

## FCI API Reference



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# Chapter 1

# **Revision History**

Revision	Change Description
1.0.0	Initial version. Contains description of FCI API and following features:  • Interface Management  • IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)  • L2 Bridge (Switch)  • Flexible Parser  • Flexible Router
1.1.0	Added description of simple bridge (without VLAN awareness). Disabled part describing async messaging as it is currently not used. Description of fci_cmd(), fci_query(), and fci_write() simplified. Various minor improvements.
1.2.0	Improved description of Router and Bridge configuration steps.  Added missing byte order information to various command argument values. Following values unified with rest of structure members to be in network byte order:
	• fpp_rt_cmd_t::id
	• fpp_rt_cmd_t::flags
	• fpp_ct_cmd_t::route_id
	• fpp_ct_cmd_t::route_id_reply
	• fpp_ct_cmd_t::flags
	• fpp_fp_table_cmd_t::position
1.2.1	Added FPP_IF_MIRROR to fpp_if_flags_t. Added name of interface to mirror the traffic to fpp_phy_if_cmd_t.



1.3.0	Description of various elements re-phrased to better explain their purpose. Created summary lists of functions, commands, and events			
	and added links to them to improve document navigation. Added			
	usage examples for FPP_CMD_PHY_IF, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF, and			
	FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE commands. Described relevant fpp_rt_cmd_t			
	structure members.			
1.4.0	Added usage examples for FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK and			
1.4.0	FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK. Related argument structures			
	documentation updated. Removed unwanted and unsupported			
	symbol descriptions.			
1.5.0	Added statistics for physical fpp_phy_if_stats_t and logical			
1.5.0	fpp_algo_stats_t interfaces. Statistics are in network byte			
	order.			
1.6.0	Added API for data passing: FPP_CMD_DATA_BUF_PUT and			
1.0.0	FPP_CMD_DATA_BUF_AVAIL with related fpp_buf_cmd_t.			
1.7.0	Described the IPsec offload configuration and related			
1.7.0	FPP CMD SPD command.			
1.8.0				
1.8.0	Added QoS configuration commands: FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE,			
	FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER and FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER with			
1.0.1	related argument structures.			
1.8.1	Licensing notice within headers of examples updated.			
1.9.0	Added L2L3 Bridge, Feature management and Static Entries (L2			
	Bridge) API. Synced with recent changes. Various improvements.			
1.9.1	Copyright notice and document classification updated. Removed			
	the "Index" chapters.			
1.9.2	The fpp_rt_cmd_t updated to include src_mac member			
	description. Various minor improvements.			
1.10.0	New demo examples. Also, document thoroughly checked and			
	modified.			
1.11.0	Added API for management of physical interface MAC addresses.			
	Added API for SPAN mirroring. Minor corrections in			
	FPP_CMD_L2_BD and FPP_CMD_FP_RULE chapters. Improved			
	formatting of struct chapters.			
1.11.1	Updated fpp_if_flags_t flags.			
1.12.0	Added API for Ingress QoS. Added chapter about limitations. Fixed			
	minor issue in physical interface demo codes.			
1.13.0	Removed simple (non-VLAN aware) L2 Bridge. Use VLAN-aware L2			
	Bridge instead.			
1.14.0	Updated description of Egress QoS feature with information about			
	queue slot pools. Updated Egress QoS demo code.			
1.15.0	Updated FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK and			
	FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK with info about countrack statistics.			



## Chapter 2

## **Module Documentation**

## 2.1 LibFCI

This is Fast Control Interface available for host applications to communicate with the networking engine.

## 2.1.1 Introduction

This is Fast Control Interface available for host applications to communicate with the networking engine.

The FCI is intended to provide a generic configuration and monitoring interface for the networking acceleration HW. Provided API shall remain the same within all HW/OS-specific implementations to keep dependent applications portable across various systems.

The LibFCI is not directly touching the HW. Instead, it only passes commands to a dedicated software component (OS/HW-specific endpoint) and receives return values. The endpoint is then responsible for HW configuration. This approach supports a kernel-user space deployment where the user space contains only API and the logic is implemented in kernel.

Implementation uses appropriate transport mechanism to pass data between LibFCI user and the endpoint. For reference: in Linux a netlink socket is used; in QNX a message is used.

## 2.1.2 Limitations

## 2.1.2.1 Master-Slave setup

If PFE is ran in Master-Slave setup, then only the Master can issue FCI commands and configure PFE. For more information about Master-Slave setup, please see driver user manual.

## 2.1.3 How to use the FCI API



## 2.1.3.1 Sending FCI commands

- 1. Call fci\_open() to get an FCI\_CLIENT instance, using FCI\_GROUP\_NONE as a multicast group mask. This opens a connection to an FCI endpoint.
- 2. Call fci\_write() or fci\_query() to send a command to the endpoint. See Commands Summary.
  - Endpoint receives the command and executes requested actions.
  - Endpoint generates a response and sends it back to the client.
- 3. [optional] Repeat the previous step to send all requested FCI commands.
- 4. Call fci\_close() to finalize the FCI\_CLIENT instance.

## 2.1.4 Acronyms and Definitions

#### • PFE:

Packet Forwarding Engine. A dedicated HW component (networking accelerator) which is configured by this FCI API.

#### • NBO:

Network Byte Order. When working with values or properties which are stored in [NBO], consider using appropriate endianess conversion functions.

#### • L2/L3/L4:

Layers of the OSI model.

## • Physical Interface:

See Physical Interface.

## • Logical Interface:

See Logical Interface.

## • Classification Algorithm:

Method how ingress traffic is processed by the PFE firmware.

### • Route:

In the context of PFE, a route represents a direction where the matching traffic shall be forwarded to. Every route specifies an egress physical interface and a MAC address of the next network node.

#### • Conntrack:

"Tracked connection", a data structure with information about a connection. In the context of PFE, it always refers to an IP connection (TCP, UDP, other). The term is equal to a 'routing table entry'. Each conntrack is linked with some **route**. The route is used to forward traffic that matches the conntrack's properties.

#### • RSPAN:

Remote Switch port Analyzer. A way of monitoring traffic via traffic mirroring between ports. In the context of PFE, this refers to traffic mirroring between physical interfaces. See chapter Physical Interface and its subchapter Mirroring rules management.



## 2.1.5 Functions Summary

• fci\_open()

Connect to endpoint and create a client instance.

• fci\_close()

Close a connection to endpoint and destroy the client instance.

• fci write()

Execute FCI command without data response.

• fci\_cmd()

Execute FCI command with data response.

• fci\_query()

Alternative to fci\_cmd().

fci\_catch()

Poll for and process received asynchronous messages.

• fci\_register\_cb()

Register a callback to be called in case of a received message.

## 2.1.6 Commands Summary

• FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF

Management of physical interfaces.

• FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF

Management of logical interfaces.

• FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION

Get exclusive access to interface database.

• FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION

Cancel exclusive access to interface database.

• FPP CMD IF MAC

Management of interface MAC addresses.

• FPP CMD MIRROR

Management of interface mirroring rules.

• FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD

Management of L2 bridge domains.

• FPP CMD L2 STATIC ENT

Management of L2 static entries.

• FPP CMD L2 FLUSH LEARNED

Remove all dynamically learned MAC table entries.

• FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_STATIC

Remove all static MAC table entries.

• FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_ALL

Remove all MAC table entries.

• FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE

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Management of Flexible Parser tables.

- FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE Management of Flexible Parser rules.
- FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_RESET Remove all IPv4 routes and conntracks.
- FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_RESET Remove all IPv6 routes and conntracks.
- FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE Management of IP routes.
- FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK
   Management of IPv4 conntracks.
- FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK Management of IPv6 conntracks.
- FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT Configuration of conntrack timeouts.
- FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_PUT Send arbitrary data to the accelerator.
- FPP\_CMD\_SPD

  Management of the IPsec offload.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE Management of Egress QoS queues.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER Management of Egress QoS schedulers.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER

  Management of Egress QoS shapers.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW
   Management of Ingress QoS packet flows.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED Management of Ingress QoS WRED queues.
- FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP Management of Ingress QoS shapers.

## 2.1.7 Events summary

• FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_AVAIL

Network accelerator sends a data buffer to a host.

## 2.1.8 Interface Management



## 2.1.8.1 Physical Interface

Physical interfaces are static objects (defined at startup), which represent hardware interfaces of PFE. They are used by PFE for ingress/egress of network traffic.

Physical interfaces have several configurable properties. See FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF and fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t. Among all these properties, a .mode property is especially important. Mode of a physical interface specifies which classification algorithm shall be applied on ingress traffic of the interface.

Every physical interface can have a list of logical interfaces. By default, all physical interfaces are in a default mode (FPP\_IF\_OP\_DEFAULT). In the default mode, ingress traffic of a given physical interface is processed using only the associated **default** Logical Interface.

Supported FCI operations related to physical interfaces:

To **list** available physical interfaces:

- Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- 2. Read out properties of physical interface(s). (FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

To **modify** properties of a physical interface (read-modify-write):

- Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- Read out properties of the target physical interface.
   (FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- 3. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t.
- 4. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)
- 5. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

Hardcoded physical interface names and physical interface IDs:

name	ID	comment	
emac0	0		
emacl	1	Representation of real physical ports connected to PFE.	
emac2	2		
_	_	—reserved—	
util	5	Special internal port for communication with the util firmware.	
		(fully functional only with the PREMIUM firmware)	



name	ID	comment
hif0	6	
hif1	7	Host Interfaces. Used for traffic forwarding between PFE and a host.
hif2	8	Thost interfaces. Osed for trainic forwarding between FTE and a nost.
hif3	9	

## **MAC** address management

**Emac** physical interfaces can have multiple MAC addresses. This can be used for MAC address filtering - emac physical interfaces can be configured to accept traffic intended for several different recipients (several different destination MAC addresses).

To add a new MAC address to emac physical interface:

- 1. Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- 2. Add a new MAC address to emac physical interface. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- 3. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

To **remove** a MAC address from emac physical interface:

- Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- 2. Remove the MAC address from emac physical interface. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)
- 3. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

To **list** MAC addresses of emac physical interface:

- Lock the interface database.
   (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- Read out MAC address(es) of the target emac physical interface.
   (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- 3. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

## Mirroring rules management

Physical interfaces can be configured to mirror their ingress or egress traffic. Configuration data for mirroring are managed as separate entities - mirroring rules.

To **create** a new mirroring rule: (FPP\_CMD\_MIRROR + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)



To assign a mirroring rule to a physical interface:

Write name of the desired mirror rule in .rx\_mirrors[i] or .tx\_mirrors[i] property of the physical interface. Use steps described in Physical Interface, section **modify**.

To **update** a mirroring rule:

```
(FPP_CMD_MIRROR + FPP_ACTION_UPDATE)
```

To **list** available mirroring rules:

```
(FPP_CMD_MIRROR + FPP_ACTION_QUERY and FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT)
```

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_physical\_interface.c

## 2.1.8.2 Logical Interface

Logical interfaces are dynamic objects (definable at runtime) which represent traffic endpoints. They are associated with their respective parent physical interfaces. Logical interfaces can be used for the following purposes:

- To forward traffic from PFE to a host.
- To forward traffic or its replicas between physical interfaces (1:N distribution).
- To serve as classification & forwarding rules for Flexible Router.

Logical interfaces have several configurable properties. See FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF and fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t.

Logical interfaces can be created and destroyed at runtime. Every *physical* interface can have a list of associated *logical* interfaces. The very first logical interface in the list (tail position) is considered the **default** logical interface of the given physical interface. New logical interfaces are always added to the top of the list (head position), creating a sequence which is ordered from the head (the newest one) back to the tail (the default one). This forms a classification sequence, which is important if the parent physical interface operates in the Flexible Router mode.

Similar to physical interfaces, the logical interfaces can be set to a **promiscuous** mode. For logical interfaces, a promiscuous mode means a logical interface will accept all ingress traffic it is asked to classify, regardless of the interface's active match rules.

Supported operations related to logical interfaces:

To **create** a new logical interface in PFE:

- Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)
- Create a new logical interface.(FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)



To **remove** a logical interface from PFE:

Lock the interface database.
 (FPP CMD IF LOCK SESSION)

Remove the logical interface.(FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)

Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

To **list** available logical interfaces:

 Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)

2. Read out properties of logical interface(s). (FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

3. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

To **modify** properties of a logical interface (read-modify-write):

 Lock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION)

2. Read out properties of the target logical interface. (FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

- 3. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t.
- 4. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)
- 5. Unlock the interface database. (FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION)

## 2.1.9 Features

## 2.1.9.1 IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)

### Introduction

IPv4/IPv6 Router is a dedicated feature to offload a host from tasks related to forwarding of specific IP packets between physical interfaces. Without the offload, IP packets are passed to the host's TCP/IP stack and the host is responsible for routing of packets. That is "slow path" routing. PFE can be configured to provide "fast path" routing, identifying IP packets which can be forwarded directly by PFE (using its internal routing table) without host intervention.

## Configuration

1. [optional] Reset the Router.
This clears all existing IPv4/IPv6 routes and conntracks in PFE.



(FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_RESET) (FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_RESET)

- 2. Create one or more IPv4/IPv6 routes.

  (FPP CMD IP ROUTE + FPP ACTION REGISTER)
- Create one or more IPv4/IPv6 conntracks.
   (FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
   (FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- 4. Configure the physical interfaces which shall classify their ingress traffic by the Router classification algorithm. Use steps described in <a href="Physical Interface">Physical Interface</a> (section **modify**) and do the following for each desired physical interface:
  - Set mode of the interface to FPP IF OP ROUTER.
  - Enable the interface by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_ENABLED.

Once the Router is operational, all ingress IP packets of the Router-configured physical interfaces are matched against existing conntracks using a 5-tuple match (protocol, source IP, destination IP, source port, destination port). If a packet matches some existing conntrack, it is processed and modified according to conntrack's properties (destination MAC, NAT, PAT, etc.) and then gets fast-forwarded to an egress physical interface as specified by the conntrack's route.

## **Additional operations**

Conntracks are subjected to aging. If no matching packets are detected on a conntrack for a specified time period, the conntrack is automatically removed from PFE. To **set** the **timeout** period, use the following command (shared for both IPv4 and IPv6 conntracks): (FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT)

To **remove** a route or a conntrack:

- (FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)
- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)
- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)

Note:

Removing a route which is used by some conntracks causes the associated connntracks to be removed as well.

To **list** available routes or conntracks:

- (FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

By default, PFE conntracks decrement TTL of processed IP packets. This behavior can be set/unset for individual conntracks by their flag CTCMD\_FLAGS\_TTL\_DECREMENT. To **modify** an already existing conntrack:

#### **MODULE DOCUMENTATION**



- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)
- (FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_router\_simple.c, demo\_feature\_router\_nat.c

## 2.1.9.2 L2 Bridge (Switch)

#### Introduction

L2 Bridge is a dedicated feature to offload a host from tasks related to MAC address-based forwarding of Ethernet frames. PFE can be configured to act as a network switch, implementing the following functionality:

- MAC table: L2 Bridge uses its own MAC table to keep track of encountered MAC addresses. Each MAC table entry consists of a MAC address and a physical interface which should be used to reach the given MAC address. MAC table entries can be dynamic (learned) or static.
- MAC address learning: L2 Bridge is capable of automatically adding (learning) new MAC table entries from ingress frames with new (not yet encountered) source MAC addresses.
- **Aging:** MAC table entries are subjected to aging. If a MAC table entry is not used for a certain (hardcoded) time period, it is automatically removed from the MAC table. Static entries are not affected by aging.
- **Static entries:** It is possible to manually add static (non-aging) entries to the MAC table. Static entries can be used as a part of L2 Bridge forward-only configuration (with MAC learning disabled). With such a setup, only a predetermined traffic (matching the static entries) will be forwarded.
- **Blocking states of physical interfaces:** Each physical interface which is configured to be a part of the L2 Bridge can be finetuned to allow/deny MAC learning or frame forwarding of its ingress traffic. See <a href="fpp\_phy\_if\_block\_state\_t">fpp\_phy\_if\_block\_state\_t</a>.
- **Port migration:** If there is already a learned MAC table entry (a MAC address + a target physical interface) and the MAC address is detected on another interface, then the entry is automatically updated (new target physical interface is set).
- VLAN Awareness: The L2 Bridge uses its own VLAN table to support VLAN-based policies like Ingress or Egress port membership. It also supports configuration of bridge domain ports (represented by physical interfaces) to provide VLAN tagging and untagging services, effectively allowing creation of access / trunk ports.

The L2 Bridge utilizes PFE HW accelerators to perform highly optimized MAC and VLAN table lookups. Host is responsible only for the initial bridge configuration via the FCI API.



## L2 Bridge VLAN Awareness and Domains

The VLAN awareness is based on entities called Bridge Domains (BD), which are visible to both the classifier firmware and the driver. BDs are used to abstract particular VLANs. Every BD has a configurable set of properties (see <a href="fpp\_12\_bd\_cmd\_t">fpp\_12\_bd\_cmd\_t</a>):

- Associated VLAN ID.
- Set of physical interfaces which represent ports of the BD.
- Information about which ports are tagged or untagged.
  - Tagged port adds a VLAN tag to egressed frames if they are not VLAN tagged, or keeps the tag of the frames intact if they are already VLAN tagged.
  - Untagged port removes the VLAN tag from egressed frames if the frames are VLAN tagged.
- Instruction how to process matching uni-cast frames.
- Instruction how to process matching multi-cast frames.

The L2 Bridge recognizes several BD types:

#### • Default BD:

Factory default VLAN ID of this bridge domain is **1**. This domain is used to process ingress frames which either have a VLAN tag equal to the Default BD's VLAN ID, or don't have a VLAN tag at all (untagged Ethernet frames).

## • Fall-back BD:

This domain is used to process ingress frames which have an unknown VLAN tag. Unknown VLAN tag means that the VLAN tag does not match any existing standard BD nor the default BD.

### • Standard BD:

Standard user-defined bridge domains. Used by a VLAN-aware Bridge. These BDs process ingress frames which have a VLAN tag that matches the BD's VLAN ID.

## Configuration

- Create a bridge domain (VLAN domain).
   (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- 2. Configure hit/miss actions of the bridge domain. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)
- Configure which physical interfaces are considered members (ports) of the bridge domain. Also specify which ports are VLAN tagged and which ports are not. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)
- 4. Repeat previous steps to create all required bridge domains (VLAN domains). Physical interfaces can be members of multiple bridge domains.
- 5. Configure the physical interfaces which shall classify their ingress traffic by the VLAN-aware Bridge classification algorithm. Use steps described in <a href="Physical Interface">Physical Interface</a> (section **modify**) and do the following for each desired physical interface:

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- Set mode of the interface to FPP\_IF\_OP\_VLAN\_BRIDGE.
- Enable the promiscuous mode by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_PROMISC.
- Enable the interface by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_ENABLED.

Once the L2 Bridge is operational, ingress Ethernet frames of the Bridge-configured physical interfaces are processed according to setup of bridge domains. VLAN tag of every ingress frame is inspected and the frame is then processed by an appropriate bridge domain.

## **Additional operations**

To **remove** a bridge domain:

```
(FPP CMD L2 BD + FPP ACTION DEREGISTER)
```

Note:

Default BD and Fall-back BD cannot be removed.

To **list** available bridge domains:

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_BD + FPP_ACTION_QUERY and FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT)
```

To **modify** properties of a bridge domain (read-modify-write):

- Read properties of the target bridge domain. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See <a href="fpp\_12\_bd\_cmd\_t">fpp\_12\_bd\_cmd\_t</a>.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

## Operations related to MAC table static entries

To **create** a new static entry:

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT + FPP_ACTION_REGISTER)
```

To **remove** a static entry:

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT + FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER)
```

To **list** available static entries:

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT + FPP_ACTION_QUERY and FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT)
```

To **modify** properties of a static entry (read-modify-write):

- Read properties of the target static entry. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

To **flush** all static entries in PFE:

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_STATIC)
```



## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_L2\_bridge\_vlan.c

## 2.1.9.3 L2L3 Bridge

## Introduction

L2L3 Bridge is an extension of the L2 Bridge and IP Router features. It allows both features to be simultaneously available on a physical interface. Traffic with specific destination MAC addresses is passed to the IP Router. The rest is handled by the L2 Bridge.

## Configuration

- 1. Configure IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP).
- 2. Configure L2 Bridge (Switch).
- 3. Create at least one MAC table static entry with the 'local' flag. Note that if a static entry is configured as local, then its egress list is ignored. Also note that 'local' static entries must have a correct VLAN (and MAC address) in order to properly match the ingress traffic.

```
(FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT + FPP_ACTION_REGISTER)
(FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT + FPP_ACTION_UPDATE)
```

- 4. Configure the physical interfaces which shall classify their ingress traffic by the L2L3 Bridge classification algorithm. Use steps described in Physical Interface (section **modify**) and do the following for each desired physical interface:
  - Set mode of the interface to FPP\_IF\_OP\_L2L3\_VLAN\_BRIDGE.
  - Enable the promiscuous mode by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_PROMISC.
  - Enable the interface by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_ENABLED.

Once the L2L3 Bridge is operational, it checks the ingress traffic of L2L3 Bridge-configured physical interfaces against 'local' static entries in the L2 Bridge MAC table. If traffic's destination MAC matches a MAC address of some 'local' static entry, then the traffic is passed to the IP Router. Otherwise the traffic is passed to the L2 Bridge.

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_L2L3\_bridge\_vlan.c

### 2.1.9.4 Flexible Parser

## Introduction

Flexible Parser is a PFE firmware-based feature which can classify ingress traffic according to a set of custom classification rules. The feature is intended to be used as an extension of other PFE features/classification algorithms. Flexible Parser consists of the following elements:



- **FP rule:** A classification rule. See FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE. FP rules inspect content of Ethernet frames. Based on the inspection result (whether the condition of a rule is satisfied or not), a next step of the Flexible Parser classification process is taken.
- **FP table:**An ordered set of FP rules. See FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE. These tables can be assigned as extensions of other PFE features/classification algorithms. Namely, they can be used as an argument for:
  - Flexible Filter of a physical interface. See <a href="fpp-phy\_if\_cmd\_t(.ftable">fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t(.ftable</a>). Flexible Filter acts as a traffic filter, pre-emptively discarding ingress traffic which is rejected by the associated FP table. Accepted traffic is then processed according to mode of the physical interface.
  - FPP\_IF\_MATCH\_FP0 / FPP\_IF\_MATCH\_FP1 match rules of a logical interface.
     See Flexible Router.

Flexible Parser classification introduces a performance penalty which is proportional to a count of rules and complexity of a used table. Always consider whether the use of this feature is really necessary. If it is necessary, then try to use FP tables with as few rules as possible.

## Configuration

- Create one or multiple FP rules.
   (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- Create one or multiple FP tables.(FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- 3. Assign rules to tables. Each rule can be assigned only to one table. (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE + FPP\_ACTION\_USE\_RULE)
- [optional] If required, an FP rule can be removed from an FP table. The rule can be then assigned to a different table. (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE + FPP\_ACTION\_UNUSE\_RULE)
- 5. Use FP tables wherever they are required. See FP table.

## **WARNING:**

Do not modify FP tables which are already in use! Always first remove the FP table from use, then modify it (add/delete/rearrange rules), then put it back to its use. Failure to adhere to this warning will result in an undefined behavior of Flexible Parser.

Once an FP table is configured and put to use, it will start classifying the ingress traffic in whatever role it was assigned to (see FP table). Classification always starts from the very first rule of the table (index 0). Normally, rules of the table are evaluated sequentially till the traffic is either accepted, rejected, or the end of the table is reached. If the end of the table is reached and the traffic is still not accepted nor rejected, then Flexible Parser automatically rejects it.

Based on the action of an FP rule, it is possible to make a jump from the currently evaluated rule to any other rule in the same table. This can be used in some complex scenarios.

## **WARNING:**

It is prohibited to use jumps to create loops. Failure to adhere to this warning will result in an undefined behavior of Flexible Parser.



## **Additional operations**

It is advised to always remove rules and tables which are not needed, because these unused objects would needlessly occupy limited internal memory of PFE. To **remove** an FP rule or an FP table:

- (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)
- (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)

To **list** FP rules or FP tables:

- (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)
- (FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

## FP table example

This is an example of how a Flexible Parser table can look like.

- Every row is one FP rule.
- The classification process starts from the rule 0.
- ACCEPT/REJECT means the classification is terminated with the given result.
- CONTINUE means that the next rule in a sequence (next row) shall be evaluated.
- NEXT\_RULE <name> means that the next rule to evaluate shall be the rule <name>.
- FrameData is an inspected value from an ingress Ethernet frame. Each rule can inspect a different value from the frame. See FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE and fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t, fields .offset and .offset\_from.
- RuleData is a template value inside the FP rule. It is compared with the inspected value from the ingress Ethernet frame.
- Mask is a bitmask specifying which bits of the RuleData and FrameData shall be compared (the rest of the bits is ignored).

i	Rule	Flags	Mask	Condition of the rule + actions
0	MyR_01	FP_INVERT	!= 0	if ((FrameData & Mask) != (RuleData & Mask))
		FP_REJECT		then REJECT
				else CONTINUE
1	MyR_02	FP_ACCEPT	!= 0	if ((FrameData & Mask)==(RuleData & Mask))
				then ACCEPT
				else CONTINUE
2	MyR_03	FP_NEXT_RULE	!= 0	if ((FrameData & Mask)==(RuleData & Mask))
				then NEXT_RULE MyR_11
				else CONTINUE
3	MyR_0r	FP_REJECT	== 0	REJECT
4	MyR_11	FP_INVERT	!= 0	if ((FrameData & Mask) != (RuleData & Mask))
		FP_NEXT_RULE		then NEXT_RULE MyR_21
				else CONTINUE

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i	Rule	Flags	Mask	Condition of the rule + actions
5	MyR_1a	FP_ACCEPT	== 0	ACCEPT
6	MyR_21	FP_INVERT	!= 0	if ((FrameData & Mask) != (RuleData & Mask))
		FP_ACCEPT		then ACCEPT
				else CONTINUE
7	MyR_2r	FP_REJECT	== 0	REJECT

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_flexible\_filter.c

#### 2.1.9.5 Flexible Router

#### Introduction

Flexible Router is a PFE firmware-based feature which uses logical interfaces (and their match rules) to classify ingress traffic. Replicas of the accepted traffic can be forwarded to one or multiple physical interfaces.

Flexible Router classification introduces a performance penalty which is proportional to a count of used logical interfaces (and their match rules). Always consider whether the use of this feature is really necessary. If it is necessary, then try to use as few logical interfaces as possible.

## Configuration

- Lock the interface database.
   (FPP CMD IF LOCK SESSION)
- Create one or multiple logical interfaces. See <u>Logical Interface</u> for more info. For Flexible Router purposes, pay attention to the order of logical interfaces. (<u>FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF</u> + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)
- 3. Configure the logical interfaces. Use steps described in Logical Interface (section **modify**) and do the following for each desired logical interface:
  - [optional] Set interface properties such as egress, match rules and match rule arguments.
  - [optional] If multiple match rules are used, then set or clear the flag FPP\_IF\_MATCH\_OR in order to specify a logical relation between the rules.
  - Enable the interface by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_ENABLED.
- 4. Configure the physical interfaces which shall classify their ingress traffic by the Flexible Router classification algorithm. Use steps described in Physical Interface (section **modify**) and do the following for each desired physical interface:
  - Set mode of the interface to FPP\_IF\_OP\_FLEXIBLE\_ROUTER.
  - Enable the interface by setting the flag FPP\_IF\_ENABLED.
- 5. Unlock the interface database with FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION.



Once the Flexible Router is operational, it classifies the ingress traffic of Flexible Router-configured physical interfaces. The process is based on the classification sequence of logical interfaces (see Logical Interface). Classifier walks through the sequence from the head position back to tail, matching the ingress traffic against match rules of logical interfaces which are in the sequence. If a match is found (traffic conforms with match rules of the given logical interface), then the traffic is processed according to the interface's configuration (forwarded, dropped, sent to a host, etc.).

## **Configuration example**

This example shows a scenario where emac1 physical interface is configured in the FPP\_IF\_OP\_FLEXIBLE\_ROUTER mode. Goal is to classify ingress traffic on emac1 interface. If the traffic matches classification criteria, a replica of the traffic is egressed through both emac2 and hif0 interfaces.

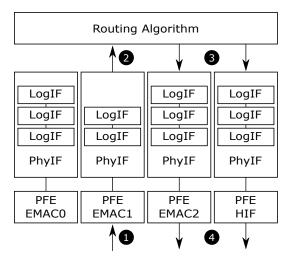


Figure 2.1 Configuration Example

- 1. Traffic is ingressed (received) through emac1 port of PFE.
- 2. Classifier walks through the list of logical interfaces associated with the emac1 physical interface.
- 3. If some logical interface accepts the traffic, then information about the matching logical interface (and its parent physical interface) is passed to the Routing and Forwarding Algorithm. Algorithm reads the logical interface and retrieves forwarding properties.
- 4. Traffic is forwarded by the Routing and Forwarding Algorithm based on the provided information. In this example, the logical interface specified that a replica of the traffic shall be forwarded to both emac2 and hif0 interfaces.
- 5. Traffic is transmitted via physical interfaces.

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_flexible\_router.c



#### 2.1.9.6 IPsec Offload

#### Introduction

The IPsec offload feature is a premium one and requires a special premium firmware version to be available for use. It allows the chosen IP frames to be transparently encoded by the IPsec and IPsec frames to be transparently decoded without the CPU intervention using just the PFE and HSE engines.

#### **WARNING:**

The IPsec offload feature is available only for some Premium versions of PFE firmware. The feature should **not** be used with a firmware which does not support it. Failure to adhere to this warning will result in an undefined behavior of PFE.

The SPD database needs to be established on an interface which contains entries describing frame match criteria together with the SA ID reference to the SA established within the HSE describing the IPsec processing criteria. Frames matching the criteria are then processed by the HSE according to the chosen SA and returned for the classification via physical interface of UTIL PE. Normal classification follows the IPsec processing thus the decrypted packets can be e.g. routed.

Supported operations related to the IPsec offload:

To **create** a new SPD entry in the SPD table of a physical interface: (FPP\_CMD\_SPD + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)

To **remove** an SPD entry from the SPD table of a physical interface: (FPP\_CMD\_SPD + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)

To **list** existing SPD entries from the SPD table of a physical interface: (FPP\_CMD\_SPD + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

The HSE also requires the configuration via interfaces of the HSE firmware which is out of the scope of this document. The SAs referenced within the SPD entries must exist prior creation of the respective SPD entry.

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_spd.c

## **2.1.9.7 Egress QoS**

#### Introduction

The Egress QoS allows user to prioritize, aggregate and shape traffic intended to leave the accelerator through some physical interface. Egress QoS is implemented as follows:

- Each **emac** physical interface has its own QoS block.
- All hif physical interfaces share one common QoS block.

Every QoS block has a platform-specific number of queues, schedulers and shapers.



The following applies for each S32G2/PFE QoS block:

## • Queues:

- Number of queues: 8

- Size of a queue slot pool for each emac: 255

- Size of a queue slot pool for each hif: 32

- Probability zones per queue: 8

Queues of hif interfaces: Every hif interface has only 2 queues, indexed as follows:

\* [0]: low priority queue (L)

\* [1]: high priority queue (H)

Use only these indexes if hif queues are configured via FCI commands.

## • Schedulers:

- Number of schedulers: 2

- Number of scheduler inputs: 8

Traffic sources which can be connected to scheduler inputs: (see fpp\_qos\_scheduler\_cmd\_t.input\_src)

Source	Description
0 - 7	Queue 0 - 7
8	Output of Scheduler 0
255	Invalid (nothing connected)

## • Shapers:

- Number of shapers: 4

Shaper positions: (see fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t.position)

Position	Description
0	Output of Scheduler 1 (QoS master output)
1 - 8	Input 0 - 7 of Scheduler 1
9 - 16	Input 0 - 7 of Scheduler 0
255	Invalid (shaper disconnected)

Note that only shapers connected to common scheduler inputs are aware of each other and do share the 'conflicting transmission' signal.

## Queue slot pools

Every QoS block has it own pool of queue slots. These slots can be assigned to particular queues. Length of a queue is equal to number of assigned slots. It is possible to configure queue lengths via FCI API. Setting a queue length (fpp\_qos\_queue\_cmd\_t.max) means assigning given number of slots to the given queue. Sum of all queue lengths of the particular physical interface cannot be bigger than size of its queue slot pool.



See section Queues for info about queue slot pool sizes for various physical interfaces.

Examples of queue slots distribution:

- Asymmetrical queue slots distribution for **emac0**. Only 241 slots of the emac0 are used. Emac0 still has 14 free queue slots which could be used to lenghten some emac0 queues, if needed.
  - queue 0 : 150 slots
  - queues 1 .. 7:13 slots per each queue
- Symmetrical queue slots distribution for **hif0**. All 32 queue slots of the hif0 are used. There are no free queue slots left on hif0.
  - queue 0:16 slots
  - queue 1:16 slots

## Traffic queueing algorithm

The following pseudocode explains traffic queueing algorithm of PFE:

