Civic Education Grade 8

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The National Anthem of Sri Lanka

Sri Lanka Matha

Apa Sri Lanka Namo Namo Namo Namo Matha

Sundara siri barinee, surendi athi sobamana Lanka

Dhanya dhanaya neka mal palaturu piri jaya bhoomiya ramya

Apa hata sepa siri setha sadana jeewanaye matha

Piliganu mena apa bhakthi pooja Namo Namo Matha

Apa Sri Lanka Namo Namo Namo Matha

Oba we apa vidya

Obamaya apa sathya

Oba we apa shakthi

Apa hada thula bhakthi

Oba apa aloke

Apage anuprane

Oba apa jeevana we

Apa mukthiya oba we

Nava jeevana demine, nithina apa pubudukaran matha

Gnana veerya vadawamina regena yanu mana jaya bhoomi kara

Eka mavakage daru kela bevina

Yamu yamu vee nopama

Prema vada sema bheda durerada

Namo, Namo Matha

Apa Sri Lanka Namo Namo Namo Matha

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ආනන්ද සමරකෝන්

ஒரு தாய் மக்கள் நாமாவோம் ஒன்றே நாம் வாழும் இல்லம் நன்றே உடலில் ஓடும் ஒன்றே நம் குருதி நிறம்

அதனால் சகோதரர் நாமாவோம் ஒன்றாய் வாழும் வளரும் நாம் நன்றாய் இவ் இல்லினிலே நலமே வாழ்தல் வேண்டுமன்றோ

யாவரும் அன்பு கருணையுடன் ஒற்றுமை சிறக்க வாழ்ந்திடுதல் பொன்னும் மணியும் முத்துமல்ல - அதுவே யான்று மழியாச் செல்வமன்றோ.

> **ஆனந்த சமரக்கோன்** கவிதையின் பெயர்ப்பு.

Being innovative, changing with right knowledge Be a light to the country as well as to the world.

Message from the Hon. Minister of Education

The past two decades have been significant in the world history due to changes that took place in technology. The present students face a lot of new challenges along with the rapid development of Information Technology, communication and other related fields. The manner of career opportunities are liable to change specifically in the near future. In such an environment, with a new technological and intellectual society, thousands of innovative career opportunities would be created. To win those challenges, it is the responsibility of the Sri Lankan government and myself, as the Minister of Education, to empower you all.

This book is a product of free education. Your aim must be to use this book properly and acquire the necessary knowledge out of it. The government in turn is able to provide free textbooks to you, as a result of the commitment and labour of your parents and elders.

Since we have understood that the education is crucial in deciding the future of a country, the government has taken steps to change curriculum to suit the rapid changes of the technological world. Hence, you have to dedicate yourselves to become productive citizens. I believe that the knowledge this book provides will suffice your aim.

It is your duty to give a proper value to the money spent by the government on your education. Also you should understand that education determines your future. Make sure that you reach the optimum social stratum through education.

I congratulate you to enjoy the benefits of free education and bloom as an honoured citizen who takes the name of Sri Lanka to the world.

Akila Viraj Kariyawasam Minister of Education

Construction of the State of th

Foreword

The educational objectives of the contemporary world are becoming more complex along with the economic, social, cultural and technological development. The learning and teaching process too is changing in relation to human experiences, technological differences, research and new indices. Therefore, it is required to produce the textbook by including subject related information according to the objectives in the syllabus in order to maintain the teaching process by organizing learning experiences that suit to the learner needs. The textbook is not merely a learning tool for the learner. It is a blessing that contributes to obtain a higher education along with a development of conduct and attitudes, to develop values and to obtain learning experiences.

The government in its realization of the concept of free education has offered you about 91 textbooks from grades 6-11. I would like to remind you that you should make the maximum use of these textbooks and protect them well. I sincerely hope that this textbook would assist you to obtain the expertise to become a virtuous citizen with a complete personality who would be a valuable asset to the country.

I would like to bestow my sincere thanks on the members of the editorial and writer boards as well as on the staff of the Educational Publications Department who have strived to offer this textbook to you.

W. M. Jayantha Wickramanayaka,

Commissioner General of Educational Publications, Educational Publications Department, Isurupaya, Battaramulla. 2019.04.10

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01 Public Services

Introduction

The objective of providing public services is to generate qualitative development in the living conditions of the general public. Public services are provided both by the government and the private sector. By studying this chapter you will be able to:

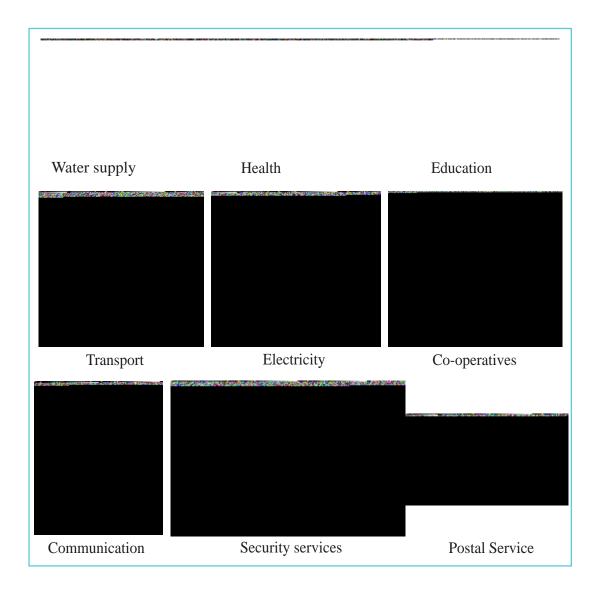
- Identify what public services are
- Identify the manner in which these services contribute to the well being of the general public
- Examine the institutions that provide public services and the responsibilities of those institutions.
- Develop the competencies on fulfilling the obligations that you have in making use of the public services.

Let us identify what public services are

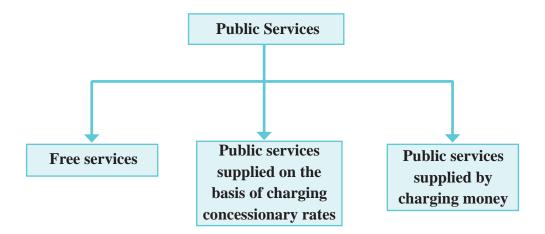
We make use of various services in order to get our daily needs fulfilled. Think of the services that you make use of as a member of your family and as a member of your school.

Public services are the services supplied by the private sector and the government which can be utilized by all the people in common with the objective of developing living conditions of the people.

Public services that we make use of



Public services can be classified based on the way how they are provided to the general public



Public services play an important role in the modern society. Government provides a number of public services free of charge. Certain services are provided at concessionary rates. Government spends a large sum of money in order to maintain these services. Taxes collected by the government and the other income of the government are used in providing these services.

Necessity of public services

- To make daily activities of the people more convenient
- To make living conditions of the people better
- To supply the services which people cannot obtain individually (e.g. electricity, public transport)
- To provide relief to low income earners
- To maintain inter-personal and inter-social relationships
- To facilitate economic activities like the production of goods, distribution and marketing
- To protect human rights through the fulfillment of social needs
- To ensure social justice

Activity

List the public services utilized by you.

- Name two free services out of those services provided to you by the government.
- Explain how those services help you to make your life better.

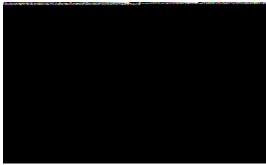
Evolution of public services

In the past, from the time of Anuradhapura and Polonnaruwa kingdoms, the rulers had sponsored to build tanks, irrigation systems, hospitals, herbal gardens etc. for the benefit of the public.

It is stated that during the reign of King Buddhadasa in Anuradhapura era (340-368 AD) a physician had been appointed for each group of ten villages. Kings had taken steps to build hospitals and maintain them along with herbal gardens.

Evidence is found to prove that there had been religious-place-based educational institutes from the Anuradhapura era.

During the British Rule (1815 – 1948 AD) several services had been initiated with the aim of providing facilities necessary for plantation, agriculture and for the convenience of administration and defense.



A tank



Ruins of an ancient hospital

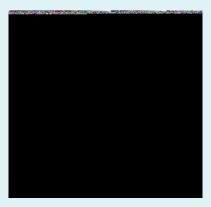
Public services started during the British period

- Transport
- Postal and Telecommunication Services
- Banking Services



A train with a steam engine

With the passing of the Education Act in 1945, free education prevailed as a public service. Dr. C.W.W. Kannangara is honoured for introducing free education to Sri Lanka.



Mr. C.W.W. Kannangara

After obtaining Independence in 1948, all the successive governments have taken steps to initiate and maintain several public services.

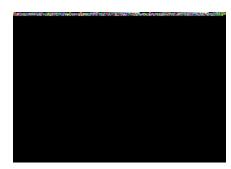
Activity

- Prepare a collection of articles relevant to public services that prevailed in the past including the following:
 - Public services in the past
 - Rulers who sponsored those services

Timely importance of public services

Provision of services is an important requirement, currently, in upgrading the living conditions of the people. As a welfare state, government carries out several public services in order to fulfil its function. Government provides these services without expecting any profit in return. Private sector supplies these services on the basis of charging money.

Complexity of wants and the increase in population have resulted in an increase in the necessity of public services further.



A communication tower

Public services are also important in providing relief for the people who cannot afford them. Eg - Free education, Health Services etc.

Many services have developed fast due to the industrial and technological development. Services like communication can be taken as an example for this. A large amount of expenditure has to be borne in order to provide these facilities. These services are essential for the people.



A communication satellite

Common features of public services

- Ability to utilize in common without any dissimilarity
- Intention to maintain public welfare rather than earning profits
- Improving the qualitative development of people's living conditions
- Easily obtainable for the low income earners
- Contribution to the social development through individual development
- Supporting to fulfil basic needs.
- Functioning a system of rules and regulations to safeguard and maintain public services.

Activity

• List separately the difficulties you would face if you happen to obtain electricity and transport facilities individually.

Public Services in Our Area

Water supply

Water is a resource essential for all living beings. It is also a limited resource. Even though 70% of the surface of the earth is covered with water, only less than 1% of that quantity can be utilized as drinking water. Sri Lanka is an island situated in the Indian Ocean. Although it has many rivers, streams and inland reservoirs, only a limited quantity of such water can be used for drinking. Therefore, the government has to provide water for drinking, as well as for other purposes.

Reasons for the requirement of supply of water as a public service

- Water resource is not sufficiently available in common to satisfy the requirements of all the regions of the island.
- Due to various reasons, underground water and water in the rivers are polluted.
 - e.g.- Use of agrochemicals, chemical fertilizers and waste matter released to water sources by factories
- Density of population in the urban areas
- With the increase of population, land has to be divided into small plots causing difficulty in digging wells for clean water.
- Facing scarcity of water in various parts of the country during the periods of droughts.

National Water Supply and Drainage Board supplies drinking water to many parts of the country. It supplies water to consumers at concessionary rates. Water Supply and Drainage Board strives hard to make water suitable for human consumption. Water is supplied to industries, gardens, etc too.

Considering the needs of the particular area in their territory, some local bodies too supply drinking water.

The regional offices of the Water Supply and Drainage Board fulfil the functions of supplying water, repairing and maintenance.

Staff of the regional offices of the Water Supply and Drainage Board consists of

- Regional Engineer
- Officer-in-Charge
- Meter Readers
- Plumbers
- Labourers, etc.



A group of workers repairing a water supply system

Activity

• Explain briefly the factors that lead drinkable water supply to become a timely requirement.

Health service

The health service of Sri Lanka contributes to build up a healthy nation. Prevention of diseases and curing of illnesses are the basic functions fulfilled by the health service. Since the health service is an essential service, the government has provided facilities for the supply of health service free of charge.

At present, Sri Lanka has been able to bring the infant mortality rate and the maternal mortality rate to a lower level. The life expectancy also has been brought up to a higher level. It has been able to control diseases such as leprosy, polio, filariasis and tuberculosis to a large extent.



Carrying out an operation on a patient



A doctor treating a patient

Recently, the World Health Organization (WHO) declared that Sri Lanka is one of the countries that was able to eradicate malaria completely.

Given below are some reasons for the achievement of such good conditions:

- Provision of free health services by the government
- Progress achieved by the health service of Sri Lanka
- Availability of health facilities Islandwide
- Public co-operation



A medical clinic

Functions fulfilled by the health service

- Treating patients
- Implementing programmes to prevent and control diseases
- Implementation of immunization programmes
- Conducting medical clinics
- Conducting maternity clinics
- Carrying out experiments to diagnose diseases
- Implementing health education programmes
- Launching medical and dental clinics for school children
- Implementation of family health service programmes for mothers and infants
- Carrying out emergency services

Medical systems such as western (allopathy), indigenous, Siddha, Unani and Homeopathy are practised throughout the island.

Hospitals established to treat patients under western medical system

- National hospitals
- Teaching hospitals
- Provincial hospitals
- District hospitals
- Base hospitals
- Regional hospitals
- Specific hospitals
- Primary health treatment institutions

Services implemented by the health service under the western medical system for the prevention of diseases

- Anti-Filariasis Campaign
- Anti-Leprosy Campaign of Sri Lanka
- Anti-Malaria Campaign of Sri Lanka
- Epidemiology Unit
- Family Health Bureau
- Health Education Bureau
- National Cancer Prevention and Control Campaign
- National Dengue Control Unit
- National Programme for the Control of Tuberculosis and Chest Diseases
- The National STD/AIDS Control Programme (STD - Sexually Transmitted Diseases)
- The Non-communicable Diseases Control Centre, etc

For preventing non-communicable diseases, primary health facility centres (814 Suwadivi Centres - by 2015) have been established and are functioning.

Offices of the Medical Officers of Health (MOH) are established covering all the areas of the country in order to provide health services.

Some examples of the services provided by the office of the Medical Officer of Health in your area are given below:

- Implementation of programmes to prevent infectious diseases
- Implementation of programmes to prevent and control non-communicable diseases
- Implementation of health education programmes
- Conducting infant and maternal health clinics
- Immunization
- Implementation of school health programmes

Health services are provided to your area by the indigenous hospitals and clinics too. These institutions provide treatments to cure diseases. Government has provided facilities to supply these services free of charge. At present, indigenous medical system is becoming popular among foreigners too.

Institutions maintained by the indigenous medical system

- Ayurvedic Teaching Hospital
- Ayurvedic Research Hospitals
- Ayurvedic Hospitals maintained by the Provincial Councils
- Ayurvedic Central Dispensaries maintained by the Provincial Councils
- Free Ayurvedic Dispensaries maintained by the local government bodies.

In addition, traditional indigenous medical practitioners do a great service to the public through their treatments. Private sector also contributes to provide health facilities on the basis of charging money.

The health service of Sri Lanka has achieved a great improvement. However, non-communicable diseases such as heart diseases, diabetes, kidney diseases and cancers are increasing rapidly at present. Many people fall sick due to smoking and drug addiction.

Actions to be taken by the public in order to prevent these diseases;

- Following medical advice
- Following good health habits
- Consumption of healthy food and drinks
- Engaging in exercises adequately
- Refraining from smoking and intoxicants

Activity

- Name the staff of the hospital and the office of the Medical Officer of Health (MOH) according to their designations.
- List separately the services rendered by the hospital and the office of the Medical Officer of Health in preventing infectious and non-communicable diseases in your area.

Education

The most valuable resource of a country is the human resource. Education is important as the main factor that influences the advancement and the well-being of the human resource. The right to education is recognized as a human right as well as a right of the child.

Several steps taken by the government to ensure the right to education are given below:

- Providing education free of charge from primary education to higher education.
- Education has been made compulsory for the children up to 16 years of age.
- Allocating a large sum of money for education from the annual budget.



Students studying in a primary

class

University education

- Free distribution of school textbooks and uniforms.
- Providing a wholesome meal for school children identified as needy with nutritions.
- Taking steps to develop nearly 7000 schools, to enhance the concept that "the nearest school is the best".



Piriven education

Private schools, higher education institutes and vocational training institutions are run by the private sector too.

Early childhood development centres are conducted for pre-school children by the

- local bodies
- voluntary organizations
- religious institutions and the private sector.

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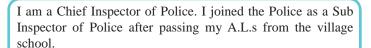
A practical session of vocational education

Draw your attention to the descriptions given by the following persons regarding their education and employment.

I am a music teacher. From my childhood, I loved to sing songs and recite poems. However, it is my teachers who improved my skills.

I entered the university after passing my A.L.s from the village school. I was able to obtain a degree in music. Free education helped me to achieve this status.

I teach children very happily and enthusiastically.

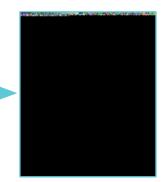


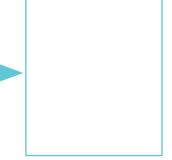
I was a clever sportsman at school. I succeeded in several provincial sports competitions. My school, my teachers and free education helped me to improve those skills.

I consider it as my bounden duty to serve my motherland devotedly.

I serve as a doctor in the hospital in our village. From my childhood, it had been my dream to become a doctor.

I received my primary education from my village school. I entered the central school after passing the Grade 5 Scholarship examination. I entered the medical faculty after passing A.L.s well. I received bursary also. Free education fulfilled my expectations. My determination is to serve my motherland to repay for this. I respect my teachers with great regard.







Functions of education

- Providing latest knowledge
- Socialization
- Producing good citizens
- Foster national unity
- Producing citizens in conformity with the national requirements
- Producing citizens who can contribute effectively in the World of Work and the field of economy
- Developing competencies in fulfilling responsibilities while enjoying rights connected to them

Your school is the main institution that provides education as a public service in your area. You got the opportunity of studying the staff of the school and its organizational structure in Grade 6 under Civic Education.

Divisional Education Office and the Zonal Education Office are the closest institutions which support to maintain school activities properly and provide facilities for the schools in your area.

Divisional Education Office consists of the Divisional Director of Education and his staff.

Zonal Education Office consists of the staff including the Zonal Director of Education, Deputy Directors, and Assistant Directors for subjects.

Activity

• Note down the benefits that you can gain by working as an active member of the following organizations in school. (Copy down the table)

Membership Organization	Benefits you gain
Literary Association	
Religious Association	
Debating Team	
Board of Prefects	
Sports Club	
Cadet Platoon	
School Band	

• Collect information about some scholars who served /are serving the country through their properly gained.

Transport

Maheshwari describes to her best friend a trip in which she took part in the vacation.

I proposed my father to go to Colombo by train during the vacation. But Aiya suggested that we should hire a vehicle. Father questioned why we should spend much money when there are so many buses and trains available and suggested to go by train.

Travelling by train is quite interesting, not tiresome and the journey is also very quick.

