and color codes into a string using <a href="#">MERK's format for format and color input</a> . Any emoji or ASCIIemoji shortcodes in the string will be converted into emojis or ASCIIemojis, respectively. |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>msg = self.markup("(cat) &lt;0,4**Hello!**&gt;")</code>   |
| <b>master</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <a href="#">MERK Window</a>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Returns the server window associated with <b>client</b> .   |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>server_window = self.master(client)</code>  |
| <b>max</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Maximizes the application window.   |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.max()</code>   |
| <b>maximized</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Returns <b>True</b> if the application window is maximized, otherwise returns <b>False</b> .  |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>if self.maximized(): print("Maximized")</code>  |
| <b>min</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Minimizes the application window.   |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.min()</code>   |

|                  |             |  |
|------------------|-------------|--|
| <b>minimized</b> | Arguments   | None   |
|                  | Returns     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | Description | Returns <b>True</b> if the application window is minimized, otherwise returns <b>False</b> .   |
|                  | Example     | <code>if self.minimized(): print("Minimized")</code>   |
| <b>modes</b>     | Arguments   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)  |
|                  | Returns     | <b>String</b> (channel modes)  |
|                  | Description | Returns all modes set on the user on a given IRC connection.   |
|                  | Example     | <code>my_modes = self.modes(client)</code>   |
| <b>move</b>      | Arguments   | <b>Integer</b> (X value)<br><b>Integer</b> (Y value)   |
|                  | Returns     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | Description | Moves the main application window to the specified coordinates. If the move would put the window in a location where it could not be interacted with, this method will fail and return <b>False</b> ; Otherwise, it returns <b>True</b> .  |
|                  | Example     | <code>if self.move(200,500):<br/>print("Move successful!")</code>  |
| <b>private</b>   | Arguments   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)<br><b>String</b> (name of the private chat)<br><b>Boolean</b> (optional; creates a private chat window if the window is not found)   |
|                  | Returns     | <a href="#">MERK Window</a>  |
|                  | Description | Returns the window for an open private chat with a user on <b>client</b> . Returns <b>None</b> if the window is not open or can't be found. If the third argument is used, and set to <b>True</b> , a new private chat window will be created, shown, and a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> for the new window will be returned. |
|                  | Example     | <code>chat = self.private(client, "user")</code>   |
| <b>privates</b>  | Arguments   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)  |
|                  | Returns     | <b>List</b> of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                  | Description | Returns a list of all private chat windows on <b>client</b> . Returns an empty list if none are found.   |
|                  | Example     | <code>channels = self.channels(client)</code>  |

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|----------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>resize</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Integer</b> (width)<br><b>Integer</b> (height)   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Resizes the main application window.  |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.resize(800,600)</code>   |
| <b>restore</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Restores the application window.  |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.restore()</code>   |
| <b>script</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)<br><b>String</b> (text of script or filename)<br><b>List of Strings</b> (arguments to the script)   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Executes a script in the server window of a <b>client</b> . If executing a script by filename, the script's extension ( <b>.merk</b> ) can be omitted. Script filenames will be searched for in the <b>scripts</b> , configuration, and application install directories (if that option is enabled in <a href="#">"Settings"</a> ), in that order. Scripts are executed in a new thread. Returns <b>True</b> if the script was executed, and <b>False</b> if not. |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>if self.script(client,"my_script",[]):     print("Script executed") else:     print("Script not executed")</pre>   |
| <b>strip</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (string with IRC color and formatting codes)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (string stripped of all IRC color and formatting codes)   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Strips all IRC color and formatting codes from a string, and returns the plain text.  |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>clean = self.strip(message)</code>  |
| <b>unbind</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (key sequence)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Removes a hotkey. If the sequence is set to <b>*</b> , all hotkeys will be removed. See <a href="#">/bind</a> for more information.   |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <code>self.unbind("Ctrl+Shift+X")</code>  |

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|-------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>uncolor</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (text with IRC color codes)  |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (text converted into <a href="#">IRC color “markup”</a> )  |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Converts any IRC color codes in a string into the same “markup” MERK can use for input to insert IRC colors into text. The output of this method can be used with <b>color()</b> to reinsert the IRC color codes.  |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>topic = self.uncolor(window.topic()) print(topic)</pre>   |
| <b>unignore</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (nickname or hostmask to remove)   |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Removes an entry from the ignore list. Returns <b>True</b> is the removal was successful, and <b>False</b> if not.   |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>if self.unignore("*@annoying.com"):     print("Removed from ignore list!")</pre>  |
| <b>unmacro</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (macro to remove)  |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Removes a macro from memory. Returns <b>True</b> is the removal was successful, and <b>False</b> if not.   |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>if self.unmacro("mycommand"):     print("Macro removed!")</pre>   |
| <b>unmarkdown</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (text with IRC formatting codes)   |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (text converted into <a href="#">IRC markdown formatting</a> )   |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Converts any IRC text formatting codes into the same markdown MERK can use for input. The output of this method can be used with <b>markdown()</b> to reinsert the IRC formatting codes.   |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>c = self.unmarkdown(message) print(c)</pre>   |
| <b>unmarkup</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (text with IRC color and formatting codes)   |
|                   | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (text converted into IRC <a href="#">color</a> and <a href="#">markdown</a> format)  |
|                   | <b>Description</b> | Takes in a string with IRC color or text formatting control codes, and returns a string in the same input formatting used by MERK to send messages with IRC color and text formatting. Any emojis or ASCIIemojis in the string will be turned into shortcodes. The returned string can be converted back into IRC color, formatting, and emojis/ASCIIemojis with the <b>markup()</b> inherited method. |
|                   | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>c = self.unmarkup(message) print(c)</pre>   |

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|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>windows</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Client</b> ( <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> to query)  |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List</b> of <a href="#">MERK Windows</a>  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Returns a list of all open subwindows associated with <b>client</b> 's context. This will include server windows, channels, and private chats. Each entry in the list is a <a href="#">MERK Window</a> .   |
|                 | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>for w in self.windows(client):     name = w.name()     print(f"{name}")</pre>   |
| <b>xconnect</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (server)<br><b>Integer</b> (port)<br><b>String</b> (password, defaults to <b>None</b> )<br><b>Boolean</b> (connect via SSL/TLS, defaults to <b>False</b> )<br><b>Boolean</b> (reconnect on disconnection, defaults to <b>False</b> ) |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Connects MERK to an IRC server. If a connection script for this server exists, it <i>will</i> be executed on connection.   |
|                 | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>self.xconnect("localhost", 6697, None, True)</pre>  |

## Event Methods

These event methods are how **Plugins** "work". Each method is called every time a specific event occurs in MERK. Every **Plugin** *must* have at least one event method, or the **Plugin** will not load. Unless otherwise noted, event arguments are **Strings**. If a window does not exist for an event, or the window cannot be found, the **window** argument will be set to **None**, but the event will still be triggered.

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|---------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>action</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>window</b> <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b><br><b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event<br><b>user</b> The user that sent the message, in the format nickname@hostmask<br><b>nickname</b> The nickname of the user that sent the message<br><b>hostmask</b> The hostmask of the user that sent the message; if not known, this will be <b>None</b><br><b>channel</b> The target of the message, which may be a channel or the nickname in use<br><b>message</b> The message that was sent |
|               | <b>Event</b>       | When MERK receives a CTCP action message   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when MERK receives a channel or private CTCP action message. If the sending user is being ignored, this event will still be triggered.   |
|               | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def action(self, **args):     client = args["window"].client()     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"Target: {args["channel"]}")     print(f&gt;User: {args["user"]}")     print(f"Message: {args["message"]}")</pre>   |
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| <b>activate</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>window</b> <a href="#">MERK Window</a>   |
|                 | <b>Event</b>       | When a window is "activated"  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when a subwindow is "activated" (brought into focus or clicked on). This event will only trigger for server, channel, or private chat subwindows.   |
|                 | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def activate(self, **args):     window = args["window"]     last = args["last"]     print(f&gt;Last window: {last.name()})     print(f"Current: {window.name()})</pre> |



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|-------------|-------------|--|
| <b>away</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|             |             | <b>user</b> The user that went away  |
|             |             | <b>message</b> The away message the user used  |
|             | Event       | When a user goes "away"  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when a user sets their status to "away" in the presence of the MERK client   |
|             | Example     | <pre>def away(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"User: {args['user']}")     print(f"Message: {args['message']}")</pre> |