```
get_queue_for_packet(pkt)
{
   queue = 0;
   if (pkt.hasVlanTag)
   {
      queue = pkt.VlanHdr.PCP;
   }
   else
   {
      if (pkt.isIPv4)
      {
            queue = (pkt.IPv4Hdr.DSCP) / 8;
      }
      if (pkt.isIPv6)
      {
            queue = (pkt.IPv6Hdr.TrafficClass.DS) / 8;
      }
   }
   return queue;
}
```

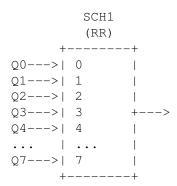
**Note:** Hif interfaces have only two queues. Their queueing algorithm is similar to the aforementioned pseudocode, but is modified to produce only two results:

- 0: traffic belongs to the hif's low priority queue.
- 1: traffic belongs to the hif's high priority queue.

## Configuration

By default, the egress QoS topology looks like this:





All queues are connected to Scheduler 1 and the scheduler discipline is set to Round Robin. Rate mode is set to Data Rate (bps). Queues are in Tail Drop mode.

## To list QoS queue properties:

 Read QoS queue properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

#### To list QoS scheduler properties:

 Read QoS scheduler properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

## To list QoS shaper properties:

 Read QoS shaper properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

#### To **modify QoS queue** properties (read-modify-write):

- Read QoS queue properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_qos\_queue\_cmd\_t.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

#### To modify QoS scheduler properties (read-modify-write):

- Read QoS scheduler properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_qos\_scheduler\_cmd\_t.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

## To **modify QoS shaper** properties (read-modify-write):

- Read QoS shaper properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See <a href="fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t">fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t</a>.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

## **Examples**

## demo\_feature\_qos.c



## 2.1.9.8 Ingress QoS

#### Introduction

The Ingress QoS allows user to prioritize, aggregate and shape traffic as it comes into the accelerator through an **emac** physical interface, before it is further processed by the accelerator.

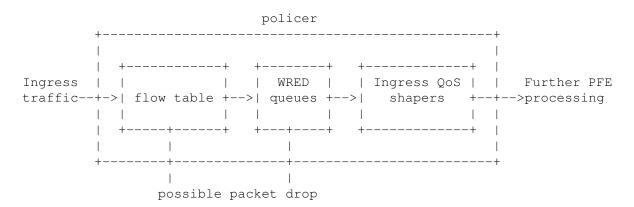
Each **emac** physical interface has its own Ingress QoS Policer block. Every Policer block has its dedicated flow classification table, WRED queues and Ingress QoS shapers. Exact size of flow classification table and exact numbers/limits of WRED queues and Ingress QoS shapers are platform-specific.

The following applies for each S32G2/PFE Ingress QoS block ("policer"):

- Flow classification table:
  - Maximum number of flows: 64
- WRED queues:
  - Number of queues: 3 (DMEM, LMEM, RXF)
  - Maximum queue depth: 8192 for DMEM; 512 for LMEM and RXF
  - Probability zones per queue: 4
- Ingress QoS shapers:
  - Number of shapers: 2

## Configuration

By default, the Ingress QoS block ("policer") is organized as follows:



- policer (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER)
  - The Ingress QoS block ("policer") itself.
  - The whole block can be enabled/disabled. If the block is disabled, it is bypassed and does not affect performance.
- flow table which contains flows (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW)
  - Flow classification table. Contains user-defined flows.
  - Each flow represents a certain criteria, such as traffic type to match (VLAN, ARP, IPv4, etc.) or some data within the traffic to match (match VLAN ID, match IP address, etc).
  - Ingressing traffic is compared with flows and their criteria. If traffic matches some flow, then (based on flow action), the traffic gets either dropped or marked as Managed or Reserved. Traffic which does not match any flow from the table is marked as Unmanaged.
- WRED queues (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED)



- Ingress QoS WRED queues. These queues (by HW design) always use WRED algorithm.
- Individual queues can be disabled. If all queues are disabled, then the WRED queueing module is bypassed.
- Traffic is queued (or possibly dropped) based on the momentary queue fill and also based on the marking of the traffic (Unmanaged/Managed/Reserved). See description of fpp\_iqos\_wred\_thr\_t enum members.
- Ingress QoS shapers (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP)
  - Ingress QoS shapers. These shapers can be used to shape ingress traffic to ensure optimal data flow.
  - Individual shapers can be disabled. If all shapers are disabled, then the Ingress QoS shaper module is bypassed.
  - Shapers can be assigned to shape one of several predefined traffic types. See description of fpp\_iqos\_shp\_type\_t enum members.

#### To get Ingress QoS policer status:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

To **list** Ingress QoS **flow** properties:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY, FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT)

To **list** Ingress QoS **WRED** queue properties:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

To **list** Ingress QoS **shaper** properties:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)

#### To enable/disable Ingress QoS policer:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

To add Ingress QoS flow to flow classification table:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW + FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER)

To **remove** Ingress QoS **flow** from flow classification table:

1. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW + FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER)

To **modify** Ingress QoS **WRED** queue properties (read-modify-write):

- Read Ingress QoS WRED queue properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)

To  $\boldsymbol{modify}$  Ingress QoS  $\boldsymbol{shaper}$  properties (read-modify-write):

- Read Ingress QoS shaper properties. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP + FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY)
- 2. Locally modify the properties. See <a href="fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t">fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t</a>.
- 3. Write the modified properties back to PFE. (FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP + FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE)



## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_qos\_policer.c

## **Files**

- file fpp\_ext.h

  Extension of the legacy fpp.h.
- file libfci.h Generic LibFCI header file.

## **Macros**

- #define FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF FCI command for management of physical interfaces.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF FCI command for management of logical interfaces.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION FCI command to get exclusive access to interface database.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION FCI command to cancel exclusive access to interface database.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC FCI command for management of interface MAC addresses.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_MIRROR FCI command for management of interface mirroring rules.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD FCI command for management of L2 bridge domains.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT FCI command for management of L2 static entries.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_LEARNED FCI command to remove all dynamically learned MAC table entries.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_STATIC FCI command to remove all static MAC table entries.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_ALL FCI command to remove all MAC table entries (clear the whole MAC table).
- #define FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE FCI command for management of Flexible Parser tables.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE FCI command for management of Flexible Parser rules.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_USE\_RULE Flexible Parser specific 'use' action for FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_UNUSE\_RULE Flexible Parser specific 'unuse' action for FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_PUT FCI command to send an arbitrary data to the accelerator.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_AVAIL



Event reported when accelerator wants to send a data buffer to host.

- #define FPP\_CMD\_ENDPOINT\_SHUTDOWN
   Notify client about endpoint shutdown event.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_SPD

FCI command for management of the IPsec offload (SPD entries).

• #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE

FCI command for management of Egress QoS queues.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER

FCI command for management of Egress QoS schedulers.

• #define FPP CMD QOS SHAPER

FCI command for management of Egress QoS shapers.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER

FCI command for Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.

#define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS packet flows.

#define FPP\_IQOS\_VLAN\_ID\_MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole VLAN ID (all bits compared).

• #define FPP IOOS TOS MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole TOS/TCLASS field (all bits compared).

• #define FPP\_IQOS\_L4PROTO\_MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole L4 protocol field (all bits compared).

• #define FPP IQOS SDIP MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Network prefix for comparison of the whole IP address (all bits compared).

• #define FPP CMD QOS POLICER WRED

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS WRED queues.

• #define FPP CMD OOS POLICER SHP

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS shapers.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_FW\_FEATURE

FCI command for management of configurable FW features.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK

FCI command for management of IPv4 conntracks.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK

FCI command for management of IPv6 conntracks.

• #define FPP CMD IP ROUTE

FCI command for management of IP routes.

• #define FPP CMD IPV4 RESET

FCI command to remove all IPv4 routes and conntracks.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_RESET

FCI command to remove all IPv6 routes and conntracks.

• #define FPP CMD IPV4 SET TIMEOUT

FCI command for configuration of conntrack timeouts.

• #define CTCMD FLAGS ORIG DISABLED

Disable connection originator.



- #define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED Disable connection replier.
- #define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_TTL\_DECREMENT Enable TTL decrement.
- #define FCI\_CFG\_FORCE\_LEGACY\_API
  Changes the LibFCI API so it is more compatible with legacy implementation.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum fpp if flags t {
 FPP IF ENABLED, FPP IF PROMISC,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_OR, FPP_IF_DISCARD,
 FPP_IF_VLAN_CONF_CHECK, FPP_IF_PTP_CONF_CHECK,
 FPP IF PTP PROMISC, FPP IF LOOPBACK,
 FPP_IF_ALLOW_Q_IN_Q, FPP_IF_DISCARD_TTL }
    Interface flags.
enum fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t {
 FPP IF OP DEFAULT, FPP IF OP VLAN BRIDGE,
 FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER, FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER,
 FPP IF OP L2L3 VLAN BRIDGE
    Physical interface operation mode.
enum fpp_if_m_rules_t {
 FPP IF MATCH TYPE ETH, FPP IF MATCH TYPE VLAN,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_PPPOE, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4,
 FPP IF MATCH TYPE IPV6, FPP IF MATCH RESERVED7,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP,
 FPP IF MATCH TYPE IGMP, FPP IF MATCH VLAN,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_PROTO, FPP_IF_MATCH_SPORT,
 FPP IF MATCH DPORT, FPP IF MATCH SIP6,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP6, FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP, FPP_IF_MATCH_ETHTYPE,
 FPP IF MATCH FP0, FPP IF MATCH FP1,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_SMAC, FPP_IF_MATCH_DMAC,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_HIF_COOKIE }
    Match rules.
enum fpp_phy_if_block_state_t {
 BS_NORMAL, BS_BLOCKED,
 BS LEARN ONLY, BS FORWARD ONLY }
   Physical interface blocking state.
• enum fpp_modify_actions_t { MODIFY_ACT_NONE, MODIFY_ACT_ADD_VLAN_HDR
    Mirroring rule modification actions.
```



```
enum fpp_l2_bd_flags_t { FPP_L2_BD_DEFAULT, FPP_L2_BD_FALLBACK }
    L2 bridge domain flags.
• enum fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t {
 FP_ACCEPT, FP_REJECT,
 FP NEXT RULE }
    Action to do with an inspected Ethernet frame if the frame matches FP rule criteria.
• enum fpp fp offset from t {
 FP OFFSET FROM L2 HEADER, FP OFFSET FROM L3 HEADER,
 FP OFFSET FROM L4 HEADER }
    Header for offset calculation.
• enum fpp spd action t {
 FPP_SPD_ACTION_INVALID, FPP_SPD_ACTION_DISCARD,
 FPP_SPD_ACTION_BYPASS, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE,
 FPP SPD ACTION PROCESS DECODE
    Action to be done for frames matching the SPD entry criteria.
enum fpp_spd_flags_t {
 FPP SPD FLAG IPv6, FPP SPD FLAG SPORT OPAQUE,
 FPP_SPD_FLAG_DPORT_OPAQUE }
    Flags for SPD entry.
• enum fpp_iqos_flow_type_t {
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ETH, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_PPPOE,
 FPP IQOS FLOW_TYPE_ARP, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV4,
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV6, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPX,
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_MCAST, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_BCAST,
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_VLAN }
    Argumentless flow types (match flags).
enum fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t {
 FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN, FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS,
 FPP IQOS ARG L4PROTO, FPP IQOS ARG SIP,
 FPP_IQOS_ARG_DIP, FPP_IQOS_ARG_SPORT,
 FPP_IQOS_ARG_DPORT }
    Argumentful flow types (match flags).
enum fpp_iqos_flow_action_t {
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_MANAGED, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_DROP,
 FPP IQOS FLOW RESERVED }
    Action to be done for matching packets.
• enum fpp igos queue t {
 FPP_IQOS_Q_DMEM, FPP_IQOS_Q_LMEM,
 FPP_IQOS_Q_RXF }
    Supported target queues of Ingress QoS WRED.
• enum fpp_iqos_wred_zone_t {
 FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE1, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE2,
 FPP IQOS WRED ZONE3, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE4 }
    Supported probability zones of Ingress QoS WRED queue.
• enum fpp_iqos_wred_thr_t {
 FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR, FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR,
 FPP IOOS WRED FULL THR}
```

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Thresholds of Ingress QoS WRED queue.

## **MODULE DOCUMENTATION**



- enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_type\_t {
   FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_PORT\_LEVEL, FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_BCAST,
   FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_MCAST }
  - Types of Ingress QoS shaper.
- enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_rate\_mode\_t { FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_BPS, FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_PPS }
   Modes of Ingress QoS shaper.
- enum fpp\_fw\_feature\_flags\_t { , FEAT\_PRESENT, FEAT\_RUNTIME } Feature flags.
- enum fci\_mcast\_groups\_t { FCI\_GROUP\_NONE, FCI\_GROUP\_CATCH } List of supported multicast groups.
- enum fci\_client\_type\_t { FCI\_CLIENT\_DEFAULT } List of supported FCI client types.
- enum fci\_cb\_retval\_t { FCI\_CB\_STOP, FCI\_CB\_CONTINUE } The FCI callback return values.

## **Functions**

- FCI\_CLIENT \* fci\_open (fci\_client\_type\_t client\_type, fci\_mcast\_groups\_t group) Creates new FCI client and opens a connection to FCI endpoint.
- int fci\_close (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Disconnects from FCI endpoint and destroys FCI client instance.
- int fci\_catch (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Catch and process all FCI messages delivered to the FCI client.
- int fci\_cmd (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*rep\_buf, unsigned short \*rep\_len)

  \*Run an FCI command with optional data response.
- int fci\_query (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf, unsigned short \*rep\_len, unsigned short \*rep\_buf)

  \*Run an FCI command with data response.\*
- int fci\_write (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf)

  \*Run an FCI command.
- int fci\_register\_cb (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, fci\_cb\_retval\_t(\*event\_cb)(unsigned short fcode, unsigned short len, unsigned short \*payload))

  \*\*Register event callback function.\*\*
- int fci\_fd (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Obsolete function, shall not be used.

## **2.1.10** Defines

#### 2.1.10.1 FPP CMD PHY IF

#define FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF

FCI command for management of physical interfaces.



Related topics: Physical Interface

Related data types: fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of a physical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY Initiate (or reinitiate) a physical interface query session and get properties of the first physical interface from the internal list of physical interfaces.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

  Continue the query session and get properties of the next physical interface from the list. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

Note

All operations with physical interfaces require exclusive lock of the interface database. See FPP CMD IF LOCK SESSION.

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Modify properties of a physical interface. It is recommended to use the read-modify-write approach (see <a href="Physical Interface">Physical Interface</a>). Some properties cannot be modified (see <a href="fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t">fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t</a>).

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get properties of a physical interface.



## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the physical interface query session (no more interfaces).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) physical interface was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_WRONG\_SESSION\_ID Some other client has the interface database locked for exclusive access.
- FPP\_ERR\_MIRROR\_NOT\_FOUND

  Unknown (nonexistent) mirroring rule in the .rx\_mirrors or .tx\_mirrors property.
- FPP\_ERR\_FW\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE Attempted to modify properties which are not available (not enabled in FW).
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

demo\_phy\_if.c.

## **2.1.10.2 FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF**

```
#define FPP_CMD_LOG_IF
```

FCI command for management of logical interfaces.

Related topics: Logical Interface

Related data types: fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new logical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing logical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of a logical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) a logical interface query session and get properties of the first



logical interface from the internal collective list of all logical interfaces (regardless of physical interface affiliation).

• FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Continue the query session and get properties of the next logical interface from the list. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

#### Note

All operations with logical interfaces require exclusive lock of the interface database. See FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new logical interface. The newly created interface is by default disabled and without any configuration. For configuration, see the following FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE.

#### Warning

Do not create multiple logical interfaces with the same name.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing logical interface.

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Modify properties of a logical interface. It is recommended to use the read-modify-write approach (see Logical Interface). Some properties cannot be modified (see fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t).



# FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

## Get properties of a logical interface.

```
fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_log_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                 \label{eq:size_of_fplog_if_cmd_t} size of (\texttt{fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t}) \text{, (unsigned short*) (\&cmd\_to\_fci),}
                 &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first logical interface from
// the internal collective list of all logical interfaces.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                 sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                 &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// <code>reply_from_fci'</code> now holds properties of the next logical interface from
// the internal collective list of all logical interfaces.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the logical interface query session (no more interfaces).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) logical interface was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_ENTRY\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested logical interface already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_WRONG\_SESSION\_ID Some other client has the interface database locked for exclusive access.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_LOCKED Same as FPP\_ERR\_IF\_WRONG\_SESSION\_ID.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_MATCH\_UPDATE\_FAILED Update of match flags has failed.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_EGRESS\_UPDATE\_FAILED Update of the .egress bitset has failed.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_EGRESS\_DOESNT\_EXIST
  Invalid (nonexistent) egress physical interface in the .egress bitset.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.



## **Examples**

demo\_log\_if.c.

#### 2.1.10.3 FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION

```
#define FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION
```

FCI command to get exclusive access to interface database.

Related topics: Physical Interface, Logical Interface, Flexible Router

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
```

#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_RESOURCE\_ALREADY\_LOCKED
   Some other client has the interface database locked for exclusive access.

# **Examples**

demo\_common.c, demo\_log\_if.c, and demo\_phy\_if.c.

## 2.1.10.4 FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION

```
#define FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION
```

FCI command to cancel exclusive access to interface database.

Related topics: Physical Interface, Logical Interface, Flexible Router

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
```

## **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_WRONG\_SESSION\_ID Either the database is not locked, or it is currently locked by some other client.



**Examples** 

demo\_common.c, demo\_log\_if.c, and demo\_phy\_if.c.

#### **2.1.10.5 FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC**

```
#define FPP_CMD_IF_MAC
```

FCI command for management of interface MAC addresses.

Related topics: Physical Interface

Related data types: fpp\_if\_mac\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER
   Add a new MAC address to an interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER
  Remove an existing MAC address from an interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY Initiate (or reinitiate) a MAC address query session and get the first MAC address of the requested interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get the next MAC address of the requested interface. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

Note

All operations with interface MAC addresses require exclusive lock of the interface database. See FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION.

MAC address management is available only for **emac** physical interfaces.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Add a new MAC address to emac physical interface.

#### **FPP ACTION DEREGISTER**

Remove an existing MAC address from emac physical interface.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get MAC addresses of a requested emac physical interface.

```
fpp_if_mac_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
                    // Physical interface name
 .name = "...",
fpp_if_mac_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0:
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
               sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// reply_from_fci' now holds the first MAC address of the requested physical interface.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
               sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// <code>reply_from_fci</code> now holds the next MAC address of the requested physical interface.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK
  Success
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_MAC\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the MAC address query session (no more MAC addresses).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) MAC address was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_MAC\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested MAC address already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND Unknown (nonexistent) physical interface was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_NOT\_SUPPORTED Requested physical interface does not support MAC address management.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_WRONG\_SESSION\_ID
   Some other client has the interface database locked for exclusive access.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.



**Examples** 

demo\_if\_mac.c.

#### 2.1.10.6 FPP\_CMD\_MIRROR

```
#define FPP_CMD_MIRROR
```

FCI command for management of interface mirroring rules.

Related topics: Interface Management

Related data types: fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new mirroring rule.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER
  Remove (destroy) an existing mirroring rule.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of a mirroring rule.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) a mirroring rule query session and get properties of the first mirroring rule from the internal list of mirroring rules.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get properties of the next mirroring rule from the list. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new mirroring rule. When creating a new mirroring rule, it is also possible to simultaneously set its properties (using the same rules which apply to FPP ACTION UPDATE).

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing mirroring rule.



#### FPP ACTION UPDATE

Modify properties of a mirroring rule. It is recommended to use the read-modify-write approach. Some properties cannot be modified (see <a href="fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t">fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t</a>).

# FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

## Get properties of a mirroring rule.

```
fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
};
fpp_mirror_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
              sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first mirroring rule from
// the internal list of mirroring rules.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
               sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next mirroring rule from
// the internal list of mirroring rules.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP ERR MIRROR NOT FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the mirroring rule query session (no more mirroring rules).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) mirroring rule was requested.



- FPP\_ERR\_MIRROR\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested mirroring rule already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  Unknown (nonexistent) physical interface in the .egress\_phy\_if property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

#### **Examples**

demo\_mirror.c.

#### 2.1.10.7 FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD

```
#define FPP_CMD_L2_BD
```

FCI command for management of L2 bridge domains.

Related topics: L2 Bridge (Switch), L2L3 Bridge

Related data types: fpp\_l2\_bd\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new bridge domain.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing bridge domain.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of a bridge domain.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) a bridge domain query session and get properties of the first bridge domain from the internal list of bridge domains.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT
  Continue the query session and get properties of the next bridge domain from the list.
  Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new bridge domain. When creating a new bridge domain, it is also possible to simultaneously set its properties (using the same rules which apply to FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE).



## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing bridge domain.

#### FPP ACTION UPDATE

Modify properties of a logical interface. It is recommended to use the read-modify-write approach. Some properties cannot be modified (see fpp 12 bd cmd t).

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get properties of a bridge domain.

```
fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_12_bd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0:
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
               sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first bridge domain from
// the internal list of bridge domains.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
               sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next bridge domain from
// the internal list of bridge domains.
```



## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_L2\_BD\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the bridge domain query session (no more bridge domains).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) bridge domain was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_L2\_BD\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested bridge domain already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE
   Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

demo\_l2\_bd.c.

#### 2.1.10.8 FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT

#define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT

FCI command for management of L2 static entries.

Related topics: L2 Bridge (Switch), L2L3 Bridge

Related data types: fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new static entry.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing static entry.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of a static entry.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

Initiate (or reinitiate) static entry query session and get properties of the first static entry from the internal collective list of all L2 static entries (regardless of bridge domain affiliation).

• FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get properties of the next static entry from the list. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).



Note

When using this command, it is recommended to disable dynamic learning of MAC addresses on all physical interfaces which are configured to be a part of L2 Bridge (Switch) or L2L3 Bridge. See FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF and fpp\_phy\_if\_block\_state\_t.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

#### Create a new L2 static entry.

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

## Remove (destroy) an existing L2 static entry.

#### **FPP ACTION UPDATE**

Modify properties of L2 static entry. It is recommended to use the read-modify-write approach. Some properties cannot be modified (see <a href="fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t">fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t</a>).

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get properties of L2 static entry.



```
fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                sizeof(fpp_l2_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first static entry from
// the internal collective list of all static entries.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// <code>reply_from_fci'</code> now holds properties of the next static entry from
// the internal collective list of all static entries.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_L2\_STATIC\_EN\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the L2 static entry query session (no more L2 static entries).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) L2 static entry was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested L2 static entry already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

demo 12 bd.c.

#### 2.1.10.9 FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_LEARNED

```
#define FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_LEARNED
```

FCI command to remove all dynamically learned MAC table entries.

Related topics: L2 Bridge (Switch), L2L3 Bridge

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_LEARNED, 0, NULL);
```



#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_l2_bd.c.
```

## 2.1.10.10 FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_STATIC

```
#define FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_STATIC
```

FCI command to remove all static MAC table entries.

Related topics: L2 Bridge (Switch), L2L3 Bridge, FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_STATIC, 0, NULL);
```

#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

# **Examples**

```
demo_l2_bd.c.
```

## 2.1.10.11 FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_ALL

```
#define FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_ALL
```

FCI command to remove all MAC table entries (clear the whole MAC table).

Related topics: L2 Bridge (Switch), L2L3 Bridge

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_ALL, 0, NULL);
```



#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_l2_bd.c.
```

# 2.1.10.12 FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE

```
#define FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE
```

FCI command for management of Flexible Parser tables.

Related topics: Flexible Parser

Related data types: fpp\_fp\_table\_cmd\_t, fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new FP table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing FP table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_USE\_RULE Insert an FP rule into an FP table at the specified position.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UNUSE\_RULE Remove an FP rule from an FP table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) an FP table query session and get properties of the first FP **rule** from the requested FP table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get properties of the next FP **rule** from the requested FP table. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the requested FP table).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

#### Create a new FP table.



## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

#### Remove (destroy) an existing FP table.

#### Note

FP table cannot be destroyed if it is in use by some PFE feature. First remove the table from use, then destroy it.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_USE\_RULE

Insert an FP rule at the specified position in an FP table.

- If there are already some rules in the table, they are shifted accordingly to make room for the newly inserted rule.
- If the desired position is greater than the count of all rules in the table, the newly inserted rule is placed as the last rule of the table.

## Note

Each FP rule can be assigned only to one FP table (cannot be simultaneously a member of multiple FP tables).

## FPP\_ACTION\_UNUSE\_RULE

#### Remove an FP rule from an FP table.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get properties of an FP **rule** from the requested FP table. Query result (properties of the **rule**) is stored in the member .table\_info.r.

```
fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
                                    // Action
  .action = FPP ACTION OUERY
 .table_info.t.table_name = "...", // Name of an existing FP table.
fpp_fp_table_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE,
               sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci.table_info.r' now holds properties of the first FP rule from
// the requested FP table.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE,
               sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci.table_info.r' now holds properties of the next FP rule from
// the requested FP table.
```

Note

There is currently no way to read a list of existing FP tables from PFE.

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- ENOENT (-2)
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the FP table guery session (no more FP **rules** in the requested table).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) FP table was requested.
- EEXIST (-17)
  Requested FP table already exists (is already registered).
- EACCES (-13)
  Requested FP table cannot be destroyed (is probably in use by some PFE feature).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

#### **Examples**

demo\_fp.c.



## 2.1.10.13 FPP\_CMD\_FP\_RULE

```
#define FPP_CMD_FP_RULE
```

FCI command for management of Flexible Parser rules.

Related topics: Flexible Parser

Related data types: fpp\_fp\_rule\_cmd\_t, fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t

Each FP rule consists of a condition specified by the following properties: .data, .mask and .offset + .offset\_from. FP rule then works as follows: 32-bit data value from the inspected Ethernet frame (at given offset\_from + offset position, masked by the mask) is compared with the data value (masked by the same mask). If the values are equal, then condition of the FP rule is true. An invert flag may be set to invert the condition result.

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new FP rule.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing FP rule.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) an FP rule query session and get properties of the first FP rule from the internal collective list of all FP rules (regardless of FP table affiliation).
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

  Continue the query session and get properties of the next FP rule from the list.

  Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new FP rule. For detailed info about FP rule properties, see fpp\_fp\_rule\_cmd\_t.

```
fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER, // Action
 .r.data = ...,
.r.mask = ...,
.r.offset = ...,
.r.invert = ...,
.r.next_rule_name = "...",
                                 // Offset (in bytes). [NBO]
                                 // Invert the match result.
// Name of the FP rule to jump to if '.match_action' ==
                                 // FP_NEXT_RULE. Set all-zero if unused.
  .r.match_action = ...,
                                 // Action to do if the inspected frame matches
                                 // the FP rule criteria.
                                 // Header for offset calculation.
 .r.offset_from = ...
};
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE, sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*) (&cmd_to_fci));
```

#### FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing FP rule.

```
fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
```



#### Note

FP rule cannot be destroyed if it is a member of some FP table. First remove the rule from the table, then destroy the rule.

# FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

Get properties of an FP rule. Query result is stored in the member .r.

```
fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
              sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci.r' now holds properties of the first FP rule from
// the internal collective list of all FP rules.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
              sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// <code>reply_from_fci.r'</code> now holds properties of the next FP rule from
// the internal collective list of all FP rules.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- ENOENT (-2)
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the FP rule guery session (no more FP rules).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) FP rule was requested.
- EEXIST (-17)
  Requested FP rule already exists (is already registered).
- EACCES (-13)
  Requested FP rule cannot be destroyed (is probably a member of some FP table).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.



## **Examples**

demo\_fp.c.

# 2.1.10.14 FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_PUT

```
#define FPP_CMD_DATA_BUF_PUT
```

FCI command to send an arbitrary data to the accelerator.

Command is intended to be used to send custom data to the accelerator. Format of the command argument is given by the <a href="fpp\_buf\_cmd\_t">fpp\_buf\_cmd\_t</a> structure which also defines the maximum payload length. Subsequent commands are not successful until the accelerator reads and acknowledges the current request.

Items to be set in command argument structure:

```
fpp_buf_cmd_t cmd_data =
{
    // Specify buffer payload
    .payload = ...,
    // Payload length in number of bytes
    .len = ...,
}.
```

Possible command return values are:

- FPP\_ERR\_OK: Data written and available to the accelerator
- FPP\_ERR\_AGAIN: Previous command has not been finished yet
- FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE: Internal FCI failure

## 2.1.10.15 FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_AVAIL

```
#define FPP CMD DATA BUF AVAIL
```

Event reported when accelerator wants to send a data buffer to host.

Indication of this event also carries the buffer payload and payload length. Both are available via the event callback arguments (see the callback type and arguments within description of fci\_register\_cb()).

#### 2.1.10.16 FPP CMD SPD

```
#define FPP_CMD_SPD
```

FCI command for management of the IPsec offload (SPD entries).

Related topics: IPsec Offload

Related data types: fpp\_spd\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:



- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER
   Create a new SPD entry.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing SPD entry.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) an SPD entry query session and get properties of the first SPD entry from the SPD database of a target physical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT
  Continue the query session and get properties of the next SPD entry from the SPD database of the target physical interface. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the database).

#### **WARNING:**

The IPsec offload feature is available only for some Premium versions of PFE firmware. The feature should **not** be used with a firmware which does not support it. Failure to adhere to this warning will result in an undefined behavior of PFE.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new SPD entry in the SPD database of a target physical interface.

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing SPD entry.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

# Get properties of an SPD entry.

```
fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
        = "...", // Physical interface name (see chapter Physical Interface).
  .name
fpp_spd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_SPD,
               sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first SPD entry from
// the SPD database of the target physical interface..
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_SPD,
               sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next SPD entry from
// the SPD database of the target physical interface.
```

# Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP ERR IF ENTRY NOT FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the SPD entry query session (no more SPD entries).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) SPD entry was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_FW\_FEATURE\_NOT\_AVAILABLE The feature is not available (not enabled in FW).
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

demo\_spd.c.

#### 2.1.10.17 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE
```

FCI command for management of Egress QoS queues.

Related topics: Egress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_queue\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:



- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of Egress QoS queue.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Get properties of a target Egress QoS queue.

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

#### Modify properties of an Egress QoS queue.

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

#### Get properties of a target Egress QoS queue.

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_QUEUE\_NOT\_FOUND
   Unknown (nonexistent) Egress QoS queue was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_QUEUE\_SUM\_OF\_LENGTHS\_EXCEEDED Sum of all Egress QoS queue lengths for a given physical interface would exceed limits of the interface. First shorten some other queues of the interface, then lengthen the queue of interest.
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_NOT\_SUPPORTED
   Requested interface does not support Egress QoS queue management.



 FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_qos.c.
```

#### 2.1.10.18 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER
```

FCI command for management of Egress QoS schedulers.

Related topics: Egress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_scheduler\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of Egress QoS scheduler.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
   Get properties of a target Egress QoS scheduler.

## **FPP ACTION UPDATE**

## Modify properties of an Egress QoS scheduler.

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

## Get properties of a target Egress QoS scheduler.



## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_SCHEDULER\_NOT\_FOUND Unknown (nonexistent) Egress QoS scheduler was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_NOT\_SUPPORTED

  Requested interface does not support Egress QoS scheduler management.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

# **Examples**

demo\_qos.c.

## 2.1.10.19 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER
```

FCI command for management of Egress QoS shapers.

Related topics: Egress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

  Modify properties of Egress QoS shaper.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
   Get properties of a target Egress QoS shaper.

# FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

# Modify properties of an Egress QoS shaper.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

#### Get properties of a target Egress QoS shaper.

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_SHAPER\_NOT\_FOUND Unknown (nonexistent) Egress QoS shaper was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_IF\_NOT\_SUPPORTED Requested interface does not support Egress QoS shaper management.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

demo\_qos.c.

## 2.1.10.20 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER
```

FCI command for Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.

Related topics: Ingress QoS, FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED, FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Enable/disable Ingress QoS policer of a physical interface.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Get status of a target Ingress QoS policer.



Note

Management of Ingress QoS policer is available only for emac physical interfaces.

Effects of enable/disable:

- If an Ingress QoS policer gets disabled, its associated flow table, WRED module and shaper module are disabled as well.
- If an Ingress QoS policer gets enabled, it starts with default configuration (clear flow table, default WRED configuration, default shaper configuration).

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Enable/disable Ingress QoS policer of an **emac** physical interface.

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

Get status (enabled/disabled) of an Ingress QoS policer.

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

```
• FPP_ERR_OK Success
```

FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
 Wrong physical interface provided (i.e. non-'emac'), or unexpected value of some property.

 FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

#### **Examples**

demo\_qos\_pol.c.



#### 2.1.10.21 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW
```

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS packet flows.

Related topics: Ingress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_flow\_cmd\_t, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER
   Add a flow to an Ingress QoS flow classification table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER
  Remove a flow from an Ingress QoS flow classification table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Initiate (or reinitiate) a flow query session and get properties of the first flow from an Ingress QoS flow clasification table.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get properties of the next flow from the table. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the table).

#### Note

- Management of Ingress QoS packet flows is available only for emac physical interfaces.
- Management of Ingress QoS packet flows is possible only if the associated FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER is enabled.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Add a packet flow to an Ingress QoS flow classification table. Specify flow parameters and the action to be done for packets which conform to the given flow.

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove a flow from an Ingress QoS flow classification table.

.....



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

#### Get properties of the Ingress QoS flow.

```
fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY,
  .if_name = "...", // Physical interface name ('emac' interfaces only).
id = // Entry position in the table from 0 to "table size"
                     // Entry position in the table, from 0 to "table size - 1".
fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds the content of the first available (i.e. active) flow
// from the Ingress QoS flow classification table of the target physical interface.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next available flow from the table.
```

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the Ingress QoS flow query session (no more flows).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) Ingress QoS flow was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW\_TABLE\_FULL
  Attempting to register flow with .id >= FPP\_IQOS\_FLOW\_TABLE\_SIZE or flow table full.
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
   Wrong physical interface provided (i.e. non-'emac'), or unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

#### **Examples**

demo\_qos\_pol.c.



## 2.1.10.22 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED

```
#define FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_WRED
```

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS WRED queues.

Related topics: Ingress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of Ingress QoS WRED queue.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
  Get properties of a target Ingress QoS WRED queue.

#### Note

- Management of Ingress QoS WRED queues is available only for **emac** physical interfaces.
- Management of Ingress QoS WRED queues is possible only if the associated FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER is enabled.

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Update Ingress QoS WRED queue of a target physical interface.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

Get properties of a target Ingress QoS WRED queue.



## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
   Wrong physical interface provided (i.e. non-'emac'), or unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

# **Examples**

demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## 2.1.10.23 FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP

```
#define FPP CMD QOS POLICER SHP
```

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS shapers.

Related topics: Ingress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of Ingress QoS shaper.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
   Get properties of a target Ingress QoS shaper.

#### Note

- Management of Ingress QoS shapers is available only for **emac** physical interfaces.
- Management of Ingress QoS shapers is possible only if the associated FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER is enabled.

#### FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Configure Ingress QoS credit based shaper (IEEE 802.1Q) of a target physical interface.

```
fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
{
   .action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE,
```



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY

#### Get properties of a target Ingress QoS shaper.

#### Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
   Wrong physical interface provided (i.e. non-'emac'), or unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_qos_pol.c.
```

#### 2.1.10.24 FPP\_CMD\_FW\_FEATURE

```
#define FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE
```

FCI command for management of configurable FW features.

Related topics: —

Related data types: fpp\_fw\_features\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

• FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE Enable/disable a FW feature.



- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
   Initiate (or reinitiate) a FW feature query session and get properties of the first FW feature from the internal list of FW features.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT
  Continue the query session and get properties of the next FW feature from the list.
  Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

#### Enable/disable a FW feature.

## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

#### Get properties of a FW feature.

```
fpp_fw_features_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_fw_features_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
              sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first FW feature from
// the internal list of FW features.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
              sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next FW feature from
// the internal list of FW features.
```

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- ENOENT (-2)
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the FW feature query session (no more FW features).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) FW feature was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.



# **Examples**

demo\_fwfeat.c.

## 2.1.10.25 FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK

```
#define FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK
```

FCI command for management of IPv4 conntracks.

Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)

Related data types: fpp\_ct\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER
   Create a new IPv4 conntrack and bind it to previously created route(s).
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER
  Remove (destroy) an existing IPv4 conntrack.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE
   Modify properties of IPv4 conntrack.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY
   Initiate (or reinitiate) IPv4 conntrack query session and get properties of the first IPv4 conntrack from the internal list of IPv4 conntracks.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT
  Continue the query session and get properties of the next IPv4 conntrack from the list.
  Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

# FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

#### Create a new IPv4 conntrack.



```
.flags = ...,
                    // Flags. A bitset. [NBO]
 .route_id = ...,
                   // 'orig' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]
                     // See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE.
  .route_id_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]
                        // See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE.
                    // 'orig' direction: VLAN tag. [NBO]
 .vlan = ...,
                     // If non-zero, then this VLAN tag is added to the routed packet.
                     // If the packet already has a VLAN tag, then its tag is replaced.
 .vlan_reply = ... // 'reply' direction: VLAN tag. [NBO]
                     // If non-zero, then this VLAN tag is added to the routed packet.
                     // If the packet already has a VLAN tag, then its tag is replaced.
};
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t),
                                           (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
```

#### orig and reply direction

By default the connection is created as bi-directional. It means that two routing table entries are created at once:

- one for standard flow ('orig' direction), defined by .protocol, .saddr, .daddr, .sport, and .dport
- one for reverse flow ('reply' direction), defined by .protocol, .saddr\_reply, .daddr\_reply, .sport\_reply and .dport\_reply.

To create an uni-directional connection (only one routing table entry), set one of these flags (**never** both) when configuring a conntrack:

- 'orig' direction only: .flags |= CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED, and don't set .route\_id\_reply.
- 'reply' direction only: .flags |= CTCMD\_FLAGS\_ORIG\_DISABLED, and don't set .route\_id.

#### **NAT and NAPT/PAT**

To configure NAT or NAPT/PAT connection, set 'reply' IP addresses and ports to different values than 'orig' IP addresses and ports.

- .daddr\_reply != .saddr: Source address of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .saddr to daddr\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, destination address of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .daddr\_reply to .saddr.
- 2. .saddr\_reply != .daddr: Destination address of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .daddr to .saddr\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, source address of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .saddr\_reply to .daddr.
- 3. .dport\_reply != .sport: Source port of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .sport to '.dport\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, destination port of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .dport\_reply to .sport.



4. .sport\_reply != .dport: Destination port of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .dport to .sport\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, source port of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .sport\_reply to .dport.

# Disable port checking

It is possible to leave out ports from matching process of a particular countrack. To do so, configure the countrack's .sport and .dport to zero. This allows routing based only on 3-tuple (protocol, source IP, destination IP).

#### FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing IPv4 conntrack. 'Orig' properties are mandatory for this action. 'Reply' properties are optional.

