# THE GAZETTE OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

Part II of March 24, 2017

**SUPPLEMENT** 

(Issued on 24.03.2017)



# FOREIGN EXCHANGE

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# **BILL**

to provide for the promotion and regulation of Foreign Exchange; to vest the responsibility for promoting and regulating Foreign Exchange in the Central Bank as the agent of the Government; to provide for the repeal of the Exchange Control Act (Chapter 423); and to provide for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

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## Foreign Exchange

L.D.O - 42/2003.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE PROMOTION AND REGULATION OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE; TO VEST THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROMOTING AND REGULATING FOREIGN EXCHANGE IN THE CENTRAL BANK AS THE AGENT OF THE GOVERNMENT; TO PROVIDE FOR THE REPEAL OF THE EXCHANGE CONTROL ACT (CHAPTER 423); AND TO PROVIDE FOR MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTAL THERETO.

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:-

1. This Act may be cited as the Foreign Exchange Act, Short title No. of 2017 and shall come into operation on such date as and date of the Minister may by Order published in the Gazette appoint (hereinafter referred to as "the appointed date").

2. (1) The Central Bank shall as the agent of the Central Bank Government, be responsible for implementing the provisions to be of this Act in order to ensure proper promotion and regulation for 10 of foreign exchange in Sri Lanka, in accordance with such implementation directions as may from time to time be issued in that behalf of the Act. under this section.

- (2) The Minister assigned the subject of the Central Bank may, from time to time, issue such directions as may be 15 necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Act and it shall be the duty of the Monetary Board to cause these directions to be carried out.
- 3. Where under any provision of this Act any power, Discharge of duty or function is authorized or required to be exercised, powers, 20 performed or discharged by the Central Bank, such power, functions by duty or function may be exercised, performed or discharged the Central by an officer or officers of the Central Bank designated for Bank. that purpose by the Monetary Board, subject to the direction and control of the Governor of the Central Bank.

2—PL 005130—475 (03/2017)

4. (1) (a) Every licensed commercial bank shall, Authorized immediately upon such bank being issued a license to carry dealers and on banking business under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988, dealers. be authorized by the Central Bank to act, subject to the provisions of section 9 as an authorized dealer to deal in foreign exchange.

- (b) Every licensed commercial bank which is on the appointed date carrying on banking business, shall subject to the provisions of section 9, be deemed to have been 10 authorized by the Central Bank, to act as an authorized dealer to deal in foreign exchange.
- (c) Every licensed specialised bank, immediately upon such bank being issued a license to carry on banking business under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988, may be authorized 15 by the Central Bank subject to the provisions of section 9, to deal in foreign exchange for the purposes specified in such authorization.
- (d) Every licensed specialised bank which is on the appointed date carrying on banking business, shall subject 20 to the provisions of section 9, be deemed to have been authorized by the Central Bank to deal in foreign exchange for the purposes specified in such authorization.
- (2) (a) The Central Bank may permit, subject to the provisions of section 9, any person, class or classes of persons 25 (hereinafter referred to as a "restricted dealer") not being an authorized dealer, to deal in foreign exchange within Sri Lanka for the purposes specified in the permit, subject to such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the Central Bank in that behalf.
- 30 (b) Every dealer in foreign exchange including Money changers or any other person other than licensed commercial banks or specialised banks, which are on the appointed date permitted to deal in foreign exchange, shall subject to the provisions of section 9, be deemed to have been permitted

by the Central Bank, to act as a restricted dealer to deal in foreign exchange for the purposes specified in such authorization.

- (c) The Central Bank may, subject to the provisions of section 9, grant special permission, to any person not being an authorized dealer or restricted dealer, to deal in foreign exchange within Sri Lanka for specific purposes as may be prescribed by the Minister by an Order published in the *Gazette* subject to such terms and conditions as may be specified in such Order.
- (3) Save as otherwise provided in this Act, no person in or resident in Sri Lanka shall deal in foreign exchange within or outside Sri Lanka, by any act which involves the conversion of Sri Lanka Rupees or assets within Sri Lanka15 to foreign exchange, otherwise than through an authorized dealer, or to the extent specified in the permit, through a restricted dealer.
  - 5. Any person in, or resident in, Sri Lanka who
    - (a) holds foreign exchange in a bank account in Sri foreign assets held or Lanka or outside Sri Lanka; or owned by a
    - (b) owns any foreign asset,

not being foreign exchange or a foreign asset-

- (i) derived from the conversion of Sri Lanka currency or the disposal or conversion of any financial or real assets within Sri Lanka; or
- (ii) derived by an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer from the business of dealing in foreign exchange,

may utilize such foreign exchange or foreign asset for making 30 of any payment for, or in respect of, any current or capital transaction of such person, within or outside Sri Lanka. Any

Foreign exchange or foreign assets held or owned by a person in or resident in Sri Lanka.