We stayed three days in Colombo. We went round to see all the places including the zoo, the planetarium, the harbour and the museum. We travelled by bus in Colombo. Not only SLTB buses, but the private bus service was also very good. We returned to Jaffna also by train. Mother said that since we travelled by trains and buses our expenditure too was quite less.

Public transport systems contribute to fulfil the transport requirements of the people of a country. Transport services are essential for economic activities like production of goods, distribution and marketing.

Majority of the people in our country use public transport systems to fulfil their transport needs.

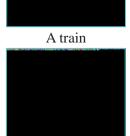
Public transport services are useful for requirements such as,

- Travelling to School
- Private travel and transport
- Travelling for employment
- For travels and tours (e.g. excursions)

Traffic congestions exist in urban areas including the capital city. It has also become a timely requirement to use public transport system in order to reduce traffic congestion. Instead of using private vehicles, the use of public transport system saves money.

Institutions that provide passenger transport services

- Department of Railways, Sri Lanka
- Sri Lanka Transport Board
- Private Bus Transport Service



Sri Lanka Transport Board bus

A private bus

Sri Lanka Railway Service and the private sector supply services for transport of goods.

Sri Lanka Transport Board and Sri Lanka Railway supply services for daily travellers like employees and school students with season ticket system on concessionary rates.



S.L.T.B. emblem

Emblem of Sri Lankan Railway

Special services of Sri Lanka Transport Board

- Sisu Sariya (for school children)
- Gami Sariya (for the convenience of transport in rural areas)

Private sector too contributes to facilitate the transport of students.



A "Sisu Sariya" bus

Sri Lanka Transport Board and the Private Bus Service have introduced latest model luxury buses to run on express ways. They have also taken steps to maintain intercity express bus services. Sri Lanka Railway Service too maintains intercity express railway services.

Given below are the staff of a Depot of Sri Lanka Transport Board that contributes to supply services:

- Depot Manager
- Assistant Depot Managers
- Depot Inspectors
- Foremen
- Technicians
- Drivers
- Conductors
- Labourers

Steps taken by the government to make the public transport service efficient:

- Maintenance and repairing of roads
- Construction of express ways
- Addition of new buses to run on roads
- Addition of new railway compartments and engines to the system
- Providing incentives to the private bus services to improve their service



A luxury bus running on an express way

Establishment of legal protection for passengers

Activity

- List the benefits you would gain by using public transport services.
- Name the working staff (titles/designations) of a railway station.
- Suggest your proposals to improve the public transport services in your area.

Electricity

A frequent breakdown of power supply occurred for two days due to a sudden technical defect of a power house. A media institution consulted various persons to collect information regarding the difficulties they encountered as a result of this.

As chool student - I could not do the homework yesterday. I could not iron my school uniforms either. Mother prepares food every day. Since we did not have electricity yesterday, she failed to do even that. We also could not watch television. Students could not use computer lab in the school. We faced a lot of inconveniences.

Abus inessman

Ice cream, fish, meat and many other products had to be discarded. They got spoiled. On the other days, people come to buy things in the evening. But yesterday, only a few number of consumers came. We suffered great losses.

A manager of a garment factory - Our production was disrupted. Yesterday, two shifts failed. However, we should appreciate the officers for their attempt taken to complete the repair work today itself.

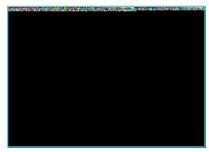
Due to industrial and technological development, human needs are becoming more and more complex. Electricity has become an essential service for the existing society. Electricity had been supplied to 98.5% of the household units of Sri Lanka by 2015. (Central Bank Annual Report - 2015) The target of the government is to supply electricity for all the houses in Sri Lanka, soon in future.

Electricity is essential to perform the following functions:

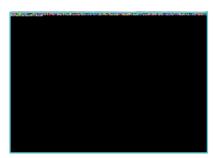
- To light the houses and for house hold work
- For health services
- For industrial needs
- For necessities of trade institutions
- To light the streets
- To carry out various other services including communication

Ceylon Electricity Board supplies electricity to most parts of the country. Lanka Electricity Company (Private) Limited too contributes to supply electricity. Regional offices of Ceylon Electricity Board (CEB) consist of the following working staff.

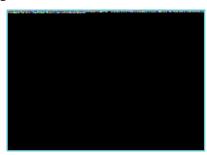
- Regional Electrical Engineer
- Assistant Electrical Engineer
- Electrical Superintendent
- Foremen
- Clerical Staff
- Electricians
- Linesmen
- Field Officers
- Meter Readers
- Drivers



Electricity for hospitals



Electricity for houses



Electricity for streets



Electricity for industry

Activity

- State the services rendered by the regional office in your area related to the supply of electricity.
- Maintain the disadvantages that might occur to the economy of the country when a breakdown of power supply takes place.

Communication services

With the improvement of technology, communication services have been able to achieve a rapid development.

Communication services have become essential today due to following reasons:

- Expansion of social relationships
- Expansion of international relationships
- Complexity of human needs
- Busy schedules

Functions performed by the communication services:

- Transmitting essential messages very quickly
- Developing inter-personal relationships
- Making the administrative activities of the country convenient
- Providing services to maintain relationships among regions
- Providing services to maintain international relationships
- Making business activities convenient
- Supporting tourism

Postal Service

Postal service is provided to the public by the government post offices and the agency post offices. Government maintains post offices in order to provide services to all the areas of the country.



Ac ommunication tower

Examples for some of the services provided by the postal service to the people are as follows:

- Selling stamps
- Distribution of letters and parcels
- Telemail facilities
- Telephone facilities
- Sending money through money orders
- Payment of pensions and public support payments provided by the government

Sri Lanka Telecom and several other private institutions engage in providing telephone facilities to the people. At present, mobile telephone services are also used in abundance.

Communication centres established by the private sector are commonly used for the purpose of communication and telemail.

Activity

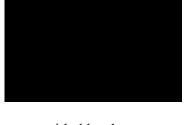
 Name the staff members with their job designations of the post office in your area.

Communication services

In a country where a democratic system of government prevails, citizens enjoy the right to information and to express one's ideas. Mass communication contributes to fulfil this function.

The following are examples of important mass media that operate as public services. Both the State and private sector supply these services.

- Newspapers, magazines and books
- Radio
- Television
- Telephone
- Internet



Given below are some examples showing the functions fulfilled by the media:

- Making people aware of the important incidents that take place daily.
- Presenting programmes for pleasure and enjoyment
- Improving knowledge on various fields
- Directing public opinion and complaints to the relevant authorities
- Contributing to public welfare through revealing information
- By making people aware of the unfavourable conditions (such as unfavourable weather conditions etc.) that may affect them and prevent causing destruction to life and property

Activity

• Make a list of benefits that can be gained as a student through media.

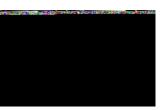
Security Services

Sri Lanka Police

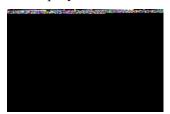
The fundamental task of police is providing public security and protecting law and order. Police stations are established covering almost all the areas of Sri Lanka, in order to provide services to the people.

Services rendered by Sri Lanka police

- Protection of peace and security
- Providing public security
- Carrying out preliminary investigations on crimes
- Bringing crime bound suspects to law
- Road safety and traffic control activities
- Protection of public property
- Suppressing illegal alcohol, drugs and other rackets
- Providing services in disaster situations and accidents



An inquiry of an accident



A Police officer controlling traffic

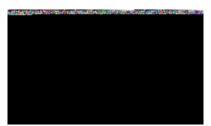
For the enquiry of complaints of children and women, a separate section has been established in every police station. Police also helps protect environmental health and curb diseases like Dengue. The staff of a police station consists of the following officers:

- Officer-in-Charge (OIC)
- Inspector of Police (IP)
- Sub Inspectors of Police (SI)
- Police Sergeants
- Police Constables (PC)
- Women Police Constables (WPC)

Sri Lanka Army, Sri Lanka Navy, Sri Lanka Air Force and the Civil Security Force also perform a major role in providing security to the public. Examples for services rendered by the security forces are;

Official logo of Sri Lanka Police

- Protecting the country from war situations
- Suppressing internal and external riots and terrorist activities
- Conducting military honours to welcome diplomats
- Establishing national security
- Conducting military honours on the Independence ceremony and other national festivals
- Helping Police to protect public property as well as human and physical resources
- Providing essential services in situations like general strikes
- Providing relief services to people in emergency and disastrous situations



Providing military service in a disastrous situation



Army salutation in a State ceremony

Activity

• Find and write down the telephone numbers that can be used to inform the Police in case of an emergency.

Co-operatives

The co-operative movement plays an active role in fulfilling various needs of the public.

The motto of co-operatives is "One for All and All for One".

Services rendered by the co-operatives:

- Sale of consumer items at concessionary ra
- Providing credit facilities
- Providing transport facilities
- Providing banking services
- Providing funeral services
- Purchasing and selling of agro products
- Providing insurance services
- Providing hospital services

Logo of Co-operative

Co-operatives contribute to provide services to fulfil various needs of our lives.

Given below are the different types of co-operative societies operating in Sri Lanka:

- Multi-Purpose Co-operative Societies
- Co-operative Credit Societies
- Agro Producers' Co-operative Societies (e.g. related to products like tea, rubber and coconut)
- Industrial Co-operative Societies (e.g. related to products like coir, garment, textile)
- Hospital Co-operative Societies
- Transport Co-operative Societies
- School Co-operative Societies
- Housing Co-operative Societies

Activity

- Name the benefits that can be gained by establishing a School Co-operative Society.
- Prepare a list of services rendered by the Multi-Purpose Co-operative Society in your area.

Other public services provided by the government

Conservation of the environment

Man is a member of the environment. Man who protects the environment is protected by the environment. As long as the natural existence of the environment is ensured, the right to live in an unpolluted environment is also established.

Many human activities have caused environmental pollution to a greater extent and it has become a threat to the existence of all living beings. Hence, a greater attention is paid on environmental conservation at present.

Some institutions established by the government to conserve the environment are given below:

- Ministry of Environment
- Central Environmental Authority
- Department of Wild Life Conservation
- Department of Wild Life
- Geological Survey and Mines Bureau
- Marine Environmental Protection Authority
- Coast Conservation Department

Other than these, there are several other voluntary organizations providing services to protect the environment.



Sinharaja rain forest



St. Claire's falls



Beach conservation

Social security network programmes

Social security network programmes are carried out both by the government and some voluntary organizations in order to fulfil the basic needs of man and to empower those who suffer from economic difficulties. Following are some examples for such programmes that are carried out by the government.

- Welfare programmes for senior citizens
- Establishment and maintenance of Elders' Homes
- Programmes to provide houses for low income earners
 e.g. 'Udagama' Programme, 'Samata Sewana' (Shelter for All)
 Programme

Activity

• Collect information about the organizations providing various welfare services in your area.

Duties and responsibilities associated with the institutions providing public services

All public services contribute to fulfil the requirements of the people. Proper fulfillment of duties and responsibilities of the staff of the institutions, providing public services, will bring social welfare and proper maintenance of the quality of those services. Let's consider the duties and responsibilities that should be fulfilled by the institutions providing public services.

Public Service	Institutions that provide the service	Duties and responsibilities that should be fulfilled by the institution
Water supply	e.g. National Water Supply and Drainage Board	 Supplying pure drinking water Providing services continuously Controlling of wastage of water Carrying out maintenance work properly Meeting the increasing demand for water Responding to public complaints appropriately and immediately Informing the consumers in advance about
Electricity	e.g. Ceylon Electricity Board	 temporary stoppage of water supply Providing services continuously Carrying out proper maintenance Guarantee of safety Restoring the supply of electricity immediately if a breakdown occurs Taking measures to fulfil the increasing demand for electricity Responding to public complaints properly and immediately

Health service	e.g.	Treating patients properly
	Hospitals	• Supplying suitable medicine for use
	Private hospitals	• Taking actions to prevent infectious diseases and non-communicable diseases
		• Providing necessary facilities and looking after patients
		• Providing services continuously
		• Taking measures for the mental and physical health of patients
		 Providing medical advice and raising awareness
Education	e.g.	Providing education properly
	Schools	• Developing competencies
	Universities	• Socialization
	Vocational training institutes	 Creating useful citizens for the society Creating citizens to suit national requirements
Transport	e.g.	• Efficient supply of services
	Sri Lanka Transport Board	 Guarantee of passenger security Providing the services of disciplined, law-abiding and courteous workers
	Private Bus Service	• Guarantee the security of lives and property of others who use roads
	Ceylon Railway	• Charging bus fares only as relevant to the service provided
	Service	• Issuing tickets relevant to the bus fare
Exchange of	Postal service	• Efficient and regular supply of services
Information and Communication	Media	• Supply of true information
	i nstitutions (electronic/	Supplying information impartially
	printed)	 Making people aware of unexpected natural disasters
		• Providing a quality service

Security Services	e.g. Sri Lanka Police and security forces	 Assuring public security Acting cordially with the public Safeguarding law and order Suppression and prevention of anti-social activities Providing a law abiding, fair and courteous service
		 Providing relief services to the public on unexpected disaster situations
Co-operatives	e.g. Co-operative societies	 Supplying a quality service Modernisation of services to suit timely requirements Supplying consumer services at affordable
	Multi-Purpose Co-operative Societies	 prices Office-bearers of Co-operative Society working honestly and dedicatedly for its progression
Environmental conservation	e.g. Ministry of Environment	 Providing maximum contribution to the protection of environment Giving maximum support to implement environmental laws and regulations
	Central Environmental Authority	 Responding positively to public complaints on harming the environment Raising awareness about the importance
	Department of Wildlife	of environmental conservation

Activity

• Prepare a list of benefits the people would gain from public services like health, education and transport when they fulfil their duties and responsibilities properly.

Duties that should be fulfilled by the public who benefits from public services

All the citizens have a right to utilize public services properly and protect them. Fulfilment of one's duties properly in relation to the utilization of such services helps immensely for the maintenance and improvement of them. Further, it contributes to establish the rights of other people to use them.

Let's examine the duties that should be fulfilled by the citizens in relation to the utilization of such services.

Public Service	Duties of citizens			
Water supply	Using water economically			
	Refrain from misuse			
	• Paying bills on time			
	Protecting instruments used in supplying water			
	• Informing the authorities about incidents regarding wastage of water.			
Electricity	Using electricity economically			
	 Protecting instruments used in supplying electricity 			
	Paying bills on time			
	Avoiding the use of electricity illegally			
	• Informing relevant authorities about breakdowns			
Health	Following medical advice			
	Being polite to the staff providing medical services			
	Stopping the wastage of medicine provided free of charge			
	• Protecting property of the health service supplying institutes			
	Making other people aware of good health habits			

Public Service	Duties of citizens who make use of public services		
Education	Engaging in academic activities properly		
	• Safeguarding your own dignity and that of the institution		
	Respecting teachers		
	• Protecting the rights of other students		
	• Protecting the property and resources belonging to the institution		
Transport	Protecting property of the transport services		
	• Being honest in paying the fees relevant to the service		
	• Being courteous and law-abiding when using transport services		
	• Being aware of the benefits that you and the country gain by using public transport services.		
Exchange of Information and	• Using communication services without affecting others Being courteous in communication		
Communication	Being critical in selecting TV programmes		
	• Making aware of relevant authorities about social requirements through media		
Security	Giving support to combat crimes and anti-social activities		
Services e.g. Sri Lanka	• Acting in co-operation with Police and the Security Forces		
Police	Acting as a law-abiding citizen		
Security Forces			
Co-operative	• Getting the membership of the Co-operative Movement		
Movement	• Regular participation in meetings of the society in which you are a member		
	• Electing honest and clever persons for the leadership of Co-operative Societies		
	Supporting mutually		
	• Fulfillment of your requirements through Co-operatives		

Public Service	Duties of citizens who make use of public services		
Institutions relevant to environmental conservation	 Contributing to environmental conservation Helping the law to captivate those who harm the environment Abiding by rules and regulations with regard to environmental protection. Raising awareness of the other people on environmental 		
	conservation		

Activity

• Copy the following table into your book and complete it.

Public service	Duties that should be fulfilled by citizens	How fulfillment of duties help the progress of the service	Benefits achievable by the citizens when fulfilling those duties
Electricity	+	→	+
	→	→	→
	→	→	→
Water	→	+	→
	→	→	→
	→	→	→
Environmental	+	+	+
conservation	→	+	→
	→	+	→

Summary

- Public services are supplied in common to uplift the living conditions of people.
- ⇒ Water Supply, education, health, communication, transport, etc. are examples for the public services utilized by us.
- Making use of these services systematically will contribute not only to the personal development but also to the development of the nation.
- ⇒ Government provides several essential services free of charge.
- ⇒ Private sector provides public services on the basis of charging money.
- Fulfilment of duties and responsibilities of the institutions which provide public services to the people helps to offer a quality service.
- Fulfilment of duties by the citizens towards the utilization of public services helps the maintenance and qualitative development of public services.

02

Democratic Society

Introduction

"Democracy" is a form of administration as well as a way of living. A democratic society is a self-disciplinary and consensual society in which people act in co-operation with one another based on freedom and equality and being respectful to the opinions of the majority. To ensure the existence of such a society, it is quite essential to develop democratic qualities in the citizens.

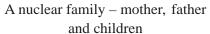
From this chapter, it is expected to establish the required competencies in students by,

- building up qualities that are needed for a democratic way of life
- giving an understanding about the rights and the duties of a child
- explaining the importance of controlling emotions positively
- explaining the need for leadership and emphasizing the importance of improving leadership qualities
- raising awareness of the way they should behave as followers to live like members of society, family and school.

Democratic features visible in the family and in the school Democratic features of a family

Family is the smallest, basic and important unit that can be seen in any society. You have studied in Grade 7 under the unit "Our Family" that the family can be classified into two: nuclear family and extended family.



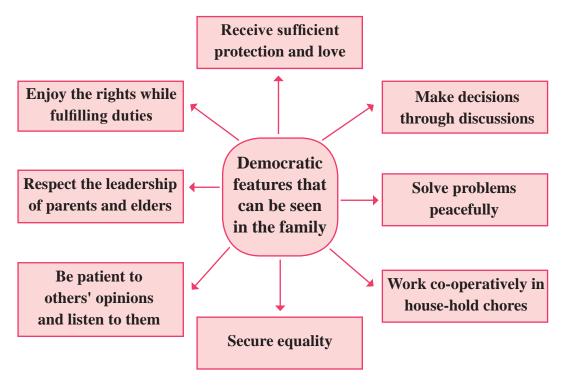




Extended family - father, mother, children, grandparents, uncles, aunts, etc

Your family can be a nuclear family. However, if you ask the elders in your family such as your mother, father, grandmother and grandfather, it would be clear that they had spent their childhood in an extended family. But at present, you can see plenty of nuclear families around you.