```
fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP ACTION DEREGISTER, // Action
  // Identification of the target conntrack.
  .saddr = ..., // 'orig' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
.daddr = ..., // 'orig' direction: Destination IP address. [NBO]
.sport = ..., // 'orig' direction: Source port. [NBO]
.dport = ... // 'orig' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
.protocol = ..., // IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). [NBO]
  .saddr_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
                            // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.daddr'.
  .daddr_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: Destination IP address.
                            // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.saddr'.
  .sport_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: Source port. [NBO]
                            // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.dport'.
  .dport_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
                            // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.sport'.
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t),
                                                          (unsigned short*) (&cmd to fci));
```

## FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

# Modify properties of an IPv4 conntrack.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

#### Get properties of an IPv4 conntrack.

```
fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_ct_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
              sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first IPv4 conntrack from
// the internal list of IPv4 conntracks.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
               sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next IPv4 conntrack from
// the internal list of IPv4 conntracks.
```

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_CT\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the IPv4 conntrack query session (no more IPv4 conntracks).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) IPv4 conntrack was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_CT\_ENTRY\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested IPv4 conntrack already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
  Unexpected value of some property (probably nonexistent route).
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

#### **Examples**

```
demo_rt_ct.c.
```



## 2.1.10.26 FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK

```
#define FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK
```

FCI command for management of IPv6 conntracks.

Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)

Related data types: fpp\_ct6\_cmd\_t

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER
   Create a new IPv6 conntrack and bind it to previously created route(s).
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing IPv6 conntrack.
- FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE Modify properties of IPv6 conntrack.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY Initiate (or reinitiate) IPv6 conntrack query session and get properties of the first IPv6 conntrack from the internal list of IPv6 conntracks.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT
   Continue the query session and get properties of the next IPv6 countrack from the list.
   Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

#### Create a new IPv6 conntrack.

```
fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER, // Action
 // 'orig' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
 .saddr_reply = {...}, // 'reply' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
                      // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.daddr'.
 .daddr_reply = {...}, // 'reply' direction: Destination IP address.
                      // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.saddr'.
 .sport_reply = ...,
                      // 'reply' direction: Source port. [NBO]
                      // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.dport'.
                      // 'reply' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
 .dport_reply = ...,
                      // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.sport'.
 .protocol = ...,
                      // IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). [NBO]
 .flags = ...,
                      // Flags. A bitset. [NBO]
                     // 'orig' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]
 .route_id = ...,
                      // See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE.
 .route_id_reply = ..., // 'reply' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]
                      // See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE.
 .vlan = ...,
                 // 'orig' direction: VLAN tag. [NBO]
```



## orig and reply direction

By default the connection is created as bi-directional. It means that two routing table entries are created at once:

- one for standard flow ('orig' direction), defined by .protocol, .saddr, .daddr, .sport, and .dport
- one for reverse flow ('reply' direction), defined by .protocol, .saddr\_reply, .daddr\_reply, .sport\_reply and .dport\_reply.

To create an uni-directional connection (only one routing table entry), set one of these flags (**never** both) when configuring a conntrack:

- 'orig' direction only: .flags |= CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED, and don't set .route\_id\_reply.
- 'reply' direction only: .flags |= CTCMD\_FLAGS\_ORIG\_DISABLED, and don't set .route\_id.

#### **NAT and NAPT/PAT**

To configure NAT or NAPT/PAT connection, set 'reply' IP addresses and ports to different values than 'orig' IP addresses and ports.

- .daddr\_reply != .saddr: Source address of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .saddr to daddr\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, destination address of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .daddr\_reply to .saddr.
- 2. .saddr\_reply != .daddr: Destination address of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .daddr to .saddr\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, source address of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .saddr\_reply to .daddr.
- 3. .dport\_reply != .sport: Source port of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .sport to '.dport\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, destination port of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .dport\_reply to .sport.
- 4. .sport\_reply != .dport: Destination port of packets in the 'orig' direction will be changed from .dport to .sport\_reply. In case of a bi-directional connection, source port of packets in the 'reply' direction will be changed from .sport\_reply to .dport.



#### Disable port checking

It is possible to leave out ports from matching process of a particular countrack. To do so, configure the countrack's .sport and .dport to zero. This allows routing based only on 3-tuple (protocol, source IP, destination IP).

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing IPv6 conntrack. 'Orig' properties are mandatory for this action. 'Reply' properties are optional.

```
fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER, // Action
 // Identification of the target conntrack.
 .sport = ...,
.dport = ...
                    // 'orig' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
 .protocol = ..., // IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). [NBO]
 .saddr_reply = {...}, // 'reply' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
                     // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.daddr'.
 .daddr_reply = {...}, // 'reply' direction: Destination IP address.
                     // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.saddr'.
                     // 'reply' direction: Source port. [NBO]
 .sport_reply = ...,
                     // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.dport'.
                    // 'reply' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
 .dport_reply = ...,
                     // Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.sport'.
};
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t),
                                         (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
```

#### FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

Modify properties of an IPv6 conntrack.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

#### Get properties of an IPv6 conntrack.

```
fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
  .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_ct6_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
               sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first IPv6 conntrack from
// the internal list of IPv6 conntracks.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next IPv6 conntrack from
// the internal list of IPv6 conntracks.
```

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_CT\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the IPv6 conntrack query session (no more IPv6 conntracks).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) IPv6 conntrack was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_CT\_ENTRY\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested IPv6 conntrack already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM
  Unexpected value of some property (probably nonexistent route).
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo rt ct.c.
```

#### 2.1.10.27 FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE

```
#define FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE
```

FCI command for management of IP routes.



Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)

Related data types: fpp\_rt\_cmd\_t

In the context of PFE, a route represents a direction where the matching traffic shall be forwarded to. Every route specifies an egress physical interface and a MAC address of the next network node.

Supported .action values:

- FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER Create a new route.
- FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER Remove (destroy) an existing route.
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY Initiate (or reinitiate) a route query session and get properties of the first route from the internal collective list of all routes (regardless of IP type nor conntrack affiliation).
- FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Continue the query session and get properties of the next route from the list. Intended to be called in a loop (to iterate through the list).

## FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

Create a new route. For detailed info about route properties, see fpp rt cmd t.

## FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

Remove (destroy) an existing route.



## FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY and FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT

## Get properties of a route.

```
fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci =
 .action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY // Action
fpp_rt_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
              sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the first route from
// the internal collective list of all routes.
cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
rtn = fci_query(client, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
              sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
// 'reply_from_fci' now holds properties of the next route from
// the internal collective list of all routes.
```

## Command return values (for all applicable ACTIONs)

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_RT\_ENTRY\_NOT\_FOUND
  - For FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY or FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT: The end of the route query session (no more routes).
  - For other ACTIONs: Unknown (nonexistent) route was requested.
- FPP\_ERR\_RT\_ENTRY\_ALREADY\_REGISTERED Requested route already exists (is already registered).
- FPP\_ERR\_WRONG\_COMMAND\_PARAM Unexpected value of some property.
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo rt ct.c.
```

## 2.1.10.28 FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_RESET

```
#define FPP_CMD_IPV4_RESET
```

FCI command to remove all IPv4 routes and conntracks.



Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP), FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE, FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IPV4_RESET, 0, NULL);
```

#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_rt_ct.c.
```

## 2.1.10.29 FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_RESET

```
#define FPP_CMD_IPV6_RESET
```

FCI command to remove all IPv6 routes and conntracks.

Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP), FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE, FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK

Supported .action values: —

```
int rtn = 0;
rtn = fci_write(client, FPP_CMD_IPV6_RESET, 0, NULL);
```

## **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## Examples

```
demo_rt_ct.c.
```



## 2.1.10.30 FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT

```
#define FPP_CMD_IPV4_SET_TIMEOUT
```

FCI command for configuration of countrack timeouts.

Related topics: IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)

Related data types: fpp\_timeout\_cmd\_t

FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT sets default timeout for **both** FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK and FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK.

This command allows for configuration of countrack default timeout periods. Three protocol groups are distinguished: TCP (6), UDP (17) and others (all other protocols; usually represented by 0). Timeout can be set independently for each of these groups.

Factory-default timeout values are:

- 5 days for TCP
- 300 seconds for UDP
- 240 seconds for others

If these timeouts are updated (changed), then all newly created conntracks are created with updated timeout values. Conntracks which were created before the change have their timeout updated with the first received packet after the change.

Supported .action values: —

#### **Command return values**

- FPP\_ERR\_OK Success
- FPP\_ERR\_INTERNAL\_FAILURE Internal FCI failure.

## **Examples**

```
demo_rt_ct.c.
```



## 2.1.10.31 CTCMD\_FLAGS\_ORIG\_DISABLED

#define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_ORIG\_DISABLED

Disable connection originator.

## **Examples**

demo\_rt\_ct.c.

## 2.1.10.32 CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED

#define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED

Disable connection replier.

Used to create uni-directional connections (see FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK, FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK)

## **Examples**

demo\_rt\_ct.c.

## 2.1.10.33 CTCMD\_FLAGS\_TTL\_DECREMENT

#define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_TTL\_DECREMENT

Enable TTL decrement.

Used to decrement TTL field when the pkt is routed

## **Examples**

demo rt ct.c.

#### 2.1.10.34 FCI\_CFG\_FORCE\_LEGACY\_API

```
#define FCI_CFG_FORCE_LEGACY_API
```

Changes the LibFCI API so it is more compatible with legacy implementation.

LibFCI API was modified to avoid some inconvenient properties. Here are the points the legacy API differs in:

1. With legacy API, argument rsp\_data of function fci\_query shall be provided shifted by two bytes this way:

reply\_struct\_t rsp\_data;



retval = fci\_query(this\_client, fcode, cmd\_len, &pcmd, &rsplen, (unsigned short
\*)(&rsp\_data) + 1u);

Where reply\_struct\_t is the structure type depending on command being called.

2. In legacy API, macros FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE and FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE are defined in application files. In current API they are defined here in libfci.h.

## Warning

It is not recommended to enable this feature.

## 2.1.10.35 FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE

#define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE

#### 2.1.10.36 FPP CMD IPV6 CONNTRACK CHANGE

#define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE

## 2.1.11 Enums

## 2.1.11.1 fpp\_if\_flags\_t

enum fpp\_if\_flags\_t

Interface flags.

Related data types: fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t, fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t

Some of these flags are applicable only for physical interfaces [phyif], some are applicable only for logical interfaces [logif] and some are applicable for both [phyif,logif].

## Enumerator

FPP_IF_ENABLED	[phyif,logif]
	If set, the interface is enabled.
FPP_IF_PROMISC	[phyif,logif]
	If set, the interface is configured as promiscuous.
	<ul> <li>promiscuous phyif: all ingress traffic is accepted, regardless of destination MAC.</li> <li>promiscuous logif: all inspected traffic is accepted, regardless of active match rules.</li> </ul>



[logif]
If multiple match rules are active and this flag is set,
then the final result of a match process is a logical OR of
the rules. If this flag is <b>not</b> set, then the final result is a
logical AND of the rules.
[logif]
If set, discard matching frames.
[phyif]
If set, the interface enforces a strict VLAN conformance
check.
[phyif]
If set, the interface enforces a strict PTP conformance
check.
[phyif]
If set, then PTP traffic is accepted even if the
FPP_IF_VLAN_CONF_CHECK is set.
[logif]
If set, a loopback mode is enabled.
[phyif]
If set, the interface accepts QinQ-tagged traffic.
[phyif]
If set, then packets with TTL<2 are automatically
discarded. If <b>not</b> set, then packets with TTL<2 are
passed to the default logical interface.

## Examples

 $demo\_log\_if.c, and \ demo\_phy\_if.c.$ 

## 2.1.11.2 fpp\_phy\_if\_op\_mode\_t

enum fpp\_phy\_if\_op\_mode\_t

Physical interface operation mode.

Related data types: fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t

## Enumerator

FPP_IF_OP_DEFAULT	Default operation mode
FPP_IF_OP_VLAN_BRIDGE	L2 Bridge (Switch), VLAN aware version
FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER	IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP)
FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER	Flexible Router
FPP_IF_OP_L2L3_VLAN_BRIDGE	L2L3 Bridge, VLAN-aware version



## 2.1.11.3 fpp\_if\_m\_rules\_t

enum fpp\_if\_m\_rules\_t

Match rules.

Related data types: fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t, fpp\_if\_m\_args\_t

Note

L2/L3/L4 are layers of the OSI model.

## Enumerator

FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ETH Match ETH packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_VLAN Match VLAN tagged packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_PPPOE Match PPPoE packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP Match ARP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST Match multicast (L2) packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4 Match IPv4 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IGMP Match IGMP packets  Match IGMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_PPPOE Match PPPoE packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP Match ARP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST Match multicast (L2) packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4 Match IPv4 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP Match ARP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST Match multicast (L2) packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4 Match IPv4 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST Match multicast (L2) packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4 Match IPv4 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4 Match IPv4 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6 Match IPv6 packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8 Reserved  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX Match IPX packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST Match L2 broadcast packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP Match UDP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP Match TCP packets  FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP   Match ICMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IGMP   Match IGMP packets
FPP_IF_MATCH_VLAN   Match VLAN ID (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_PROTO   Match IP Protocol Number (protocol ID) See
fpp_if_m_args_t.
FPP_IF_MATCH_SPORT   Match L4 source port (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_DPORT   Match L4 destination port (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP6   Match source IPv6 address (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP6   Match destination IPv6 address (see fpp_if_m_args_
FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP   Match source IPv4 address (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP   Match destination IPv4 address (see fpp_if_m_args_
FPP_IF_MATCH_ETHTYPE   Match EtherType (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_FP0   Match Ethernet frames accepted by Flexible Parser
(see fpp_if_m_args_t)



FPP_IF_MATCH_FP1	Match Ethernet frames accepted by Flexible Parser 1 (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_SMAC	Match source MAC address (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_DMAC	Match destination MAC address (see fpp_if_m_args_t)
FPP_IF_MATCH_HIF_COOKIE	Match HIF header cookie. HIF header cookie is a part of internal overhead data. It is attached to traffic data by a host's PFE driver.

## **Examples**

demo\_log\_if.c.

## 2.1.11.4 fpp\_phy\_if\_block\_state\_t

enum fpp\_phy\_if\_block\_state\_t

Physical interface blocking state.

Related data types: fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t

Used when a physical interface is configured in a Bridge-like mode. See L2 Bridge (Switch) and L2L3 Bridge. Affects the following Bridge-related capabilities of a physical interface:

- Learning of MAC addresses from the interface's ingress traffic.
- Forwarding of the interface's ingress traffic.

## Enumerator

BS_NORMAL	Learning and forwarding enabled.
BS_BLOCKED	Learning and forwarding disabled.
BS_LEARN_ONLY	Learning enabled, forwarding disabled.
BS_FORWARD_ONLY	Learning disabled, forwarding enabled.
	Traffic is forwarded only if its both source and destination MAC
	addresses are known to the bridge.

## 2.1.11.5 fpp\_modify\_actions\_t

enum fpp\_modify\_actions\_t

Mirroring rule modification actions.

Related data types: fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t, fpp\_modify\_args\_t

#### **MODULE DOCUMENTATION**



## Enumerator

MODIFY_ACT_NONE	No action to be done.
MODIFY_ACT_ADD_VLAN_HDR	Construct/Update outer VLAN Header.

## Examples

demo\_mirror.c.

## 2.1.11.6 fpp\_l2\_bd\_flags\_t

enum fpp\_12\_bd\_flags\_t

L2 bridge domain flags.

Related data types: fpp\_l2\_bd\_cmd\_t

#### Enumerator

FPP_L2_BD_DEFAULT	Domain type is default
FPP_L2_BD_FALLBACK	Domain type is fallback

## 2.1.11.7 fpp\_fp\_rule\_match\_action\_t

enum fpp\_fp\_rule\_match\_action\_t

Action to do with an inspected Ethernet frame if the frame matches FP rule criteria.

Related data types: fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t

Exact meaning of FP\_ACCEPT and FP\_REJECT (what happens with the inspected frame) depends on the context in which the parent FP table is used. See Flexible Parser. Generally (without any further logic inversions), FP\_ACCEPT means the frame is accepted and processed by PFE, while FP\_REJECT means the frame is discarded.

#### Enumerator

FP_ACCEPT	Flexible Parser accepts the frame.
FP_REJECT	Flexible Parser rejects the frame.
FP_NEXT_RULE	Flexible Parser continues with the matching process, but jumps to a specific FP rule in the FP table.



## 2.1.11.8 fpp\_fp\_offset\_from\_t

enum fpp\_fp\_offset\_from\_t

Header for offset calculation.

Related data types: fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t

Offset can be calculated either from the L2, L3 or L4 header beginning. The L2 header is also the beginning of an Ethernet frame.

L2 header is always a valid header for offset calculation. Other headers may be missing in some Ethernet frames. If an FP rule expects L3/L4 header (for offset calculation) but the given header is missing in the inspected Ethernet frame, then the result of the matching process is "frame does not match FP rule criteria".

#### Enumerator

FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER	Calculate offset from the L2 header (frame beginning).
FP_OFFSET_FROM_L3_HEADER	Calculate offset from the L3 header.
FP_OFFSET_FROM_L4_HEADER	Calculate offset from the L4 header.

## 2.1.11.9 fpp\_spd\_action\_t

enum fpp\_spd\_action\_t

Action to be done for frames matching the SPD entry criteria.

Related data types: fpp\_spd\_cmd\_t

## Enumerator

FPP_SPD_ACTION_INVALID	RESERVED (do not use)
FPP_SPD_ACTION_DISCARD	Discard the frame.
FPP_SPD_ACTION_BYPASS	Bypass IPsec and forward normally.
FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE	Send to HSE for encoding.
FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE	Send to HSE for decoding.

## 2.1.11.10 fpp\_spd\_flags\_t

enum fpp\_spd\_flags\_t

Flags for SPD entry.

Related data types: fpp\_spd\_cmd\_t

## MODULE DOCUMENTATION



## Enumerator

FPP_SPD_FLAG_IPv6	IPv4 if this flag <b>not</b> set. IPv6 if set.
FPP_SPD_FLAG_SPORT_OPAQUE	Do not match fpp_spd_cmd_t.sport.
FPP_SPD_FLAG_DPORT_OPAQUE	Do not match fpp_spd_cmd_t.dport.

## Examples

demo\_spd.c.

## 2.1.11.11 fpp\_iqos\_flow\_type\_t

enum fpp\_iqos\_flow\_type\_t

Argumentless flow types (match flags).

Related data types: fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t

## Enumerator

FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ETH	Match ETH packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_PPPOE	Match PPPoE packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ARP	Match ARP packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV4	Match IPv4 packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV6	Match IPv6 packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPX	Match IPX packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_MCAST	Match L2 multicast packets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_BCAST	Match L2 broadcast pakcets.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_VLAN	Match VLAN tagged packets.

## Examples

demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## 2.1.11.12 fpp\_iqos\_flow\_arg\_type\_t

enum fpp\_iqos\_flow\_arg\_type\_t

Argumentful flow types (match flags).

Related data types: fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t



FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN	Match bitmasked VLAN value.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS	Match bitmasked TOS value.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_L4PROTO	Match bitmasked L4 protocol value.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_SIP	Match prefixed source IPv4/IPv6 address.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_DIP	Match prefixed destination IPv4/IPv6 address.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_SPORT	Match L4 source port range.
FPP_IQOS_ARG_DPORT	Match L4 destination port range.

## Examples

demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## ${\bf 2.1.11.13} \quad fpp\_iqos\_flow\_action\_t$

enum fpp\_iqos\_flow\_action\_t

Action to be done for matching packets.

Related data types: fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t

Note

See Ingress QoS for explanation of Ingress QoS traffic classification.

## Enumerator

FPP_IQOS_FLOW_MANAGED	Classify the matching packet as Managed traffic.
	Default action.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_DROP	Drop the packet.
FPP_IQOS_FLOW_RESERVED	Classify the matching packet as Reserved traffic.

## 2.1.11.14 fpp\_iqos\_queue\_t

enum fpp\_iqos\_queue\_t

Supported target queues of Ingress QoS WRED.

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t

Enumerator

FPP_IQOS_Q_DMEM	Queue which is in DMEM (Data Memory). Standard storage.
-----------------	---



FPP_IQOS_Q_LMEM	Queue which is in LMEM (Local Memory). Faster execution but
	smaller capacity.
FPP_IQOS_Q_RXF	Queue which is in FIFO of the associated physical interface.

## 2.1.11.15 fpp\_iqos\_wred\_zone\_t

```
enum fpp_iqos_wred_zone_t
```

Supported probability zones of Ingress QoS WRED queue.

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t.zprob[]

Note

This enum represents valid array indexes.

#### Enumerator

FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE1	WRED probability zone 1 (lowest).
FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE2	WRED probability zone 2.
FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE3	WRED probability zone 3.
FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE4	WRED probability zone 4 (highest).

## 2.1.11.16 fpp\_iqos\_wred\_thr\_t

```
enum fpp_iqos_wred_thr_t
```

Thresholds of Ingress QoS WRED queue.

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t.thr[]

#### Note

- This enum represents valid array indexes.
- See Ingress QoS for explanation of Ingress QoS traffic classification. (Unmanaged/Managed/Reserved)



FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR	WRED queue min threshold.  If queue fill below .thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR], the following applies:  • Drop Unmanaged traffic by probability zones. • Keep Managed and Reserved traffic.
FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR	WRED queue max threshold.  If queue fill over .thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR] but below .thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR], the following applies:  • Drop all Unmanaged and Managed traffic. • Keep Reserved traffic.
FPP_IQOS_WRED_FULL_THR	WRED queue full threshold.  If queue fill over .thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_FULL_THR], then drop all traffic.

## 2.1.11.17 fpp\_iqos\_shp\_type\_t

enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_type\_t

Types of Ingress QoS shaper.

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t

## Enumerator

FPP_IQOS_SHP_PORT_LEVEL	Port level data rate shaper.
FPP_IQOS_SHP_BCAST	Shaper for broadcast packets.
FPP_IQOS_SHP_MCAST	Shaper for multicast packets.

## 2.1.11.18 fpp\_iqos\_shp\_rate\_mode\_t

enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_rate\_mode\_t

Modes of Ingress QoS shaper.

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t



FPP_IQOS_SHP_BPS	.isl is in bits-per-second.
	.max_credit and .min_credit are in number of bytes.
FPP_IQOS_SHP_PPS	.isl is in packets-per-second.
	.max_credit and .min_credit are in number of packets.

## 2.1.11.19 fpp\_fw\_feature\_flags\_t

enum fpp\_fw\_feature\_flags\_t

Feature flags.

Flags combinations:

- FEAT\_PRESENT is missing: The feature is not available.
- FEAT\_PRESENT is set, but FEAT\_RUNTIME is missing: The feature is always enabled (cannot be disabled).
- FEAT\_PRESENT is set and FEAT\_RUNTIME is set:

  The feature can be enabled/disable at runtime. Enable state must be read out of DMEM.

#### Enumerator

FEAT_PRESENT	Feature not available if this not set.
FEAT_RUNTIME	Feature can be enabled/disabled at runtime.

#### 2.1.11.20 fci\_mcast\_groups\_t

enum fci\_mcast\_groups\_t

List of supported multicast groups.

An FCI client instance can be member of a multicast group. It means it can send and receive multicast messages to/from another group members (another FCI instances or FCI endpoints). This can be in most cases used by FCI endpoint to notify all associated FCI instances about some event has occurred.

#### Note

Each group is intended to be represented by a single bit flag (max 32-bit, so it is possible to have max 32 multicast groups). Then, groups can be combined using bitwise OR operation.



FCI_GROUP_NONE	Default MCAST group value, no group, for sending FCI commands
FCI_GROUP_CATCH	MCAST group for catching events

## 2.1.11.21 fci\_client\_type\_t

```
enum fci_client_type_t
```

List of supported FCI client types.

FCI client can specify using this type to which FCI endpoint shall be connected.

#### Enumerator

FCI CLIENT DEFAULT	Default type (equivalent of legacy FCILIB_FF_TYPE macro)
--------------------	--

## 2.1.11.22 fci\_cb\_retval\_t

```
enum fci_cb_retval_t
```

The FCI callback return values.

These return values shall be used in FCI callback (see fci\_register\_cb). It tells fci\_catch function whether it should return or continue.

#### Enumerator

FCI_CB_STOP	Stop waiting for events and exit fci_catch function
FCI_CB_CONTINUE	Continue waiting for next events

#### 2.1.12 Functions

## 2.1.12.1 fci\_open()

Creates new FCI client and opens a connection to FCI endpoint.

Binds the FCI client with FCI endpoint. This enables sending/receiving data to/from the endpoint. Refer to the remaining API for possible communication options.



#### Parameters

in	client_type	Client type. Default value is FCI_CLIENT_DEFAULT. See fci_client_type_t.
in	group	A 32-bit multicast group mask. Each bit represents single multicast address. FCI instance will listen to specified multicast addresses as well it will send data to all specified multicast groups. See fci_mcast_groups_t.

#### Returns

The FCI client instance or NULL if failed

## **Examples**

demo\_common.c.

#### 2.1.12.2 fci\_close()

Disconnects from FCI endpoint and destroys FCI client instance.

Terminate the FCI client and release all allocated resources.

#### Parameters

in	client	The FCI client instance
----	--------	-------------------------

#### Returns

0 if success, error code otherwise

## Examples

demo\_common.c.

## 2.1.12.3 fci\_catch()

Catch and process all FCI messages delivered to the FCI client.

Function is intended to be called in its own thread. It waits for message/event reception. If there is an event callback associated with the FCI client, assigned by function fci\_register\_cb(), then, when message is received, the callback is called to process the data. As long as there is no error and the callback returns FCI\_CB\_CONTINUE, fci\_catch() continues waiting for another message. Otherwise it returns.



#### Note

This is a blocking function.

Multicast group FCI\_GROUP\_CATCH shall be used when opening the client for catching messages

#### See also

```
fci_register_cb()
```

#### **Parameters**

in	client	The FCI client instance
----	--------	-------------------------

#### Returns

0 if success, error code otherwise

## 2.1.12.4 fci\_cmd()

```
int fci_cmd (
    FCI_CLIENT * client,
    unsigned short fcode,
    unsigned short * cmd_buf,
    unsigned short cmd_len,
    unsigned short * rep_buf,
    unsigned short * rep_len )
```

Run an FCI command with optional data response.

This routine can be used when one need to perform any command either with or without data response. If the command responded with some data structure the structure is written into the rep\_buf. The length of the returned data structure (number of bytes) is written into rep\_len.

## Note

The rep\_buf buffer must be aligned to 4.

#### Parameters

in	client	The FCI client instance
in	fcode	Command to be executed. Available commands are listed in
		Commands Summary.
in	cmd_buf	Pointer to structure holding command arguments.
in	cmd_len	Length of the command arguments structure in bytes.



out	rep_buf	Pointer to memory where the data response shall be written. Can
		be NULL.
in,out	rep_len	Pointer to variable where number of response bytes shall be
		written.

#### Return values

<0	Failed to execute the command.	
>=0	Command was executed with given return value (FPP_ERR_OK for success).	

## 2.1.12.5 fci\_query()

```
int fci_query (
    FCI_CLIENT * client,
    unsigned short fcode,
    unsigned short cmd_len,
    unsigned short * cmd_buf,
    unsigned short * rep_len,
    unsigned short * rep_buf )
```

Run an FCI command with data response.

This routine can be used when one need to perform a command which is resulting in a data response. It is suitable for various 'query' commands like reading of whole tables or structured entries from the endpoint.

## Note

If either rsp\_data or rsplen is NULL pointer, the response data is discarded.

#### Parameters

in	client	The FCI client instance
in	fcode	Command to be executed. Available commands are listed in
		Commands Summary.
in	cmd_len	Length of the command arguments structure in bytes
in	cmd_buf	Pointer to structure holding command arguments.
out	rep_len	Pointer to memory where length of the data response will be provided
out	rep_buf	Pointer to memory where the data response shall be written.

## Return values

<0	Failed to execute the command.
>=0	Command was executed with given return value (FPP_ERR_OK for success).



## **Examples**

demo\_fp.c, demo\_fwfeat.c, demo\_if\_mac.c, demo\_l2\_bd.c, demo\_log\_if.c, demo\_mirror.c, demo\_phy\_if.c, demo\_qos.c, demo\_qos\_pol.c, demo\_rt\_ct.c, and demo\_spd.c.

## 2.1.12.6 fci\_write()

#### Run an FCI command.

Similar as the fci\_query() but without data response. The endpoint receiving the command is still responsible for generating response but the response is not delivered to the caller.

#### **Parameters**

in	client	The FCI client instance
in	fcode	Command to be executed. Available commands are listed in
		Commands Summary.
in	cmd_len	Length of the command arguments structure in bytes
in	cmd_buf	Pointer to structure holding command arguments

#### Return values

<0	Failed to execute the command.
>=0	Command was executed with given return value (FPP_ERR_OK for success).

## **Examples**

demo\_common.c, demo\_fp.c, demo\_fwfeat.c, demo\_if\_mac.c, demo\_l2\_bd.c, demo\_log\_if.c, demo\_mirror.c, demo\_phy\_if.c, demo\_qos.c, demo\_qos\_pol.c, demo\_rt\_ct.c, and demo\_spd.c.



## **2.1.12.7 fci\_register\_cb()**

Register event callback function.

FCI endpoint can send various asynchronous messages to the FCI client. In such case, a callback registered via this function is executed if fci\_catch() is running.

#### **Parameters**

in	client	The FCI client instance
in	event_cb	The callback function to be executed. When called then fcode
		specifies event code (available events are listed in Events summary),
		payload is pointer to event payload and the len is number of bytes
		in the payload buffer.

#### Returns

0 if success, error code otherwise

#### Note

In order to continue receiving messages, the callback function shall always return FCI\_CB\_CONTINUE. Any other value will cause the fci\_catch to return.



# **Chapter 3**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

## 3.1 FCI CLIENT Struct Reference

```
#include <libfci.h>
```

The FCI client representation type.

This is the FCI instance representation. It is used by the rest of the API to communicate with associated endpoint. The endpoint can be a standalone application/driver taking care of HW configuration tasks and shall be able to interpret commands sent via the LibFCI API.

## **Examples**

```
demo_common.c, demo_feature_flexible_filter.c, demo_feature_flexible_router.c, demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_physical_interface.c, demo_feature_qos.c, demo_feature_qos_policer.c, demo_feature_router_nat.c, demo_feature_router_simple.c, demo_feature_spd.c, demo_fp.c, demo_fwfeat.c, demo_if_mac.c, demo_l2_bd.c, demo_log_if.c, demo_mirror.c, demo_phy_if.c, demo_qos.c, demo_qos_pol.c, demo_rt_ct.c, and demo_spd.c.
```

## 3.2 fpp\_algo\_stats\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
Logical interface statistics.
Related data types: fpp_log_if_cmd_t
```

Note

**All** values are in a network byte order [**NBO**].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
{
    uint32_t processed;    /*< Count of frames processed (regardless of the result). */
    uint32_t accepted;    /*< Count of frames matching the selection criteria. */
    uint32_t rejected;    /*< Count of frames not matching the selection criteria. */
    uint32_t discarded;    /*< Count of frames marked to be dropped. */
} fpp_algo_stats_t;</pre>
```



## 3.3 fpp\_buf\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Argument structure for the FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_PUT command.

## 3.4 fpp\_conntrack\_stats\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp.h>
```

Conntrack statistics.

Related data types: fpp\_ct\_cmd\_t and fpp\_ct6\_cmd\_t

Note

**All** values are in a network byte order [**NBO**].

# 3.5 fpp\_ct6\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp.h>
```

Data structure for IPv6 conntrack.

Related FCI commands: FPP CMD IPV6 CONNTRACK, FPP CMD IP ROUTE

See IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP) for detailed explanation how to create conntracks.

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4) {
   uint16_t action; /*< Action */</pre>
   uint16_t rsvd1;
                          /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
   /*< 'orig' direction: Source port. [NBO] */
   uint16_t sport;
                          /*< 'orig' direction: Destination port. [NBO] */
   uint16_t dport;
   uint32_t saddr_reply[4]; /*< 'reply' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
                               Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.daddr'. \star/
   uint32_t daddr_reply[4]; /*< 'reply' direction: Destination IP address. [NBO]
                               Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.saddr'. */
   uint16_t sport_reply; /*< 'reply' direction: Source port. [NBO]</pre>
                               Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.dport'. \star/
   uint16_t dport_reply; /*< 'reply' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
                               Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.sport'. */
   uint16_t protocol;
                          /*< IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). [NBO] */
   uint16_t flags;
                           /*< Flags. A bitset. [NBO. See FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK. */
```



```
uint32_t fwmark;
                           /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
                          /*< 'orig' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]
   uint32 t route id;
                              See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE. */
   uint32_t route_id_reply; /*< 'reply' direction: ID of an associated route. [NBO]</pre>
                              See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE. */
   uint16_t vlan;
                          /*< 'orig' direction: VLAN tag. [NBO]
                              If non-zero, then this VLAN tag is added to the routed
                              packet. If the packet already has a VLAN tag, then its tag
                              is replaced. */
                          /*< 'reply' direction: VLAN tag. [NBO]</pre>
   uint16_t vlan_reply;
                              If non-zero, then this VLAN tag is added to the routed
                              packet. If the packet already has a VLAN tag, then its tag
                              is replaced. */
   } fpp_ct6_cmd_t;
```

## **Examples**

demo\_rt\_ct.c.

## 3.6 fpp\_ct\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

#include <fpp.h>

Data structure for IPv4 conntrack.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK, FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE

See IPv4/IPv6 Router (TCP/UDP) for detailed explanation how to create conntracks.

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4) {
   uint16_t action;
                           /*< Action */
                           /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
   uint16_t rsvd0;
                          /*< 'orig' direction: Source IP address. [NBO] */
   uint32_t saddr;
                           /*< 'orig' direction: Destination IP address. [NBO] */
   uint32_t daddr;
                           /*< 'orig' direction: Source port. [NBO] */
   uint16_t sport;
   uint16_t dport;
                           /*< 'orig' direction: Destination port. [NBO] */
                           /*< 'reply' direction: Source IP address. [NBO]
   uint32_t saddr_reply;
                                 Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.daddr'. */
   uint32_t daddr_reply;
                           /*< 'reply' direction: Destination IP address. [NBO]
                                 Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.saddr'. */
   uint16_t sport_reply;
                            /*< 'reply' direction: Source port. [NBO]
                                 Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.dport'. */
   uint16_t dport_reply;
                            /*< 'reply' direction: Destination port. [NBO]
                                 Used for NAT, otherwise equals '.sport'. */
   uint16_t protocol;
                           /*< IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). [NBO] */
                            /*< Flags. A bitset. [NBO]. See FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK. \star/
   uint16_t flags;
   uint32_t fwmark;
                            /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
                            uint32_t route_id;
                                See FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE. */
```



## **Examples**

```
demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_router_nat.c, demo_feature_router_simple.c, and demo_rt_ct.c.
```

## 3.7 fpp\_fp\_rule\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for an FP rule.

```
Related FCI commands: FPP_CMD_FP_RULE
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(2)
{
    uint16_t action;     /*< Action */
    fpp_fp_rule_props_t r;    /*< Properties of the rule. */
} fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t;</pre>
```

## **Examples**

demo\_feature\_flexible\_filter.c, and demo\_fp.c.

## 3.8 fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
Properties of an FP rule (Flexible Parser rule).
Related data types: fpp_fp_table_cmd_t, fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t
```

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].



## 3.9 fpp\_fp\_table\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for an FP table.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

**Examples** 

demo\_fp.c.

## 3.10 fpp\_fw\_features\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for FW feature setting.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_FW\_FEATURE

Note

Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].



**Examples** 

demo\_fwfeat.c.

## 3.11 fpp\_if\_m\_args\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Match rules arguments.

Related data types: fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t, fpp\_if\_m\_rules\_t

Each value is an argument for some match rule.

