

Image Denoising - Homework 3

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{8.4)} \quad \boxed{MSE} &= E[\|P - \hat{P}\|^2] = \int P(P) \|P - \hat{P}\|^2 dP \\ &= \int \left(\int P(P|\tilde{P}) P(\tilde{P}) d\tilde{P} \right) \|P - \hat{P}\|^2 dP \\ &= \boxed{\int P(\tilde{P}) \int P(P|\tilde{P}) \|P - \hat{P}\|^2 d\tilde{P} dP} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{8.5)} \quad MMSE(\tilde{P}) = E[\|P - \hat{P}\|^2 / \tilde{P}] = \int P(P|\tilde{P}) \|P - \hat{P}\|^2 dP$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial MMSE(\tilde{P})}{\partial \hat{P}} &= \int P(P|\tilde{P}) \frac{\partial \|P - \hat{P}\|^2}{\partial \hat{P}} dP \\ &= -2 \int P(P|\tilde{P}) (P - \hat{P}) dP \end{aligned}$$

Setting the derivative to zero we get

$$\int P(P|\tilde{P}) P dP = \int P(P|\tilde{P}) \hat{P} dP$$

$$\int P(P|\tilde{P}) P dP = \hat{P} \underbrace{\int P(P|\tilde{P}) dP}_{=1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{P} = \int P(P|\tilde{P}) P dP$$

$$\boxed{\hat{P} = \int \frac{P(\tilde{P}|P) P(P)}{P(\tilde{P})} P dP}$$

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8.1) $\tilde{P} = P + N$

noisy patch clean patch noise

$$\text{Cov}(\tilde{P}) = E[\tilde{P}\tilde{P}^T] - E[\tilde{P}]E[\tilde{P}]^T$$

$$E[\tilde{P}] = E[P] = \bar{P} \text{ by definition of } \bar{P}$$

$$E[\tilde{P}\tilde{P}^T] = E[(P+N)(P+N)^T] = E[PP^T] + E[NN^T] = \sigma^2 I$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\text{Cov}(\tilde{P}) = E[PP^T] + \sigma^2 I - E[P]E[P]^T} \\ = \boxed{\text{Cov}(P) + \sigma^2 I}$$

8.3) $\hat{P} - \bar{P} = (C_{\tilde{P}} - \sigma^2 I)(C_{\tilde{P}}^{-1}(\tilde{P} - \bar{P}))$, $C_{\tilde{P}} = U\Lambda U^T$ (SVD)

a)
$$\begin{aligned} &= (U\Lambda U^T - \sigma^2 I)U\Lambda^{-1}U^T(\tilde{P} - \bar{P}) \\ &= (U\Lambda - \sigma^2 U)U^T U\Lambda^{-1}U^T(\tilde{P} - \bar{P}) \\ &= U(\Lambda - \sigma^2 I)\Lambda^{-1}U^T(\tilde{P} - \bar{P}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow U^T(\hat{P} - \bar{P}) = \underbrace{(\Lambda - \sigma^2 I)\Lambda^{-1}}_{= D \text{ diagonal s.t. } D_{ii} = \frac{\lambda_i^2 - \sigma^2}{\lambda_i^2}} U^T(\tilde{P} - \bar{P})$$

$\Rightarrow D$ applies a linear shrinkage of the principal components based on the noisy patch $\tilde{P} \rightarrow$ empirical Wiener

b) Analogously $U_1^T(\hat{P}_2 - \bar{P}^1) = \underbrace{(\Lambda_1 - \sigma^2 I)\Lambda_1^{-1}}_{D \text{ diagonal s.t. } D_{ii} = \frac{\lambda_i^2 - \sigma^2}{\lambda_i^2}} U_1^T(\tilde{P} - \bar{P}^1)$

where $C_{\tilde{P}^1} = U_1\Lambda_1 U_1^T$

$\Rightarrow D_2$ applies a linear shrinkage of the principle components based on the previous step output \rightarrow overdo Wiener

Note that this operators work directly on the principal components domain and the classical Wiener filter in the frequency domain