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such payment made from foreign exchange held by such person within Sri Lanka shall be made through an authorized dealer, or to the extent specified in the permit, through a restricted dealer.

6. (1) A person shall be entitled to deal in foreign Current 5 exchange for a current transaction of such person, through transaction. an authorized dealer or to the extent specified in the permit, through a restricted dealer.

- (2) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer may deal 10 in foreign exchange for a current transaction as a principal or as an intermediary.
- (3) Prior to dealing in foreign currency for a current transaction under subsection (1), an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer may request the person requiring foreign 15 exchange for such transaction to provide such information or produce such documents or make such declaration as is reasonably necessary, in order to satisfy himself that the requirement is in relation to a current transaction and is in conformity with any other laws regulating such transactions.
- 20 (4) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer shall refuse to deal in foreign exchange for a current transaction under subsection (1) where the request for information, documents or declaration in terms of subsection (3) relating to such transaction in not complied with or where the dealer is 25 satisfied that the requirement is not for a current transaction or is not in conformity with any other laws regulating such transactions.
- (5) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer refusing to deal in foreign exchange for a current transaction under 30 subsection (4) shall communicate his decision in writing together with the reasons therefor, if requested by the person requiring the foreign exchange subject to the provisions of section 9 of the Financial Transactions Reporting Act, No. 6 of 2006.

- (6) Any person aggrieved by the decision of an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer under subsection (4) may, within fourteen days after such decision is communicated to such person, appeal against such decision to the Central Bank and the Central Bank shall, after giving such person and the dealer a reasonable opportunity of being heard, affirm, vary or revoke such decision.
- 7. (1) The Minister shall in consultation with the Capital Monetary Board and with the approval of the Cabinet of transaction. 10 Ministers, authorize by regulations, the class or classes of capital transactions in foreign exchange for the purpose of this section.

- (2) In making regulations under subsection (1), the Minister shall have regard to -
- 15 (a) transactions required to be regulated in conformity with any treaty or agreement relating to international financial transactions to which the Government of Sri Lanka is a signatory;
- (b) the impact of such authorization on the monetary 20 policy of Sri Lanka and its stabilization.
- (3) The regulations published under subsection (1) may specify the limit up to which capital transactions may be authorized and the terms and conditions subject to which foreign exchange may be dealt with for the class or classes 25 of capital transactions, so authorized.
- (4) Without prejudice to the provisions of section 5, a person shall be entitled to deal in foreign exchange in respect of a capital transaction of such person, through an authorized dealer or to the extent specified in the permit, through a 30 restricted dealer, being capital transactions of a class or classes, which is or are authorized by regulations made under subsection (1).

- (5) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer may deal in foreign exchange for a capital transaction as a principle or an intermediary, being a transaction authorized by regulations made under subsection (1).
- (6) Prior to dealing in foreign exchange in respect of a capital transaction under this section, the authorized dealer or the restricted dealer may request the person requiring foreign exchange for such transaction, to provide such information or produce such documents or make such declaration as is reasonably necessary in order to satisfy himself that the requirement is in relation to a capital transaction authorized under subsection (1) and is in conformity with any other laws regulating such transactions.
- (7) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer shall refuse to deal in foreign exchange for a capital transaction under this section where a request for information, documents or a declaration is not complied with or where the dealer is satisfied that the requirement is not for a capital transaction authorized under subsection (1) or is not in conformity with 20 other laws regulating such transaction.
- (8) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer refusing to deal in foreign exchange in respect of a capital transaction under this section shall communicate his decision in writing together with the reasons therefor, if requested by the person requiring the foreign exchange subject to the provisions of section 9 of the Financial Transactions Reporting Act, No. 6 of 2006.
- (9) Any person aggrieved by the decision of an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer under subsection (7), may within 30 fourteen days after such decision is communicated to such person, appeal against such decision to the Central Bank, and the Central Bank shall, after giving such person and the dealer a reasonable opportunity of being heard, affirm, vary or revoke such decision.

- (10) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer shall not deal in foreign exchange for a capital transaction that is not authorized by regulations made under subsection (1) unless the Monetary Board taking into consideration the existence of any exceptional circumstances has granted approval for such capital transaction in accordance with such directions as may be issued by the Minister in conformity with the approvals made under subsection (1).
  - **8.** (1) A person in, or resident in, Sri Lanka shall –

Regulation of certain transaction.

