

PARLIAMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

ELECTRICITY REFORM ACT, No. 28 OF 2002

[Certified on 11th December, 2002]

Primed on the Order of Government

Published as a Supplement to Pan II of the Gazette of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka of December 13, 2002

PROSTEN AN THE OFFICE TERMINATION OF GEOVERNMENT PRINTING, SERVICEMEN

等任 (基. 西·波·CHANCE)。在广 海绵(30.VIERSONE)、广 约·SR. ICA 等(39.6)、18.浪主品:,(1.6.0)和新店 🖟

Price : Rs. 62.88 Postage : Rs. 15.75

Electricity Reform Act, No. 28 of 3202

[Certified on 11th December, 2002]

L.D.-O. 36/2002.

An Act to provide for the requestion of the generation, transmission and distribution and supply of electricity by Sri Lanka: to provide for the taxing over, and discharge of the functions of the Chylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company by certain their companies to be encorporated for that thereose: to replay the Ceylon Electricity Board Act and the Electricity Board Act and the Electricity Board Act and the Electricity Act; and for matters connected therewith or exteensal, therefor.

WHEREAS a antional policy on electricity had been formulated with a view to enabling Sri Lanks to meet the increasing demands for electricity in the future:

AND WHEREAS it has become necessary to give effect to this policy by regulating the generation, transmission, distribution and supply of electricity in Sri Lanka, by providing for the taking over and discharge of the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company, by certain public companies to be incorporated for that purpose: and by providing for certain other related matters:

NOW THEREFORE, be it onacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:—

CHAPTER 1

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 This Act may be cited as the Electricity Reform Act. No. 28 of 2002, and shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may appoint by Order published in the Gazette. Different dates may be appointed in respect of different provisions of this Act. Stem title and dates of exemption

Administration of the Act.

2. Without prejudice to the powers of the Minister under Chapter VI, from and after the date of operation of this Act or any of the provisions thereof, the administration of this Act shall vest in the Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka (hereinafter referred to as the "Commission") constituted under the Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka Act. No. 35 of 2002 and the Commission shall exercise, perform and discharge all the powers, functions and datios as are conferred on or assigned to it under this Act.

CHAPTER II

FENCTIONS OF THE COMMISSION

Pascious of the Commission

- The functions of the Commission shall be to act as the economic, technical and safety regulator for the electricity industry in Sri Lanka and—
 - (a) To advise the Government, on all matters concerning the generation, transmission, distribution, supply and use of electricity in Sri Lanka;
 - (b) to exercise licensing, regulatory and inspection functions, as the case may be, in respect of matters provided for in this Act. licenees, regulations, standards of performance, codes of practice and other requirements of, or made under this Act relating to the generation, transmission, distribution, supply and use of electricity in Sri Lanka;
 - (c) to approve such technical and operational codes and standards as are required from time to time to be developed by licensees;
 - (d) to regulate tariffs and other charges levistd by licensees and other electricity undertakings;
 - (e) after consultation with transmission and distribution licensees, to publish a statement setting out the rights and obligations of consumers arising under sections 22 to 28 of, and Schedules 1 and 2 to this Act;

- (f) to collect and record information relating to the generation, transmission, distribution, supply and use of electricity in Sri Lanka;
- (g) to set and enforce technical and other standards relating to the safety, quality, continuity and reliability of electricity supply services and motoring services;
- (h) to promote the efficient use, and conservation, of electricity;
 - (i) to propose, within three months of the coming into operation of this Chapter and to revise, from time to time thereafter, a regulatory manual containing a code of good practice relating to the functions assigned to the Commission by or under this Act;
- (f) to pursue any matter relating to the functions conferred on or assigned to the Commission by or under this Act within such period and in such manner as may be specified in the regulatory manual:
- (k) subject to the provisions of this Act, to consult to the extent the Commission considers appropriate, any person or group of persons who may be affected, or are likely to be affected, by the decisions of the Commission, and
- (f) to undertake all incidental or ancillary measures that it considers appropriate for the effective discharge of its functions.
- 4. (1) The Commission shall discharge the functions assigned to it by or under this Act in a manner which it considers is best calculated—

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Objeteiners.

(a) to protect the interests of consumers in relation to the supply of electricity, by promoting efficiency, economy and safety by persons engaged in or in

4 Electricity Reform Act, No. 28 of 3002

- commercial activities connected with the generation, transmission, distribution supply and use of electricity;
- (b) to secure that, so for as it is economical to need them, all reasonable domands for electricity in Sri Linkle are met;
- (c) to secure that licensees acting efficiently will be able to finance the carrying on of the activities audicared or required by their licenses;
- (d) to promote the efficient use of electricity supplied to premises;
- (c) to protect the public from dangers arising from the generation, transmission, distribution, supply or use of electricity;
- (f) to give effect to any guidance on environmental objectives notified to the Commission by the Control Environmental Authority or, where applicable, a Provincial Council and
- (2) in promote competition, where appropriate,

therematter referred to as the "objectives").

- (2) In this section, "the interests of consumers" includes the interests of existing and future consumers with regard to --
 - the prices charged and other terms of supply of electricity;
 - (b) the availability and continuity of supply of electricity;
 - (c) the quality of electricity supply services provided;
 and
 - (d) the exercise of any rights conferred under this Act to enter their premises.

 (1) The Minister shall have the power to formulate general policy guidelines in respect of the electricity industry. Geserol Princy Oraclebrae to be assisted by the Minoster.

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1), it shall be lawful for the Minister to forward such guidelines to the Cabinet of Ministers for consideration on the following matters:—
 - (a) the requirements for electricity in Sri Lanka in order to attain national targets for sustainable communic growth including requirements in respect of—
 - different geographical areas including, rural areas; and
 - (iii) different socio-economic groups :
 - (b) fuel diversity and the preferred fuel for new electricity generating capacity;
 - (a) the priorities and objectives in meeting the needs set out in paragraph (a):
 - (d) the measures being taken by the Government with respect to the above matters.

and upon such guidelines being issued, the Commission shall take such general policy guidelines into consideration when discharging its functions.

 (1) The Commission may appoint electrical inspectors for the purposes of this Act.

Electrical Inspectors

- (2) It shall be the duty of an electrical inspector appointed under subsection (1)—
 - (a) to inspect and test, electric lines and electrical plant belonging to persons authorized by a licence, or exempted from the requirement of obtaining a licence, to generate, transmit, distribute or supply electricity;

- (b) to examine, the generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity by such persons;
- (c) to inspect and test, if and when required by any consumer, any such lines and plant on the consumer's premises, for the purpose of ascertaining whether any requirement imposed by this Act in respect of those lines or plant or the supply of electricity through or by them, has been complied with ; and
- (d) to carry out such other functions as may be imposed on him or her by regulations or the Commission as it so determines.
- (3) Regulations may be made-
- (a) prescribing the manner in which, and the times at which, any duties imposed on electrical inspectors are to be performed;
- (b) requiring persons authorized by a licence, or exempted from the requirement of obtaining a licence, to generate, transmit, distribute or supply electricity......
 - to furnish electrical inspectors with receals or other information; and
 - (ii) to allow such inspectors access to premises and the use of electrical plant and other facilities;
- (c) prescribing the amount of the fees (if any) which are payable to such inspectors and the persons by whom they are payable;
- (d) prescribing a procedure for the audit of the activities of electrical aspectors;
- relieving a licencee from its obligation to supply electricity in circumstances the Commission may preseribe; and
- (f) setting out the procedure for the resolution of disputes between an electrical inspector and a consumer or a licensee.

- (4) Any fees received by the electrical inspectors under this section shall be credited to the Fund of the Commission.
- The provisions relating to public hearings in the Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka Act, No. 35 of 2002 shall, mutanis mutandls, apply to, and in relation to, a public hearing under this Act.

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CHAPTER III

PART §

LICENSING

- (i) A person shall not—
- (a) generate electricity;
- (b) transmit electricity; or
- (c) distribute or supply electricity for the purpose of giving a supply to any premises or enabling a supply to be given to any premises.

uniess he is authorized to do so by a licence granted under this Act or is exempted from such requirement under section 9.

- (2) A person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable on conviction, after summary trial before a Magistrate to a fine not less than one hundred thousand rupees and not exceeding two hundred thousand rupees or to imprisonment of other description for a term not less than six months and not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- (3) No proceedings shall be instituted in respect of an offence under this section except with the written sanction of the Commission.
- 9. (1) The Commission may, by Order published in the Gazette, exempt any person or category of persons from the requirement of obtaining a licence for generating or distributing electricity, having regard to the manner in which or the quantity of electricity likely to be generated or distributed by such person or category of persons.

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(2) Every such exemption shall be to such extent, and subject to such conditions, and for such period, as may be specified in such Order.

Applications for licences.

10. Bvory application for a ficence to generate, transmit or distribute, electricity or for an extension to any such licence shall be made in writing to the Commission and shall be in such form, and shall be accompanied by such information and documents and such fee, as may be prescribed by regulation.

Projectione prior to prent ut lieuwess.

- (1) Upon receipt of an application under section 10 and where the Commission intends to grant the licence or extension applied for the Commission shall—
 - (a) publish a notice of its intention to do so in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons who are likely to be affected by the licence or extension; and
 - (b) send a copy of the notice to the Minister for his or her information.
 - (2) Every notice under subsection (1) shall-
 - (ii) Mate that the Commission proposes to grant the licence or extension to the persons, and for the purposes, set out in the notice:
 - (b) state the reasons for proposing the grain of such licence or extension; and
 - (c) specify the period (not being less than twenty eight days from the date of publication of the natice) within which representations may be made to the Commission with respect to the proposal.

Grant of licenses.

- 12. (1) The Commission may-
- after considering any representations made to it in response to the actice published under section (1);

- (b) after satisfying itself that the applicant has the financial and technical capability for carrying out the activities authorized by the licence or extension, and
- (r) after antifying the Minister.
 - genut a licence authorizing any person ----
 - (a) to generate electricity from an adentified generation plant; (a licence granted under this sub-paragraph is hereinafter referred to as a "generation ficence");
 - (b) to transmit electricity (and procuse and self electricity in bulk) in the Authorized Area specified in the Heenco (to licence granted under this sub-paragraph is hereinofter referred to as a "transmission licence"); or
 - (c) to distribute and supply or distribute or supply electricity for the purpose of giving a supply to any premises of enabling a supply to be so given in the Authorized Area specified in the ficence: (a licence granted under this sub-paragraph is hereinafter referred to as a "distribution becase"); or
 - (ii) extend, for the period specified in the extension, a generation, transmission, or distribution licence granted under this Act.
- (2) Forthwith upon the grant of a licence or an extension under this section, the Commission shall cause to be published in the Gazette, a notification giving details of the licence or extension granted, including the persons to whom, and the purposes for which, it was granted, the term of such licence or extension, as the case may be, and the conditions subject to which it was granted.

- (3) A person shall not be granted both a trussmission literace and.....
 - (a) a generation licence; or
 - (b) a distribution licence.
- (4) A person shall not be granted both a generation licence and a distribution licence.

Fixes of Licence.

- (1) Every generation, transmission or distribution licence or extension thereof granted under this Act shall—
 - (a) be in writing:
 - (b) unless previously revoked or surrendered in accordance with the terms of the licence or extension, continue in force for the period specified in the licence or extension; and
 - (c) not be capable of being surrendered without the consent of the Commission.
- (2) As soon as practicable after granting a generation, transmission or distribution licence or extension theroof the Commission shall send a copy thereof—
 - (a) to the Minister for his or her information ; and
 - (b) to any licensee likely to be affected.

General conditions of licences

- (1) A generation, transmission or distribution licence may include—
 - (a) such conditions (whether or not relating to the activities authorized by the licence) as the Commission considers necessary having regard to the functions assigned to it by section 3:

- (b) conditions requiring payment to the Commission upon the grant of the licence, or periodic payments during the term of the licence, of such amount or amounts as may be determined by the Commission, by or under the licence;
- (c) in addition to the provisions in sections 30 and 31 of this Act, conditions with provision for the conditions—
 - (i) to have effect or cease to have effect at such times and in such circumstances as may be specified in the licence; or
 - (ii) to be modified in such manner as may be specified in the licence at such times, and in such circumstances, as may be so specified: and
- (d) conditions relating to the prohibition of abuse of monopoly position or other unti-competitive hebaviour.
- (2) Conditions included in a generation, transmission or distribution licence may include, requirements—
 - (a) compelling the licensee to adhere to any decision, order, direction or determination given by the Commission as to such matters as are specified in the become;
 - (b) compelling the licensec to comply with all requirements of the license;
 - (c) compelling the licensee to refer certain matters for determination by the Commission;
 - (d) compelling the licensee to refer for approval by the Commission certain things to be done under the licence or certain contracts or agreements made in pursuance of the licence;

- (a) restricting the two exstap by the licenses on any of its affiliates, of specified business interests; and
- (f) compolling the licensee to enter into agreements with other persons.
- (3) Any sum received by the Commission by virtue of any condition of a licence shall be paid into the Fund of the Commission.

Special consitions of generation licenses.

- Without prejudice to the generality of section 14, a licensee issued to a generation licensee shall include conditions—
 - (a) prescribing how it shall discharge the functions assigned to the licensee under this Act, in so far as such condition is not inconsistent with any provision of this Act;
 - (b) requiring the licensee to sell electricity generated by the licensee exclusively and only to transmission licensee;
 - (c) requiring the licensee to adhere to all cavironnessal laws for the time being in force;
 - (d) requiring the licensee to take all possible steps to protect persons, plants and equipment from injury and damage;
 - (e) requiring the licensee to implement and maintain such technical or operational codes in relation to the generation system as the Commission considers necessary or expedient; and
 - (f) requiring it to develop and maintain electric lines cables, plants and fuel handling plants and associated equipment.