Each and every member of the family has duties and responsibilities. Everyone is liable to fullfil them co-operatively and understandingly in a friendly manner.



Children obtain democratic experience from the family. Democratic qualities such as recognition of leadership qualities, listening to others, and respecting their ideas and work collectively can be learnt by being a member of the family.

Affection, love, kindness, compassion, protection and nutrition will determine the well-being of both children and the society they live in Fulfilment of the duties and responsibilities from parents to children and vice versa will be beneficial to all.

Making decisions after discussions among family members at **general occasions** will be quite helpful for unity, harmony and betterment of the family.



A happy family



Working in collectively

e.g.

- Selection and preparation of meals
- Performing household chores collectively
- Keeping houses clean
- Entertainment and recreation
- Planning educational activities

It is more effective to discuss together and make decisions even **at special occasions** of the family.

e.g.

- Organization of various functions
- Purchase of a land/house
- Construction, carrying out alterations, repairing of a house
- Purchasing a vehicle
- Decisions on marriages

In family affairs,

- tolerating the views of others lead to honour others.
- tolerating the views of others tend to honour the view of the majority.
- unity and cordiality in the family is improved by respecting the views of the majority

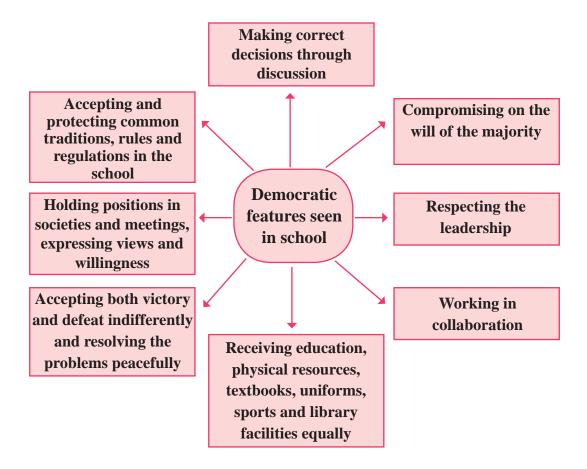
Liberal and peaceful environment in the family helps you improve your talents and skills. Treating parents and elders as leaders, seeking their advice and guidance, helping the family affairs and working collectively are some of the responsibilities of the children while enjoying freedom. Such a behaviour will assure the family progress as well as the progress of the society.

Activity

- Name 05 democratic features which you have identified as the features prevail in the family.
- Name several occasions where all the family members work in peace and harmony.

Democratic features seen in school

The school is the closest institution to the child next to his home. From childhood to adolescence a child leads a life as a student. Every child gets the opportunity of improving his or her skills and capabilities by making use of freedom, resources and opportunities available at school. This will enable them to achieve objectives of life successfully. Each and every child should try to achieve objectives in life which are more useful to oneself and to the society. There are many specific features that can be seen in a school in a democratic society.



All school children are fortunate to obtain equal opportunities in receiving free education. The valuable opportunity of receiving free education from primary education to the university level is something that you should try your best to achieve.

The school which consists of children from different social environments provides equal opportunities for education for all. The school also provides security and opportunities to develop various competencies of the students during the school hours. Disciplinary rules within the school are common to all. Textbooks, uniforms, mid-day meals, library and laboratory facilities are provided to all equally. The school also provides the students the opportunity to engage in co-curricular as well as extra curricular activities in order to develop their various competencies.

Some co-curricular activities practised in school in order to familiarize democratic way of living are as follows:

- Conducting Literary Associations, Religious Associations, Subject-Related Associations, etc.
- Organizing national festivals, religious festivals, sports meets, cultural festivals, etc.
- Assigning duties as prefects, monitors, subject leaders, sports captains, etc.
- Organizing and holding competitions on dancing, singing, playing musical instruments, drawing, general knowledge, essay writing, debates, etc.
- Giving training and experience on cadetting, environmental pioneers, scouting, guiding first –aid services, etc.
- Organizing educational trips, field trips, exploration trips and excursions

Activity

- Name some of the co-curricular activities implemented in your school.
- Write five benefits that you can gain by taking part in those activities.

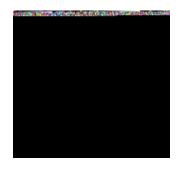
Rights and Responsibilities of children:

The most valuable asset of the parents is their children and they are the future resource of a country. Every religious leader has pointed out the importance of children by giving priority to them in their doctrines. Every society pays more attention on children.

It is the responsibility of both the government and the adults to provide proper nutrition to children, protect them, provide suitable education, prepare the background for physical and mental growth, guide and assist them to be a person with refined personality. According to the United Nations Convention on Child Rights, every human being below eighteen years is considered as a child. The rights entitled to all children, irrespective of their gender, are recognized as Child Rights. These rights are listed under four themes.

- Right to protection
- Right to participation
- Right to development
- Right to existence

United Nations Convention on Child Rights consists of a preamble and 54 Articles. Every member of the country is bound to protect and follow it. The United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) functions as an organization established to protect child rights.



While enjoying their rights, children should in turn ensure that they fulfil their duties and

obligations at every occasion. Rights and responsibilities are interconnected. It is also quite essential to enjoy rights and fulfil responsibilities for the well-being of the society. Rights without responsibilities are meaningless and self-centred.

Given below are some of the rights and responsibilities of children. Study them well.

Rights of a child	Duties/responsibilities of a child			
Right to education	Engaging in educational activities well			
	• Respecting parents and teachers			
	• Maintaining discipline, adhering to rules and regulations and following traditions of the school			
Right to health facilities	• To be aware of personal hygiene			
	 Following good health habits 			
	• Raising awareness in public on good health habits			
Right to the benefits of	 Contribution to social security 			
social security	• Raising awareness in the society about social security			
Right for freedom to	Religious well-being			
hold a religious belief	• Respecting the religious beliefs of other religious groups			
Right to freedom of	• Expressing truth			
expression	• Expressing ideas harmless to others			
Right to maintain	• Selection of friends wisely			
friendly relationships	• Selection of friends to suit your age			
	• Refraining from stealing, cheating and harmful deeds			
Right to participate in	• Developing one's capabilities.			
activities of societies and associations	• Contribution to the social progress			
Right to get proper	• Respecting and obeying parents and elders			
protection	• Supporting others whenever possible			

Institutions that safeguard child rights

We often hear through media about various problems children face in the present society. Getting them involved in various abusive activities, harassments, sexual abuses and child labour are some of them.

There are many reasons which cause the loss of equal opportunities for children while being subjected to oppression. Some of them are death, separation, working abroad, poverty, imprisonment, drug addiction, alcohol addiction of one or both parents and their less attention to children.

Given below are some institutions which function for the purpose of protection of child rights and save children from these situations providing necessary support and guidance to them:

- National Child Protection Authority
- Department of Probation and Child Care Services
- Children and Women Bureau of Sri Lanka Police

Government officers providing services to children and families at regional level:

Position	Office	Services provided
Child Rights Promotion Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Provide all the services related to child rights and co-ordinating facilities
Regional Child Protection Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Enquire into problems concerning the protection of children and provide necessary support
Early Childhood Development Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Provide facilities relevant to pre-school education and other early childhood services
Counselling Officer of the Ministry of Women and Child Affairs	Divisional Secretariat	Provide counselling services required for children and women
Social Services Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Provide special welfare services of the government related to children
Women Development Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Provide home-economic and vocational education services required for women and girls
Informal and Formal Education Officer	Divisional Secretariat	Provide facilities to non-schooling children and children with special needs

Activity

• Design a wall chart on "Child Rights and responsibilities" and display it. Include creative work such as essays, short stories, free verse, drawings and cartoons.

Various emotions

Your face is the best mirror which reflects your thoughts, feelings and emotions. Observe your face with a mirror to see how your facial expressions change when feel happy, sad, fearful or angry. Your body expressions in such situations may be crying, laughing, frowning, being silent, being frightened, being disappointed and being lethargic.

Good emotions are delightful for oneself as well as for the society. However, if unfavourable emotions are not properly manipulated, they will cause harm not only to you but to the society too. For example, a person raged with anger may tend to scold others, assault them, destroy property and even cause death.

We can hear from everyday news various incidents resulted in failing to control emotions. Discuss with your teacher about this. He/She will explain you.

Emotions and effects/reactions caused by them

Emotion	Reaction
Happiness —	laughing, dancing, cheering, shedding happy tears, shouting, jumping
Sorrow	crying, sighing, wailing, withering face, beating the chest, reddening of eyes, perspiring
Anger	scolding, assaulting, trembling, crying, tongue twisting, gnashing, observing silence
Fear	trembling, screaming, widening of eyes, running, inability to speak, stammering,



The above pictures show external reactions of the face on emotions. As a result of emotions, reactions inside the body such as high blood pressure and secretion of hormones, take place.

When the unfavourable emotions continue, a person is subjected to physical, mental and social deterioration.

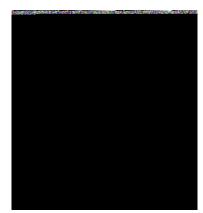
Examples: physical illnesses, mental illnesses, creating various conflicts, imprisonment, addiction to drugs, attempting to commit suicide

Let's control emotions positively

In a democratic society, all citizens should receive equal opportunities. But, inequality exists due to different reasons. Various emotions emerge according to the nature of the experiences we encounter. The responses in such situations should be proper and relevant. We should practise ourselves to identify, control and express properly in a way feelings or emotions that come to our minds in various occasions in our daily life.

Measures that can be taken to neutralize unfavourable emotions

- Exercises to calm the mind
 - Meditation
 - Growing plants
 - Enjoying the environment
 - Engaging in religious activities
 - Keeping pets



- Association of friends
 - Discussion
 - Mutual support
 - Engaging in various activities like music, dancing, sports, etc
 - Picnics
- Changing personal and environmental conditions causing unfavourable emotions
 - Keeping home and office clean in an orderly manner
 - Minimizing inequalities and differences
 - Keeping the environment beautiful
 - Acting cordially and collaboratively
 - Working to a timetable
- Involvement in creative activities
 - Composing poems and songs, writing books
 - Performing dramas
 - Engaging in aesthetic activities
 - Landscaping
 - Singing, dancing, painting, etc.
 - Watching dramas and films
- Engaging in sports and physical exercises
 - Engaging in an indoor or an outdoor sport or game
 - Walking
 - Doing physical exercises
 - Swimming









Let's establish democracy by managing emotions positively

Management of emotions in an optimistic way, as a citizen of a democratic society, will lead to the betterment of both, others' lives and one's own life.

Mental stress and emotions are quite natural but we should practise ourselves to control such emotions and to manage them effectively.

For this, strategies like,

- pre-arrangement
- working to a timetable
- getting others' support and advice
- listening
- following rules, regulations, customs and traditions
- developing self confidence etc, can be used.

Through these, it is possible to achieve objectives in life easily without being subjected to various harassments.

You should determine to become a democratic citizen who appreciates freedom and equality, and protect the rights of others while fulfilling one's own duties and responsibilities. For this, you should support your friends. Then you will

- a person who does not become a victim of emotions as you have balanced personality
- automatically generate in you features like easy going characteristics, smiling and pleasant features with attractive discourse.
- be a person who does not hurt others' feelings.
- act co-operatively and peacefully in the society.
- be trusted and respected by others.

Activity

- Imagine that you have faced some positive emotions and negative emotions. Collect information on them with favourable results and unfavourable results, separately.
- Based on the information collected, write five meaningful sentences on the importance of controlling emotions positively as a citizen of a democratic country. Or else, compose a poem, a song or draw a picture and display the best one in the classroom.

Let's improve the leadership qualities by identifying the need for leadership

Whenever people act collectively, there should be a leader to direct them. The task of a leader is to direct and motivate the family, several people or a group of people for the fulfilment of an objective or objectives.

- Leadership is the process through which people are directed and persuaded to achieve a clear objective.
- Leadership is the ability to persuade others, make them dedicated and encourage them to achieve the objectives of an institution or of an organization.
- Leadership is not a methodology or a technological skill. It is the matter of opening up of the heart. Through this, not only you but others too can be stimulated.
- "Great Leadership" is not a methodology to follow. It is a humanistic achievement that generates in the heart and bonds with the hearts of others.

Occasions where leadership can be seen in society

- Within the family parents, adult children
- In school
 principal, vice principal, assistant principals, sectional heads, class teacher, prefects, management committee leaders, monitors, subject leaders, etc.
- In the society religious leaders, community leaders, political leaders, heads of institutions, etc

Qualities of a leader (Leadership qualities)

- Communication skill
 Presentation, explantation, speech, orderliness, listening, firmness, etc.
- Problem solving skill
 Understanding problems, collecting information, analysing, finding solutions, implementing
- Organizational skill
 Deciding the objective, planning, organizing,
 Making decisions
- Manipulative skill
 Deciding the target, organizing teams, controlling, achieving the targets
- Human relationships

 Sociability, attraction, ability to keep inter-relationships, maintaining relationships

Let's us identify various leadership styles in the society

According to the nature and the activities of the persons who provide leadership to the society, leadership styles differ. When we have a look at the leaders of a family, an institution, an organization or of a country analytically, many differences can be identified. There, you have to attempt to become a democratic leader and to establish the expected democratic society.

Autocratic leadership style

- Non acceptance of public opinion
- Refusal to change
- Act very strictly
- Take decisions unanimously
- Threatening, intimidation
- Not allowing to develop capabilities

Corrupted leadership style

- Misuse of public property
- Engaging in fraud, corruption and theft
- Display of wrong precedents
- Disregard for law, rules, regulations, customs and traditions
- Greater Inclination towards privacy

Nominal leadership style

- Not working to uplift the public welfare
- Absence of good leadership qualities
- Lack of clear targets and expectations
- Not making any changes
- Attempting to be prominent

Democratic leadership style

- Accepting and respecting public opinion
- Maintaining close relationship with the public
- Encouraging the public
- Listening to conflicts and solving them
- Providing opportunities to develop the abilities of the public
- Appreciating and approving of freedom and equality

Why does society need leaders?

Leadership is essential to direct a particular society for the fulfilment of its expectations, aims and objectives. Lack of dynamic and productive leadership leads to the deterioration of the family, school, institution, organization as well as the country. Discuss examples of such situations with the teacher.

There are many reasons to be a leader. Some of them are given below:

- To develop organizations, institutions and a state with a correct vision
- To set goals and direct towards achieving the goals
- To plan properly
- To face challenges and objections
- To overcome challenges and objections democratically
- To have followers attached
- To encourage followers
- To distribute and utilize resources properly
- To resolve and minimize conflicts

Activity:

- Collect information and photographs of religious, political and community leaders who inspire you.
- Prepare a booklet including information on the contribution they have made to establish and strengthen the democratic society.

Features of democratic leadership

In many countries of the world today, a democratic system of administration exists. The United States of America, France, Great Britain, Swaziland, India and Sri Lanka are examples for democratic governments. The system of electing political leaders in such countries is based on general elections. At elections, people elect leaders of their choice, as representatives. Models of political leadership directly affects every sphere of the country. Their precedents determine the sustenance of a democratic society.

Some qualities a democratic leader should possess:

Humanity

Honesty

Dedication

Equality

Friendliness

Creativity

• Ability to make correct decisions

Self-confidence

Assertiveness

Heeding/listening

Impartiality

Sociability

Far-sightedness

Helping others

Leader and follower

• Leader is the person who directs a team.

• The follower acts under the direction of the leadership.

• The follower should be ready to act in a trustworthy manner when the leader directs the team with confidence.

• It is the duty of the follower to support the leader to achieve correct objectives without expecting any benefits.

• Dedication and enthusiasm are advantageous for a follower to become a great leader.

• The leader and the follower are mutually bound together by responsibilities.

Situations in which leadership and fellowships are visible in the society

Family, school and society are structured by a number of groups consisting of leaders and followers. Some examples are given below:

Leader		Follower
Father	-	other members of the family
Principal	-	staff, students
Chief Incumbent of the temple	-	other monks/lay devotees
Member of Parliament	-	voters
President	-	citizens of the country

When we consider school as another example, we can find many leaders and followers too. Various leaders can sometimes become followers. The duty of leaders and followers is to perform one's duties and responsibilities properly. Look at the following examples:

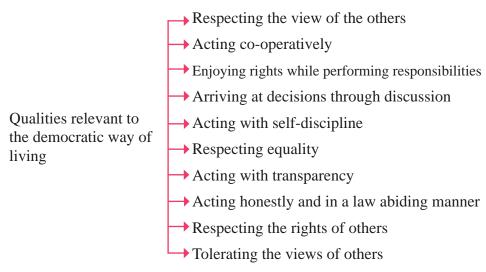
Leader		Follower
Principal	-	staff, students
Class teacher	-	students in the classroom
Prefect	-	students of the school
Monitor	-	students in the classroom
Subject leader	-	students studying the subject

Democratic way of living

We can see many conflicts and disagreements prevailing among persons in the contemporary society. Reason for this is the competition and mistrust prevalent among them. Nobody can live alone in society. When we act as a group we should respect others, tolerate their views and act in a fair manner. Then, conflicts and disputes can be minimized.

Respect for the accepted customs and traditions, laws, rules and regulations, act with equality and co-existence are the features that can be seen in a democratic way of living. The specific feature of such a society is the concern not only to work for one's own benefit but for the betterment of others too.

A democratic way of living is to transform democratic features into life habits of a person and act as a good citizen in the society.



Democratic way of living guarantees the well-being of society

Democracy can be identified as a system of government as well as a way of living. The reason to identify it as such is the necessity of the establishment of democratic features for the well-being of the society. Let us consider how the democratic way of living contributes to the well-being of the society.

- Improvement of harmony in the society
 - Relationships develop when every community group is respected and treated equally.
 - People are satisfied when their needs and requirements are fulfilled as expected.
 - Contribution and representation in every activity are entitled.
- Establishment of a society with minimum conflicts
 - Respect the will of the majority
 - Providing opportunities for the representation of minority
 - Respecting all communities and their cultures
- Creation of a law abiding society
 - Citizens being law abiding
 - Acting in a just and peaceful manner
 - Recognition and respect for one another
- Protection of the rights of all
 - Accepts rights
 - Fulfills responsibilities
 - Appreciates freedom

Activity

• Write an essay on "Existence of democratic ways contributes to social wellbeing". Display the best essay in the class.

Summary

- Democratic features in a family ensure well-being of the family.
- → It is important, as members of the family unit, to develop the qualities of democracy for the democratic way of living.
- ⇒ Being member of the school society, you as a student, should follow the democratic features of the school.
- ⇒ Both enjoying the child rights and rendering the duties are important.
- There are several institutions to protect the child rights. They have many duties to be performed.
- → Various emotions and feelings that occur in one's mind affect one's behaviour.
- Controlling and managing emotions in an optimistic or positive way is very important to all as citizens of a democratic society.
- ⇒ Democratic leadership qualities should be identified and practised.
- There are qualities that should be developed as a leader and as a follower.
- ⇒ Democratic way of living guarantees the well-being of the society.

