```
In [64]: import numpy as np
         from astropy.io import fits
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from scipy.stats import linregress
         # Load fits
         def load fits(filename):
              with fits.open(filename) as hdul:
                  data = hdul[0].data
                  header = hdul[0].header
              return data, header
         # Identify peak pixels
         def find_peaks(image, threshold, target=(300, 300), radius=10):
             peaks = []
              target_x, target_y = target
              for i in range(max(1, target_x - radius), min(image.shape[0] - 1, target_x + radius)):
                  for j in range(max(1, target_y - radius), min(image.shape[1] - 1, target_y + radius)):
                      if (image[i, j] > threshold and
                          image[i, j] > image[i+1, j] and
                          image[i, j] > image[i-1, j] and
                          image[i, j] > image[i, j+1] and
                          image[i, j] > image[i, j-1]):
                          peaks.append((i, j))
              return np.array(peaks)
         # Plot the fits
         def plot_fits_image(data, vmin=0, vmax=5000, title="FITS Image"):
              plt.imshow(data, cmap='gray', vmin=vmin, vmax=vmax)
              plt.colorbar()
              plt.title(title)
              plt.show()
         # Plot peaks
         def plot_peaks(image, peaks, threshold):
              plot_fits_image(image, vmax=threshold, title=f"Peaks within threshold {threshold}")
              plt.scatter(peaks[:, 1], peaks[:, 0], edgecolors='red', facecolors='none', s=50, label='Peaks')
              plt.legend()
              plt.show()
         # Plot centroids
         def plot centroid(image, peaks, centroids, threshold):
              plot_fits_image(image, vmax=threshold, title="Centroids with Peaks Overlay")
              plt.scatter(peaks[:, 1], peaks[:, 0], edgecolors='red', facecolors='none', s=50, label='Peaks')
              plt.scatter([c[1] for c in centroids], [c[0] for c in centroids], color='blue', marker='x', s=50, label='Cei
              plt.legend()
              plt.show()
         # Find centroid of a peak within window
         def find_centroid(image, guess_x, guess_y, window=5):
              x min = max(0, guess x - window // 2)
              x_max = min(image.shape[0], guess_x + window // 2 + 1)
             y_min = max(0, guess_y - window // 2)
              y_max = min(image.shape[1], guess_y + window // 2 + 1)
             window_data = image[x_min:x_max, y_min:y_max]
              x = np.arange(x min, x max)
              y = np.arange(y_min, y_max)
              X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y, indexing='ij')
              total flux = np.sum(window data)
              centroid_x = np.sum(X * window_data) / total_flux
              centroid_y = np.sum(Y * window_data) / total_flux
              return centroid_x, centroid_y
         # Calculate PSF
         def find moment(image, centroid x, centroid y, window=5):
             x min = int(centroid x - window // 2)
              x max = int(centroid x + window // 2) + 1
              y min = int(centroid y - window // 2)
             y = max = int(centroid y + window // 2) + 1
              window data = image[x min:x max, y min:y max]
              X, \ Y = \texttt{np.meshgrid}(\texttt{np.arange}(x\_\texttt{min}, \ x\_\texttt{max}), \ \texttt{np.arange}(y\_\texttt{min}, \ y\_\texttt{max}), \ \texttt{indexing='ij'}) 
             total_flux = np.sum(window_data)
              sigma_x = np.sqrt(np.sum((X - centroid_x)**2 * window_data) / total flux)
              sigma_y = np.sqrt(np.sum((Y - centroid_y)**2 * window_data) / total_flux)
              return sigma x, sigma y
```

```
# Background calculation around peak
def calculate_background(image, x, y, window=10):
     x_min = max(0, x - window)
      x max = min(image.shape[0], x + window + 1)
      y_{min} = max(0, y - window)
     y max = min(image.shape[1], y + window + 1)
      background region = image[x min:x max, y min:y max]
      return np.median(background region)
# Determine best aperture
def calculate_signal_to_noise(image, centroid_x, centroid_y, sigma_x, sigma_y, aperture=120):
      # Define the aperture bounds around centroid
      x min = int(centroid x - aperture // 2)
      x_max = int(centroid_x + aperture_// 2) + 1
      y min = int(centroid y - aperture // 2)
      y max = int(centroid y + aperture // 2) + 1
      aperture_data = image[x_min:x_max, y_min:y_max]
      total flux = np.sum(aperture data)
      background = calculate_background(image, int(centroid_x), int(centroid_y), window=90)
      N_net = total_flux - (background * aperture_data.size)
      noise = np.sqrt(N_net + background * aperture_data.size)
      snr = N net / noise if noise != 0 else 0
      return N net, snr
def calculate_instrumental_magnitude(N_net, exposure_time=30):
      return -2.5 * np.log10(N net / exposure time)
def process standards(standard files, threshold, target=(300, 300), radius=10, exposure time=30):
      instrumental_magnitudes = []
      for filename in standard_files:
            data, header = load fits(filename)
            peaks = find_peaks(data, threshold, target=target, radius=radius)
            centroids = [find_centroid(data, x, y) for x, y in peaks]
            centroid x, centroid y = centroids[0]
            N_net, snr = calculate_signal_to_noise(data, centroid_x, centroid_y, sigma_x=1, sigma_y=1, aperture=120
            instrumental mag = calculate instrumental magnitude(N net, exposure time)
            instrumental_magnitudes.append(instrumental_mag)
      return instrumental magnitudes
def plot zoomed in star(image, peaks, star label, zoom radius=20):
      peak_x, peak_y = peaks[0]
      x min = max(0, peak x - zoom radius)
      x_max = min(image.shape[0], peak_x + zoom_radius)
      y_min = max(0, peak_y - zoom_radius)
      y max = min(image.shape[1], peak_y + zoom_radius)
      zoomed_in_image = image[x_min:x_max, y_min:y_max]
      plt.imshow(zoomed_in_image, cmap='gray', vmin=0, vmax=np.max(zoomed_in_image))
      plt.colorbar()
      plt.title(f"Zoomed-In {star label}")
      plt.scatter(peak_y - y_min, peak_x - x_min, color='red', label="Peak")
      plt.legend()
      plt.show()
def plot_calibration_curve(air_masses, instrumental_mags, color='green'):
      slope, intercept, r_value, p_value, std_err = linregress(air_masses, instrumental_mags)
      air mass range = np.linspace(min(air masses), max(air masses), 100)
      fit line = intercept + slope * air mass range
      fit line upper = fit line + std err * air mass range
      fit line lower = fit line - std err * air mass range
      #shaded error
      plt.plot(air_masses, instrumental_mags, 'o', label=f'{color} standards')
plt.plot(air_mass_range, fit_line, '-', color=color, label=f'{color} Calibration line')
      plt.fill_between(air_mass_range, fit_line_lower, fit_line_upper, color=color, alpha=0.2, label='Fit Uncertainty' | International Color | International Col
      plt.xlabel('Air mass')
      plt.ylabel('Instrumental mags')
      plt.legend()
      plt.grid(True)
      plt.title(f'{color.capitalize()} Calibration curve ')
def generate growth curve(image, peak x, peak y, max aperture=20, sigma x=1, sigma y=1, color='blue', label='')
      snr_values = []
      pixel_counts = []
      for aperture in range(3, max aperture + 1, 2):
            centroid_x, centroid_y = find_centroid(image, peak_x, peak_y, window=aperture)
            N net, snr = calculate signal to noise(image, centroid x, centroid y, sigma x, sigma y, aperture)
            snr_values.append(snr)
```