16. Without projudice to the generality of section 14, a transmission licence issued to a licensee shall include conditions—

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- (a) prescribing how the licensee shall discharge the functions assigned to the licensee under this Act, to so far as such condition is not inconsistent with any provision of this Act;
- (b) requiring the licensee to forecast future demand, to plan the development of the licensee's transmission system, and to procure the development of new generation plant to meet reasonable forecast demand;
- (c) requiring the licensee to purchase electricity and other goods and services on the most economically advantageous terms;
- (d) relating to the establishment of tariffs the licensee may charge for the bulk sales of electricity and tariffs for the use of the transmission system by generation licensees and distributions licensees;
- (e) requirising the licensee to maintain separate accounts in respect of different parts of the licensee's business and prohibiting cross subsidy between those parts;
- (f) requiring the licensee to implement and maintain such technical or operational codes in relation to the transmission system (including a grid code) as the Commission considers necessary or expedient;
- (g) requiring the licensee to develop and maintain electric lines or electrical plant or both; and
- (h) requiring the licensee to develop and operate a transparent generation dispatch model.

and may include, conditions allowing the transmission licensee to self electricity in bulk to certain consumers who are connected to the transmission licensee's transmission system and are identified in the transmission license, subject to such further conditions as are included in that licensee relating to such bulk sales.

Special condition of distribution ficusors.

- 17. Without projudice to the generality of section 13, a distribution licence issued to a licensee may include conditions—
 - (a) prescribing how the licensee shall discharge the functions assigned to the licensee by or under the Act in so far as such conditions are not inconsistent with any provisions of this Act;
 - (b) requiring the licensec to publish codes of practice in relation to consumer issues containing such provisions as the Commission considers necessary for the protection of consumers, including provision relating to—
 - (i) the payment of bills by consumers;
 - (ii) the disconnection of supplies to consumers;
 - (iii) the provision of services to the elderty and disabled;
 - (iv) the efficient use of electricity by consumers;
 - (v) the handling of consumer complaints ; and
 - (vi) the monitoring of compliance by the ficensee, with maximum charges for the resalt of electricity set by the Commission;
 - (c) requiring the licensee to implement and maintain such technical or operational codes in relation to the electricity distribution network as the Commission considers necessary or expedient (and)

- (ii) requiring the because to develop and maintain electric lines or electrical plant or both.
- 18. (1) A ficence shall be capable of being assigned either in whote or in part if it includes a condition authorizing such assignment.

Assignmen of accases

- (2) A licence shall not be capable of being assigned except with the consent of the Commission.
- (3) In deciding whether to give its consent under subsection (2), the Commission shall apply the same criteria as it would apply if it were deciding whether to grant a corresponding licence or part of a corresponding licence to the assignee.
- (4) A consent under subsection (3) may be given subject to the assignee agreeing to—
 - (a) such modification of the conditions of the licence or the imposition of such further conditions as the Commission considers necessary for the purpose of protecting the interests of consumers; and
 - (b) such incidental or consequential modification of conditions as the Commission considers necessary.
- (5) A licence may include conditions authorising assignment subject to compliance by the assignee of certain specified conditions.
- (6) An assignment, or purported assignment, of a licence shall be void—
 - (a) if the licence is not capable of assignment (-
 - (b) if the assignment, or purported assignment, is in breach of a condition of the licence; or
 - (r) if there has been, before the assignment or purposted assignment, a contravention of a condition subject to which consent was given under subsection (2).

Remeature of Signature

- 19. (1) The Commission may, after considering any representation made to it in response to a notice published under subsection (2), and by Order published in the gazene, revoke a generation, transmission or distribution licence, in accordance with the terms as to revocation contained in such licence.
- (2) Before revoking any licence under subsection (1), the Commission shall by notice published in the Gozette and by such other means as it considers appropriate for bringing (Cothe attention of persons likely to be affected by the revocation, state that it proposes to revoke the licence specified in the notice, and the reasons for proposing to do so, and specify a period within which representations may be made to it against such revocation.

Appliquese for exemplical

- 20. (1) Every application for an exemption under section 9 may be made, in writing to the Conunission in such form as may be prescribed and shall be accompanied by such information, documents and fees as may be prescribed by regulation.
- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) and (2) of section 14 shall, nutratis mutantis, apply in relation to an application under subsection (1).
- (3) The Commission shall consider any representation made to it in response to a notice published by it in pursuance of subsection (2), before granting an exemption under section 9.

Revactions and Withdrawal of excentions

- (1) The Commission may, after considering any representation made to it in response to a notice published under subsection (2), by Order published in the Gazette---
 - (iii) revoke an exemption granted to a person or a category of persons under section 9 ; or
 - (b) withdraw an exemption granted to a category of persons from a person of that category.

in accordance with any provision of the Order by which the exemption was granted or if it appears to the Commission inappears at the Commission inappears at that the exemption should continue.

(2) Before revoking or withdrawing an exemption under subsection (1), the Commission shall by notice published in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate to bring it to the attention of the persons affected, state that it proposes to revoke or withdraw the examption specified in the notice, and the reasons for doing so, and specify a period within which representations may be made to the Commission against such proposed revocation or withdrawid.

PARTII

Powers AND DUTES OF LIKENSOFS

22. The provisions of this Part shall be in addition to, and not in derogation of, the conditions of a generation, transmission or distribution licence.

Parenaess of Bus Parenaess Juditions Conditions

23. (1) A transmission licensee shall-

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- develop and maintain an efficient, coordinated, reliable and contomical transmission system;
- (b) procore and self electricity in bulk to distribution ficensees so as to ensure a secure, reliable and communical supply of electricity to consumers; and
- (v) ensure that there is sufficient capacity from generation plane to meet reasonable forecast demand for electricity.
- (2) Sections 6, 24, 25,26,27,28,39,40,41,60 and 62, of this Act and Schedulex 1, 2 and 3 to this Act shall, materix manualis, apply to bulk sales of electricity by a transmission licensee as they apply to the supply of electricity by a distribution licensee.

Datics of distributions Meansers.

- 24. (1) A distribution licensec shall on any request by the owner or occupier of any premises within the Authorized Area of the licensee....
 - (a) connect, supply and maintain the supply of electrically to those premises: and
 - so far as may be necessary for that purpose, provide electric lines or electrical plant or both,

subject to the provisions of this Part, any regulations made under this Part or section 60, and the Electricity Supply Code (as set out in Schedule 2 to this Act.).

- (2) A distribution ficensee shall avoid any undue preference or undue discrimination in the connection of any premises to any electricity distribution system operated by the because or in the terms on which the licensee makes connections or supplies electricity.
- (3) The owner or occupier of any premises in the Authorized Area of a distribution licenses: which---
 - (a) are situated within fifty meters from any distribution.
 line of the licensec : or
 - (b) could be connected to any such line by an electric line supplied and laid by the owner or occupies of those premises.

may make a request for a supply under subsection (1) to stall distribution licensee.

(4) A supply of electricity to any premises shall be on the basis of a standard tariff agreement and a distribution licensec shall inform all consumers within the Authorized Area of the distribution licence (whether existing consumers or those persons requesting a supply) of the requirements set out in this Part and the distribution licence, which have to be stansfied by a consumer in order to obtain a supply of electricity.

- (5) Where any person requires such a supply of electricity as is referred to in subsection (1), he or she shall request a supply from and shall inform, the distribution from sucrefer.
 - (a) the premises at which the supply is required;
 - (h) the purposes for which electricity is to be used in those premises:
 - (c) the day (not being earlier than a reasonable time after the distribution licensee is informed of a person's requirement) on which the supply is required to commence;
 - (d) the maximum power which may be required at any time; and
 - (e) the minimum period for which the supply is required to be given.

and shall provide the distribution licensee with such other information as may be prescribed, from time to time, by regulation.

- (6) As soon as practicable after receiving a request under subsection (5), the distribution licensec shall give to the person making the request a notice under subsection (7), if—
 - such licensee has not previously given a supply of electricity to those premises; or
 - (b) the giving of the supply requires the provision of electric lines or electrical plant or both; or
 - (c) if there are other circumstances which make it a necessary for the licensee to do so.
 - (7) A notice under this subsection shall—

- (a) saw the executo which the proposals specified in the prospective emissioner's request under subsection (5) are acceptable to the distribution horizon and specify any consider-proposals made by the distribution because:
- (b) specify the tariff payable :
- (c) specify any payment which that person may be required to make under section 26 or 27 mag.
- specify any other terms and conditions which that person may be required to accept.

so however, that the counter proposals, terms and condingers proposed by the distribution licenser shall be those which the licensee is entitled to impose on dult person in according with this Act, regulations made under this Act, and occurrentions of the distribution license.

(8) in this section---

- (a) any reference to giving a supply of electricity includes a reference to continuing to give such a supply;
- (h) any reference to requiring a supply of electropy includes a reference to requiring such a supply to continue to be given and
- (c) any reference to the provision of an electric line of an item of electrical plant includes a reference to the installation of a new interestor the modification of an existing line or item.

Exessotion ingrudant daily to consect and supply. 25. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to require a distribution because to connect and give a supply of classicity to any premises under section 24 if and to the extent that the connection and giving of the supply would result at the

distribution licensee being in breach of regulations under this Part or section 60, or the Electricity Supply Code, (as set out in Schedule 2 to this Act) and the licensee has taken all such steps as are reasonable to provent the circumstances which may result in the breach from occurring and to provent those circumstances from having such effect.

26. (1) Where any electric line or electrical plant is provided by the distribution licensec to a person requiring a supply of electricity under section 24, the licensec may require any expenses reasonably incurred in providing the line or plant to be delivated by that person to such extent as is allowed by the conditions of the distribution license.

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- (2) The Commission may direct a person requiring a supply of electricity under section 24 from a distribution ficensec to pay to the licensec, in respect of any expenses reasonably incurred in providing any electric line or electrical plant used for the purpose of giving that supply, such amount as may be reasonable in all the circumstances taking into account—
 - (a) the period of time between laying the distribution line and making the connection;
 - (b) any payment any other person has previously inade to the licensee in respect of these expenses:
 - (c) the extent to which the licensee has already recovered the licensee is expenses in full.
- (3) Directions given by the Commission under subsection (2) may require the distribution licensee who has recovered an amount in respect of expenses reasonably incurred in providing any electric line or electrical plant, to apply any amount so recovered or part thereof in making such payments as may be appropriate towards reimbursing any person's previously contributing to such expenses.

(4) Any reference in this section to any expensereasonably incurred in providing an electric line or electrical plant includes a reference to the capitalized value of any expenses likely to be so incurred in maintaining the tast or plant, inso far as such expenses are not recoverable by the distribution licensee as part of the charges made by the licensea for the supply of electricity.

Роместо ведойо веситам

- 27. (1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, a distribution licensec may require by notice in writing any person who requires a connection, supply or re-connection of electricity under section 24 to provide reasonable security for the payment of all money which may become due to the licensec—
 - (a) is respect of the supply that
 - (b) where any electric line or electrical plant requires to be provided for such supply, in respect of the provision of the line or plant.

and if that person fails to provide such security, the discribition licensee may refuse to give the supply, or refuse to provide the line or plant, for so long as the failure continues.

- (2) Where any person has not provided such security as is required under subsection (1), or the vectority provided by such person has become insufficient—
 - (a) the distribution licensee may by notice require that person, to provide, within seven days after the service of the notice, reasonable security for the payment of all monoics which may become due to the licensee in respect of the supply; and
 - (b) if that person fails to provide such security, the licensee may refuse to make the connection or discontinuo the supply, as the case may be, for so long as the failure continues.

- (3) Where any scan of money is provided to a distribution licensee by way of security in pursuance of this section, the licensee shall pay interest on such sum of money, at such rate as may from time to time be fixed by the facensee with the approval of the Commission, for the period it remains in the hands of the licensee.
- 28. A distribution licensee may require any person who requires a supply of electricity under section 24 to accept in respect of the supply—

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- (a) any terms requiring that person to continue to receive, and pay for, the supply of electricity for a minimum period of time and subject to minimum consumption requirements.
- (b) any restrictions which may be required to be imposed for the purpose of enabling the licensee to comply with regulations under this Part or section 60 or the Electricity Supply Code as set out in Schedule 2 to this Act 1 and
- (a) any terms restricting any liability of the licensee for any economic, consequential or other indirect loss sustained by such person, however arising, which it is reasonable in all the circumstances for that person to be required to accept.
- (1) This section shall apply to-

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- (a) tariffs or charges levied by the transmission because for the transmission and bulk sale of electricity (hereinafter referred to as "transmission and bulk sale tariffs"); and
- (b) tariffs or charges levied by the distribution becased for the distribution and supply or distribution or supply of electricity (hereinafter referred to as "distribution and supply tariffs").

- (2) Transmission and bulk sale turiffs and distribution and supply tariffs as the case may be, shall, in necordance with conditions specified in the relevant licence—
 - (a) he set by the relevant licensed in accordance was a cost reflective methodology approved by the Commission;
 - (b) permit the relevant locenses to recover all reasonable costs incurred in the carrying out at the acresures authorized by its ficence on an efficient basis.
 - (c) be approved by the Commission : and
 - (d) he published in such manner as may be required by the Commission.
- (3) Where a transmission licence or a distribution becase as the case may be, contains provision for measurements on and bulk sale tariffs or distribution and supply tariffs as the case may be, to be subject to review, the Commission shall cantess a procedure for the review of such tariffs is specified in the relevant licence) prescribe a procedure for review which shall include—
 - (a) a timetable for the review of furiffs by the Commission; and
 - (b) provision for consumers and other unerested parties to participate in the process for review.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act the Commission may set tariffs and charges which require the ficensee to subsidize consumers if the Commission is satisfied that there is provision for the licensee to be adequately compensated by the Government for such subsidies.
- (5) In this section, "relevant licensee" means a transmission licensee in respect of transmission and bulk safe tariffs and a distribution licensee in respect of distribution and supply tariffs.

30. The provisions contained in-

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- (a) Schedole I to this Act (other powers of licensees);
- (b) Schedule 2 to this Acrette Electricity Supply Code;
- (c) Schedule 3 to this Act (use of electricity meters): and
- (d) Schedule 4 to this Act (prosegration).

shall apply to, and in relation to, the respective licences and licensees referred to in those Schedules.

PARTIN

MORECORD AND EXPORCEMENT OF LICENCES

31. (1) Subjects the following provisions of this section, the Contraction may modify the conditions of a generation, transmission or distribution licence if the treased consents in the modifications.

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- (3) Before making modifications under this section, the Commission shall —
 - (a) publish a notice in such manner as the Commission considers appropriate for bringing the proposed modifications to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the proposed modifications;
 - (b) serve a copy of the notice on the licensee;
 - (c) send a copy of the notice to the Minister for his or her information.
 - (3) The notice ander subsection (2) shall --
 - (a) state that the Commission proposes to make the modifications specified in the notice, the officer of the proposed modifications and the reasons for the proposed modifications; and

- (b) stare the period (not later than twenty eight days commencing from the date of publication of the notice) within which representations or objections may be made to the Commission regarding the proposed modifications.
- (4) The Commission shall consider any representations and objections made to it in response to a notice published under subsection (A) before making any multifications proposed in the notice.
- (5) As soon as practicable after making any modifications under this section, the Commission shall send a copy of the modifications to the licensee, and to the Minister for his or her information.

