

ECN 453: Homework 2

Due: Start of class Thursday 13th October.

Please work in groups of 2-3 people and hand in one solution per group.*

Instructions Please neatly write your answers, staple them together, and submit this homework at the start of class on Thursday 13th October. If the work is too messy/hard to read it will not be graded. Even though you are working in groups, please make sure you can do all the problems. Don't forget to put the names of everyone in your group on the front. If you have questions come and talk to me in office hours, after class, or by email: nvreugde@asu.edu. Good luck!

1. Bertrand Competition (20 points)

Suppose that total demand for golf balls is $Q = 90 - 3p$ and Q is measured in pounds of balls. There are two firms that supply the market. Firm 1 can produce a pound of balls at a marginal cost of \$15 whereas Firm 2 has a marginal cost equal to \$10.

- a. (5 points) Suppose the firms compete in price. How much does each firm sell in a Bertrand equilibrium? What is the market price and what are firms' profits?
- b. (10 points) How would your answer to Part a. change if there were three firms, one with marginal cost = \$20 and two with marginal cost = \$10?
- c. (5 points) In one sentence: how would your answer to Part b. change if Firm 1's golf balls were green and endorsed by a famous golfer, but Firm 2's were plain and white?

2. Cournot Competition With Increasing Marginal Costs (25 points)¹

Suppose that total demand is $Q = 10 - 0.5p$. Each firm's cost function is given by $C(q_i) = 10 + q_i^2$ for $i = 1$ or $i = 2$. The firms compete on quantities (Cournot competition).

- a. (25 points) Determine the equilibrium quantities (and corresponding profits) in the Cournot equilibrium.

*Note: I will accept individual submission (groups of 1) but this is not recommended because people who work in groups have done better in the past.

¹(based on 8.19 from book)

3. Cournot Competition With Asymmetric Marginal Costs (30 points)²

Suppose that total demand in the market for cement is $Q = 450 - 2p$. Firm 1's marginal cost is \$50. Firm 2's marginal cost is \$40. A technological innovation allows firms to reduce marginal cost by \$6. The firms compete on quantities (Cournot competition).

- a. (10 points) Draw the best response curves for Firm 1 and Firm 2 without the technological innovation.
- b. (5 points) Determine the equilibrium production choices in the Cournot equilibrium without the technological innovation.
- c. (10 points) On the same graph as Part a., draw the best response curves if Firm 1 acquired the technological innovation (but Firm 2 did not).
- d. (5 points) How much would Firm 1 be willing to pay for the innovation if it were the only firm to acquire it?³

4. Stackelberg Competition (25 points)

Consider a Stackelberg game of quantity competition between two firms. Firm 1 moves first and Firm 2 moves second. Market demand is $p = 100 - 4Q$. Each firm has a marginal cost of production equal to 20.

- a. (25 points) Solve for the equilibrium quantities, showing all your steps.

²(based on 8.20 from book)

³Hint: solve for the equilibrium with the technological advance and compare Firm 1's profits with and without the innovation.