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|-------------|-------------|---|
| <b>back</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|             |             | <b>user</b> The user that came back   |
|             | Event       | When a user comes "back"  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when a user sets their status to "back" in the presence of the MERK client  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def back(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"User: {args['user']}")</pre> |

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| <b>close</b> | Arguments   | <b>name</b> The name of the subwindow                       |
|              | Event       | When a subwindow closes                                     |
|              | Description | This event is triggered whenever a chat subwindow closes.   |
|              | Example     | <pre>def close(self, **args):     name = args["name"]</pre> |

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| <b>connected</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b> <a href="#">MERK Window</a>   |
|                  |             | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|                  | Event       | When MERK completes registration on an IRC server   |
|                  | Description | This event is triggered when MERK completes registration on an IRC server.  |
|                  | Example     | <pre>def connected(self, **args):     window = args["window"]     client = args["client"]     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")</pre> |

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|-------------------|-------------|--|
| <b>connecting</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|                   | Event       | When MERK begins registration with an IRC server   |
|                   | Description | This event is triggered when MERK begins registration to an IRC server.  |
|                   | Example     | <pre>def connecting(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")</pre> |

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| <b>ctick</b> | Arguments   | <b>uptime</b> <b>Integer</b> . The number of seconds MERK has been running        |
|              | Event       | Once per second   |
|              | Description | This event is triggered every second while MERK is running.                       |
|              | Example     | <pre>def ctick(self, **args):     print(f"Uptime: {args['uptime'].server}")</pre> |

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|-------------------|-------------|---|
| <b>disconnect</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|                   |             | <b>message</b> The quit message used  |
|                   | Event       | When MERK disconnects from an IRC server  |
|                   | Description | This event is triggered when MERK disconnects from an IRC server. <b>message</b> may be an empty string if a message was not provided or if the disconnection occurred before registration. |
|                   | Example     | <pre>def disconnect(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Quit Message: {args['message']}")</pre>              |

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|--------------|-------------|--|
| <b>error</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|              |             | <b>message</b> The error message   |
|              | Event       | When MERK receives an error message from the server  |
|              | Description | This event is triggered whenever MERK receives an error message from an IRC server.  |
|              | Example     | <pre>def error(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Error: {args['message']}")</pre> |

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|-------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>init</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|             | <b>Event</b>       | On load   |
|             | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when MERK loads the plugin, before any connections are attempted. This even will be triggered every time the plugin is loaded or reloaded; this behavior can be turned off in the <a href="#">settings dialog</a> or with <a href="#">/config</a> . |
|             | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def init(self):     print("Plugin loaded\n")</pre>   |

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|---------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>invite</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|               |                    | <b>user</b> The user sent the invite   |
|               |                    | <b>channel</b> The channel the invite it for   |
|               | <b>Event</b>       | When a channel invite is received  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when a channel invite is received from another user.   |
|               | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def invite(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"User: {args['user']}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")</pre> |

|             |                    |  |
|-------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>ison</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|             |                    | <b>users</b> <b>List of Strings</b> (the users that are online)  |
|             | <b>Event</b>       | When the server sends a response to the ISON command   |
|             | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when the server sends a response the <a href="#">/ison command</a> . If none of the users specified in the request are online, <b>users</b> will be empty.     |
|             | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def ison(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     for u in args["users"]:         print(f"{u} is online")</pre> |

|                 |             |   |
|-----------------|-------------|---|
| <b>isupport</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|                 |             | <b>options</b> <b>List of Strings</b> (the options the server supports)   |
|                 | Event       | When the server sends a list of options the server supports   |
|                 | Description | This event is triggered when the server sends a list of options the server supports, in the form of a long string. Each string is in the format "option=value".                         |
|                 | Example     | <pre>def isupport(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     for option in args["options"]:         print(option)</pre> |

|             |             |   |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| <b>join</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b> <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>  |
|             |             | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|             |             | <b>user</b> The user that joined the channel  |
|             |             | <b>channel</b> The channel the user joined  |
|             | Event       | When a user joins a channel MERK is present in  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when user joins a channel that MERK is currently present in   |
|             | Example     | <pre>def join(self, **args):     client = args["window"].client()     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"User: {args['user']}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")</pre> |

|               |             |   |
|---------------|-------------|---|
| <b>joined</b> |             | <b>channel</b> The channel the client joined  |
|               |             | <b>client</b> <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|               | Event       | When MERK joins a channel   |
|               | Description | This event is triggered when MERK joins a channel   |
|               | Example     | <pre>def joined(self, **args):     client = args["client"]     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")</pre> |

|             |             |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>kick</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b>  | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>                         |
|             |             | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>user</b>  | The user that issued the kick                                      |
|             |             | <b>channel</b>   | The channel that the kick occurred in                              |
|             |             | <b>target</b>  | The user that was kicked   |
|             |             | <b>message</b>   | The kick message (if there is one)                                 |
|             | Event       | When a user is kicked  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when a user is kicked from a channel that MERK is present in.  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def kick(self, **args):     client = args["client"]     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")     print(f"Kicker: {args['user']}")     print(f"Target: {args['target']}")     print(f"Message: {args['message']}")</pre> |  |

|               |             |   |  |
|---------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>kicked</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|               |             | <b>user</b>   | The user that issued the kick                                      |
|               |             | <b>channel</b>  | The channel that the kick occurred in                              |
|               |             | <b>message</b>  | The kick message (if there is one)                                 |
|               | Event       | When MERK is kicked from a channel  |  |
|               | Description | This event is triggered when the user is kicked from a channel.   |  |
|               | Example     | <pre>def kicked(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")     print(f"Kicker: {args['user']}")     print(f"Message: {args['message']}")</pre> |  |

|             |             |   |  |
|-------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>left</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>channel</b>  | The channel the client left  |
|             | Event       | When MERK leaves a channel  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when MERK leaves a channel  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def left(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Channel: {args['channel']}")</pre> |  |

|                |             |  |  |
|----------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>line_in</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|                |             | <b>line</b>  | The line received by the client, UTF-8 encoded                     |
|                | Event       | Incoming data  |  |
|                | Description | This event is triggered every time MERK receives a line of data from an IRC server.  |  |
|                | Example     | <pre>def line_in(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Line: {args['line']}")</pre> |  |

|                 |             |   |  |
|-----------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>line_out</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|                 |             | <b>line</b>   | The line sent by the client  |
|                 | Event       | Outgoing data   |  |
|                 | Description | This event is triggered every time MERK sends a line of data to an IRC server.  |  |
|                 | Example     | <pre>def line_out(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Line: {args['line']}")</pre> |  |

|             |             |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>lost</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             | Event       | When MERK loses connection to an IRC server  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when MERK's connection to an IRC server is lost.   |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def lost(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")</pre> |  |

|           |                    |  |   |
|-----------|--------------------|--|---|
| <b>me</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>window</b>  | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>                      |
|           |                    | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that sent the message |
|           |                    | <b>target</b>  | The target of the message, either a user or a channel           |
|           |                    | <b>message</b>   | The message that was sent                                       |
|           | <b>Event</b>       | When MERK sends a message  |   |
|           | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when MERK sends a message to a user or channel. If there's a corresponding subwindow for <b>target</b> , then <b>window</b> will be set to that window; if not, then window will be set to <b>None</b> . |   |
|           | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def me(self, **args):     window = args["window"]     client = args["client"]     target = args["target"]     message = args["message"]</pre>   |   |

|                |                    |   |  |
|----------------|--------------------|---|--|
| <b>message</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>window</b>   | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>   |
|                |                    | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event                     |
|                |                    | <b>user</b>   | The user that sent the message, in the format nickname@hostmask                        |
|                |                    | <b>nickname</b>   | The nickname of the user that sent the message   |
|                |                    | <b>hostmask</b>   | The hostmask of the user that sent the message; if not known, this will be <b>None</b> |
|                |                    | <b>channel</b>  | The target of the message, which may be a channel or the nickname in use               |
|                |                    | <b>message</b>  | The message that was sent  |
|                | <b>Event</b>       | When MERK receives a message  |  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when MERK receives a channel or private message. If the sending user is being ignored, this event will still be triggered.  |  |
|                | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def message(self, **args):     client = args["window"].client()     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"Target: {args["channel"]}")     print(f&gt;User: {args["user"]}")     print(f"Message: {args["message"]}")</pre> |  |