Meditication without agreement.

- 32. (1) Subject to the following provisions of this section, the Commission may modify the conditions of a generation, transmission or distribution fieence if the hoenses does not consent to the modifications.
- (2) Before making any modifications under this section, the commission shall investigate the following questions: :-
 - (a) whether any matters which relate to the generation, transmission (including the procurement and sale of electricity in bulk), distribution or supply of electricity under a licence, operate, or may be expected to operate, against the public interest; and
 - (b) if so, whether those matters could be remarked or prevented by modifying the conditions of the relevant license.

and thereafter, provide a written report of the investigation to the Minister, who shall consider the report and any information given to him or her by the Commission in order to advise the Commission whether or not to give effect to the proposed medification

- (3) In its report to the Minister the Commission shall set out the following:—
 - the effects adverse to the public interest which if thinks the matters specified in the report have or may be expected to have; and
 - (b) proposed modifications of the conditions of the relevant ficence by which, in its opinion, those effects could be remedied or prevented.
- (4) The Commission may at any time, by notice to the Minister, revise the report provided under this section by adding to, or excluding matters from, such report.
- (5) To assist the Minister in the consideration of the report.
 Commission shall give to the Minister ~
 - (a) any information the Commission has relating to matters within the scope of the investigation conducted by it and which the Minister requires or which the Commission thinks it would be appropriate for the Minister to have ; and
 - (b) any other assistance which the Commission is able to give in relation to matters within the scope of such investigation and which is requested by the Minister.
- (6) As soon as practicable after preparing a report under this section, the Commission shall –
 - (a) serve a copy of the report on the relevant licensee;
 and
 - (b) publish particulars of the report in such manner as it considers appropriate for bringing them to the attention of persons likely to be affected by them.

- (7) A licensee may within twenty days of service of a copy of the report on the licensee, make may representations to the Minister, which the Minister shall take into consideration in making his or her decision.
- (8) Within thirty five days of receiving the report under subsection (2), the Minister shall advise the Commission, as writing, either to give effect to the proposed modifications, or, as the case may require, not to give effect to the proposed modifications. Where the Minister radvises the Commission to give effect to the proposed modifications, the Commission shall make such modifications to the conditions of the relevant licence as appear to the Commission to be necessary for the purpose of remedying or preventing the effects adverse to the public interest which have been identified in the sepore
- (9) The Minister shall, when advising the Commission under subsection (8), state his or her reasons for lay or her advice and shall have regard to the objectives set out or section 4.
- (1f) The Commission shall send a copy of the Minister's advice to the licensee to whom it relates and publish the advice in such manner, as it considers appropriate for bringing the advice to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it. As soon as practicable after making modifications under this section, the Commission shall send a copy of the modifications to the licensee and to the Minister.
- (11) (a) A licensee shall have the right of appeal to the Court of Appeal against any modifications made under this section.
- (b) The Supreme Court Rules relating to appeals to the Supreme Court from the Court of Appeal or other court of tribunal trafe 28 of the Supreme Court Rules of 1990 or such provision of law as would correspond to such rule i stall, mutants initiandly, apply to all matters connected with the filling, bearing and disposal of an appeal preferred under this section.

13. (1) If the Commission is satisfied that a generation transmission or distribution licensee is contravening, or is likely to contravene any condition of a licence, or any statutory requirement, it shall make an enforcement order containing such provision as it may deem necessary to secure compliance with such condition or requirement, by the licensee.

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- (2) An enforcement order-
- shall require the licensee to whom it relates to do, or desist from doing such things as are specified in the order;
- (ii) shall be in force for such period as may be specified in the order;
- (c) may be revoked, or modified at any time by the Commission, but in any event shall cease to have effect at the end of the period specified in the order.
- 34. (1) Before making an enforcement order under section 33, the Commission shall –

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- (a) publish a notice in such manner as it thinks is appropriate for bringing the matter to the attention of persons likely to be affected by the enforcement order stating that the Commission is proposing to make such order;
- (b) serve on the licensee a copy of the notice and a copy or the proposed order.
- (2) A notice referred to in subsection (1) shall set out ».
- (a) the relevant licence conditions or statutory requirements with which the proposed order is intended to secure compliance;
- (b) the acts or omissions which, in the opinion of the Commission, constitute a contravention of that condition of requirement:

- 63 any other facts which is the opinion of the Commission, justify the making of the proposed order:
- (d) the effects of the proposed order ; and
- (c) the period, not being less than twenty eight days from the date of the notice, within which the ficensee may make representations or objections to the proposed order.

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- (3) Before making an enforcement order under section 33, the Commission shall consider any representations and objections made to it under subsection (2).
 - (4) The Commission shall not make an enforcement order if it is satisfied that —
 - (a) the licensee has agreed to take, and is taking, all such steps as the Commission considers that the licensee should take to secure compliance with the condition or requirement in question; or
 - (b) that the objectives imposed on the Commission by section 4 precludes it from doing so ; or
 - the contraventions or apprehended contraventions are trivial.
- (5) As soon as practicable after making an outerconcerorder the Commission shall—
 - serve a copy of the order on the licensee to whom the order relates: and
 - (b) publish the order in such manner as it considers appropriate for bringing it to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it.

- (6) Before reveiting an enforcement order, the Commission shall —
 - (a) publish a notice in such manner as it thinks appropriate for bringing the proposed order of revocation to the attention of persons likely to be affected by it;
 - serve a cupy of the proposed order of revocation on the ficensee; and
 - (a) consider any representations and objections tandy in response to the notice.
 - (7) Every notice published under subsection (6) shall -
 - (a) state that the Commission proposes to revoke the order specified in the notice and the effect of the revocation; and
 - (b) specify a period being not later than twenty eight days from the date of publication of the notice, within which representations or objections to the proposed order of revocation may be made to the Commission.
- (8) If, after considering any representations and objections made in response to a notice published under subsection (6), the Commission decides not to revoke the enforcement order to which the notice retains, it shall give notice of its decision to the persons affected.
- 35. (1). It shall be the duty of a licensee to whom an enforcement order relates -

Effect of calculations redec

- (a) so comply with such order;
- (b) if the licensee decides to challenge the validity of the enforcement order in any court, to provide security for costs to the Commission, of such amount as the Commission may consider reasonable to ensure that such challenge is not frivolous or vexations.

- (2) A dary is also owed by the licensec to any person who may be affected by a contravention of the enforcement order and any such person who sustains any loss or damage as a result of such contravention may institute an action against the licensee in a court of competent parisdiction, for damages for such loss or damage.
- (3) In proceedings brought against a licensee under subsection (2) it shall be a defence for the licensee to prove that the licensee took all reasonable steps and exercised all due diligence to avoid contravening the enforcement order.

Offences.

- 36. (1) If, a licensee to whom an enforcement order applies, fails to comply with such enforcement order in whole or part, the licensee shall be guilty of an offence under this Act, and shall be liable on conviction after summary small before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding ten thousand rupees and a further fine not exceeding five hundred rupees for every day for which such contravention continues after conviction.
- (2) The Commission shall, in making an enforcement order under this Part, be contiled to direct that compensation be paid by the licensee to whom the enforcement order relates to any person affected by the contravention specified to such order.
- (3) The levies by way of fine and compensation, which may be imposed under this section, shall be an addition to and not in derogation of any other liability, which the person guilty of noncompliance, may have accurred.
- (4) The Commission may apply to a court for an injunction or other remedy to secure compliance with an enforcement order by a licensee, notwithstanding the fact that it has instituted a prosecution against such licensee for failure to comply with such enforcement order.

- (1) Where the Commission is satisfied that a licensee who is
 - (a) subject to an enforcement order made by the Commission; or
 - (b) subject to an insolvency event.

is not carrying on the activities that such licensee is authorized to carry on under the licence properly and that the supply of electricity to consumers is not being, or likely to be, given in an ellicaent, secure and a safe manner, the Commission may, after consultation with the Minister, by Order published in the Gazette, vest the management and control of the whole or a part of the undertaking of the licensee in any other authority or person specified in the Order and such authority or person shall have all the powers necessary for carrying on such undertaking.

- (2) Any person or authority in whom the management and control of an undertaking is vested under subsection (1), shall not be held liable for conduct amounting to a fraudulent preference under the Companies Act. No. 17 of 1982, on the ground that it is continuing to carry on the management and control of the ficensee's undertaking.
- (3) No order shall be made under this section without giving the relevant licensee written notice of the proposed order and affording the licensee a reasonable opportunity of being heard.
- (4) During such period as an order under this section is in force -
 - (a) The licensee shall not be or continue to be (as the case may be) voluntarily or compulsorily would up without the consent of the Commission;
 - b) no steps shall be taken by any person to enforce or execute a judgment, or security over that licensee's property without ten days prior notice in writing to the Commission and

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- (c) The licensee shall not exercise any of its rights under the license in relation to the undertaking or part thereof.
- (5) In this section, "insolvency event" means -
- the passing of a resolution for the winding up of a licensec other than for the purposes of amalgamation or reconstruction; or
- (h) a licensee entering into a compromise with the licensee's creditors; or
- (c) the suspension, by the licensee, of payment of debts or the inability of the licensee to pay the licensee's debts or the declaration of the licensee as bankrupt or insolvent; or
- (d) the filling of a petition for the winding up of the licensee.

The resolution of disputes.

- 38. (1) The following disputes arising it connection with the supply or use of electricity shall be referred to the Commission by any party to the dispute:—
 - (a) a dispute between a licensee and a tariff customer arising under sections 24 to 29 of, or Schedules 1, 2 or 3 to this Act;
 - (b) any dispute (other than a dispute referred to in paragraph (a) between a licensec and -
 - (i) a tariff customer;
 - (ii) another hoensee ; or
 - (iii) any other affected party.

which the parties have not been able to resolve through any dispute resolution procedure prescribed by the Commission, despite the licensee using its best efforts to do so.

- (2) On a reference under paragraph (a) of subsection (1), the Commission shall mediate and resolve the dispute and on a reference under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) the Commission shall mediate and resolve the dispute unless it decides that it is more appropriate for the dispute to be determined either by the court or arbitration.
- (3) The practice and procedure to be followed in the resolution of any such dispute shall be such as the Commission shall set out by rules made under the Public Utilities Commission of Sri Lanka Act, No. 35 of 2002.
- (4) Where any dispute arising under section 26 is to be resolved by the Commission under this secrion, the Commission may give directions as to the security (if any) to be given pending the determination of the dispute.
- (5) A resolution by the Commission under this section -
 - (a) may include such incidental, supplemental and consequential provisions (including provisions requiring either party to pay a sum in respect of the costs or expenses incurred by the Commission) as the Commission considers appropriate; and
 - (b) shall be final and shall be enforceable, so far as it includes such provisions as to costs or expenses incurred by the Commission, in the District Court of Colombo as if it were a decree entered by that court for the payment of money.
- (6) In including a provision as to costs and expenses in a resolution under this section, the Commission shall have regard to the conduct and means of the parties and any other relevant circumstances.

CHAPTER IV

CONSUMER PROTECTION

Standard of performance for supply of electricity

- 39. (1) Regulations may be made under this Act prescribing the standards of performance to be analoged by distribution licensees in connection with the supply of electricity, and the provision of electricity supply services, to tariff customers.
- (2) Different standards may be prescribed in respect of different distribution licensees, having regard to any special circumstances or conditions in, or subject to which those distribution licensees are required to supply electricity or provide electricity supply services to tariff customers.
- (3) Regulations referred to in this section shall, as fail is practicable, be made after consultation with distribution liceusees and bodies representative of persons likely to be affected by the regulations.
- (4) Where any person suffers any loss or damage of a prescribed description by reason of the failure of a distribution licensee to meet any standard prescribed by regulations made under this section, the distribution licensee shall pay to such person, compensation of such annount, or calculated in such number, as is specified in such regulations.
- (5) The payment of compensation to any person, as provided for in subsection (4), in respect of a failure by a distribution licensee to meet a standard prescribed by regulations made under this section shall be without prejudice to any other remody, which is available to such person in respect of the act or omission constituting such failure.
- (6) Any dispute arising from the enforcement of regulations made under this section may be referred to the Commission, by a distribution licensee or a tariff customer or any other affected party, and the Commission may determine such dispute in accordance with the provisions of section 38.

40. (1) The Commission may, after consultation with distribution licensees and with persons or bodies appearing to the Commission to be representative of persons likely to be affected, from time to time —

Standards of openal performance and affection asset of algebraiches.

- (a) determine such standards of overall performance in connection with the quality of electricity supply and electricity supply services and the promotion of the efficient use of electricity by consumers as, in its opinion, ought to be attained by such distribution licensees; and
- (b) arrange for the publication, in such form and in such manner as it considers appropriate, of the standards so determined.
- (2) Different standards may be determined under this section in respect of different distribution licensees, having regard to any special circumstance or conditions in, or subject to, which those distribution licensees are required to supply electricity.
- (1) The Commission shall from time to time collect information with respect to —

Infinistation with respect to levels of performance

- (a) the compensation paid by distribution licensees under regulation made under section 39 (if may);
- (h) the levels of overall performance attorned by such ficensess in connection with the provision of electricity and electricity supply services; and
- (e) the levels of performance attained by such licensees in connection with the promotion of the efficient use of electricity by consumers.
- (2) On or before such date in each year as may be specified in a direction given by the Commission, each distribution fluenesse shall furnish to the Commission such information as it may require relating to the standards, including —
 - (a) as respects each standard prescribed by regulations under section 39, the number of cases in which compensation was paid and the aggregate amount or value of the compensation paid; and

- (b) as respects each standard determined under section 40, such information with respect to the level of performance attained by the licensee as may be required by the Commission.
- (3) A distribution licensee who without reasonable excuse, fails to do anything required of the licensee by subsection (2) shall be guilty of an offence and he lightle on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding twenty five thousand rupees which shall be paid into the Fund of the Commission.
- (4) Subject to the provisions of section 64 the Commission shall at least once in every year arrange for the publication, in such form and in such manner as it considers appropriate, of such of the information collected by, or furnished to, it under this section as may appear to it expedient to give to eustimiest or potential customers of distribution ficensess.

