



# **Scowin API's MICROSERVICES**

**By**

**V Nikhil Kumar & Sapti Sunil**

# CONTENTS

<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>MICROSERVICES DESIGN</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>DESIGN PATTERNS</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>COMMUNICATION WITH SERVICES</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>GITHUB LINK &amp; EXECUTION INSTRUCTIONS</b>	<b>7</b>

---

## Introduction

We have developed an application for Vaccination tracker for Schools, we have created it for selected User Stories for one of the primary actors - School Coordinator. We have implemented three microservices, Student Module, Vaccination Module and Vaccination Reports Module. In the student module we are able to add/edit students, get the student details. In the vaccination module we can add new vaccination details of the students and even edit them. In the Vaccination Report module we can get the details of students along with details of their vaccination.

## Technical Implementation

To develop APIs we have used Python Django for Student Module and Vaccination Module, For Vaccination Report we have used Flask. Used Postgres DB for Database storage for Student and Vaccination Module. RabbitMQ is used to communicate between the microservices. Docker is used to containerize the application and to expose the APIs to end users using NGINX as a gateway. As there are many docker containers used docker-compose to integrate all the docker containers. Used Postman to test the APIs.

## Microservices for end-users

### Student Microservices :

This microservice provides users with the data respective to student details and ability to create/edit/delete students.

GET - <http://localhost/students/students> - To get details of the students

POST - <http://localhost/students/students> - To create students

PUT - <http://localhost/students/students/{id}> - To edit student details

### Vaccine Microservices :

This microservice provides users with the data respective to vaccination details and ability to create/edit/delete vaccination for users

GET - - To get the vaccination details

POST - <http://localhost/vaccination/student-vaccination> - To vaccinate students

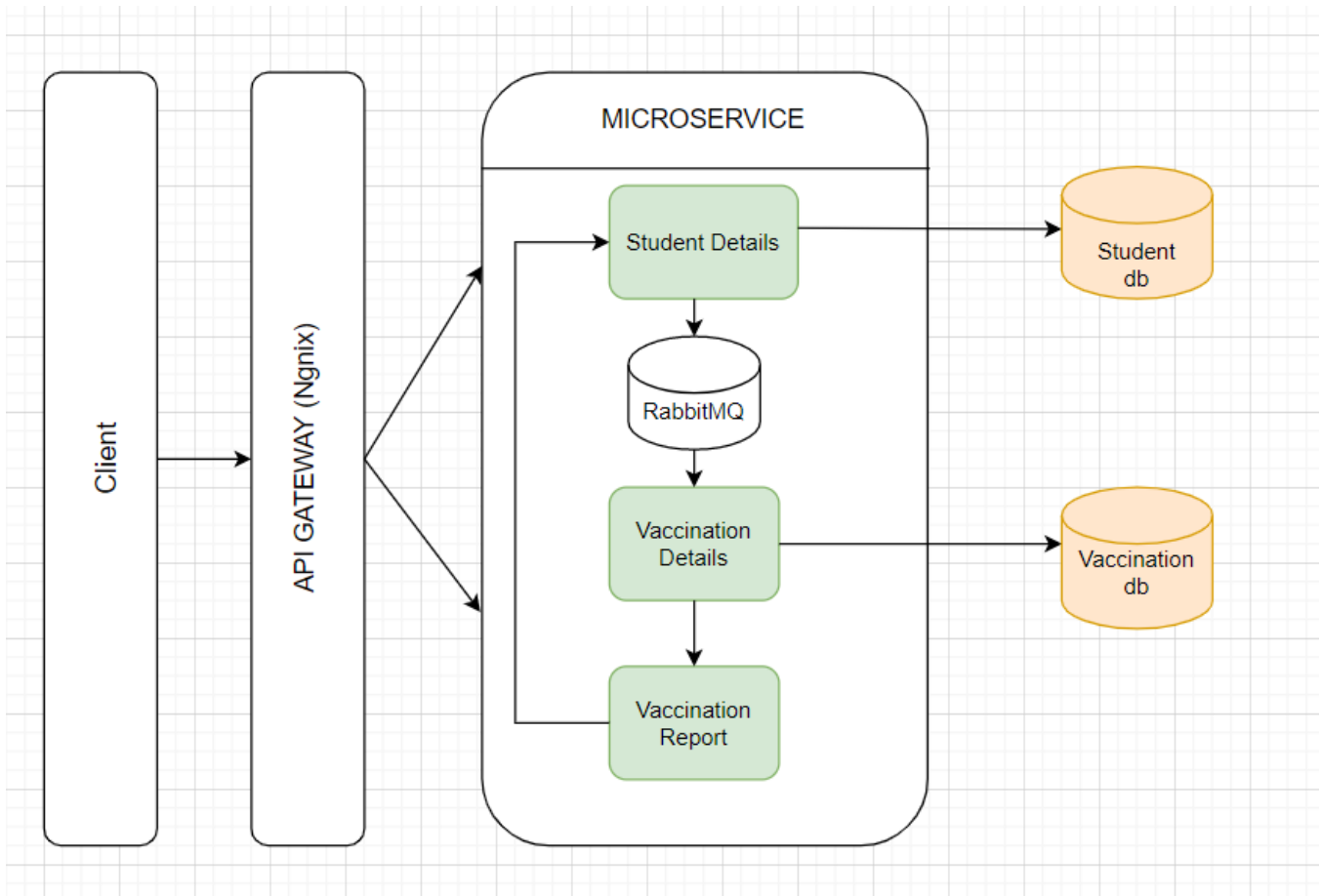
### Vaccination Report Microservices :

