Chapter 28: Revisiting Expected Values for Joint Distributions

Meike Niederhausen and Nicky Wakim 2024-11-20

Learning Objectives

1. Calculate the mean (expected value) of a joint distribution of continuous RV

Remark on expected value of one RV from joint pdf

If you are given $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ and want to calculate $\mathbb{E}[X]$, you have two options:

- 1. Find $f_X(x)$ and use it to calculate $\mathbb{E}[X]$.
- 2. Or, calculate $\mathbb{E}[X]$ using the joint density:

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_{X,Y}(x,y) dy dx.$$

Option 1: Expected value from a joint distribution

Example 3

Let
$$f_{X,Y}(x,y)=2e^{-(x+y)}$$
 , for $0\leq x\leq y$. Find $\mathbb{E}[X]$.

Option 2: Expected value from a joint distribution

Example 1

Let
$$f_{X,Y}(x,y)=2e^{-(x+y)}$$
, for $0\leq x\leq y$. Find $\mathbb{E}[X]$.