CHAPTER V

New Generation Plant and Overhead Lines

Provision of new generalism plant and extension of existing plant

- 42. (1) Subject to section 9, no person shall operate or provide any new generation plant, or extend any existing generation plant except as authorized by a transmission licensee under this section.
- (2) A transmission licensee shall, in accordance with the conditions of the transmission licence and such guidelines relating to procurement as may be prescribed by regulation, and by notice published in the Gazette, call for tenders to provide new generation plant or to extend existing generation plant, as specified in the notice
- (3) A transmission licensee shall, with the consent of the Commission, select a person to provide the new generation plant or to extend the existing generation plant, specified in the notice published under subsection (2). If on amongst the persons who have submitted tenders in response to such notice.

(1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) no person shall ».

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- (a) install.
- (b) keep installed.

an electric line above or below the ground, except in accordance with a consent granted by the Commission.

- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not apply --
- (a) to no electric line or an underground cable which has a cominal voltage upto and of, thirty three kilovolts, or any other higher voltage as may be deemed fit to be decided by the Commission:
- (b) in relation to so much of an electric line as is, or will be, within the premises in occupation or control of the person responsible for its installation.
- (3) A consont granted under this section ---
- (a) may include such conditions (lockeding conditions as to the ownership and operation of the line) as appear to the Commission to be appropriate;
- (b) may be varied or revoked by the Commission at any time after the end of such period as may be specified in the consent; and
- (c) Subject to paragraph (b), shall continue in force for such period as may be specified in or determined by or under the consent.
- 44. The Commission may direct that an electric line be designated as a "high voltage line" for the purposes of this Act.

High voltage ideas

CHAPTER VI

REORGANIZATION OF THE PRECERTIFY THE PRESENT

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- 45. (1) After the coming into operation of this Chapter and before a date to be specified for the purposes of this section, by the Minister, by Order published in the Cascate, the Minister shall, in consultation with the Commission persons representative of the electricity industry and persons likely to be effected by the reasynalization, prepare a scheme for the reorganization of the electricity industry in Sri Lanka.
- (2) The objects of the scheme prepared under subsection (1) shall be to ~
 - (a) ensure that the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company, relating to the generation, transmission tand bulk procurement) distribution and supply, of electricity are clearly separated and are discharged by separate companies incorporated for those purposes;
 - (b) enable each company so proposed to be incorporated to discharge its functions with the maximum independence, efficiency and economy, whilst ensuring security of electricity supply to consumers.
 - (3) The scheme prepared under subsection (1) shall —
 - (a) identify the functions presently discharged by the Ceylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company;
 - (b) notionally separate the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company into the following categories, for the purpose of enabling the allocation of those functions to the companies proposed to be incorporated:—

- bydso electric generation and thermal electricity generation;
- (ii) transmission (and power procurement):
- (iii) distribution and supply t
- (iv) any other activities not captured in subparagraphs (i) to (iii) in such divisions as the Minister may see fit, including.
 - (aa) the management of possion assets:
 and
 - (ab) ancillary services.
- (c) determine the functions, if any, which shall continue to be discharged by the Coylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company and the periods for which they are to be so discharged;
- (d) allocate to the companies proposed to be incorporated, such officers and servants of the Ceylon Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company;
- (a) specify the companies proposed to be incorporated and their functions, namely -
 - (i) one company to take over the functions of the Ceyton Electricity Board relating to hydroelectric generation and thermal electricity generation;
 - (ii) one company to take over the functions of the Laylon Electricity Board relating to transmission and bulk procurement of electricity;
 - (iii) three or more distribution companies:
 - (iv) one or more companies to take over the other functions of the Ceyton Electricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company;

- (f) contain such incidental and consequential provisions as may be necessary for the implementation of the scheme.
- (4) The scheme shall contain provision requeing any one or more of the companies proposed to be incorporated to ones into agreements with, or to execute instruments in favour of, other companies so proposed to be incorporated or other specified persons. For the more effective discharge of their functions.
- (5) Any duty imposed on a company proposed to be incorporated under the scheme shall be enforceable by or against such company after it is incorporated in pursuance of a direction under section 2 of the Conversion of Public Corporation or Covernment owned Business Undertakings into Public Companies Act. No. 23 of 1987.
- (6) After the preparation of the scheme referred to in this section the Minister shall, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any other law, cause the details of the scheme to be published in such manner as he or she considers appropriate for bringing them to the attention of persons tikely to be affected by the proposed reorganization.

46. (1) The Minister shall submit a copy of the scheme prepared under section 45 to the Cabinet of Ministers for its approval.

- (2) Upon the approval by the cabinet of Ministers, of the scheme and the incorporation of the companies proposed in the scheme, the Minister shall, to consultation with the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance, direct the Registrar of Companies, under subsection (1) of section 2 of the Conversion of Public Corporation or Government award Business Undertakings into Public Companies Act. No. 23 of 1987, to incorporate
 - (a) one company to take over the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board relating to hydro electric generation and thermal electricity generation;

lateorportation of companies to take over functions of the Ceylon likewricity Board and the Lanka Electricity Company.

- (b) one company to take over the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board relating to transmission and bulk procurement of electricity:
- (c) three or more distribution companies
- (d) one or more companies to take over the other functions of the Ceylon Electricity Board and Lanka Electricity Company.

as specified in the direction. A company incorpurated in pursuance of such direction is hereinafter referred to, as a "successor company" and the expression "successor companies" shall be construed accordingly. Except as otherwise provided in this Chapter, the provisions of the Conversion of Public Corporation or Government owned Business Undertakings into Public Companies Act. No. 23 of 1987, shall apply to, and in relation to, every successor company.

- (3) Orders relating to the incorporation of all the successor companies shall be published under subsection (2) of section 2 of the Conversion of Public Corporation or Government owned Business Undertaings into Public Companies Act, No. 23 of 1987 on the same date.
- (4) One or more successor companies may, by agreement and in so far as their memoranda and articles of association permit them to do so, take over such of the functions of the Lanka Electricity Company as relate to their own functions.

Example:

A company incorporated to take over the functions of the Ceylon Electricity Hongs relating to the mail: generation can take ever, by agreement, the functions of the Lanks Electricity Company relating to thermal generation.

47. (1) Officers and servants of the Ceylon Electricity Board on the day preceding the relevant date shall be offered employment in any one of the successor companies on terms and conditions not less favourable than those enjoyed by them on the day preceding the relevant date.

Provision relating to officers and servents of Ceylon Biochricity Boost and the Laska Sectricity Company.

- (2) (a) Officers and servants of the Lanka Hierarchy Company on the day preceding the relevant date shall be officed employment in any one of the successor companies on terms and conditions not less throughful than those enjoyed by them on the day preceding the relevant date. I and
- (b) The taking up of employment in a successor company by an employee of the Lanka Electricity Company, shall, for the purposes of the Termination of Employment of Workmen (Special Provisions) Act. No.45 of 1971 he decined not to be a termination of the services of such employee by the Lanka Electricity Company.
- (3) An officer or servant referred to in subsection (1) or subsection (2) who wishes to opt out of service in a successor company may do so within thirty days from the date on which he was notified of the option by the successor company. If an officer or servant exercise his option not to accept the offer, be shall be paid compensation under a Voluntary Retinement Scheme to be prescribed in that behalf.

Successor company to establish Provident Faud and contributes sension vehicuse

- 48. (1) Officers and servants of the Ceylon filectricity Board who have exercised the option to accept the offer under section 47 and are in the service of any of the successor companies as provided in that section, shall continue to be members of the Ceylon Electricity Board Provident Fund and Ponsion Scheme, and shall be entitled to all the henefits thereunder.
- (2) The successor companies and the officers and servants of the Ceylon Electricity Board who have become the employees of the successor companies on the relevant date, shall make such contributions to the Provident Fund and Pension Scheme as they are required to make by rules or regulations of the Ceylon Electricity Board Provident Fund and Pension Scheme, as the case may be.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 47, any officer or servant of the Ceylon Electricity Board, who was on the day preceeding the relevant date employed in the Provident Fund branch or Pension Fund branch of the Board, may within ten days from the relevant date opt to continue in the service of the Ceylon Electricity Board, and shall for all purposes be deemed to continue in the service of the Ceylon Electricity Board.
- 49. The memorandum and articles of association of every successor company shall, norwithstanding anything to the conterty in any other law, contain provision —

Mandalery provisions in menosamines of a suppose consusar

- (a) for the appointment and removal of the directors of such company, by the Minister, only on the recommendation of the Monitoring and Advisory Committee appointed under section 50;
- (b) prohibiting a person from being a director of more than one successor company;
- (c) requiring ----
 - (i) the board of directors of the company to submit for approval to the Minister, a statement of corporate intent, at least three months prior to the commencement of each financial year;
 - (ii) the statement of corporate intent to specify ---
 - (A) the commercial and other performance objectives and levels of the company:
 and
 - (B) the financial targets (including rates of return) required to be achieved by the company, during the next three financial years;

- (iii) the board of directors to incorporate any amendments to the statement of corporate intent as suggested by the Minister on the recommendation of the Monitoring and Advisory Committee;
- (iv) the Minister on approval of the statement of corporate intent, to cause it to be published in the Guzette, at least fourteen days before the commencement of the financial year to which the statement relates;
- (d) requiring the board of directors of the company to take all long term and financial decisions in compliance with the statement of corporate intent in force;
- (e) prohibiting the board of directors of the company from amending the statement of corporate intent, except with the approval of the Minister; and
- (f) prohibiting the board of discentrs of the company from acting in a manner that would result in the breach by the company, of the conditions of any licence granted or deemed to be granted to the company under this Act.

Mositoring and Advisory Committee

- 50. (1) There shall be a monitoring and Advisory Committee for the purposes of this Chapter.
- (2) The Monitoring and Advisory Committee shall consist of
 - (a) The Deputy Secretary nominated by the Secretary to the Treasury;
 - (b) as Additional Secretary to the Monstry of the Ministry nominated by the secretary to the Ministry of the Minister;

(c) a sepresonative each from ~

- the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce nominated by the Chamber; and
- (ii) the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka, nominated by that Institute:
- (iii) the Institution of Engineers of Sri Lanka, nominated by that Institution; and
- the domestic consumer group nominated by the Minister in charge of the subject of Trude 1 and
- (d) two persons appointed by the Minister, from amongst persons employed in the private sector who have experience in business and management and who do not have relevant interest.
- (3) Regulations may be made in respect of --
- (a) the procedure for the conduct of business of meetings of the Monitoring and Advisory Committee:
- (h) the funding of the Committee.
- (4) The functions of the Monitoring and Advisory Committee shall be --
 - (a) to make recommendations to the Minister, on the appoinment and removal of the directors of every successor company;
 - (b) to review the statement of corporate intent submitted to the Minister by each such company, and recommend to the Minister, amendments, if any, to such statement;

- (c) to monitor the actual linearial and operational performance of each such company for each thrancial year (as reflected in the reports published by the company for that year) against the targets specified by that company in its statement of corporate mucht, and make appropriate recommendations to the Minister;
- (d) in the event of any such Company failing to meet the objectives and targets specified in its statement of corporate intent, to advise the Minister on the exercise of his or her powers, as a share holder, under the Companies Act. No. 17 of 1982;
- (e) to cause to be published in the Gazette, an annual report setting out the reasons for any advise and recommendations given by the Committee to the Minister in the year to which the report relates.
- (5) the Committee shall discharge its functions under subsection (4) in relation to a successor Company, only so long as the Government owns at least fifty per contain of the shares of that successor company.

Restriction of sale of shares of states of states are company.

51. The Secretary to the Treasury may, with the prior approval of the Parliament dispose of any shares issued or afforded to him or her in any successor company or of any rights over such shares except that opto ten per centain of the aggregate of the shares of all successor companies incorporated under section 46, shall be distributed to the employees of the successor company, in such manner as may be prescribed by regulation.

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- 52. (1) Where the relevant date is prior to the date of the coming into operation of Chapters II and VI of this Act, the successor company shall be deemed to have been
 - (a) granted a licence under the Electricity Act to carry on the activities which it is authorized to earry on by its memorandum and articles of association for the period commencing on the relevant date and ending on the date on which Chapters II and VI of this Act are brought into operation; and
 - (h) granted a licence under this Act to carry on such activities for the period commencing on the date on which Chapters II and VI of this Act are brought into operation and ending two years thereafter.
- (2) Where the relevant date is after the date of coming into operation of Chapters II and VI of this Act, the successor company shall be deemed to have been granted the licence under this Act to carry on the activities it is notherized to carry on by its memorandam and articles of association, for a period of two years from the relevant date.
- 53. The Public Enterprises Reform Commission of Sri Lanka shall not exercise any of the powers conferred on it by section S(1)(f), (g), and (h), of the Public Enterprises Reform Commission of Sri Lanka Act. No. 1 of 1996, in relation to a successor company.

Application of Act. No. 1 of 1996 to successor companies.

CHAPTER VII

PENANCE

54. (1) There shall be levied and recovered from every because, an annual levy of such amount as may be determined by the Commission by Order published in the Gazette. Assistal feve

- (2) In determining the annual levy for any year, the Commission shall have regard to the following: —
 - the estimated expenditure of the Commission for that year; and
 - (b) any innecovered expenditure from the previous year.

- (3) The levy imposed under subsection (1) on a ficensee for any year shall be paid by the licensee to the Commission before the thirtieth day of June that year.
- (4) Where the licensee fails to pay the levy imposed under subsection (1) for any year before the thirtieth day of June that year the levy shall be deemed to be in default and the Chairman shall certify the amount of the levy due from the licensee.
- (5) Upon the production of a certificate issued by the Chairman under subsection (4), before the District Court within whose jurisdiction the business of the licensee referred to in the certificate is carried on, the court shall issue a writ of execution to issue to the Piscal authorizing the Piscal to seize and sell all or any of the property, movable or immovable, of such licensee as may be necessary for the recovery of the amount specified in the certificate; and the provisions of sections 226 to 297 of the Civit Procedure Code shall mutatis nutrandis, apply to the execution of such writ and to such seizure and sale.
- (6) Where the Chairman issues a certificate under subsection (4), he or she shall notify in writing to the licensee specified in the certificate, that the amount specified in the certificate is payable by the licensee but the non-receipt of such notice shall not invalidate any proceedings instituted under this section.
- (7) Nothing in this section shall affect or be deemed to affect the right of the Commission to recover in any other manner, the amount of any levy in default.

