

# PARLIAMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

## CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE (AMENDMENT)

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#### **BILL**

to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, No. 15 of 1979

Presented by the Minister of Justice, Prison Affairs and Constitutional Reforms on 10th of July, 2024

(Published in the Gazette on June 28, 2024)

Ordered by Parliament to be printed

[Bill No. 272]

PRINTED AT THE DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, SRI LANKA TO BE PURCHASED AT THE GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS BUREAU, COLOMBO 5  $\,$ 

Price: Rs. 30.00 Postage: Rs. 150.00

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#### STATEMENT OF LEGAL EFFECT

- Clause 2: This clause amends section 183 of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, No.15 of 1979 (hereinafter referred to as the "principal enactment") and is consequential to the amendment made by clause 3.
- Clause 3: This clause amends the principal enactment by inserting new section 183A in that enactment, and the legal effect of the amendment is to make provisions to enable the prosecutor and an accused who is charged in the Magistrate's Court to enter into a plea agreement at any time before the sentence is passed.
- Clause 4: This clause amends section 195A of the principal enactment and is consequential to the amendment made by clause 6.
- Clause 5: This clause amends section 197 of the principal enactment and is consequential to the amendment made by clause 6.
- Clause 6: This clause amends the principal enactment by inserting new section 197 $\alpha$  in that enactment, and the legal effect of the amendment is to make provisions to enable the prosecutor and an accused who is charged in the High Court to enter into a plea agreement at any time before the sentence is passed.
- Clause 7: This clause amends the Second Schedule to the principal enactment and the legal effect of the amendment is to insert new Form No. 23 in that Schedule, in order to specify the format of the plea agreement submitted to the court for the purpose of entering into a plea agreement.

#### L. D.- O 24/2023

#### AN ACT TO AMEND THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ACT, No. 15 of 1979

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows: -

- 1. This Act may be cited as the Code of Criminal Short title Procedure (Amendment) Act, No. of 2024.
- 2. Section 183 of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, Amendment No. 15 of 1979 (hereinafter referred to as the "principal" of section enactment") is hereby amended by the repeal of the marginal  $\frac{100 \text{ of } 100}{\text{No. } 15 \text{ of}}$ following: -

note to that section and the substitution therefor of the 1979 "Plea of

10 guilty and sentencing without written plea 15 agreement".

> 3. The following new section is hereby inserted Insertion of immediately after section 183 of the principal enactment new section and shall have effect as section 183A of the principal principal enactment: -

enactment

183 of Act,

20 "Plea of guilty and sentencing with written plea agreement

- 183A. (1) A plea agreement may be entered into between the prosecutor and an accused who is charged in the Magistrates Court at any time before the sentence is passed, subject to the procedures specified in this section.
- (2) Where the parties to a case intend to negotiate a plea agreement under this section, the court shall be informed of the same:

(3) The prosecutor, the Attorney-at-Law for the accused, or the accused, may initiate the offer to enter into a plea agreement:

Provided that, the prosecutor shall maintain the sole discretion on whether or not to enter into a plea agreement with the accused.

- (4) If the accused is charged with an offence under the Schedule to the Prevention of Crimes Ordinance (Chapter 22), the Magistrate shall cause the accused to be fingerprinted and call for a fingerprint report.
- (5) Negotiations for a plea agreement shall be conducted between the prosecutor and the Attorney-at-Law representing the accused:

Provided that, where an accused who intends to enter into a plea agreement is not represented by an Attorney-at-Law, the court shall, assign an Attorney-at-Law to negotiate on behalf of the accused if the accused on being asked by the court, so requests.

(6) As part of the plea negotiation process, the prosecutor may meet with the Attorney-at-Law for the accused, to ascertain to the satisfaction of the prosecution, a complete description of the criminal conduct engaged in by the accused, and the details of criminal conduct engaged in by others, which the accused may provide as cooperation during the negotiation.

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(7) During the plea negotiations, the prosecutor shall-

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- (i) the victim;
- (ii) the Attorney-at-Law of the victim; or
- (iii) the National Authority for the Protection of Victims of Crimes and Witnesses established under the Assistance to and Protection of Victims of Crime and Witnesses Act, No. 10 of 2023,

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(a) consider the nature and the circumstances relating to the case, the impact of the commission of the offence on the victim, the personal circumstances of the accused, the interests of the public, and the value of any information provided by the accused including any cooperation provided by the accused as part of

(b) not use the information obtained from an accused during the course of plea negotiations against him during the prosecution of the case if the plea negotiations are ultimately

unsuccessful; and

the negotiation;

(c) afford-

a reasonable opportunity to make a written representation to the prosecution regarding the impact of the crime, unless the circumstances prevent such representation.

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(8) (a) A prosecutor and the accused or the Attorney-at-Law for the accused, may each make a specific recommendation to the court as to the sentence to be imposed and include the recommendation in writing in the final plea agreement.