(a) export from Sri Lanka or import into Sri Lanka, any foreign currency or Sri Lanka currency;

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(b) hold foreign exchange in his possession or in a bank account in Sri Lanka;

only for such purpose, up to such limits and subject to such terms and conditions, as may be prescribed by the Minister by an Order published in the *Gazette*.

- (2) A person in, or resident in, Sri Lanka shall acquire a foreign asset from foreign exchange derived from the conversion of Sri Lanka currency or the disposal or 20 conversion of an asset within Sri Lanka only for such purpose, up to such limits and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Minister by regulations made in that behalf.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the
  25 provisions of any other written law, any Sri Lankan citizen resident in Sri Lanka who remits to Sri Lanka any foreign exchange not falling under items (i) and (ii) of paragraph (b) of section 5 which have not been declared to the Commissioner General of Inland Revenue or the Head of the
  30 Department of Exchange Control before the appointed date and which are not the property obtained by the commission of an offence under the Prevention of Money Laundering

Act, No. 5 of 2006, Convention on the Suppression of Terrorist Financing Act, No. 25 of 2005 or the Bribery Act (Chapter 26) shall be liable to pay only a remittance fee to the Commissioner General of Inland Revenue at the rate as may be prescribed by regulation and shall not be subject to the payment of any other fee, tax, surcharge or levy:

Provided that any such person who remits to Sri Lanka foreign exchange held outside Sri Lanka and invests in a development bond issued by the Government of Sri Lanka 10 shall not be liable to pay the remittance fee or any other tax, surcharge or penalty.

- (4) There shall be no restriction on the repatriation of funds out of Sri Lanka remitted to Sri Lanka by any person in terms of subsection (3) of section 8.
- 9. (1) The Central Bank may from time to time, subject Guidelines 15 to informing the Minister issue guidelines and directions to and authorized dealers and restricted dealers engaging in current directions. transactions.

- (2) The Central Bank may from time to time subject to 20 the approval of the Minister issue guidelines and directions to authorized dealers and restricted dealers engaging in capital transactions.
- (3) The Central Bank may from time to time subject to the approval of the Minister issue guidelines and directions 25 to authorized dealers and restricted dealers engaging in transactions other than those referred to in subsections (1) and (2) relating to foreign exchange.
- (4) The Central Bank may from time to time subject to the approval of the Minister issue guidelines and directions 30 to any person, class or classes of persons not being an authorized dealer or restricted dealer, permitted to deal in foreign exchange within Sri Lanka under paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 4.

- (5) The Central Bank may for statistical and monitoring purposes, request an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer to furnish within such time as may be specified in such request, such information or returns in such form and manner in relation to any foreign exchange transaction engaged in by such dealer for a period of six years immediately prior to the date on which such request is communicated to such dealer.
- 10. (1) The Central Bank may, at any time, cause an Investigations investigation to be made, of foreign exchange transactions of foreign 10 or foreign assets of any authorized dealer or a restricted dealer transactions or any other person, class or classes of persons as the case and foreign may be, by a person authorized in writing by the Central assets. Bank (hereinafter referred to as an "authorized person") in that behalf.

- (2) It shall be the duty of every authorized dealer or a 15 restricted dealer or any other person, class or classes of persons -
  - (a) to permit an authorized person entry into any premises for the purposes of such investigation;
- 20 (b) to produce any books or other documents as may be required for the investigation by such authorized person;

- (c) to permit such authorized person to retain for such time as may be necessary such books and other documents or to take copies or extracts;
- (d) to appear before the authorized person when required to do so by such authorized person;
- (e) to furnish such statement or information in relation to the investigation within such time and in such 30 manner as the said authorized person may require;

- (f) not to furnish information under this section, which to the knowledge of such dealer is false.
- (3) Where an authorized person retains any book or document under subsection (2) the authorized person shall furnish to the person from whose custody or control such book or document was taken for detention, a copy of such book or document certified by such authorized person if a request for a copy is made by the person from whose custody or control such book or document was taken or the authorized person may without retaining original books or documents require the person to furnish true copies of such books or documents.
- (4) An authorized dealer or a restricted dealer or other person required to appear before the authorized person may15 be examined orally and any statement made by such dealer or person shall be reduced to writing and shall be signed by the dealer or person making the same.
- (5) For purposes of an investigation under subsection(1), the Central Bank or the authorized person may if the20 circumstances warrant, obtain the assistance of a police officer to prevent a breach of the peace, in the exercise of that right.
- (6) Where the Central Bank apprehends any resistance in the course of an investigation under subsection (1), the
  25 Central Bank may, on application made to a Magistrate's Court by a person authorized in that behalf by the Monetary Board, within whose jurisdiction such investigation is made, obtain an Order directing the authorized dealer or the restricted dealer or other person as the case may be whose
  30 foreign exchange transaction or foreign assets is or are being, or is or are to be, investigated, to appear before the authorized person or to produce such books or documents in the custody or control of such dealer or person as the Central Bank or the authorized person making the
  35 investigation may reasonably require for such investigation.