03

Multicultural Society

Introduction

People belonging to different races, and different religions and people who speak different languages may live in one country. A society consisting of such different groups is called a multicultural society.

By studying this chapter you will be able to understand:

- factors that cause for emerging multicultural societies
- qualities that should be practised as a citizen of a multicultural society
- how a peaceful society with minimum conflicts can be established

A conversation that took place among the students of Grade Eight in Namalyaya Maha vidyalaya during the Citizenship Education period is given below. Read and understand it well.

	Januda	:	Culture is the way how we live, wear and behave, isn't it?
	Dewni	:	Not only that, culture includes the way we speak, eat, and all our activities related to it. Every element developed by our ancestors belongs to it.
ı			

Chenethu:	What are	those elements?
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Ansar

Fathima	:	Stupas, temples, artistic creations, tanks and anicuts, kovils,
		churches are some of those elements. Don't you remember, we
		learned them when we were in Grade 7?

Well, now let's write a definition on culture.

Devi	:	Culture means all the activities in life style, clothing, behaving,
		communicating, and worshipping. In addition, it includes arts and
		crafts, traditions and customs

Dewni : Culture is the device that handles all our activities behind us.

Devi : It controls us with or without our knowledge. doesn't it?

Ansar : We all have a particular culture. It can differ from region to

region, religion to religion, and race to race. but every human

being on this earth has a culture.

Teacher : I feel great pleasure about the things children in my

class know about culture. Actually, when I heard what you said

about culture, I have almost nothing to teach you.

Culture

A man behaves according to a culture from his cradle to grave. Therefore, culture is the main force that directs any society forward. No person can be in isolation without a culture.

The term "culture" has been defined by different anthropologists in different ways. Two of those definitions are given below:

Culture is that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, morals, law, customs and any other capabilities and habits acquired by a human as a member of society.

E.B.Tylor (Primary Culture)

Culture is the way of collective living of people who are in a particular area. Rituals, customs, habits, morals, social institutions, arts and religion depict their culture.

Prof. Wimal Dissanayake (Critiques)

A simple definition derived from the above definitions and the conversation of the students of Grade 8 is given below:

Culture is the totality of whole, acquired by man on knowledge, beliefs, customs, arts and livelihood.



Cultural elements

Multiculture

Fathima	:	Januda, what is meant by the term multiculture?
Januda	:	People belonging to different races live in one country. They observe different religions, speak different languages and follow different customs and rituals. Such a society is called a multicultural society.
Dewni	:	Shall I give a simple example? Sinhala, Tamil, Muslim and Burgher communities live in Sri Lanka. Buddhists, Christians, Hindus, Islam as well as those who speak Sinhala, Tamil and English also live in this country. Therefore, ours is a multicultural society and a multicultural country as well.
Ansar	:	Yes, That diversity is known as cultural diversity.
Dewi	:	But, there are differences among those cultures, aren't there? Most of the countries such as United States of America, and India are countries with multicultural societies. There are many races as well as social groups speaking different languages and observing different religions in those countries.

Most of the countries in the present world can be regarded as multicultural societies. Every citizen in such societies must work with mutual trust and collective conscience.

Some of the examples for countries with multicultural societies are as follows:

Sri Lanka

India

The United States of America

The Great Britain

Activity

• Construct a simple definition on culture, through the facts you learn about culture. Discuss that definition with the other students.

Multicultural Society

A society with multicultural characteristics is known as a multicultural society. In such a society, all those who speak different languages, observe different religions and follow different customs should work together. It minimizes conflicts and enhances co-operativeness. It builds up a sustainable peace and develops the country.

Since every society in the modern world is multicultural, we have to develop many qualities when we live in such a society. As a global citizen, you are expected to live in such a society by improving those qualities.





Some of those qualities are as follows:

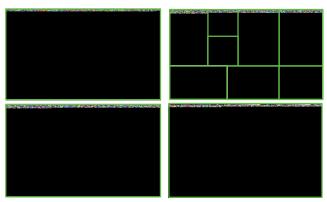
- Respecting all those who belong to every ethnic group
- Safeguarding the rights of the people of all ethnic groups
- Not discriminating any religious or ethnic group
- Safeguarding the cultural heritages of all religious and ethnic groups
- Listening to the opinions of others and accepting them, if they are reasonable
- Fulfilling the duties concisely

Characteristics of a multicultural society

By now, you have already understood the fact that a society in which different races live, different religious groups exist and different traditions follow, is a multicultural society. You can recognize those multicultural features from this lesson separately.

Existence of different ethnic groups

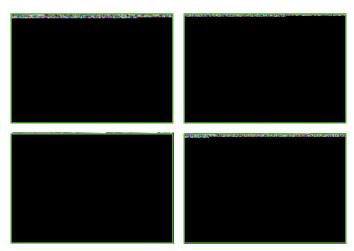
Different types of ethnic groups live in a multicultural society. Those ethnic groups are expected to work peacefully and collectively. It is essential for the existence of a multicultural society. We must think of our country and work as a nation, disregarding racial differences. As an example, we can see that all people in Sri Lanka live in harmony, disregarding whether they are Sinhalese, Tamils, Muslims or Burghers.



Various ethnic groups

Existence of people of different faiths

Another salient feature of a multi-ethnic society is the existence of the people who follow different religions. It is essential to respect one's own religion as well as that of the others. We should not defame the others' religions. We can take all the good things from those religions that are helpful to make our lives successful. We all must determine to continue a mutual co-existence among all religious communities.



Devotees paying homage in different religious places

Existence of people who speak different languages

For the betterment of a multi-cultural society, it is beneficial to;

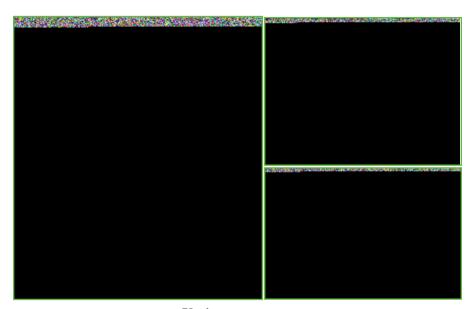
- learn other language as wells as one's own tongue
- use those languages where necessary to exchange ideas
- consider every language equally.



Characters (letters) belonging to various languages

Existence of different customs and traditions

Different customs and traditions can be seen in a multicultural society. Those customs and rituals are bestowed to the next generation by the culture. It is important to respect and safeguard them and extract what is good. We should not condemn others' customs or traditions.



Various customs

Existence of different cultural heritage

Every culture has its own cultural elements. Cultural heritage is the reflection of our cultural identity. For example, stupas and temples can be identified as the heritage of Buddhist culture. By safeguarding cultural features, prestige and pride of a country can be exhibited. Protecting and respecting the heritage, will be helpful to the proper existence of a multicultural society.



Various cultural heritages

Cultural diversity of Sri Lanka

As Sri Lanka is a multicultural country. Different races, religious groups and communities speaking different languages live there.

Following table indicates the population of the country according to ethnicity and religions:

Ethnicity	Population	Percentage	Religion	Population	Percentage
Sinhala	15,173,820	74.9	Buddhist	14,222,844	70.2
Tamil	2,270,924	11.2	Hindu	2,554,606	12.6
Muslim	842,323	4.1	Islam	1,967,227	9.7
Burgher	1,869,820	9.2	Catholic/	150,906	7.4
			Christian		
Other	106,836	0.5	Other	9,440	0.1

Teacher-in-charge of Citizenship Education in Grade 8 of Namal Yaya Maha Vidyalaya advised the students to study the above table carefully. After that, she gave the following questions on a task sheet.

- Different communities in Sri Lanka
- Different religious groups in Sri Lanka.

A conversation that took place in relation to this task sheet is given below:

Ansar :- Sinhalese, Tamil, Muslim, Burgher and Malay communities live in our country.

Narmadha :- Not only that, people from many other countries also live in our country.

Chenethu :- Religious groups such as Buddhists, Hindus, Islam, Catholics and Christians also live here.

Ansar :- Yes, That's true. There can be people who believe in other religions as well.

Devni :- There are people who speak Sinhala, Tamil and English.

Ansar :- Sri Lanka is a multiracial, multi-religious and multilingual country. Hence, Sri Lanka is a multicultural country.

Narmada :- Diversity of Sri Lankan culture can be explained in association with languages, religions, customs and cultural heritage.

Chenethu :- I can give another idea according to this table. People who belong to one ethnic group can follow different religions. For example, Sinhalese can follow Catholicism and Christianity.

Activity

- Name a few places worshipped by all ethnic and religious communities in Sri Lanka, in common.
- Mention three duties to be fulfilled by us, as citizens of a multicultural society.

Different cultural traditions, customs and festivals

Different cultures exist in Sri Lanka as it is a multicultural country. There are many cultural places related to those cultures. The Temple of the Sacred Tooth Relic, Jaya Sri Maha Bodhi, Katharagama Devalaya, Koneshvaram Kovil, Nallur Kovil, Thalavila church, Madu church, and Davatagaha Mosque are some of them. In addition to that, religious festivals and matrimonial customs of different Church Christian cultures are examples for cultural elements.

Customs related to different communities

As a multicultural country, three main community groups such as the Sinhalese, the Tamils, and the Muslims live in Sri Lanka. Every function performed from one's birth to death and even after death connected with culture.

Customs are both what we should do or what we should avoid doing.

Customs, traditions and festivals related to different religions and the importance of them

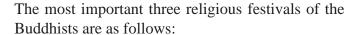
There are four main religions in Sri Lanka as a multicultural country. They are Buddhism, Hinduism, Catholicism/Christianity and Islam. Different rituals and customs, traditions, and festivals related to those religions are there.

Main cultures of Sri Lanka have been built on the basis of religions. Customs and festivals related to those cultures have been built on the basis of religious objectives. Following are the cultures based on religions in our country.

- Buddhist culture
- Hindu culture
- Christian/Catholic culture
- Islam culture

Buddhist culture

The Buddhists use Buddhist teachings in order to build up good life. The doctrine of Lord Buddha discloses the way for a better life and to achieve spiritual freedom. Five precepts are the compulsory precepts to be followed by laymen. The custom of the Buddhists is to lead day-to-day life by doing religious observances, appreciating the qualities of the Buddha. Every aspect of life of a Buddhist from his birth to death, is closely related to Buddhist culture.



- Vesak festival
- Poson festival
- Esala festival



Vesak festival



Poson festival

Vesak festival is very important for the Buddhists since it is for commemorating three events of Buddha; the birth, the enlightenment and the Parinibbana (Passing away).

It is believed that the Buddhist mission led by Arahath Mahinda Thero arrived in Sri Lanka on a Poson full Moon Poya Day. Therefore, the Poson festival is celebrated by the Buddhists in a grand scale.

After attaining the Great Buddhahood, Lord Buddha preached his first sermon on an Esala Poya Day. Therefore, Esala Festival is one of the prominent festivals for Buddhists.

Observing Sil by giving priority to worldly and spiritual Poojas, treating the sick, conducting sermons, organizing Dansalas, (Refectories where free meals are offered to everybody), giving alms to the needy and erecting pandals, are commonly done by the Buddhists along with these festivals. In addition to that, on every fullmoon poya day, sil and meditation programmes and other meritorious activities are organized.

You may have frequently heard the blessings of people in modern society such as "May the blessings of Buddha be upon you!", " May the Triple Gems bless you! ". It is a good nature of a person who values Buddhist culture.

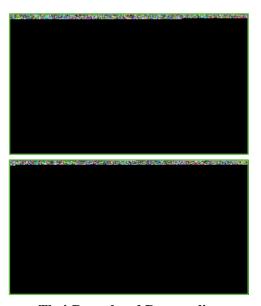
Hindu culture

The Tamils whose religion is Hinduism perform their religious observances according to Hindu culture.

The Hindus conduct Poojas for their gods such as Shiva, Vishnu, Ganesha and goddess Kali. They start their daily routine after worshipping their gods.

Some of the religious festivals of the Hindus are as follows:

- Thai-pongal
- Deepavali
- Maha Shivarathri



Thai-Pongal and Deepavali festivals

The Hindus in Sri Lanka perform Hindu religious rituals in different occasions in their lives. From the conception to the birth of a child and in many occasions after that, such as, naming ceremony, customs of marriages and funerals are followed according to Hindu culture.

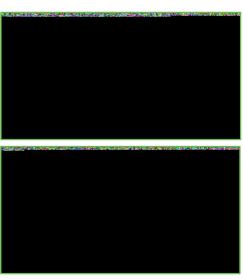
Christian / Catholic culture

Christian and Catholic devotees celebrate two religious festivals.

- Christmas
- Easter Festival

Christmas is held on the 25th of December in order to celebrate the birth of Jesus Christ.

Good Friday is for the commemoration of the Crucifixion and Easter is for the Resurrection of Jesus Christ.



Christmas festival

Baptizing a child and making him a child of God is an important religious custom of every Catholic/Christian. Engagements as well as weddings and all other important occasions are done in church. When a Christian dies, praying for his soul, and burial are done according to Christian / Catholic culture.

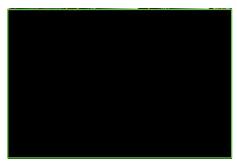
Before performing any important task and as an everyday habit, every Christian venerates God.

Islamic culture

Islam devotees hold three main cultural festivals.

- Milad un-Nabi festival
- Ramadan festival (Id-ul-Fitr)
- Haj festival

Giving alms to the poor and beggars to commemorate the birth of Mohammed Nabi is done in Milad un-Nabi festival. Fasting from the dawn of the day to dusk continuously for a period of 30 days is a custom followed during the Ramadan period. At the end of the fasting period, Ramadan festival is held.



Ramadan/Ramadhan



Haj/Hajj

Haj festival is held to celebrate the holy pilgrimage of the Prophet Mohammed's to Macca, the holy land of the Muslims. Many Muslims from Sri Lanka too, go on Haj pilgrimage. Those who do not go there, visit the Masjid in their own areas and engage in prayers.

The Muslims are compelled to do everything in their day-to-day life according to the customs related to Islam culture. It ranges from the conception of a child to his death. For instance, it can be seen in the customs and rituals they perform at birth of a child as well as in weddings.

Activity

- Organize a field trip to visit a cultural venue of another ethnic or a religious group in your area or in any other areas. Get the guidance and instructions of your subject teacher for this. Use the task sheet given below: (e.g.:-Temple of the sacred Tooth Relic in Kandy, Madu Church, Nallur Kovil, Red Masjid in Modara or any other place of your convenience)
- The itinerary of the trip
- Objectives of the trip
- Things watched/seen there
- Other cultural elements
- Experience you gained by seeing those cultural elements and by exchanging ideas.

Other multicultural countries

You already know that many countries in the world have multicultural societies. Let us discuss the multicultural nature of India and the United States of America.

India

India is unique among the countries with multi-cultures in the world. It is an outstanding feature that the Indian people have been co-operative from the past to the present as a multicultural society. Influence of Buddhism can be cited as one of the reasons for that.

Following are some of the information about ethnic and religious composition of India. It reveals the multi-ethnic and multicultural nature of Indian society.

Races	Languages	Religions	
	Hindi, Urdu, Tamil,		
Tamil, Urdu, Bengali,	English, Marathi,	Hinduism, Catholicism,	
Muslim, Banjara,	Malayalam, Panjabi,	Islam, Buddhism,	
Chakma, Marathi, Munda	Thelingu, Gujarati,	Shaivism	
	Kannada, Sanskrit		

As a multi-ethnic country, India has taken the following steps to ensure harmony among different ethnic groups:

- Treating all ethnic, religious and language groups equally.
- Using English and Hindi as official languages (Tamil Nadu state does not accept Hindi as an official language.)
- Having knowledge on another language except the official languages by every citizen.
- Taking steps to safeguard the rights and freedom of individuals to follow their own religion.



With the ethnic, religious and linguistic diversity, India has come forward in the modern world. The sense of nationalism has grown up among the Indians since all citizens work together ignoring ethnic, religious and linguistic differences. Hence, It has contributed to make India a powerful country in the world.

The United States of America (USA)

The United States of America is also a country with different ethnic, religious and language groups. It has become a multicultural society since the people who have migrated from different countries live there. Moreover, the USA has become one of the most powerful countries in the world as all work collectively with a sense of co-operativeness.

Following information is about the multicultural nature of the United States of America. Study it carefully.

Ethnic groups	Languages	Religions
The White, the Black,	English, Spanish,	Protestant Christians,
Asians, Red Indians,	Samoan, Cameroonian,	Roman Catholics, other
Alaskans, Hawaiians and	Karuk, Hawaiian,	Christians, Muslims,
Pacific Islanders	Chinese, Vietnamese,	Buddhists, Jewish
	Korean, German, French,	
	Russian, Italian	

Steps taken by the United States of America to maintain multicultural nature of the country

- Recognizing English as the official language
- Not recognizing any religion as the state religion
- Granting equal rights for all citizens
- Accepting democracy and working according to it

Cultural identity

Every ethnic, religious and language group has its own special culture. A particular culture can be distinguished from that of another through cultural identity. Every group tries to safeguard its own cultural identity.

e.g.: - Sri Lankan cultural identity

One's own cultural identity

We all have our own unique culture. It is the cultural identity. It is our duty to safeguard that cultural identity. For example, we all must safeguard cultural identities of Sinhala, Tamil and Muslim communities and the identities of the Buddhists, Christians, Catholics, Hindus and Islamic as well. The culture can be transmitted from one generation to the other, only by safeguarding it. To own a glorious culture, one should safeguard one's own cultural identity.

Cultural identity and national harmony

All ethnic and religious groups pay attention to safeguard their own cultural identity. At the same time, it is important to respect the other cultures too, while safeguarding the elements of them. It leads to ensure national harmony. A country can achieve its prosperity only when every cultural group works in harmony while protecting its own cultural identity. The aggregate of all cultures in a country forms its national culture. It is a duty and responsibility of all to ensure the national culture which is the path for national harmony.

That need is emphasized in our national anthem as well.

"...Eka mawakage daru kela bewina

Yamu yamu wee nopama..."

When we live as citizens of a multi-ethnic society, it is important to respect the other cultures. It is our duty to respect our culture as well as the others' and refrain from harming them. Then only the mutual trust is built among ethnic groups. It protects national harmony and builds sustainable peace.