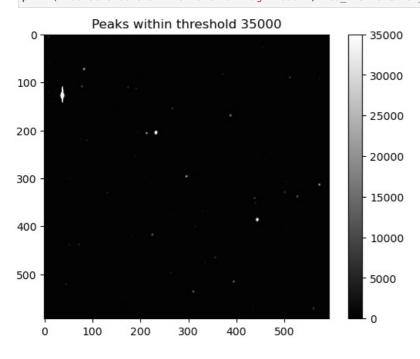
```
pixel_counts.append(aperture ** 2)
             plt.plot(pixel counts, snr values, marker='o', color=color, label=label)
             plt.xlabel("Number of pixels in aperture")
             plt.ylabel("SNR")
             plt.title("SNR vs. Aperture size")
             plt.legend()
             plt.grid(True)
In [186...
         science file red = "C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/AAAA/ztf 20180408131644 000743 zr c10 o q4 sciimg ra74.5043
         threshold red = 35000
         data_red, header_red = load_fits(science_file_red)
         peaks_red = find_peaks(data_red, threshold_red, target=(300, 300), radius=10)
         plot peaks(data red, peaks red, threshold red)
         centroids_red = [find_centroid(data_red, x, y) for x, y in peaks_red]
         plot centroid(data red, peaks red, centroids red, threshold red)
         science file green = "C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/AAAA/ztf 20180408192384 000743 zg c10 o q4 sciimg ra74.50
         threshold green = 4000
         data_green, header_green = load_fits(science_file_green)
         peaks green = find peaks(data green, threshold green, target=(300, 300), radius=10)
         plot_peaks(data_green, peaks_green, threshold_green)
         centroids_green = [find_centroid(data_green, x, y) for x, y in peaks_green]
         plot_centroid(data_green, peaks_green, centroids_green, threshold_green)
```