- (7) An application made under subsection (6) by a person authorized in that behalf by the Monetary Board shall contain—
- (a) the name and address of the authorized dealer or a restricted dealer or other person as the case may be whose foreign exchange transaction is being or is to be investigated;
  - (b) the address of the premises in which the investigation is to be made;
- 10 (c) the name of the authorized person making the investigation; and
  - (d) a prayer for an Order -

- (i) for the appearance of such dealer or person before the authorized person;
- 15 (ii) for the production of the books and documents to the Central Bank or the authorized person;
  - (iii) to refrain from obstructing the authorized person making an investigation under this section.
  - (8) (a) Court may, after considering an application made under subsections (6) and (7) make an Order prayed for under paragraph (d) of subsection (7) and such dealer or person shall comply with the Order forthwith.
- 25 (b) Any dealer or person who fails to comply with an Order of the court under paragraph (a) commits an offence and shall, on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees five hundred thousand.

- (c) Where the offence under paragraph (b) is a continuing offence, such dealer or person shall be liable to an additional fine of rupees hundred thousand for each day during which such offence continued.
- 5 **11.** (1) Where the Central Bank is satisfied that an Failure to authorized dealer or restricted dealer— comply w
  - (a) engages in any current transaction or capital the Act or transaction contrary to the provisions of this Act; any
- (b) engages in any dealing in relation to foreign assets contrary to the provisions of this Act;
  - (c) fails to comply with any guideline or direction issued issued under subsections (1), (2) and (3) of section 9 or any requirement under subsection (4) of section 9; or
- 15 (d) violates any provision of this Act or any regulation or Order made thereunder,

the Central Bank may, with the approval of the Minister, issue a notice directing any such authorized dealer or restricted dealer to comply with the provisions of this Act or 20 any regulation, Order, guideline or direction issued or made thereunder, within the period specified therein.

- (2) Where any authorized dealer or restricted dealer fails to act in accordance with the notice issued under subsection (1), the Central Bank may, temporarily suspend the authorization granted under subsection (1) of section 4 or paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 4 to deal in foreign exchange or the permit granted under paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 4.
- (3) The Central Bank may, where there is a temporary suspension under subsection (2), after an inquiry, giving the authorized dealer or restricted dealer a reasonable opportunity

Failure to comply with the provisions of the Act or any Regulation, Order, Directive, Guideline & c. made or issued thereunder.

of being heard and with the approval of the Monetary Board, revoke the authorization or permit granted under section 4.

- (4) The Central Bank may in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), without proceeding to revoke the authorization or the permit under subsection (3), after giving a reasonable opportunity of being heard and where it deems it appropriate taking into consideration all the relevant circumstance—
- (a) require an authorized dealer or restricted dealer who engages in any dealing in relation to foreign assets contrary to the provisions of this Act as referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1), to pay to the Central Bank within such time as may be specified in such requirement an amount not exceeding the amount or value of such foreign asset or any part thereof in foreign exchange or Sri Lanka currency together with such expenses incurred by the Central Bank for the detection and investigation of such transaction; or
- (b) impose a limitation on such authorized dealer or restricted dealer who has directly or indirectly been a party to the unauthorized transaction, from dealing in or engaging in current or capital transactions in relation to foreign exchange as the case may be, for a period not exceeding twelve months.
- (5) Where any other person, class or classes of persons, not being an authorized dealer or restricted dealer acts in violation of the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of subsection (1), the Central Bank may, with the approval of the Minister, after giving such person a reasonable opportunity of being heard, require such person in writing, to pay as a penalty a sum not exceeding rupees one million, within such time as may be specified in such requirement.

- (6) Where the Central Bank revokes an authorization or permit under subsection (3) or requires to pay the sum determined under paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) or imposes a limitation under paragraph (c) of subsection (4), the Central Bank shall communicate its decision or determination in writing together with its reasons therefor to such authorized dealer or restricted dealer.
- (7) (a) Where any authorized dealer or restricted dealer –
- 10 (i) aggrieved by a revocation of the authorization or permit under subsection (3);
  - (ii) aggrieved by the requirement to pay the sum determined under paragraph (a) of subsection (4); or
- 15 (iii) aggrieved by any limitation imposed under paragraph (b) subsection (4),

as the case may be, he may within thirty days after such decision or determination is communicated to such dealer, appeal against such revocation or determination to the Board 20 of Inquiry which shall determine such appeal in accordance with the procedure set out in section 13.