Importance of building up national harmony and sustainable peace while safeguarding one's own cultural identity

When we work as a nation, while safeguarding our cultural identities, mutual rapport develops. Then one ethnic or religious group may not look at the other groups with suspicion. Then, mutual rapport, trust and reconciliation is built up among the people. Development of a country takes place only if all the citizens of the country work together as one. You must determine to work with a sense of nationality from your childhood disregarding all ethnic, religious and linguistic divisions. It is the prime aim of this subject.



Advantages of building national harmony and sustainable peace

- Conflicts are minimized by working with mutual trust and understanding
- Harmony is ensured among ethnic groups
- Everyone contributes for the development of the country
- People are compelled to work collectively and harmoniously
- People contribute to the development of the country as they engage in productive economic activities.



- One is compelled to fulfil one's duties while respecting cultural diversity.
- A sustainable peace is established.

Activity

- Write an article to the wallpaper on the topic of "The importance of safeguarding culture."
- Write an essay on the topic of the importance of national harmony. Make
 a booklet collecting all the essays of students and getting them edited.
 Donate it to the school library.

Summary

- ⇒ The main force that leads a society is its culture.
- A society with multicultural characteristics is known as a multicultural society.
- Most of the countries in the world have multicultural societies.
- ⇒ Different racial groups, religious groups and languages exist in a multicultural society.
- ⇒ Different customs and different heritages can be seen in a multicultural society.
- when living in a multicultural society, everyone protecting his/her own cultural identity and responding to that of others are very important. It is a reliable way to build up national unity and peace among various ethnic, racial and religious groups.

04

Contemporary Issues

Introduction

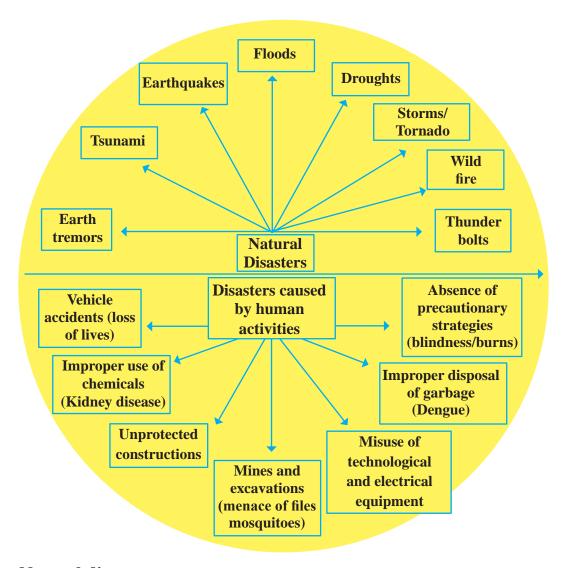
Natural disasters, accidents, hazards, improper life habits can be cited as the most powerful challenges for the protective existence of human society. Natural disasters are a common phenomenon in the ecosystem. They may be conducive to the balance of natural ecosystems. However, at present these disasters have become more frequent and threatening to human existence because of the careless activities of human beings.

After studying this lesson, you will be able to understand,

- how accidents and disasters occur
- measures to be taken to minimize those accidents and disasters
- various institutions from which assistance can be obtained in a disastrous situation
- about the waste management process
- harmful habits, improper use of drugs and prevention from the bad effects of them.
- It is also expected from this lesson to set the background to improve your knowledge, attitude and skills to contribute towards the sustainable development of the country while carrying out an affordable life style.

The accidents and disasters faced by man in modern society can be divided into two.

- 1. Natural disasters
- 2. Disasters caused by human activities



Natural disasters

Unfavourable conditions caused by extreme nature of the natural phenomena of the earth and its surroundings can be termed as natural disasters. Natural disasters occur without any interference of man but it is harmful to both man and his properties.

Natural disasters occur due to two main reasons;

- 1. Due to internal physical processes of the earth
 - e.g.: Tsunami, earthquakes, earth tremors, earth slips, etc.
- 2. Due to the changes in weather and climatic conditions.
 - e.g.: Floods, droughts, storms, lightening, cyclones, bush fires, el nino, la nino, etc.

Floods

Excessive rain and high tides naturally lead to floods and there are other causes as well. Irregular urban development, improper drainage systems, illegal constructions on land reservations on sides of canals and the discharge of waste water into the waters of the canals are other causes for floods.

Sri Lanka receives plenty of rainfall throughout the year. Therefore, constant flooding in most parts of the country is an issue. Flooding is natural, but human activity contributes mostly towards flooding.

Human activities towards flooding:

- Deforestation
- Filling up marshy lands
- Sand mining from rivers
- Digging up mines
- Improper disposal of waste that cannot be decomposed easily
- Illegal constructions on river banks



Sand mining from a river

To minimize damage caused by floods:

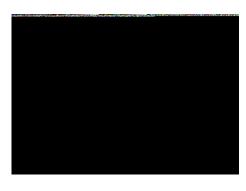
- Rush to a secure place to avoid flood prone areas
- Avoid entering flood affected areas on foot or by vehicles
- Avoid contact with broken or fallen electric cables
- Refrain from eating flood affected food
- Refrain from using water from the affected areas
- Strictly follow the advice given by the relevant authorities such as:
 - Disaster Management Centre
 - Meteorological Department
 - Police
 - Local government institutions

Floods may occur due to natural causes in addition to human activities.

e.g.:- Blocking of estuaries on river banks (Kalu Ganga)

Cyclones

Violent and destructive winds that occur in tropical areas are known as cyclones. They take place centralizing low pressure zones in the atmosphere. Cyclones originate as a system of wind that blows clock wise and anti-clock wise. The speed of winds may exceed 350-400 k.m.p.h. Torrential rain accompanies heavy winds. Heavy winds and heavy rain can cause loss of lives and



property. The cyclone that entered Sri Lanka on the 24th November 1978 took away 900 human lives and caused much damage to property as well.

Measures to be taken towards safety during a storm

The Meteorological Department issues repeated warnings through the media. When such warnings are issued, one should:

- withdraw from affected areas
- go to a protected place
- take away a pre-arranged pack which consists of essential and light items with
 - -bottles of water
 - -biscuits
 - -a torch
 - -a battery operated radio.

If you are staying at home:

- check whether the walls and the roof are safe.
- remove all trees and branches of trees that can be harmful to the house.
- disconnect electricity.

Thunder storms

Thunder and lightening is a natural phenomenon. Thunder follows lightening. Lightening occurs when the water present in the high cumulonimbus (storm clouds) gets charged due to speedy powerful air waves that keep running up and by rubbing water droplets each other. Positive charges collect in the top layers of the cloud and negative charges collect in the bottom layers. An



electrical discharge occurs when the amount of charges reach a certain level. It is known as lightening and thundering. The rise in temperature during day time and convection during the months, March – April, October – November cause heavy thunder storms. However, there can be thunder storms at any time of the year.

How can the damage of a thunder-storm be avoided?

In a rainy situations:

- avoid isolated open spaces, places or tall trees
- avoid horse riding, riding bicycles and travelling on tractors. (open vehicles)
- refrain from using telephones
- refrain from touching metal items
- unplug electric items from plug points
- refrain from using electrical items

Tsunami

Earthquakes on the seabed, nuclear explosions, volcanic eruptions and meteors are the causes for tsunami. When a tsunami occurs, powerful waves that originate in sea water spread in all directions. These waves cause a lot of damages to the coastal areas.



In history, the Tsunami disaster that took place on the 26th of December 2004 was the most destructive disaster that ever happened in this region. Approximately 31,500 people who lived in coastal areas, including passengers travelling in vehicles like buses, vans, cars and even in a train lost their lives from this disaster unexpectedly arrived. Around 550,000 people were displaced. Houses, tourist hotels, fishing harbours and boats, vehicles and other properties were heavily damaged. It directly affected the coastal areas of Sri Lanka and other countries such as India, Indonesia and Thailand.

Human activities affected to heighten destruction in the Tsunami

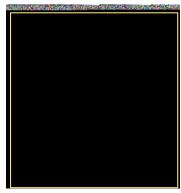
- Removal of natural vegetation in the coastal areas
- Destruction of mangroves
- Damage to coral reefs
- Removal of sand bars in coastal areas

Measures to be taken to minimize damages caused by the Tsunami

- Pay attention to the announcements given by the media
- Withdraw from the affected areas when warnings have been issued.
- Make others aware
- Be alert on the signs of a Tsunami
- Rush to a safe area immediately
- Be aware of large tidal waves that can emerge at once and disappear

Drought

In simple terms, a drought is a period of insufficient rain to fulfil man's requirements with water. Drought that occurs due to insufficient rain is identified as a climatic drought. Droughts caused by insufficient supply of water are referred to as hydrological droughts. According to a climatic report from the Ministry of Forest Conservation and Environment, a drought is a period in which a district receives less than 75% of its usual rainfall.



Animals affected by drought

Similarly a period without rain for 15 consecutive days is also identified as a period of drought. As the South East, North Central and North West regions of Sri Lanka frequently face droughts, the following unfavourable and negative outcomes can occur.

- Shortage of drinking water
- Disruption to generate hydro electricity
- Drying up of streams and small tanks
- Reduction in ground water levels
- Loss of human lives
- Destruction of crop cultivations
- Destruction to wild animals

To safeguard from drought:

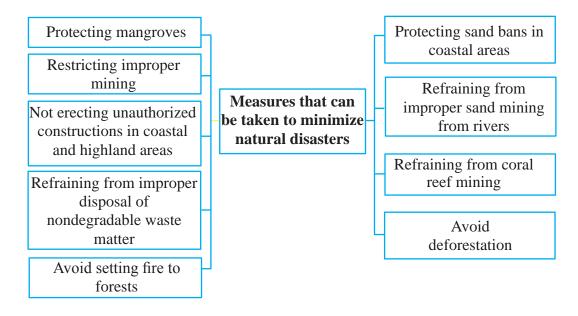
- Do not destroy forest cover
- Do not expose soil to extreme direct heat
- Conserve water
- Do not pollute water in streams, canals and rivers
- Plant trees, creepers and re-forest
- Protect hydro catchment areas
- Use rain water harvest tanks





Man and the environment partaking the destructive effects of drought

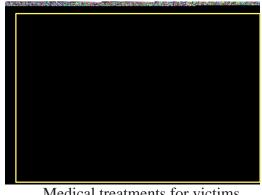
Man consumes a large quantity of natural resources. As a result, the damage caused to the environment is very high. If this damage is not minimized the damage caused by natural disasters will also increase. As responsible citizens, it is our duty to avoid human activities causing natural disasters. Given in the chart are some guidance for us to follow:



Steps to be taken to minimize damages during a disaster

Many people become victims of disasters. On such occasions it is our duty to offer help as responsible citizens. Some immediate actions, we could take, are as follows:

- Being alert to awareness-raising various relevant messages issued institutes and organizations
- Informing relevant institutions that provide services to minimize damage
- Saving the victims
- Giving proper first aid
- Taking victims to hospitals immediately
- Making the hospitals and security sections aware of the disaster or the accident
- Launching humanitarian activities for the victims
- Assisting the defence and health service providers



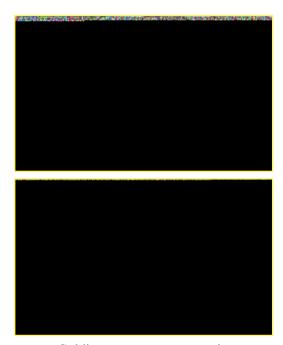
Medical treatments for victims



Distributing aids

In a disaster, it is our duty to protect properties of the victims. It is also important to support victims with compassion, safeguarding their self-dignity.

We must also prevent theft, looting and other anti-social activities. We must take steps to provide food, clothes, drinking water and temporary shelter for the victims. It is our responsibility to help the government officers and other helping organizations for the proper distribution of aids provided by the government institutions, voluntary organizations and international organizations. It is the responsibility of the officers of respective institutions to provide water, electricity, communication facilities and to re-establish transport services.



Soldiers on a rescue operation

Institutions from which assistance can be taken when a disasters situation arises



Activity

- Prepare a file of information which consists of newspaper reports, photographs etc. related to disasters that take place due to human activities.
- Prepare a catalogue mentioning the institutions to which a natural disaster or any other hazard caused by human activities can be informed.
- From the recent past, Sri Lanka has become a natural disaster prone country where earth slips and floods are abundant. Write two suggestions that can be used to avoid those situations.
- During disasters, "Mass media play a major role." Prove this, with examples from Sri Lanka.

Telephone numbers that can assist you in an emergency					
110	Emergency Fire Extinguish and Ambulance Services				
118	Operation Centre for National Security				
119	Police Emergency Services				
1959	Media Centre – National Hospital, Sri Lanka				
1969	Emergency Call Centre for Users of the Southern Express Highway				
1984	National Authority for the Control of Dangerous drugs – advice regarding rehabilitation of users of such drugs				
1991	Complaints regarding environment and natural resources.				

Disaster Management

In our life time we will have to face a hazard or a disaster anytime, anywhere. Our day-to-day lives can become ad hoc due to disasters and accidents. Therefore, we must always be vigilant about the possibility of an accident or a disaster. We should be informed and aware of accidents and disasters.

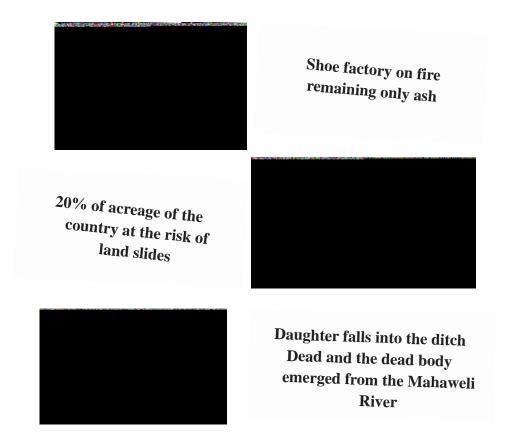
Although it is difficult to prevent accidents and disasters completely, we should have an instinct to identify them early. Therefore, we must always be aware of what is happening around us. Though it is difficult to prevent disasters completely, we can minimize the damages caused by disasters. This process is known as disaster management.

Although it is difficult to prevent disasters completely, damages caused by disasters can be minimized. This process is known as disaster management.

Different types of hazards

Let us identify accidents and disasters that can take place in places we inhabit most. The illustrations given below will help us to identify some of them:





It is difficult to identify an exact place where accidents and disasters can occur.

However, accidents can happen in some of the places listed below.:

*Home	*Work site	*Armoury
*School	*Road	*Reservoirs
*Surrounding	*Factory	*Rivers

Accidents and disasters can happen at any time of a day. However, we cannot delay or ignore our work thinking that accidents are waiting to happen.

Since accidents and disasters around us are likely to happen at any time, we must be vigilant, aware and act diligently.

Accident prone occasions

Kosgama - Salawa Armoury destroyed due to a fire. People in an area of 6 km are re-located. (05.06.2016)

Run over by a stone crusher, a student dies



Destruction caused by the explosion of the armoury in Salawa, Kosgama

A large number of people and properties are destroyed as a result of a devastating landslide in Aranayake - Kegalle (18.05.2016)

You may have either heard about or read the above headlines and reports. Perhaps, you too may have faced similar situations. This type of unexpected accidents can occur even at school. News is published in newspapers to make students and people aware of these disasters.

We also use different types of fireworks in our homes on festive occasions such as Sinhala - Hindu New Year and Christmas. Careless use of these items can cause a lot of physical damages to us. Use of electricity should also be done carefully on different festive occasions.

The use of electricity on different occasions must be done with great caution and care. In homes, where there are little children, plug points should be kept out of their reach.

Different kinds of drugs, hot materials like cooking utensils, hot drinks, electrical items and fragile things should be kept away from the reach of little children. Those who live in flats should be more concerned and take greater care to protect children. The danger of accidents caused by lightening is high on rainy days. We should not use mobile phones, electrical items, etc, on such occasions.

Similarly we need to be concerned about harm from animals, especially from serpents. There is a gradual increase in the numbers of people dying due to snake bites. It is important to be observant and watchful especially when walking around in the night.

Attacks from elephants and dog bites are frequently reported. The human-elephant conflict is acute nowadays. Many deaths are reported often from this conflict. Therefore, it is advisable for those who live in the conflict areas to be informed about ways and means to avoid this conflict.



A dog biting a man



An occasion that shows the intensity of human-elephant conflict

Activity

• Analyze the accidents shown in newspaper extracts as shown in "Different types of accidents." Follow the guidelines given.

Environment related :

Workplace related :

Others :

- Use electronic and print media to find other such accidents and include them in the analysis above.
- Explain the reasons for the human-elephant conflict to be so acute at present.

Food and drug related accidents

 It is also important to pay attention to hazards that take place due to of food and drugs too.

Newspapers report instances in which people have died of food poisoning.

- Failure to wash and clean properly all items of food.
- Consumption of outdated food items
- Consuming half cooked food.
- Measures adopted by sellers at different stages (ripening fruit, use of chemicals for storage)

A student sacrifices life

Soft drinks bring death to two children

Food poisoning made several boarded girls to be nospitalized

Food poisoning can result in any of the points listed above. The consumption of processed food instead of natural food may also cause different allergies and other health hazards. Deviating from natural food and consuming instant food often, can also lead to unnecessary allergies.

Hazards can also take place due to improper storage of dangerous drugs, and pesticides. At homes, drugs should be kept out of reach of children. Accidents can be prevented by making sure of only the prescribed dosage of drugs is given to elderly persons and children by a responsible adult.

Instructions for proper use of drugs

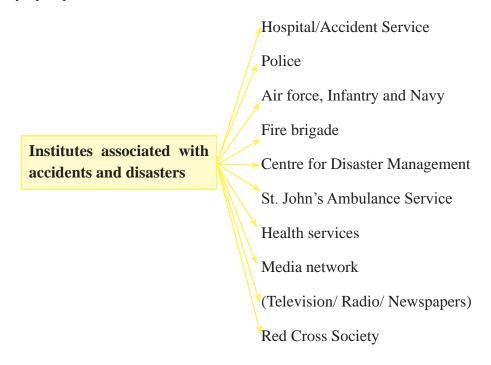
- Follow relevant medical advice
- Use the prescribed dosage
- Use drugs at the proper time
- Be aware of expiry date
- Store drugs under correct temperature
- Be aware of instructions in the label before use
- Avoid use of harmful drugs.

Accidents and disasters take place due to bad habits and behaviours too.

e.g.- • Driving after liquor

- Driving under the effect of bad impulses and emotions (anger, sadness, depression, extreme happiness)
- Using mobile phones while driving
- Smoking and use of narcotics

The numbers of accidents taking place due to these reasons keep increasing day by day. We must remain wise to minimize the numbers of such accidents.



When an accident or a disaster takes place, it is important to act consciously and confidently without being in a hurry. On most such occasions people gather just to see the disasters.