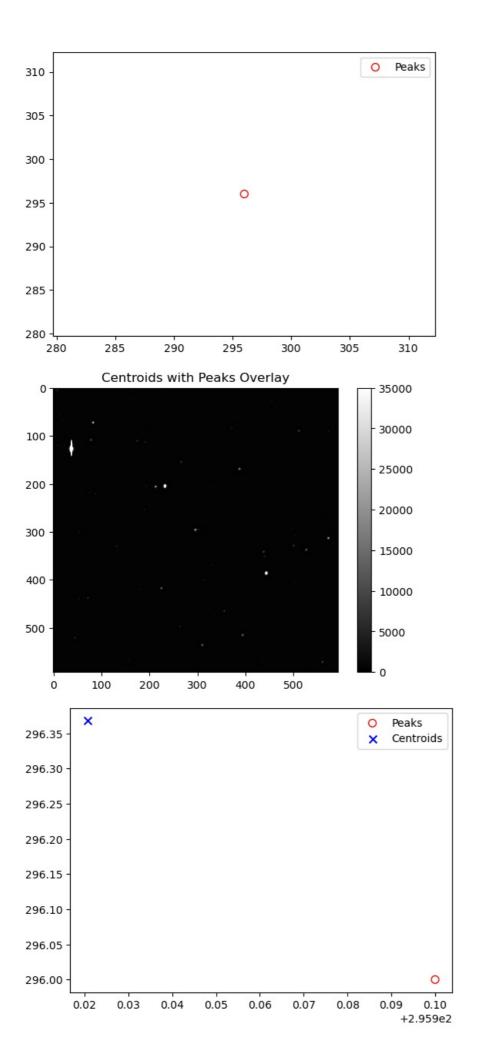
green\_standards = ["C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Greens/ztf\_20180816344606\_000734\_zg\_c06\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra348.4
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Greens/ztf\_20180822376991\_000498\_zg\_c04\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra355.6520\_dec1.0997\_asec5!
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Greens/ztf\_20180822400278\_000693\_zg\_c10\_o\_q3\_sciimg\_ra353.6506\_dec34.0395\_asec!
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Greens/ztf\_20180904310255\_000548\_zg\_c06\_o\_q2\_sciimg\_ra348.0901\_dec10.7845\_asec!
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Greens/ztf\_20180929304352\_000498\_zg\_c04\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra356.0641\_dec1.2368\_asec5!

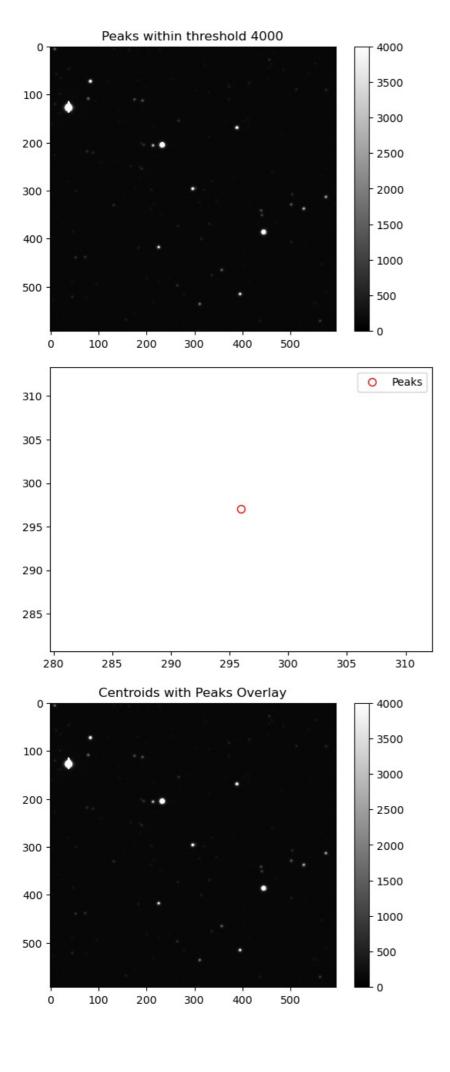
red\_standards = ["C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180823319317\_001734\_zr\_c03\_o\_q2\_sciimg\_ra353.6506\_o
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180823362465\_001492\_zr\_c12\_o\_q3\_sciimg\_ra355.6520\_dec1.0997\_asec599
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180903327755\_001543\_zr\_c15\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra348.0901\_dec10.7845\_asec599
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180903335035\_000498\_zr\_c04\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra356.0641\_dec1.2368\_asec599
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180815387153\_000734\_zr\_c06\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra348.4118\_dec39.4174\_asec599
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180815387153\_000734\_zr\_c06\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra348.4118\_dec39.4174\_asec599
"C:/Users/ryewa/OneDrive/Desktop/Reds/ztf\_20180815387153\_000734\_zr\_c06\_o\_q4\_sciimg\_ra348.4118\_dec39.4174\_asec599

