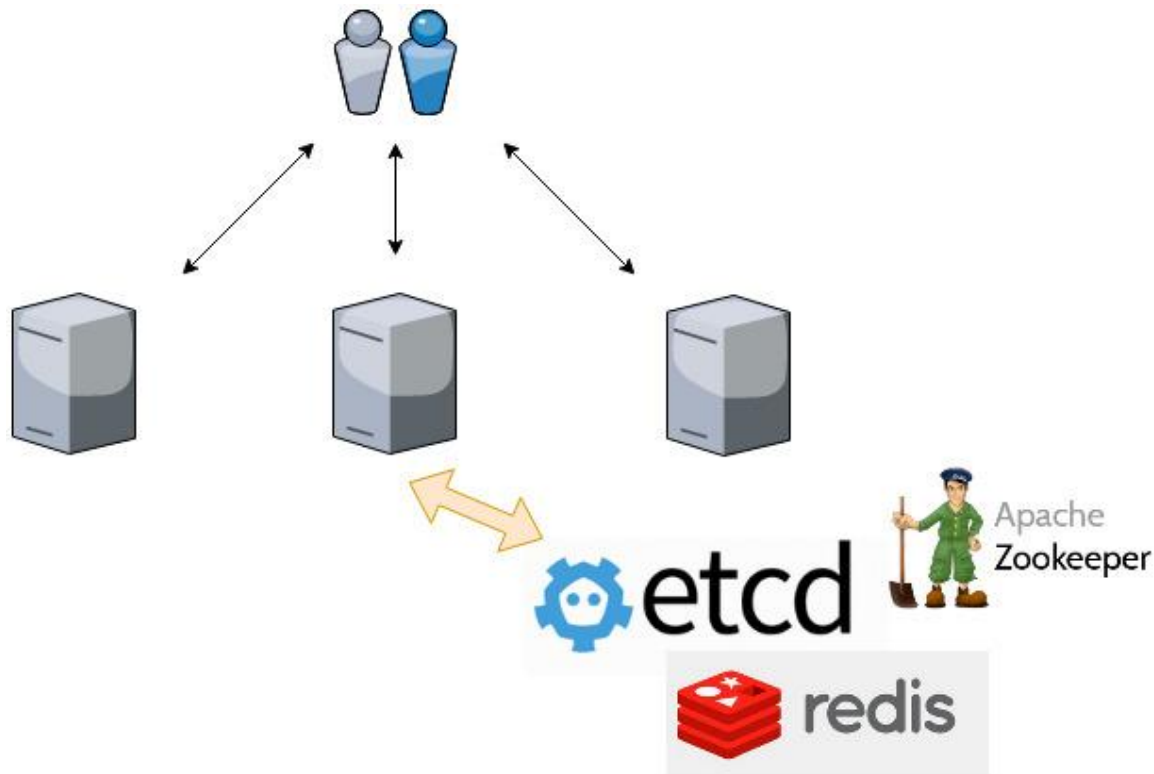


El rumor de que Python es eventualmente rapido

Token bucket, Gossip, CRDT

A dark blue diagonal gradient bar that starts from the bottom left and extends towards the top right, covering the lower half of the slide.

