

Chapter 17: Negative Binomial RVs

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2023-10-30

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Learning Objectives

1. Identify the variable and the parameters of a Negative Binomial distribution in a word problem, and state what the variable and parameters mean.
2. Use the formulas for the pmf/CDF, expected value, and variance to answer questions and find probabilities.

Properties of Negative Binomial RVs

- **Scenario:** There are repeated independent trials, each resulting in a success or failure, with constant probability of success for each trial. We are counting the number of trials until the r^{th} success.
- Shorthand: $X \sim \text{NegBin}(p, r)$ or $X \sim \text{NB}(p, r)$
- Negative binomial is sum of r geometric distributions

X = Number of independent trials until r^{th} success

$$p_X(x) = P(X = x) = \binom{x-1}{r-1} (1-p)^{x-r} p^r \text{ for } x = r, r+1, r+2, \dots$$

$$E(X) = \frac{r}{p}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{rq}{p} = \frac{r(1-p)}{p}$$

Hitting more than 1 bullseye

Example 1

Consider again the bullseye example, where we throw darts at a dartboard until we hit the bullseye. Assume throws are independent and the probability of hitting the bullseye is 0.01 for each throw.

1. What is the expected value and variance of the number of throws needed to hit the bullseye?

Hitting more than 1 bullseye

Example 1

Consider again the bullseye example, where we throw darts at a dartboard until we hit the bullseye. Assume throws are independent and the probability of hitting the bullseye is 0.01 for each throw.

2. What is the probability that the 5th bullseye is on the 20th throw?