- (b) Where any person not being an authorized dealer or a restricted dealer, aggrieved by a penalty imposed under subsection (5), he may within thirty days after the
  25 requirement to pay such penalty is communicated to such person, appeal against such requirement to pay such penalty to the Board of Inquiry which shall determine such appeal in accordance with the procedure set out in section 13.
- (8) Subject to any Order made on an appeal under 30 subsection (7), the revocation of the authorization or the

permit under subsection (3) or any limitation imposed under subsection (4) shall, notwithstanding such appeal, take effect from the date the Order of revocation or limitation is made or imposed on the authorized dealer or restricted dealer, as the case may be.

- (9) Any sum paid to the Central Bank under paragraph (a) of subsection (4) or any penalty paid under subsection (5) shall be credited to the Consolidated Fund.
- 12. Every investigation and inquiry under section 11 Investigations 10 shall be concluded within a period of six months from the and Inquiries date of commencement of such investigation or inquiry unless an extension of time is obtained with the approval of within six the Minister.

months.

13. (1) The Minister shall appoint a Board of Inquiry to Board of 15 inquire into appeals made under paragraphs (a) and (b) Inquiry. subsection (7) of section 11.

- (2) The Board of Inquiry appointed under subsection (1) shall consist of the following persons appointed by the Minister:-
- 20 (a) a retired judge of the Supreme Court or of the Court of Appeal who shall be the Chairman of the Board; and
- (b) two persons who are conversant in matters relating to international financial or exchange transactions 25 and have had experience at a senior managerial level in the public or private sector and are of good standing and repute.
- (3) Every member of the Board of Inquiry shall, unless he vacates office earlier by death, resignation or removal, hold 30 office for a term of three years from the date of his appointment and unless he has been removed from office, be eligible for re-appointment.

- (4) A member of the Board of Inquiry shall be remunerated in such manner and at such rates as may be determined by the Minister.
- (5) A person shall be disqualified from being appointed 5 or continuing as a member of the Board of Inquiry if he—
  - (a) if he is, or becomes a member of Parliament or any Provincial Council or any local authority; or
  - (b) if he is not, or ceases to be a citizen of Sri Lanka; or
- (c) if he is under any law in force in Sri Lanka or in any other country found or declared to suffer from unsoundness of mind; or
  - (d) if he is serving or has served a sentence of imprisonment imposed by any Court in Sri Lanka or any other country; or
- 15 (e) if he has any financial or other interest as is likely to affect prejudicially the discharge by him of his functions as a member of the Board.
- (6) (a) Any member of the Board of Inquiry may, at any time resign from his office by letter to that effect addressedto the Minister and such resignation shall take effect upon such resignation being accepted by the Minister in writing.
  - (b) The Minister may with the reasons assigned therefor remove any appointed member.
- (c) In the event of any post of an appointed member of the
   Board of Inquiry being vacated by death, resignation, removal or the operation of the provisions of subsection (5), the Minister may appoint another person, having regard to the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) to hold such office for the unexpired period of term of office of the member
- 30 whom he succeeds.

- (d) If any appointed member of the Board of Inquiry is temporarily unable to perform the duties of his office during any period due to ill-health or absence from Sri Lanka or for any other cause, the Minister may appoint some other person to act in his place for unexpired period.
- (7) The Board of Inquiry shall within thirty days of the receipt of the appeal make its determination in respect of such matter.
- (8) Every Appellant shall appear before the Board of 10 Inquiry in person or with an authorized representative.
  - (9) After the hearing of an appeal, the Board of Inquiry may confirm, vary or reverse the decision appealed against.
- (10) The decision of the Board of Inquiry and the reasons therefor shall be in writing, be notified to the appellant and 15 the Board of Inquiry shall forward a report thereon to the Minister.
- 14. Where any person who is required to pay any sum Liability of of money or penalty to the Central Bank under section 11 or bodies 13 is a body corporate or unincorporated, every director, unincorporated. 20 member or partner of such body shall also be personally liable jointly and severally to pay such amount or value and expenses:

Provided that such director, member or partner shall not be liable to pay such amount or value if such person proves 25 that the act or omission incurring such liability was done or omitted to have been done without the knowledge of such person or that such person exercised due diligence to prevent such act or omission.

**15.** (1) (a) Where any person fails to pay any sum of Recovery of 30 money or penalty to the Central Bank under sections 11 or sums due to  $13, the\ Governor\ of\ the\ Central\ Bank\ shall\ cause\ a\ certificate \quad {}^{Government.}$ to be issued under his hand, setting out the sum of money required to be paid by such person.