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
    uint16_t sport;    /*< L4 source port. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_SPORT. */
uint16_t dport;    /*< L4 destination port [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_DPORT. */</pre>
    /* Source and destination IP addresses */
    struct
         struct
             uint32_t sip;
                                /*< IPv4 source address. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP. */
             uint32_t dip;
                                  /*< IPv4 destination address. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP. */
         } v4:
         struct
             uint32_t sip[4]; /*< IPv6 source address. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP6. */
             uint32_t dip[4]; /*< IPv6 destination address. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP6. */
         } v6;
    } ipv;
    uint8_t proto;
                           /*< IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). See FPP_IF_MATCH_PROTO. */
   uint8_t smac[6]; /*< Source MAC Address. See FPP_IF_MATCH_SMAC. */
uint8_t dmac[6]; /*< Destination MAC Address See FPP_IF_MATCH_DMAC. */
char fp_table0[16]; /*< Flexible Parser table 0 (name). See FPP_IF_MATCH_FP0. */
    char fp_table1[16]; /*< Flexible Parser table 1 (name). See FPP_IF_MATCH_FP1. */
    uint32_t hif_cookie; /*< HIF header cookie. [NBO]. See FPP_IF_MATCH_HIF_COOKIE. */
} fpp_if_m_args_t;
```

Examples

demo\_log\_if.c.

# 3.12 fpp\_if\_mac\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for interface MAC address.

```
Related FCI commands: FPP_CMD_IF_MAC
```



demo\_if\_mac.c.

## 3.13 fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Arguments for argumentful flow types.

Related data types: fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_arg\_type\_t

## **Bitmasking**

## Explanation:

In the comparison process for argumentful flow types, bitmasking works as follows:
if ((PacketData & Mask) == (ArgData & Mask)), then packet
matches the flow.

- PacketData is the inspected value from an ingress packet.
- ArgData is the argument value of an argumentful flow type.
- Mask is the bitmask of an argumentful flow type.
   For IP addresses, the network prefix (e.g. /24) is internally converted into a valid subnet mask (/24 == 0xFFFFFFF0).

#### Example:

If  $.14proto_m = 0x07$ , then only the lowest 3 bits of the TOS field would be compared. That means any protocol value with matching lowest 3 bits would be accepted.

#### Hint:

Use the provided bitmask symbols (see descriptions of struct fields) to compare whole values (all bits). Do not use custom bitmasks, unless some specific scenario requires such refinement.

## **Description**

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
   uint16_t vlan;
                      /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN: VLAN ID (max 4095). [NBO] */
   uint16_t vlan_m;
                        /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN: VLAN ID comparison bitmask (12b). [NBO]
                            Use FPP_IQOS_VLAN_ID_MASK to compare whole value (all bits). */
   Use FPP_IQOS_VLAN_ID_MASK to compare whole value (all bit uint8_t tos; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS: TOS field for IPv4, TCLASS for IPv6. */ uint8_t tos_m; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS: TOS comparison bitmask.
                            Use FPP_IQOS_TOS_MASK to compare whole value (all bits). */
   uint8_t l4proto; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_L4PROTO: L4 protocol field for IPv4 and IPv6. */
   Use FPP_IQOS_L4PROTO_MASK to compare whole value (all bits). */
                   /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_SIP: Source IP address for IPv4/IPv6. [NBO] */
   uint32_t sip;
   uint32_t dip;
                       /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_DIP: Destination IP address for IPv4/IPv6. [NBO] */
   uint8_t sip_m;
                        /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_SIP: Source IP address - network prefix.
```



```
Use FPP_IQOS_SDIP_MASK to compare whole address (all bits). */
uint8_t dip_m; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_DIP: Destination IP address - network prefix.
Use FPP_IQOS_SDIP_MASK to compare whole address (all bits). */
uint16_t sport_max; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_SPORT: Max L4 source port. [NBO] */
uint16_t sport_min; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_SPORT: Min L4 source port. [NBO] */
uint16_t dport_max; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_DPORT: Max L4 destination port. [NBO] */
uint16_t dport_min; /*< FPP_IQOS_ARG_DPORT: Min L4 destination port. [NBO] */
} fpp_iqos_flow_args_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## 3.14 fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Specification of Ingress QoS packet flow.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW

Related data types: fpp\_qos\_policer\_flow\_cmd\_t

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

## 3.15 fpp\_l2\_bd\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for L2 bridge domain.

Related FCI commands: FPP CMD L2 BD

Bridge domain actions (what to do with a frame):

value	meaning
0	Forward
1	Flood
2	Punt
3	Discard



#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(2)
    uint16_t action;    /*< Action */
vint16 t vlan:    /*< Bridge domain VLAN ID. [NBO,ro] */</pre>
    uint8_t ucast_hit; /*< Bridge domain action when the destination MAC of an inspected
                             frame is an unicast MAC and it matches some entry in the
                             Bridge MAC table. */
    uint8_t ucast_miss; /*< Bridge domain action when the destination MAC of an inspected
                             frame is an unicast MAC and it does NOT match any entry in the
                             Bridge MAC table. */
    uint8_t mcast_hit; /*< Similar to ucast_hit, but for frames which have a multicast
                             destination MAC address. */
    uint8_t mcast_miss; /*< Similar to ucast_miss, but for frames which have a multicast
                             destination MAC address. */
    uint32_t if_list; /*< Bridge domain ports. [NBO]. A bitset.</pre>
                             Ports are represented by physical interface bitflags.
                             If a bitflag of some physical interface is set here, the interface
                             is then considered a port of the given bridge domain.
                             Conversion between a physical interface ID and a corresponding
                             bitflag is (1uL \ll "physical interface ID"). \star/
    uint32_t untag_if_list; /*< A bitset [NBO], denoting which bridge domain ports from
                                  .if_list' are considered untagged (their egress frames
                                 have the {\tt VLAN} tag removed).
                                 Ports which are present in both the '.if_list' bitset and
                                 this bitset are considered untagged.
                                 Ports which are present only in the '.if_list' bitset are
                                 considered tagged. */
    fpp_12_bd_flags_t flags; /*< Bridge domain flags [NBO, ro] */</pre>
} fpp_12_bd_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

```
demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan.c, and demo_l2_bd.c.
```

# 3.16 fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for L2 static entry.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP ACTION UPDATE [ro].



```
are forwarded through all physical interfaces which are a part
                             of this bitset. Physical interfaces are represented by
                             bitflags. Conversion between a physical interface ID and
                             /*< Local MAC address. (0 == false, 1 == true)
   uint8_t local;
                             A part of L2L3 Bridge feature. If true, then the forward list
                             of such a static entry is ignored and frames with
                             a corresponding destination MAC address are passed to
                             the IP router algorithm. See chapter about L2L3 Bridge. */
   uint8_t dst_discard; /*< Frames with matching destination MAC address (and VLAN tag)
                             shall be discarded. (0 == disabled, 1 == enabled) \star/
   uint8_t src_discard;
                         /*< Frames with matching source MAC address (and VLAN tag)
                             shall be discarded. (0 == disabled, 1 == enabled) */
} fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

```
demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan.c, and demo_l2_bd.c.
```

## 3.17 fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for a logical interface.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF

Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
   char parent_name[IFNAMSIZ]; /*< Parent physical interface name. [ro] */</pre>
   uint32_t parent_id; /*< Parent physical interface ID. [NBO,ro] */
uint32_t parent_id; /*< Parent physical interface [NBO] */
                             /*< Egress physical interfaces. [NBO]. A bitset.
   uint32 t egress;
                                  Each physical interface is represented by a bitflag.
                                  Conversion between a physical interface ID and a corr-
                                  esponding bitflag is (1uL \ll "physical interface ID"). \star/
                          /*< Interface flags. [NBO]. A bitset. */
/*< Match rules. [NBO]. A bitset. */</pre>
   fpp_if_flags_t flags;
   fpp_if_m_rules_t match;
   fpp_algo_stats_t CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4) stats;
                                                  /*< Logical interface statistics [ro] */
} fpp_log_if_cmd_t;
```

#### Examples

demo\_feature\_flexible\_router.c, demo\_feature\_spd.c, and demo\_log\_if.c.

### 3.18 fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for interface mirroring rule.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_MIRROR



#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

#### **Examples**

demo\_mirror.c.

## 3.19 fpp\_modify\_args\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Arguments for mirroring rule modification actions.

Related data types: fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t, fpp\_modify\_actions\_t

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(2)
{
    uint16_t vlan; /*< VLAN ID to be used by MODIFY_ACT_ADD_VLAN_HDR. [NBO] */
} fpp_modify_args_t;</pre>
```

#### **Examples**

demo mirror.c.

## 3.20 fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for a physical interface.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].



```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
   uint16_t action;
                              /*< Action */
   char name[IFNAMSIZ];
                           /*< Interface name. [ro] */</pre>
   fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t mode; /*< Interface mode. */</pre>
   fpp_phy_if_block_state_t block_state; /*< Interface blocking state. */</pre>
   fpp_phy_if_stats_t stats; /*< Physical interface statistics. [ro] */</pre>
   /* Names of associated mirroring rules for ingress traffic. See FPP_CMD_MIRROR.
      Empty string at given position == position is disabled. \star/
   char rx_mirrors[FPP_MIRRORS_CNT][MIRROR_NAME_SIZE];
   /* Names of associated mirroring rules for egress traffic. See FPP_CMD_MIRROR.
      Empty string at given position == position is disabled. */
   char tx_mirrors[FPP_MIRRORS_CNT][MIRROR_NAME_SIZE];
   char ftable[16]; /*< Name of a Flexible Parser table which shall be used
                          as a Flexible Filter of this physical interface.
                          Empty string == Flexible filter is disabled.
                          See Flexible Parser for more info. */
} fpp_phy_if_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_flexible\_filter.c, demo\_feature\_flexible\_router.c, demo\_feature\_L2\_bridge\_vlan.c, demo\_feature\_L2L3\_bridge\_vlan.c, demo\_feature\_physical\_interface.c, demo\_feature\_router\_nat.c, demo\_feature\_router\_simple.c, demo\_feature\_spd.c, and demo\_phy\_if.c.

## 3.21 fpp\_phy\_if\_stats\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
Physical interface statistics.
Related data types: fpp_phy_if_cmd_t
```

Note

**All** values are in a network byte order [**NBO**].

## 3.22 fpp\_qos\_policer\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp ext.h>
```

Data structure for Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER

Related topics: Ingress QoS



Note

Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

#### **Examples**

demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## 3.23 fpp\_qos\_policer\_flow\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp ext.h>
```

Data structure for Ingress QoS packet flow.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW

```
Related topics: Ingress QoS
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_qos\_policer.c, and demo\_qos\_pol.c.

## 3.24 fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for Ingress QoS shaper.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP

Related topics: Ingress QoS

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
{
```



#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_gos\_policer.c, and demo\_gos\_pol.c.

## 3.25 fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for Ingress QoS WRED queue.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED

Related topics: Ingress QoS

Related data types: fpp\_iqos\_wred\_thr\_t, fpp\_iqos\_wred\_zone\_t

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
    uint16 t action:
    char if_name[IFNAMSIZ]; /*< Physical interface name ('emac' interfaces only). [ro] */
    fpp_iqos_queue_t queue; /*< Target Ingress QoS WRED queue. [ro] */</pre>
                             /*< Enable/disable switch of the target WRED queue HW module.
   uint8_t enable;
                                  0 == disabled, 1 == enabled. */
    uint16_t thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_THR_COUNT]; /*< WRED queue thresholds. [NBO]</pre>
                                                 See 'fpp_iqos_wred_thr_t'.
                                                 Unit is "number of packets".
                                                 Min value == 0
                                                 Max value is implementation defined. See
                                                 Ingress QoS chapter for implementation details.
                                                 Value 0xFFFF == HW keeps its currently
                                                                 configured value. */
    uint8_t zprob[FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONES_COUNT]; /*< WRED drop probabilities for all probability
                                                    zones. See 'fpp_iqos_wred_zone_t'.
                                                    One unit (1) represents probability of 1/16.
                                                    Min value == 0 ( 0/16 = 0%)
Max value == 15 (15/16 = 93,75%)
                                                    Value 255 == HW keeps its currently
                                                                 configured value. */
} fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_qos\_policer.c, and demo\_qos\_pol.c.



## 3.26 fpp\_qos\_queue\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for QoS queue.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE

Related topics: Egress QoS

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
    uint16_t action;
                             /*< Action */
    char if_name[IFNAMSIZ]; /*< Physical interface name. [ro] */</pre>
    uint8_t id; /*< Queue ID. [ro]</pre>
                             minimal ID == 0
                             maximal ID is implementation defined. See Egress QoS. \star/
                         /*< Queue mode:
    uint8_t mode;
                             0 == Disabled. Queue will drop all packets.
                             1 == Default. HW implementation-specific. Normally not used.
                             2 == Tail drop
                             3 == WRED */
                         /*< Minimum threshold. [NBO]. Value is '.mode'-specific:
    uint32_t min;
                             - Disabled, Default: n/a
                             - Tail drop: n/a
                             - WRED: Threshold in number of packets in the queue at which
                                      the WRED lowest drop probability zone starts.
                                      While the queue fill level is below this threshold,
                                      the drop probability is 0%. \star/
                         /*< Maximum threshold. [NBO]. Value is '.mode'-specific:
    uint32 t max:
                             - Disabled, Default: n/a
                             - Tail drop: The queue length in number of packets. Queue length
                                           is the number of packets the queue can accommodate
                                           before drops will occur.
                             - WRED: Threshold in number of packets in the queue at which
                                      the WRED highest drop probability zone ends.
                                      While the queue fill level is above this threshold,
                                      the drop probability is 100%. */
    uint8_t zprob[32]; /*< WRED drop probabilities for all probability zones in [%].
                             The lowest probability zone is '.zprob[0]'. Only valid for '.mode = WRED'. Value 255 means 'invalid'. Number of zones
                             per queue is implementation-specific. See Egress QoS. */
} fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_qos.c, and demo\_qos.c.

### 3.27 fpp\_qos\_scheduler\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp ext.h>
```

Data structure for QoS scheduler.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER

Related topics: Egress QoS



#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
    uint16 t action;
                            /*< Action */
    char if_name[IFNAMSIZ]; /*< Physial interface name. [ro] */</pre>
                            /*< Scheduler ID. [ro]
   uint8 t id;
                                minimal ID == 0
                                maximal ID is implementation defined. See Egress QoS. */
    uint8 t mode:
                            /*< Scheduler mode:
                                0 == Scheduler disabled
                                1 == Data rate (payload length)
                                2 == Packet rate (number of packets) */
    uint8_t algo;
                            /*< Scheduler algorithm:
                                0 == PQ (Priority Queue). Input with the highest priority
                                     is serviced first. Input 0 has the @b lowest priority.
                                1 == DWRR (Deficit Weighted Round Robin).
                                2 == RR  (Round Robin).
                                3 == WRR (Weighted Round Robin). */
   uint32_t input_en;
                            /*< Input enable bitfield. [NBO]</pre>
                                When a bit 'n' is set it means that scheduler input 'n'
                                is enabled and connected to traffic source defined by
                                '.source[n]'. Number of inputs is implementation-specific.
                                See Egress OoS. */
    uint32_t input_w[32];
                          /*< Input weight. [NBO]. Scheduler algorithm-specific:
                                - PQ, RR - n/a
                                - WRR, DWRR - Weight in units given by '.mode' \star/
    uint8_t input_src[32]; /*< Traffic source for each scheduler input. Traffic sources
                                are implementation-specific. See Egress QoS. */
} fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_gos.c, and demo\_gos.c.

## 3.28 fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```

Data structure for QoS shaper.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SHAPER

Related topics: Egress QoS

#### Note

- Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].
- Some values cannot be modified by FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE [ro].



#### **Examples**

demo\_feature\_qos.c, and demo\_qos.c.

## 3.29 fpp\_rt\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp.h>
```

Data structure for a route.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4) {
    uint16_t action;
                           /*< Action */
    uint16_t mtu;
                            /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
    uint8_t src_mac[6];
                            /*< Source MAC address. When a packet is routed, this address
                                is set as the source MAC address of the packet. If left
                                unset (all-zero), then PFE automatically uses MAC address
                                of the associated physical interface (.output_device). \star/
                            /*< Destination MAC address. When a packet is routed, this address
    uint8 t dst mac[6];
                                is set as the destination MAC address of the packet. \star/
                            /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
   uint16 t pad;
    char output_device[IFNAMSIZ];
                                   /*< Name of the egress physical interface.
                                        When a packet is routed, it is egressed
                                         through this physical interface. */
    char input_device[IFNAMSIZ];
                                             /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
    char underlying_input_device[IFNAMSIZ]; /*< RESERVED (do not use) */</pre>
    uint32_t id;
                            /*< Route ID. [NBO]. Unique route identifier. */
   uint32_t flags;
                            /*< Flags. [NBO]. 1 for IPv4 routes, 2 for IPv6 routes. */
    uint32_t dst_addr[4]; /*< RESERVED (do not use) */</pre>
} fpp_rt_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

```
demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan.c, demo_feature_router_nat.c, demo_feature_router_simple.c, and demo_rt_ct.c.
```

## 3.30 fpp\_spd\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp_ext.h>
```



Data structure for an SPD entry.

Related FCI commands: FPP\_CMD\_SPD

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

HSE is a Hardware Security Engine, a separate HW accelerator. Its configuration is outside the scope of this document.

```
typedef struct CAL_PACKED_ALIGNED(4)
    uint16 t action;
                            /*< Action */
    char name[IFNAMSIZ]; /\star < Physical interface name. \star /
    fpp_spd_flags_t flags; /*< SPD entry flags. A bitset. */</pre>
                            /*< Entry position. [NBO]</pre>
    uint16_t position;
                                0 : insert as the first entry of the SPD table.
                                {\tt N} : insert as the {\tt N}th entry of the SPD table, starting from 0.
                                Entries are inserted (not overwritten). Already existing
                                entries are shifted to make room for the newly inserted one.
                                If (N > current count of SPD entries) then the new entry
                                gets inserted as the last entry of the SPD table. \star/
                            /*< Source IP address. [NBO]
   uint32_t saddr[4];
                                IPv4 uses only element [0]. Address type is set in '.flags' */
                            /*< Destination IP address. [NBO]</pre>
    uint32_t daddr[4];
                                IPv4 uses only element [0]. Address type is set in '.flags' */
    uint16_t sport;
                            /*< Source port. [NBO]
                                Optional (does not have to be set). See '.flags' */
                            /*< Destination port. [NBO]
    uint16_t dport;
                                Optional (does not have to be set). See '.flags' */
    uint8_t protocol;
                            /*< IANA IP Protocol Number (protocol ID). */
                            /*< SAD entry identifier for HSE. [NBO]
    uint32_t sa_id;
                                Used only when '.spd_action' == SPD_ACT_PROCESS_ENCODE).
                                Corresponding SAD entry must exist in HSE. \star/
   uint32_t spi;
                            /\star < SPI to match in the ingress traffic. [NBO]
                               Used only when '.spd_action' == SPD_ACT_PROCESS_DECODE). */
    fpp_spd_action_t spd_action; /*< Action to be done on the frame. */</pre>
} fpp_spd_cmd_t;
```

#### **Examples**

demo feature spd.c, and demo spd.c.

### 3.31 fpp\_timeout\_cmd\_t Struct Reference

```
#include <fpp.h>
```

Data structure for conntrack timeout setting.

Related FCI commands: FPP CMD IPV4 SET TIMEOUT

FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT sets timeout for **both** FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK and FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK.

Note

Some values are in a network byte order [NBO].

#### **DATA STRUCTURE DOCUMENTATION**



```
uint16_t sam_406_timeout; /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
uint32_t timeout_value1; /*< Timeout value in seconds. [NBO] */
uint32_t timeout_value2; /*< RESERVED (do not use) */
} fpp_timeout_cmd_t;</pre>
```

#### Examples

demo\_rt\_ct.c.



# Chapter 4

## **File Documentation**

## 4.1 fpp.h File Reference

The legacy FCI API.

```
#include "pfe_cfg.h"
#include <stdint.h>
```

#### **Data Structures**

- struct fpp\_conntrack\_stats\_t Conntrack statistics.
- struct fpp\_ct\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for IPv4 conntrack.
- struct fpp\_ct6\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for IPv6 conntrack.
- struct fpp\_rt\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for a route.
- struct fpp\_timeout\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for conntrack timeout setting.

#### **Macros**

- #define FPP\_ACTION\_REGISTER

  Generic 'register' action for FPP\_CMD\_\*.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_DEREGISTER

  Generic 'deregister' action for FPP\_CMD\_\*.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_UPDATE

  Generic 'update' action for FPP\_CMD\_\*.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY Generic 'query' action for FPP\_CMD\_\*.
- #define FPP\_ACTION\_QUERY\_CONT Generic 'query continue' action for FPP\_CMD\_\*.



- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK
   FCI command for management of IPv4 conntracks.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK FCI command for management of IPv6 conntracks.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IP\_ROUTE FCI command for management of IP routes.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_RESET FCI command to remove all IPv4 routes and conntracks.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_RESET FCI command to remove all IPv6 routes and conntracks.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_SET\_TIMEOUT FCI command for configuration of conntrack timeouts.

### 4.1.1 Detailed Description

The legacy FCI API.

This file origin is the fpp.h file from CMM sources.

### 4.2 fpp\_ext.h File Reference

Extension of the legacy fpp.h.

#### **Data Structures**

- struct fpp\_if\_m\_args\_t Match rules arguments.
- struct fpp\_phy\_if\_stats\_t Physical interface statistics.
- struct fpp\_algo\_stats\_t Logical interface statistics.
- struct fpp\_phy\_if\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for a physical interface.
- struct fpp\_log\_if\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for a logical interface.
- struct fpp\_if\_mac\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for interface MAC address.
- struct fpp\_modify\_args\_t

  Arguments for mirroring rule modification actions.
- struct fpp\_mirror\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for interface mirroring rule.
- struct fpp\_l2\_bd\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for L2 bridge domain.
- struct fpp\_l2\_static\_ent\_cmd\_t
   Data structure for L2 static entry.

#### **FILE DOCUMENTATION**



- struct fpp\_fp\_rule\_props\_t Properties of an FP rule (Flexible Parser rule).
- struct fpp\_fp\_rule\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for an FP rule.
- struct fpp\_fp\_table\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for an FP table.
- struct fpp\_buf\_cmd\_t

  Argument structure for the FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_PUT command.
- struct fpp\_spd\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for an SPD entry.
- struct fpp\_qos\_queue\_cmd\_t Data structure for QoS queue.
- struct fpp\_qos\_scheduler\_cmd\_t Data structure for QoS scheduler.
- struct fpp\_qos\_shaper\_cmd\_t Data structure for QoS shaper.
- struct fpp\_qos\_policer\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.
- struct fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t

  Arguments for argumentful flow types.
- struct fpp\_iqos\_flow\_spec\_t Specification of Ingress QoS packet flow.
- struct fpp\_qos\_policer\_flow\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for Ingress QoS packet flow.
- struct fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for Ingress QoS WRED queue.
- struct fpp\_qos\_policer\_shp\_cmd\_t
   Data structure for Ingress QoS shaper.
- struct fpp\_fw\_features\_cmd\_t

  Data structure for FW feature setting.

#### **Macros**

- #define FPP\_CMD\_PHY\_IF FCI command for management of physical interfaces.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_LOG\_IF FCI command for management of logical interfaces.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_LOCK\_SESSION FCI command to get exclusive access to interface database.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_UNLOCK\_SESSION FCI command to cancel exclusive access to interface database.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IF\_MAC FCI command for management of interface MAC addresses.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_MIRROR FCI command for management of interface mirroring rules.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_BD



FCI command for management of L2 bridge domains.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_STATIC\_ENT

FCI command for management of L2 static entries.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_LEARNED

FCI command to remove all dynamically learned MAC table entries.

• #define FPP CMD L2 FLUSH STATIC

FCI command to remove all static MAC table entries.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_L2\_FLUSH\_ALL

FCI command to remove all MAC table entries (clear the whole MAC table).

• #define FPP CMD FP TABLE

FCI command for management of Flexible Parser tables.

• #define FPP CMD FP RULE

FCI command for management of Flexible Parser rules.

• #define FPP\_ACTION\_USE\_RULE

Flexible Parser specific 'use' action for FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE.

• #define FPP\_ACTION\_UNUSE\_RULE

Flexible Parser specific 'unuse' action for FPP\_CMD\_FP\_TABLE.

• #define FPP CMD DATA BUF PUT

FCI command to send an arbitrary data to the accelerator.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_DATA\_BUF\_AVAIL

Event reported when accelerator wants to send a data buffer to host.

• #define FPP CMD ENDPOINT SHUTDOWN

Notify client about endpoint shutdown event.

• #define FPP CMD SPD

FCI command for management of the IPsec offload (SPD entries).

• #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_QUEUE

FCI command for management of Egress QoS queues.

• #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_SCHEDULER

FCI command for management of Egress QoS schedulers.

• #define FPP CMD QOS SHAPER

FCI command for management of Egress QoS shapers.

• #define FPP CMD OOS POLICER

FCI command for Ingress QoS policer enable/disable.

• #define FPP CMD OOS POLICER FLOW

FCI command for management of Ingress QoS packet flows.

• #define FPP\_IQOS\_VLAN\_ID\_MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole VLAN ID (all bits compared).

• #define FPP\_IQOS\_TOS\_MASK

FPP CMD QOS POLICER FLOW, fpp igos flow args t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole TOS/TCLASS field (all bits compared).

• #define FPP\_IQOS\_L4PROTO\_MASK

FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_FLOW, fpp\_iqos\_flow\_args\_t:

Bitmask for comparison of the whole L4 protocol field (all bits compared).

• #define FPP IQOS SDIP MASK

FPP CMD QOS POLICER FLOW, fpp igos flow args t:

Network prefix for comparison of the whole IP address (all bits compared).



- #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_WRED
   FCI command for management of Ingress QoS WRED queues.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_QOS\_POLICER\_SHP FCI command for management of Ingress QoS shapers.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_FW\_FEATURE FCI command for management of configurable FW features.

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum fpp_if_flags_t {
 FPP IF ENABLED, FPP IF PROMISC,
 FPP IF MATCH OR, FPP IF DISCARD,
 FPP_IF_VLAN_CONF_CHECK, FPP_IF_PTP_CONF_CHECK,
 FPP_IF_PTP_PROMISC, FPP_IF_LOOPBACK,
 FPP_IF_ALLOW_Q_IN_Q, FPP_IF_DISCARD_TTL }
    Interface flags.
• enum fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t {
 FPP_IF_OP_DEFAULT, FPP_IF_OP_VLAN_BRIDGE,
 FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER, FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER,
 FPP IF OP L2L3 VLAN BRIDGE }
    Physical interface operation mode.
• enum fpp if m rules t {
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ETH, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_VLAN,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_PPPOE, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP,
 FPP IF MATCH TYPE MCAST, FPP IF MATCH TYPE IPV4,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6, FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED7,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_RESERVED8, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IGMP, FPP_IF_MATCH_VLAN,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_PROTO, FPP_IF_MATCH_SPORT,
 FPP IF MATCH DPORT, FPP IF MATCH SIP6,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP6, FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP, FPP_IF_MATCH_ETHTYPE,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_FP0, FPP_IF_MATCH_FP1,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_SMAC, FPP_IF_MATCH_DMAC,
 FPP_IF_MATCH_HIF_COOKIE }
    Match rules.
enum fpp_phy_if_block_state_t {
 BS_NORMAL, BS_BLOCKED,
 BS LEARN ONLY, BS FORWARD ONLY }
    Physical interface blocking state.

    enum fpp modify actions t{MODIFY ACT NONE, MODIFY ACT ADD VLAN HDR

    Mirroring rule modification actions.
• enum fpp 12 bd flags t { FPP L2 BD DEFAULT, FPP L2 BD FALLBACK }
    L2 bridge domain flags.
```



```
enum fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t {
 FP_ACCEPT, FP_REJECT,
 FP NEXT RULE }
    Action to do with an inspected Ethernet frame if the frame matches FP rule criteria.
enum fpp_fp_offset_from_t {
 FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L3_HEADER,
 FP_OFFSET_FROM_L4_HEADER }
    Header for offset calculation.
enum fpp_spd_action_t {
 FPP_SPD_ACTION_INVALID, FPP_SPD_ACTION_DISCARD,
 FPP_SPD_ACTION_BYPASS, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE,
 FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE }
    Action to be done for frames matching the SPD entry criteria.
• enum fpp_spd_flags_t {
 FPP_SPD_FLAG_IPv6, FPP_SPD_FLAG_SPORT_OPAQUE,
 FPP_SPD_FLAG_DPORT_OPAQUE }
    Flags for SPD entry.
enum fpp_iqos_flow_type_t {
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ETH, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_PPPOE,
 FPP IOOS FLOW TYPE ARP, FPP IOOS FLOW TYPE IPV4,
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV6, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPX,
 FPP IOOS FLOW TYPE_MCAST, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_BCAST,
 FPP IQOS FLOW TYPE VLAN }
    Argumentless flow types (match flags).
enum fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t {
 FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN, FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS,
 FPP_IQOS_ARG_L4PROTO, FPP_IQOS_ARG_SIP,
 FPP IQOS ARG DIP, FPP IQOS ARG SPORT,
 FPP IQOS ARG DPORT }
    Argumentful flow types (match flags).
enum fpp_iqos_flow_action_t {
 FPP_IQOS_FLOW_MANAGED, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_DROP,
 FPP IOOS FLOW RESERVED }
    Action to be done for matching packets.
enum fpp_iqos_queue_t {
 FPP_IQOS_Q_DMEM, FPP_IQOS_Q_LMEM,
 FPP IQOS Q RXF}
    Supported target queues of Ingress QoS WRED.
enum fpp_iqos_wred_zone_t {
 FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE1, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE2,
 FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE3, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE4 }
    Supported probability zones of Ingress QoS WRED queue.
enum fpp_iqos_wred_thr_t {
 FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR, FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR,
 FPP IQOS WRED FULL THR}
```

Thresholds of Ingress QoS WRED queue.



- enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_type\_t {
   FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_PORT\_LEVEL, FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_BCAST,
   FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_MCAST }
   Types of Ingress QoS shaper.
- enum fpp\_iqos\_shp\_rate\_mode\_t { FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_BPS, FPP\_IQOS\_SHP\_PPS } Modes of Ingress QoS shaper.
- enum fpp\_fw\_feature\_flags\_t { , FEAT\_PRESENT, FEAT\_RUNTIME } Feature flags.

### 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Extension of the legacy fpp.h.

All FCI commands and related elements not present within the legacy fpp.h shall be put into this file. All macro values (uint16\_t) shall have the upper nibble set to b1111 to ensure no conflicts with the legacy macro values.

Note

Documentation is part of libfci.h.

#### 4.3 libfci.h File Reference

Generic LibFCI header file.

#### **Macros**

- #define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_ORIG\_DISABLED Disable connection originator.
- #define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_REP\_DISABLED Disable connection replier.
- #define CTCMD\_FLAGS\_TTL\_DECREMENT Enable TTL decrement.
- #define FCI\_CFG\_FORCE\_LEGACY\_API
  Changes the LibFCI API so it is more compatible with legacy implementation.
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV4\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE
- #define FPP\_CMD\_IPV6\_CONNTRACK\_CHANGE

#### **Enumerations**

- enum fci\_mcast\_groups\_t { FCI\_GROUP\_NONE, FCI\_GROUP\_CATCH } List of supported multicast groups.
- enum fci\_client\_type\_t { FCI\_CLIENT\_DEFAULT } List of supported FCI client types.
- enum fci\_cb\_retval\_t { FCI\_CB\_STOP, FCI\_CB\_CONTINUE } The FCI callback return values.



#### **Functions**

- FCI\_CLIENT \* fci\_open (fci\_client\_type\_t client\_type, fci\_mcast\_groups\_t group) Creates new FCI client and opens a connection to FCI endpoint.
- int fci\_close (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Disconnects from FCI endpoint and destroys FCI client instance.
- int fci\_catch (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Catch and process all FCI messages delivered to the FCI client.
- int fci\_cmd (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*rep\_buf, unsigned short \*rep\_len)

  \*Run an FCI command with optional data response.
- int fci\_query (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf, unsigned short \*rep\_len, unsigned short \*rep\_buf)

  \*Run an FCI command with data response.\*
- int fci\_write (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, unsigned short fcode, unsigned short cmd\_len, unsigned short \*cmd\_buf)

  \*Run an FCI command.
- int fci\_register\_cb (FCI\_CLIENT \*client, fci\_cb\_retval\_t(\*event\_cb)(unsigned short fcode, unsigned short len, unsigned short \*payload))

  \*\*Register event callback function.\*\*
- int fci\_fd (FCI\_CLIENT \*client)

  Obsolete function, shall not be used.