|             |             |   |   |
|-------------|-------------|---|---|
| <b>mode</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event                      |
|             |             | <b>user</b>   | The user that set the mode. If the mode was set by the server, this will be set to "*". |
|             |             | <b>target</b>   | The user the mode was set on  |
|             |             | <b>mode</b>   | The mode that was set   |
|             |             | <b>arguments</b>  | List of <b>Strings</b> ; any arguments passed to the mode.                              |
|             | Event       | When a mode is set.   |   |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when a user or channel mode is set.   |   |
|             | Example     | <pre>def mode(self, **arguments):     client = arguments["client"]     user = arguments["user"]     target = arguments["target"]     mode = arguments["mode"]     args = arguments["arguments"]</pre> |   |

|             |             |   |  |
|-------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>motd</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>text</b>   | The text of the message of the day                                 |
|             | Event       | When the server sends the message of the day  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when MERK receives the MOTD from the server.  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def motd(self, **args):     client = args["client"]     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"{args["text"]}")</pre> |  |

|             |             |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>nick</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>nickname</b>  | The new nickname   |
|             | Event       | Nickname change  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered every the user's nickname changes. This will be triggered on connection when the user's nickname is set. |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def nick(self, **args):     print(f"New nickname: {args["nickname"]}")</pre>  |  |



notice

|             |   |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Arguments   | window  | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>   |
|             | client  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event                     |
|             | user  | The user that sent the message, in the format nickname@hostmask                        |
|             | nickname  | The nickname of the user that sent the message   |
|             | hostmask  | The hostmask of the user that sent the message; if not known, this will be <b>None</b> |
|             | channel   | The target of the message, which may be a channel or the nickname in use               |
|             | message   | The message that was sent  |
| Event       | When MERK receives a notice   |  |
| Description | This event is triggered when MERK receives a channel or private notice. If the sending user is being ignored, this event will still be triggered.   |  |
| Example     | <pre>def notice(self, **args):     client = args["window"].client()     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"Target: {args["channel"]}")     print(f"User: {args["user"]}")     print(f"Message: {args["message"]}")</pre> |  |

|                |                    |  |   |
|----------------|--------------------|--|---|
| <b>ping</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event  |
|                |                    |  |   |
|                | <b>Event</b>       |  | Whenever the server sends a ping                                    |
|                | <b>Description</b> |  | This event is triggered when the server sends a ping to the client. |
| <b>Example</b> |                    | <pre>def ping(self, **args):     args["client"]     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print("Ping? Pong!")</pre> |   |

|             |             |   |  |
|-------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>part</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b>   | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>                         |
|             |             | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>user</b>   | The user that left the channel                                     |
|             |             | <b>channel</b>  | The channel the user left  |
|             | Event       | When a user leaves a channel MERK is present in   |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when user leaves a channel that MERK is currently present in  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def part(self, **args):     client = args["window"].client()     print(f"Server: {client.server}")     print(f"Port: {client.port}")     print(f"User: {args["user"]}")     print(f"Channel: {args["channel"]}")</pre> |  |

|             |             |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>quit</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|             |             | <b>user</b>  | The user that quit   |
|             |             | <b>message</b>   | The quit message the user used                                     |
|             | Event       | When a user quits IRC in view of MERK  |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered when user quits IRC in a channel or private chat that MERK is in.  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def quit(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args["client"].server}")     print(f"Port: {args["client"].port}")     print(f"User: {args["user"]}")     print(f"Message: {args["message"]}")</pre> |  |

|               |             |  |  |
|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| <b>rename</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>  | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|               |             | <b>old</b>   | The user's old nickname  |
|               |             | <b>new</b>   | The user's new nickname  |
|               | Event       | When a user changes nicknames  |  |
|               | Description | This event is triggered when a user changes a nickname. This event will <i>not</i> trigger when MERK changes nicknames.  |  |
|               | Example     | <pre>def rename(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args["client"].server}")     print(f"Port: {args["client"].port}")     print(f"Old nickname: {args["old"]}")     print(f"New nickname: {args["new"]}")</pre> |  |

|               |             |   |  |
|---------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>server</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|               |             | <b>message</b>  | The message  |
|               | Event       | When a server message is received   |  |
|               | Description | This event is triggered if a server message is received by MERK.  |  |
|               | Example     | <pre>def server(self, **arguments):     client = arguments["client"]     message = arguments["message"]</pre> |  |

|                  |             |  |                             |
|------------------|-------------|--|-----------------------------|
| <b>subwindow</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b>  | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> |
|                  | Event       | When a new chat subwindow is created   |                             |
|                  | Description | This event is triggered whenever MERK creates a new chat subwindow.                                    |                             |
|                  | Example     | <pre>def subwindow(self, **arguments):     window = arguments["window"]     print(window.name())</pre> |                             |

|             |             |   |  |
|-------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>tick</b> | Arguments   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event   |
|             |             | <b>uptime</b>   | <b>Integer</b> . The number of seconds the client has been connected |
|             | Event       | Client uptime   |  |
|             | Description | This event is triggered once a second, every second that MERK is connected to a server  |  |
|             | Example     | <pre>def tick(self, **args):     print(f"Server: {args['client'].server}")     print(f"Port: {args['client'].port}")     print(f"Uptime: {args['uptime']}")</pre> |  |

|              |             |   |  |
|--------------|-------------|---|--|
| <b>topic</b> | Arguments   | <b>window</b>   | <a href="#">MERK Window</a> or <b>None</b>                         |
|              |             | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event |
|              |             | <b>user</b>   | The user that set the topic  |
|              |             | <b>channel</b>  | The channel the topic was set on                                   |
|              |             | <b>topic</b>  | The new channel topic  |
|              | Event       | When a channel's topic is set.  |  |
|              | Description | This event is triggered when a channel's topic is set   |  |
|              | Example     | <pre>def topic(self, **arguments):     client = arguments["client"]     window = arguments["window"]     user = arguments["user"]     channel = arguments["channel"]     topic = arguments["topic"]</pre> |  |

|                  |                    |   |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>uninstall</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Event</b>       | When a plugin is uninstalled with the <a href="#">plugin manager</a> .  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when a plugin is uninstalled with the <a href="#">plugin manager</a> . The event is triggered directly before the plugin is deleted. This event will <i>not</i> be triggered if the plugin is uninstalled via a <a href="#">command-line flag</a> . |
|                  | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def uninstall(self):     print("Plugin uninstalling...\n")</pre>   |

|               |                    |   |
|---------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>unload</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|               | <b>Event</b>       | When a plugin is unloaded. This will be triggered when the plugin list is “reloaded”, when the plugin is uninstalled, and on the exit of the application. |
|               | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when a plugin is unloaded, when MERK exits.   |
|               | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def unload(self):     print("Plugin unloaded!\n")</pre>  |

|               |                    |   |   |
|---------------|--------------------|---|---|
| <b>unmode</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>client</b>   | <a href="#">Twisted IRC client object</a> that triggered the event                          |
|               |                    | <b>user</b>   | The user that removed the mode. If the mode was set by the server, this will be set to "*". |
|               |                    | <b>target</b>   | The user the mode removed from  |
|               |                    | <b>mode</b>   | The mode that was removed   |
|               |                    | <b>arguments</b>  | <b>List of Strings</b> ; any arguments passed to the mode.                                  |
|               | <b>Event</b>       | When a mode is removed.   |   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered when a user or channel mode is removed.   |   |
|               | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def unmode(self, **arguments):     client = arguments["client"]     user = arguments["user"]     target = arguments["target"]     mode = arguments["mode"]     args = arguments["arguments"]</pre> |   |

|               |                    |   |  |
|---------------|--------------------|---|--|
| <b>uptime</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>window</b>   | <a href="#">MERK Window</a>  |
|               |                    | <b>uptime</b>   | <b>Integer.</b> How many seconds the window has been connected to the server |
|               | <b>Event</b>       | Every second a server, channel, or private chat window is in existence and connected                        |  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | This event is triggered once a second for every server, channel, or private chat window.                    |  |
|               | <b>Example</b>     | <pre>def uptime(self, **arguments):     window = arguments["window"]     uptime = arguments["uptime"]</pre> |  |

## MERK Window Class

The MERK Window class is passed as an argument to many **Plugin events**; a list of MERK Window classes is also returned by the **windows()** and **all\_windows()** [inherited Plugin methods](#). This is an instance of a class that allows plugins to interact with a MERK subwindow (either a [channel](#), [private chat](#), or [server](#) window). This instance can be used to send IRC messages and display them in the client, execute [commands](#) on that window's [context](#), get information about the window or the chat contained in the window, or otherwise manipulate the subwindow. Before using a Window object passed from an [event method](#), check to make sure that the argument passed is not equal to **None**; if MERK cannot find the subwindow associated with the event (usually because the subwindow doesn't exist), the "window" argument passed to the event method will be set to **None**. For example, if a private message is sent to a user that does not have an existing private chat window, the Window object that would be passed by the **me()** event does not exist, so the "window" argument will be set to **None**. The Window objects returned by [inherited Plugin methods](#) will never be set to **None**.