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(b) Notwithstanding the recommendation of the parties, the court shall retain sole discretion in sentencing.

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(c) Where the prosecutor recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is more severe than the recommendation included in the plea agreement, the accused may withdraw the plea of guilty and set aside the plea agreement.

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(d) Where the accused recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is less severe than the recommendation in the plea agreement, the accused shall not be permitted to withdraw his plea of guilty on that ground alone.

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(e) Where the accused recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is less severe than the recommendation in the plea agreement, the prosecutor may recommend to the court any other appropriate sentence.

(9) (a) The prosecutor shall present the court with the factual basis of the plea set out in the plea agreement between the prosecutor and the accused by presenting the court with the final plea agreement at the hearing, where the accused pleads guilty in accordance with the terms of the plea agreement. The factual basis will be included in writing as part of the completed plea agreement.

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(b) The plea agreement submitted to the court shall be in the format specified in Form 23 in the Second Schedule.

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(c) Where the accused is a child, the plea agreement shall be signed by the child's parent or guardian.

(d) A plea agreement shall be finalized when the accused signs the agreement.

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(10) Upon being satisfied that the accused signed the plea agreement knowingly and voluntarily, the court may accept the plea agreement.

(11) Where the court accepts a plea agreement, the agreement shall become binding upon the parties and the court shall proceed to convict the accused accordingly.

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(12) An appeal shall not lie from a conviction imposed after the court has accepted the plea agreement and convicted the accused under subsection (11).

	(13) An appeal shall not lie from a sentence imposed by the court which falls within the range of punishment recommended by the parties in the plea agreement.
5	(14) Where the court rejects a plea agreement—
	(a) the reasons for such rejection shall be recorded and the parties shall be informed thereof; and
10	(b) the plea agreement shall become null and void and the parties shall not be bound by such agreement.
15	(15) Upon rejection, or withdrawal, of a plea agreement, fresh plea negotiations in a trial relating to the same facts may be considered with prior permission of the court.
20	(16) Where the court has rejected a plea agreement under this section, no party shall appeal against, or apply for a review of, the order of the court rejecting the agreement.
	(17) For the purposes of this section –
	"child" means, a person under eighteen years of age;
25	"prosecutor" shall have the same meaning assigned to such expression in subsection (1) of section 191 of this Code and includes the Director-General of the Commission to Investigate

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Allegations of Bribery or

Corruption established under the

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Anti-Corruption Act, No. 9 of 2023, an officer of such Commission authorized by the Commission or any other Attorney-at-Law specially authorized by such Commission to conduct the prosecution at a trial of an offence held in the Magistrate Court on a charge sheet.".

4. Section 195A of the principal enactment is hereby Amendment amended in paragraph (b) of subsection (3) thereof, by the of section substitution for the words "to a lesser offence;", of the words principal "to a lesser offence or whether he intends to negotiate for a enactment 15 plea agreement under section 197A;".

5. Section 197 of the principal enactment is hereby Amendment amended by the repeal of the marginal note to that section of section and the substitution therefor of the following: -

197 of the principal enactment

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"Plea of guilty and sentencing without written plea agreement".

6. The following new section is hereby inserted Insertion of 25 immediately after section 197 of the principal enactment and shall have effect as section 197A of that enactment: -

197<sub>A</sub> in the principal enactment

"Plea of guilty and sentencing 30 with written agreement

197A. (1) A plea agreement may be entered into between the prosecutor and an accused who is indicted in the High Court, at any time before the sentence is passed, subject to the procedures specified in this section.

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description of the criminal conduct engaged

in by the accused, and the details of criminal conduct engaged in by others, which the accused may provide as cooperation during the negotiation.

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(7) During the plea negotiations with the Attorney-at-Law representing the accused, the prosecutor shall-

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(a) consider the nature and the circumstances relating to the case, the impact of the commission of the offence on the victim, the personal circumstances of the accused, and the interests of the public, and the value of any information provided by the accused, including any cooperation provided by the accused as part of the negotiation;

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(b) not use the information obtained from an accused during the course of plea negotiations against him during the prosecution of the case if the plea negotiations are ultimately unsuccessful; and

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(c) afford-

- (i) the victim;
- (ii) the victim's Attorney-at-Law; or
- (iii) the National Authority for the Protection of Victims of

Crimes and Witnesses established under the Assistance to and Protection of Victims of Crime and Witnesses Act, No. 10 of 2023,

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a reasonable opportunity to make a written representation to the prosecution regarding the impact of the crime, unless the circumstances prevent such representation.

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(8) (a) A prosecutor and the accused person or his or her Attorney-at-Law may each make a specific recommendation to the court as to the sentence to be imposed and include the recommendation in writing in the final plea agreement.

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(b) Notwithstanding the recommendation of the parties, the court shall retain sole discretion in sentencing.

20

(c) Where the prosecutor recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is more severe than the recommendation included in the plea agreement, the accused person may withdraw his plea of guilty and set aside the plea agreement.