- (b) The sum of money so certified shall be deemed to be a debt due from such person to the Government and may be recovered by the Central Bank by issuing a certificate to the District Court having jurisdiction in the district where the person resides.
- (c) Such certificate shall contain the particulars of the sum due and the name and place of residence as given in the authorization issued under section 4.
- (d) Court shall thereupon direct a writ of execution to be
   issued to the Fiscal authorizing and requiring him to seize and sell all the property movable and immovable of the defaulting person or such part thereof as the Court may deem necessary for recovery of the amount so due and the provisions of sections 226 to 297 of the Civil Procedure
   Code (Chapter 101) shall, *mutatis mutandis* apply to and in relation to such seizure and sale.
- (2) (a) Where the Central Bank is of the opinion that it is impracticable or inexpedient to recover the sum required to be paid under subsection (1) or where the full amount has not been recovered by the seizure and sale, then, the Central Bank may issue a certificate containing particulars of the sum so due and the name of the person and place of residence as given in the authorization issued under section 4 to the Magistrate having jurisdiction.
- (b) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon such person before him to show cause why further proceedings for the recovery of sum due under this Act should not been taken against him and in default of sufficient cause being shown, such sum shall be deemed to be a fine imposed by a sentence
  of the Magistrate on such person and the provisions of section 291 (except paragraphs (a), (d) and (i) of subsection (1) thereof of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, No. 15 of 1979), relating to the default of payment of a fine imposed for such an offence shall thereupon apply and Magistrate
  may make any direction, by the provisions of that subsection, he could have made at the time of imposing such sentence.

- (3) (a) The correctness of any statement in a certificate issued by the Central Bank for the purpose of this section shall not be called in question or examined by the court in any proceedings under this section and accordingly nothing 5 in this section shall authorize the court to consider or decide the correctness of any statement in such certificate and the Central Bank's certificate shall be sufficient evidence that the amount due under this Act from the defaulting person has been duly calculated and that such amount is in default.
- (b) The certificate shall be signed by the Governor of the Central Bank and shall be admissible in evidence in such action, without proof of signature and shall be prima facie proof of the matters stated therein.
- (4) Any sum recovered in an action under this section 15 shall be paid into the Consolidated Fund.
  - 16. Any permission, consent or authority granted under Provisions this Act may be -

permission, consent or authority.

- (a) general or special;
- (b) absolute or conditional;
- 20 (c) limited so as to expire on a specified date, unless renewed; and
  - (d) varied or revoked.
- 17. In any inquiry under section 13, the burden of Burden of proving that any authorized dealer, restricted dealer or any proof of 25 other person, class or classes of persons not being an authorized dealer or restricted dealer had obtained the permission of the Central Bank for doing the act or making the omission which constitutes the violation of the provisions of the Act or any regulation, Order, guideline or direction 30 issued or made thereunder shall be on such dealer, person or class or classes of persons.

permission.

18. In any inquiry under section 13 in relation to foreign Presumption currency, it shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, relating to that the currency in respect of which the dealing in foreign exchange in violation of the provisions of the Act or any regulation, Order, guideline or direction issued or made thereunder is alleged to have been committed is genuine.

19. In any Inquiry under section 13 or any prosecution Admissibility under section 10, any of the following documents may be of certain produced before the Board of Inquiry or Court and given in evidence against any authorised dealer, restricted dealer or any other person, class or classes of persons not being an authorized dealer or restricted dealer and shall be prima facie evidence of the matters, transactions and accounts therein contained -

- 15 (a) a certified copy of a banker's book or an extract thereof obtained from the manager or principal accountant of the bank:
- (b) a certified copy of any book or other record required by law to be maintained by a company or a certified 20 copy of any extract thereof, obtained from a director or secretary of the company; and
  - (c) a certified copy of any document or of an extract thereof in the proper custody of an officer of a foreign Government, and obtained from such officer.
- 25 20. No person shall be liable in any suit or other legal Indemnity proceedings for any act done, or purporting to be done, in good faith in pursuance of the powers conferred by or under this Act, or for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act.

in good faith.

21. (1) Except in the performance of his duties under Duty of this Act, every officer or servant of the Department of officers and Exchange Control of the Central Bank shall preserve, and servants to maintain aid in preserving, secrecy with regard to all matters that may secrecy.

come to his knowledge in the performance of his duties under this Act, and any such officer or servant who communicates any such matter to any person other than –

- (a) the person, class or classes of persons to whom that
   matter relates or an authorized representative of such person, class or classes of persons;
  - (b) the Monetary Board;

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- (c) the Governor of the Central Bank or an officer of the Department of Exchange Control of the Central Bank authorized by the Governor to obtain information regarding that matter;
  - (d) the Secretary of the Ministry of the Minister assigned the subject of Finance;
- (e) a public officer authorized by the Minister to obtain information regarding that matter; or
  - (f) a person to whom it is necessary to communicate that matter for the purpose of securing compliance with, or detecting evasion of, any provision of this Act, or any other written Law,
- 20 or suffers or permits any unauthorized person to have access to any book, papers or records of the aforesaid Department or in the possession or custody, or under the control, of the head of that Department, commits an offence.
- (2) No officer or servant of the Department of Exchange 25 Control shall, in any legal proceedings to which the Monetary Board is not a party be compellable except by Order of the Court to produce any book or document or to divulge or communicate any matter coming under his notice in the performance of his duties under this Act.