### Methods

|               |                    |   |
|---------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>action</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (target of the message)<br><b>String</b> (the message)  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Sends an CTCP action message. This can message can be sent to any user or channel. If the target of the message (a user or channel) has an open window, the message will be displayed in that window's chat display. Returns <b>True</b> if the message was able to be displayed in a window, and <b>False</b> if the message was not displayed in a window |
| <b>active</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Returns <b>True</b> if the window currently has focus, and <b>False</b> if the window does not.   |
| <b>alias</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text to interpolate)   |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b>   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Interpolates any existing aliases (both created and built-in) into text, and returns the result.  |

|                 |                    |  |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>bans</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Strings or None</b>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | If the window is a channel window, returns a list of all banned users in that channel. Otherwise, returns <b>None</b> .  |
| <b>chat</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Lists of Strings</b>  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | <p>Returns all the chat that is currently being displayed in the window. Each entry in the list is a list in the following format:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0. <b>Type</b>. This will either be "chat" for chat messages, or "action" for CTCP action messages.</li> <li>1. <b>User</b>. The user that sent the message.</li> <li>2. <b>Message</b>. The content of the chat message.</li> </ol> <p>This will <i>only</i> contain chat, and will not contain system or server messages. Depending on how much chat is being displayed, this <b>list</b> may be fairly large. If the window is a server window, or there is no chat being displayed, this will return an empty <b>list</b>.</p> |
| <b>clear</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Clears the chat display.   |
| <b>client</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <a href="#"><u>Twisted IRC client object</u></a>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Returns the Twisted IRC client object associated with that window's context.   |
| <b>close</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | None   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Closes the subwindow. If the subwindow is for a channel, this will cause MERK to leave that channel.   |
| <b>describe</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the message to send)  |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Uses the window to send a CTCP action message, displaying it in the chat window. Only functional in channel and private windows. Returns <b>True</b> if successful, <b>False</b> if not.   |

|                  |                    |  |
|------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>execute</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the command to execute)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Executes a <a href="#">command</a> in the window's context.  |
| <b>hide</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Hides the window.  |
| <b>history</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Strings</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Returns the command history of the window's text input widget. If command history tracking is turned off, or empty, this will return an empty <b>list</b> . This will be in order of most recent to least recent. The maximum size of this list is 20 entries by default, but may be shorter or longer, depending on the <b>command_history_length</b> <a href="#">configuration setting</a> .   |
| <b>key</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b>  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or <b>None</b> or <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | If not argument is passed, returns the key set on a channel as a <b>string</b> , or <b>None</b> if there is no key set. If a <b>string</b> is passed, and the channel is unlocked, attempts to set <b>+k</b> on the channel with <b>string</b> as the key; if the channel is already locked, attempts to set <b>-k</b> on the channel with <b>string</b> as the key. Returns <b>True</b> if the mode change attempt was made. Returns <b>None</b> if the window is not a channel, the channel does not have a key, or a mode change was not attempted. |
| <b>max</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Maximizes the window.  |
| <b>maximized</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Determines whether a window is maximized or not. Returns <b>True</b> if the window is maximized, and <b>False</b> if not.  |



|                  |                    |  |
|------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>message</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (target of the message)<br><b>String</b> (the message)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Sends an IRC message. This can message can be sent to any user or channel. If the target of the message (a user or channel) has an open window, the message with be displayed in that window's chat display. Returns <b>True</b> if the message was able to be displayed in a window, and <b>False</b> if the message was not displayed in a window. |
| <b>min</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Minimizes the window.  |
| <b>minimized</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Determines whether a window is minimized or not. Returns <b>True</b> if the window is minimized, and <b>False</b> if not.  |
| <b>modes</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or <b>None</b>   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | If the window is a channel window, returns a string with all the modes set on that channel. Otherwise, returns <b>None</b> .   |
| <b>move</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Integer</b> (the X-value of the new position),<br><b>Integer</b> (the Y-value of the new position)  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>True</b> if the move was successful, <b>False</b> if not  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Moves a subwindow to the specified coordinates. If the move would put the window in a location where it could not be interacted with, this method will fail and return <b>False</b> .  |
| <b>name</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (the name of the window)   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Returns the name of the window. For server windows, this will be the server's hostname; for channel windows, this will be the name of the channel; and for private chat windows, this will be the nickname of the person the private chat is with.   |

|                 |                    |  |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>nicks</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Strings</b>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | If the window is a channel window, returns a list of all nicknames (with hostmasks, if known, separated by "!") in that channel. Each nickname will have channel status prefixes removed. Otherwise, returns an empty <b>list</b> .  |
| <b>note</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the message to send)  |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Uses the window to send a notice message, displaying it in the chat window. Only functional in channel and private windows. Returns <b>True</b> if successful, and <b>False</b> if not.  |
| <b>notice</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (target of the message)<br><b>String</b> (the message)   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Sends a notice. This can message can be sent to any user or channel. If the target of the message (a user or channel) has an open window, the message will be displayed in that window's chat display. Returns <b>True</b> if the message was able to be displayed in a window, and <b>False</b> if the message was not displayed in a window. |
| <b>position</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Integers</b> (X value, Y value)   |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Returns the position of the window in a list in the following format:<br>0. <b>X value</b> . The horizontal position of the window.<br>1. <b>Y value</b> . The vertical position of the window.<br>If the window's position cannot be determined, both values in the <b>list</b> will be set to <b>0</b> .                                     |
| <b>print</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text to print)  |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Prints text to the window's chat display. HTML may be used.  |
| <b>prints</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text to print)  |
|                 | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                 | <b>Description</b> | Prints a system message to the window's chat display. HTML may be used.  |

|                |                    |  |
|----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>resize</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Integer</b> (the width of the window)<br><b>Integer</b> (the height of the window)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Resizes the window.  |
| <b>restore</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | "Restores" the window; if the window has been minimized or maximized, this window returns to a normal state.   |
| <b>say</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the message to send)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Uses the window to send a message, displaying it in the chat window. Only functional in channel and private windows. Returns <b>True</b> if successful, and <b>False</b> if not.   |
| <b>script</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text of the script or script filename)<br><b>List of Strings</b> (the arguments to the script)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Executes a script in the window's context. If executing a script by filename, the script's extension ( <b>.merk</b> ) can be omitted. Script filenames will be searched for in the <b>scripts</b> , configuration, and application install directories, in that order. Scripts are executed in a new thread. |
| <b>show</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | If the window is hidden, the window will be shown. Also, moves focus to the window.  |
| <b>size</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Integers</b> (width, height)  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Returns the size of the window, in the following format:<br>0. <b>Width</b> . The width of the window.<br>1. <b>Height</b> . The height of the window.<br>If the window's size cannot be determined, both values in the <b>list</b> will be set to <b>0</b> .  |

|               |                    |  |
|---------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>status</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b> (status to query)  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> (channel status) or <b>Boolean</b>   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | If called without argument, <b>status()</b> will return a <b>string</b> containing the user's highest level channel status: 'owner', 'admin', 'operator', 'halfop', 'protected', 'voiced', or 'normal'. If called on a non-channel window, this will always return 'normal'. If called with a <b>string</b> containing a channel status, this will return <b>True</b> if the user has that channel status in the channel, and <b>False</b> if the user does not. If called on a non-channel window with 'normal' as the argument, this will return <b>True</b> . |
| <b>title</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b>  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or Nothing   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Sets the window's title to <b>string</b> ; if <b>string</b> is omitted, the window's current title is returned as a <b>string</b> . Unless changed, a window's title will always be it's name. For channels, that will be the channel's name. For private chat windows, that will be the nickname of the user being chatted with. For servers, that will be the hostname of the server after registration, and the <b>server:port</b> used to connect to the server before registration.   |
| <b>topic</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b> (new channel topic)  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or <b>Boolean</b> or <b>None</b>   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | If the window is a channel window, and no argument is passed, returns the channel topic as a <b>string</b> ; otherwise, returns <b>None</b> . If a <b>string</b> is passed as the argument, the channel's topic will be set to the <b>string</b> ; if the window is a channel window, this will return <b>True</b> , otherwise this will return <b>False</b> .   |
| <b>type</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> ("server", "private", "channel", or "unknown")   |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Returns "channel" if the channel is a channel window, "private" if the window is a private chat window, "server" if the window is a server window, or "unknown" if the window type is not known.   |

|               |                    |   |
|---------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>uptime</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Integer</b>  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | Returns the number of seconds the window has existed.   |
| <b>users</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b>   |
|               | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Strings</b>  |
|               | <b>Description</b> | If the window is a channel window and called with no arguments, returns a list of all nicknames (with hostmasks, if known) in that channel. Each nickname will have channel status prefixes (such as @ for channel operators). If called with a <b>string</b> (a channel status: 'owner', 'admin', 'operator', 'halfop', 'protected', 'voiced', or 'normal'), returns a list of user nicknames with that status; each nickname does <i>not</i> contain a status prefix or hostmask. If the window is not a channel window, does not have any users, or does not contain any users with the requested status, returns an empty <b>list</b> . |

## Plugin Console Class

The plugin **Console** class allows plugins to display data, without having to write the data to an existing MERK subwindow. Using the **print()** and **prints()** methods work exactly like with the [MERK Window class](#), and displays time-stamped strings in the console's text display.