This microservice provides users with the data respective to student details along with their vaccination details

GET - <http://localhost/reports/> - To get the vaccination details along with students details

---

## Microservices Architecture



The client requests are handled by API Gateway(Ngnix). Ngnix sends the request to the corresponding microservice based on the configuration. We have different microservices namely Student Details, Vaccination Details and Vaccination Report. Here the communication between the student detail container and vaccination detail container is done using RabbitMQ. RabbitMQ is a messaging broker an intermediary for messaging. Vaccination Report interacts with the vaccination details and student details microservices to get the data required by the users.

---

## Design Patterns

### Decomposition Pattern :

#### Decompose by sub domain

To decompose the application into different microservices we have user Decompose by sub domain pattern, as in the school system sub-domains might be required at multiple places and the same Microservices can be used there. eg: Students Microservice can be used in Library Application, Accounting Application.

### Integration Pattern :

#### API Gateway Pattern

API Gateway is the single point of entry for any microservice call. It can work as a proxy service to route a request to the concerned microservice. So that the end users don't have to worry about the different microservices we used this pattern.

#### API Composition Pattern

When breaking the business functionality into several microservices, it becomes necessary to think about how to merge the data returned by each service. For this case we have used an API composition pattern to integrate data from different microservices to show it to end users.

### Database Pattern :

#### Database per service Pattern

To make the services loosely coupled, to make them independent we use this pattern.

#### Saga Pattern

Using the Choreography Saga pattern we can asynchronously communicate between different microservices to take an action based on an event.

## Communication with services

To communicate between student and vaccination microservices we have used RabbitMQ asynchronous messaging queue and used subscribers and publishers to do respective actions based on the messages. Used Django ORM to communicate with postgresDB. In Vaccination Reports to communicate with different APIs in the other Docker Container within the same network, we have used docker-name to communicate.

## Github Link & Execution Instructions

- GIT Repository <https://github.com/nvallore/scowin-microservices>
- Install Docker and start it
- Clone the GitHub repository
- Open the terminal and navigate to the repository folder
- Run command  
\$ docker-compose build

[illegible]

- Then run  
\$ docker-compose up

```
student.StudentInfo {fields:w122} "max_length" is ignored when used with IntegerField.  
      HINT: Remove "max_length" from field  
  
vaccination-backed_1  
No changes detected  
vaccination-backed_1 No changes detected  
system check identified some issues:  
  
WARNINGS:  
student.StudentInfo {fields:w122} "max_length" is ignored when used with IntegerField.  
      student.Remove "max_length" from field  
System check identified some issues!  
  
vaccination-backed_1  
WARNINGS:  
student.Studen vaccination.StudentVaccination: (models.w047) Auto-created primary key used when not defining a primary key type, by default 'id' will be added.  
HINT: Configure the DEFAULT_AUTO_FIELD setting or the StudentVaccinationConfig.default_auto_field attribute to point to a subclass of BaseModel, e.g., django.db.models.BigAutoField.  
Operations performed:  
    Apply all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, sessions, student  
Running migrations:  
    Applying all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, sessions, studentVaccination  
No migrations to perform.  
Applying all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, sessions, studentVaccination  
Running migrations:  
    No migrations to apply.  
Matching for file changes with StatReloader  
Performing system checks...  
  
vaccination-backed_1 Matching for file changes with StatReloader  
vaccination-backed_1 Performing system checks...  
  
vaccination-backed_1 System check identified some issues:  
  
WARNINGS:  
student.Studen vaccination.StudentVaccination: (models.w047) Auto-created primary key used when not defining a primary key type, by default 'id' will be added.  
HINT: Configure the DEFAULT_AUTO_FIELD setting or the StudentVaccinationConfig.default_auto_field attribute to point to a subclass of BaseModel, e.g., django.db.models.BigAutoField.  
System check identified 1 issue (8 silenced).  
System check identified some issues:  
  
WARNINGS:  
student.StudentInfo {fields:w122} "max_length" is ignored when used with IntegerField.  
      HINT: Remove "max_length" from field  
  
vaccination-backed_1  
System check identified 1 issue (8 silenced).  
May 29, 2022 - 11:21:23  
Django version 4.0.2, using settings 'vaccination.settings'  
Starting development server at http://0.0.0.0:8080/  
Quit the server with CONTROL-C.
```