Example: an accident

In an accident we must give our support to take the injured people to hospitals and help Police with their legal matters. If people gather unnecessarily it could be a disturbance.

Disasters and accidents caused by human activities and by natural causes may not end up at once. They can occur as a chain of incidents.

e.g. :- A Tsunami, A landslide, a fire in an armoury, a bomb blast,

On such an occasion those who merely visit such places can face the same accident. Therefore, we must refrain from gathering in such places unnecessarily.

It is also necessary to be aware of media reports to avoid chain accidents. Paying attention to weather reports, being aware of changes in natural surroundings and taking immediate action in the event of a landslide are all helpful to minimize damages. It is also important to pay attention to the behaviours of animals because they have a better instinct to identify the changes in the natural environment than humans.

Our ancestors paid their serious attention to the sounds of frogs, emergence of grown and winged termites, the flying pattern of swallows etc. Accordingly, in the event of a natural disaster, they were able to help themselves immediately and others with minimum casualties. It is essential that we develop ourselves for instant action and make correct decisions to suit the occasion. Such timely and necessary action taken consciously and intelligently will not only help avoid accidents or damages but also help with quick management of a disastrous situation. This will also contribute towards safeguarding lives and property and helping sound lives towards a developed country with a sound and strong economy.

Disasters due to human activities

Road accidents

Have you listened to this song frequently relays on SLBC?

When you take the wheel

Do not fly.

Follow road signs

Observe road rules.

Carelessness of drivers causes fatal accidents.

The departed,

Leave sorrow behind,

Remained become helpless

throughout life.

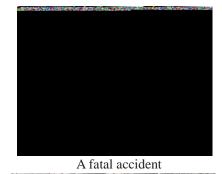
Take the wheel – go on the journey

Do not be in a hurry.

Save others

Save yourself

Take care!



Improper crossing of a road

Sing this song, together with your teacher.

Accidents on roads are identified as the most common disaster today. Many lives are lost daily due to accidents. According to media reports, many lives are also made to suffer serious injuries. Road accidents take away many valuable human lives that can otherwise be of great help to society. Such a loss affects development of the country directly. At the same time, society faces a great responsibility to social welfare of the disabled.



A dreadful road accident

Road accidents in Sri Lanka 2010 - 2015

Information regarding road accidents in Sri Lanka						
(2010 - 2015)						
Year	Fatal accidents	Severe accidents	Minor accidents	Other	No. of deaths	
2010	2575	6124	12560	16390	2721	
2011	2498	6965	13196	17589	2677	
2012	2317	7209	14680	17930	2449	
2013	2190	6870	13525	13294	2365	
2014	2260	7071	12784	13854	2440	
2015	2590	7719	13095	13514	2801	

Source : Police Automobile Headquarters - 2015

Annual No. of deaths due to road accidents

According to the above data, the victims of such road accidents may be people who left their homes for jobs, for education and for other needs. Therefore, it is time for us to pay serious attention towards prevention of road accidents.

Do you know? In 2014, road accidents within a day caused the following results:

•	Accidents	caused	by	vehicles	101
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- Casualties 54
- Loss 20 billion rupees
- Deaths caused 7
- Damage to property 38

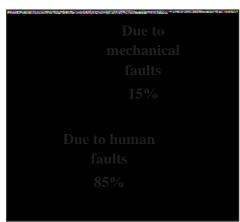
Primary causes for road accidents are as follows:

- Faults made by drivers
- Faults made by pedestrians
- Improper roads
- Defective condition of vehicles

About 85% of road accidents have occurred due to the mishaps of man. A look at the pie chart confirms this fact.

Faults made by drivers:

- Indiscipline
- Driving after liquor
- Driving with no valid licence
- Failure to follow road signs and signals or instructions of the Traffic Police officers
- Driving at high speed
- Driving under heavy fatigue
- Not being alert on other vehicles and pedestrians, when driving vehicles



Faults occurred by mechanical faults and human faults



An incident of using a mobile phone while driving

• Not paying attention to weather conditions.

eg. - Misty weather condition

- Using mobile phones while driving
- Carrying an excess number of passengers
- Competition among drivers
- Different mental conditions of drivers
- Ignorance of road rules.

Faults made by pedestrians

Carelessness of pedestrians also contributes to most road accidents. Following are the faults common to pedestrians.

- Ignorance of road signs and road rules
- Refusing to walk on the right of the road
- Walking in groups
- Refusal to use zebra crossing when crossing the road
- Using mobile phones while walking
- Wearing dark colour clothes at night

In using bicycles for riding

- Riding bicycles in groups
- Riding at night without head lights
- Absence of red coloured reflectors at the back of bicycles.

Many riders face accidents because of the reasons given above.



the road while using hand phones

Conditions of roads

Poor conditions on roads are also a reason for many road accidents.

- Potholes on roads filled with water
- Patches of oil on roads
- Dangerous bends
- Wet and slippery roads
- Incomplete road repairs
- Huge trees close to roads
- Absence of white lines and dotted lines
- Absence of road signs where necessary
- Traffic congestion on roads.

Condition of vehicles

Road accidents have also increased due to poor conditions of vehicles.

Some such conditions are as follows:

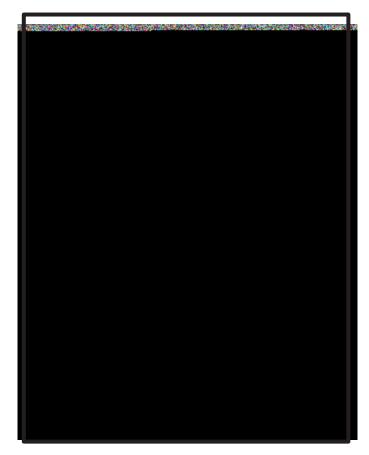
- Poorly lit headlights or no headlights at all
- Improper functioning of brake systems
- Driving on rainy days without wipers
- Use of worn out tyres and poor maintenance of vehicles
- Driving without signal lights
- Driving, using improper engine conditions
- Driving without using reflectors



Actions to avoid road accidents

The most important way to avoid road accidents is to follow road rules carefully by both the drivers and the pedestrians.

Observe the following road signs carefully.



Road signs that are important for our day-to-day life

Road accidents can be minimized if drivers, riders and pedestrians pay careful attention to these road signs. You may be either a passenger in a bus, or a motor car or a pedestrian walking on the road. Wherever you are, observe carefully the road you take.

The government spends heavily to safeguard drivers and pedestrians displaying road signs and fixing CCTV cameras. Using these measures, the government tries to ensure our safety on roads. Therefore, it is the duty of a disciplined driver to follow these road signs and rules and avoid unnecessary accidents on roads.

Responsibilities towards prevention of road accidents

Responsibilities of drivers	Responsibility of the	Police responsibilities	
	government		
Follow road rules necessarily	Maintain proper repairs to roads	Make drivers and pedestrians aware of road rules	
Follow road signs	Maintain effective driver training	Abandon the use of dilapidated vehicles	
Do not drive under the influence of liquor	Mark speed limits and signs on either side of road		
Avoid excessive speed	Draw up programmes for the special attention of drivers		
Maintain vehicles in use			
Drive carefully in adverse weather conditions			
Proper use of headlight and dim light			
Use safety belts			
Motor cyclists to use helmets with chin guards			

Train accidents

Train accidents have also become a main type of accident in present Sri Lanka. The number of victims to die from train accidents has increased rapidly. Main causes for train accidents are as follows:

- walking on railway tracks
- driving across railway tracks, neglecting signals.
- technical faults in railways
- absence of gates at railway crossings
- living recklessly on either side of railway track.



A fatal train accident

Ways to avoid railway accidents

- Ban travelling on footboard for passengers on trains
- Keep away from railway tracks
- Refrain from getting in or out of a running train
- Activate railway signals properly
- Repair and maintain railroads regularly
- Ensure proper and active use of safety gates across railways
- Railway control rooms to be vigilant about proper functioning of signals

In case of a road or train accident

In case of a road or a train accident several parties need to share heavy responsibilities. The parties are:

- drivers
- ordinary people
- the police

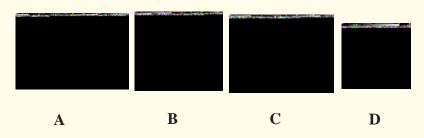
Lives of people can be saved through unity, co-operation and quick action of everyone mentioned above. Therefore, when an accident occurs:

- rush the injured to hospitals
- inform the nearest police station as soon as possible
- prevent unnecessary violence that can take place
- collect money and other belongings of victims and hand them over to security officers or owners.

Listed above are the duties of responsible and law-abiding citizens in such situations.

Activities

- Many road accidents are a common feature in Sri Lanka today. Mention the possible reasons for this.
- Write four suggestions you wish to forward for the prevention of road accidents.
- Look at the road signs given as A, B, C, D given below. Write what they refer to.



Hazards that occur due to use of chemical substances

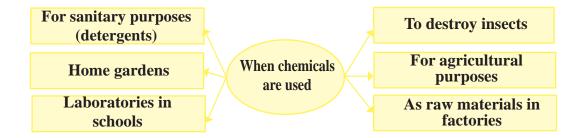
Different chemical substances are widely in use today for our domestic needs. Chemicals are used for crop cultivation, in factories and for production purposes. As students, there are times for you to use chemicals in school laboratories for experiment.

Incorrect and careless use of chemicals can cause harm to our health and even death.

Given below is a Table showing statistics related to hazards caused to people by poisoning with chemical pesticides.

Cause for	2	004	2005	
accident	No. hospitalized	No. death	No. hospitalized	No. death
Poisoning pesticides	16644	1281	16910	1270
Poisoning chemicals used at home	16978	226	17456	230

Sauce: Reports of medical statistics



Probable accidents by using chemicals

- Insecure storage
- Storage alongside food items
- Storing without proper display of labels
- Keeping chemicals within easy reach of children.
- Not following given instructions regarding the use (wearing gloves, helmets, face masks, slippers, etc.)
- Not using the proper dilution as recommended.
- Throwing empty or half empty bottles into water ways.
- Using water ways to wash machines used for spraying agrochemicals and pesticides

Have you thought about this?

Ways how chemicals can enter the body through:

- Contact with the skin
- Inhalation
- Through month
- Contact with eyes
- Open wounds in the body
- Careless use of fuel pipelines
- Through Food (e.g. glyphosate)

Steps to be taken when a chemical accident takes place

The following steps should be followed in case a chemical substance enters one's body,

- Identify the reason for the accident
- Give necessary first aid
- Direct the victim to a doctor immediately
- If available, submit the containers, wrappings of the poison or chemical to the doctor.

If the identified poison, containers or wrappers can be submitted to the doctor, it will be helpful to start proper treatment. A patient who has inhaled poison must be removed from the poisonous environment immediately. Proper ventilation and several washes with cold water, need to be given. It is proper if the patient is immediately directed to a doctor.

Steps to be taken to prevent accidents caused by chemicals

Numbers of accidents caused by chemicals necessity keep increasing day by day. Therefore, it is a timely necessity to avoid such accidents. Measures to be taken to prevent such accidents are as follows:

- Safe storage
- Careful reading and following instructions on the label before using and acting accordingly
- Storing away from the reach of children
- Storing to display the symbol of poison clearly
- Following the given instructions thoroughly and correctly when mixing or diluting
- Using gloves, masks and boots etc. according to instructions
- Buying only the required amount
- Refraining from keeping empty bottles in homes after use
- Refraining from throwing away haphazardly empty bottles and other containers to reservoirs and to the environment, after use.



Using protective garments when using pesticides



Poison symbol implying danger

Activity

- Mention the harm caused to man and the environment in the use of pesticides.
- Day by day, there is an increase in destruction and accidents caused by the use of chemicals. Prepare a list of activities to minimize such destruction and harm.
- Mention the traditional methods used by our ancestors on their crop cultivations, instead of chemicals and pesticides,.

Affordable lifestyles and sustainable development

With development, the modern world faces many differences. It is no secret that the industrial revolution has directly influenced these changes. The industrial revolution has affected the environment at a greater scale. Man has shown more attention to his requirements as against the law of nature. Accordingly, natural resources are fast decreasing all over the world. Sri Lanka also faces this problem.

In the past, life styles in our country were directly linked with national culture and sustainable development. You may have heard that our ancestors never depleted existing stocks but used them carefully preserving for future use. This means that they used only the necessary quantities. Our culture is complete with many examples in children's literature of poetry, song and verse used by our ancestors regarding use and preservation of natural resources. One such example of lyrics for children, is translated as follows:

මේ ගසේ බොහෝ පැණි දොඩම් තිබේ පැහිල ඉදිල - බිමට නැමිල බර වෙලා අතු නංගිටයි මටයි ගෙඩි දෙකක් ඇතී වැඩිය කඩන නරක ළමෝ හෙම නොවේ අපී On this tree
There are many sweet
oranges.
Mature and ripe
The branches are heavily
laden with ripe fruit.
My sister and I
Need only two oranges
We are not bad children,
to pick more than two.

This song we sang in our childhood symbolizes the concept of sustainable development.

Affordable life styles and awareness of use

The needs of modern man are very complex. But the resources available to fulfill these needs are limited. Besides, it is the responsibility of the modern generation to leave behind resources for future generations too. Therefore, we must all get used to affordable life styles which mean to follow a life style and consumption style to match one's own economic level.

Our ancestors invariably used to an affordable or simple lifestyles and consumption patterns. They were greatly satisfied with their basic needs: food, shelter and clothing. They used very simple tools with their everyday activities. Yet, the world went through timely changes and our ancestors too had to fall in line. Then, they had to make adjustments to suit their lifestyles. However, such adjustments brought no harmful changes to their lifestyle, society, environment or culture.

In addition to the basic needs, our parents and grand parents used bicycles, two-wheeled tractors and made economical use of firewood with their hearths. The bicycle came to be the most friendly to the family. The bicycle was used for both travelling and the transport of goods.

Even the most developed countries in the world still use the bicycle as an environmental friendly means of transport. Japan is a good example in this connection.

The Japanese use a bicycle to attend to most of their needs. The bicycle is widely used in Japan. Using a bicycle does not show or imply any social discrimination.

The two wheeled tractor is an environmentally friendly equipment used by man. It was very helpful for



Bicycle : eco-friendly and economic family vehicle



Cycling to work place

agricultural purposes. The two wheeled tractor that was used for both travelling and agricultural purposes was a very useful equipment in the past.



Tractor: for ploughing fields and transporting goods

Sustainable Development

"Sustainable use is the use of available natural resources by the present generation while preserving for the use of future generation"

Man has many needs. Among his needs,

- food, clothing and shelter
- water and electricity
- power supply
- travel requirements
- educational requirements
- relaxation and entertainment
- health and sanitary requirements etc. are of much importance

Therefore, a nation has to make it a habit to follow an affordable lifestyle to avoid being a burden to self, the society or the country. Through that, by contributing to the sustainable development they get the ability to fulfil their duties as citizens.

All of us need to contribute towards sustainable development. To do so, it is important to pay our attention to the following facts.

- ★ Refrain from over consumption of resources
- * Adopt an environmentally-friendly life style
- ★ Adapt to existing rules and regulations
- ★ Dispose of garbage appropriately
- ★ Protect natural resources
- ★ Make economical use of natural resources
- ★ Preserve energy
- * Adopt environmentally friendly alternative sources of energy
- ★ Use environmentally friendly goods and services
- * Always act as responsible citizens.



Disposal of garbage improperly

Disposal of garbage properly



Recycling of waste matter

Man, nowadays, faces many types of illnesses due to the failure to follow these facts. Meanwhile, these days there are "deadly diseases' identified among villagers and discussed in common. They are:

- Kidney ailments
- Dengue fever and the mosquito menace

The two ailments listed above have claimed many lives. The general opinion now, is, that glyphosate used for agricultural purposes, is the cause for kidney ailments. Similarly, we have to accept that improper disposal of waste material is a cause for the spread of dengue and the the mosquito menace.

Both the state and the society have a great responsibility to eliminate these diseases. To protect future generation, we have to get together and carry out our duties responsibly. We also need to adopt and adapt to an affordable lifestyle and an affordable consumption style. This way, it will be possible to strengthen sustainable development in Sri Lanka.

Our ancestors never put themselves first. They always thought about future generation. Therefore, even if they did not get things, they felt that those to be born in the future, needed to be provided for. They believed they could make use, while preserving for future. An example for this belief is a poem compiled by Tibetan monk Venerable S. Mahinda thero, titled "Yuthukame Agaya", 'The Value of Duty'

The Value of Duty

Child: What are you doing grandpa?

Why are you digging the garden?

Grandpa: I don't think you cannot see

I am digging to plant a mango

seed.

Child: You take great pains to plant a seed

today

Will you get even one mango fruit

to eat?

Grandpa: I don't expect a mango from this

tree

I am only doing my duty

Child: If you cannot get the benefits

I don't understand why you should

do this

Grandpa: I am surprised at your thoughts

If you grow up in this manner, you

will be blamed

We are now eating the fruit from

Trees planted by our grand parents

We need to keep for those to follow

It is our duty.

Child: I now realize the value of my duty

Good bye, grandpa, I am leaving.

In a book compiled by Robert Knox titled "A Historical Relation of the Island Ceylon", he refers to our ancestors as a nation most anxious to fulfil our responsibilities. Therefore, from our youth we need to get used to fulfilling our duties and responsibilities. We need to do so adapting ourselves to an affordable lifestyle to suit an ever changing world. Such efforts will help us build a strong nation aimed at sustainable development.

Activity

- Mention how you can contribute towards sustainable development.
- Give examples to prove how our ancestors met their everyday needs, keeping to sustainable development.
- Collect information from the Internet on how helpful "The bicycle and the hand tractor" are and compile a booklet on the topic.
- With the assistance of your adults and the home science teacher prepare a list of nourishing food items for use with a nourishing meal.

Summary

- Man has to endure natural disasters in his/her lifetime.
- → Man's actions have contributed heavily towards damage caused by natural disasters.
- Society needs to identify the causes for natural disasters and take effective control measures to avoid such disasters.
- Accidents are waiting to happen, anytime, anywhere, in one's life.
- ⇒ It is not possible to completely eradicate accidents or disasters.
- Awareness of disasters or accidents can minimize or avoid accidents.
- ⇒ It is the duty of a responsible citizen to act wisely in case of an accident.
- ⇒ Being aware of damage and disastrous situations and assisting with disaster management can easily contribute to sustainable development.
- Today, there is an increase in accidents caused by drugs and chemicals.
- Road accidents and drug related accidents are both caused by man. Awareness can easily help control the harm caused by both drugs and chemicals.
- ⇒ It is the duty of all responsible people to actively help victims in the event of a disaster.