22. (1) Where the Monetary Board advises the Minister Preservation that in the opinion of the Board, remittances of foreign of financial exchange into or out of Sri Lanka constitute a potential threat to the financial stability of Sri Lanka, the Minister may, with the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers and notwithstanding the provisions of sections 5, 6, 7 and 8 of this Act, by Order published in the Gazette, take such steps as may be necessary to restrict or regulate remittances of foreign exchange into or out of Sri Lanka, for such period 10 not exceeding six months from the date of such Order.

stability.

- (2) An Order under subsection (1) shall be communicated forthwith to Parliament and unless Parliament determines otherwise, shall be valid for the period specified in such Order.
- 15 (3) The Minister may with the approval of Parliament, by Order published in the Gazette, extend from time to time, the period of validity of an Order made under subsection (1) however that the period of such extensions shall not in the aggregate exceed twelve months.
- 20 23. (1) Any expenses incurred by the Central Bank in Expenses in any suit or prosecution brought by or against it before any suit or court, shall be paid out of the Consolidated Fund and any costs paid to or recovered by the Central Bank in any such out of the suit or prosecution shall be credited to the Consolidated Consolidated 25 Fund.

prosecution

(2) Expenses incurred by the employees of the Central Bank in any suit or prosecution brought against such person before any court or tribunal in respect of any act which is done or purported to be done by such person under this Act 30 or any other written law or on the direction of Central Bank shall, if that act was done in good faith, be paid out of the Consolidated Fund, unless such expenses are recoverable by such person in any suit or proceedings.

(1) It shall be an implied condition in any contract, Contracts. entered into, by virtue of the provisions of this Act, the permission or consent of the Central Bank is at the time of the contract required for the performance of any term thereof, that terms should not be performed except in so far as the permission or consent is given or permission or consent is not required:

Provided that the preceding provisions of this subsection shall not apply to that term in so far as the application of 10 those provisions to that term is inconsistent with the intention of the parties to that contract, whether by reason of their having contemplated the performance of that term despite the provisions of this Act, or for any other reason.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything in the Bills of Exchange 15 Ordinance (Chapter 82), neither the provisions of this Act, nor any condition, whether express or implied having regard to those provisions, that any payment shall not be made without the permission of the Central Bank under this Act, shall be deemed to prevent any instrument being a bill of 20 exchange or promissory note under the said Ordinance.
- 25. Where the provisions of any other written law impose Obligations an obligation in respect of the doing of any act and the under other permission or consent of the Central Bank is, by virtue of written laws. that Act is required for the discharge of the obligation, it 25 shall be an implied condition of the obligation that it shall not be discharged except in so far as the permission or consent is given or is not required.

- 26. The Schedule to this Act may from time to time in Amendment the interest of the national economy be amended, altered or of Schedules 30 varied by Resolution of Parliament.
  - 27. Where any regulation or Order made under this Act Publication is required to be published in the Gazette, it shall be published of Orders in once in three daily newspapers in the Sinhala, Tamil and daily English languages.

Resolution of Parliament. newspapers.

- **28.** (1) The Minister may make regulations in respect of Regulations. all matters which are required by this Act to be prescribed or in respect of which regulations are required or authorized to be made under this Act.
- 5 (2) Every regulation made under subsection (1) shall be published in the *Gazette* and shall come into operation on the date of publication or on such later date as may be specified therein.
- (3) Every regulation made under subsection (1) shall, 10 within six months from the date of its publication in the *Gazette* be placed before Parliament for approval. Every regulation which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded as from the date of disapproval, but without prejudice to anything previously done there under.
- 15 (4) Notification of the date on which any regulation is deemed to be so rescinded shall be published in the *Gazette*.
  - **29.** (1) The Exchange Control Act (Chapter 423) is Repeal and hereby repealed. Savings.
    - (2) Notwithstanding the repeal of the aforesaid Act-
- 20 (a) all suits, actions and proceedings instituted under the repealed Act and pending on the day immediately prior to the appointed date, shall, with effect from the appointed date, be deemed to be such actions and proceedings instituted under this Act; and
  - (b) all investigations and inquiries instituted under the repealed Act and pending on the day immediately prior to the appointed date, shall, with effect from the appointed date, be deemed to be investigations and inquiries instituted under this Act and shall be concluded within a period of six months from the appointed date.