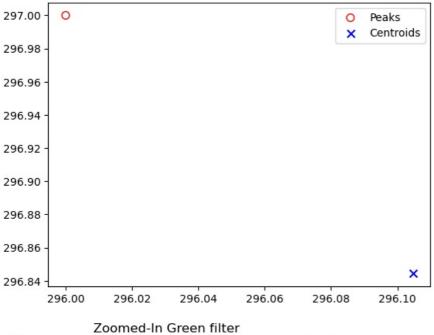
plot\_zoomed\_in\_star(data\_green, peaks\_green, star\_label="Green filter", zoom\_radius=20)
plot\_zoomed\_in\_star(data\_red, peaks\_red, star\_label="Red filter", zoom\_radius=20)

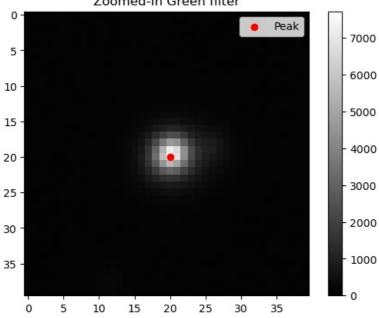
green\_instrumental\_mag = process\_standards([science\_file\_green], threshold\_green)
red\_instrumental\_mag = process\_standards([science\_file\_red], threshold\_red)
print("Green Science Star Instrumental Magnitude:", green\_instrumental\_mag)
print("Red Science Star Instrumental Magnitude:", red instrumental mag)

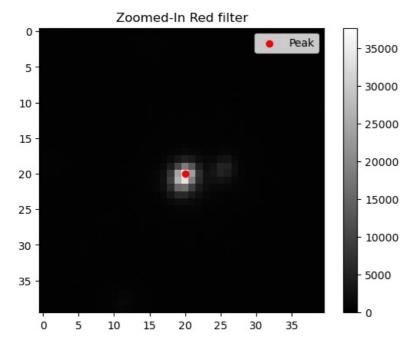










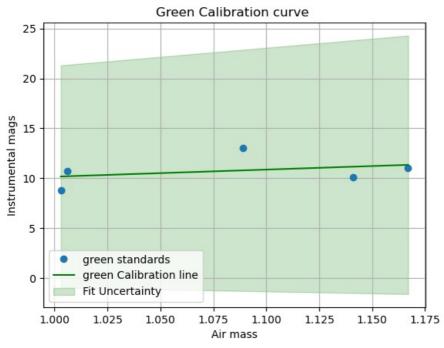


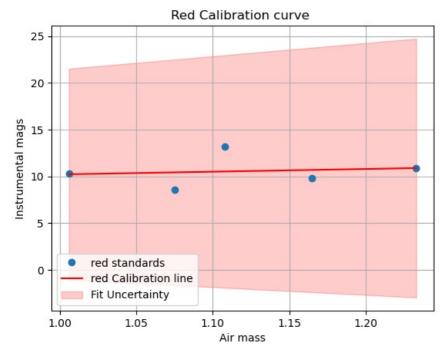
Green Science Star Instrumental Magnitude: [-9.65625058697297] Red Science Star Instrumental Magnitude: [-10.618005249350894]

```
In [187...
standard_magnitudes_red = [9.8, 10.87, 13.2, 8.6, 10.3]
air_masses_red = [1.165, 1.233, 1.108, 1.075, 1.006]
standard_magnitudes_green = [10.12, 11.04, 13.04, 8.8, 10.7]
air_masses_green = [1.141, 1.167,1.089, 1.003, 1.006]

green_instrumental_mag = process_standards([science_file_green], threshold_green)
red_instrumental_mag = process_standards([science_file_red], threshold_red)
print("Green Science Star Instrumental Magnitude:", green_instrumental_mag)
print("Red Science Star Instrumental Magnitude:", red_instrumental_mag)
plot_calibration_curve(air_masses_green, standard_magnitudes_green, color='green')
plot_calibration_curve(air_masses_red, standard_magnitudes_red, color='red')
```