### 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Generic LibFCI header file.

This file contains generic API and API description



# **Chapter 5**

# **Example Documentation**

### 5.1 demo common.c

```
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* modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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     this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
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     this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation
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\star PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT HOLDER
* OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL,
* EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
* PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS;
\star OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY,
\star WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
\star OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS ========== */
```



```
* @brief
                Check rtn value and print error text if (FPP_ERR_OK != rtn).
 * @param[in]
                            Current return value of a caller function.
 * @param[in] p_txt_error Text to be printed if (FPP_ERR_OK != rtn).
 * /
void print_if_error(int rtn, const char* p_txt_error)
    assert(NULL != p_txt_error);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK != rtn)
    {
        printf("ERROR (%d): %s\n", rtn, p_txt_error);
    }
}
/*
* @brief
              Network-to-host (ntoh) function for enum datatypes.
 * @param[in,out] p_rtn Value which is to be converted to a host byte order.
* @param[in] size Byte size of the value.
* @param[in]
*/
void ntoh_enum(void* p_rtn, size_t size)
    assert (NULL != p_rtn);
    switch (size)
        case (sizeof(uint16 t)):
            *((uint16_t*)p_rtn) = ntohs(*((uint16_t*)p_rtn));
        case (sizeof(uint32_t)):
          *((uint32_t*)p_rtn) = ntohl(*((uint32_t*)p_rtn));
        break:
        default:
          /* do nothing ; 'uint8_t' falls into this category as well */
        break;
    }
}
* @brief Host-to-network (hton) function for enum datatypes.

* @param[in,out] p_rtn Value which is to be converted to a network byte order.

* @param[in] size Byte size of the value.
*/
void hton_enum(void* p_rtn, size_t size)
    assert(NULL != p_rtn);
    switch (size)
        case (sizeof(uint16_t)):
           *((uint16_t*)p_rtn) = htons(*((uint16_t*)p_rtn));
        case (sizeof(uint32_t)):
          *((uint32_t*)p_rtn) = htonl(*((uint32_t*)p_rtn));
        break;
           /* do nothing ; 'uint8_t' falls into this category as well */
        break;
    }
}
                Check and set text.
* @brief
 * \mbox{\tt @param[out]} p_dst Destination text array (to be modified).
 * @param[in] p_src Source text array.
                         Can be NULL or empty (""). If NULL or empty, then
                          the destination text array is zeroed.
```



```
dst_ln Size of the destination text array.
                FPP_ERR_OK : Function executed successfully.
* @return
                         : Some error occured (represented by the respective error code).
                other
*/
int set_text(char* p_dst, const char* p_src, const uint16_t dst_ln)
   assert(NULL != p_dst);
   assert(Ou != dst_ln);
    /\star 'p_src' is allowed to be NULL \star/
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    if ((NULL == p_src) || ('\0' == p_src[0]))
    {
        /* zeroify dst */
       memset(p_dst, 0, dst_ln);
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    else if ((strlen(p_src) + 1u) > dst_ln)
    {
       rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE; /* src is too long */
    }
    else
    {
        /* set dst */
       strncpy(p_dst, p_src, dst_ln);
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
              Lock the interface database of PFE for exclusive access by this FCI client.
* @details
              The interface database is stored in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
              FPP_ERR_OK : Lock successful
* @return
               other
                        : Lock not successful
*/
int demo_if_session_lock(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   return fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION, Ou, NULL);
}
* @brief
              Unlock exclusive access lock of the PFE's interface database.
* @details
               The exclusive access lock can be unlocked only by a FCI client which
               currently holds exclusive access to the interface database.
* @param[in]
              p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
              rtn Current return value of a caller function.
               If a caller function provides NON-ZERO rtn, then that rtn value is returned.
* @return
               If a caller function provides ZERO rtn, then return values are:
               {\tt FPP\_ERR\_OK} \ : \ {\tt Unlock} \ {\tt successful}
                         : Unlock not successful
               other
int demo_if_session_unlock(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, int rtn)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn_unlock = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION, Ou, NULL);
   rtn = ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) ? (rtn_unlock) : (rtn));
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Open connection to an FCI endpoint as a command-mode FCI client.
* @details
                Command-mode client can configure PFE via the FCI endpoint by
                issuing FCI commands.
```



```
* @param[out] pp_rtn_cl Pointer to a newly created FCI client.
              FPP_ERR_OK : New FCI client was successfully created.
* @return
                       : Failed to create a FCI client.
              other
*/
int demo_client_open_in_cmd_mode(FCI_CLIENT** pp_rtn_cl)
   assert(NULL != pp_rtn_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   FCI_CLIENT* p_cl = fci_open(FCI_CLIENT_DEFAULT, FCI_GROUP_NONE);
   if (NULL != p_cl)
       *pp_rtn_cl = p_cl;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
             Close connection to a FCI endpoint and destroy the associated FCI client.
* @param[in] p_cl The FCI client to be destroyed.
             FPP_ERR_OK : The FCI client was successfully destroyed.
                       : Failed to destroy the FCI client instance.
*/
int demo_client_close(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   return fci_close(p_cl);
```

## 5.2 demo\_feature\_flexible\_filter.c

```
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* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
```



```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_fp.h"
extern int demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl);
 * @brief
               Use libFCI to configure a Flexible Filter in PFE.
 * @details
               Scenario description:
                 [\star] Let there be two computers (PCs), both in the same network subnet.
                     Both PCs are connected through PFE. PFE acts as a simple bridge.
                  [*] Use libFCI to configure a Flexible Filter on PFE's emac0 physical
                     interface, allowing only a specific type of ingress traffic to pass
                     for further classification. Non-compliant traffic is discarded.
                 [*] Criteria for the allowed ingress traffic on PFE's emac0:
                        --> Type of the traffic is either ARP or ICMP.
                        --> Source IP address is always the IP address of the PCO.
                        --> Destination IP address is always the IP address of the PC1.
               PC description:
                 PC0:
                   --> IP address: 10.3.0.2/24
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                   --> Has static ARP entry for PC1.
                 PC1:
                   --> IP address: 10.3.0.5/24
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                   --> Has static ARP entry for PCO.
               Additional info:
                 Pseudocode of the comparison process done by this demo's FP table:
                  [0] r_arp_ethtype : (ethtype != ARP) ? (GOTO r_icmp_ethtype) : (next_line)
                 [1] r_arp_sip : (sip != 10.3.0.2) ? (REJECT)
[2] r_arp_dip : (dip == 10.3.0.5) ? (ACCEPT)
                                                                                : (next_line)
                                                                                 : (next line)
                 [3] r_arp_discard : (true)
                                                        ? (REJECT)
                                                                                 : (REJECT)
                 [4] r_icmp_ethtype: (ethtype != IPv4) ? (REJECT)
                                                                                 : (next_line)
                  [5] r_icmp_proto : (proto != ICMP) ? (REJECT)
                                                                                 : (next_line)
                 [6] r_icmp_sip : (sip != 10.3.0.2) ? (REJECT) [7] r_icmp_dip : (sip == 10.3.0.5) ? (ACCEPT)
                                                                                 : (next_line)
                                                                                 : (next_line)
                  [8] r_icmp_discard: (true)
                                                        ? (REJECT)
                                                                                 : (REJECT)
               This code uses a suite of "demo_{-}" functions. The "demo_{-}" functions encapsulate
 * @note
               manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
               It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
 * @param[in] p_cl
                            FCI client
                            To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
 * @return
               \ensuremath{\texttt{FPP\_ERR\_OK}} : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
                             Flexible Parser table should be set in PFE.
                            Flexible Filter on PFE's emac0 should be up and running.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_feature_flexible_filter(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    /\star setup PFE to classify traffic (not needed by Flexible Filter, done for demo purposes) \star/
    /* ================== */
    rtn = demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(p_cl);
    /* create FP rules */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t rule = {0};
/* rule [0] */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   /\star locally prepare data for a new rule \star/
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xFFFF0000);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, 12u, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, true);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_NEXT_RULE, "r_icmp_ethtype");
   /\star create a new rule in PFE \star/
   rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_arp_ethtype", &rule);
/* rule [1] */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
   {\tt demo\_fp\_rule\_ld\_set\_data(\&rule,~0x0A030002);~/*~ARP~protocol:~sender~IP~*/}
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xffffffff);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, 28u, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, true);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
   rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_arp_sip", &rule);
}
/* rule [2] */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(&rule, 0x0A030005); /* ARP protocol: target IP */
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xFFFFFFFF);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, 38u, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, false);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_ACCEPT, NULL);
   rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_arp_dip", &rule);
/* rule [3] */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(&rule, 0x00);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0x00);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, Ou, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, false);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
   rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_arp_discard", &rule);
/* rule [4] */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, 12u, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L2_HEADER);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, true);
   demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
   rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_icmp_ethtype", &rule);
/* rule [5] */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(\&rule, 0x01000000); /* 0x01 == ICMP protocol type */
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xFF000000);
       demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, 9u, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L3_HEADER); /* from L3 */
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, true);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
      rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_icmp_proto", &rule);
   /* rule [6] */
   /* ----- */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(&rule, 0x0A030002); /* IP protocol: source IP */
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xFFFFFFFF);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, true);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
      rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_icmp_sip", &rule);
   }
   /* rule [7] */
   /* ----- */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0xFFFFFFFF);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, false);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_ACCEPT, NULL);
      rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_icmp_dip", &rule);
   }
   /* rule [8] */
   /* ---- */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(&rule, 0x00);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(&rule, 0x00);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(&rule, Ou, FP_OFFSET_FROM_L3_HEADER);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(&rule, false);
      demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(&rule, FP_REJECT, NULL);
      rtn = demo_fp_rule_add(p_cl, "r_icmp_discard", &rule);
   }
}
/* create (and fill) FP table */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   /* create FP table */
   /* ----- */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
      rtn = demo_fp_table_add(p_cl, "my_filter_table");
   /\star fill the table with rules \star/
   /* --
   if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
      rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_arp_ethtype", 0u);
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
      rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_arp_sip", 1u);
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_arp_dip", 2u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_arp_discard", 3u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_icmp_ethtype", 4u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_icmp_proto", 5u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_icmp_sip", 6u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_icmp_dip", 7u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = demo_fp_table_insert_rule(p_cl, "my_filter_table", "r_icmp_discard", 8u);
   }
    /\star assign the created FP table as a Flexible Filter for emac0 \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* lock the interface database of PFE */
       rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
           /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
           rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
           if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
               /* modify locally stored data */
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_flexifilter(&phyif, "my_filter_table");
               /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
       /\star unlock the interface database of PFE \star/
       rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
   return (rtn);
}
/* ========================= */
```

### 5.3 demo feature flexible router.c



```
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* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 + ================== +/
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_log_if.h"
              Use libFCI to configure PFE as a Flexible Router.
* @brief
              Scenario description:
                [*] Let there be two computers (PCs).
                     Each PC is in a different network subnet.
                 [\star] Use libFCI to configure PFE as a Flexible Router, allowing the PCs
                    to communicate with each other.
                 [*] Only a specific traffic is allowed through PFE (the rest is discarded).
                    Criteria for the allowed traffic:
                       --> Only ARP and ICMP traffic is allowed through PFE.
                      --> No further limitations for ARP traffic.
                       --> For ICMP traffic, only IPs of PCO and PC1 are allowed
                          to communicate with each other. ICMP traffic from
                          any other IP must be blocked.
                       --> EXTRA: All traffic which passes through PFE must also be mirrored
                                 to the emac2 physical interface.
                    Flexible Router is best used for special, non-standard requirements.
                    Scanning of traffic data and chaining of logical interfaces presents
                    an additional overhead.
                    PFE features such as L2 bridge or L3 router offer a better performance
                    and are recommended over the Flexible Router in all cases where
                    they can be used to satisfy the given requirements.
              PC description:
                PCO:
                  --> IP address: 10.7.0.2/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.11.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac0.
                PC1:
                   --> IP address: 10.11.0.5/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.7.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac1.
              This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
 * @note
```



```
manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
               It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in] p_cl
                            FCI client
                            To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
               FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
* @return
                            Flexible Router should be up and running.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_feature_flexible_router(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   /* lock the interface database of PFE */
    rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
    /\star create and configure logical interfaces on emac0 \star/
    /* NOTE: creation order of logical interfaces is IMPORTANT \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_log_if_cmd_t logif = {0};
        /\star create a "sinkhole" logical interface for unsuitable ingress traffic \star/
        /* ------ */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* create new logical interface in PFE and store a copy of its data in "logif" */
            rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif0_sink", "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, true); /* promisc == accept everything */
                demo_log_if_ld_set_discard_on_m(&logif, true);
                demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
        }
        /\star create and configure a logical interface for ARP ingress traffic \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif0_arp", "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /* NOTE: 1u == ID of emac1 ; 2u == ID of emac2 */
                demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
                \label{log_if_log_if_log_if_log} $$ demo_log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(&logif, ((luL \ \ u \ lu) \ | \ (luL \ \ u \ 2u))); $$
                demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(&logif, false);
                demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
                demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_arp(&logif, true);
                demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
                rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
        }
        /\star create and configure a logical interface for ICMP ingress traffic \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif0_icmp", "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /* NOTE: 1u == ID of emac1 ; 2u == ID of emac2 */
                demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
                \label{log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(&logif, ((luL & lu) | (luL & 2u)));} \\
```



```
demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_icmp(&logif, true);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip(&logif, true, 0x0A070002);
demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip(&logif, true, 0x0A0B0005);
            demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
           rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
       }
   }
}
/\star create and configure logical interfaces on emac1 \star/
/* ========= */
/* NOTE: creation order of logical interfaces is IMPORTANT */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    fpp_log_if_cmd_t logif = {0};
    /* create a "sinkhole" logical interface for unsuitable ingress traffic */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star create new logical interface in PFE and store a copy of its data in "logif" \star/
       rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif1_sink", "emac1");
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, true); /* promisc == accept everything */
            demo_log_if_ld_set_discard_on_m(&logif, true);
            demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
           rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
       }
    /\star create and configure a logical interface for ARP ingress traffic \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif1_arp", "emac1");
       if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
            /* NOTE: 0u == ID of emac0 ; 2u == ID of emac2 */
            demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(&logif, ((1uL « 0u) | (1uL « 2u)));
            demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_arp(&logif, true);
           demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
           rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
       }
    }
    /\star create and configure a logical interface for ICMP ingress traffic \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "MyLogif1_icmp", "emac1");
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* NOTE: 0u == ID of emac0 ; 2u == ID of emac2 */
            demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(&logif, ((1uL « 0u) | (1uL « 2u)));
            demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_icmp(&logif, true);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip(&logif, true, 0x0A0B0005);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip(&logif, true, 0x0A070002);
            demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
```



```
rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
           }
       }
   }
   /* configure physical interfaces */
   /* ======= */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
       /* configure physical interface "emac0" */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
           rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /* modify locally stored data */
               demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER);
               /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
       }
       /\star configure physical interface "emac1" \star/
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
           rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emacl");
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           {
               /\star modify locally stored data \star/
               demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER);
               /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
       }
   }
   /\star unlock the interface database of PFE \star/
   rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
   return (rtn);
}
```

## 5.4 demo\_feature\_L2\_bridge\_vlan.c



```
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 * ================= */
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_12_bd.h"
* @brief
              Use libFCI to configure PFE as a VLAN-aware L2 bridge.
 * @details
              Scenario description:
                [*] Let there be six computers (PCs):
                      --> Three PCs (PC0_NOVLAN, PC0_100 and PC0_200) are accessible via
                          PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                      --> Three PCs (PC1_NOVLAN, PC1_100 and PC1_200) are accessible via
                          PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                [\star] Use libFCI to configure PFE as a VLAN-aware L2 bridge, allowing the PCs
                    to communicate as follows:
                      --> PC0_NOVLAN and PC1_NOVLAN (untagged traffic)
                      --> PC0_100 and PC1_100 (VLAN 100 tagged traffic)
                      --> PC0_200 and PC1_200
                                                    (VLAN 200 tagged traffic)
                [*] Additional requirements:
                      --> Dynamic learning of MAC addresses shall be disabled on
                          emac0 and emac1 interfaces.
                      --> In VLAN 200 domain, a replica of all passing traffic shall be sent
                          to a host.
              PC description:
                PC0_NOVLAN
                  --> IP address: 10.3.0.2/24
                  --> MAC address: 0A:01:23:45:67:89
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                  --> Sends untagged traffic
                PC1_NOVLAN
                  --> IP address: 10.3.0.5/24
                  --> MAC address: 0A:FE:DC:BA:98:76
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                  --> Sends untagged traffic
                PC0_100:
                  --> IP address: 10.100.0.2/24
                  --> MAC address: 02:11:22:33:44:55
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                  --> Belongs to VLAN 100 domain.
                PC1_100:
                  --> IP address: 10.100.0.5/24
                  --> MAC address: 02:66:77:88:99:AA
```



```
--> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                    --> Belongs to VLAN 100 domain.
                  PC0_200:
                    --> IP address: 10.200.0.2/24
                     --> MAC address: 06:CC:BB:AA:99:88
                    --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                    --> Belongs to VLAN 200 domain.
                  PC1_200:
                    --> IP address: 10.200.0.5/24
                    --> MAC address: 06:77:66:55:44:33
                    --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                    --> Belongs to VLAN 200 domain.
                This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
 * @note
                manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
                It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
                              FCI client
 * @param[in]
                              To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
                              VLAN-aware L2 bridge should be up and running.
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
int demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    /\star clear L2 bridge MAC table (not required; done for demo purposes) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_12_flush_all(p_cl);
    /* create and configure bridge domains */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        fpp_12_bd_cmd_t bd = {0};
        /* Default BD (VLAN == 1) */
        /\star This bridge domain already exists (automatically created at driver startup). \star/
        /\star It is used by PFE to process untagged traffic. \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
             /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "bd" \star/
             rtn = demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan(p_cl, &bd, 1u);
             if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                 /\star modify locally stored data \star/
                 demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(&bd, Ou);  /* Ou == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(&bd, Ou);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
                 demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_hit(&bd, Ou);  /* Ou == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
                 /* update data in PFE */
                 rtn = demo_12_bd_update(p_cl, &bd);
             }
        }
        /* bridge domain 100 */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
             /* create a new bridge domain in PFE */
             rtn = demo_12_bd_add(p_cl, &bd, 100u);
             if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
/\star modify locally stored data of the new domain \star/
               demo_12_bd_1d_insert_phyif(&bd, 0u, true); /* 0u == ID of emac0 */
               demo_12_bd_ld_insert_phyif(&bd, 1u, true); /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
               demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
               /\star update the new bridge domain in PFE \star/
               rtn = demo_12_bd_update(p_cl, &bd);
          }
     /* bridge domain 200 */
     /* ----- */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          /* create a new bridge domain in PFE */
          rtn = demo_12_bd_add(p_cl, \&bd, 200u);
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /\star modify locally stored data of the new domain \star/
               demo_12_bd_ld_insert_phyif(&bd, Ou, true);  /* Ou == ID of emac0 */
demo_12_bd_ld_insert_phyif(&bd, 1u, true);  /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
                                                                      /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
               demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_miss(&bd, 1u);  /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
               /\star update the new bridge domain in PFE \star/
               rtn = demo_12_bd_update(p_cl, &bd);
         }
     }
}
/\star create and configure static MAC table entries \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
     fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t stent = {0};
     /\star static entry for bridge domain 1 (MAC of PC0_NOVLAN) \star/
     /* ----- */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
     {
          /* create a new static entry in PFE */
          rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 1u,
                                         (uint8_t[6]) \{0x0A, 0x01, 0x23, 0x45, 0x67, 0x89\});
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
               /* 0u == ID of emac0 */
               {\tt demo\_l2\_stent\_ld\_set\_fwlist(\&stent, (luL \ll 0u));}
               /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
               rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
          }
     /\star static entry for bridge domain 1 (MAC of PC1_NOVLAN) \star/
     /* ----- */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          /* create a new static entry in PFE */
          rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 1u,
                                        (uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0xFE,0xDC,0xBA,0x98,0x76});
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
               /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
               demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 1u));
               /* update the new static entry in PFE */
               rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
          }
```



```
/\star static entry for bridge domain 100 (MAC of PC0_100) \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
    rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_c1, &stent, 100u,
                             (uint8_t[6]) \{0x02, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55\});
    if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
        /* modify locally stored data of the new static entry */
        /* 0u == ID of emac0 */
        demo_12_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 0u));
        /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
    }
}
/\star static entry for bridge domain 100 (MAC of PC1_100) \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /* create a new static entry in PFE */
    rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_c1, &stent, 100u,
                             (uint8_t[6]) \{0x02, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x99, 0xAA\});
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
        /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
        demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 1u));
        /* update the new static entry in PFE */
        rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
    }
/* static entry for bridge domain 200 (MAC of PC0_200) */
if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
    /* create a new static entry in PFE */
    {\tt rtn = demo\_12\_stent\_add(p\_cl, \&stent, 200u,}\\
                             (uint8_t[6]) {0x06,0xCC,0xBB,0xAA,0x99,0x88});
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
        /* Ou == ID of emac0 ; 7u == hif1 */
        demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, ((1uL « 0u) | (1uL « 7u)));
        /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
    }
/\star static entry for bridge domain 200 (MAC of PC1_200) \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /* create a new static entry in PFE */
    rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 200u,
                           (uint8_t[6]) \{0x06, 0x77, 0x66, 0x55, 0x44, 0x33\});
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
        /* 1u == ID of emac1 ; 7u == hif1 */
        demo_12_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, ((1uL « 1u) | (1uL « 7u)));
```

}



```
/* update the new static entry in PFE */
            rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
   }
}
/* configure physical interfaces */
/* ======= */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /\star lock the interface database of PFE \star/
   rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
        /* configure physical interface "emac0" */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
               demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_VLAN_BRIDGE);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(&phyif, BS_FORWARD_ONLY);
               /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
        }
        /* configure physical interface "emac1" */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
           rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emacl");
            if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
               demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_VLAN_BRIDGE);
               demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(&phyif, BS_FORWARD_ONLY);
               /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
       }
    /* unlock the interface database of PFE */
    rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
}
/\star clear dynamic (learned) entries from L2 bridge MAC table \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    rtn = demo_12_flush_learned(p_cl);
return (rtn);
```



/\* ============ \*/

### 5.5 demo\_feature\_L2L3\_bridge\_vlan.c

```
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 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_12_bd.h"
#include "demo_rt_ct.h"
* @brief
               Use libFCI to configure PFE as VLAN-aware L2L3 bridge.
  @details
               Scenario description:
                 [*] Let there be four computers (PCs):
                       --> Two PCs (PC0_100 and PC0_200) are accessible via
                           PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                       --> Two PCs (PC1_100 and PC1_200) are accessible via
                           PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                 [\star] Use libFCI to configure PFE as VLAN-aware L2L3 bridge, allowing
                     communication between the PCs as follows:
                       --> PC0_100 and PC1_100 are both in the VLAN domain 100.
                           PFE shall operate as a VLAN-aware L2 bridge, allowing communication
                           between these two PCs.
                       --> PC0_200 and PC1_200 are both in the VLAN domain 200.
                           PFE shall operate as a VLAN-aware L2 bridge, allowing communication
                           between these two PCs.
                       --> PC0_100 and PC1_200 are in different VLAN domains.
                           PFE shall operate as a router, allowing ICMP (ping) and
                           TCP (port 4000) communication between these two PCs.
```



```
[*] Additional requirements:
                      --> Dynamic learning of MAC addresses shall be disabled on
                          emac0 and emac1 interfaces.
               PFE emac description:
                 emac0:
                  --> MAC address: 00:01:BE:BE:EF:11
                 emac1:
                  --> MAC address: 00:01:BE:BE:EF:22
               PC description:
                 PC0_100:
                   --> IP address: 10.100.0.2/24
                   --> MAC address: 02:11:22:33:44:55
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                   --> Configured to send 10.200.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac0.
                   --> Belongs to VLAN 100 domain.
                 PC1_100:
                   --> IP address: 10.100.0.5/24
                   --> MAC address: 02:66:77:88:99:AA
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                   --> Belongs to VLAN 100 domain.
                 PC0_200:
                  --> IP address: 10.200.0.2/24
                   --> MAC address: 06:CC:BB:AA:99:88
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                   --> Belongs to VLAN 200 domain.
                 PC1_200:
                   --> IP address: 10.200.0.5/24
                   --> MAC address: 06:77:66:55:44:33
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                   --> Configured to send 10.100.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac1.
                   --> Belongs to VLAN 200 domain.
               This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
* @note
               manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
               It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in]
                            FCI client
                            To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
* @return
               {\tt FPP\_ERR\_OK} \ : \ {\tt All} \ {\tt FCI} \ {\tt commands} \ {\tt were} \ {\tt successfully} \ {\tt executed}.
                            L2L3 bridge should be up and running.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_feature_L2L3_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
       configure VLAN-aware L2 bridge
    /* clear L2 bridge MAC table (not required; done for demo purposes) */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       rtn = demo_12_flush_all(p_cl);
    }
    /* create and configure bridge domains */
    /* ======= */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        fpp_12_bd_cmd_t bd = \{0\};
        /* bridge domain 100 */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* create a new bridge domain in PFE */
            rtn = demo_12_bd_add(p_cl, \&bd, 100u);
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
              /\star modify locally stored data of the new domain \star/
              demo_12_bd_1d_insert_phyif(&bd, 1u, true); /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
              demo_12_bd_1d_Insert_pnyll(&bd, lu, true);  /* lu == lb of emact */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_miss(&bd, lu);  /* lu == bridge action "FLOOD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_hit(&bd, 0u);  /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_miss(&bd, lu);  /* lu == bridge action "FLOOD" */
              /\star update the new bridge domain in PFE \star/
              rtn = demo_12_bd_update(p_cl, &bd);
         }
     }
     /* bridge domain 200 */
     /* ----- */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          /* create a new bridge domain in PFE */
         rtn = demo_12_bd_add(p_cl, &bd, 200u);
         if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
              /\star modify locally stored data of the new domain \star/
              demo_l2_bd_ld_insert_phyif(&bd, 0u, true); /* 0u == ID of emac0 */
              demo_12_bd_ld_insert_phyif(&bd, 1u, true); /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
              demo_12_bd_ld_set_ucast_hit(&bd, 0u); /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_ld_set_ucast_miss(&bd, 1u); /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
demo_12_bd_ld_set_mcast_hit(&bd, 0u); /* 0u == bridge action "FORWARD" */
demo_12_bd_ld_set_mcast_miss(&bd, 1u); /* 1u == bridge action "FLOOD" */
              /* update the new bridge domain in PFE */
              rtn = demo_12_bd_update(p_cl, &bd);
         }
    }
}
/* create and configure static MAC table entries */
/* ======== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
     fpp 12 static ent cmd t stent = {0};
     /* static entry for bridge domain 100 (MAC of PC0_100) */
     /* ----- */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
     {
          /* create a new static entry in PFE */
         rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 100u,
                                       (uint8_t[6]) \{0x02,0x11,0x22,0x33,0x44,0x55\});
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
              /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
              /* Ou == ID of emac0 */
              demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 0u));
              /* update the new static entry in PFE */
              rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
     }
     /* static entry for bridge domain 100 (MAC of PC1_100) */
     if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
     {
          /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
         rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 100u,
                                       (uint8_t[6]) {0x02,0x66,0x77,0x88,0x99,0xAA});
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          {
```



```
/\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
            /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
            demo_12_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 1u));
            /* update the new static entry in PFE */
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
    }
    /* static entry for bridge domain 200 (MAC of PC0_200) */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
       rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 200u,
                               (uint8_t[6]) {0x06,0xCC,0xBB,0xAA,0x99,0x88});
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
            /* Ou == ID of emac0 */
           demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (1uL « 0u));
           /* update the new static entry in PFE */
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
    }
    /* static entry for bridge domain 200 (MAC of PC1_200) */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* create a new static entry in PFE */
       rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 200u,
                               (uint8_t[6]) \{0x06, 0x77, 0x66, 0x55, 0x44, 0x33\});
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
            /* 1u == ID of emac1 */
           demo_l2_stent_ld_set_fwlist(&stent, (luL « lu));
            /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
       }
   }
}
/\star create special 'local' static MAC table entries (required for L2L3 bridge) \star/
/* =========== */
/\star 'local' static MAC table entries are used to select the traffic which should be
  classified by the Router. The rest of the traffic is classified by the L2 bridge. \star/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t stent = {0};
    /\star [vlan 100] ; if traffic destination MAC == MAC of emac0, then pass it to Router \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* create a new static entry in PFE */
        rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 100u,
                               (uint8_t[6]) \{0x00,0x01,0xBE,0xBE,0xEF,0x11\});
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
           demo_l2_stent_ld_set_local(&stent, true);
            /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
        }
```



```
/\star [vlan 100] ; if traffic destination MAC == MAC of emac1, then pass it to Router \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
       rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_c1, &stent, 100u,
                              (uint8_t[6]) \{0x00, 0x01, 0xBE, 0xBE, 0xEF, 0x22\});
       if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
           /* modify locally stored data of the new static entry */
           demo_12_stent_ld_set_local(&stent, true);
           /* update the new static entry in PFE */
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
   }
   /* [vlan 200]; if traffic destination MAC == MAC of emac0, then pass it to Router */
   /* ------ */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
       rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 200u,
                              (uint8_t[6]) {0x00,0x01,0xBE,0xBE,0xEF,0x11});
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       {
           /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
           demo_l2_stent_ld_set_local(&stent, true);
           /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
   /\star [vlan 200]; if traffic destination MAC == MAC of emac1, then pass it to Router \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /\star create a new static entry in PFE \star/
       rtn = demo_12_stent_add(p_cl, &stent, 200u,
                              (uint8_t[6]) {0x00,0x01,0xBE,0xBE,0xEF,0x22});
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star modify locally stored data of the new static entry \star/
           demo_l2_stent_ld_set_local(&stent, true);
           /\star update the new static entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_12_stent_update(p_cl, &stent);
   }
}
   configure router
/* clear all IPv4 routes and conntracks in PFE (not necessary, done for demo purposes) */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
   rtn = demo_rtct_reset_ip4(p_cl);
/* create routes */
/* ======= */
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    fpp_rt_cmd_t rt = {0};
    /* route 10 (route to PC0_100) */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
       demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
       demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(&rt, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x02,0x11,0x22,0x33,0x44,0x55});
       demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac0");
        /* create a new route in PFE */
       rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 10uL, &rt);
    /* route 20 (route to PC1_200) */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
       demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
       {\tt demo\_rt\_ld\_set\_dst\_mac(\&rt, (const uint8\_t[6]) \{0x06,0x77,0x66,0x55,0x44,0x33\});}
       demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac1");
       /* create a new route in PFE */
       rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 20uL, &rt);
}
/\star set timeout for conntracks (not necessary; done for demo purposes) \star/
if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
    demo_ct_timeout_others(p_cl, 0xFFFFFFFFUL); /* ping is ICMP, that is 'others' */
   demo_ct_timeout_tcp(p_cl, 0xFFFFFFFFuL);
/* create conntracks */
/* ====== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    fpp_ct_cmd_t ct = {0};
   /* ICMP conntrack from PC0_100 to PC1_200 (and back) */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /\star locally prepare data for a new conntrack \star/
                This conntrack is configured as a bi-directional conntrack.
                One FCI command results in two connections being created in PFE -
                one for the "orig" direction and one for the "reply" direction.
                This conntrack also modifies VLAN tag of the routed packet.
        demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 1u); /* 1 == ICMP */
        demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0x0A640002u,0x0AC80005u,0u,0u,200u,200u,false);
        demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0x0AC80005u,0x0A640002u,0u,0u,10u,10uL,false);
       /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
       rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
    }
    /\star TCP conntrack from PC0_100 to PC1_200 (and back) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star locally prepare data for a new conntrack \star/
                This conntrack is configured as a bi-directional conntrack.
                One FCI command results in two connections being created in PFE -
                one for the "orig" direction and one for the "reply" direction.
```



}

```
This conntrack also modifies VLAN tag of the routed packet.
        demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
        demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0x0A640002u,0x0AC80005u,4000u,4000u,200u,20uL,false);
        demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0x0AC80005u,0x0A640002u,4000u,4000u,100u,10uL,false);
        /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
        rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
}
    configure physical interfaces
/* configure physical interfaces */
/* ======= */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    /\star lock the interface database of PFE \star/
    rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
        /* configure physical interface "emac0" */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_L2L3_VLAN_BRIDGE);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(&phyif, BS_FORWARD_ONLY);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
        }
        /* configure physical interface "emac1" */
                ·---- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac1");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, true);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_L2L3_VLAN_BRIDGE);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(&phyif, BS_FORWARD_ONLY);
                /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
        }
    /\star unlock the interface database of PFE \star/
    rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
return (rtn);
```



#### 5.6 demo\_feature\_physical\_interface.c

```
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* modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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* WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_if_mac.h"
#include "demo_mirror.h"
extern int demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl);
* @brief
              Use libFCI to configure advanced properties of physical interfaces.
 * @details
              Scenario description:
                [*] Let there be two computers (PCs), both in the same network subnet.
                    Both PCs are connected to PFE, each to one PFE emac physical interface.
                    PFE acts as a simple bridge.
                [*] MAC address filtering:
                    Selected emac physical interfaces should not work in a promiscuous mode,
                    but should accept only traffic from a selected range of destination MAC
                    addresses. Use libFCI to configure this MAC address filtering.
                    Use libFCI to create and assign mirroring rules. Task is to mirror
                    a copy of all PCO<->PC1 communication to emac2 physical interface.
              PC description:
                PC0:
                  --> IP address: 10.3.0.2/24
                  --> MAC address: 0A:01:23:45:67:89
```



```
(this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PCO should be used)
                    --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                 PC1:
                   --> IP address: 10.3.0.5/24
                    --> MAC address: 0A:FE:DC:BA:98:76
                       (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PC1 should be used)
                    --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
               This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
* @note
               manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
               It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
                             FCI client
* @param[in] p_cl
                             To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
* @return
               {\tt FPP\_ERR\_OK} \ : \ {\tt All} \ {\tt FCI} \ {\tt commands} \ {\tt were} \ {\tt successfully} \ {\tt executed}.
                             Physical interfaces should be configured now.
               other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_feature_physical_interface(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    /\star setup PFE to classify traffic (not needed, but done for demo purposes) \star/
    rtn = demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(p_cl);
    /* create a mirroring rule */
    /* ======= */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = demo_mirror_add(p_cl, NULL, "MirroringRule0", "emac2");
    /* configure physical interfaces */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star lock the interface database of PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
            /* configure physical interface "emac0" */
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /\star add MAC address filter: accept traffic with dest. MAC == MAC of PC1 \star/
                if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                    rtn = demo_if_mac_add(p_cl, (uint8_t[6]) \{0x0A, 0xFE, 0xDC, 0xBA, 0x98, 0x76\},
                                                  "emac0");
                }
                /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
                rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
                if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                     /* modify locally stored data */
                     demo_phy_if_ld_set_rx_mirror(&phyif, 0, "MirroringRule0"); /* mirror */
                     demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false); /* disable promiscuous mode
                                                                      (MAC filters are used) */
                     /* update data in PFE */
                    rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
                }
            }
```



```
/* configure physical interface "emac1" */
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /\star add MAC address filter: accept traffic with dest. MAC == MAC of PCO \star/
               if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                    \texttt{rtn} = \texttt{demo\_if\_mac\_add(p\_cl, (uint8\_t[6])} \\ \{ 0x0A, 0x01, 0x23, 0x45, 0x67, 0x89 \}, \\ 
                                                 "emac1");
                }
                /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
                rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emacl");
                if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                    /\star modify locally stored data \star/
                    demo_phy_if_ld_set_rx_mirror(&phyif, 0, "MirroringRule0"); /* mirror */
                    demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false); /* disable promiscuous mode
                                                                   (MAC filters are used) */
                    /* update data in PFE */
                    rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
               }
            }
            /* configure physical interface "emac2" */
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
               rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac2");
                if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                    /* modify locally stored data */
                    demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                    demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_DEFAULT);
                   demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(&phyif, BS_NORMAL);
                    /* update data in PFE */
                    rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
        /\star unlock the interface database of PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
   return (rtn);
}
/+ ========== */
```

# 5.7 demo\_feature\_qos.c



```
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 \star ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_qos.h"
extern int demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl);
/*
 * @brief
               Use libFCI to configure PFE egress QoS feature.
               Scenario description:
 * @details
                 [\star] Let there be two computers (PCs), both in the same network subnet.
                     Both PCs are connected through PFE. PFE acts as a simple bridge.
                 [\star] Use libFCI to configure PFE egress QoS feature on PFE's emac0 physical
                     interface, to prioritize and shape egress communication on emac0.
                 [*] NOTE:
                     Be aware that all Egress QoS queues of a physical interface share
                     a single pool of available slots. This means that sum of all Egress QoS
                     queue lengths for every interface must fit within some limit.
                     See FCI API Reference (chapter Egress QoS) for interface limits.
               PC description:
                 PC0:
                   --> IP address: 10.3.0.2/24
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                   --> IP address: 10.3.0.5/24
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
               Additional info:
                 QoS topology of this example:
 * @verbatim
                           SCH0
                          (WRR)
                       +----+
                                                 SCH1
                  Q0--->| 0
                  Q1--->| 1
                                 +--->SHPO--->| 0
                        | 6
                                             | 1
                        | 7
                                              | ...
                                                       +--->SHP2--->
                                              | 4
                                              | 5
                                 Q6---SHP1--->| 6
  @endverbatim
               This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
 * @note
```

manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.



```
It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in] p_cl
                           FCI client
                           To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
                           Egress QoS should be up and running.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_feature_qos(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   /\star setup PFE to classify traffic (not needed by Egress QoS, done for demo purposes) \star/
   rtn = demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(p_cl);
    /* configure Egress QoS queues for emac0 */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t que = {0};
        /\star first shorten and disable unused queues to free some slots in the shared pool \star/
        /* queue 2 (disabled) */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" */
           rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 2u);
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 0u); /* 0 == DISABLED */
               demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 0u);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
        }
        /* queue 3 (disabled) */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" \star/
           rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 3u);
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
               demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 0u); /* 0 == DISABLED */
                demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 0u);
                /* update data in PFE */
               rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
           }
        }
        /* queue 4 (disabled) */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" \star/
           rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 4u);
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 0u); /\star 0 == DISABLED \star/
               demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 0u);
```



```
/* update data in PFE */
        rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
    }
/* queue 5 (disabled) */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" \star/
   rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 5u);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data \star/
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 0u); /* 0 == DISABLED */
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 0u);
        /* update data in PFE */
        rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
   }
/\star now configure used queues ; keep in mind that sum of max lengths must be <255 \star/
/* queue 0 */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" \star/
   rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 0u);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data \star/
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 3u); /\star 3 == WRED \star/
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_min(&que, 25u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 100u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 0u, 10u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 1u, 20u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 2u, 30u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 3u, 40u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 4u, 50u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 5u, 60u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 6u, 70u);
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 7u, 80u);
        /* update data in PFE */
        rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
   }
}
/* queue 1 */
/* ----- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /* get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" */
   rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 1u);
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star modify locally stored data \star/
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 2u);    /* 2 == TAIL DROP \star/
        demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 50u);
        /* update data in PFE */
        rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
   }
}
/* queue 6 */
/* ---- */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /* get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" */
    rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 6u);
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
             /* modify locally stored data */
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(&que, 3u); /* 3 == WRED */
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_min(&que, 10u);
demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 50u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 0u, 20u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 1u, 20u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 2u, 40u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 3u, 40u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 4u, 60u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 5u, 60u);
             demo_gos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 6u, 80u);
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(&que, 7u, 80u);
             /* update data in PFE */
             rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
    }
    /* queue 7 */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /st get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "que" st/
        rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, &que, "emac0", 7u);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
             /* modify locally stored data */
             demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(&que, 50u);
             /* update data in PFE */
             rtn = demo_qos_que_update(p_cl, &que);
        }
    }
}
/* configure Egress QoS schedulers for emac0 */
/* ========= */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t sch = {0};
    /* scheduler 0 */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "sch" \star/
        rtn = demo_qos_sch_get_by_id(p_cl, &sch, "emac0", 0u);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
             /\star modify locally stored data \star/
            demo_qos_sch_ld_set_mode(&sch, 2u); /* 2 == packet rate */
demo_qos_sch_ld_set_algo(&sch, 3u); /* 3 == WRR */
demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 0u, true, 0u, 10000u);
demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 1u, true, 1u, 20000u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 2u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 3u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 4u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 5u, false, 255u, 0u);
demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 6u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 7u, false, 255u, 0u);
             /* update data in PFE */
             rtn = demo_qos_sch_update(p_cl, &sch);
        }
    /* scheduler 1 */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
/\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "sch" \star/
         rtn = demo_qos_sch_get_by_id(p_cl, &sch, "emac0", 1u);
         if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
         {
             /* modify locally stored data */
             demo\_qos\_sch\_ld\_set\_mode(\&sch, 1u); /* 1 == data rate */
             demo\_qos\_sch\_ld\_set\_algo(\&sch, Ou); /* O == PQ */
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, Ou, true, 8u, Ou);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 1u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 2u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 3u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 4u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 5u, false, 255u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 6u, true, 6u, 0u);
             demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(&sch, 7u, true,
                                                                7u, 0u);
             /* update data in PFE */
             rtn = demo_qos_sch_update(p_cl, &sch);
        }
    }
}
/* configure Egress QoS shapers for emac0 */
if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t shp = {0};
    /* shaper 0 */
    /* ---- */
    rtn = demo_qos_shp_get_by_id(p_cl, &shp, "emac0", 0u);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
         /* modify locally stored data */
        demo_qos_shp_ld_set_mode(&shp, 2u);  /* 2 == packet rate */
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_position(&shp, 1u); /* 1 == input #0 of scheduler 1 */
demo_gos_shp_ld_set_ind(x); /* 1000
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_isl(&shp, 1000u); /* packets per sec */
         {\tt demo\_qos\_shp\_ld\_set\_min\_credit(\&shp, -5000);}
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_max_credit(&shp, 10000);
         /* update data in PFE */
         rtn = demo_qos_shp_update(p_cl, &shp);
    /* shaper 1 */
    /* ----- */
    rtn = demo_qos_shp_get_by_id(p_cl, &shp, "emac0", 1u);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
         /* modify locally stored data */
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_mode(&shp, 2u);
                                                      /* 2 == packet rate */
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_position(&shp, 7u); /* 7 == input #6 of scheduler 1 */
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_min_credit(&shp, -4000);
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_max_credit(&shp, 8000);
         /* update data in PFE */
         rtn = demo_qos_shp_update(p_cl, &shp);
    /* shaper 2 */
    /* ---- */
    rtn = demo_qos_shp_get_by_id(p_cl, &shp, "emac0", 2u);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
         /* modify locally stored data */
        /* modify focally stored data ^/
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_mode(&shp, 1u); /* 1 == data rate */
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_position(&shp, 0u); /* 0 == output of scheduler 1 */
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_isl(&shp, 30000u); /* bits per sec */
         demo_qos_shp_ld_set_min_credit(&shp, -60000);
demo_qos_shp_ld_set_max_credit(&shp, 90000);
```



