Neural Networks: Representation

TOTAL POINTS 5

Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

1 point

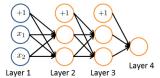
- ✓ The activation values of the hidden units in a neural network, with the sigmoid activation function applied at every layer, are always in the range (0, 1).
- A two layer (one input layer, one output layer; no hidden layer) neural network can represent the XOR function.
- f Z Any logical function over binary-valued (0 or 1) inputs x_1 and x_2 can be (approximately) represented using some neural network.
- 2. Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs $x_1, x_2 \in \{0, 1\}$ and outputs $h_{\Theta}(x)$. Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?

1 point



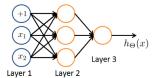
- OR
- O AND
- NAND (meaning "NOT AND")
- O XOR (exclusive OR)
- 3. Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_1^{(3)}$? Note: g(z) is the sigmoid activation function.

1 point



- $\bullet \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(2)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(2)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(2)}a_2^{(2)})$
- $\bigcirc \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(1)}a_0^{(1)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(1)}a_1^{(1)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(1)}a_2^{(1)})$
- $\bigcirc \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(1)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(1)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(1)}a_2^{(2)})$
- \bigcirc The activation $a_1^{(3)}$ is not present in this network.
- 4. You have the following neural network:

1 point



You'd like to compute the activations of the hidden layer $d^{(2)} \in \mathbb{R}^3$. One way to do so is the following Octave code:

% Thetal is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture % ie, the matrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2 % Thetal has size
$$3x3$$
 % Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute $1 / (1 + \exp(-z))$ a2 = zeros (3, 1); for i = 1:3 for j = 1:3 a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Thetal(i, j); end a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i)); end end

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.