When the console subwindow is created, it is initially hidden, and cannot be seen by users. Use the **show()** method to show the window to users, and **hide()** to hide it again. The console subwindow is created the first time a plugin calls the **console()** [method](#), and exists until the **Console close()** method is called; each time the **console()** method is called after the first call, a **Console** class representing the same window is returned. The console subwindow can also be shown or hidden from the plugin right click context menu in the [plugin manager](#).

Use the **html()** method to display raw, non-timestamped HTML in the console's text display.

### Methods

|              |                    |   |
|--------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>clear</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|              | <b>Description</b> | Clears the text display in the console subwindow.   |
| <b>close</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | None  |
|              | <b>Description</b> | Closes the console subwindow. Any data displayed in the console is lost, and the next time <a href="#">console()</a> is called, the console will be re-created.   |
| <b>dump</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Lists of Strings</b>   |
|              | <b>Description</b> | Returns the contents of the console display in a <b>list of lists of strings</b> , with each entry in the following format:<br>0. <b>Timestamp</b> . When the text was printed to the console.<br>1. <b>The text</b> . What was printed to the console. |
| <b>hide</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|              | <b>Description</b> | Hides the console subwindow.  |
| <b>max</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|              | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|              | <b>Description</b> | Maximizes the console subwindow.  |

|                  |                    |   |
|------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>maximized</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Determines whether the console subwindow is maximized or not. Returns <b>True</b> if the window is maximized, and <b>False</b> if not.  |
| <b>min</b>       | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Minimizes the console subwindow.  |
| <b>minimized</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>Boolean</b>  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Determines whether the console subwindow is minimized or not. Returns <b>True</b> if the window is minimized, and <b>False</b> if not.  |
| <b>move</b>      | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Integer</b> (the X-value of the new position),<br><b>Integer</b> (the Y-value of the new position)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>True</b> if the move was successful, <b>False</b> if not   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Moves the console subwindow to the specified coordinates. If the move would put the window in a location where it could not be interacted with, this method will fail and return <b>False</b> .   |
| <b>position</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | None  |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Integers</b> (X value, Y value)  |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Returns the position of the console subwindow in a list in the following format:<br>0. <b>X value</b> . The horizontal position of the window.<br>1. <b>Y value</b> . The vertical position of the window.<br>If the window's position cannot be determined, both values in the <b>list</b> will be set to <b>0</b> . |
| <b>print</b>     | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text to print)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Prints text to the console subwindow's text display, with a timestamp. HTML may be used.  |
| <b>prints</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>String</b> (the text to print)   |
|                  | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing   |
|                  | <b>Description</b> | Prints a system-styled message to the console subwindow's text display, with a timestamp. HTML may be used.   |

|                |                    |  |
|----------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>resize</b>  | <b>Arguments</b>   | <b>Integer</b> (the width of the window)<br><b>Integer</b> (the height of the window)  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Resizes the console subwindow.   |
| <b>restore</b> | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | "Restores" the console subwindow; if the window has been minimized or maximized, this window returns to a normal state.  |
| <b>show</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | Nothing  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | If the console subwindow is hidden, the window will be shown. The console subwindow is always hidden when it is first created.   |
| <b>size</b>    | <b>Arguments</b>   | None   |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>List of Integers</b> (width, height)  |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Returns the size of the console subwindow, in the following format:<br>0. <b>Width</b> . The width of the window.<br>1. <b>Height</b> . The height of the window.<br>If the window's size cannot be determined, both values in the <b>list</b> will be set to <b>0</b> .         |
| <b>title</b>   | <b>Arguments</b>   | None or <b>String</b>  |
|                | <b>Returns</b>     | <b>String</b> or Nothing   |
|                | <b>Description</b> | Sets the console subwindow's title to <b>string</b> ; if <b>string</b> is omitted, the window's current title is returned as a <b>string</b> . Unless changed, the window's title will always be the name of the plugin's <b>NAME</b> and <b>VERSION</b> , separated by a space. |



## Example Plugins

All of these examples, and ZIP packages for the plugins, can be found [here](#).

### Away Notifications

In this example, we're going to write a plugin that notifies every chat that MERK is in whenever it sets its status to "away" or "back". To accomplish this, we're going to use the `ctick()` [event method](#), the `is_away()` and `windows()` [built-in methods](#), and some [MERK Window classes](#).

Our plugin will use `ctick()` to check every client for a status change once per second. First, we declare a class variable we'll need in `init()`: a list to store notified clients. If a client's away status has changed to either "away" or "back", our plugin will send a CTCP action message to every [open chat window](#) telling them about our status change. To prevent the plugin from spamming a status once per second, the plugin will store which [Twisted IRC clients](#) have been notified in our `list` class variable: when the client goes away, the [Twisted IRC object](#) is stored, and when the client comes "back", the [Twisted IRC object](#) is removed from storage. This plugin should work with any number of server connections, and will only notify the connections that have had their status changed. This plugin also doesn't do any error checking; it calls the [MERK Window method](#) `.describe()` on [server windows](#), which doesn't work, but it doesn't notify the user and no error will be displayed.

```
from merk import Plugin

class AwayNotify(Plugin):

    NAME = "Away Notify"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        self.notified = []

    def ctick(self, **args):
        uptime = args["uptime"]

        for client in self.clients():
            if self.is_away(client):
                if not client in self.notified:
                    self.notified.append(client)
                    for window in self.windows(client):
                        window.describe("is now away")
            else:
                if client in self.notified:
                    self.notified.remove(client)
                    for window in self.windows(client):
                        window.describe("is now back")
```

## Mention Notification

This plugin will give the user a "visual" notification if their name is mentioned in a chat: the subwindow that their nickname was mentioned in will have its title changed to show that their nickname was mentioned. When the window is clicked on (or activated), the title will revert back to normal.

```
from merk import Plugin

class MentionNotify(Plugin):

    NAME = "Mention Notification"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        self.notified = []

    def message(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        channel = args["channel"]
        user = args["user"]
        message = args["message"]
        client = args["client"]

        if window!=None:
            if window.type()!="server":
                if client.nickname in message:
                    if not channel in self.notified:
                        if not window.active():
                            self.notified.append(channel)
                            window.title(window.name()+" - Mentioned")

    def activate(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        if window.name() in self.notified:
            self.notified.remove(window.name())
            window.title(window.name())
```

## Unread Messages Notifications

This plugin changes the title of windows that have unread messages. Server windows are skipped.

```
from merk import Plugin

class MentionNotify(Plugin):

    NAME = "Unread Notification"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def message(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        channel = args["channel"]
        user = args["user"]
        message = args["message"]
        client = args["client"]

        if window!=None:
            if window.type()!="server":
                if window.title()==window.name():
                    if not window.active():
                        window.title(window.name()+" - Unread messages")

    def activate(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        if window.title()!=window.name():
            window.title(window.name())
```

