

# Constraint Programming Algorithms in Generative AI

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Constraint Programming (CP)

Constraint Propagation example

Q&A

# Constraint Programming (CP)

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# What is Constraint Programming?

- CP is a declarative paradigm used to solve combinatorial problems
- It involves specifying variables, constraints, and using search algorithms to find solutions
- Sub-field of AI that intersects with optimization and decision-making

# CP Techniques in Generative AI

- Constraint Satisfaction Problems (CSPs) and Constraint Optimization Problems (COPs)
- Techniques like Backtracking, Constraint Propagation, and Local Search
- How CP is used in structured generation, such as automated scheduling, text generation, and design automation

# Constraint Propagation

- Constraint Propagation is a key CP technique used to reduce the search space
- It removes invalid possibilities early in the search, leading to faster solutions
- Relevance to Generative AI: Helps AI systems make structured decisions in real-time

## Constraint Propagation example

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- Problem setup: Assign talks to rooms and time slots with constraints
- Constraint: No overlapping talks in the same room, buffer time between sessions
- CP approach allows for fast query responses with constraints being propagated



## Conference Scheduling: Setting up the Model

```
// Step 1: Create a new model
Model model = new Model("Conference Scheduling");

// Step 2: Define variables
int numTalks = 4; int numRooms = 3; int numSlots = 4;
// Define variables for rooms and time slots for each talk
IntVar[] roomAssigns = new IntVar[numTalks];
IntVar[] slotAssigns = new IntVar[numTalks];
// Each talk is assigned a room from 0 to numRooms-1
IntStream.range(0, numTalks).forEachOrdered(i -> {
    roomAssigns[i] = model.intVar("Room"+i,0,numRooms-1);
    slotAssigns[i] = model.intVar("TimeSlot"+i,0,numSlots-1);
});
```

## Step 2: Adding Constraints - No Overlap in the Same Room

- Next, we add a constraint to ensure that no two talks in the same room overlap.
- If two talks are in the same room, they must be in different time slots.

```
IntStream.range(0, numTalks).forEach(i ->
    IntStream.range(i + 1, numTalks).forEach(j ->
        model.ifThen(
            model.arithm(roomAssignments[i], "=", roomAssignments[j],
            model.arithm(slotAssignments[i], "!=", slotAssignments[j],
        )
    )
);
```

## Step 3: Adding Constraints - Buffer Time Between Rooms

- Now, we add a constraint to ensure that talks in different rooms have buffer time between them.
- This allows attendees to move between rooms.

```
IntStream.range(0, numTalks).forEach(i ->
    IntStream.range(i + 1, numTalks).forEach(j ->
        model.ifThen(
            model.arithm(roomAssignments[i], "!=" , roomAssignments[j],
                // Ensure at least 1-time slot difference
                model.distance(slotAssignments[i], slotAssignments[j],
            )
        )
    );
```

## Step 4: Solving the Model

- Finally, we use the solver to find a valid assignment for rooms and time slots.
- The solver will attempt to find a solution that satisfies all the constraints.

```
Solver solver = model.getSolver();
if (solver.solve()) {
    for (int i = 0; i < numTalks; i++) {
        System.out.println("Talk " + i + " assigned to Room
                           " at TimeSlot " + timeSlotAssignments[i].get
    }
} else {
    System.out.println("No valid schedule found!");
}
```

# Applying CP to Real-World Systems

- Constraint Propagation in intelligent systems, such as scheduling, resource allocation, and logistics
- CP's power to handle complex rules while enabling fast, reliable solutions in Generative AI systems
- Applications in areas like supply chain optimization, AI-driven design, and autonomous decision-making

# Conclusion

- Summary: CP is a powerful tool for solving complex problems in AI
- Constraint Propagation allows for rapid, efficient query handling in Generative AI
- Invitation to explore more use cases and applications of CP in intelligent systems

Q&A

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