CHAPTER VIII

OFFENCES AND RESOURATIONS

Corogal populty.

55. (1) Every person who contravenes any provision of this Act or any regulation or rule made under this Act or any requirement imposed under any provision of this Act, or any decision, direction, Order or determination of the Commission, shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, be liable on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding ten thousand supees and in any case where such offence is continued after conviction, to a further fine aot exceeding five hundred rupoes for each day on which such offence being continued after conviction.

- (2) Upon conviction of any person for an offence under this Act. a Magistrate may, in addition to, or in lies of, imposing any punishment prescribed for the offence, make an order directing that any installation or other apparatus involved in the commission of the offence shall be dismantled and removed before a date specified in the Order.
- (3) An officer authorized in writing by the Commission may institute proceedings in a Magistrate's court for an offence under this Act act withstanding anything to the contrary in any other law.
- (4) No prosecution for an offence under this Act shall be instituted except with the written sanction of the Commission.
- 56. (1) Every person who takes, uses or extracts any electricity—

Extendaism of phosphasisy to the or militaries.

- (a) which is in the course of being transmitted or distributed by a transmission or distribution licensee;
 and
- (b) otherwise than in pursuance of a contract made with a distribution licensee or other electricity undertaking.

shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate in addition to a penalty not less than ten thousand rupees and not exceeding twenty five thousand rupees, to a fine in a sum of money being the value of the less or damage caused to the licensee as a result of the act or default constituting such offence and any sum recovered as such additional fine shall be paid to the licensee on application made to Courl by such licensee.

(2) Any person who aids or abots the commission of any offence punishable under this section shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable to the same punishment as is provided for the principal offence. Where sweeps interesponds are converted of baving committed the same offence whether as principal or abetter, the value of such loss or damage may be apportioned among such persons and the amount so apportioned shall be imposed on each of such persons as a fine.

(3) A certificate assaud by the houses shall be received as proof of the value of such loss or damage in the obsence of evidence to the contrary. In the absence of any agreement a breasee may charge for energy supplied to any consumer a accordance with any method of charging provided for unific licence.

Improper esclos electrically to be as affence

- (1) Without prejudice to the provisions of Schedate
 to this Act, every person who---
 - (a) not being an authorized officer of a licenser, connects or disconnects any electric line through which electricity is or may be supplied by the licensec to or from any motor, indicator or other apparatus; or
 - (b) without the consent of a ficensee lays, or causes to be laid, any efects is line or connects up any electric line, equipment, apparatus, or works, for the purpose of establishing a connection with any electric line, apparatus or works belonging to a licensee.

shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be (arbic on conviction after summary trial before a Magistrate, is addition to a penalty not less than fen thousand supees and not exceeding twenty-five thousand supees, to a fine in a son of money being the value of the less or damage caused to the licensee as a result of the act or default consuming such offence and any sum recovered as such additional fine shall be paid to the licensee on application made to Court by such licensee.

- (2) Any person who aids or abets the commission of any offence punishable under this section shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable to the same punishment as is provided for the principal offence. Where two or more persons are convicted of having committed the same offence whether as principal or abetter, the value of such loss or damage may be apportioned among such persons and the amount so appartioned shall be imposed on each of such persons as a fine.
- (3) A certificate issued by the licensee shall be received as proof of the value of such loss or damage in the absence of evidence to the contrary. In the absence of any agreement a licensee may charge for energy supplied to any consumer in accordance with any method of charging provided for in the licensee.
- (4) In the case of such offence being continued after conviction, there shall be imposed a further fine not exceeding five hundred rapees for each day on which such offence being continued after conviction.
- (5) Every offence under section 56 or this section shall be a cognizable offence within the meaning, and for the purposes of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, No. 15 of 1979.
- 58. Where an offence under this Act is committed by a body of persons, then --

Offences by bodies of persons.

- (a) if that body of persons is a body corporate, every director and officer of that body corporate;
- (b) if that body of persons is a firm, every parener of that firm,

shall be deemed to be guilty of that offence :

Provided however, that a director or officer of that body corporate or partner of such firm shall not be deemed to be guilty of such offence if he or she proves that such offence was committed without his or her knowledge or that he or she used all such diligence as was necessary to prevent the commission of such offence.

Rules.

- 39. (1) The Commission, may make rules in respect of all matters for which rules are required or authorized to be made under this Acr.
- (2) All rules are made by the Commission shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into force on the date of such publication or on such fater date as may be specified therein.

Regulationes.

- 60. (1) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Commission, make regulations under this Act in respect of all matters required by this Act to be prescribed or in respect of which regulations are required or authorized by this Act to be made.
- (2) Every regulation made under this section shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into force on the date of such publication or on such later date as may be specified therein.
- (3) Every regulation made under this section shall, as seen as convenient after its publication in the Ciazette, he brought before Parliament for approval. Any such regulation, which is not so approved within thirty days of it being brought before Parliament, shall be deemed to be rescinded as from the due of its disapproval, but without prejudice to anything preventsly done thereunder.
- (4) Notification of the date on which any regulation made by the Minister is so deemed to be rescinded shall be published in the Gazette.

Research of deficiency 61. (1) If any difficulty arises in giving affect to the provisions of this Act or the rules, regulations, or orders made under this Act, the Minister may by Order published in the

Gazette, make such provision not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or any other law, as appears to him or her to be necessary or expedient for removing the difficulty.

- (2) Every Order made under this section shall, as soon as practicable after it is made, be laid before Parliamon.
 - 62. (1) Regulations may be made for the purpose of ---
- Parpoves to: Aspicia regulataress: Anay ise assist
- (a) allowing and securing appropriate electricity trading arrangements heaveen licensees;
- (b) securing that supplies of electricity are regular and efficient;
- (c) protecting the public from dangers arising from the generation, transmission, distribution, supply or use of electricity from any electric line or electrical plant; and
- (d) without projudice to the generality of paragraph (c)climinating or reducing the risks of personal injury, or damage to propeny or interference with its use, urising from any of the activities referred to in that paragraph.
- (2) Without projudice to the generality of subsection (1), regulations may—
 - (a) prohibit the supply, transmission or distribution of electricity except by means of a system approved by the Commission;
 - (b) make provision requiring notice to be given to the Commission, in such cases as may be specified in the regulations, of accidents and of failures in the supply, transmission or distribution of electricity;
 - (c) make provision as to the keeping, by persons authorized by a licence, or exempted from the requirement to obtain a licence, to supply, transmit or distribute electricity, of maps, pluss and scutions and as to their production for inspection or copying;

- (d) make provision for relieving persons authorized by a licence to supply electricity from any obligation to supply in such cases as may be prescribed:
- (e) make provision requiring compliance with nonces given by the Commission specifying action to be taken in relation to any electric line or electrical plant, or any electrical appliance, under the control of a consumer, for the purpose of
 - (i) preventing a breach of any regulation.
 - eliminating or reducing a risk of personal injury or damage to property or interference with its use;
- (f) provide for particular requirements of the regulations to be deemed to have been complied with in the case of any electric line or electrical plant complying with specified standards or requirements; and
- (g) provide for the granting of exemptions from any requirement of the regulations for such periods as may be determined by or under the regulations.

CHAPTER IX

GENERAL.

Register.

- 63. (1) The Commission shall maintain a register at its office, in such form, as it may determine.
- (2) The Commission shall cause to be entered in such register—
 - (a) purticulars in relation to every licence and even quion granted under this Act;
 - (b) particulars relating to the modification of the conditions of any such licence or the revocation of any such licence;

- (c) every decision of the Commission, including every order direction or determination;
- (d) every enforcement order made ander section 33;
- (c) the minutes of the proceedings at a public hearing held under section 71 and
- particulars relating to any other instrument or document to which the Commission's seal has been fixed.
- (3) The contents of the register shall be available for inspection by the public during such hours, and subject to the payment of such fees, as may be prescribed by regulation.
- A4. (1) The Commission may, for the purposes of discharging and performing its functions and duties under this Act, by notice in writing, require any person to furnish to the Commission or any person authorized by the Commission, and within such period as may be specified in the notice, this such returns and information as may be specified in such notice.

Storage States

- (2) It shall be the duty of every person who is required to furnish any returns or information by a notice under subsection (1), to comply with the requirements of the notice within the period specified in the notice, except where he or she is prohibited from furnishing such returns or information by the provisions of any law.
- (3) No information furnished in compliance with the requirements of a notice sont under this section shall be published or disclosed by the Commission to any other person except with the consent of the person furnishing such information.
- (4) The disclosure by the Commission of any information referred to in subsection (3) without the consent of the person furnishing such information—

- (a) to a court of law when required in do so by such court;
- (b) for the purposes of discharging any function assigned to it by this Act; or
- (c) for the purposes of reabling complimence with a condition of a licence granted under this Act.

shall be deemed not to be a contravention of the provisions of subsection (3).

Sinhala sext to prevail in case of memasistency. In the event of any inconsistency heaveen the Sinhala and Tamil texts of this Act, the Sinhala test shall prevail.

CHAPTER X

REPEALS AND TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

Repeals ped trassitional provisions.

- 66. (1) The Electricity Act is repealed with effect from the date on which Chapter II of this Act comes into operation.
- (2) The Coylon Electricity Board Act. No. 17 of 1969 is repealed with effect from the relevant date.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Electricity Act--
 - (a) all licences issued under that Act and in force on the day preceding the date on which Chapter II of this Act comes into operation, shall, in so far as such licences authorize any one of following activities, namely, the generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity, continue in force after that date:
 - (b) all regulations made under section 60 of that Act and in force on the day preceding the relevant date, shall in so far as such regulations are not inconsistent with any provision of this Act continue in force after that date; and

- (a) the regulatory powers, duties and functions under the Electricity Act conferred on or assigned to the Energy Supply Committee and to the Energy Regulator by and under the Energy Supply (Temporary Provisions) Act. No. 2 of 2002 shall, so long as the last mentioned Act is in operation be exercised, performed and discharged respectively, by the said Committee and the Energy Regulator under the corresponding provisions of this Act, in consultation with the Commission.
- (4) Notwithstanding the repeal of the Ceylon Electricity Board Act, No. 17 of 1969—
 - (a) all regulations made under section 56 of that Act and in force on the day preceding the date on which Chapter II of this Act comes into operation, shall, in so far as such regulations are not inconsistent with any provision of this Act, continue in force after that date:
 - (b) all tariffs fixed by the Board under section 52 of that Act, for the supply of electricity by the Board, and in force on the day preceding the relevant day shall continue in force after the relevant day, until varied or replaced by the respective successor companies in accordance with the conditions of their respective fizences; and
 - (c) where in respect of any matter or issue arising in or concerning the electricity industry no provisions or no effective provisions are made in this Act, such of the provisions of the Ceylon Electricity Board Act as are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall apply in respect of such matter or issue.

CHAPTER XI

ÉMETERPRELATION

historpretation.

- 67. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requiress-
- "authorized" means authorized by licence or exemption under this Act:
- "Authorized Area" in rotation to a person authorized by a ficence to transmit or to distribute and supply, electricity, means the area designated in the licence:
- "bulk sales" in relation to the sale of electricity, means me sale of electricity in bulk by the transmission licensee who its transmission system to
 - (i) distribution licensees ; and
 - those consumers who are connected to the bransmission licensee's transmission system and identified in the transmission licensee;
- "Coylon Electricity Board" means the Ceylon Electricity Board established by the Ceylon Electricity Board Act, No. 17 of 1969;
- "Consect" in relation to any premises, means connect to a distribution line of the distribution licensee and the expression "connection" shall be construed accordingly:
- "consumer" means a consumer of efectricity in Sri Lanka and includes a prospective consumer;
- "contravention", in relation to any decision, disection, determination, liconce condition, requirement, regulation, rule or order, includes any failure to comply with it:

- "distribute" in relation to electricity means distribute by means of a system which consists (wholly or mainly) of low voltage lines and electrical plant and is used for conveying electricity to any premises or to any other distribution system and the expressions "distribution" and "distribution system" shall be construed accordingly:
- "distribution licensee" means a person who has been granted a distribution facence;
- "distribution line" in relation to a distribution licensee, means any distribution line in the Authorized Area of the distribution licensee which is being used for the purpose of giving a supply of electricity to any premises:
- "dwelling" means a building or part of a building occupied, or (if not occupied) last occupied or intended to be occupied, as a private dwelling:
- "electric line" means any line whether underground or over ground which is used for carrying electricity for any purpose and includes, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - (a) any support for any such line, including, but not limited to, any structure, pole or other thing in, on, by or from which any such line is or may be supported, carried or suspended.
 - any apparates connected to any such line for the purpose of carrying electricity; and
 - (e) any wire, cable, tube, pipe or other similar thing (including its casing, insulator or coming) which surrounds or supports, or is surrounded or supported by, or is installed in close proximity to, or is supported, carried or suspended in association with, any such line;

- "distribute" in relation to electricity means distribute by means of a system which consists (wholly or mainly) of low voltage lines and electrical plant and is used for convoying electricity to any premises or to any other distribution system and the expressions "distribution" and "distribution system" shall be construed accordingly;
- "distribution licensee" means a person who has been granted a distribution license;
- "distribution line" in relation to a distribution licensee, means any distribution line in the Authorized Aren of the distribution licensee which is being used for the purpose of giving a supply of electricity to my premises:
- "dwelling" means a hailding or part of a building occupied, or (if not occupied) last occupied or intended to be occupied, as a private dwelling.
- "electric line" means any line whether underground or over ground which is used for carrying electricity for any purpose and includes, unless the context otherwise requires—
 - (a) any support for any such line, including, but not limited to, any structure, pole or other thing in, on, by or from which any such line is or may be supported, carried or suspended;
 - (b) any apparatus connected to any such line for the purpose of carrying electricity; and
 - (c) any wire, cable, tube, pipe or other similar thing (including its casing, insulator or coming) which surrounds or supports, or is surrounded or supported by, or is installed in close proximity to, or is supported, carried or suspended in association with, any such line:

- "electrical plant" means any plant, equipment, apparatus or appliance used for, or for purposes connected with the generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity, other than—
 - (a) an electric line;
 - a meter used for ascendining the quantity of electricity supplied to any promises; or
 - (c) an electrical appliance under the control of a consumer;
- "Electricity Supply Code" means the provisions of Schedule 2 to this Act:
- "electricity undertaking" means any person engaged in the generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity, including any holder of a beence under this Act:
- "enforcement order" means as onforcement order made by the Commission under section 33;
- "exemption" means an exemption granted under section 9:
- "financial year" means the calender year;
- "generation licensee" means a person who has been granted it generation license;
- "generator" means a generation licensee or a person exempt from the requirement of obtaining a generation license;
- "high voltage lines" means an electric line of a normal voltage not loss than 33 kilovolts or such other voltage as the Commission may direct in accordance with section 44 and the expression "low voltage line" shall be construed accordingly:

- "Institution of Engineers, Sri Lanka" means the Institute of Engineers, Sri Lanka, established by the Institution of Engineers, Sri Lanka Act, No. 17 of 1968;
- "Institute of Chartered Accountants" means the Institute of Chartered Accountants established by the Institute of Chartered Accountants Act, No. 23 of 1959;
- "Lanka Electricity Company" means the Lanka Electricity Company (Private) Limited registered under the Companies Act. No. 17 of 1982;
- "licence" means a licence granted under section 12 and
 "licensee" or "licensees" shall be construed accordingly;
- "line" means any wire, cable, pipe, conductor or other similar thing (including its easing or coating) which is designed or adapted for use in carrying electricity;
- "local authority" means a Municipal Council, Urban Council or a Pradeshiya Sabha, and includes any authority created and established by or under any law to exercise, perform and discharge, powers, duties and functions corresponding to, or similar to, the powers, duties and functions exercised, performed and discharged by any such Council or Sabha;
- "Minister" means the Minister in charge of the subject of Power and Energy;
- "modifications" includes additions, alterations and omissions;

- "necessary wayleave" means consent for the licensee to install and keep installed the electric line on, under or over the land and to have access to the land for the purpose of inspecting, maintaining, adjusting, repairing, altering, replacing or removing the electric line;
- "notice" means notice in writing :
- "premises" includes any land, building or structure;
- "prescribed" means prescribed by rules or regulations made under this Act :
- "Provincial Council" means a Provincial Council established under Chapter XVIIA of the Constitution:
- "public company" means a public company registered under the Companies Act, No. 17 of 1982;
- "register" means the register maintained under section 63;
- "regulations" means regulations made by the Minister under this Act;
- "relevant condition" in relation to a licensee, means any condition of its licence or any duty imposed on it by or under this Act;
- "relevant date" means the date on which Orders relating to successor companies are published in the Gazette under section 46:
- "relevent interest" means any financial or other interest directly or indirectly, in any company or undertaking carrying on any of the following activities......
 - generation, transmission, distribution or supply of electricity;

- (ii) manufacture, production, sale or supply of fuel for the generation of electricity;
- (iii) import, manufacture, sale, lease, hire or other supply of, or dealing in, machinery, plant, equipment, apparatus or fittings for the generation, transmission, distribution, supply or use, of electricity; or
- (iv) the provision of legal, accountancy or banking services to any company or undertaking carrying on any of the activities referred to in paragraphs (i), (ii), or (iii);
- "relevant licencee" has the meaning provided in subsection (5) of section 29;
- "relevant undertaker" has the meaning provided in paragraph 2 of Schedule 1 to this Act:
- "rules" means rules made by the Commission under this Act:
- "soll electricity in bulk" has the same meaning as "bulk sales";
- "supply" in relation to electricity, means supply of electricity to any premises (other than premises occupied by a licensee for the purpose of carrying on the activities which it is authorized by its licence to carry on) but shall exclude bulk sales of electricity;
- "turiff customer" means a person who requires a supply of electricity from a distribution licensee in pursuance of section 24 and is supplied by the distribution licensee:
- "transmission licensee" means a person who has been granted a transmission licence under this Act; and

"transmit", in relation to electricity, means the transportation of electricity by means of a system, which consists (wholly or mainly) of high voltage lines and electrical plant and is used for conveying electricity from a generating station to a sub-station, from one generating station to another or from one sub-station to another; and the expressions "transmission" and "transmission system" shall be construed accordingly;

"Urban Development Authority" means the Urban Development Authority established by the Urban Development Authority Law, No 41 of 1978.

SCHEDULE I

(Section 30)

- 1. (1) Subject to the following provisions of this paragraph, licensecting, for any purpose connected with the corrying on of the activities which it is authorized by its license to carry on, execute in its Authorized Area, any of the following works:
 - (a) installing under, over, in on, plong or across any secon-
 - (ii) any electric lines or electrical plant ; and
 - any structures for housing as covering any such lines or plant.

and from time to time inspect, maintain, adjust, repair, after, replace or somewarm such plant of lines; and

- (b) any works requisite for or incidental to the purposes of any works referred to in subperagraph (a), including for the fixthweing purposes—
 - opening or breaking up any street or any sewers, drains or sensels within or under any street;
 - (and tenneling or boring under any sieces ; and
 - (iii) removing or using all earth and materials in or under pay street;

but nothing in this subpartagraph shall empower a accessee to key down or place any electric line or electrical plant into, through or against any building, or in any land not dedicated to the public use.

- (2) The power conformation a literact under prograph (1) to place on its over a street day insection for housing any line or plant shall be executable only with the consent of the literal authority of other relevant mathematy.
- (3) Except an cases of encorporary arising from faults is any alcour interaction council plans, a street which does not come within the authority of local authority or other relevent authority shall not be opened or broken up in the except of the powers conferred by paragraph (4) except with the consent of the Compliance.
- (ii) Notworkshinding anything in paragraph (7), Sconson may wish the consent of the Commission construct lines, which are temperary, and not in compliance with the prescribed constants.
- (5) The Cosmission shall not consider an application for its cossens under paragraph (3) unless the because has seved notice of the application on any person where cossens would otherwise be acquired.
- the A licensec shall do as little damage as possible in the exercise of the powers considered by paragraph (it) and shall make conspectantion for any damage done in the exercise of those powers.
- (7) A licensee shall exercise the gowers conferred by gasagasph (1) is such manage as well accuse that nothing which it insights or keeps installed under over its, on, along or across any alvest because a source of dattger to the public and shall—
 - insuediately cause the past broken up or appears to be limited and guarded;
 - (b) while such part someins broken up or open; cause a light sufficient for warning passes; by, to be set up at surrect and minutained until causing against or near such part; and
 - (c) white all remonable speed fill in the ground and relation and stake grout the cold of processes or the sewer, drain as runned broken up or operate and shall keep it in good repair for three months and, where any subsidence occurs, for any further period, not exceeding six months, during which the subsidence continues.
- (R) A Receive who fails to category with the provisions of paragraph (?) shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable on conviction after summary trial before a Magisterie, to a fine not less than five thousand suppos and not executing twenty five thousand suppos.

- anty alcorsic line or alcomosit plant ander the cosmos of transfer licenses;
- (b) any pipe, including any pipe and for the conveyance of gos, which twincther or not it is to a specie) which is under the control of a person undertaken, a water undertaken a sewerape hader their or a person stepsiying water in the exercise of accuracy provers:
- 60) any referencementation apparation used for the proposers of a referencementation system which is operated by a person becaused under the Nri Lanke Teleconomium/category Act. No. 23 of 1901;
- the any solocomometric appearance used for the propose of a solographic system which is operated by the General Manager of the misway; or
- (e) any informationation apparatus used for the purposes of a cable television system to which the Str Lanka Reparenting Corporation Act. No. 6 of 1982 applies.
- (2) Where a licensee is proposing to execute works as the exercise of the provers conferred by them I which involve or use likely to involve my sach afternion as as referred to in subparagraphs (1) to (40) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0) secretting provisions of this paragraph shall apply and a reference in these provisions to "relevant undertaker" shall be decreed to be a reference to an undertaker referred to in subparagraphs (1) (a), (b), (c), (d) or (c).
- (3) A number of the public may request the relevant licenses to carry out alternations in respect of any electric line or electrical plant to be abstracing that such works may full within sub-paragraph (199).
- (4) Subject to the processors of paragraph (3), a Section shall not less than one month prior to the commencement of the works, pare the relevant undertaken a nation specifying the nature of the works proposed to be executed by the hierarchest, the alterature or likely alterature medievel, and the time and place at which the execution of the works will be commenced.
- (5) The provisions of paragraph (4) shall not apply in relation to any consequency works of which the licenser gives the relevant anticipation to the execution of the work;
- (6) Where a notice has been given under paragraph (4) by the because to the solevant undertaker, the undertaker may, within the period of severa days of the date of the nurice, give the licenses a exenter notice which may vasce either.
 - (a) that the uniferated intends hierachi or persoft to make any citerative reade necessary or expedient by the works proposed to the executed by the focused our

- (ii) stan he of six: requires the factures to make the such alternates under the supervisors, and to the substitution of the undertaken.
- (7) Where a county parties given under garagraph (6) states that the relevant nudertaker intends thereoff or hereoff or he make any attention.
 - the authorities shall have the right, instead of the horizon to execute any works for the purpose of making that alteration;
 - (b) pay regardable expenses incurred by the anticrtaker in or in connection with the execution of those works and the amount of any took or during extended by the undertaker in consequence of the alteration shall be recoverable by the undertaker those frequency.
- (8) Where a causter rance given ander paragraph (6) states that may attenue in so be made under the supervision, and to the satisfaction of, the schools and caker.....
 - (a) the hornour shall not seake the attention except in compliance with the requirements of the counter solder and
 - (b) day reasonable expenses incorred by the undertaker in or is connecting with the provision of that supervision and the animosa of any loss of signage sentained by the undertaker in connequence of the alternation shall be recoverable by the andertaker to be the licensed or any court of competent jurisdictions.

193 Whore.....

- (a) an coentes action in given ender paragraph (b) (or
- (b) Six priorient padentaker, having given a consider notice under that panagraph fails to make any alteration make severagy or expedient by the sunk's proposed to be executed by the freezer, within any such period theirs not true from city the freezer, within any such period theirs not true from city by parage specify or, as the case may be, narrayomably take to gravitle the experient supervision.

the licenses may execuse works for the purpose of making the observation on as the case stay be, may expend such works without the supervision of the undertaken; but in citizen case the increase shall execuse the works to the satisfactors of the undertaken.

(\$8) Lecenses or any of its against with---

 (a) execution any works without giving the notice sequented by managraph (4); or ib) unreasonably fails to comply with any reasonable sequencings given by a referent pasteraker moder this presentable.

Shalf be guiley of an officers under the Ast and shall be stable on considerant after summary trial before a Magistrate, to a fine and few than fee thousand rupers and the exceeding (wenty five thousand supers).

От Пака истогоровку макеления

- (ii) The any purpose councied with the counting on of the countries which a licensee is sufficiented by its license to curry on at the occasion or expedient for a licensee to install and keep metals of an elector from an ander or over any land; and
- (h) the owner or necligation of the dash, beautif been given a more of the licenses requiring how or has to give the necessary was long within a general treat being less than twenty one days a pecified to the nation.
 - has failed to give the wayleave belong the east of that period; or
 - 33) But given the waytened valued as terms and conductors which no not receptable to the licensee.

(2) This isom phylocological

- (a) for any purpose connected with the corryony or of the tensors—where the licenses is authorized by as facines as cony on it is necessary or expected for a factorize to keep as electric interesting on, under or over any fand (and).
- (b) the country of occupies of the land has proper notice to the facetime nodes prolograph 562) requeing it to respoy the closely line.
- (3) Where gausgraph (4) or (2) applies and the Canamies ion is substication—
 - (a) The licenses has rande all reasonable efforts to we need the groun of a wayleave triad
 - (b) Stand officials have been enuscoperated, used
 - (ii) the sexplications of that waryleave is neversing the the case) (see -6) of the according anthorized by the heating as the ficenses.

the Commission, shall, withouter weeks of an application made by the licenses, recommend to the Minister, the acquisition of the wayleave, Where the Minister approach the progressed acquisition, by Ordan published in the the Gazette, the wayleave shall be decrived to be sequired for a public parameter and may be acquired under the Land Acquiredon Act, and reastered to the because

- (4) The Commission shall not examinate and the arguests as of a way shad ander paragraph (5) in any case where—
 - (a) the lead is covered by an authorized dwelfing, or planning permission has been guarant mater the referent laws for the construction of a dwelfing on that land; and
 - (b) she line is to be sepabled on or over that lend.
- (5) No Sir necking a recommendation under paragraph (3), the Cleansissian shalf zero----
 - (កុក្ខ) : The occapied of ដែលខែកូមី : នេងនិ
- On where the overspies is not also the owner of the land, the owner, as approximally of being heard by a present appointed by the Contestis is a
- (6) Whose a wayfcace is negatived under the Land Acquisition Act, and supported to a feetisec, the wayfcave—
 - (a) Shall not be subject to the provisions of they encount to experiment the separations of marvess in or, charges over, or other obliqueous affecting, basic but
 - (6) sholl bind any person who is at any since the owner or occupies of the food.
 - 4. TREWhere a wayleave as grasted to a lieuweet studer item 3----
 - 10.6 the occupies of the land con-
 - (A) Instant the vacupeer is not also the owner at the band. The woner of the band.

andy ordered from the Mechanic seasonable compensation in respect of the grant, as any be determined by the Commission

- (2) Where as the exercise of any right conferred by such a wayleave try distrigers cannot to land or to anyobles, may person attracted in the land or the increased in the land or the increase may recover from the lacence reasonable consequence of that datange; and where it consequence of the exercise of such a right a person is distributed in his or her enjoyagest of pay land or monthless be or she may recover from the figures compensation in respect of that distributed of such a may be determined by the Compansion.
- 34 The Constancing stay on its own motion of on the application of a person affected, conduct such inquiries as may be necessary to determine whether a license; is highly to pay any person any compensation in necessary paragraph (1) and (2).