## MERK "Backdoor"

This plugin gives a "backdoor" to a user: if the user has the right password, they can issue commands to MERK with private messages. First, edit's the plugin's **password** attribute to whatever password you'd like; in this example, the password is "password". To log into the plugin, send a message that consists of "!" immediately followed by the password. By default, you would log in with **!password**. Logging out of the plugin works exactly the same way. Once logged in, any private message received from the logged in user will be executed as a command, exactly as if they'd been entered into a window's text input widget. Input has any leading whitespace stripped from it, so to force MERK to join a channel, you might send this as a message: " /join #channel" (without the quotes, and note the leading space).

```
from merk import Plugin

class BackdoorPlugin(Plugin):

    NAME = "Backdoor"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        self.logged_in = None
        self.password = "password"

    def message(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        client = args["client"]
        channel = args["channel"]
        user = args["user"]
        nickname = args["nickname"]
        hostmask = args["hostmask"]
        message = args["message"]

        if channel==client.nickname:
            if len(message)>1 and message[0]=='!':
                if message[1:]==self.password:
                    if self.logged_in==None:
                        self.logged_in = hostmask
                        client.msg(nickname,"Logged in")
                    else:
                        self.logged_in = None
                        client.msg(nickname,"Logged out")
            else:
                if hostmask==self.logged_in:
                    if window!=None:
                        window.execute(message)
                    else:
                        console = self.master(client)
                        console.execute(message)
```

## Mention Log

This plugin writes every message sent to MERK that mentions the client's nickname to the plugin's console.

```
from merk import Plugin

class MentionLogPlugin(Plugin):

    NAME = "Mention Log"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        c = self.console()
        c.print("<b>Mention Log</b>")

    def message(self, **args):
        window = args["window"]
        client = args["client"]
        channel = args["channel"]
        user = args["user"]
        nickname = args["nickname"]
        hostmask = args["hostmask"]
        message = args["message"]

        c = self.console()
        if client.nickname in message:
            entry = f"{client.hostname} {channel} {nickname}: {message}"
            c.print(entry)
```

## Notepad

This plugin is fairly complex, and involves a [script](#). This plugin will implement a "notebook" for users, allowing them to print messages to the plugin's console.

First, we're going to write our script. This script will use the [/call command](#) to execute a **Plugin** method. Save the following script to a file named **note.merk**, and save it in your scripts folder:

```
1 if $_ARGS (eq) 0 goto 3
2 /call save $_0
3 end
```

The **\$\_0** [built-in alias](#) contains all the arguments passed to a script, and **\$\_ARGS** contains the number of arguments passed to the script. If there are no arguments passed to the script, we shouldn't **/call** our **Plugin** method, so we check to make sure that there's at least one argument, and only execute the **/call** command if there is.

Now that we have our script, we can create the plugin that uses it. Here, we'll create the **Plugin** method that **/call** uses, and create a [macro](#) to call our script in the plugin's **init()** [event](#). We'll use the **uninstall()** [event](#) to remove the macro and delete our script when the plugin is uninstalled.

```
from merk import Plugin
import os

class Notepad(Plugin):

    NAME = "Notepad"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        self.macro("note", "note.merk", "/note MESSAGE", "Writes a note")

    def uninstall(self):
        self.unmacro("note")
        script = self.find("note", "merk")
        if script != None: os.remove(script)

    def save(self, window, arguments):
        console = self.console()
        console.print(" ".join(arguments))
```

If both the plugin and the script are [packaged in a ZIP file](#), both files will be installed (in the proper place) when the ZIP is installed with the [plugin manager](#).

## External IP Address

This plugin also involves a [script](#). This plugin will implement a use of the `urllib` library to fetch the user's external IP address from a website, and print it to the current window. Since the `urllib` library is part of Python's [standard library](#), this plugin will work on both the Python and PyInstaller versions of MERK.

First, we're going to write our script. This script will use the [/call command](#) to execute a **Plugin** method. Save the following script to a file named `ip.merk`, and save it in your scripts folder:

```
usage 0 Usage: /ip
/call get_ip
```

This script doesn't take any arguments, and just uses `/call` to call our plugin method. Now that we have our script, we can create the plugin that uses it. Here, we'll create the **Plugin** method that `/call` uses, and create a [macro](#) to call our script in the plugin's `init()` [event](#). Finally, we'll use the `uninstall()` [event](#) to remove our macro and delete our script if the plugin is uninstalled.

```
from merk import Plugin
import urllib.request
import urllib.error
import os

class MyIPPlugin(Plugin):

    NAME = "My IP"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def init(self):
        self.macro("ip", "ip.merk", "/ip", "Gets the external IP address")

    def uninstall(self):
        self.unmacro("ip")
        script = self.find("ip", "merk")
        if script != None: os.remove(script)

    def get_ip(self, window, arguments):
        try:
            with urllib.request.urlopen("https://v4.ident.me") as response:
                external_ip = response.read().decode('utf8')
                window.print(external_ip)
        except urllib.error.URLError as e:
            window.print(f"Error retrieving external IP: {e.reason}")
        except Exception as e:
            window.print(f"An unexpected error occurred: {e}")
```

If both the plugin and the script are [packaged in a ZIP file](#), both files will be installed (in the proper place) when the ZIP is installed with the [plugin manager](#).

## Threads with QThread

This plugin is an example of two things: using classes in a plugin that do *not* inherit from **Plugin**, and using the [QThread object in PyQt5](#) to write a callable function that normally would be blocking. Here, when our callable method is executed, it creates a thread where the **time** library is used to wait for 10 seconds, and when the thread ends, a greeting is sent to the window where the callable method was, well, called. If the window is a [channel](#) or [private chat window](#), the greeting is sent as a message to the channel or private chat, and if the window is a [server window](#), it is simply printed to the window:

```
from merk import Plugin
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
import time

class DelayThread(QThread):
    threadEnd = pyqtSignal()
    def __init__(self, wait):
        super(DelayThread, self).__init__()
        self.time = wait

    def run(self):
        time.sleep(self.time)
        self.threadEnd.emit()

class SlowHello(Plugin):

    NAME = "Slow Hello"
    AUTHOR = "Dan Hetrick"
    VERSION = "1.0"
    SOURCE = "https://github.com/nutjob-laboratories/merk"

    def say_hello(self):
        if self.window.type()=="channel" or self.window.type()=="private":
            self.window.say("Hello!")
        else:
            self.window.print("Hello!")

    def slow_hello(self, window, arguments):
        self.window = window
        self.thread = DelayThread(10)
        self.thread.threadEnd.connect(self.say_hello)
        self.thread.start()
```

Normally, calling **time.sleep()** would block MERK from doing anything while “sleeping”. However, by creating a separate thread, we can run **time.sleep()** in that thread and allow MERK to continue running and updating without issues.

Since PyQt5 built into the PyInstaller version of MERK, this plugin can run in any version of MERK without installing any additional libraries.



## Advanced Settings

The last section in the [settings dialog](#) shows a number of settings that can be used to fundamentally change how MERK works. **WARNING:** Changing these settings may break your installation of MERK, break any existing scripts, or fill up your hard drive. If this occurs, please see [Resetting MERK to Default Settings](#).

Changing these settings is not recommended, but may be desired.

## Options

To change any of these settings, advanced settings must be enabled by clicking this checkbox:



Unchecking this checkbox will reset all the advanced settings to the value stored in the configuration file, and no settings will be saved. This *must* be enabled when clicking the "Apply" or "Apply & Restart" buttons for any changes to be saved. When changing any any advanced setting, ***restarting MERK is recommended***.

- **Connection heartbeat.** This sets how often MERK "pings" the IRC server to keep the network connection active. The default is once every 120 seconds.
- **Max message length.** IRC has a hard limit of 512 characters for chat messages, and this must include the user's nickname and the appropriate chat command. 400 characters is the limit that MERK uses to determine if a chat message needs to be split into multiple messages.
- **Flood protection for long messages.** Chat messages that have been split up for exceeding the maximum message length will be sent once per second, to avoid triggering a server's flood protection. Turned on by default.
- **Show server pings in server windows.** MERK sends "pings" to the IRC server to keep the network connection active. Checking this box will display whenever the client receives a "ping" reply from the server.
- **Save all system messages to log.** Checking this option will save nearly all messages displayed if logging is turned on. This will drastically increase the size of saved logs.
- **Write all network input and output to STDOUT.** This will show all IRC network traffic in STDOUT, which is normally printed to the console MERK is being ran from. This will not display anything if MERK is being executed with the PyInstaller executable (without using additional software to view STDOUT).
- **Write all script errors to STDOUT.** This will write all script errors triggered during script execution to STDOUT. This will not display anything if MERK is being executed with the PyInstaller executable (without using additional software to view STDOUT).
- **Write all network input and output to a file in the user's settings directory.** This will write all network input and output to a file or files in the **settings** directory. Each IRC connection will have its input and output written to a file named **SERVER-PORT.txt**. So, a connection to **irc.libera.chat** on port **6697** would have its input and output written to **irc.libera.chat-6697.txt**. **WARNING!** This will write a *lot* of data to your hard drive.