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(d) Where an accused has withdrawn the plea under paragraph (c), the Judge shall proceed to trial as if a conviction has not been entered.

(e) Where the accused person recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is less severe than the recommendation in the plea agreement the accused person shall not be 5 permitted to withdraw his or her plea of guilty on the ground alone. (f) Where the accused person recommends to the court the imposition of a sentence that is less severe than the recommendation in the plea 10 agreement, the prosecutor may recommend to the court any other appropriate sentence. (9) (a)) The prosecutor shall present the court with the factual basis of the plea set out in the plea agreement by presenting the court with the final plea agreement at the hearing, 15 where the accused person pleads guilty in accordance with the terms of the plea agreement. The factual basis shall be included in writing as part of the completed plea agreement. 20 (b) The plea agreement submitted to the court shall be in the format specified in Form 23 in the Second Schedule. (c) Where the accused is a child, the plea agreement shall be signed by the child's parent 25 or guardian.

(d) A plea agreement shall be finalized when

(10) Upon being satisfied that the accused

signed the plea agreement knowingly and voluntarily, the court may accept the plea

the accused signs the agreement.

agreement.

(11) Where the court accepts a plea agreement, the agreement shall become binding upon the parties and the court shall proceed to convict the accused accordingly.

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(12) An appeal shall not lie from a conviction imposed after the court has accepted the plea agreement and convicted the accused under subsection (11).

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- (13) An appeal shall not lie from a sentence imposed by the court which falls within the range of punishment recommended proposed by the parties in the plea agreement.
- (14) Where the court rejects a plea agreement-

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(a) the reasons for such rejection shall be recorded and the parties shall be informed thereof; and

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(b) the plea agreement shall become null and void and the parties shall not be bound by such agreement.

(15) Upon rejection, or withdrawal, of a plea agreement, fresh plea negotiations in a trial relating to the same charge and facts may be considered.

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(16) Where the court has rejected a plea agreement under this section, no party shall appeal against, or apply for a review of, the order of the court rejecting the agreement.

#### (17) For the purposes of this section –

"child" means, a person under eighteen years of age;

	"prosecutor" shall have the same
5	meaning assigned to such
	expression in section 193 of this
	Code and includes the Director-
	General of the Commission to
	Investigate Allegations of
10	Bribery or Corruption established
	under the Anti-Corruption Act,
	No. 9 of 2023, an officer of such
	Commission authorized by the
	Commission or any other
15	Attorney-at-Law specially
	authorized by such Commission
	to conduct the prosecution at a
	trial of an offence held in the High
	Court on an indictment signed by
20	the Director-General of such
	Commission.".

7. The Second Schedule to the principal enactment is Amendment hereby amended by the insertion immediately after Form 22 of the second Schedule to thereof, of the following new Form and shall have effect as the principal enactment 25 Form 23 of that Schedule: -

"No. 23

(Sections	183a	and	197a)
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D	EMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA
II	N THE COURT
C	ASE No
N	AME OF THE ACCUSED:
	PLEA AGREEMENT
	Section 183a/197a of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1979, the Accused,agrees
gui or	e Accused enters into this Plea Agreement and pleads lty freely, voluntarily, without threat, force, intimidation, coercion of any kind and without promise or benefit of kind, other than as contained herein.
	e Accused knowingly, voluntarily and truthfully admits facts contained herein.
3. The	e Accused pleads guilty to the offence of punishable under
whi	e Accused understands every element of the offence to ich the Accused is pleading guilty, and that the maximum nalty for that offense is

5. Upon acceptance by the Court, and fulfillment by the Accused of all terms and conditions of the Plea Agreement, the Prosecution agrees that the Accused will face no other charges from the investigation which led to the present indictment. 6. The Accused has been advised by his/her legal representative and the Court, of his/her Constitutional rights, including the right to trial, the right to examine and cross-examine witnesses, and the Accused being well informed, has knowingly and voluntarily waived these rights, including the right to appeal, and agrees to enter a plea of guilty as set forth in this Plea Agreement. 7. The Accused understands that the sentence to be imposed upon conviction on his/her plea of guilty is within the sole discretion of the Court. At sentencing, the prosecutor will recommend sentencing, the accused will recommend 8. The Accused understands and agrees no promises, agreements and conditions have been entered into regarding the charges herein other than those expressly set out in this Plea Agreement and none shall be entered into, or shall be binding upon the Accused and the Prosecution, unless expressly set forth herein, in writing. I plead guilty to the offences covered by this Plea Agreement, and every element set out in the Plea Agreement, which has been explained to me in a language I understand. I do this knowingly, freely and voluntarily, and without any threat, force, intimidation, or coercion of any kind. Accused: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_

8. In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala Sinhala text and the Tamil texts of this Act, the Sinhala text shall prevail. to prevail in case of

inconsistency