05

Let's Overcome Challenges by Solving Problems

Introduction

A person has to face various challenges and problems in his personal life as well as in social life. It is important to develop necessary strength in persons to face them successfully.

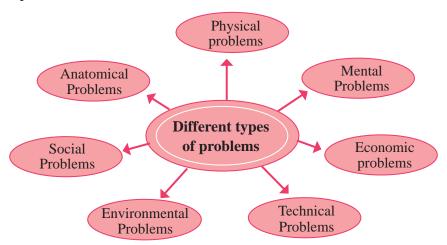
By studying this chapter, it is expected;

- to identify the weaknesses in ability to face challenges and problems in the children in present society
- to develop the necessary strengths in students to find correct decisions and win the challenges through creative alternatives found by identifying the problems correctly and analyzing them.

The basic process that can be seen in nature is that birth, existence and death of everything. This theory is common to all living and non-living things of this world. Problems and challenges are also the same. Problems are something relative. Something that may become a problem to one may not be a problem to another. For an example, though crossing a river is a problem to a rabbit, it is not a problem to a tortoise. Yet, running with a rabbit is a problem to a tortoise. In the same manner, while running fast becomes a problem to a tortoise, it is not a problem to a rabbit. Accordingly, a problem may be relative to person and situation.

A problem can be defined as a barrier or an obstacle that blocks reaching a certain activity, condition or situation. It can be defined simply, as the gap between the situation of any moment and inability to achieve one's expectations as precise as one expected.

Accordingly, while problems are a normal phenomenon in human life, problems are always formed, since your expectations cannot be achieved as much as you expect.



Such problems occur frequently in your private life, school life, social life, family activities, social activities as well as in professional activities. It occurs as such, since we attempt to find solutions without having proper understanding and identification of problems. Though we get temporary solutions through this, it is not a correct solution to the problem. Thus, occurrence of such a number of problems has become a general phenomenon.

Due to unquenchable desires and unlimited expectations in people, problems occur frequently. Since people suffer from problems throughout their lives, it is of utmost importance to help them to get those problems solved.

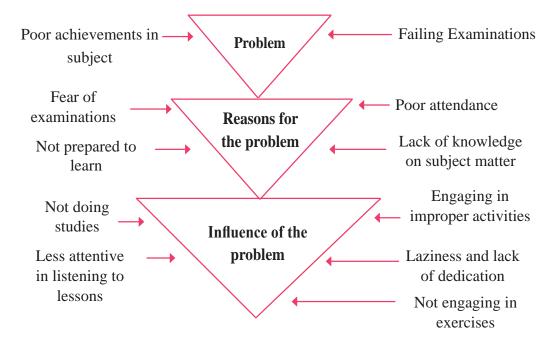
Examples of some problems faced by students

- Problems of food and nutrition
- Absence of things one likes
- Loss of security and protection
- Scarcity of resources in some schools

- Economic difficulties
- Failure in examinations
- Loss of love
- Mental pressure caused by the school environment
- Lack of time for sports or leisure
- Having to face examinations competitively

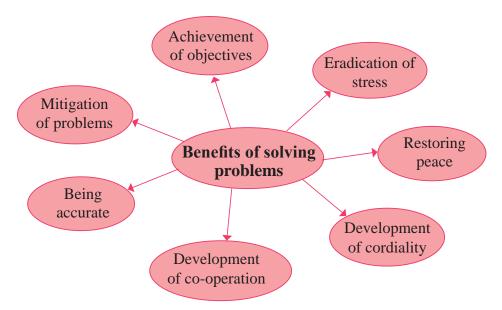
Finding causes for problems

When finding solutions to a problem that has arisen, it is important to find the causes of it. Most of the problems arise due to personal behaviour, personal reactions and personal activities. When finding causes for problems, they can be revealed by analyzing them as shown in the following diagram,



Accordingly, by revealing the causes for a problem, solutions can be found easily. When causes of a problem are identified, attention can be focussed on alternative solutions too. While there may be several alternative solutions for a problem, it is important to select the best solution out of them.

In the present society, where a problem arises, some people fear, evade, avoid or take revenge on life. It has become a common feature of reaching to a problem, though it is wrong. This is due to hypersensitivity and facing it uncritically. Hence, when a problem arises, it is important to work creatively with good reasoning, using alternative methods to achieve correct solutions. Then, influences of the problem also can be mitigated.



Finding solutions to problems

It is extremely important to find solutions to get rid of a problem. When finding solutions to a problem, it is of utmost importance to have a good understanding and a realization of it. By that, suitable solutions can be achieved.

For example, the steps that could be used to solve the problem of being weak in your subject achievement can be presented as follows;

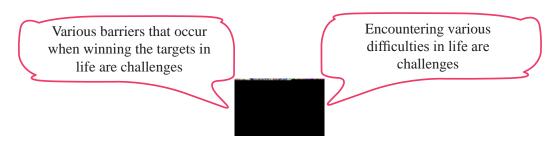


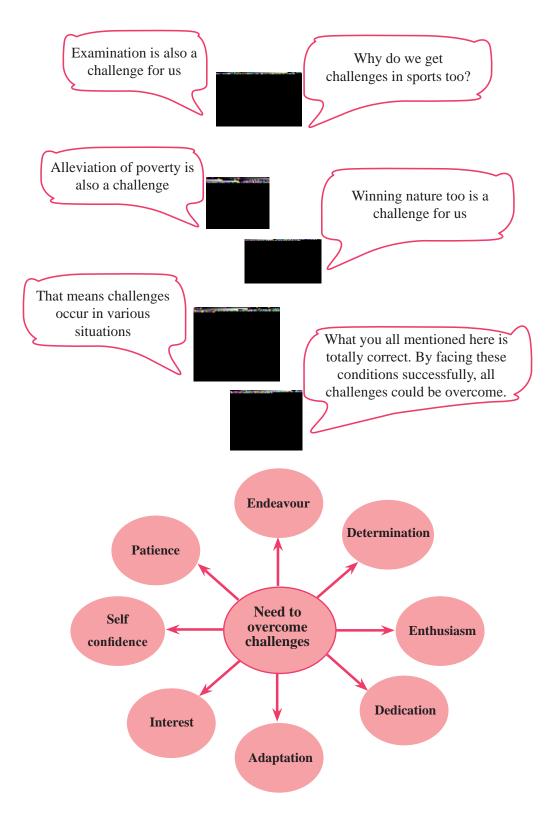
When solving a problem, it is important to analyse it creatively and critically.

Activity

- Choose a problem that you or one of your friends face and identify the causes of it.
- State the identified causes as shown in the above diagram.
- Explain the alternative solutions that can be used to solve that problem.

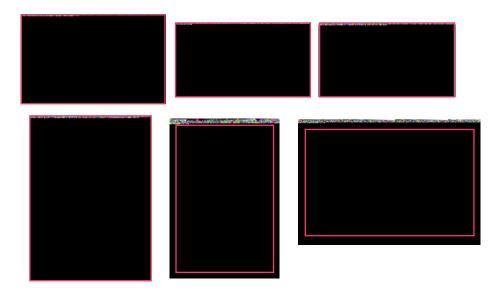
Let's overcome challenges





Nick Vujicic who won challenges

The following pictures show how Mr. Nick who was totally disabled by birth won his life.



The following is a life story of a pupil of who won challenges:

Pushpakumara Ranukge, a certain courageous boy, who was born in a very beautiful village called Kamburupitiya faced an unfortunate accident when he was three years old. While he was walking along the mountain located behind his house where rubber trees were being cut, he lost his leg due to a sudden falling of a rubber tree. Though he lost a leg, he did not repent over it. From his childhood, he had a strong determination to be a useful citizen after completing his studies successfully. So, with the determination of empowering his family and looking after his parents, he attended school daily on clutches walking around six miles, carrying his school bag. He who was a popular student in the village as well as in school won the entrance to a university. He was a clever orator as well as a clever leader. He won a number of victories in sports which were held for the differently abled. Once he climbed "Sigiriya" too. After joining the government service as a graduate, he became a leader of a trade union. While engaging in his duties well, he became a totally successful person facing the challenges morally, forgetting his unfortunate incident.

Challenges faced in day-to-day life

- Making education successful amidst economic difficulties
- Passing examinations
- Winning the targets facing failures successfully
- Winning the goals in life
- Winning the barriers
- Correcting errors
- Maintenance of a beautiful environment
- Maintenance of co-existence free from conflicts

As mentioned above, we will have to face various challenges in social life as well as in personal life. Therefore, it is important to face a challenge by being a challenge to the challenge successfully without fleeing from it.

Reacting in a positive way in problematic and challenging situations

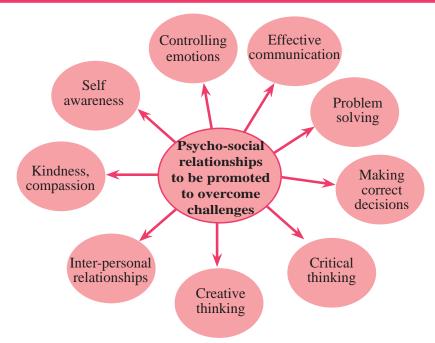
"I have not failed. I have just found ten thousand ways that won't work."



The above statement was the answer given by Thomas Alva Edison to one of his friends when he asked whether he was going to commit 10 000 wrongs in the invention of electric bulb when even the 9999th attempt proved no success. What becomes vividly clear through this is that most successful personalities ignore mistakes and regard them as blessings to win their challenges.

Activity

- Create a story collecting information about such a personality lived or living in our society who won the life facing such challenges.
- Explain the good ideas that can be obtained from it.
- Identify several challenges you will have to face in your day-to-day (in school or in your family) life.
- Suggest the ways of facing one of them successfully.



Accordingly, to win challenges, it is important to develop a good mentality from the childhood. Specially, psycho-social competencies must be developed. By improving these qualities, your personality too can be enhanced. When these qualities are improved the power of facing challenges too gets developed.

Facing various problems and challenges in life successfully

Using different methods to overcome various problems and challenges, creative methods are very important. Some problems and challenges may occur at certain situations. Following creative methods on such occasions is of utmost importance. All inventions and discoveries of man are the results of various challenges. All the attempts, from the discovery of fire to the inventions of high tech productions and lunar voyage are the results of serious challenges.

The following pictures show the creation discoveries made by man to win challenges.



Honda Who Won Challenges

The creative mind of Soichiro Honda who was born in 1906 in Japan, provided transport facilities to the people in Japan when Japan was completely destroyed in World War II. Though Honda experienced thousands of sufferings, barriers, and drawbacks when whole Japan was challenged, he came forward winning them all, due to strength of winning challenges embedded in his mind. Not only Japan itself, but the world at large was also benefitted by his useful creation.



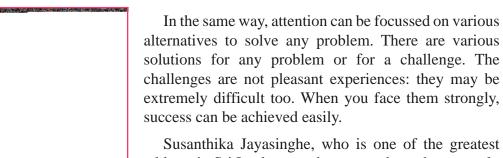
Where there is a problem, there is a solution

Problems, most probably, are created by the external behaviour of man. Problems occur as you cannot perform your duties well. When you work without a goal or target, it becomes unsuccessful as it possesses no strong foundation. Problems could be solved successfully, by resolving to take something towards the correct path, without letting it occur automatically. There may be not only one solution but also many solutions for a problem.

Some people suffer, being unable to solve their problems as they do not see the problem in a wide angle. By observing different angles of a problem alternative solutions can be adopted.

For example,

- should a child who suffers from severe economic difficulties stop his education half way?
- should the money earned by doing some work be spent on education?
- if not, should he seek a job, leaving school?
- should he get his needs fulfilled, by meeting persons or institutions that wish to offer help?



athletes in Sri Lanka, won her target through extremely difficult training and dedication. Participating in Olympic Games then, might have been only a dream to her as she was born and educated amidst-economic

difficulties in a difficult area in Sri Lanka. Yet, possibility of overcoming any challenge, is well depicted if there are goals, determination and dedication like Susanthika's victory in Olympics.

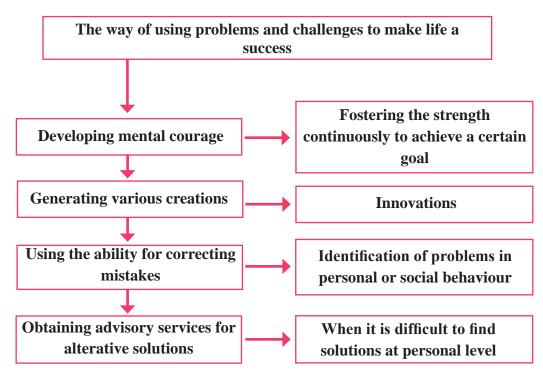
Man has to face various challenges frequently in his day-to-day activities. Fleeing, avoiding, and fearing in those challenges will damage private personality as well as social personality of a person.

If there is a will there is a way. There is nothing one cannot overcome if one has a strong will. Words like "no" "cannot" etc. should not be used frequently. If one becomes a slave to them, the concept of "I cannot" will be embedded in his/her mind with negative thoughts.

Hence, in winning challenges, the confidence that "I Can" is very important. For example, more than 50% of our school children fail annually in Mathematics and in English. Most of the children who fail, cultivate the negative concepts like "very difficult", "I cannot ", "I cannot remember", "I cannot do maths", "I can't speak English" and as they engross in these thoughts frequently and continuously, they are subjected to fail examinations eventually. Yet, they foster positive thoughts, like "I can do maths well" or "I can speak English fluently", to eradicate the overcoming negative thoughts, the challenge of examinations is positive. Accordingly, it is clear that, there are solutions to win any problem or challenge.

Activity

- Suggest alternative solutions, selecting a problem you have to face frequently.
- Make positive statements, removing negative thoughts like "No", "Can't" fostering the positive thoughts, like "I can do well"



Activity

• Complete the following table, associating the creations produced by man to win various problems and challenges.

Problem/ Challenge	Creation invented
Louis Braille lost his eye sight at	Braille system of reading and
the age of 15 by an accident	writing

Activity

Associating information and reports in newspapers, discuss the ways
of freeing school children who are subjected to various problems and
challenges.

Summary

- The gap between the condition that exists at any moment and the inability to achieve your target as expected, can simply be defined as problems
- ⇒ Various types of problems
- Finding causes for problems
- ⇒ When solving a problem, it is important to act critically and creatively, after analyzing it
- → Various barriers that occur when winning the goals in life are known as challenges
- ⇒ Facing various problems and challenges in life successfully
- ⇒ There are solutions to any problem or challenge
- ⇒ How the problems and challenges could be used to make life a success

06

Let Us Enter the World of Work

Introduction

At present, education has become a major factor that influences a person's life. The reason is that, it is expected to enrich competencies of a person and prepare him/her for a future profession through education.

After studying this chapter, you will be able to understand the following:

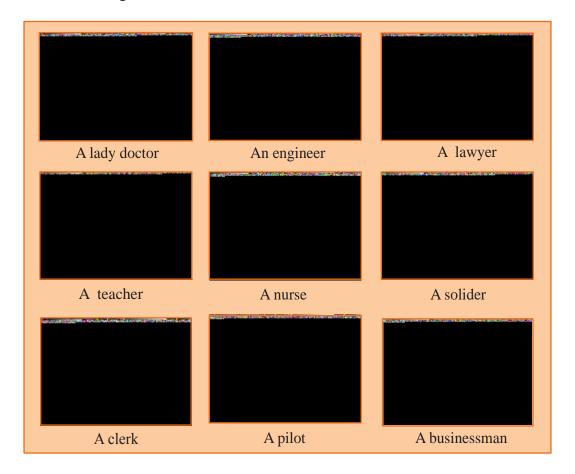
- Various definitions regarding the world of work
- Importance of working with dignity of labour
- Value of skilled labour
- Characteristics of a good labourer
- That every employment is important for the social upliftment

"I like to do the job I wish to. I do not expect money alone from the job. I like to serve society and learn new things in doing jobs. Today, education is one of the evident factors that influences a life of a person."

Given above is the answer given by a student of Grade 8, when he was asked about the job he likes. What does it mean? There are three objectives to be fulfilled from a job. Can you identify them?

What would be your answer if I ask you the job you expect to do in future?

Some answers given in common can be listed as follows:



Ask your friends about the jobs they prefer and list them as shown above. You will notice that very few friends have chosen laborious jobs like farmer, labourer, technician, etc. But, these are important jobs, providing services to the society.

Although there are various professions in the society, majority prefer employment with high social recognition. Yet, every employment is equally important to the society. The most important factor is the service rendered to the society, regardless of income earned or social recognition. Let us learn from this lesson more about occupations from which we could serve the society.

World of work and its variations

Man has to work for a living. Teichler (1999) has defined the world of work as the relationship among the real activities, a person performs daily relevant to his profession.

The following are some definitions about the world of work.

"The world of work is the chances of those who are already occupied or expect to be occupied"

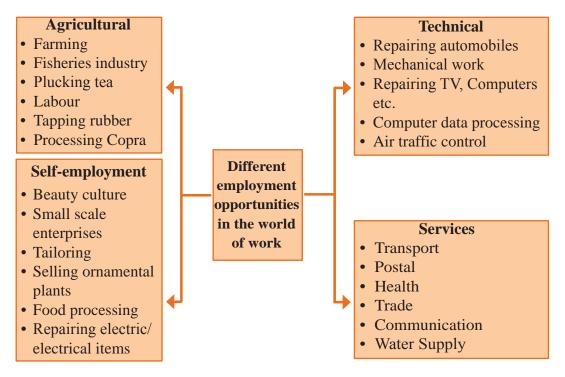
(Rooney, 2001)

"Employment opportunities available or people can join in relevant fields in farms and industries"

(Soanes, 2004)

It is clear from the above ideas that all employment opportunities available in the society can be taken as the world of work. Can you prepare a list of different fields of employment and employment opportunities that exist in society?

Observe the following chart as an example. See whether you can expand it. You will need to search for different jobs available in the society.



It will be clear to you that, there are many occupations as well as many occupants in the above fields. Even when we consider one institute, we can see that there may be various job opportunities in it.

In a garment factory, many are employed as: managers, clerks, technicians, security personnel, canteen workers, electricians, plumbers, foremen, drivers, transport helpers, quality controllers, etc. in addition to the machine operators.



Machine operators in a garment factory

To provide a better service from an institution, all workers must work efficiently.

It is clear that there is a variety in "the world of work." Let us identify the factors which contribute to these variations.

Varieties at regional level and resources

Some occupations in Sri Lanka are identified as special to particular regions.