- 60) The Commission shall communicate any decision under propagation to the licensec and to any person why applied for, or was accusated, companions.
- On A persons who is aggriconed by the decision of the Commensator star as compositation is payable maker paragraph (its or C) or who is discussively with the assume of compensation determined to be payable by the Commension, may institute, in a court of compensation installation, as according to the licenses from whom the compensation is channed for according the compensation element by that person or the difference beneath the according to the compensation determined to be provided to that person and the compensation determined to be provided to that person and the compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to that persons in the Compensation determined to be provided to the persons the difference of the compensation determined to be provided to the persons the difference of the compensation determined to be provided to the persons the difference of the compensation determined to be provided to the persons the difference of the compensation determined to be provided to the persons the difference of the compensation determined to be personated to the person that the difference of the compensation determined to the person the difference of the person that the difference of the p
- - (a) Пот регуля весейсь в сонваниліствой кей by бе Соваціяльна инастрагадітарі (4);
 - the assess of consposes for described by the Constitutes is paid to that present under paragraph (7): or
 - (a) the names of the payment of that success into size Cours equiv. (a) is exhibited for the first time and of paragraph (3).
- (7) A focused who is hable to pay to the owner of this had an arrows of compensation under paragraph (3) or (2) shall pay that amount to their person within such period as may be determined by the Commission. Where the owner is enduring in where the owner is inside a subsect to dequee, the heaving shall......
 - (a) pay that assented into the Desertet Court saving passediction over the glade where that said is situated, within such period as easy be desermined by the Courteission as he drawn base that court for that person upon proof of take, and
 - (b) give the occupier of \$55 fand written notice of the payment of that amount into the court, within such period of its determined by the Communication on it facts is no accupier, exhibit that notice in some consequences position on the land.
- 5. (1) This garagraph applies where at any line such a waylears as intentioned in item 3 (whether granted ander that item or by agreement between the parties)—
 - tel determined by the expiration of a period specified as the waylener.
 - (4) is constrated by \$8c evalor or excapter of the knot as accordance with a term constant, in the waylence; as

- 60 by reason of a change is the owner-ship or occupation of the lasts after the grazing of the wayleave, reason to be binding on the aware or occupies of the land.
- (2) The assection operation of the fant may in a case falling within paragraph (1)—
 - (a) at any time after or wishin three months before the end of the persons specified in the wayfrage;
 - (b) at any time after the wayleave has been terminated by him of her time.
 - (c) as any sime after hecoming the owner or occupies of the limb by young of such a strange to the ownership or occupation of the hard as is referred to in that paragraph.

give to the licensee a some requiring the licensee to resolve the electric line toots the land; but the licensee shall not be obliged to comply with such a sortice except in the circumstances and to the extent provided by the following para islans of this pangraph.

- (3) Where widein the period of three seems to begin any from the date of the notice and of guarantee (2) the browser....
 - (a) fails so make an application for sign grant of the necessary wayscard ander items 3;
 - (b) spates as application for the grant of the necessary wayleave about neur 3 and that application is refused by the Connection;
 - (c) this in obtain an owker authorizing the computatory partition of the land under seen 7 of this Schoolide.

the horseon shall comply with the natice at the end of that peace, at its the case of subparagraph (in), at the end of the period of one smooth beginning from the date of the Cosmission's decesson or much forget period as the Cosmission may specify

2

- (4) is the Schoolde, "wayleave" is equino to a land means such indexest in the band as consists of a right of a licenses, to insual and keep installed, an effective fine on, ander an over, that had and so have access to that had for the purpose of inspecting, maintanning, adjusting, requiring, altering, removing or replacing such electric line.
- 6. (3) This item applies where any tree is or will be in such close presently to us electric line or electrical plant which has been installed or as heing or re to be installed by a linearist co......
 - qui sa obsertica ar inserfere with the installation, maisucasave or working of the line or plant, or

 (b) In constitute the telepropriation where of danger technilism to challent on to refer persistent.

and so that income a "figure" metasts the lated on wiseth the tack is below one.

- (2) The literance may give under so the occupier of the hast reporting him or for to fell or log the tree or cal back its noots your to prevent it toos beying the office mentioned in subpringraph (3) (a) or (b), subject to the payment to him or for by the bicance of the expenses reasonably necessed by hast or for to complying with the requirements of the notice.
- (3) Where the occupies is not also the owner of the land, a copy of pay subsectingly garagraph (2) shall also be served on the owner.
- (4) If willier twenty one days from the given of a newer since sengraph (2)—.
 - ten the requisiments of six softee are not complice with case
 - 403 nebboothe aware are recupied of the last gives a commet sound under paragraph CSs.

the Secondering count the free to be follow as topped in its room to be cut back so as to prevent it from having the effect membrated in sub-paragraph (187) or 199

- (5) If, within twenty one days from the giving of a notice under paragraph (2), the owner or recupier of the land gives a counter social to the fice-according to the requirements of the notice, the matter shall be returned to the Counterfact.
- - (a) any aflow the licensec (after giving such notice to any person by whom a crowder woler was given of the conductors of the weak as the order may discrete to cause the need to be felled as topped or its tools to be cluback so as to prevent it from having the effect measuraged in subquaraged (1)(a) or (b) (and
 - (b) usey description any question as to what expenses (1) tay > .or as he paid to the because by the owner or occupies.
- (7) Where the licenser sets in presurance of paragraph (4) is as in the saude tander paragraph (6), the because shadow.
 - consection from the foliation of impact or stein many to be one force at accordance with good arborroublusal process; and so as so as fittle damage as possible to track, factors, hodges and growing cases:

- (b) cause the felled sees, lapped houghs or read casing to be removed as accordance with the directions of the owner or occupion; and
- 13.1 poske goné any datrage done to the fact.
- (8) In this area, "inco" necludes any shrub, and relevances in "felling" and "hopping" shall be construed accordingly.
- 7. (1) Where the Commission is satisfied that any immovable proposty is required for the purposes of carrying on the activities which a lievasce is subspicious carry on by its lierace, or his the purposes of discitoging any function usagened to such tievasce by the Act and distinct.
 - (ii) the hegaste has made all reasonable offerts to sepectate the acquarities of such property with the owner of the property and
 - (6) (Баяс ейоня Баус Эсся цазыссе»:ft/s.

the Constassion may recommend to the Manater that the immovable property be acquired under the Load Acquitation Act and stansferred to the Scenere.

- (3) Where the Manister, by Order published in the Cazente, approves the proposed programming of the improvable property specified in the recommendation of the Commission made order paragraph (1), such improvable property shall be decreased to be required for a public purpose and may reconstructly be ocquired ander the Land Acquisition Actual Stanstorted to the lecurose.
- (3) Any sam payable for the acquaintest of any massivable property ander the Land Acquistion Act, for a becased shall be payable by the figurese.
- (4) The Commission shall not recommend the acquisition of any minuteshic property under gaugesph (1) if such isomerable property is being used by another iconnects whem it belongs for the purpose of an installation necessary for currying on of the activities which the licensed is authorized by its license is carry on or is proposed to be used, within a period of five years, by such other licenses for the purposes of such as installation.

SCHEDULE 2

(Section 30)

1. (1) Subject to paragraph (3), a statistication streamen may exceed that a samif customer may charges due to the accuracy in suspect of the Supply of electricity, or in respect of the provision of any electricity traces, electric since electricity frame.

- (2) If a unificationer quals any premises as which disposedly has been applied to him or her by a distribution became, without giving at least partial starting days, prior notice to the Section be or six shall be subject to not time became, in respect of the supply of electricity to the provides all account of the supply of electricity to the provides all accounts.
 - (a) the second working day after he or the given sach notice to use factore provided that reasonable across to the protoces see been granted;
 - (b) Fix pext day on which the register of any meter is accommand; and
 - the day from which any subsequent occupier of the prendock requires the supplier to supply electricity to the prendock.
- (3) The provisions of paragraph (2) or a statement setting out since provisions shall be endowed upon every depend note for electricity charges payable to a distribution licensee by a toulf cosmoce.
- - (a) may refuse to furnish him or bor with a supply of electricity at any offer premises until he or she pays the charges doe; that
 - (b) shall not be estimed to sequire physical of sear charge from $\sigma_{\rm e}$ next occupies of sec premises.

(5) If a tariff contenue....

- (a) has not, within the requisite periods, paid all charges the total distribution licenses in suspect of the appety of checking to any premises, or the pravision of any elegaticity modes elective income elections of the perposes of this supply; (a)
- (b) bay fasted to comply with a notice from the Secarco argumantifies or her to exist using any applicance which and the supply of electricity by the housest to any other consumer.

the distribution licensec may, as the end of the requisite period on of the supply to the premises, or to any other promises occupied by the comments by such means as the because thinks lit and recover any expenses incores in so doing from the congruent.

(6) In paragraph (5) the Progressic posted? Secasts ---

- (ii) in the case of pressures which are used wholly or mainly for demestic purposes, a period of not less than ten days after either the making by the distribution ficenses of a demand or writing for the payment of the charges due or a native by the distribution increase sequiring the tariff each use to come to use the applicances which interfere with electricity supplied to another customer; and
- (b) as the case of any other prestices, a period of ice days after the gaplang of such a desired.
- (7) A distribution hosping shall not exercise the powers conferred at the hornor by presuptable (5), if there is a generic dispute regarding the association the charges due.
- (8) he shat here a reference to the provision of any electric line or item of electrical plant shall include a reference to the provision of such a line or near by the number of on existing one.
- 2. (1) Where a distribution because has can off the supply of electricity to any premises in consequence of any default by a tastiff customer, the because shall be under an addigation to remain the supply of electricity within two working days of the responences of paragraph (2) being fulfilled.
 - (2) The requirements of this paragraph are that the carmoner in definish
 - ore has sende good the default :
 - the poid the regionable expenses of disconnecting and reconnecting the sapply and
 - (e) her given such security as is intentioned in section 36 of this Act.
- (3) The obligation improved by paragraph (1) on a distribution focused shall be a duty count by the focuses to any person who may be affected by a latitude as consider with the obligation.
- (4) Where a duty is executby a beganeous any person by victor of paragraph (3), any treach of that duty which causes any loss or damage to that person shall be acclorable at the suit or manuoc of that person
- (5) is any proceedings brought against a distribution focused in persuance of garagraph (4), it shall be a detence for the distribution focusise to prove that the focusise took all masonable steps and exercised all due difference to avoid tailing to comply with the obligation imposed on the ficusese by paragraph (1).

- (6) Waters grujadare to any right wheat any person services to visted of paragraph (6) to bring each proceedings against a distribution decrease to respect of any saltone to comply with the obligation imposed as the foreset by paragraph (1), compliance with the obligation atm be entired to the Community against the because by the inclination of appropriate paragraphs.
- 3 (1) Where a supply of electricity to day permises the free cut off by a distribution faceused on person other than such faceused shall section such supply.
- (2) If any person acts in contravention of paragraph (3), he is she shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be liable on conviction of summary trial before a Magingue at a fine not exceeding twenty live thousand capers and the disarbatans licensee may set of the supply.
- 4. (4) Highly person reconstructly or suggested does upon or case $c \approx 6 c$ dues and
 - en) asy giporgad pians as electric line kylkinging to os opetatoi by
 - (i) a distribution hospico;
 - (ii) a generation licensee : or
 - (iii) a transmission licenses, or
 - (b) any part of any domestic electricity supply equipment belongs to or operated by a distribution because that is smalled on its or her property.

he or she shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be half and convenience after sensingly trial before a Magistrage to a time on idea than level thousand support and not exceeding (Big thousand Dipons).

- (2) In this mean, "eigeneous electricity supply equipment" includes all line and plant up to, and including, the suctor situated has resourced by several.
- (3) Where an offence has been contribled under subpassagesph (33n) in suspect of the electric line or electrical plant of a distribution between the distribution between the distribution between the distribution because may discontinue the supply of electricity to the person of effectively until the matter has been settled.
- (4) Where us offered has been commuted under subquirignaph (189), at respect of any domestic electricity supply equipment, the distribution linearer—
 - (a) snoy discentinge the supply of electricity to the persons conferming until the source has been remedied; and

- this may remove the meter in exspect of which the official was compounted.
- (5) Where a distribution because removes a meter in the exercise of groves surfer paragraph (d.e. the because shall keep it safely and the Commission authorizes the because to destroy a or otherwise dispose of a.
- 5 (3) Subject to the provisions of non-R, any officer authorized by a describation licensee may enter any parities to which a supply of electricity is feeing given by the distribution licensee through the electric lines and electrical plant belonging to an operated by, the distribution because for any of the following purposes, namely:
 - inspecting any electric line or electrical plant belonging to or operated by the distribution because:
 - (A) accessible the register of any electricity materials, in the case of a prepayable meter, comoving any money or toleral belonging to an operated by the distribution Scotter;
 - (cossoving, inspecting or reinstabling any electricity aretre or ionalizing any substitute mater or associated equipment
- (2) The process contented by substances (ξ) (a) and (h) shall use be carried in respect of a problem of -
 - (a) the consumer has applied in writing to the distribution however for the because to case to supply electricity to the premises : and
 - (b) the second but taked to so within a resonable time
- 6 (3) Where a destribution diseases is authorized by garageaph 4(3) of 4 (3) of this Schedule.
 - (a) to discontinue the copyly of efectively to any premises cor
 - (ii) no remove the electricity meter in respect of which the officers under the peragraph was commuted.

any officer sutherized by the distribution thenses may, rehice to use it can be enter the premises for the purpose of disconnecting the supply or reasoning the autor or may associated elemined plant used for, or for purposes contracted with, the distribution of auguly of electricity.

(2) Whys: -

(a) a distribution facture is authorized by any other provision of this Act or of regulations made order at to car off or discontinue the supply of electricity to any provision;

- 46) a person decapying any promonent supplied with electrony by a distribution licensee ceases to require such a supply;
- (c) a person execting into necespotable of any persunce processed supplied with electricity by a distribution because discussed on the case of a variety by a distribution because discussed on the case of the
- (d) a possest efficient auto occupation of any premises processed supplied with electrony through a mean belonging to or operated by a distribution licenses down on they or horrow that means.

any officer matherized by the distribution because may, subject to keep a cutor the paraises for the purpose of discounceding the rapply of action may alternical plant, electric has in electricity space.

- (1) Any officer subpressed by a distribution licensee, a gosertness accessed or a transmission licensee, as the case may be, may, subject to item.
 other day pressises for the purpose of
 - (48) placing a new electric line of sew electrical plant in place of log at addition to, any extensity line or plant which has already been bewintly placed that
 - (b) repairing or altering may saids exacting time in plant.
- (2) In the case of emergency arising from such in may electric line or electrical plant, corry may be made under paragraph (3) without the manife required to be given by stom 8, but the motion shall then be given to cash as possible.
- 8. (1) As electrical inspector or a locative (or officer of a location authorized to enter tipon any land or promises under this Act shall not decised to do so as of right tailors ----
 - (a) These days notice of the invested entry has been given by one electrical inspector or the horasses or affect of the free secontaling as fully and accumulately as growible the nature and explaint displaces intended as the days:
 - (b) if required to this in, for on the has produced evidence as his as for authority;
 - (c) reasonable compensation as paid to the master of the fact of problems for any describance, displainty or damage that may be control personal to the corre.
 - (2) Any motion referred to in subgraphes (1) (a) shift ...
 - (iii) where the task is occupied, he gives to the occupier.

