

## KEY SOCIAL INDICATORS

### PHYSICAL FEATURES AND CLIMATE

#### Location

Between 5° 55' & 9° 50' North Latitude  
Between 79° 31' & 81° 53' East Longitude

#### Distance

433 km (269 miles) North to South  
226 km (140 miles) West to East

#### Elevation

2,525 metres (8,284 ft.) Highest

#### Area

Total area : 65,610 sq.km.  
Land area : 62,705 sq.km.  
Inland waters : 2,905 sq.km.

#### Climate

Low country : min. 24.6° C - max. 32.3° C  
Hill country : min. 18.4° C - max. 27.6° C  
Annual rainfall (average) mm : 2018 : 1,944  
2019 : 2,054

### POPULATION AND VITAL STATISTICS

#### Population Statistics (a)

Mid-year population ('000) (2019) : 21,803  
Age distribution ('000) (2019)  
0 - 14 years : 5,504  
15 - 64 years : 14,589  
65 years and over : 1,710  
Population density (2019) : 348 persons per sq.km.  
Crude birth rate (2019) : 14.6 per 1,000 persons  
Crude death rate (2019) : 6.6 per 1,000 persons  
Rate of natural increase (2019) : 8.0 per 1,000 persons  
Infant mortality rate (2015) : 8.5 per 1,000 live births  
Dependency ratio (2019) : 49.4%  
Average household size (2016) (b) : 3.8 persons

#### Employment (2019)

Employed persons ('000) (c) : 8,181  
Agriculture : 25.3%  
Industry : 27.6%  
Services : 47.1%  
Public sector employees ('000) (d) : 1,434  
State sector : 52.5%  
Provincial public sector : 30.3%  
Semi government sector : 17.2%

#### Income Distribution (b)

Gini coefficient of household income (2016) : 0.45  
Mean household income (2016) : Rs. 62,237 per month  
Median household income (2016) : Rs. 43,511 per month

#### Poverty (b)

Average daily kilo calorie intake (2016) : 2,095  
Poverty Head Count Index : 8.9 (2009/10)  
: 6.7 (2012/13)  
: 4.1 (2016)

#### Human Development Index (2018)

Rank among 189 countries : 71

#### Sri Lanka Prosperity Index (2018)

Economy and Business Climate Sub-Index : 1.034  
Well-being of the People Sub-Index : 0.764  
Socio-Economic Infrastructure Sub-Index : 0.550

#### Expectation of Life at Birth (2017)

: 75.5 years

#### Literacy Rate (2018) (c)

Average : 92.5%  
Male : 93.4%  
Female : 91.6%

### PHYSICAL, SOCIAL AND FINANCIAL INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES

|                                    | Unit                         | 2019   |   | Unit               | 2019  |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|---|--------------------|-------|
| <b>Transport</b>                   |                              |        | <b>Water Supply &amp; Sanitation</b>            |                    |       |
| Length of national roads (A & B)   | km                           | 12,220 | Access to safe drinking water                   | per cent           | 91.9  |
| Length of expressways              | km                           | 217.8  | Access to pipe borne water                      | per cent           | 51.8  |
| Length of operating railway track  | km                           | 1,648  | <b>General Education</b>                        |                    |       |
| <b>Electricity</b>                 |                              |        | Area covered by a school (g)                    | sq. km.            | 6.5   |
| Electrification level (2016)       | per cent                     | 99.3   | Student/teacher ratio (g)                       | number             | 17.0  |
| Per capita electricity consumption | kWh                          | 670.2  | Age specific enrolment ratio (grade 1-9) (2018) | per cent           | 95.4  |
| <b>Communication</b>               |                              |        | Primary net enrolment ratio (2018)              | per cent           | 91.9  |
| Telephone penetration              |                              |        | <b>University Education (h)</b>                 |                    |       |
| Fixed lines                        | per 100 persons              | 10.5   | Student/teacher ratio                           | number             | 17.7  |
| Including cellular phones          | per 100 persons              | 161.4  | Age specific enrolment ratio                    |                    |       |
| Internet penetration (e)           | per 100 persons              | 61.5   | (age 19-23 yrs) (i)                             | per cent           | 7.5   |
| Average population served          |                              |        | Progression to university from GCE (A/L)        |                    |       |
| by a post office                   | number                       | 4,872  | Eligible for university admission               | per cent           | 62.9  |
| <b>Financial Infrastructure</b>    |                              |        | Admission as a percentage of eligible (2018)    | per cent           | 19.1  |
| Banks                              |                              |        | Government expenditure on education (j)         | per cent of GDP    | 1.9   |
| Branches of LCBs (f)               | number                       | 2,907  | <b>Public Health</b>                            |                    |       |
| Branches of LSBs (f)               | number                       | 697    | Hospital beds                                   | per 1,000 persons  | 3.6   |
| Credit cards in use                | per 100,000 persons          | 8,504  | Persons per doctor                              | number             | 1,203 |
| Banking density                    | branches per 100,000 persons | 17     | Nurses  | per 10,000 persons | 17.6  |
| Other financial institutions       |                              |        | Government expenditure on health                | per cent of GDP    | 1.6   |
| Branches of LFCs                   | number                       | 1,374  |   |                    |       |
| Branches of SLCs                   | number                       | 58     |   |                    |       |
| Branches of LMFCs                  | number                       | 106    |   |                    |       |
| ATMs                               | per 100,000 persons          | 23     |   |                    |       |

Note : Data for 2019 are provisional

(a) Registrar General's Department

(b) Based on Household Income and Expenditure Survey (2016), Department of Census and Statistics (DCS)

(c) In July 2016, DCS published a re-weighted and revised labour force data series for 2011 onwards. This is based on Quarterly Labour Force Survey conducted covering the entire island.

(d) Based on Annual Public Sector Employment Survey, Central Bank of Sri Lanka

(e) Including mobile internet services

Sources: Relevant institutions and United Nations Development Programme Statistics

(f) All banking outlets excluding student savings units

(g) Government schools only

(h) Details of the universities under University Grants Commission's purview

(i) Only includes internal enrolment of students

(j) Government expenditure on general and higher education