## Settings Editable by /config

The following is a list of all settings editable with the `/config` command, along with their default values. Settings are in the format "**setting: value**". Values in quotation marks are strings, values set to **false** or **true** are boolean, and numerical values are integers. Values that appear in italics are generated when MERK is ran for the first time, and vary depending on the version of the application.

Several settings require a string value that must be specific strings:

- **qt\_window\_style**. *This must be set to a valid value string, depending on your installation of Qt, and will vary. Trying to set it to an invalid value will list valid values for your platform.*
- **windowbar\_justify** and **menubar\_justify**. *Must be "left", "right", or "center".*
- **default\_spellcheck\_language**. *Must be "en", "fr", "es", "de", "pt", "it", "nl", or "ru".*
- **syntax\_comment\_style**, **syntax\_command\_style**, **syntax\_channel\_style**, **syntax\_alias\_style**, **syntax\_operator\_style**, **syntax\_nickname\_style**, **syntax\_shortcode\_style**, and **syntax\_script\_only\_style**. *Must be strings containing only "bold" or "italic", separated by spaces.*
- **subwindow\_order**. *Must be "creation", "stacking", or "activation".*
- **All settings ending in \_color**. *Must be a valid [Qt color descriptor](#) (such as an [SVG color keyword name](#)), or an HTML hexadecimal color value (like "#FFFFFF" for white or "#000000" for black).*
- **sound\_notification\_file**. *Must be a string containing a valid path for a [WAV](#) file. The default value is a file located in MERK's resource file.*
- **timestamp\_format**. *Must be a string containing a valid [strftime](#) format.*
- **emoji\_shortcode\_language**. *Must be "alias", "en", "pt", "it", "fr", "de", "fa", "id", "zh", "ja", "ko", "ru", "ar", or "tr". For more information, please see the [Emoji library repository](#).*
- **plugin\_manager\_console\_icon**. *Should be an emoji or ASCIIemoji shortcode, although this is not required. This will be used in a plugin's entry in the [plugin manager](#) to show that a plugin's [console](#) is open.*

## Settings and Default Values

- alias\_interpolation\_symbol: "\$"
- always\_scroll\_to\_bottom: false
- always\_show\_current\_first\_in\_windowbar: true
- app\_interaction\_cancels\_autoaway: false
- apply\_syntax\_highlighting\_to\_input\_widget: true
- ask\_before\_disconnect: true
- ask\_before\_exit: false
- ask\_before\_reconnect: false
- auto\_join\_on\_invite: true
- autoaway: false
- autoaway\_time: 3600
- autocomplete\_aliases: true
- autocomplete\_channels: true
- autocomplete\_commands: true
- autocomplete\_filenames: true
- autocomplete\_macros: true
- autocomplete\_methods: true
- autocomplete\_nicks: true
- autocomplete\_settings: true
- autocomplete\_shortcodes: true
- autocomplete\_shortcodes\_in\_away\_message\_widget: true
- autocomplete\_shortcodes\_in\_quit\_message\_widget: true
- autocomplete\_user\_settings: true
- automatic\_reconnection\_timer: 30
- away\_message: "Away at \$\_DATE \$\_TIME"
- bad\_nickname\_fallback: "Guest"
- chat\_message\_max\_length: 400
- clear\_plugins\_from\_memory\_on\_reload: true
- click\_systray\_icon\_to\_minimize\_to\_tray: true
- close\_editor\_on\_plugin\_uninstall: true
- closing\_main\_window\_minimizes\_to\_tray: true
- closing\_server\_window\_disconnects\_from\_server: false
- command\_history\_length: 20
- convert\_urls\_to\_links: true
- create\_window\_for\_incoming\_private\_messages: true
- create\_window\_for\_incoming\_private\_notices: false
- create\_window\_for\_outgoing\_private\_messages: false
- cursor\_blink: true
- cursor\_blink\_rate: 1060
- dark\_mode: false

- default\_spellcheck\_language: "en"
- default\_subwindow\_height: 480
- default\_subwindow\_width: 640
- delay\_automatic\_reconnection: false
- display\_active\_subwindow\_in\_title: true
- display\_dates\_in\_logs: true
- display\_error\_message\_for\_restrict\_and\_only\_violation: true
- display\_full\_user\_info\_in\_mode\_messages: true
- display\_irc\_colors: true
- display\_irc\_colors\_in\_topics: true
- display\_messagebox\_on\_plugin\_error: true
- display\_nick\_on\_server\_windows: false
- display\_server\_motd\_as\_raw\_text: false
- display\_server\_pings\_in\_server\_window: false
- display\_timestamp: true
- do\_intermittent\_log\_saves: true
- do\_not\_allow\_select\_on\_userlist: false
- do\_not\_apply\_styles\_to\_text: false
- do\_not\_apply\_text\_style\_to\_input\_widget: false
- do\_not\_apply\_text\_style\_to\_userlist: false
- do\_not\_create\_private\_chat\_windows\_for\_ignored\_users: true
- do\_not\_pad\_nickname\_in\_chat\_display: false
- do\_not\_reply\_to\_ctcp\_source: false
- do\_not\_reply\_to\_ctcp\_version: false
- do\_not\_show\_application\_name\_in\_title: false
- do\_not\_show\_environment\_in\_ctcp\_version: false
- do\_not\_show\_server\_name\_in\_application\_title: false
- doubleclick\_nick\_display\_to\_change\_nick: true
- doubleclick\_to\_restore\_from\_systray: true
- doubleclick\_userlist\_to\_open\_private\_chat: true
- editor\_prompt\_save\_on\_close: true
- editor\_syntax\_highlighting: true
- editor\_word\_wrap: false
- elide\_away\_message\_in\_userlist\_context\_menu: true
- elide\_hostmask\_in\_userlist\_context\_menu: true
- elide\_long\_nicknames\_in\_chat\_display: true
- emoji\_shortcode\_language: "alias"
- enable\_aliases: true
- enable\_application\_drag\_and\_drop: true
- enable\_asciimoji\_shortcodes: true
- enable\_autocomplete: true

- enable\_browser\_command: true
- enable\_built\_in\_aliases: true
- enable\_call\_command: true
- enable\_command\_history: true
- enable\_config\_command: true
- enable\_delay\_command: true
- enable\_emoji\_shortcodes: true
- enable\_goto\_command: true
- enable\_hotkeys: true
- enable\_if\_command: true
- enable\_ignore: true
- enable\_insert\_command: true
- enable\_scripting: true
- enable\_plugin\_action\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_activate\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_away\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_back\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_close\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_connected\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_connecting\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_ctick\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_disconnect\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_error\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_editor: true
- enable\_plugin\_init\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_invite\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_ison\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_isupport\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_join\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_joined\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_kick\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_kicked\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_left\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_line\_in\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_line\_out\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_lost\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_me\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_message\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_mode\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_motd\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_nick\_event: true

- enable\_plugin\_notice\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_part\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_ping\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_quit\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_rename\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_server\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_subwindow\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_tick\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_topic\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_uninstall\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_unload\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_unmode\_event: true
- enable\_plugin\_uptime\_event: true
- enable\_plugins: true
- enable\_spellcheck: true
- enable\_style\_editor: true
- enable\_user\_command: true
- enable\_userlist\_context\_menu: true
- enable\_wait\_command: true
- escape\_html\_in\_print\_and\_prints\_messages: false
- examine\_topic\_in\_channel\_list\_search: true
- execute\_hotkey\_as\_command: true
- execute\_init\_event\_on\_plugin\_reload: true
- fetch\_hostmask\_frequency: 5
- flood\_protection\_for\_sending\_long\_messages: true
- force\_all\_windows\_to\_use\_default\_style: false
- force\_monospace\_text\_rendering: false
- get\_hostmasks\_on\_channel\_join: true
- halt\_script\_execution\_on\_error: true
- hide\_horizontal\_scrollbar\_on\_userlists: true
- hide\_logo\_on\_initial\_connection\_dialog: false
- hide\_server\_windows\_when\_registration\_completes: false
- hide\_windowbar\_if\_empty: true
- import\_scripts\_in\_plugin\_packages: true
- include\_script\_command\_shortcut: true
- input\_widget\_cursor\_width: 1
- interface\_button\_icon\_size: 18
- interface\_button\_size: 18
- intermittent\_log\_save\_interval: 1800000
- interpolate\_aliases\_into\_away\_message: true
- interpolate\_aliases\_into\_quit\_message: true