# **30.** (1) For the purpose of this Act -

Currency, securities etc.

- (a) "currency" includes coins, currency notes, postal orders, money orders, cheques, drafts, travelers' cheques, letters of credit, bills of exchange, promissory notes, other electronic fund transfer cards and digital currency;
- (b) "securities" means shares, stock, bonds, debentures, units under a unit trust scheme or of any mutual fund.

(2) The Central Bank may, by Notification published in the Gazette, specify any other instrument in relation to currency or securities which is not specified in this section.

(3) For the purpose of sections 4, 5 and 8 "a person resident 15 in Sri Lanka" means such person as is determined by the Minister by Order published in the Gazette.

31. In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala text Sinhala and Tamil texts of this Act the Sinhala text shall to prevail in prevail.

case of inconsistency.

20 **32.** In this Act unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.

> "asset" means any movable or immovable property of any class or description whatsoever;

"authorized dealer" means a bank licensed under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988 authorized under section 4 to act as authorized dealer;

"capital transaction" means a transaction which is not a current transaction within the meaning of this Act;

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"Central Bank" means the Central Bank of Sri Lanka established by section 5 of the Monetary Law Act (Chapter 420);

"current transaction" means any international transaction necessitating a transfer of foreign exchange into or from Sri Lanka, and referred to in paragraph (d) of Article XXX of the Articles

of the International Monetary Fund set out in

"Commissioner General of Inland Revenue" means the Commissioner General of Inland Revenue within the meaning of Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006:

the Schedule to this Act;

- "foreign asset" means any movable or immovable
  property outside Sri Lanka of any class or
  description whatsoever and without prejudice
  to the generality of the preceding provisions of
  this definition, includes foreign exchange,
  foreign currency, foreign securities and foreign
  bank accounts;
  - "foreign currency" means any currency other than Sri Lankan currency;
  - "Foreign Currency Account" means a foreign currency account in a licensed bank which is authorized to deal in foreign exchange;
    - "foreign exchange" means foreign currency and includes
      - (a) deposits, credits and balances payable in foreign currency;
- 30 (b) drafts, travelers' cheques, letters of credit and bills of exchange drawn in Sri Lanka and payable outside Sri Lanka in foreign currency;

(c)	drafts, travelo	ers' cheque	es, let	ters	of credit
	and bills of exchange drawn outside				tside Sri
	Lanka but	payable	in S	ri l	Lankan
	currency;				

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- (d) any document or instrument of a type customarily employed for international transfers of funds.
- "foreign exchange dealings" includes accepting, buying, selling, borrowing and lending of foreign exchange and exchange to any other foreign currency;
  - "foreign security" means a security denominated or expressed in foreign currency and issued outside Sri Lanka;
- 15 "licensed bank" means a licensed commercial bank or a licensed specialized bank;
  - "licensed commercial bank" means a bank licensed under subsection (4) of section 2 of the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988;
- 20 "licensed specialized bank" means a bank licensed under subsection (3) of section 76A of the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988;
  - "Monetary Board" means the Monetary Board of the Central Bank of Sri Lanka;
- 25 "permit" means a permit granted to a restricted dealer under paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 4;
  - "person" means any natural or legal person including partnerships;

"person resident outside Sri Lanka" means a person who is not a resident in Sri Lanka;

"Sri Lankan currency" means currency which is expressed or drawn in Sri Lanka rupees.

### SCHEDULE

(section 5, 6 and 32)

International Monetary Fund

Articles on Agreement

#### ARTICLE XXX

### EXPLANATION OF TERMS

- (d) Payments for current transactions means payments which are not for the purpose of transferring capital assets, and includes, without limitation—
  - all payments due in connection with foreign trade, other current business, including services, and normal short term banking and credit facilities;
  - (2) payments due as interest on loans and as net income from other investments;
  - (3) payments of moderate amount for amortization of loans or for depreciation of direct investments; and
  - (4) moderate remittances for family living expenses.

The Fund may, after consultation with the members concerned, determine whether certain specific transactions are to be considered current transactions or capital transactions.

Annual subscription of English Bills and Acts of the Parliament Rs. 885 (Local), Rs. 1,180 (Foreign), Payable to the Superintendent, Government Publications Bureau, Department of Government Information, No. 163, Kirulapona Mawatha, Polhengoda, Colombo 05 before 15th December each year in respect of the year following.