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MySQL UPDATE Query with Example

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What is the UPDATE Query?

UPDATE MySQL command is used to modify rows in a table. The update command can be used to update a single field or multiple fields at the same time. It can also be used to update a MySQL table with values from another table.

MySQL Update Command Syntax

The basic syntax of the Update query in MySQL is as shown below.

```
UPDATE `table name` SET `column name` = `new value' [WHERE condition];
```

HERE

- UPDATE `table_name` is the command that tells MySQL to update the data in a table .
- SET `column_name` = `new_value' are the names and values of the fields to be affected by the update query. Note, when setting the update values, strings data types must be in single quotes. Numeric values do not need to be in quotation marks. Date data type must be in single quotes and in the format 'YYYY-MM-DD'.
- [WHERE condition] is optional and can be used to put a filter that restricts the number of rows affected by the UPDATE MySQL query.

Update in MySQL Example

Let's now look at a practical example that updates data in the members table. Let's suppose that our member's membership numbers 1 and 2 have the following updates to be made to their data records.

Membership number	Updates required
1	Changed contact number from 999 to 0759 253 532
2	Change the name to Janet Smith Jones and physical address should be updated to Melrose 123

We will start with making updates for membership number 1 before we make any updates to our data, let's retrieve the record for membership number 1. The script shown below helps us to do that.

```
SELECT * FROM `members` WHERE `membership_number` = 1;
```

Executing the above script gives us the following results.

membership_number	full_names	gender	date_of_birth	physical_address	postal_address	contct_number
1	Janet Jones	Female	21-07-1980	First Street Plot No 4	Private Bag	999

Let's now update the contact number using the script shown below.



Executing the above script updates the contact number from 999 to 0759 253 532 for membership number 1. Let's now look at the record for membership number 1 after executing the update script.

```
SELECT * FROM `members` WHERE `membership number` = 1;
```

Executing the above script gives us the following results.

membership_number full_names gender date_of_birth physical_address postal_address contct_number

1	Janet Jones	Female	21-07-1980	First Street Plot No 4	Private Bag	0759 253 542

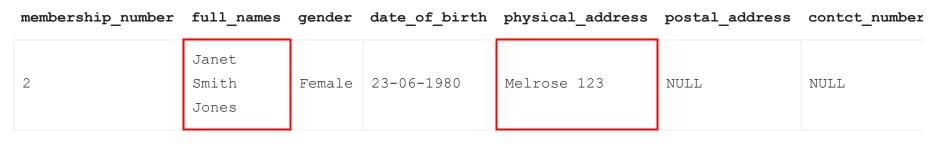
Let's now look at the updates required for membership number 2.

membership_number	full_names	gender	date_of_birth	physical_address	postal_address	contct_number
2	Smith Jones	Female	23-06-1980	Park Street	NULL	NULL

The following script helps us to do that.

```
UPDATE `members` SET `full_names` = 'Janet Smith Jones', `physical_address` = 'Melrose 123' WHERE
`membership_number` = 2;
```

Executing the above script in updates the full names for membership number 2 to Janet Smith Jones and the physical address to Melrose 123.



Summary

- The update command is used to modify existing data.
- The "WHERE clause" is used to limit the number of rows affected by the UPDATE query.

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