- interpolate\_aliases\_into\_user\_input: true
- issue\_command\_symbol: "/"
- load\_channel\_logs: true
- load\_private\_logs: true
- log\_channel\_joins: true
- log\_channel\_nickname\_changes: true
- log\_channel\_notice: true
- log\_channel\_parts: true
- log\_channel\_quits: true
- log\_channel\_topics: true
- log\_manager\_maximum\_load\_size: 5000
- main\_menu\_help\_name: "Help"
- main\_menu\_irc\_name: "IRC"
- main\_menu\_settings\_name: "Settings"
- main\_menu\_tools\_name: "Tools"
- main\_menu\_windows\_name: "Windows"
- main\_window\_always\_on\_top: false
- managers\_always\_on\_top: true
- mark\_end\_of\_loaded\_log: true
- maximize\_app\_on\_startup: false
- maximize\_subwindows\_on\_creation: false
- maximum\_insert\_file\_depth: 10
- maximum\_loaded\_log\_size: 500
- menubar\_bold\_on\_hover: true
- menubar\_can\_float: false
- menubar\_docked\_at\_top: true
- menubar\_justify: "left"
- minimize\_to\_system\_tray: false
- nickname\_pad\_length: 15
- notify\_on\_lost\_or\_failed\_connection: true
- notify\_on\_repeated\_failed\_reconnections: true
- overwrite\_files\_on\_plugin\_import: false
- plain\_user\_lists: false
- plugin\_manager\_console\_icon: ":left\_speech\_bubble:"
- print\_script\_errors\_to\_stdout: false
- prompt\_for\_away\_message: false
- prompt\_for\_file\_on\_calling\_script\_with\_no\_arguments: false
- prompt\_on\_failed\_connection: true
- python\_editor\_auto\_indent: true
- python\_editor\_show\_whitespace: false
- qt\_window\_style: "Windows"

- quit\_message: "MERK \$\_VERSION"
- reject\_all\_channel\_notices: false
- reload\_plugins\_after\_uninstall: true
- reload\_plugins\_on\_editor\_close: true
- request\_channel\_list\_on\_connection: true
- require\_exact\_argument\_count\_for\_scripts: false
- rubberband\_subwindow\_move: false
- rubberband\_subwindow\_resize: false
- save\_channel\_logs: true
- save\_connection\_history: true
- save\_private\_logs: true
- script\_thread\_quit\_timeout: 1000
- scroll\_chat\_to\_bottom\_on\_resize: true
- search\_for\_all\_terms\_in\_channel\_list\_search: true
- search\_install\_directory\_for\_files: false
- show\_app\_full\_screen: false
- show\_away\_and\_back\_messages: true
- show\_away\_status\_in\_nick\_display: true
- show\_away\_status\_in\_userlists: true
- show\_channel\_banlist\_menu: true
- show\_channel\_list\_button\_on\_server\_windows: true
- show\_channel\_list\_entry\_in\_windows\_menu: true
- show\_channel\_list\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_channel\_mode\_menu: true
- show\_channel\_name\_and\_modes: true
- show\_channel\_name\_in\_subwindow\_title: true
- show\_channel\_topic\_bar: true
- show\_channel\_topic\_in\_title: false
- show\_channel\_topic\_in\_tooltip: true
- show\_channel\_topic\_in\_window\_title: false
- show\_channel\_uptime: true
- show\_chat\_context\_menu\_options: true
- show\_connection\_dialog\_on\_startup: true
- show\_connection\_uptime: true
- show\_connections\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_directories\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_hidden\_channel\_windows\_in\_windowbar: true
- show\_hidden\_private\_windows\_in\_windowbar: true
- show\_hidden\_server\_windows\_in\_windowbar: true
- show\_ignore\_status\_in\_userlists: true
- show\_ison\_response\_in\_current\_window: false



- show\_input\_menu: true
- show\_links\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_links\_to\_known\_irc\_networks: true
- show\_list\_refresh\_button\_on\_server\_windows: false
- show\_long\_message\_indicator: true
- show\_lusers\_response\_in\_current\_window: false
- show\_menubar\_context\_menu: true
- show\_network\_logs\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_network\_logs\_in\_windows\_menu: true
- show\_plugin\_consoles\_on\_creation: true
- show\_script\_execution\_errors: true
- show\_server\_information\_in\_windows\_menu: true
- show\_server\_window\_toolbar: true
- show\_settings\_in\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_spellcheck\_settings\_in\_menus: true
- show\_status\_bar\_on\_chat\_windows: true
- show\_status\_bar\_on\_editor\_windows: true
- show\_status\_bar\_on\_list\_windows: true
- show\_status\_bar\_on\_server\_windows: false
- show\_systray\_icon: true
- show\_systray\_menu: true
- show\_user\_count\_display: true
- show\_user\_info\_on\_chat\_windows: true
- show\_userlist\_on\_left: false
- show\_userlists: true
- show\_windowbar: true
- show\_windowbar\_context\_menu: true
- simplified\_dialogs: false
- sound\_notification\_disconnect: true
- sound\_notification\_file: ":/sound-notification.wav"
- sound\_notification\_invite: true
- sound\_notification\_kick: true
- sound\_notification\_mode: true
- sound\_notification\_nickname: true
- sound\_notification\_notice: true
- sound\_notification\_private: true
- sound\_notifications: false
- spellcheck\_in\_bold: false
- spellcheck\_in\_color: false
- spellcheck\_in\_italics: false
- spellcheck\_in\_strikeout: false

- spellcheck\_underline\_color: "#FF0000"
- spellchecker\_distance: 1
- subwindow\_order: "creation"
- syntax\_alias\_color: "Red"
- syntax\_alias\_style: "bold italic"
- syntax\_background\_color: "white"
- syntax\_channel\_color: "darkRed"
- syntax\_channel\_style: "bold"
- syntax\_command\_color: "darkBlue"
- syntax\_command\_style: "bold"
- syntax\_comment\_color: "Magenta"
- syntax\_comment\_style: "bold italic"
- syntax\_foreground\_color: "black"
- syntax\_nickname\_color: "darkRed"
- syntax\_nickname\_style: "bold"
- syntax\_operator\_color: "blue"
- syntax\_operator\_style: "bold"
- syntax\_script\_only\_color: "darkGreen"
- syntax\_script\_only\_style: "bold"
- syntax\_shortcode\_color: "Magenta"
- syntax\_shortcode\_style: "bold italic"
- system\_message\_prefix: "&diam;"
- systray\_notification\_disconnect: true
- systray\_notification\_invite: true
- systray\_notification\_kick: true
- systray\_notification\_list: true
- systray\_notification\_mode: true
- systray\_notification\_nickname: true
- systray\_notification\_notice: true
- systray\_notification\_private: true
- systray\_notification\_speed: 500
- systray\_notifications: true
- timestamp\_24\_hour: true
- timestamp\_format: "%H:%M:%S"
- timestamp\_show\_seconds: true
- twisted\_irc\_client\_heartbeat: 120
- typing\_input\_cancels\_autoaway: true
- unknown\_network\_name: "Unknown"
- use\_irc\_colors\_in\_input: true
- use\_markdown\_for\_formatting\_input: true
- use\_menubar: true

- `userlist_status_icon_size`: 16
- `windobar_include_readme`: false
- `window_interaction_cancels_autoaway`: false
- `windowbar_bold_active_window`: true
- `windowbar_bold_on_hover`: true
- `windowbar_can_float`: false
- `windowbar_channel_topic_in_tooltip`: false
- `windowbar_doubleclick_to_maximize`: true
- `windowbar_entry_context_menu`: true
- `windowbar_include_channel_lists`: false
- `windowbar_include_channels`: true
- `windowbar_include_editors`: true
- `windowbar_include_log_manager`: false
- `windowbar_include_private`: true
- `windowbar_include_servers`: false
- `windowbar_justify`: "center"
- `windowbar_on_top`: true
- `windowbar_show_connecting_server_windows_in_italics`: true
- `windowbar_show_icons`: false
- `windowbar_show_unread_mentions`: false
- `windowbar_show_unread_messages`: true
- `windowbar_underline_active_window`: true
- `windowbar_unread_message_animation_length`: 1000
- `write_network_input_and_output_to_console`: false
- `write_network_input_and_output_to_file`: false
- `write_outgoing_private_messages_to_current_window`: true
- `write_private_messages_to_server_window`: true