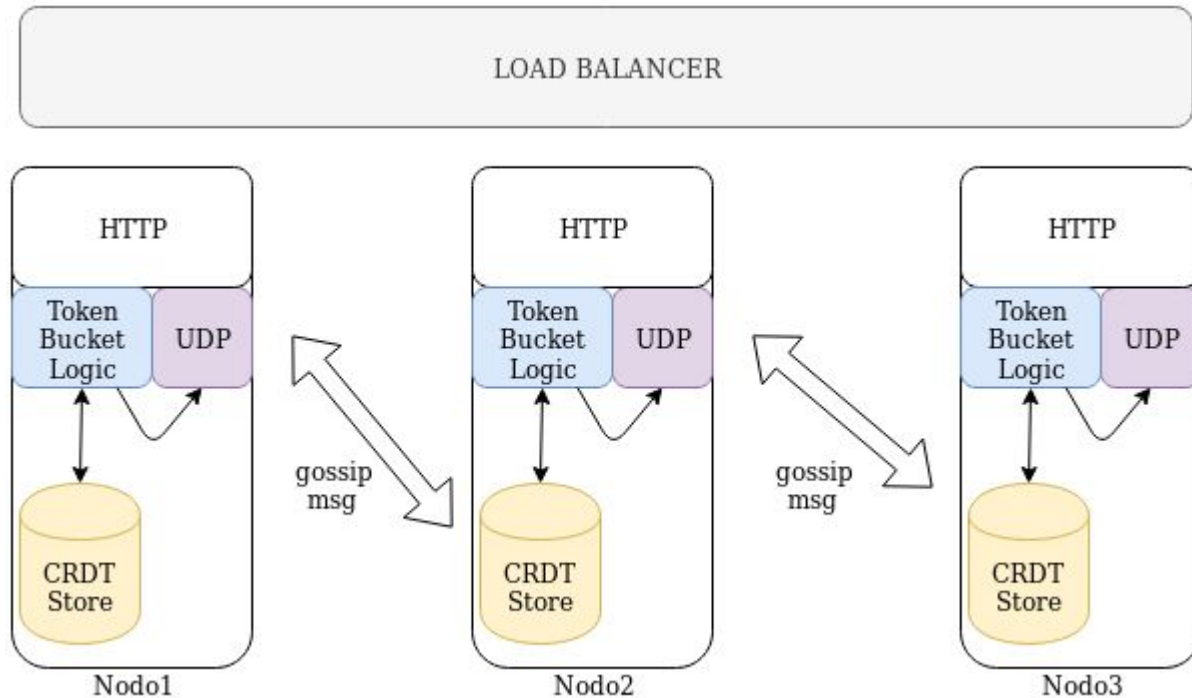
Primera idea



Segundo intento

Tres algoritmos

- Gossip
- CRDT (conflict-free replicated data types)
- Token Bucket



cantly different from previous releases. Get the stable docs here: [4.5](#).

Rate limiting - kombu.utils.limits

Token bucket implementation for rate limiting.

`class kombu.utils.limits.TokenBucket(fill_rate, capacity=1)` [\[source\]](#)

Token Bucket Algorithm.

See also:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Token_Bucket

Most of this code was stolen from an entry in the ASPN Python Cookbook:

<https://code.activestate.com/recipes/511490/>

Warning:

Thread Safety: This implementation is not thread safe. Access to a *TokenBucket* instance should occur within the critical section of any multithreaded code.

```

3 class TokenBucket(object):
4     """An implementation of the token bucket algorithm.
5
6     >>> bucket = TokenBucket(80, 0.5)
7     >>> print bucket.consume(10)
8     True
9     >>> print bucket.consume(90)
10    False
11    """
12    def __init__(self, tokens, fill_rate):
13        """tokens is the total tokens in the bucket. fill_rate is the
14        rate in tokens/second that the bucket will be refilled."""
15        self.capacity = float(tokens)
16        self._tokens = float(tokens)
17        self.fill_rate = float(fill_rate)
18        self.timestamp = time()
19
20    def consume(self, tokens):
21        """Consume tokens from the bucket. Returns True if there were
22        sufficient tokens otherwise False."""
23        if tokens <= self._tokens:
24            self._tokens -= tokens
25        else:
26            return False
27        return True
28
29    def get_tokens(self):
30        if self._tokens < self.capacity:
31            now = time()
32            delta = self.fill_rate * (now - self.timestamp)
33            self._tokens = min(self.capacity, self._tokens + delta)
34            self.timestamp = now
35        return self._tokens
36    tokens = property(get_tokens)

```

Token bucket implementacion en python 36 lineas de codigo

CRDT / GCounter

```
2
3 class GCounter(object):
4     def __init__(self, i, peers):
5         self.i = i # server id
6         self.peers = peers
7         self.peers.append(i)
8         self.xs = { key:0 for key in self.peers}
9
10    def query(self):
11        return sum(self.xs.values())
12
13    def add(self, x):
14        assert x >= 0
15        self.xs[self.i] += x
16
17    def merge(self, c):
18        #zipped = zip(self.xs.values(), c.xs.values())
19        #self.xs = [max(x, y) for (x, y) in zipped]
20        inter = set(self.xs) & set(c.xs)
21        for i in inter:
22            self.xs[i] = max(self.xs[i], c.xs[i])
```

Demo

Gracias!

Links y contacto:

- Repo
<https://github.com/nuxion/simplepy>
- <http://archagon.net/blog/2018/03/24/data-laced-with-history/>
- https://mwhittaker.github.io/consistency_in_distributed_systems/3_crdt.html
- <https://code.activestate.com/recipes/511490/>

Telegram: @xpetit / Twitter: @xpetitde