# 5.8 demo\_feature\_qos\_policer.c

```
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 * modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_qos_pol.h"
extern int demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl);
 * @brief
              Use libFCI to configure PFE ingress QoS feature.
 * @details
              Scenario description:
                [\star] Let there be two computers (PCs), both in the same network subnet.
                    Both PCs are connected through PFE. PFE acts as a simple bridge.
                 [\star] \ \textit{Use libFCI to configure PFE ingress QoS feature on PFE's emac0 physical}
                    interface, to prioritize and shape ingress communication on emac0.
```



```
PC description:
                 --> TP address: 10.3.0.2/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                PC1:
                  --> IP address: 10.3.0.5/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emacl physical interface.
              Additional info (parameters of emac0 ingress QoS policing):
                [+] Ingressing ARP traffic shall be classified as Managed.
                [+] Ingressing IPv4 TCP traffic from PC0 IP shall be classified as Reserved.
                [+] Ingressing IPv4 UDP traffic (from any source) shall be dropped.
                [+] One WRED queue is required, with maximal depth of 255 and with linear
                    rise of drop probability for Unmanaged traffic.
                [+] One port-level shaper is required.
* @note
              This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
              manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
              It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in] p_cl
                          FCI client
                           To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
              FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
* @return
                          Ingress QoS policer should be up and running.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
int demo_feature_qos_policer(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   /* setup PFE to classify traffic (not needed by Egress QoS, done for demo purposes) */
   /+ ==========+ +/
   rtn = demo_feature_L2_bridge_vlan(p_cl);
   /* enable Ingress QoS policer on emac0 */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       rtn = demo_pol_enable(p_cl, "emac0", true);
   /* configure Ingress OoS flows for emac0 */
   /* ======= */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t polflow = {0};
       /\star flow 0 - ARP traffic shall be Managed \star/
       /* ----- */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star locally prepare data for a new flow \star/
           memset(&polflow, 0, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t));
           demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_arp(&polflow, true);
           demo_polflow_ld_set_action(&polflow, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_MANAGED);
           /* create a new flow in PFE */
           rtn = demo_polflow_add(p_cl, "emac0", Ou, &polflow);
       /\star flow 1 - specific TCP traffic shall be Reserved \star/
       /* -----
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       {
           /* locally prepare data for a new flow */
           memset(&polflow, 0, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t));
           demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_ip4(&polflow, true);
           demo_polflow_ld_set_am_proto(&polflow, true, 6u, FPP_IQOS_L4PROTO_MASK);
           demo_polflow_ld_set_am_sip(&polflow, true, 0x0A030002, FPP_IQOS_SDIP_MASK);
           demo_polflow_ld_set_action(&polflow, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_RESERVED);
           /* create a new flow in PFE */
```



```
rtn = demo_polflow_add(p_cl, "emac0", lu, &polflow);
    /\star flow 2 - UDP traffic shall be dropped \star/
    if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
       /* locally prepare data for a new flow */
       memset(&polflow, 0, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t));
       demo_polflow_ld_set_am_proto(&polflow, true, 17u, FPP_IQOS_L4PROTO_MASK);
       demo_polflow_ld_set_action(&polflow, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_DROP);
        /* create a new flow in PFE */
       rtn = demo_polflow_add(p_cl, "emac0", 2u, &polflow);
}
/* configure Ingress QoS WRED queues for emac0 */
/* ======== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t polwred = {0};
    /* WRED queue LMEM */
    if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
        /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "polwred" \star/
       rtn = demo_polwred_get_by_que(p_cl, &polwred, "emac0", FPP_IQOS_Q_LMEM);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star modify locally stored data \star/
            demo_polwred_ld_enable(&polwred, true);
            demo_polwred_ld_set_min(&polwred, Ou);
            \label{local_demo_polyred_ld_set_max(&polyred, 200u); } /* \ \mbox{over 200 == drop all Unmanaged } */
            demo_polwred_ld_set_full(&polwred, 255u); /* over 255 == drop everything */
            demo_polwred_ld_set_zprob(&polwred, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE1, 0u);
            demo_polwred_ld_set_zprob(&polwred, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE2, 30u);
            demo_polwred_ld_set_zprob(&polwred, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE3, 60u);
            demo_polwred_ld_set_zprob(&polwred, FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONE4, 90u);
            /* update data in PFE */
            rtn = demo_polwred_update(p_cl, &polwred);
       }
    }
    /* WRED queue DMEM (disabled) */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "polwred" \star/
       rtn = demo_polwred_get_by_que(p_cl, &polwred, "emac0", FPP_IQOS_Q_DMEM);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* modify locally stored data */
           demo_polwred_ld_enable(&polwred, false);
            /* update data in PFE */
            rtn = demo_polwred_update(p_cl, &polwred);
    }
    /* WRED queue RXF (disabled) */
    /* ----- */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "polwred" \star/
       rtn = demo_polwred_get_by_que(p_cl, &polwred, "emac0", FPP_IQOS_Q_RXF);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* modify locally stored data */
            demo_polwred_ld_enable(&polwred, false);
```



```
/* update data in PFE */
              rtn = demo_polwred_update(p_cl, &polwred);
      }
   }
   /* configure Ingress QoS shapers for emac0 */
   if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
       fpp_gos_policer_shp_cmd_t polshp = {0};
      /* Ingress QoS shaper 0 */
      /* ----- */
       rtn = demo_polshp_get_by_id(p_cl, &polshp, "emac0", 0u);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          /* modify locally stored data */
          demo_polshp_ld_enable(&polshp, true);
          demo_polshp_ld_set_type(&polshp, FPP_IQOS_SHP_PORT_LEVEL);
          demo_polshp_ld_set_mode(&polshp, FPP_IQOS_SHP_PPS);
          demo_polshp_ld_set_isl(&polshp, 1000u);
          {\tt demo\_polshp\_ld\_set\_min\_credit(\&polshp, -5000u);}
          demo_polshp_ld_set_max_credit(&polshp, 10000u);
          /* update data in PFE */
          rtn = demo_polshp_update(p_cl, &polshp);
       /* Ingress QoS shaper 1 (disabled) */
       /* ----- */
       rtn = demo_polshp_get_by_id(p_cl, &polshp, "emac0", 1u);
       if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
          /* modify locally stored data */
          demo_polshp_ld_enable(&polshp, false);
          /* update data in PFE */
          rtn = demo_polshp_update(p_cl, &polshp);
   }
  return (rtn);
```

# 5.9 demo\_feature\_router\_nat.c



```
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* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_rt_ct.h"
* @brief
              Use libFCI to configure PFE as a router (with one-to-many NAT).
* @details
              Scenario description:
                 [\star] Let there be three computers (PCs):
                       --> PC0_20, which acts as a server
                       --> PC1_2, which acts as a client
                       --> PC1_5, which acts as a client
                 [\star] Use libFCI to configure PFE as a router (with one-to-many NAT), allowing
                     TCP communication between the server PC and client PCs.
                 [\star] Client PCs can communicate with the server PC via TCP port 4000.
                     This scenario requires both source and destination port to be 4000.
                     (no use of ephemeral ports)
                 [*] PC0_20 (server) has a public IP address (200.201.202.20/16).
                 [\star] PC1_2 and PC1_5 (clients) have private IP addresses from 10.x.x.x range.
                     They both share one public IP address (100.101.102.10/16) to communicate
                     with the outside world (NAT+PAT "one-to-many" mapping).
               PC description:
                 PC0_20 (server):
                   --> IP address: 200.201.202.20/16
                   --> MAC address: 0A:BB:CC:DD:EE:FF
                       (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PCO should be used)
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                   --> Configured to send 100.101.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac0.
                   --> Listens on TCP port 4000.
                 PC1_2 (client_2):
                   --> IP address: 10.11.0.2/24
                   --> MAC address: 0A:11:33:55:77:99
                       (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PC1_2 should be used)
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                   --> Configured to send 200.201.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac1.
                   --> Hidden behind NAT.
                 PC1_5 (client_5):
                   --> IP address: 10.11.0.5/24
                   --> MAC address: 0A:22:44:66:88:AA
                       (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PC1_5 should be used)
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                   --> Configured to send 200.201.0.0 traffic to PFE's emacl.
                   --> Hidden behind NAT.
               Additional info:
                 [+] Conntrack struct has data members for an "orig" direction and for
                     a "reply" direction. See FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK.
                     The "reply" direction data can be used for two purposes:
                       - To automatically create a reply direction conntrack together with
                         the orig direction conntrack in one FCI command.
                       - To modify parts of the "orig" direction packet (IPs/ports),
                         effectively creating NAT/PAT behavior.
```



```
This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
* @note
              manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
              It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
                           FCI client
* @param[in] p_cl
                           To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
              FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
* @return
                           Router should be up and running.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_feature_router_nat(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   /\star clear all IPv4 routes and conntracks in PFE (not necessary, done for demo purposes) \star/
   /* =========== */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       rtn = demo_rtct_reset_ip4(p_cl);
    /* create routes */
   /* ====== */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       fpp_rt_cmd_t rt = {0};
       /* route 20 (route to PC0_20) */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* locally prepare data for a new route */
           demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
           \label{local_demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(art, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0xBB,0xCC,0xDD,0xEE,0xFF}); } \\
           demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac0");
           /* create a new route in PFE */
           rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 20uL, &rt);
       /* route 2 (route to PC1_2) */
       /* ----- */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       {
           /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
           demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
           demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(&rt, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0x11,0x33,0x55,0x77,0x99});
           {\tt demo\_rt\_ld\_set\_egress\_phyif(\&rt, "emacl");}
           /* create a new route in PFE */
           rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 2uL, &rt);
        /* route 5 (route to PC1_5) */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
           demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
           demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(&rt, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0x22,0x44,0x66,0x88,0xAA});
           demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac1");
           /* create a new route in PFE */
           rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 5uL, &rt);
   }
    /\star set timeout for conntracks (not necessary; done for demo purposes) \star/
```



```
/* ===================== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
   demo_ct_timeout_tcp(p_cl, 0xFFFFFFFFul);
/\star create conntracks between PC1_2 (client_2) and PC0_20 (server) \star/
/* =========== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   fpp_ct_cmd_t ct = {0};
   /* from PC1_2 (client_2) to PC0_20 (server) */
   /* ----- */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* locally prepare data for a new conntrack */
       /\star This conntrack is configured as an unidirectional NAT/PAT conntrack.
           FCI command to create this conntrack results in one connection being
           created in PFE - a connection from PC1_2 to PC0_20 ("orig" direction only).
           Packets routed by this conntrack are modified by PFE as follows:
               --> Source IP of the routed packet is replaced with the conntrack's
                  "reply" dir destination IP address (NAT behavior).
               --> Source port of the routed packet is replaced with the conntrack's
                  "reply" dir destination port (PAT behavior).
       */
       demo\_ct\_ld\_set\_protocol(\&ct, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
       demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0x0A0B0003u,0xC8C9CA14u,4000u,4000u, 0u,20uL, true);
       demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0xC8C9CA14u,0x6465660Au,4000u,40003u,0u, 0uL, false);
       /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
       rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
   /* from PCO_20 (server) back to PC1_2 (client_2) */
   if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
       /* locally prepare data for a new conntrack */
       /\star This conntrack is a complement to the previous one - it represents
           connection from PC0_20 back to PC1_2.
           Notice that this conntrack translates source IP / source port of
           the routed packet back to the values expected by the PC1_2.
       demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 6u);  /* 6 == TCP */
demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0xC8C9CA14u,0x6465660Au,4000u,40003u,0u,2uL, true);
       demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0x0A0B0003u,0xC8C9CA14u,4000u,4000u, 0u,0uL, false);
       /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
       rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
   }
}
/* create conntracks between PC1_5 (client_5) and PC0_20 (server) */
/+ ======== +/
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
   fpp_ct_cmd_t ct = {0};
   /* from PC1_5 (client_5) to PC0_20 (server) */
   /* -----
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       /* locally prepare data for a new conntrack */
       demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
       demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0x0A0B0005u,0xC8C9CA14u,4000u,4000u, 0u,20uL, true);
       demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0xC8C9CA14u,0x6465660Au,4000u,40005u,0u, 0uL, false);
       /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
       rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
```



}

```
/* from PCO_20 (server) back to PC1_5 (client_5) */
       /* ----- */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /* locally prepare data for a new conntrack */
           demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
           demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0xC8C9CA14u,0x6465660Au,4000u,40005u,0u,5uL, true);
           demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct,0x0A0B0005u,0xC8C9CA14u,4000u,4000u,0u,0uL, false);
           /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
           rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
   }
   /* configure physical interfaces */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* lock the interface database of PFE */
       rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       {
           fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
           /\star configure physical interface "emac0" \star/
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           {
               /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
              rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
              if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                  /* modify locally stored data */
                  demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                  demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
                  demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER);
                  /* update data in PFE */
                  rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
           }
           /* configure physical interface "emac1" */
           /* ----- */
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
              rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac1");
              if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                  /* modify locally stored data */
                  demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                  demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
                  demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER);
                  /* update data in PFE */
                  rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
              }
           }
       }
       /* unlock the interface database of PFE */
       rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
   return (rtn);
/* ============================ */
```



#### 5.10 demo\_feature\_router\_simple.c

```
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 * modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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\star ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 * ================= */
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_rt_ct.h"
* @brief
              Use libFCI to configure PFE as a simple router.
* @details
              Scenario description:
                 [*] Let there be two computers (PCs): PC0_7 and PC1_11.
                    Each PC is in a different network subnet.
                 [*] Use libFCI to configure PFE as a simple router, allowing ICMP (ping)
                    communication between PCO_7 and PC1_11.
               PC description:
                PC0_7:
                   --> IP address: 10.7.0.2/24
                  --> MAC address: 0A:01:23:45:67:89
                      (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PCO_7 should be used)
                   --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.11.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac0.
                PC1_11:
                   --> IP address: 10.11.0.5/24
                  --> MAC address: 0A:FE:DC:BA:98:76
                      (this is just a demo MAC; real MAC of the real PC1_11 should be used)
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.7.0.0 traffic to PFE's emacl.
              This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
* @note
              manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
```



```
It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in] p_cl
                          FCI client
                           To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
                           Router should be up and running.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_feature_router_simple(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    /\star clear all IPv4 routes and conntracks in PFE (not necessary, done for demo purposes) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       rtn = demo_rtct_reset_ip4(p_cl);
    /* create routes */
    /* ======= */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_rt_cmd_t rt = {0};
       /* route 7 (route to PCO_7) */
       /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
           /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
           demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
           demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(&rt, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0x01,0x23,0x45,0x67,0x89});
           demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac0");
           /* create a new route in PFE */
           rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 7uL, &rt);
        /* route 11 (route to PC1_11) */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star locally prepare data for a new route \star/
           demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(&rt);
           demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(&rt, (const uint8_t[6]) {0x0A,0xFE,0xDC,0xBA,0x98,0x76});
           demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(&rt, "emac1");
           /* create a new route in PFE */
           rtn = demo_rt_add(p_cl, 11uL, &rt);
       }
   }
    /\star set timeout for conntracks (not necessary; done for demo purposes) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       demo_ct_timeout_others(p_cl, 0xFFFFFFFul); /* ping is ICMP, that is 'others' */
   }
    /* create conntracks */
    /* ======= */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_ct_cmd_t ct = {0};
        /\star conntrack from PC0_7 to PC1_11 (and back) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```

}



```
/* locally prepare data for a new conntrack */
        /* This conntrack is configured as a bi-directional conntrack.
            FCI command to create this conntrack results in two connections being
            created in PFE:
                --> one for the "orig" direction
                --> one for the "reply" direction
        */
        \label{eq:demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(&ct, 1u); /* 1 == ICMP */} \\
        demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(&ct, 0x0A070002u,0x0A0B0005u,0u,0u,0u,0u,11uL, false);
demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(&ct, 0x0A0B0005u,0x0A070002u,0u,0u,0u,0u,7uL, false);
        /* create a new conntrack in PFE */
        rtn = demo_ct_add(p_cl, &ct);
}
/* configure physical interfaces */
/* ======== */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
{
    /\star lock the interface database of PFE \star/
    rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
        /* configure physical interface "emac0" */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
        }
        /* configure physical interface "emac1" */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac1");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                /* modify locally stored data */
                demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_ROUTER);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
            }
        }
    /\star unlock the interface database of PFE \star/
    rtn = demo_if_session_unlock(p_cl, rtn);
}
return (rtn);
```



/\* =========== \*

#### 5.11 demo\_feature\_spd.c

```
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\star ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
  ----- */
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
#include "demo_log_if.h"
#include "demo_spd.h"
              Use libFCI to configure PFE IPsec support.
* @details
              Scenario description:
                [\star] Let there be two computers (PCs):
                      --> PCO, which uses encrypted communication.
                      --> PC1, which uses unencrypted communication.
                 [*] Use libFCI to configure PFE IPsec support, allowing ICMP (ping) and
                    TCP (port 4000) communication between PC0 and PC1.
                      --> Traffic from PCO should be decrypted by PFE, then sent to PC1.
                      --> Traffic from PC1 should be encrypted by PFE, then sent to PC0.
                 [*] NOTE:
                    To fully enable PFE IPsec support, it is required to configure
                    the underlying HSE (Hardware Security Engine). HSE configuration
                    is not done by the FCI API and is outside the scope of this demo.
              PC description:
                PCO:
                  --> IP address: 10.7.0.2/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac0 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.11.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac0.
                  --> Requires IPsec-encrypted communication.
```



```
--> IP address: 10.11.0.5/24
                  --> Accessible via PFE's emac1 physical interface.
                  --> Configured to send 10.7.0.0 traffic to PFE's emac1.
              This code uses a suite of "demo_" functions. The "demo_" functions encapsulate
* @note
              manipulation of libFCI data structs and calls of libFCI functions.
              It is advised to inspect content of these "demo_" functions.
* @param[in] p_cl
                          FCI client
                           To create a client, use libFCI function fci_open().
              FPP_ERR_OK : All FCI commands were successfully executed.
                          IPsec support should be up and running.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
int demo_feature_spd(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   /\star configure SPD database entries on emac0 \star/
    /* ======== */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       fpp_spd_cmd_t spd = {0};
       uint32_t src_ip[4] = {0};
       uint32_t dst_ip[4] = {0};
       /\star create SPD entry for ICMP traffic (ping) from PCO to PC1 \star/
       /* ----- */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star locally prepare data for a new SPD entry \star/
           /\star SPI passed in the demo_spd_ld_set_action() should be known by HSE \star/
           src_{ip}[0] = 0x0A070002;
           dst_ip[0] = 0x0A0B0005;
           \label{local_demo_spd_ld_set_protocol(&spd, 1u); /* 1 == ICMP */} \\
           demo_spd_ld_set_ip(&spd, src_ip, dst_ip, false);
           demo_spd_ld_set_port(&spd, false, Ou, false, Ou);
           demo_spd_ld_set_action(&spd, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE, 0u, 0x11335577);
           /\star create a new SPD entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_spd_add(p_cl, "emac0", Ou, &spd);
       /\star create SPD entry for TCP traffic from PCO to PC1 \star/
                ·----- */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           /\star locally prepare data for a new SPD entry \star/
           /\star SPI passed in the demo_spd_ld_set_action() should be known by HSE \star/
           src_{ip}[0] = 0x0A070002;
           dst_{ip}[0] = 0x0A0B0005;
           demo_spd_ld_set_protocol(&spd, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
           demo_spd_ld_set_ip(&spd, src_ip, dst_ip, false);
           demo_spd_ld_set_port(&spd, true, 4000u, true, 4000u);
           demo_spd_ld_set_action(&spd, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE, 0u, 0x22446688);
           /\star create a new SPD entry in PFE \star/
           rtn = demo_spd_add(p_cl, "emac0", 1u, &spd);
       }
   }
    /* configure SPD database entries on emac1 */
   /* ======== */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       fpp spd cmd t spd = \{0\};
       uint32\_t src\_ip[4] = {0};
       uint32_t dst_ip[4] = {0};
```



```
/\star create SPD entry for ICMP traffic (ping) from PC1 to PC0 \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* locally prepare data for a new SPD entry */
        /* SA_ID passed in the demo_spd_ld_set_action() should be
          a valid index to some SAD entry in HSE */
        src_ip[0] = 0x0A0B0005;
dst_ip[0] = 0x0A070002;
        demo_spd_ld_set_protocol(&spd, 1u); /* 1 == ICMP */
        demo_spd_ld_set_ip(&spd, src_ip, dst_ip, false);
        demo_spd_ld_set_port(&spd, false, Ou, false, Ou);
        demo_spd_ld_set_action(&spd, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE, 1u, 0u);
        /\star create a new SPD entry in PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_spd_add(p_cl, "emacl", Ou, &spd);
    /\star create SPD entry for TCP traffic from PC1 to PC0 \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* locally prepare data for a new SPD entry */
        /* SA_ID passed in the demo_spd_ld_set_action() should be
          a valid index to some SAD entry in HSE \star/
        src_{ip}[0] = 0x0A0B0005;
        dst_ip[0] = 0x0A070002;
        demo_spd_ld_set_protocol(&spd, 6u); /* 6 == TCP */
        demo_spd_ld_set_ip(&spd, src_ip, dst_ip, false);
        demo_spd_ld_set_port(&spd, true, 4000u, true, 4000u);
        demo_spd_ld_set_action(&spd, FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE, 2u, 0);
        /\star create a new SPD entry in PFE \star/
        rtn = demo_spd_add(p_cl, "emacl", lu, &spd);
}
/* configure physical interfaces */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    /* lock the interface database of PFE */
    rtn = demo_if_session_lock(p_cl);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
        /\star configure physical interface "emac0" \star/
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac0");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                /\star modify locally stored data \star/
                demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
                demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_DEFAULT);
                /* update data in PFE */
                rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
        }
        /* configure physical interface "emac1" */
        /* ----- */
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
            rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "emac1");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
```



```
/* modify locally stored data */
       demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
        demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
       demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_DEFAULT);
        /* update data in PFE */
       rtn = demo_phy_if_update(p_cl, &phyif);
   }
}
/* configure physical interface "util" */
/\star This interface represents interaction between PFE and HSE.
  This example configures util in Flexible Router mode to allow for distribution
  of the traffic which arrives from HSE. */
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t logif = {0};
   fpp_phy_if_cmd_t phyif = {0};
    /\star create and configure a logical interface for traffic from PCO to PC1 \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "From-PCO_to-PC1", "util");
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* NOTE: 1u == ID of emac1 */
            demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(&logif, (luL « lu));
            demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(&logif, false);
            demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip(&logif, true, 0x0A070002);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip(&logif, true, 0x0A0B0005);
            demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
           rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
       }
    }
    /\star create and configure a logical interface for traffic from PC1 to PC0 \star/
    /* -----
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       rtn = demo_log_if_add(p_cl, &logif, "From-PC1_to-PC0", "util");
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* NOTE: Ou == ID of emac0 */
            demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(&logif, false);
            {\tt demo\_log\_if\_ld\_set\_egress\_phyifs(\&logif, (luL \  \  \, {\tt Ou}));}
            {\tt demo\_log\_if\_ld\_set\_match\_mode\_or(\&logif, false);}
            demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(&logif);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip(&logif, true, 0x0A0B0005);
            demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip(&logif, true, 0x0A070002);
           demo_log_if_ld_enable(&logif);
           rtn = demo_log_if_update(p_cl, &logif);
       }
    }
    /\star configure physical interface "util" \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /\star get data from PFE and store them in the local variable "phyif" \star/
       rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, &phyif, "util");
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            /* modify locally stored data */
            demo_phy_if_ld_enable(&phyif);
            demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(&phyif, false);
            demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(&phyif, FPP_IF_OP_FLEXIBLE_ROUTER);
```



### 5.12 demo\_fp.c

```
_____
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* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 * ------ */
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_fp.h"
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== \star/
```



```
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested FP rule
               from PFE. Identify the rule by its name.
* @param[in]
                             FCI client
               p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_rule
                             Space for data from PFE.
                             Space for index of the requested FP rule.
 * @param[out] p_rtn_idx
                             This is a generic index of the given rule in a common pool of
                             FP rules within PFE. It has no ties to any particular FP table.
                             Can be NULL. If NULL, then no index is stored.
              p_rule_name Name of the requested FP rule.
 * @param[in]
                             Names of FP rules are user-defined.
                             See demo_fp_rule_add().
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested FP rule was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_rule.
                             Its common pool index was stored into p_rtn_idx.
                             REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_fp_rule_get_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rtn_rule,
                            uint16_t* p_rtn_idx, const char* p_rule_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_rule);
   assert(NULL != p_rule_name);
   /* 'p_rtn_index' is allowed to be NULL */
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint16_t idx = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                    sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with the search condition) */
   while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) &&
           (0 != strcmp((char*)(reply_from_fci.r.rule_name), p_rule_name)))
        idx++;
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                        sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_rule = reply_from_fci;
        if (NULL != p_rtn_idx)
            *p_rtn_idx = idx;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_rule_get_by_name() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======= \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new FP rule in PFE.
```



```
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
 * @param[in]
               p_rule_name Name of the new FP rule.
                             The name is user-defined.
* @param[in]
               p_rule_data Configuration data of the new FP rule.
                             To create a new FP rule, a local data struct must be created,
                             configured and then passed to this function.
                             See [localdata_fprule] to learn more.
               FPP_ERR_OK : New FP rule was created.
* @return
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fp_rule_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_rule_name,
                    const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rule_name);
   assert(NULL != p_rule_data);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_rule_data;
   rtn = set_text((char*) (cmd_to_fci.r.rule_name), p_rule_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE, sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t),
                                              (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_rule_add() failed!");
   return (rtn):
}
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target FP rule in PFE.
* @brief
                       FCT client
* @param[in]
              p_cl
* @param[in] p_rule_name Name of the FP rule to destroy.
              FPP_ERR_OK : The FP rule was destroyed.
* @return
              other
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fp_rule_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_rule_name)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.r.rule_name), p_rule_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
        rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE, sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t),
                                              (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_rule_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new FP table in PFE.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
               p_table_name Name of the new FP table.
* @param[in]
```



```
The name is user-defined.
               FPP_ERR_OK : New FP table was created.
* @return
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
*/
int demo_fp_table_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_table_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_table_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.table_name), p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE, sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_table_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target FP table in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl
                      FCI client
* @param[in] p_table_name Name of the FP table to destroy.
              FPP_ERR_OK : The FP table was destroyed.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
*/
int demo_fp_table_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_table_name)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.table_name), p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE, sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_table_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to insert a FP rule at a given position of a FP table in PFE.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                            FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_table_name Name of an existing FP table.
* @param[in]
               p_rule_name     Name of an existing FP rule.
                             Index where to insert the rule. Starts at 0.
* @param[in]
               position
               FPP_ERR_OK : The rule was successfully inserted into the table.
* @return
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fp_table_insert_rule(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_table_name,
                             const char* p_rule_name, uint16_t position)
{
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
```



```
assert(NULL != p_table_name);
   assert(NULL != p_rule_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.table_name), p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.rule_name), p_rule_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.position = htons(position);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_USE_RULE;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE, sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_table_insert_rule() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to remove a FP rule from a FP table in PFE.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
               p_table_name Name of an existing FP table.
* @param[in]
* @param[in]
              p_rule_name Name of a FP rule which is present in the FP table.
               FPP_ERR_OK: The rule was successfully removed from the table.
* @return
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
*/
int demo_fp_table_remove_rule(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_table_name,
                             const char* p_rule_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_table_name);
   assert(NULL != p_rule_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.table_name), p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.rule_name), p_rule_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    }
    /* send data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UNUSE_RULE;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE, sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_table_remove_rule() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========== */
             localdata_fprule [localdata_fprule]
* @defgroup
```



```
* @brief:
                Functions marked as [localdata_fprule] access only local data.
                No FCI calls are made.
               These functions have a parameter p\_{rule} (a struct with configuration data).
* @details:
                For addition of FP rules, there are no "initial data" to be obtained from PFE.
                Simply declare a local data struct and configure it.
               Then, after all modifications are done and finished,
                call demo_fp_rule_add() to create a new FP rule in PFE.
                   Set a data "template" of a FP rule.
* @brief
                  [localdata_fprule]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_rule Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   data
                           Data "template" (a value)
                           This value will be compared with a selected value from
                           the inspected traffic.
void demo_fp_rule_ld_set_data(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule, uint32_t data)
   assert(NULL != p_rule);
   p_rule->r.data = htonl(data);
}
* @brief
                  Set a bitmask of a FP rule.
* @details
                   [localdata_fprule]
* @param[in,out] p_rule Local data to be modified.
                          Bitmask for more precise data selection.
* @param[in]
                  mask
                          This bitmask is applied on the selected 32bit value from
                          the inspected traffic.
void demo_fp_rule_ld_set_mask(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule, uint32_t mask)
   assert (NULL != p_rule);
   p_rule->r.mask = htonl(mask);
}
* @brief
                  Set an offset and a base for the offset ("offset from") of a FP rule.
                  [localdata fprule]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_rule Local data to be modified.
                  offset Offset (in bytes) into traffic's data.
 * @param[in]
                          The offset is applied from the respective base ("offset_from").
                           Data value (32bit) which lies on the offset is the value selected
                           for comparison under the given FP rule.
* @param[in]
                   offset_from Base for an offset calculation.
                                See description of the fpp_fp_offset_from_t type
                               in FCI API Reference.
void demo_fp_rule_ld_set_offset(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule, uint16_t offset,
                                fpp_fp_offset_from_t offset_from)
   assert(NULL != p_rule);
   p_rule->r.offset = htons(offset);
   hton_enum(&offset_from, sizeof(fpp_fp_offset_from_t));
   p_rule->r.offset_from = offset_from;
}
                  Set/unset an inverted mode of a FP rule match evaluation.
                  [localdata_fprule]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_rule Local data to be modified.
                  invert Request to set/unset the inverted mode of evaluation.
* @param[in]
void demo_fp_rule_ld_set_invert(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule, bool invert)
   assert (NULL != p_rule);
```



```
p_rule->r.invert = invert; /* NOTE: Implicit cast from bool to uint8_t */
/*
* @brief
                  Set action to be done if inspected traffic satisfies a FP rule.
 * @details
                  [localdata_fprule]
 * @param[in,out] p_rule Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  match_action
                                    Action to be done.
                                     See description of the fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t type
                                     in FCI API Reference.
 * @param[in]
                p_next_rule_name Name of a next FP rule to execute.
                                     Meaningful only if the match action is FP_NEXT_RULE.
                                     Can be NULL. If NULL or "" (empty string),
                                     then no rule is set as the next rule.
void demo_fp_rule_ld_set_match_action(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule,
                                      fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t match_action,
                                      const char* p_next_rule_name)
{
    assert(NULL != p_rule);
    /* 'p_next_rule_name' is allowed to be NULL */
    hton_enum(&match_action, sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t));
    p_rule->r.match_action = match_action;
    set_text((char*)(p_rule->r.next_rule_name), p_next_rule_name, IFNAMSIZ);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) =========== */
/*
* @brief
               Query the status of an invert mode of a FP rule.
 * @details
               [localdata_fprule]
 * @param[in]
              p_rule Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the FP rule:
               true \,:\, was running in the inverted mode
               false: was NOT running in the inverted mode
bool demo_fp_rule_ld_is_invert(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
    assert(NULL != p_rule);
    return (bool) (p_rule->r.invert);
}
 * @brief
              Query the name of a FP rule.
              [localdata_fprule]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_rule Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Name of the FP rule.
const char* demo_fp_rule_ld_get_name(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
    assert(NULL != p_rule);
    return (const char*) (p_rule->r.rule_name);
}
 * @brief
               Query the name of a "next FP rule".
               [localdata_fprule]
 * @details
               "Next FP rule" is meaningful only when "match_action == FP_NEXT_RULE"
 * @param[in]
              p_rule Local data to be queried.
               Name of the "next FP rule".
 * @return
 */
const char* demo_fp_rule_ld_get_next_name(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
    assert(NULL != p_rule);
    return (const char*) (p_rule->r.next_rule_name);
}
```



```
/*
* @brief
              Query the data "template" of a FP rule.
 * @details
              [localdata_fprule]
 * @param[in] p_rule Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Data "template" used by the FP rule.
*/
uint32_t demo_fp_rule_ld_get_data(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
   assert(NULL != p_rule);
   return ntohl(p_rule->r.data);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of a FP rule.
              [localdata_fprule]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_rule Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Bitmask used by the FP rule.
*/
uint32_t demo_fp_rule_ld_get_mask(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
   assert(NULL != p_rule);
   return ntohl(p_rule->r.mask);
}
* @brief
              Query the offset of a FP rule.
 * @details
              [localdata_fprule]
 * @param[in] p_rule Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Offset where to find the inspected value in the traffic data.
uint16_t demo_fp_rule_ld_get_offset(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
   assert(NULL != p_rule);
   return ntohs(p_rule->r.offset);
}
              Query the offset base ("offset from") of a FP rule.
* @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_fprule]
 * @param[in] p_rule Local data to be queried.
              Base position in traffic data to use for offset calculation.
 * @return
fpp_fp_offset_from_t demo_fp_rule_ld_get_offset_from(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
    assert (NULL != p_rule);
    fpp_fp_offset_from_t tmp_offset_from = (p_rule->r.offset_from);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_offset_from, sizeof(fpp_fp_offset_from_t));
   return (tmp_offset_from);
}
* @brief
              Query the match action of a FP rule.
              [localdata_fprule]
* @details
 * p_rule Local data to be queried.
              Match action of the FP rule.
fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t demo_fp_rule_ld_get_match_action(const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t* p_rule)
    assert (NULL != p_rule);
   fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t tmp_match_action = (p_rule->r.match_action);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_match_action, sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_match_action_t));
   return (tmp_match_action);
}
```



