编译原理HW2

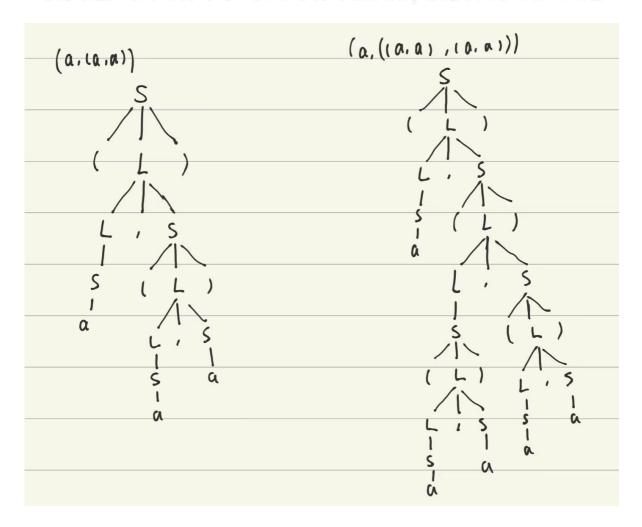
3.1a

3.1 考虑文法

$$S \rightarrow (L) \perp a$$

$$L \rightarrow L$$
, $S \mid S$

(a) 建立句子(a, (a, a))和(a, ((a, a), (a, a)))的分析树。



3.2 考虑文法

$$S \rightarrow aSbS + bSaS + \varepsilon$$

(a) 为句子 abab 构造两个不同的最左推导,以此说明该文法是二义的。

$$S \rightarrow aSbS \rightarrow a\varepsilon bS \rightarrow a\varepsilon baSbS \rightarrow a\varepsilon ba\varepsilon bS \rightarrow a\varepsilon ba\varepsilon b\varepsilon \rightarrow abab$$

$$S o abSaSbS o abarepsilon aSbS o abarepsilon aarepsilon a barepsilon a barepsilon a barepsilon a baarepsilon a ba$$

#3.10

3.10 构造下面文法的 LL(1)分析表。

$$D \rightarrow TL$$

$$T \rightarrow \text{int} \mid \text{real}$$

$$L \rightarrow id R$$

$$R \rightarrow$$
 , id $R \mid \varepsilon$

• First集

$$First(id R) = \{id\}$$

$$First(,id R)=\{,\}$$

 $First(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}$

• Follow集

 $Follow(D) = \{\$\}$

 $Follow(T)=\{id\}$

 $Follow(L) = \{\$\}$

 $Follow(R) = \{\$\}$

• SELECT集

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{D \to TL\} \texttt{=} \{\mathsf{int},\mathsf{real}\}$$

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{T \to int\} \texttt{=} \{\mathsf{int}\}$$

$$\texttt{SELECT}\{T \rightarrow real\} \texttt{=} \{\texttt{real}\}$$

$${\tt SELECT}\{L \to idR\} {=} \{{\tt id}\}$$

$$\mathsf{SELECT}\{R \to, idR\} = \{,\}$$

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{R \to \varepsilon\} = \{\$\}$$

分析表:

	int	real	id	,	\$
D	D o TL	D o TL			
Т	T o int	T o int			
L			L o idR		
R				R ightarrow, idR	R o arepsilon

$$S \rightarrow aBS + bAS + \varepsilon$$

$$A \rightarrow bAA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow aBB + b$$

• First集

$$First(aBS) = \{a\}$$

$$First(bAS) = \{b\}$$

$$First(bAA) = \{b\}$$

$$First(aBB)=\{a\}$$

$$First(a) = \{a\}$$

$$First(b) = \{b\}$$

$$First(\varepsilon) = \{\varepsilon\}$$

• Follow集

$$Follow(S) = \{\$\}$$

Follow(A)=
$$\{a,b,\$\}$$

Follow(B)=
$$\{a,b,\$\}$$

• SELECT集

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{S \to aBS\} \texttt{=} \{\mathtt{a}\}$$

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{S \to bAS\} \texttt{=} \{\mathtt{b}\}$$

$$\mathsf{SELECT}\{S \to \varepsilon\} \texttt{=} \{\$\}$$

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{A \to bAA\} = \{\mathtt{b}\}$$

$$\mathsf{SELECT}\{A \to a\} \texttt{=} \{\mathsf{a}\}$$

$$\mathtt{SELECT}\{B \to aBB\} = \{\mathtt{a}\}$$

$$SELECT\{B \rightarrow b\} = \{b\}$$

分析表:

	a	b	\$
S	S o aBS	S o bAS	S o arepsilon
A	A o a	A o bAA	
В	B o aBB	B o b	

3.17

$$3.17$$
 给出接受文法 $S \rightarrow (L) \mid a$ $L \rightarrow L, S \mid S$

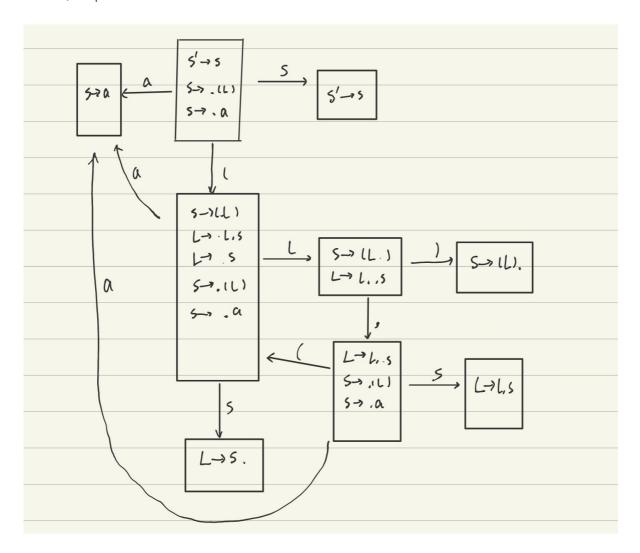
$$L \to L$$
, $S \mid S$

的活前缀的一个 DFA。

拓展文法:

 $S \rightarrow (L) \mid a$

 $L->L, S \mid S$



3.19a

3.19 考虑下面的文法:

$$E \rightarrow E + T \mid T$$

$$T \rightarrow TF + F$$

$$F \rightarrow F^* \mid a \mid b$$

(a) 为此文法构造 SLR 分析表。

T->TF				
T->F				
F->F*				
F->a				
F->b				
状态如下:				
To E'→E E→.E+T E→.T T→.T T→.F F→.F* F→.a F→.b	2, E→E E→6.+1	I ₁ E → I. T → T. F E → .F* F → .a F → .b	I; T→F.*	Lp E→ E+ 1. T→ T.F F→ .F F→ .a F→ .b
Z+ F→a.	Zs F→b. 16	E→E+.T 27 T→.TF		10 F→ F*.

 $T \rightarrow .TF$ $T \rightarrow .F$ $F \rightarrow .F$ $F \rightarrow .a$ $F \rightarrow .b$

拓展文法:

E'->E

E->E+T

E-> T

	+	*	a	b	\$	E	T	F
0			s4	s5		1	2	3
1	s6				acc			
2	r2		s4	s5	r2			7
3	r4	s8	r4	r4	r4			
4	r6	r6	r6	r6	r6			
5	r7	r7	r7	r7	r7			
6				s4	s5		9	3
7	r3	s8	r3	r3	r3			
8	r5	r5	r5	r5	r5			
9	rl		s4	s5	r1			7