• Nuwara Eliya - Vegetable and Flower cultivation

• Galle, Matara - Fishing Industry

• Anuradhapura - Paddy Cultivation

• Weweldeniya - Rattan Industry

• Kajugama - Trade in Cashew

• Rathnapura - Gem Industry



Rattan Industry

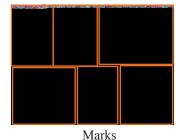
Traditional occupations also exist in the world of work

Traditional occupations

• Pilimatalawe - Brass industry

• Ambalangoda - Masks and puppets

Molagoda - Clay products



> Field of occupation

Occupations in the current world of work can be divided into three main fields as:

- I Government and Semi Government sector
- II Private sector
- III Self employment

> According to the contribution of labour

There is another classification of occupations in the world of work based on the type of labour employed.

I Occupations that require more mental labour

(Doctors, Engineers, Teachers, Administrators)

II Occupations that require more physical labour

(Farmers, Labourers, Sanitary workers, Carpenters, Masons, porters etc.)

According to the above examples, it is clear that the world of work refers to all sectors that supply services and work necessary for our existence. It is clear that there are differences in the world of work and that these differences are carefully considered, when selecting a job.

The following conversation helps you learn more about the world of work.



Engineers



Farmers

- Sunil If a payment is done for something we are doing, I think, we can call it a job.
- Namali But, there are jobs that are not paid, aren't there? See, the work a mother does at home. She is not paid for it?
- Menali Yeah, the learning we do in school. It is also not paid for. My grandfather is a retired teacher. He is working in an Elders' Home now for no pay. It is called voluntary service.
- Namali There are various jobs. They can be named as employment and self employment.
- Sunil Some people talk about blue collar jobs and white collar jobs. What are they?
- Menali They are classified according to the occupation done. Working in factories, masonry, etc. are called blue collar jobs.
- Namali Yes, I too have heard about it. White collar workers are found in offices or in the field of administration. They do white collar jobs.
- Sunil The workers that perform manual labour are called blue collar jobs, aren't they? They work in production.
- Menali Yeah, but occupations can also be categorized as mental and physical jobs too.

Activity

• List out the occupations available in your area and rearrange them according to your preference.

Let us work with dignity of labour

Labour is mainly divided as physical and mental. It is important to perform the duty entrusted to you efficiently, with dedication. Performance of one's duty with willingness and happiness is dignity of labour. In simple terms, having a self-pride regarding the job one engages in, is the dignity of labour. Due to the success of the task done with dignity of labour, both the worker and his job, can be admired by the society.



Farmers busy in the field

Can we live, if the city cleaners do not do their work properly? Then the environment would not be suitable for living. Think about it. Dignity of labour can be seen in every occupation, like engineers, doctors, drivers, city cleaners, technicians, farmers, etc.

If you think about dignity of labour, social service occurs in all these occupations. Whatever employment you engage in, it contributes to the upliftment of the nation. There is a sense of pride as well. Therefore, it is better to be proud of that job. But, some professions require special knowledge and training. It should be understood that such jobs cannot be done by unskilled people. When choosing



Labourers cleaning a city

a job, one should consider not only the nature of the job, uniform and the salary, but also one's ability and the service that could be rendered to the society.

Unemployment is depicted as a major problem existing in Sri Lanka at present. But, in reality, there are a large number of occupations in the world of work. The problem is due to the weaknesses with dignity of labour, there is an unwillingness on the part of some people to select some jobs. Most of the people expect jobs in government offices. You will see in the newspapers that there are lots of vacancies in the field of industry, as well.

Activity

• Collect a weekend newspaper from the nearest library. Classify and write the vacancies advertised in it, into the government sector, private sector and self employment sector.

The answer given by John Foster and Simo Foster in 2014, is important to understand the question 'Why do people work? It helps to understand the importance of the dignity of labour.

Working with others helps earn money, to get experience, to gather qualifications, to give benefits to the society, to do something desired and for time management.

(John Foster and Simo Foster 2014)

Enjoying dignity of labour with the job you do, you can engage in a job with happiness and contentment. Several benefits can be identified in working with dignity of labour.

Benefits that can be gained in working with dignity of labour

To the employer

- **★** Raising reputation of the organisation
- **★** Promoting public appreciation towards the organisation
- * Ability to work with other competitive organisations
- **★** Increasing motivation among the employees
- **★** Increasing profit in the organisation

To the customers

- * Ability to be fulfilled their requirements easily
- * Witnessing social efficiency
- * Balancing emotions
- * Cultivating loyalty towards the organisation
- * Building up credibility

To the employee

- * Dignity in their occupation
- * Desire to learn more about the occupation
- * Job satisfaction and contentment
- * Work for the organisation devotedly
- * Motivation to perform their duties at their best

Every occupation contributes towards social uplift

Equal development in every field is needed for the development of a country. Employment in industry, agriculture and service contribute towards social development. Social progression is the development of society. It cannot be achieved by one or two occupations. The following chart shows several needs that must be fulfilled for the development of the society.

* Basic needs of man (food, housing, clothes, etc.)
* Infrastructure facilities (water, electricity, telephones, roads, etc.)
* Opportunities to spend leisure profitably
* Maintenance of security and peace
* Services like education, health, transport, etc
* Sources of sufficient income for a living

Different persons contribute to supply the above mentioned needs. When there is no co-operation among all these groups, it disturbs the existence as well as the progression of the society.

From higher officers, various groups contribute their labour towards social progress. These groups contribute equally to maintain services efficiently. Hence, without any difference, appreciation of the services rendered by all, contribute towards the uplift of the society. Selecting an occupation, according to one's willingness, qualifications and potential, one can direct one's job for the benefit of the society.

What will be the condition in a city if the cleaners do not report to work in a day? Can we say that their service is not important? Value of their service is at a higher level, isn't it?

Activity

• Select several jobs present in your area and list out their services to the society.

Importance of skilled labour

Labour is a factor towards production. Benefit received for one's labour is called the salary. Contributions provided by people to complete any work qualitatively is termed as labour. Knowledge, attitude and skills we achieve through education affect labour. Productivity of labour occurs according to the levels of knowledge, attitude and skills of the labourer.

Labour can be divided into two parts;

Physical labour

- Occupations that require more physical energy.
- Driving, farming, lifting heavy loads, tea plucking and occupations in the industrial field

Mental labour

- Professions that require more brain (mind) work.
- Jobs in the fields of medical, legal, engineering, planning, teaching, administration etc.

Labour can be divided into two parts such as skilled labour and unskilled labour. Labourers with special training or have special skills are skilled labourers.

The level of skilled labour cannot be attained merely by the knowledge acquired through education. Following a special training relevant to the particular profession is necessary to become a skilled labourer.

A training can be defined as providing professional experience and competencies relevant to a particular occupation.

Consider the following examples;

- ➤ Giving a special practical training under a specialist to a House Officer (Medical graduate under training)
- ➤ Prior to granting of driving licence, drivers must get a special training and pass a practical test.

➤ Giving all the teachers a special training relevant to teaching and frequent in-service training

Many people believe that no training is needed to perform physical labour. But, even in a factory, by giving a special training regarding the operation of the machinery, efficiency of the workers can be increased.

Two ways for training for employment

- 1. Pre Service Training Training given prior to recruitment
 - e.g. Training given in Technical Colleges on house wiring, teacher training given at Colleges of Education
- 2. In-service Training Training given after recruitment
 - e.g. Setting to work under a trainer in repairing automobile, special training given to professionals like physicians, teachers, etc. from time to time while in service

Some occupations in the world of work require specific training. Experience, duration of service, as well as training are required for trained (skilled) labour. e.g. Flying aircraft, space voyages, surgical operations, use of high technological equipment in factories etc.

Special attention is paid to trained workers for the occupations present in the world of work. Trained workers are offered higher salaries as they can work more efficiently than unskilled workers. Training is essential to a worker and it makes him/her an outstanding person in the field of work. In Sri Lanka, there are a number of different institutes and courses that offer training to win the world of work.

National Vocational Qualification (NVQ) for technical field is graded from level 3 to level 7. Anyone can start achieving this qualification even at the period of schooling.

Institutes that offer vocational training

- **★** Vocational Training Authority
- * National Apprenticeship Board
- * National Youth Council
- * Technical Colleges
- **★** Higher Technical Institute
- * Vidatha Centres
- * Nenasala
- * Hotel Schools

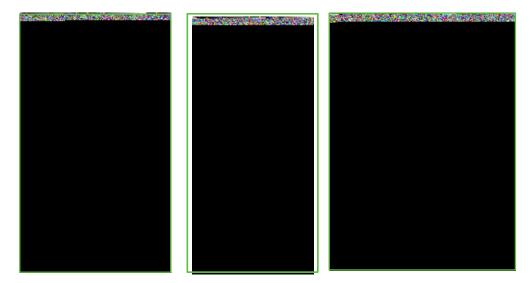
Courses offered

- * Electrical Technician
- * Plumber
- * Woodworker
- * Draftsmanship
- * Computer
- **★** English and other languages
- * Food and Culinary
- * Home Decoration
- * Beauty Culture
- * Landscaping

In addition to the few government institutions mentioned above, vocational training courses are provided by the private sector too.

e.g.: • Private Technical Colleges

- Institutions providing courses on manoeuvring heavy vehicles
- Institutions providing courses on beauty culture, food processing, etc
- Computer training institutions
- English language training institutions
- Secretarial and receptionist training institutes



Some advertisements on vocational training

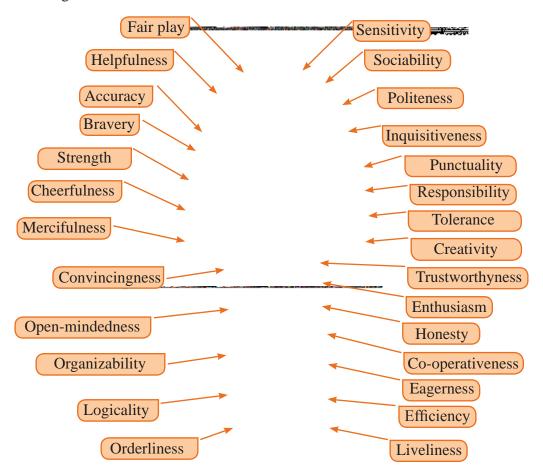
Activity

- 1. What are the vocational training centres in your area?
- 2. What are the courses provided by them?
- 3. Read newspaper articles on vocational training institutes and list out the names and courses provided by them.

Qualities of a good worker

Labour force is the major factor in the development of a country. Hence, presence of a labour force, with better characteristics is an asset to a country. Due to the development of better qualities in a worker, attitude, dedication, and contribution towards labour can be raised to a higher position.

There are different opinions presented on the qualities of a good worker. The following are some of those.



Some other characteristics that a worker must possess are given below:

- Reporting to work on time
- Staying the whole period on duty at the place of work, dedication
- Working with job satisfaction
- Fulfilling duties and responsibilities
- Cooperation
- Collectedness
- Development of the profession

- Respecting leadership
- Honouring rules
- Regulations
- Traditions of the institution
- Not linking the private and political life with the job

Activity

• According to you, what are the good qualities of a good employee? List them out.

Expectations of the place of work

The place of work can be introduced as the place where the world of work becomes active or it is the place where employees perform their duties.

e.g. Physician - Hospital

Teacher - School

Machine Operator - Factory

The employer expect from his employees a good profit for the organisation while enhancing good will and customer satisfaction.

Craig D. Jerald has lined up several competencies according to their importance, expected from the employee.

- 1. Critical thinking and problem solving
- 2. Using information technology
- 3. Group activities and co-operation
- 4. Creativity and being innovative towards new production
- 5. Working according to varieties
- 6. Developing leadership

- 7. Developing communication skills
- 8. Following in working etiquette
- 9. Working with courtesy
- 10. Self orientation/life-long learning
- 11. Training in foreign languages

(Craig D. Jerald, 2009)

Here, the necessity for change in both mind and behaviour of the employee is pointed out.

In the same way, several expectations in a place of work are also shown below:

- Maintain the appearance of the work place properly
- Punctuality
- Work on time
- Dedication towards the development of the work place
- Efficiency
- Providing maximum service for the salary drawn

You can collect more information about this by meeting the Head of a private or government institute in your area.

Rights and responsibilities of employees

The quality of goods or services depend on the personal satisfaction and the completion of personal needs. If personal satisfaction is needed, it is necessary to provide rights of the employees. If the personal needs are fulfilled, a better result can be expected.

Rights of employees mean the provisions gained by the employee to proceed with his employment. Several regulations are imposed in order to protect the rights of the employees in Sri Lanka. Some of them are given below:

- Act of Employee's Provident Fund
- Act of Employee's Trust Fund
- Act of employing women, youths and children
- Act of employing women in the mining industry
- Salary control board, ordinance of maternity leave, ordinance of trade union
- Act of shop and office employees
- Act of Sri Lanka foreign service (employment)

Special regulations have been set for the protection of rights of the workers by the above mentioned Acts.

On most occasions, workers can be seen protesting to win their rights. Workers must not only focus their attention on their rights but to their duties and responsibilities too. It should not be forgotten that if the duties and responsibilities are regularly fulfilled, the rights too will be achieved in equal proportion. Several such duties and responsibilities could be indicated as follows:

Rights

- Working with dignity
- Fulfilling basic needs
- Safety in the place of work
- Clean and pleasant place of work
- Obtaining necessary tools and equipment needed for the job
- Training relevant to the job
- Privilege to entitlement leave
- Trade union activities
- Granting promotions on qualifications

Duties

- Reporting to work on time
- Maintaining personal appearance to match the occupation
- Keeping a good behaviour
- Working hard
- Working as a team member
- Performing service needs without delay
- Protection of property in the workplace
- Safeguarding the prestige of the workplace

Activity

• Write an article to a wallpaper on the importance of performing one's duties effectively in an office.

Improving personal professional qualities

It is important to work in unison in the world of work. It is also important to keep one's personal performance level high. Performance of task means to put one's skills into practice at the maximum level. There, the most important thing is the selecting an occupation that matches with one's skills, capabilities and choice.

At present, it is important to use modern technology rather than traditional methods to maintain a higher performance level. Improvement of the professional qualities by the employees is important. To work for the recognition of the employment skills, expected by the world of work and the skills possessed by oneself is also an important factor.

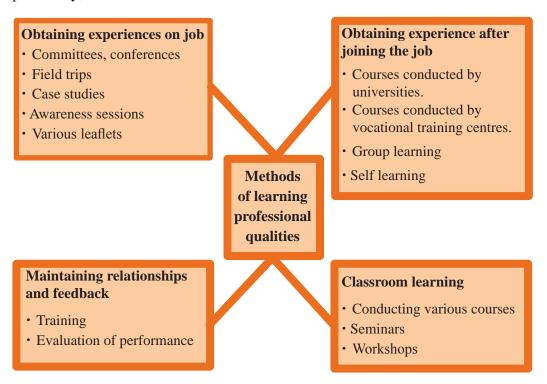
Characteristics to be improved by the employee himself

- Working in group sense
- Ability to work in different languages
- Improvement of leadership qualities
- Skills in analyzing
- Maintenance of good inter- personal relationship
- Maintenance of higher personality
- Taking decisions and solving problems
- Use of modern technical equipment



A group working with computers

There are many various ways of learning to improve professional qualities personally;



The above learning methods presented by the University of South Florida (2014) can also be utilized to improve professional qualities of the employees in Sri Lanka.

Strategies that satisfy customers

Customer is the person who obtains service from an institute. Satisfaction of the customer about the service obtained leads to the development of an institute. Especially, private institutions pay special attention to the satisfaction of the customers, to keep attached, which would, on the other hand, be helpful for their progression.

Look at the customers of a telephone company. Though the price increases, customers do not give up as they are satisfied with the service they are provided with.

The above is the certification for customer satisfaction. Furthermore, receiving the letters of commendations organizing the functions of appreciation, giving publicity to that institute, etc. are the certificates of customer satisfaction.

Jerry Gregoire 2013 has shown 9 strategies of making customers satisfied.

- 01. Treat customers as your boss
- 02. Evaluate the customer satisfaction
- 03. Build confidence in customers
- 04. Correct the mistakes committed by customers
- 05. List out the expectations of customers
- 06. Observe and identify the customers correctly
- 07. Do the business through e mails
- 08. Communicate with customers through social websites
- 09. Avoid giving false information to customers

(Jerry Gregoire, 2013)

Some other strategies that world satisfy customers could be identified.

Maintaining frequent accountability, holding live discussions, quick response, offering positive experiences, offering personal help, thinking at customers' point of view, listening to the customers, treating customers the way you are satisfied.

You may have seen displayed sayings for admiring the customers in some institutions. They too are some methods of making customers satisfied.

Activity

- If you are the employer, list out the strategies that you will follow to make your customers satisfied.
- Collect sayings that have been exhibited in different institutions, admiring the customers and create a similar saying by yourself.

Earning income and the life style

When we study the world of work, we find that most of the people prefer engaging in professions like practising medicine and engineering as higher income and social recognition could be obtained through them. Accordingly, income is one of the principal factors in the world of work. Even when applying for a job, it is the salary, that is considered first because ability to earn a good income helps to improve the standard of living to lead a good life style.

Advantages and disadvantages that affect an institution according to the employee's income are;

Advantages -

- Increase the efficiency of the employee
- Satisfaction of the employee
- Minimizing the wastage or destruction of resources
- Decrease the corruption and theft of the workers
- Become loyal to the institute

Disadvantages -

- Increase in taking leave
- Delay of work
- Occurrence of various struggles
- Revealing the institutional information to outsiders
- Motivation towards theft
- Vacate the service after short terms
- No enthusiasm for the improvement of the institute

Receiving a higher income, employees tend to work in a friendly manner towards the institute and try to maintain their professional qualities, like behaviour and personality, at higher level. On the other hand, if sufficient salary is not received, he will damage the institute as well as his own life by engaging in various corruptions, taking briberies, stealing, etc. The institute also must pay attention to increase the income of the employees by making it sufficient for living. The employees too must adjust their lifestyle to suit their income.

Summary

- There is a variation in the world of work.
- ⇒ All employments are important to society.
- ⇒ There is no difference between high or low, among occupations.
- ⇒ Working with dignity of labour causes job satisfaction.
- → All employments cause social progress.
- ⇒ While labour is important for occupations, there is a higher demand for skilled labour.
- ⇒ Good qualities must be improved as a labourer.
- ⇒ It is necessary to be attentive to the expectations of the workplace.
- ⇒ It is important to be aware of duties and responsibilities of workers.
- Improvement of personal task is important to the institution as well as to the worker himself.

- ⇒ Keeping the customer satisfied is the responsibility of the employee.
- → Income earned from the employment influences the life pattern of the employee.

Assignment

- 1. Choose a field of employment you hope to engage in future, according to your future professional expectations.
- 2. After discussing with the teacher in charge of career guidance in your school, prepare a list including professional skills that you will have to improve.
- 3. Prepare an article to the wallpaper, including the service you are going to render to the society through it.