```
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available FP rules of a given FP table
              in PFE. Execute a callback print function for each applicable FP rule.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                             FCI client
                             Callback print function.
 * @param[in] p_cb_print
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                 a next FP rule in table is picked for a print process.
                              --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                 assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @param[in] p_table_name
                             Name of a FP table.
                             Names of FP tables are user-defined. See demo_fp_table_add().
* @param[in] position_init Start invoking a callback print function from
                             this position in the FP table.
                             If 0, start from the very first FP rule in the table.
* @param[in] count
                             Print only this count of FP rules, then end.
                             If 0, keep printing FP rules till the end of the table.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all FP rules of the given FP table.
* @return
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_fp_table_print(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_fp_rule_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                       const char* p_table_name, uint16_t position_init, uint16_t count)
{
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   assert(NULL != p_table_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_fp_table_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((char*)(cmd_to_fci.table_info.t.table_name), p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (0u == count) /* if 0, set max possible count of items */
       count--; /* WARNING: intentional use of owf behavior */
   }
    /* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* start query process */
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE,
                       sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
       /* query loop */
       uint16_t position = 0u;
       while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (Ou != count))
       {
            if (position >= position_init)
            {
               const fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t tmp_rule = {Ou, (reply_from_fci.table_info.r)};
               rtn = p_cb_print(&tmp_rule, position);
               count--;
           position++;
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
               rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_TABLE,
                               sizeof(fpp_fp_table_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                               &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            }
```



```
/\star query loop runs till there are no more FP rules to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_FP_RULE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
        {
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_table_print() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
 * @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available FP rules in PFE (regardless
               of table affiliation). Execute a print function for each applicable FP rule.
* @param[in] p_cl
                              FCI client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print
                              Callback print function.
                              --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                  a next FP rule is picked for a print process.
                              --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                  assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @param[in] idx_init
                              Start invoking a callback print function from
                              this index of FP rule query.
                              If 0, start from the very first queried FP rule.
                              Print only this count of FP rules, then end.
* @param[in] count
                              If 0, keep printing FP rules till there is no more available.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available FP rules.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fp_rule_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_fp_rule_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                          uint16_t idx_init, uint16_t count)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    if (Ou == count) /* if O, set max possible count of items */
    {
        count--; /* WARNING: intentional use of owf behavior */
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                    sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    uint16_t idx = 0u;
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (Ou != count))
        if (idx >= idx_init)
        {
            rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci, idx);
            count--;
        idx++;
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                            sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
```



```
&reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop runs till there are no more FP rules to report */
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_FP_RULE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_rule_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available FP rules in PFE (regardless
               of table affiliation).
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                            FCI client instance
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of FP rules.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available FP rules.
                            Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No count was stored.
*/
int demo_fp_rule_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                   sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FP_RULE,
                       sizeof(fpp_fp_rule_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more FP rules to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_FP_RULE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fp_rule_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/+ ========== */
```



## 5.13 demo fwfeat.c

```
/* ------
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\star modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_fwfeat.h"
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from the PFE ======= \star/
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested FW feature
               from PFE. Identify the FW feature by its name.
* @param[in]
                           FCI client
               p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_fwfeat Space for data from PFE.
                           Name of the requested FW feature.
 * @param[in]
              p_name
                            Names of FW features are hardcoded.
                            Use FPP_ACTION_QUERY+FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT to get a list of
                            available FW features (and their names) from PFE.
                            See demo_fwfeat_print_all().
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : The requested FW feature was found.
                            A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_fwfeat.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No data copied.
int demo_fwfeat_get_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_rtn_fwfeat,
                           const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_fwfeat);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
```



```
fpp_fw_features_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                        sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
   while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (strcmp(p_name, reply_from_fci.name)))
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                        sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_fwfeat = reply_from_fci;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fwfeat_get_by_name() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== \star/
/*
              Use FCI calls to enable/disable a target FW feature in PFE.
* @brief
* @param[in] p_cl
                       FCI client
 * @param[in] p_name
                       Name of a FW feature.
                        Names of FW features are hardcoded.
                       Use FPP_ACTION_QUERY+FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT to get a list of
                       available FW features (and their names) from PFE.
                       See demo_fwfeat_print_all().
* @param[in] enable Request to set/unset the FW feature.
              FPP_ERR_OK: FW feature was successfully enabled/disabled in PFE.
* @return
              other
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fwfeat_set(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_name, bool enable)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, (FPP_FEATURE_NAME_SIZE + 1));
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       cmd_to_fci.val = enable; /* NOTE: Implicit cast from bool to uintX_t */
   }
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE, sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fwfeat_set() failed!");
    return (rtn);
```



```
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========== */
               localdata_fwfeat [localdata_fwfeat]
* @defgroup
 * @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_fwfeat] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
 * @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_fwfeat (a struct with configuration data).
               Initial data for p_fwfeat can be obtained via demo_fwfeat_get_by_name().
* @brief
              Query the current status of a FW feature.
 * @details
              [localdata_fwfeat]
 * @param[in] p_fwfeat Local data to be queried.
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the FW feature:
              true : was enabled
              false : was disabled
bool demo_fwfeat_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_fwfeat)
    assert(NULL != p_fwfeat);
    return (bool) (p_fwfeat->val);
* @brief
              Query the default status of a FW feature.
 * @details
              [localdata_fwfeat]
 * @param[in] p_fwfeat Local data to be queried.
              By default, the FW feature:
 * @return
              true : is initially enabled
              false : is initially disabled
 */
bool demo_fwfeat_ld_is_enabled_by_def(const fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_fwfeat)
   assert(NULL != p_fwfeat);
   return (bool) (p_fwfeat->def_val);
}
* @brief
              Query the name of a FW feature.
 * @details
              [localdata_fwfeat]
 * @param[in] p_fwfeat Local data to be queried.
              Name of the FW feature.
 * @return
*/
const char* demo_fwfeat_ld_get_name(const fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_fwfeat)
{
    assert(NULL != p_fwfeat);
    return (p_fwfeat->name);
}
* @brief
              Query the description text of a FW feature.
              [localdata_fwfeat]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_fwfeat Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Description text of the FW feature.
*/
const char* demo_fwfeat_ld_get_desc(const fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_fwfeat)
    assert(NULL != p_fwfeat);
   return (p_fwfeat->desc);
 * @brief
             Query the variant of a FW feature.
```



```
* @details
              [localdata_fwfeat]
              p_fwfeat Local data to be queried.
* @param[in]
              Flags (bitset) of a FW feature.
* @return
*/
fpp_fw_feature_flags_t demo_fwfeat_ld_get_flags(const_fpp_fw_features_cmd_t* p_fwfeat)
   assert(NULL != p_fwfeat);
   return (p_fwfeat->flags);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ========== */
/*
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available FW features in PFE and
              execute a callback print function for each reported FW feature.
              p_cl
* @param[in]
                          FCI client
* @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                          --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next FW feature is picked for a print process.
                          --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                             assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available FW features.
              other
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_fwfeat_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_fwfeat_cb_print_t p_cb_print)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                   sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       {
           cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
           rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                           sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                           &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /* query loop runs till there are no more FW features to report */
   /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_FW_FEATURE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fwfeat_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available FW features in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl
                        FCI client
```



```
* p_rtn_count Space to store the count of FW features.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available FW features.
                           Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                           No count was stored.
int demo_fwfeat_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_fw_features_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                  sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_FW_FEATURE,
                       sizeof(fpp_fw_features_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /\star query loop runs till there are no more FW features to report \star/
   /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_FW_FEATURE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_fwfeat_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/* ============== */
```

## 5.14 demo\_if\_mac.c



```
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#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_if_mac.h"
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======= \star/
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to add a new MAC address to an interface.
* @details
                To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
* @param[out] p_mac New MAC address.
 * @param[in] p_name Name of a target physical interface.
                           Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                           See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
              FPP_ERR_OK: New MAC address was added to the target physical interface.
               other : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_if_mac_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const uint8_t p_mac[6], const char* p_name)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_mac);
    assert (NULL != p_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_if_mac_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       memcpy(cmd_to_fci.mac, p_mac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
    /* send data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
        rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC, sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_if_mac_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
```



```
/*
 * @brief
               Use FCI calls to remove the target MAC address from an interface.
 * @details
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
 * @param[in] p_cl
* @param[out] p_mac
                       FCI client
                          MAC address to be remove.
 * @param[in] p_name Name of a target physical interface.
                          Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                          See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
              FPP_ERR_OK: The MAC address was removed from the target physical interface.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No data copied.
int demo_if_mac_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const uint8_t p_mac[6], const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_mac);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_if_mac_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       memcpy(cmd_to_fci.mac, p_mac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
    }
    /* send data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
        rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC, sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_if_mac_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) =========== */
* @defgroup
               localdata_if_mac [localdata_if_mac]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_if_mac] access only local data.
              No FCI calls are made.
 \star @details: These functions have a parameter p_if_mac (a struct with MAC data).
* @brief
             Query the name of a target interface.
 * @details
            [localdata_if_mac]
* @param[in] p_if_mac Local data to be queried.
              Name of the target interface.
* @return
const char* demo_if_mac_ld_get_name(const fpp_if_mac_cmd_t* p_if_mac)
   assert(NULL != p_if_mac);
   return (p_if_mac->name);
}
* @brief
              Query the MAC address of a target interface.
 * @details
            [localdata_if_mac]
 * @param[in] p_if_mac Local data to be queried.
              MAC address of the target interface.
 * @return
```



```
const uint8_t* demo_if_mac_ld_get_mac(const fpp_if_mac_cmd_t* p_if_mac)
    assert(NULL != p_if_mac);
   return (p_if_mac->mac);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all MAC addresses of a target interface
               in PFE. Execute a callback print function for each MAC address.
 * @details
              To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
              locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
              an example of a database lock procedure.
                          FCI client
* @param[in]
              p_cl
* @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                          --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next physical interface is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                              assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
                          Name of a target physical interface.
* @param[in]
              p_name
                          Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                          See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all MAC addresses.
* @return
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_if_mac_print_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_if_mac_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                             const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   assert (NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_if_mac_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_if_mac_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* start query process */
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
                        sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop */
       while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
           print_if_error(rtn, "demo_if_mac_print_by_name() --> "
                                "non-zero return from callback print function!");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
                rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
                                sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        }
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more MAC addresses to report \star/
```



```
/\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_IF_MAC_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_if_mac_print_by_name() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all MAC addresses of a target interface
                in PFE.
* @details
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
                locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
                            FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of MAC addresses.
                             Name of a target physical interface.
 * @param[in]
               p_name
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all MAC addresses of the target interface.
* @return
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No count was stored.
int demo_if_mac_get_count_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                  const char* p_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    assert (NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_if_mac_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_if_mac_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32_t count = 0u;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* start query process */
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
                        sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop */
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            count++;
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
                rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_MAC,
                                sizeof(fpp_if_mac_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            }
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more MAC addresses to report \star/
        /* the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) */
        if (FPP_ERR_IF_MAC_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
```



## 5.15 demo\_l2\_bd.c

```
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* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 * =================== */
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_12_bd.h"
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested bridge domain
              from PFE. Identify the domain by its VLAN ID.
* @param[in]
             p_cl FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_bd Space for data from PFE.
 * @param[in]
                    VLAN ID of the requested bridge domain.
```



```
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested bridge domain was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_bd.
                             REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_rtn_bd, uint16_t vlan)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_bd);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                    sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star query loop (with a search condition) \star/
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (ntohs(reply_from_fci.vlan) != vlan))
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                        sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_bd = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan() failed!");
    return (rtn);
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested static entry
* @brief
                from PFE. Identify the entry by VLAN ID of the parent bridge domain and
                by MAC address of the entry.
               p_cl FCI client
p_rtn_stent Space for data from PFE.
* @param[in]
* @param[out]
                             VLAN ID of the parent bridge domain.
* @param[in]
               vlan
* @param[in]
                p_mac
                            MAC address of the requested static entry.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested static entry was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_stent.
                             REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_12_stent_get_by_vlanmac(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_rtn_stent,
                                 uint16_t vlan, const uint8_t p_mac[6])
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_stent);
   assert (NULL != p_mac);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
```



```
rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                    sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) &&
            ! (
                (ntohs(reply_from_fci.vlan) == vlan) &&
                (0 == memcmp((reply_from_fci.mac), p_mac, 6))
          )
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                        sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_stent = reply_from_fci;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_get_by_vlanmac() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ========= \star/
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target bridge domain
                   in PFE.
* @param[in]
                  p_cl FCI client
\star @param[in,out] \ p\_bd Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                         the target bridge domain.
                         It is assumed that the struct contains a valid data of some
                         bridge domain.
  @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target bridge domain was
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct was not updated.
int demo_12_bd_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_bd);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t),
                                        (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan(p_cl, p_bd, ntohs(p_bd->vlan));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_update() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
```



```
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target static entry
                  in PFE.
* @param[in]
                            FCI client
                  p_cl
* @param[in,out] p_stent Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                            the target static entry.
                            It is assumed that the struct contains a valid data of some
                            static entry.
* @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target static entry was
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               Local data struct not updated.
int demo_12_stent_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_stent);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_stent);
   /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT, sizeof(fpp_l2_static_ent_cmd_t),
                                                (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   /\star read back and update caller data \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       rtn = demo_12_stent_get_by_vlanmac(p_cl, p_stent,
                                           ntohs(p_stent->vlan), (p_stent->mac));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
                 Use FCI calls to flush static entries from MAC tables of
* @brief
                  all bridge domains in PFE.
                 p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
* @return
                 FPP_ERR_OK : Static MAC table entries of all bridge domains were
                               successfully flushed in PFE.
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                  other
int demo_12_flush_static(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_STATIC, Ou, NULL);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_flush_static() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                  Use FCI calls to flush dynamically learned entries from MAC tables of
                  all bridge domains in PFE.
                  p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
* @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Learned MAC table entries of all bridge domains were
                              successfully flushed in the PFE.
                  other
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_l2_flush_learned(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_LEARNED, Ou, NULL);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_flush_learned() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
```



```
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to flush all entries from MAC tables of
                   all bridge domains in PFE.
                   p_cl FCI client
 * @param[in]
                   FPP_ERR_OK : All MAC table entries of all bridge domains were
                                 successfully flushed in the PFE.
                   other
                               : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_12_flush_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_FLUSH_ALL, Ou, NULL);
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_flush_all() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======= \star/
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to create a new bridge domain in PFE.
 * @param[in]
                p_cl
                           FCI client
 * @param[out] p_rtn_if Space for data from PFE.
                            This will contain a copy of configuration data of
                            the newly created bridge domain.
                            Can be NULL. If NULL, then there is no local data to fill.
                           VLAN ID of the new bridge domain.
 * @param[in]
                 vlan
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : New bridge domain was created.
                              If applicable, then its configuration data were
                               copied into p_rtn_bd.
                 other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               No data copied.
 */
int demo_12_bd_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_rtn_bd, uint16_t vlan)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    /* 'p_rtn_bd' is allowed to be NULL */
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.vlan = htons(vlan);
   cmd_to_fci.ucast_hit = 3u; /* 3 == discard */
cmd_to_fci.ucast_miss = 3u; /* 3 == discard */
cmd_to_fci.mcast_hit = 3u; /* 3 == discard */
cmd_to_fci.mcast_miss = 3u; /* 3 == discard */
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t),
                                           (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data (if applicable) \star/
    if ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (NULL != p_rtn_bd))
    {
        rtn = demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan(p_cl, p_rtn_bd, vlan);
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_add() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to destroy the target bridge domain in PFE.
 * @param[in] p_cl
                      FCI client
 * @param[in] vlan
                        VLAN ID of the bridge domain to destroy.
                        NOTE: Bridge domains marked as "default" or "fallback"
```



```
cannot be destroyed.
              FPP_ERR_OK : The bridge domain was destroyed.
* @return
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_12_bd_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint16_t vlan)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.vlan = htons(vlan);
    /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t),
                                       (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new static entry in PFE.
               The new entry is associated with a provided parent bridge domain.
               p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
This will contain a copy of configuration data of
                            the newly created static entry.
                            Can be NULL. If NULL, then there is no local data to fill.
* @param[in]
              vlan
                            VLAN ID of the parent bridge domain.
                           MAC address of the new static entry.
* @param[in]
               p mac
               FPP_ERR_OK : New static entry was created.
                            If applicable, then its configuration data were
                            copied into p_rtn_stent.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No data copied.
int demo_12_stent_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_rtn_stent,
                     uint16_t vlan, const uint8_t p_mac[6])
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_mac);
/* 'p_rtn_stent' is allowed to be NULL */
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.vlan = htons(vlan);
   memcpy(cmd_to_fci.mac, p_mac, 6);
   /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT, sizeof(fpp_l2_static_ent_cmd_t),
                                               (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   /\star read back and update caller data (if applicable) \star/
   if ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (NULL != p_rtn_stent))
       rtn = demo_l2_stent_get_by_vlanmac(p_cl, p_rtn_stent, vlan, p_mac);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target static entry in PFE.
* @param[in]
              p_cl FCI client
                      VLAN ID of the parent bridge domain.
* @param[in]
              vlan
              p_mac MAC address of the static entry to destroy.
* @param[in]
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : The static entry was destroyed.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
int demo_12_stent_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint16_t vlan, const uint8_t p_mac[6])
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_mac);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.vlan = htons(vlan);
   memcpy(cmd_to_fci.mac, p_mac, 6);
    /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT, sizeof(fpp_l2_static_ent_cmd_t),
                                                (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_del() failed!");
   return (rtn):
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========= \star/
* @defgroup
               localdata_bd [localdata_bd]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_bd] access only local data.
               No FCT calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_bd (a struct with configuration data).
                Initial data for p_bd can be obtained via demo_12_bd_get_by_vlan().
               If some local data modifications are made, then after all local data changes
               are done and finished, call demo_12\_bd\_update() to update
               the configuration of a real bridge domain in PFE.
* @brief
                  Set action to be done if unicast packet's destination MAC is
                  found (hit) in a bridge domain's MAC table.
* @details
                  [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                               Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  hit_action New action.
                               For details about bridge domain hit/miss actions,
                               see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference.
void demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_hit(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint8_t hit_action)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   p_bd->ucast_hit = hit_action;
}
                  Set action to be done if unicast packet's destination MAC is NOT
* @brief
                  found (miss) in a bridge domain's MAC table.
* @details
                  [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                              Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  miss_action New action.
                               For details about bridge domain hit/miss actions,
                               see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference.
void demo_12_bd_1d_set_ucast_miss(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint8_t miss_action)
   assert (NULL != p_bd);
   p_bd->ucast_miss = miss_action;
}
```



```
* @brief
                   Set action to be done if multicast packet's destination MAC is
                   found (hit) in a bridge domain's MAC table.
* @details
                   [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                               Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   hit_action
                               New action.
                                For details about bridge domain hit/miss actions,
                                see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference.
*/
void demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_hit(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint8_t hit_action)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   p_bd->mcast_hit = hit_action;
}
* @brief
                   Set action to be done if multicast packet's destination MAC is NOT
                   found (miss) in a bridge domain's MAC table.
* @details
                   [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                               Local data to be modified.
                               New action.
* @param[in]
                  hit_action
                                For details about bridge domain hit/miss actions,
                                see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference.
*/
void demo_12_bd_1d_set_mcast_miss(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint8_t miss_action)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   p_bd->mcast_miss = miss_action;
}
/*
* @brief
                  Insert a physical interface into a bridge domain.
* @details
                  [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                        Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   phyif_id ID of the physical interface.
                             IDs of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @param[in]
                   vlan_tag Request to add/keep a VLAN tag (true) or to remove
                             the VLAN tag (false) of a traffic egressed through
                             the given physical interface.
void demo_12_bd_ld_insert_phyif(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint32_t phyif_id, bool vlan_tag)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
    if (32uL > phyif_id) /* a check to prevent an undefined behavior */
        const uint32_t phyif_bitmask = (1uL « phyif_id);
       p_bd->if_list |= htonl(phyif_bitmask);
        if (vlan tag)
        {
            /\star VLAN TAG is desired == physical interface must NOT be on the untag list. \star/
           p_bd->untag_if_list &= htonl((uint32_t)(~phyif_bitmask));
        }
       else
        {
            /\star VLAN TAG is NOT desired == physical interface must BE on the untag list. \star/
           p_bd->untag_if_list |= htonl(phyif_bitmask);
   }
}
* @brief
                  Remove a physical interface from a bridge domain.
* @details
                  [localdata_bd]
* @param[in,out] p_bd
                           Local data to be modified.
```



```
@param[in]
                   phyif_id ID of the physical interface.
                             IDs of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
void demo_l2_bd_ld_remove_phyif(fpp_l2_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint32_t phyif_id)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
    if (32uL > phyif_id) /* a check to prevent an undefined behavior */
        const uint32_t phyif_bitmask = (1uL « phyif_id);
       p_bd->if_list &= htonl((uint32_t)(~phyif_bitmask));
}
* @defgroup
               localdata_stent [localdata_stent]
* @brief:
                Functions marked as [localdata_stent] acess only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p\_stent (a struct with configuration data).
                Initial data for p_stent can be obtained via demo_12\_stent\_get\_by\_vlanmac().
                If some local data modifications are made, then after all local data changes
                are done and finished, call demo_12_stent_update() to update
                the configuration of a real static entry in PFE.
                   Set target physical interfaces (forwarding list) which
* @brief
                   shall receive a copy of the accepted traffic.
* @details
                   [localdata_stent]
                   New forwarding list fully replaces the old one.
* @param[in,out] p_stent Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   fwlist
                            Target physical interfaces (forwarding list). A bitset.
                            Each physical interface is represented by one bit.
                            Conversion between physical interface ID and a corresponding
                            fwlist bit is (1uL « "ID of a target physical interface").
void demo_12_stent_ld_set_fwlist(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent, uint32_t fwlist)
    assert(NULL != p_stent);
   p_stent->forward_list = htonl(fwlist);
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset 'local' flag of a static entry.
                   [localdata_stent]
* @details
                   Related to L2L3 Bridge feature (see FCI API Reference).
* @param[in,out] p_stent Local data to be modified.
                            Request to set/unset the flag.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            See description of the fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t type
                            in FCI API reference.
void demo_12_stent_ld_set_local(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent, bool set)
{
    assert(NULL != p_stent);
   p_stent->local = set; /* NOTE: implicit cast from bool to uint8_t */
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset a flag for a frame discarding feature tied with a static entry.
* @details
                  [localdata stent]
* @param[in,out] p_stent Local data to be modified.
                            Request to set/unset the flag.
* @param[in]
                            See description of fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t type
                            in FCI API reference.
void demo_12_stent_ld_set_src_discard(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent, bool set)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_stent);
   p_stent->src_discard = set; /* NOTE: implicit cast from bool to uint8_t */
* @brief
                 Set/unset a flag for a frame discarding feature tied with a static entry.
 * @details
                  [localdata_stent]
 * @param[in,out] p_stent Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                 set
                          Request to set/unset the flag.
                           See description of fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t type
                          in FCI API reference.
void demo_12_stent_ld_set_discard(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_stent);
   p_stent->dst_discard = set; /* NOTE: implicit cast from bool to uint8_t */
}
* @brief
              Query status of a "default" flag.
              [localdata_bd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the bridge domain:
 * @return
              true : was set as a default domain.
              false : was NOT set as a default domain.
bool demo_12_bd_1d_is_default(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert (NULL != p bd);
    fpp_12_bd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_bd->flags);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_flags_t));
   return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_L2_BD_DEFAULT);
}
              Query status of a "fallback" flag.
 * @brief
              [localdata_bd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the bridge domain:
              true : was set as a fallback domain.
              false : was NOT set as a fallback domain.
bool demo_12_bd_1d_is_fallback(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert (NULL != p_bd);
    fpp_12_bd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_bd->flags);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_flags_t));
   return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_L2_BD_FALLBACK);
}
 * @brief
              Query whether a physical interface is a member of a bridge domain.
 * @details
              [localdata bd]
 * @param[in]
                       Local data to be queried.
              p_bd
 * @param[in] phyif_id ID of the physical interface.
                        IDs of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                        See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
             At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the requested physical interface:
 * @return
              true : was a member of the given bridge domain.
              false: was NOT a member of the given bridge domain.
```



```
bool demo_12_bd_ld_has_phyif(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint32_t phyif_id)
    assert (NULL != p_bd);
    bool rtn = false;
    if (32uL > phyif_id)
        const uint32_t phyif_bitmask = (1uL « phyif_id);
        rtn = (bool) (ntohl(p_bd->if_list) & phyif_bitmask);
    return (rtn);
}
 * @brief
               Query whether traffic from a physical interface is tagged by a bridge domain.
               This function returns meaningful results only if
               the target physical interface is a member of the bridge domain.
               See demo_12_bd_1d_has_phyif().
 * @details
               [localdata_bd]
 * @param[in] p_bd
                        Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in] phyif_id ID of the physical interface.
                         IDs of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                         See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, traffic from
               the requested physical interface:
               true : was being VLAN tagged by the given bridge domain.
               false : was NOT being VLAN tagged by the given bridge domain.
bool demo_l2_bd_ld_is_phyif_tagged(const fpp_l2_bd_cmd_t* p_bd, uint32_t phyif_id)
    assert (NULL != p_bd);
    bool rtn = false;
    if (32uL > phyif_id)
        /\star untag_list uses inverted logic - if interface IS on the list, it is UNTAGGED \star/
        const uint32_t phyif_bitmask = (1uL « phyif_id);
        rtn = !(ntohl(p_bd->untag_if_list) & phyif_bitmask);
    return (rtn);
}
 * @brief
               Query the VLAN ID of a bridge domain.
              [localdata_bd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               VLAN ID of the bridge domain.
uint16_t demo_12_bd_1d_get_vlan(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
{
    assert (NULL != p_bd);
    return ntohs(p_bd->vlan);
}
 * @brief
               Query the bridge action which is executed on unicast hit.
 * @details
              [localdata_bd]
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
               Bridge action (see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference).
uint8_t demo_12_bd_1d_get_ucast_hit(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
    assert (NULL != p_bd);
    return (p_bd->ucast_hit);
}
```



```
* @brief
              Query the bridge action which is executed on unicast miss.
 * @details
              [localdata_bd]
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
              Bridge action (see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference).
* @return
*/
uint8_t demo_12_bd_1d_get_ucast_miss(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   return (p_bd->ucast_miss);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the bridge action which is executed on multicast hit.
 * @details
              [localdata_bd]
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
              Bridge action (see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference).
* @return
*/
uint8_t demo_12_bd_1d_get_mcast_hit(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
    assert(NULL != p_bd);
   return (p_bd->mcast_hit);
}
/*
* @brief
             Query the bridge action which is executed on multicast miss.
              [localdata_bd]
* @details
* @details [localdata_od]

* @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
* @return
              Bridge action (see a description of the ucast_hit in FCI API Reference).
uint8_t demo_12_bd_ld_get_mcast_miss(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
{
   assert (NULL != p_bd);
   return (p_bd->mcast_miss);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the list of member physical interfaces of a bridge domain.
              [localdata bd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
              Bitset with physical interfaces being represented as bits.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_12_bd_ld_get_if_list(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   return ntohl(p_bd->if_list);
}
* @brief
             Query the untag list of a bridge domain.
* @details
              [localdata_bd]
* @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
              Bitset with physical interfaces being represented as bits.
*/
uint32_t demo_12_bd_ld_get_untag_if_list(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
   assert(NULL != p_bd);
   return ntohl(p_bd->untag_if_list);
}
* @brief
              Query the flags of a bridge domain (the whole bitset).
 * @details
              [localdata_bd]
 * @param[in] p_bd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Flags bitset.
fpp_12_bd_flags_t demo_12_bd_ld_get_flags(const fpp_12_bd_cmd_t* p_bd)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_bd);
    fpp_12_bd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_bd->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_12_bd_flags_t));
    return (tmp_flags);
}
 * @brief
               Query whether a physical interface is a member of
               a static entry's forwarding list.
 * @details
               [localdata_stent]
 * @param[in] p_stent Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in] fwlist_bitflag Queried physical interface. A bitflag.
                               Each physical interface is represented by one bit.
                               Conversion between physical interface ID and a corresponding
                               fwlist bit is (1uL « "ID of a target physical interface").
                               Hint: It is recommended to always query only a single bitflag.
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the static entry:
               true : had at least one queried forward list bitflag set
               false : had none of the queried forward list bitflags set
bool demo_12_stent_ld_is_fwlist_phyifs(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent,
                                       uint32_t fwlist_bitflag)
{
    assert(NULL != p_stent);
    return (bool) (ntohl(p_stent->forward_list) & fwlist_bitflag);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query status of the "local" flag of a static entry.
 * @details
               [localdata_stent]
 * @param[in] p_stent Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the static entry:
               true : was set as local.
               false : was NOT set as local.
bool demo_12_stent_ld_is_local(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
   assert(NULL != p_stent);
    return (bool) (p_stent->local);
}
* @brief
               Query status of the "src_discard" flag of a static entry.
 * @details
               [localdata_stent]
 * @param[in]
               p_stent Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the static entry:
 * @return
               true : was set to discard ETH frames with a matching source MAC.
               false: was NOT set to discard ETH frames with a matching source MAC.
bool demo_12_stent_ld_is_src_discard(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
{
    assert(NULL != p_stent);
    return (bool) (p_stent->src_discard);
}
 * @brief
               Query status of the "dst_discard" flag of a static entry.
               [localdata_stent]
 * @details
 * @param[in]
               p_stent Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the static entry:
 * @return
               true : was set to discard ETH frames with a matching destination MAC.
               false : was NOT set to discard ETH frames with a matching destination MAC.
bool demo_12_stent_ld_is_dst_discard(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_stent);
    return (bool) (p_stent->dst_discard);
* @brief
             Query the VLAN ID of a static entry.
              [localdata_stent]
 * @details
 * p_{\text{param}}[in] p_stent Local data to be queried.
              VLAN ID of the static entry.
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_12_stent_ld_get_vlan(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
{
   assert(NULL != p_stent);
   return ntohs(p_stent->vlan);
}
/*
 * @brief
             Query the MAC address of a static entry.
 * @details
              [localdata_stent]
* @param[in] p_stent Local data to be queried.
              MAC address of the static entry.
*/
const uint8_t* demo_12_stent_ld_get_mac(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
   assert(NULL != p_stent);
   return (p_stent->mac);
}
* @brief
             Query the forwarding list (a bitset) of a static entry.
 * @details
              [localdata_stent]
 * @param[in] p_stent Local data to be queried.
              Bitset with physical interfaces being represented as bits.
*/
uint32_t demo_12_stent_ld_get_fwlist(const fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t* p_stent)
   assert(NULL != p_stent);
    return ntohl(p_stent->forward_list);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ========= */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available bridge domains in PFE and
              execute a callback print function for each bridge domain.
              p_cl
 * @param[in]
                         FCT client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                          --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next bridge domain is picked for a print process.
                          --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                             assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available bridge domains.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_12_bd_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_12_bd_cb_print_t p_cb_print)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
```



```
/* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                    sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                            sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more bridge domains to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_L2_BD_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/*
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available bridge domains in PFE.
               p_cl
                         FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_rtn_count Space to store the count of bridge domains.
* @param[out]
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available bridge domains.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No value copied.
int demo_l2_bd_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_12_bd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    uint16_t count = 0u;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                    sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       count++;
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_BD,
                        sizeof(fpp_12_bd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop runs till there are no more bridge domains to report */
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_L2_BD_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_count = count;
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_bd_get_count() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available static entries in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each applicable static entry.
* @param[in] p_cl
                          FCI client instance
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                           --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                               a next static entry is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                               assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @param[in] by_vlan
                           [optional parameter]
                           Request to print only those static entries
                            which are associated with a particular bridge domain.
* @param[in] vlan
                           [optional parameter]
                            VLAN ID of a bridge domain.
                            Applicable only if (true == by_vlan), otherwise ignored.
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available static entries.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_12_stent_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_12_stent_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                            bool by_vlan, uint16_t vlan)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                    sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        if ((false == by_vlan) ||
            ((true == by_vlan) && (ntohs(reply_from_fci.vlan) == vlan)))
            rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                    \verb|sizeof(fpp_l2_static_ent_cmd_t)|, (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci)|,\\
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more static entries to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_L2_STATIC_EN_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
```



```
print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all applicable static entries in PFE.
* @brief
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                           FCI client instance
 * @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of static entries.
* @param[in]
              by_vlan [optional parameter]
                            Request to count only those static entries
                            which are associated with a particular bridge domain.
* @param[in]
               vlan
                           [optional parameter]
                            VLAN ID of a bridge domain.
                            Applicable only if (true == by_vlan), otherwise ignored.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable static entries.
                            Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No value copied.
int demo_l2_stent_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                           bool by_vlan, uint16_t vlan)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint16_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                   sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       if ((false == by_vlan) ||
           ((true == by_vlan) && (ntohs(reply_from_fci.vlan) == vlan)))
           count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_L2_STATIC_ENT,
                   sizeof(fpp_12_static_ent_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
   /* query loop runs till there are no more static entries to report */
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_L2_STATIC_EN_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_12_stent_get_count() failed!");
    return (rtn);
/* ================== */
```



## 5.16 demo\_log\_if.c

```
/* ------
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* WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_log_if.h"
/* ==== PRIVATE FUNCTIONS ======== */
              Set/unset a flag in a logical interface struct.
* p_rtn_phyif Struct to be modified.
              enable
* @param[in]
                           New state of a flag.
* @param[in]
               flag
                           The flag.
static void set_logif_flag(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_logif, bool enable, fpp_if_flags_t flag)
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_logif);
   hton_enum(&flag, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
   if (enable)
       p_rtn_logif->flags |= flag;
   }
   else
   {
       p_rtn_logif->flags &= (fpp_if_flags_t) (~flag);
}
```



```
Set/unset a match rule flag in a logical interface struct.
* @param[out] p_rtn_logif Struct to be modified.
* @param[in]
               enable
                            New state of a match rule flag.
* @param[in]
               match_rule
                            The match rule flag.
static void set_logif_mr_flag(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_logif, bool enable,
                              fpp_if_m_rules_t match_rule)
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_logif);
   hton_enum(&match_rule, sizeof(fpp_if_m_rules_t));
    if (enable)
    {
       p_rtn_logif->match |= match_rule;
    }
   else
       p_rtn_logif->match &= (fpp_if_m_rules_t) (~match_rule);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ========= \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested logical interface
               from PFE. Identify the interface by its name.
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
                an example of a database lock procedure.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_logif Space for data from PFE.
 * @param[in]
                             Name of the requested logical interface.
                             Names of logical interfaces are user-defined.
                             See demo_log_if_add().
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested logical interface was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_logif.
                             REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No data copied.
int demo_log_if_get_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_logif,
                            const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_logif);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                    sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop (with a search condition) */
   while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (0 != strcmp((reply_from_fci.name), p_name)))
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                        sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          {
                   *p_rtn_logif = reply_from_fci;
         print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_get_by_name() failed!");
         return (rtn);
}
                                       Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested logical interface
                                       from PFE. Identify the interface by its name.
  * @details
                                       This is a standalone (_sa) function.
                                       It shows how to properly access a logical interface. Namely:
                                       1. Lock the interface database of PFE for exclusive access by this FCI client.
                                       2. Execute one or more FCI calls which access physical or logical interfaces.
                                      3. Unlock the exclusive access lock.
                                    p_cl
                                                                    FCI client
  * @param[in]
  * @param[out] p_rtn_logif Space for data from PFE.
                                                                      Name of the requested logical interface.
  * @param[in]
                                      p_name
                                                                       Names of logical interfaces are user-defined.
                                                                       See demo_log_if_add().
  * @return
                                   FPP_ERR_OK : The requested logical interface was found.
                                                                       A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_logif.
                                                                       REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                                       other
                                                                 : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                                                                      No data copied.
inline int demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_logif,
                                                                                          const char* p_name)
         assert(NULL != p_cl);
         assert(NULL != p_rtn_logif);
         assert(NULL != p_name);
         int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
         /\star lock the interface database of PFE for exclusive access by this FCI client \star/
         rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
         print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() --> "
                                                           "fci_write(FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION) failed!");
          /\star execute "payload" - FCI calls which access physical or logical interfaces \star/
          if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
          {
                   rtn = demo_log_if_get_by_name(p_cl, p_rtn_logif, p_name);
          /* unlock the interface database's exclusive access lock */
          /\star result of the unlock action is returned only if previous "payload" actions were OK \star/
         const int rtn_unlock = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
         rtn = ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) ? (rtn_unlock) : (rtn));
         print_if_error(rtn_unlock, "demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() --> "
                                                                            "fci_write(FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION) failed!");
         return (rtn);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== */
  * @brief
                                              Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target logical interface
                                               in PFE.
                                              To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be % \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2
  * @details
                                              locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
                                              an example of a database lock procedure.
  * @param[in]
                                                                 FCI client
                                              p_cl
```