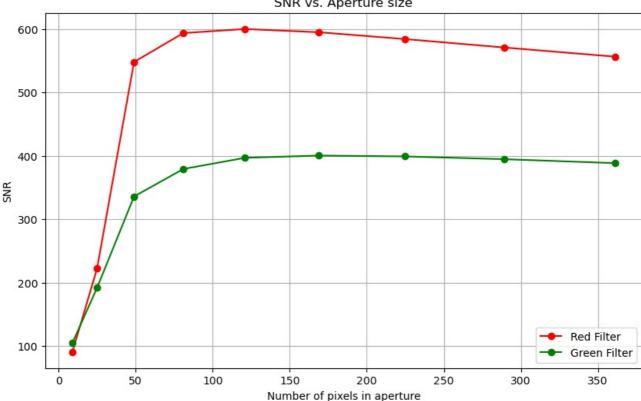
Green Science Star Instrumental Magnitude: [-9.65625058697297] Red Science Star Instrumental Magnitude: [-10.618005249350894]





```
peak_x, peak_y = 300, 300 # Approximate

# Plot growth curves for both
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
generate_growth_curve(data_red, peak_x, peak_y, max_aperture=20, sigma_x=1, sigma_y=1, color='red', label='Red generate_growth_curve(data_green, peak_x, peak_y, max_aperture=20, sigma_x=1, sigma_y=1, color='green', label='(plt.show())
```



```
In [223... def process_standards_with_indices(standard_files, threshold, target=(300, 300), radius=10, exposure_time=30):
             instrumental_magnitudes = []
             valid indices = []
             for idx, filename in enumerate(standard_files):
                 data, header = load fits(filename)
                  peaks = find_peaks(data, threshold, target=target, radius=radius)
                  if len(peaks) == 0:
                      peaks = find_peaks(data, threshold * 0.9, target=target, radius=radius)
                  if len(peaks) == 0:
                      continue
                  centroids = [find_centroid(data, x, y) for x, y in peaks]
                  if len(centroids) == 0:
                      continue
                  centroid x, centroid y = centroids[0]
                  N net, snr = calculate signal to noise(data, centroid x, centroid y, sigma x=1, sigma y=1, aperture=120
                  instrumental_mag = calculate_instrumental_magnitude(N_net, exposure_time)
                  instrumental_magnitudes.append(instrumental_mag)
                  valid_indices.append(idx)
             return instrumental magnitudes, valid indices
         def calibrate filter(standard files, threshold, standard magnitudes, air masses, science instrumental mag, air i
             instrumental_mags, valid_indices = process_standards_with_indices(standard_files, threshold)
              filtered standard magnitudes = [standard magnitudes[i] for i in valid indices]
             filtered air masses = [air masses[i] for i in valid indices]
             if len(filtered standard magnitudes) >= 2:
                 zp, k, _ = calibrate_instrumental_magnitudes(filtered_standard_magnitudes, instrumental_mags, filtered_standard_magnitudes, instrumental_mags, filtered_standard_magnitudes
                  real_magnitude = calculate_real_magnitude(science_instrumental_mag, zp, k, air_mass_science)
                  return real magnitude
             else:
                  return None
         # Red filter
         air_mass_science_red = 1.1
         red_real_magnitude = calibrate_filter(
             red standards, threshold red, standard magnitudes red, air masses red, red science mag, air mass science red
         # Green filter
         air mass science green = 1.1
         green real magnitude = calibrate filter(
             green_standards, threshold_green, standard_magnitudes_green, air_masses_green, green_science_mag, air_mass_
         print("Red filter mag of science star:", red_real_magnitude)
         print("Green filter mag of science star:", green_real_magnitude)
```

Red filter mag of science star: 11.665744121362023 Green filter mag of science star: 12.69656071217019

In [ ]:

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