# Chapter 29: Variance of Continuous Random Variables

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# Learning Objectives

1. Calculate expected value of functions of RVs

2. Calculate variance of RVs

# Expected value of a function of a continuous RV

**How do we calculate the expected value of a function of a discrete RV or joint RVs?**

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For discrete RVs:

$$\mathbb{E}[g(X)] = \sum_{\{all\ x\}} g(x)p_X(x).$$

$$\mathbb{E}[g(X,Y)] = \sum_{\{all\ x\}} \sum_{\{all\ y\}} g(x,y)p_{X,Y}(x,y).$$

For continuous RVs:

# Important properties of expected values of functions of continuous RVs

Function of RV with two constants

$$\mathbb{E}[aX + b] = a\mathbb{E}[X] + b$$

Function of two RVs added

$$\mathbb{E}[X + Y] = \mathbb{E}[X] + \mathbb{E}[Y]$$

Expected value of sum of independent RVs pt 1

If $X_1, X_2, \ldots X_n$ are continuous RVs and $a_1, a_2, \ldots a_n$ are constants, then

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i X_i\right] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i \mathbb{E}[X_i]$$

Expected value of multiplication of function of independent RVs

If $X$ and $Y$ are independent continuous RVs, and $g$ and $h$ are functions, then

$$\mathbb{E}[g(X)h(Y)] = \mathbb{E}[g(X)]\mathbb{E}[h(Y)]$$

Expected value of multiplication of independent RVs

If $X$ and $Y$ are independent continuous RVs, then

$$\mathbb{E}[XY] = \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y]$$

# Variance of continuous RVs

**How do we calculate the variance of a discrete RV?**

For discrete RVs:

$$Var(X) = \mathbb{E}[(X - \mu_X)^2]$$
$$= \mathbb{E}[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^2]$$
$$= \mathbb{E}[X^2] - (\mathbb{E}[X])^2$$
$$= \sum_{\{all\ x\}} (x - \mu_x)^2 p_X(x)$$

**How do we calculate the variance of a continuous RV?**

For continuous RVs:

# Variance of an Uniform distribution

Let $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}$, for $a \leq x \leq b$. Find $Var[X]$.

# Variance of exponential distribution

Let $f_X(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}$, for $x > 0$
and $\lambda > 0$. Find $Var[X]$.

# Important properties of variances of continuous RVs

Function of RV with two constants

$$Var[aX + b] = a^2 Var[X]$$

Variance of sum of independent RVs pt 1

If $X_1, X_2, \ldots X_n$ are independent continuous RVs and $a_1, a_2, \ldots a_n$ are constants, then

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i^2 Var(X_i)$$

Variance of sum of independent RVs pt 2

If $X_1, X_2, \ldots X_n$ are independent continuous RVs, then

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} Var(X_i)$$

# Find the mean and sd from word problem

A machine manufactures cubes with a side length that varies uniformly from 1 to 2 inches. Assume the sides of the base and height are equal. The cost to make a cube is 10 ¢ per cubic inch, and 5 ¢ cents for the general cost per cube. Find the mean and standard deviation of the cost to make 10 cubes.