- (b) where the land is not recapied, he gives to the owner if he ar her mass, and address are known or use with reasonable difference he as a state of !
- (i) where the last is not recopped and the name and address of the agency cannot with marchante diffigency be ascertance, to exhibited in some conspicuous position to the land, and
- (d) where the land is used or reserved for any public purpose, be given to the officer or other porson in sharps of the execution of this purpose.
- (A) The elecation inspector or the licenses of person authorized by the licenses in writing in stall behalf shall be emitted to cater the land. For the purpose of groups a notice of ferred to an subparagraph (19 to).
- :43 Where any person expected any powers conferred by this isen, the because by whom he is also was unbasized in writing shall make good my damped disse to the land as a secold of such thisy.
- (5) Where in the exercise of any power conferred by or under the Actuary damage is curred to any land or to any movable property, any person inscressed in the land or movable property may excover compensation in respect of this damage from the because on whose behalf the power is exercised ; and where a consequence of the exercise of such a power a person is disturbed in his or her epipyment of any land or sociable property he or she may recover from that licensee assistantial conspectation in respect of shall disturbance as determined by the Commission.
- 9. (1) If, in an ascempt to exercise any of the powers of entry conferred by this Schedule, the signification because his made all reasonable efforts, repeating that the asc of force, to obtain entry to the provises and those offices have been assuccessful, it may apply, as prote , to the Magistrate's Court saving jurnalization over the place where the premises are sustainful at order authorized by the Scensee in an officer authorized by the Scensee in each the premises by force.
- (2) An order gramed under paragraph (1) shalf specify the action, which may be taken by the because, or an officer authorized by the horases to effect the entry by force and may supultate the constations to be observed by the figurage or such officer after such entry.
- - (a) takes no action to effect energy other than each action as is specified to the order.

- (b) observes any condition stipulated by the order ; and
- (c) does as hittle damage as its constrainty peacticable in taking the specified action and in observing my stignished constraint.
- (4) No appear shall like from a decision of the Magagiage's Coast and
 - iei te grassi et nel to grant an erder ussker perggragst (1) ; est
 - (b) regarding the arrow at, or the conditions stipping of in, any casis order.
- (5) Any coast recurred by the formace in containing and executing under paragraph (4) shall be recoverable as a divil detailment from the occurrence of the premises to which the agent relates.
- - the officer shall ensure that the prevaises are left an harveceptory reason of the entry , and
 - (b) the distribution because shall make good or pay components. Into day sharings cannot say the offices, of by may person accompanying turn or het at creating the presences, or in taking may action anthonized by the Schedule, or at adding the payment.
- (2) Any officer exercising powers of energ contented by this behavioid may be necesspanied by such persona as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose for which the entry is name or for the purposes of purposaging (1).
- Of thaty person intentionally resists as abstracts any offices exercising powers of early conferred by this Selectable, he are she shall be gode, at an offence under this Act and shall be highly on connection after passumary mini-believe a Magistrate to a fine not executing senithnesses impacts.
- 13. Any electrical plant, alceing fine or degraces, each correct by aster for they or lets to a currentnee, by a despitation because and maked or inputsion with a sufficient stack or input inducting the despitation because as the correction.
 - (6) shall be deemed one to be landbend's firester, according that sample Sandow landed to may part of the proteined in which they may be saturated in and
 - (b) shall not be subject to distress in he hable to be taken acceptant under process of any costs or any proceedings in hash upter sgriss) the person in whose possesses they have be.

SCHEDULE 3

(Section 30)

- 1.4 D Where a consisser of electricity supplied by a destribution income is to be elicitated for the supply whatly or party by reference to the quantity of electricity supplied, there indees otherwise agreed between the consisser and the distribution free-sec, the supply xhall be given through, and the quantity of electricity whall be accomined by, as appropriate observar subtex, is the case only be
 - (2) The metro shall be provided.....
 - too his the disambation becased for
 - (ii) if agreed by the parties in the Caut of a name used or parented to by used in connection with an exempt supply, by the conveneer.
- (3) The preter shall be installed on the consumer's proposed in a precion determined by the distribution because, rather in all the circumstances it is more responsible to place it consider there presentes or in some other position for the purpose of this Act, the stopply of energy by a because to a constance shall be decread as constance, anters otherwise agreed between those of the analysing arranhable of the motor or motoring equipment used to measure the supply of the consumer.
- (4) The dissibition because may require the regular scale of law times spreaded and institled in accordance with paragraphy (2) and (3) where the sequences of w
 - (a) is necessary to secure compliance with the previous of star Schedule or any regulations sends under the Act 1 or
 - $(\hat{n})=\hat{s}_{0}$ otherwise reasonable as all the esquessiances.

and any sector so replaced whall be provided and installed in accordance with those persynaphs.

- (5) If the consense referes or fails to take his or her supply of electricity through an appropriate motor provided and satisfied in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3), the supplier may refuse to give, or may discontinue, the supply.
- (b) For the purposes of this purigraph, a seems is an appropriate above for use at connection with any particular supply of electrony if at is of a postern or construction, which having organize the tensor or which the supply read by charge for is suitable for each use.
- (7) Positing the determination under section 38 of any dispute arising ender due near the Commission may give directions as to the provisent or association of a moner and directions under this paragraph may apply enter in the case of extern of particular description or in particular cases.

- (S) In this Schedule Texemps supply" means a supply of electrony to any premises where----
 - the perintials are not provided transfer which yes extinity frechimesed purposes: or
 - (b) the supplier or the consumer is a person nationized by an exemption to supply electricity to those promises.
- (1) No meter shall be used for recordaining the quantity of electricity supplied by a distribution figurage to a consumer unless the space.
 - (a) is of an approved statem or construction and is installed in an approved scanner; and
 - (b) subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), is certified under them 4.

and in this Schoolale "approved" means approved by the Commission is accordance with regulation made updet this Act

- (2) The provisions of sub-paragraph (1) the shall not apply to a never-issed in consection with an exempt supply if the sharibation factors and the conservation upper in writing to dispense with the equivorsers of that paragraph.
 - (3) Regulations usay provide....
 - for determining how to be paid for approvate green by or uniter the regulations;
 - (b) for revoking an approval to given to easy particular patients or construction of motor and requester meters of that paties or construction which have been annualled to be replaced with respect of another approved patient or construction within a presented around.)
 - (c) for revoking an approval so given to stay particular standar of installation in that manner to be excluded in assessor approved assessor without such period as is specified in the regulation.

and may make different provision for success of different descriptions as its moters would be intended to be used for different markings.

- 3.331 Where a distribution ligarage supplies electricity through a meter which is used for assortaining the quantity of electricity supplies and—
 - (a) the mener is true of the approved partiers of construction of a not installed at an approved manner; or

categorist statescool a seasor referend to at subparagraph (2) (4);
 of them 3, is not contified tasder item 4.

the distribution licensee shall be guilty of an official analer this Act and shall be liable on conviction after sammary trial before a Magistrate. So a fine real less than five damental respect and and exceeding twenty feet shoustand respects.

- (3) Whose any person is guidey of an offence under this near due to the act or definit of some other poster. Stat other person shall size be guilty of the offence and that effect person may be charged with and convicted of the offence by survey of this paragraph whether or any proceedings are asked against the first supplicationed person.
- (3) In any proceedings in respect of an officer under this item it shall be a determine for the person charged to prove that be or she took all reasonable steps and exercised off the diligence to problect enough to estimate.
- (3) No processings shall be assessed in respect of an offense rander this to a racept by er on behalf of the Countrieses.
- (3) The Cornseisson may apprear any person to examine test and existing metals.
- (2) No meter shall be conflied in accordance with paragraph (1) assess—
 - (a) the meter is of an approved gastern who unstruction that if
 - (b) the inter-cook mains ach sendents one hading standards figured by subscarce to margins of error) as may be presented by regretation.

and references in this Schedule to "prescribed imagens of earn" shall be constanted appointingly.

- - (a) For the remainistion of certification in the case of second which an larger combine to the prescribed standards : assi
 - (b) For determining the sees to be paid for examining, learning and constrong meters, and the persons by whom they are payable, and
 - (c) as to the procedure to be followed in examining, lessing and contiferent materia.

- 5 (3) Where a consumer of electricity supplied by a disserbation because as to be charged for this or her supply whally or portly by extract as size quantity of electricity supplied, the distribution licenses may, in the obstacl course of histories, estimate the annual of electricity consumed by the constant rand receiver charges accordingly, so long as the exponent consumption is confirmal by a meter enabling within a remainable period of lancour.
 - (C) to the event of a
 - a sector (by which the quantity of electricity supplied to asy consumed is assertained) being proved to register consumption incorrectly (or

ŧ

- (b) the suffunction of any axises ; or
- (c) any person attents the register of any meter read for recastracy the quantity of electricity supplied to day pressure.

the distribution licenses shall be entitled to extrust consumption and service charges accordingly.

- (3) Where the consumption of electricity has been estimated by a distribution decrease in occasioned with paragraph (1) or (1), the consumer shall pay for any electricity consumed in accordance with the estimate prepared by the disselvation decreases otherwise determined in recording to dispute residuition.
- $\delta = 0.13$ This isomorphies to review used for accombining the quantity of observabley supplied to any parameter.
- (2) The regimen of a natural which this nem applies shall be admissible to any proceeding in court as evidence of the quantity of electricity supplied through it.
- (3) Where electricity has been supplied for any period through such a meter which is of and approved praises or construction and is installed in approved manner, the register of the meter shall be presented to have been registered in the period.....
 - (a) within the prescribed starging of circuit and
 - (b) its the case of a meast ascel in connection with an exempt supply, widen any agreet margins of error.
- (4) Where a system is which this item applies a presentation to regime stagles any period \cdots
 - within the prosented margin of error, and

(b) in the cise of a succes send in connection with an exercise supply, without usy agreed integrats of certain.

the burden shall be on the ensymmetric period that the meter was incontractly supplied through the quantity of electricity supplied through a desirg that period.

- 7. (4) A construer of electricity supplied by a distribution because, shall at all times, at its or her own expense, keep any nactor belonging in him or her in proper order for concerly explainting the quantity of electricity supplied to him or her: and in default of his or her doing so, the supplied the contents of the supplied that or her: and in default of his or her doing so, the supplied may discontinue the supply of electricity through that made:
- (2) A distribution becomes shall at all times, as its own expense, here any sector fol for bire or lead by it to any constance in proper order for converty registering the quantity of circuiting supplied and, in the case of pre-payment metres, for operating property on receipt of the necessary payment.
- 139 A distribution because shall have power to somewe, inspect and reissand any sector by which the quantity of electricity supplied by the lacenser to a convenior is registered, and shall, while any such more is removed, its a substitute mater on the premases; and the cost of manying, inspecting and re-smilling the succes and of fixing a substitute mases shall be used by the distribution because.
- (4) The provisions of paragraphs (1) real (3) shall be withink projection in any rankedy the distribution because may have against a crisionar for full preto-man proper care of the motor.
 - (1) If any person intentionally or negligently....
 - (a) above the register of any meter used for incavaring the quantity of electricity supplied to may premised by a distribution income; (a)
 - Obj. prevents only such above from duby regressing the quantity of electricity supplied through that noter.

he or the shalf he pailty of an offence under this Act and shall be hable as convection after same any trial before a Magnetrate to a fine not less than five thousand supers and not exceeding twenty five thousand supers.

- (2) Where any person is prosecuted for an affence under passing raph (1), proof ——
 - (a) that the motor was in his or her cusually or anales has or her constol (pad
 - (b) of pussession by his or her of artificial means for causing an alteration of the register of the motor or, as the case may be, for the prevention of the mater from daily registering.

shall be sufficient exists on that the alignment or proventing was internouncely consective him or her.

- (3) Where a consumer is converted of an officient under managempts (1) the destribution factories used disconstance the analysis of electronics to the construct and actions the analysis of electronic the officer was commissed.
- (4) Whose a distribution because company a more under paragraph (3), the Securic shall keep in a sufficiency usuable Commission annihilities siglicenses to designly or otherwise disperse of it.
- 9. TDA constance of electricity supplied by a distribution because what takes his or lice supply through a pro-payment meter shall be auded a daily to take all termonable percaptions tog the subcleaving of any money or take or which are inserted into that meres.
- (2) Except with the perasission of the constance, a pre-payment meter shall not be used to recover my sum owing to a distribution fleetance by a constanter otherwise than in sexpect of the supply of electricity, the provinces of an electric line or electricity figure or the province of the meter.

SCHEDRILE # | Seadon laif

- A genson audovázed by a Scenaci, or exceepted from the sequinoseds to notate a feeters, so transmis, generale, distribute os supply electricity
 - (d) shall, int gracerating, transmitting, distributing or supplying electricity, have regular to the destabblish of protecting neural beating, of conserving facts, fusion and geological or physiographical features of special interps and of protecting size, buildings and objects of problems, beating a suchaeological antique; and
 - (b) shall do what the poster reasonably out to integrat any officer which such generalism transmission, distribution or supply words have on the natural beauty of the cognity side as on toy such that, form, fearures, sites, buildings or objects.
- 2. Without prejection to the provisions of paragraph (1), a person authorized by a literace, or excapted from the request trens as absole a locater, to transmit, generate, distribute or supply electricity and the Commission shall, in generating, transmitting, distributing or supplying electricity, an interesting, transmitting distributing or supplying electricity, an interest may be, in the discharge of the Camonissons's functions, associated as an examinability practicable, crusting injury or lipherics or so the sanck of lish in any waters.
- 3. (4) A generation because shall, in circumstances epocalized by the Combression, becentifed to consisted, solvier to condition pre-orifical by the Commission in considering with the relevant water anthority, reservely, and pyrothers and to use water for its facuscial terrories, and the relevant water authority and the relevant water authority shall not observe about eight.
- (2) For the parameted bits atom the fresevent water pulsosity" means such authority, or the Community shall presente.