```
\star <code>@param[in,out] p_phyif Local data struct which represents a new configuration of</code>
                            the target logical interface.
                            It is assumed that the struct contains a valid data of some
                            logical interface.
* @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target logical interface was
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                                The local data struct was not updated.
int demo_log_if_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_logif);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF, sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t),
                                          (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_log_if_get_by_name(p_cl, p_logif, (p_logif->name));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_update() failed!");
    return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======== \star/
                Use FCI calls to create a new logical interface in PFE.
* @brief
                To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
                locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
                an example of a database lock procedure.
* @param[in]
                p_cl
                              FCI client
 * @param[out] p_rtn_logif
                               Space for data from PFE.
                               This will contain a copy of configuration data of
                               the newly created logical interface.
                               Can be NULL. If NULL, then there is no local data to fill.
* @param[in]
                               Name of the new logical interface.
                p name
                               The name is user-defined.
 * @param[in]
               p_parent_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : New logical interface was created.
                             If applicable, then its configuration data were
                             copied into p_rtn_logif.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_log_if_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_logif, const char* p_name,
                  const char* p_parent_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_name);
    assert(NULL != p_parent_name);
    /* 'p_rtn_logif' is allowed to be NULL */
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.parent_name), p_parent_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF, sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /* read back and update caller data (if applicable) */
    if ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (NULL != p_rtn_logif))
        rtn = demo_log_if_get_by_name(p_cl, p_rtn_logif, p_name);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target logical interface in PFE.
* @brief
* @details
              To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
              locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
              an example of a database lock procedure.
              p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
* @param[in] p_name Name of the logical interface to destroy.
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : The logical interface was destroyed.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_log_if_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF, sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ======== */
               localdata_logif [localdata_logif]
* @defgroup
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_logif] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_logif (a struct with configuration data).
               Initial data for p_logif can be obtained via demo_log_if_get_by_name().
               If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
               are done and finished, call demo_log_if_update() to update
               the configuration of a real logical interface in PFE.
```



```
Enable ("up") a logical interface.
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
void demo_log_if_ld_enable(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, true, FPP_IF_ENABLED);
* @brief
                   Disable ("down") a logical interface.
 * @details
                    [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
void demo_log_if_ld_disable(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, false, FPP_IF_ENABLED);
}
 * @brief
                   Set/unset a promiscuous mode of a logical interface.
 * @details
                    [localdata_logif]
                    Promiscuous mode of a logical interface means the interface
                    will accept all incoming traffic, regardless of active match rules.
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] enable Request to set/unset the promiscuous mode.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_promisc(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool enable)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, enable, FPP_IF_PROMISC);
* @brief
                    Set/unset a loopback mode of a logical interface.
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] enable Request to set/unset the loopback mode.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_loopback(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool enable)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, enable, FPP_IF_LOOPBACK);
                   Set match mode (chaining mode of match rules).
* @brief
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                    {\tt match\_mode\_is\_or} Request to set match mode.
 * @param[in]
                                       For details about logical interface match modes,
                                        see description of the fpp_if_flags_t type
                                        in FCI API Reference.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_match_mode_or(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool match_mode_is_or)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, match_mode_is_or, FPP_IF_MATCH_OR);
* @brief
                   Set/unset inverted mode of traffic acceptance.
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] enable Request to set/unset inverted mode.
```



```
For details about logical interface inverted mode,
                             see description of the fpp_if_flags_t type
                             in FCI API Reference.
 */
void demo_log_if_ld_set_discard_on_m(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool enable)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_flag(p_logif, enable, FPP_IF_DISCARD);
}
 * @brief
                   Set target physical interfaces (egress vector) which
                   shall receive a copy of the accepted traffic.
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
                   New egress vector fully replaces the old one.
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                             Target physical interfaces (egress vector). A bitset.
 * @param[in]
                   egress
                             Each physical interface is represented by one bit.
                            Conversion between physical interface ID and a corresponding
                             egress vector bit is (luL « "ID of a target physical interface").
void demo_log_if_ld_set_egress_phyifs(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, uint32_t egress)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    p_logif->egress = htonl(egress);
}
 * @brief
               Query the flags of a logical interface (the whole bitset).
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               Flags bitset at time when the data was obtained from PFE.
fpp_if_flags_t demo_log_if_ld_get_flags(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (tmp_flags);
}
 * @brief
                   Clear all match rules of a logical interface.
                   (also zeroify all match rule arguments of the logical interface)
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
void demo_log_if_ld_clear_all_mr(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
{
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    p_logif->match = 0u;
    memset(&(p_logif->arguments), 0, sizeof(fpp_if_m_args_t));
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_ETH).
 * @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* /
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_eth(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
{
    assert (NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ETH);
}
```



```
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_VLAN).
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                          Request to set/unset the given match rule.
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_vlan(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_VLAN);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_PPPOE).
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                          Request to set/unset the given match rule.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_pppoe(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_PPPOE);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_ARP).
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                          Request to set/unset the given match rule.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_arp(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ARP);
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_MCAST).
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                          Request to set/unset the given match rule.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_mcast(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_MCAST);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_IPV4).
                  [localdata_logif]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                         Request to set/unset the given match rule.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_ip4(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV4);
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_IPV6).
                  [localdata_logif]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                         Request to set/unset the given match rule.
```



```
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_ip6(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
{
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPV6);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_IPX).
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   set
                             Request to set/unset the given match rule.
\verb|void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_ipx(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)|\\
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IPX);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_BCAST).
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_bcast(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_BCAST);
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_UDP).
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given match rule.
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_udp(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_UDP);
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_TCP).
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_tcp(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_TCP);
}
/*
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_ICMP).
 * @details
                   [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
 * @param[in]
                   set
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_icmp(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
{
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_ICMP);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (TYPE_IGMP).
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                           Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                   set
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_type_igmp(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_TYPE_IGMP);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (VLAN) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                            New VLAN ID for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                   vlan
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'vlan' argument with the value of traffic's 'VID' field.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_vlan(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint16_t vlan)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_VLAN);
   p_logif->arguments.vlan = htons(vlan);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (PROTO) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                   set.
* @param[in]
                            New IP Protocol Number for this match rule.
                   proto
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'proto' argument with the value of traffic's 'Protocol' field.
                            See "IANA Assigned Internet Protocol Number":
                  https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_proto(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint8_t proto)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_PROTO);
    p_logif->arguments.proto = proto;
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (SPORT) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out]
                   p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                            New source port value for this match rule.
                   sport
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'sport' argument with the value of traffic's 'source port' field.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sport(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint16_t sport)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_SPORT);
    p_logif->arguments.sport = htons(sport);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (DPORT) and its argument.
 * @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given match rule.
```



```
* @param[in]
                            New destination port value for this match rule.
                   dport
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'dport' argument with the value of traffic's
                            'destination port' field.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dport(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint16_t dport)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_DPORT);
   p_logif->arguments.dport = htons(dport);
/*
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (SIP6) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                   set
* @param[in]
                            New source IPv6 address for this match rule.
                   p_sip6
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'sip' argument with the value of traffic's
                            'source address' (applicable on IPv6 traffic only).
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip6(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set,
                               const uint32_t p_sip6[4])
   assert (NULL != p_logif);
   assert(NULL != p_sip6);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP6);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[0] = htonl(p_sip6[0]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[1] = htonl(p_sip6[1]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[2] = htonl(p_sip6[2]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[3] = htonl(p_sip6[3]);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (SIP6) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                  p_dip6   New destination IPv6 address for this match rule.
 * @param[in]
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'dip' argument with the value of traffic's
                            'destination address' (applicable on IPv6 traffic only).
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip6(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set,
                               const uint32_t p_dip6[4])
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   assert(NULL != p_dip6);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP6);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[0] = htonl(p_dip6[0]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[1] = htonl(p_dip6[1]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[2] = htonl(p_dip6[2]);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[3] = htonl(p_dip6[3]);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (SIP) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                            New source IPv4 address for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                   sip
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'sip' argument with the value of traffic's
                            'source address' (applicable on IPv4 traffic only).
```



```
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_sip(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint32_t sip)
   assert (NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_SIP);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v4.sip = htonl(sip);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (DIP) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                  dip
                            New destination IPv4 address for this match rule.
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'dip' argument with the value of traffic's
                            'destination address' (applicable on IPv4 traffic only).
*/
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dip(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint32_t dip)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_DIP);
   p_logif->arguments.ipv.v4.dip = htonl(dip);
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (ETHTYPE) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                  ethtype New EtherType number for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'ethtype' argument with the value of traffic's 'EtherType' field.
                            See "IANA EtherType number (IEEE 802)":
                  https://www.iana.org/assignments/ieee-802-numbers/ieee-802-numbers.xhtml
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_ethtype(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, uint16_t ethtype)
   assert (NULL != p logif);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_ETHTYPE);
   p_logif->arguments.ethtype = htons(ethtype);
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given match rule (FPO) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                           Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                   set.
* @param[in]
                   fp_table0_name Name of a FlexibleParser table for this match rule.
                                   Requested FlexibleParser table must already exist in PFE.
                                   When this match rule is active, it inspects traffic
                                   according to rules listed in the referenced
                                   FlexibleParser table.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_fp0(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set,
                               const char* fp_table0_name)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   /\star 'fp_table0_name' is allowed to be NULL \star/
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_FP0);
   set_text((p_logif->arguments.fp_table0), fp_table0_name, IFNAMSIZ);
 * @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (FP1) and its argument.
```



```
* @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
                           Request to set/unset the given match rule.
* @param[in]
                   set
                  fp_table1_name Name of a FlexibleParser table for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                                   Requested FlexibleParser table must already exist in PFE.
                                   When this match rule is active, it inspects traffic
                                   according to rules listed in the referenced
                                   FlexibleParser table.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_fp1(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set,
                               const char* fp_table1_name)
{
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   /* 'fp_table1_name' is allowed to be NULL */
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_FP1);
    set_text((p_logif->arguments.fp_table1), fp_table1_name, IFNAMSIZ);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (SMAC) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                            New source MAC address for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                  p_smac
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'smac' argument with the value of traffic's 'source MAC' field.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_smac(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, const uint8_t p_smac[6])
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   assert(NULL != p_smac);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_SMAC);
   memcpy((p_logif \rightarrow arguments.smac), p_smac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
                   Set/unset the given match rule (DMAC) and its argument.
* @brief
* @details
                   [localdata_logif]
* @param[in,out] p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                   set
                  p_dmac  New destination MAC address for this match rule.
 * @param[in]
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            ^\prime \, \text{dmac}^\prime \, argument with the value of traffic's
                            'destination MAC' field.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_dmac(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set, const uint8_t p_dmac[6])
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   assert(NULL != p_dmac);
   set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_DMAC);
   memcpy((p_logif->arguments.dmac), p_dmac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given match rule (HIF_COOKIE) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_logif]
* p_{\text{param}[in,out]} p_logif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                           Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                   set
                   hif_cookie New hif cookie value for this match rule.
* @param[in]
                               When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                              'hif_cookie' argument with the value of a hif_cookie tag.
                               Hif_cookie tag is a part of internal overhead data, attached
                               to traffic by a host's PFE driver.
void demo_log_if_ld_set_mr_hif_cookie(fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, bool set,
                                      uint32_t hif_cookie)
{
```



```
assert(NULL != p_logif);
    set_logif_mr_flag(p_logif, set, FPP_IF_MATCH_HIF_COOKIE);
    p_logif->arguments.hif_cookie = htonl(hif_cookie);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ======= */
 * @brief
              Query the status of the "enable" flag.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
              true : was enabled ("up")
               false : was disabled ("down")
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_ENABLED);
}
 * @brief
              Query the status of the "enable" flag (inverted logic).
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : was disabled ("down")
               false : was enabled ("up)
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_disabled(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return !demo_log_if_ld_is_enabled(p_logif);
}
* @brief
               Query the status of the "promiscuous mode" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be gueried.
 * @return
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : was in a promiscuous mode
               false : was NOT in a promiscuous mode
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_promisc(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_PROMISC);
}
              Query the status of the "loopback" flag.
 * @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : was in a loopback mode
               false : was NOT in a loopback mode
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_loopback(const_fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_LOOPBACK);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query the status of the "match mode" flag (chaining mode of match rules).
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be gueried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
 * @return
               true : was using OR match mode
               false : was using AND match mode
 */
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_match_mode_or(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert (NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_MATCH_OR);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query the status of the "discard on match" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : was discarding traffic that passed its matching process
               false : was NOT discarding traffic that passed its matching process
 */
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_discard_on_m(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_logif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_DISCARD);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query whether a physical interface is a member of
               a logical interface's egress vector.
               [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
               egress_bitflag Queried physical interface. A bitflag.
                                Each physical interface is represented by one bit.
                                Conversion between physical interface ID and a corresponding
                                egress vector bit is
                                (1uL « "ID of a target physical interface").
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : had at least one queried egress bitflag set
               false : had none of the queried egress bitflags set
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_egress_phyifs(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif, uint32_t egress_bitflag)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return (bool) (ntohl(p_logif->match) & egress_bitflag);
}
* @brief
               Query whether a match rule is active or not.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
* @param[in] match_rule Queried match rule.
```



```
* @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the logical interface:
               true : had at least one queried match rule set
               false : had none of the queried match rules set
bool demo_log_if_ld_is_match_rule(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif,
                                  fpp_if_m_rules_t match_rule)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   fpp_if_m_rules_t tmp_match = (p_logif->match);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_match, sizeof(fpp_if_m_rules_t));
   return (bool) (tmp_match & match_rule);
}
* @brief
              Query the name of a logical interface.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
             Name of the logical interface.
*/
const char* demo_log_if_ld_get_name(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->name);
}
* @brief
              Query the ID of a logical interface.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              ID of the logical interface.
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_id(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->id);
}
* @brief
              Query the name of a logical interface's parent.
* @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be gueried.
              Name of the parent physical interface.
 * @return
const char* demo_log_if_ld_get_parent_name(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->parent_name);
}
              Query the ID of a logical interface's parent.
* @brief
* @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              ID of the parent physical interface.
* @return
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_parent_id(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
{
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->parent_id);
}
* @brief
              Query the target physical interfaces (egress vector) of a logical interface.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
```



```
* p_{\text{param}}[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               Egress vector.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_egress(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohl(p_logif->egress);
}
* @brief
               Query the match rule bitset of a logical interface.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Match rule bitset.
fpp_if_m_rules_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_bitset(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    fpp_if_m_rules_t tmp_match = (p_logif->match);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_match, sizeof(fpp_if_m_rules_t));
   return (tmp_match);
}
 * @brief
               Query the argument of the match rule VLAN.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               Argument (VLAN ID) of the given match rule.
uint16_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_vlan(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
{
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohs(p_logif->arguments.vlan);
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the argument of the match rule PROTO.
             [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Argument (Protocol ID) of the given match rule.
*/
uint8_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_proto(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->arguments.proto);
}
* @brief
               Query the argument of the match rule SPORT.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 \star @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Argument (source port ID) of the given match rule.
\verb|uint16_t| demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_sport(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t \star p_logif|)|
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohs(p_logif->arguments.sport);
}
* @brief
               Query the argument of the match rule DPORT.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               Argument (destination port ID) of the given match rule.
 * @return
```



```
uint16_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_dport(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohs(p_logif->arguments.dport);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule SIP6.
 * @details
               [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (source IPv6) of the given match rule.
 * @return
*/
const uint32_t* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_sip6(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   static uint32_t rtn_sip6[4] = {0u};
   rtn_sip6[0] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[0]);
   rtn_sip6[1] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[1]);
   rtn_sip6[2] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[2]);
   rtn_sip6[3] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.sip[3]);
   return (rtn_sip6);
}
/*
              Query the argument of the match rule DIP6.
* @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be gueried.
              Argument (destination IPv6) of the given match rule.
 * @return
const uint32_t* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_dip6(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   static uint32_t rtn_dip6[4] = \{0u\};
   rtn_dip6[0] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[0]);
    rtn_dip6[1] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[1]);
    rtn_dip6[2] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[2]);
   rtn_dip6[3] = ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v6.dip[3]);
   return (rtn_dip6);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule SIP.
              [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Argument (source IPv4) of the given match rule.
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_sip(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
{
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v4.sip);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule DIP.
 * @details
             [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
               Argument (destination IPv4) of the given match rule.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_dip(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->arguments.ipv.v4.dip);
}
```



```
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule ETHTYPE.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * p_{\text{param}[in]} p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (EtherType ID) of the given match rule.
* @return
*/
uint16_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_ethtype(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohs(p_logif->arguments.ethtype);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule FPO.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (name of a FlexibleParser table) of the given match rule.
* @return
*/
const char* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_fp0(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->arguments.fp_table0);
}
/*
* @brief
             Query the argument of the match rule FP1.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (name of a FlexibleParser table) of the given match rule.
* @return
*/
const char* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_fp1(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->arguments.fp_table1);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule SMAC.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (source MAC address) of the given match rule.
 * @return
*/
const uint8_t* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_smac(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->arguments.smac);
}
* @brief
             Query the argument of the match rule DMAC.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Argument (destination MAC address) of the given match rule.
*/
const uint8_t* demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_dmac(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return (p_logif->arguments.dmac);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the match rule HIF_COOKIE.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Argument (hif cookie value) of the given match rule.
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_mr_arg_hif_cookie(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohl(p_logif->arguments.hif_cookie);
* @brief
              Query the statistics of a logical interface - processed.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Count of processed packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_stt_processed(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
{
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->stats.processed);
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query the statistics of a logical interface - accepted.
              [localdata_logif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Count of accepted packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
*/
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_stt_accepted(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohl(p_logif->stats.accepted);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the statistics of a logical interface - rejected.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
              Count of rejected packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
* /
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_stt_rejected(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
   assert(NULL != p_logif);
    return ntohl(p_logif->stats.rejected);
}
* @brief
              Query the statistics of a logical interface - discarded.
 * @details
              [localdata_logif]
 * @param[in] p_logif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Count of discarded packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
uint32_t demo_log_if_ld_get_stt_discarded(const fpp_log_if_cmd_t* p_logif)
    assert(NULL != p_logif);
   return ntohl(p_logif->stats.discarded);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ========== */
 * @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available logical interfaces in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each applicable logical interface.
              To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
 * @details
              locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
              an example of a database lock procedure.
 * @param[in] p_cl
                         FCT client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                          --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next logical interface is picked for a print process.
```



```
--> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                               assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
                               [optional parameter] Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in] p_parent_name
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                               Can be NULL.
                               If NULL, then all available logical interfaces are printed.
                               If non-NULL, then only those logical interfaces which are
                               children of the given physical interface are printed.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available logical interfaces.
                      : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_log_if_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_log_if_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                         const char* p_parent_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   /* 'p_parent_name' is allowed to be NULL */
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                   sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        if ((NULL == p_parent_name) ||
            (0 == strcmp((reply_from_fci.parent_name), p_parent_name)))
           rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                            sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more logical interfaces to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available logical interfaces in PFE.
* @details
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_log_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                               FCI client
                               Space to store the count of logical interfaces.
* @param[out] p_rtn_count
                              [optional parameter] Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
               p_parent_name
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                               Can be NULL.
```



```
If NULL, then all available logical interfaces are counted.
                               If non-NULL, then only those logical interfaces which are
                              children of the given physical interface are counted.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable logical interfaces.
                            Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No count was stored.
int demo_log_if_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                        const char* p_parent_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   /\star 'p_parent_name' is allowed to be NULL \star/
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_log_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                   sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       if ((NULL == p_parent_name) ||
            (0 == strcmp((reply_from_fci.parent_name), p_parent_name)))
           count++:
       }
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_LOG_IF,
                       sizeof(fpp_log_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more logical interfaces to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_log_if_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/* =================== */
```

## 5.17 demo\_mirror.c



```
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\star WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_mirror.h"
/* ==== PRIVATE FUNCTIONS ========= */
               Set/unset a modification action flag in a mirroring rule struct.
* @brief
* @param[out] p_rtn_mirror Struct to be modified.
* @param[in] enable New state of a modification action flag.
* @param[in] action The 'modify action' flag.
static void set_mirror_ma_flag(fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_rtn_mirror, bool enable,
                              fpp_modify_actions_t action)
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_mirror);
   hton_enum(&action, sizeof(fpp_modify_actions_t));
    if (enable)
       p_rtn_mirror->m_actions |= action;
   }
   else
   {
       p_rtn_mirror->m_actions &= (fpp_modify_actions_t) (~action);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ========= */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested mirroring rule
               from PFE. Identify the rule by its name.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_mirror Space for data from PFE.
* @param[in] p_name Name of the requested mirroring rule.
                            Names of mirroring rules are user-defined.
```



```
See demo_mirror_add().
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested mirrroring rule was found.
  @return
                              A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_mirror.
                              REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_mirror_get_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_rtn_mirror,
                            const char* p_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_mirror);
    assert (NULL != p_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                        sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (0 != strcmp((reply_from_fci.name), p_name)))
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                        sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_mirror = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_get_by_name() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== */
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target mirroring rule
                   p_cl
* @param[in]
                             FCI client
\star @param[in,out] p_mirror Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                             the target mirroring rule.
                             It is assumed that the struct contains a valid data of some % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
                             mirroring rule.
* @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target mirroring rule was
                                successfully updated in PFE.
                                The local data struct was automatically updated with
                                readback data from PFE.
                  other
                              : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                                The local data struct was not updated.
int demo_mirror_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_mirror);
```



```
/* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR, sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t),
                                         (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   /* read back and update caller data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_mirror_get_by_name(p_cl, p_mirror, (p_mirror->name));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new mirroring rule in PFE.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                              FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_logif
                               Space for data from PFE.
                               This will contain a copy of configuration data of
                               the newly created mirroring rule.
                               Can be NULL. If NULL, then there is no local data to fill.
* @param[in]
               p name
                               Name of the new mirroring rule.
                               The name is user-defined.
* @param[in]
              p_phyif_name    Name of an egress physical interface.
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : New mirroring rule was created.
                             If applicable, then its configuration data were
                             copied into p_rtn_mirror.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No data copied.
int demo_mirror_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_rtn_mirror, const char* p_name,
                   const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   /* 'p_rtn_mirror' is allowed to be NULL */
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, MIRROR_NAME_SIZE);
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.egress_phy_if), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    }
    /* send data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR, sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /* read back and update caller data (if applicable) */
    if ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (NULL != p_rtn_mirror))
        rtn = demo_mirror_get_by_name(p_cl, p_rtn_mirror, p_name);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
```



```
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target mirroring rule in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
* @param[in] p_name Name of the mirroring rule to destroy.
              FPP_ERR_OK : The mirroring rule was destroyed.
              other
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_mirror_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_name)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_name, MIRROR_NAME_SIZE);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR, sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t),
                                            (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_del() failed!");
   return (rtn):
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========== */
* @defgroup
               localdata_mirror [localdata_mirror]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_mirror] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
               These functions have a parameter p_mirror (a struct with configuration data).
* @details:
               Initial data for p_mirror can be obtained via demo_mirror_get_by_name().
               If some local data modifications are made, then after all local data changes
               are done and finished, call demo_mirror_update() to update
               the configuration of a real mirroring rule in PFE.
* @brief
                  Set an egress physical interface of a mirroring rule.
                  [localdata_mirror]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_mirror
                                Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  p_mirror_name Name of a physical interface which shall be used as egress.
                                 Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                                 See the FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
void demo_mirror_ld_set_egress_phyif(fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror, const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_mirror);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   set_text((p_mirror->egress_phy_if), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
}
* @brief
                  Set FlexibleParser table to act as a filter for a mirroring rule.
                  [localdata_mirror]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_mirror
                               Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                 p_table_name Name of a FlexibleParser table.
                                 Can be NULL. If NULL or "" (empty string), then
                                 filter of this mirroring rule is disabled.
void demo_mirror_ld_set_filter(fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror, const char* p_table_name)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    /\star 'p_table_name' is allowed to be NULL \star/
    set_text(p_mirror->filter_table_name, p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
}
 * @brief
                  Clear all modification actions of a mirroring rule.
                  (also zeroify all modification action arguments of the mirroring rule)
                  [localdata_mirror]
 * @details
 * @param[in,out] p_mirror Local data to be modified.
void demo_mirror_ld_clear_all_ma(fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    p_mirror->m_actions = 0u;
    memset(&(p_mirror->m_args), 0, sizeof(fpp_modify_args_t));
 * @brief
                  Set/unset the given modification action (ADD_VLAN_HDR) and its argument.
 * @details
                  [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in,out] p_mirror Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  set
                            Request to set/unset the given match rule.
                            New VLAN ID for this match rule.
 * @param[in]
                  vlan
                            When this match rule is active, it compares value of its
                            'vlan' argument with the value of traffic's 'VID' field.
void demo_mirror_ld_set_ma_vlan(fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror, bool set, uint16_t vlan)
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    set_mirror_ma_flag(p_mirror, set, MODIFY_ACT_ADD_VLAN_HDR);
    p_mirror->m_args.vlan = htons(vlan);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========= */
 * @brief
              Query whether a modification action is active or not.
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * p_{\min} be queried.
                        Queried 'modify action'.
              action
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the mirroring rule:
 * @return
              true : had at least one queried 'modify action' bitflags set
               false : had none of the queried 'modify action' bitflags set
bool demo_mirror_ld_is_ma(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror,
                         fpp_modify_actions_t action)
{
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    fpp_modify_actions_t tmp_actions = (p_mirror->m_actions);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_actions, sizeof(fpp_modify_actions_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_actions & action);
}
* @brief
              Query the name of a mirroring rule.
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in] p_mirror Local data to be queried.
              Name of the mirroring rule.
 * @return
```



```
const char* demo_mirror_ld_get_name(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
   return (p_mirror->name);
}
/*
* @brief
              Query the egress interface of a mirroring rule.
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in]
              p_mirror Local data to be queried.
              Name of a physical interface which is used as an egress interface
 * @return
              of the mirroring rule.
*/
const char* demo_mirror_ld_get_egress_phyif(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
    assert(NULL != p_mirror);
   return (p_mirror->egress_phy_if);
}
 * @brief
              Query the name of a FlexibleParser table which is being used as
              a filter for a mirroring rule.
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in] p_mirror Local data to be queried.
              Name of the FlexibleParser table which is used as a filter
 * @return
              of the mirroring rule.
*/
const char* demo_mirror_ld_get_filter(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
   assert(NULL != p_mirror);
   return (p_mirror->filter_table_name);
}
              Query the modification action bitset of a mirroring rule.
* @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in] p_mirror Local data to be queried.
              'Modify action' bitset.
fpp_modify_actions_t demo_mirror_ld_get_ma_bitset(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
    assert (NULL != p_mirror);
    fpp_modify_actions_t tmp_actions = (p_mirror->m_actions);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_actions, sizeof(fpp_modify_actions_t));
   return (tmp_actions);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the modification action match rule ADD_VLAN_HDR.
 * @details
              [localdata_mirror]
 * @param[in] p_mirror Local data to be queried.
              Argument (VLAN ID) of the given modification action.
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_mirror_ld_get_ma_vlan(const fpp_mirror_cmd_t* p_mirror)
   assert(NULL != p_mirror);
    return ntohs(p_mirror->m_args.vlan);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ========= */
/*
```



```
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available mirroring rules in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each mirroring rule.
               p_cl
                           FCT client
* @param[in]
* @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                           --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                               a next mirroring rule is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                               assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
               {\tt FPP\_ERR\_OK} \ : \ {\tt Successfully} \ iterated \ through \ {\tt all} \ available \ {\tt mirroring} \ rules.
* @return
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_mirror_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_mirror_cb_print_t p_cb_print)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                    sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                            sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more mirroring rules to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_MIRROR_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_print_all() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available mirroring rules in PFE.
              p_cl
                          FCI client
* @param[in]
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of mirroring rules.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available mirroring rules.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No value copied.
int demo_mirror_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_mirror_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
```



```
unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint16_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                   sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_MIRROR,
                       sizeof(fpp_mirror_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
   /\star query loop runs till there are no more mirroring rules to report \star/
   /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_MIRROR_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
   {
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_mirror_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ================== */
```

## 5.18 demo\_phy\_if.c

```
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```



```
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_phy_if.h"
/* ==== PRIVATE FUNCTIONS ======== */
              Set/unset a flag in a physical interface struct.
 * @param[out] p_rtn_phyif Struct to be modified.
               enable
 * @param[in]
                           New state of a flag.
                            The flag.
 * @param[in]
               flag
static void set_phyif_flag(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_phyif, bool enable, fpp_if_flags_t flag)
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_phyif);
   hton_enum(&flag, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    if (enable)
    {
       p_rtn_phyif->flags |= flag;
    }
   else
    {
       p_rtn_phyif->flags &= (fpp_if_flags_t)(~flag);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== \star/
 * @brief
              Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested physical interface
               from PFE. Identify the interface by its name.
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
               p_cl
 * @param[in]
                            FCI client
 * @param[out] p_rtn_phyif Space for data from PFE.
 * @param[in] p_name
                            Name of the requested physical interface.
                            Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                            See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
 * @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested physical interface was found.
                            A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_phyif.
                            REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
               other
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No data copied.
int demo_phy_if_get_by_name(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_phyif,
                           const char* p_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_phyif);
    assert(NULL != p_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_phy_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_phy_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
```



```
/* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                        sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (0 != strcmp((reply_from_fci.name), p_name)))
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                        sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_phyif = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_get_by_name() failed!");
    return (rtn):
}
  @brief
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested physical interface
                from PFE. Identify the interface by its name.
* @details
                This is a standalone (_sa) function.
                It shows how to properly access a physical interface. Namely:
                1. Lock the interface database of PFE for exclusive access by this FCI client.
                2. Execute one or more FCI calls which access physical or logical interfaces.
                3. Unlock the exclusive access lock.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_phyif Space for data from PFE.
 * @param[in]
                             Name of the requested physical interface.
               p_name
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested physical interface was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_phyif.
                             REMINDER: data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
inline int demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_rtn_phyif,
                                      const char* p_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_phyif);
    assert(NULL != p_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    /\star lock the interface database of PFE for exclusive access by this FCI client \star/
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() --> "
                        "fci_write(FPP_CMD_IF_LOCK_SESSION) failed!");
    /\star execute "payload" - FCI calls which access physical or logical interfaces \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, p_rtn_phyif, p_name);
    /* unlock the exclusive access lock */
    /\star result of the unlock action is returned only if previous "payload" actions were OK \star/
    const int rtn_unlock = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION, 0, NULL);
    rtn = ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) ? (rtn_unlock) : (rtn));
    print_if_error(rtn_unlock, "demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() --> "
```



```
"fci_write(FPP_CMD_IF_UNLOCK_SESSION) failed!");
   return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== \star/
 * @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target physical interface
                   in PFE.
 * @details
                   To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
                   locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
                   an example of a database lock procedure.
                  p_cl
 * @param[in]
                          FCI client
 \star @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                            the target physical interface.
                            It is assumed that the struct contains a valid data of some
                            physical interface.
 * @return
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target physical interface was
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct was not updated.
*/
int demo_phy_if_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert (NULL != p_phyif);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_phy_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_phyif);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF, sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t),
                                         (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_phy_if_get_by_name(p_cl, p_phyif, (p_phyif->name));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ======== */
 * @defgroup
               localdata_phyif [localdata_phyif]
 * @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_phyif] access only local data.
                No FCI calls are made.
 * @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_phyif (a struct with configuration data).
                Initial data for p_phyif can be obtained via demo_phy_if_get_by_name().
                If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_phy_if_update() to update
                the configuration of a real physical interface in PFE.
* @brief
                  Enable ("up") a physical interface.
 * @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
void demo_phy_if_ld_enable(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
```



```
set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, true, FPP_IF_ENABLED);
/*
* @brief
                  Disable ("down") a physical interface.
 * @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
void demo_phy_if_ld_disable(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, false, FPP_IF_ENABLED);
}
/*
 * @brief
                   Set/unset a promiscuous mode of a physical interface.
 * @details
                   [localdata_phyif]
                   Promiscuous mode of a physical interface means the interface
                   will accept and process all incoming traffic, regardless of
                  the traffic's destination MAC.
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  enable Request to set/unset the promiscuous mode.
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_promisc(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
{
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_PROMISC);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset a VLAN conformance check on a physical interface.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  enable Request to set/unset the VLAN conformance check.
*/
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_vlan_conf(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
{
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_VLAN_CONF_CHECK);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset a PTP conformance check on a physical interface.
 * @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   enable
                           Request to set/unset the PTP conformance check.
*/
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_ptp_conf(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
{
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_PTP_CONF_CHECK);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset a PTP promiscuous mode on a physical interface.
 * @details
                   [localdata_phyif]
                   This flag allows a PTP traffic to pass entry checks even if
                   the strict VLAN conformance check is active.
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
                   enable Request to set/unset the PTP promiscuous mode.
 * @param[in]
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_ptp_promisc(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_PTP_PROMISC);
```



```
Set/unset acceptance of a Q-in-Q traffic on a physical interface.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
* @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  enable Request to set/unset the Q-in-Q acceptance.
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_qinq(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
{
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_ALLOW_Q_IN_Q);
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset discarding of packets which have TTL<2.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
* @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
                  enable Request to set/unset discarding of packets which have TTL<2.
* @param[in]
+/
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_discard_ttl(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, bool enable)
{
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   set_phyif_flag(p_phyif, enable, FPP_IF_DISCARD_TTL);
}
* @brief
                  Set an operation mode of a physical interface.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
* @param[in,out] p_phyif Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  mode
                           New operation mode.
                           For details about physical interface operation modes,
                            see description of the fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t type in
                            FCI API Reference.
*/
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_mode(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t mode)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   hton_enum(&mode, sizeof(fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t));
   p_phyif->mode = mode;
* @brief
                  Set a blocking state of a physical interface.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
* @param[in,out] p_phyif
                               Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  block_state New blocking state
                               For details about physical interface blocking states,
                                see description of the fpp_phy_if_block_state_t type in
                               FCI API Reference.
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_block_state(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif,
                                   fpp_phy_if_block_state_t block_state)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   hton_enum(&block_state, sizeof(fpp_phy_if_block_state_t));
   p_phyif->block_state = block_state;
}
* @brief
                  Set rx mirroring rule of a physical interface.
* @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
* @param[in,out] p_phyif
                                Local data to be modified.
                  idx
* @param[in]
                                 Index into the array of interface's rx mirroring rules.
                  p_mirror_name Name of a mirroring rule.
* @param[in]
                                 Can be NULL. If NULL or "" (empty string), then
                                 this mirroring rule slot is unused (disabled).
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_rx_mirror(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, uint8_t idx,
                                 const char* p_mirror_name)
{
```



```
assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    /* 'p_mirror_name' is allowed to be NULL */
    if (FPP_MIRRORS_CNT > idx)
    {
        set_text(p_phyif->rx_mirrors[idx], p_mirror_name, MIRROR_NAME_SIZE);
    }
}
 * @brief
                   Set tx mirroring rule of a physical interface.
 * @details
                  [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif
                                  Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   idx
                                  Index into the array of interface's tx mirroring rules.
                   p_mirror_name Name of a mirroring rule.
 * @param[in]
                                  Can be NULL. If NULL or "" (empty string), then
                                  this mirroring rule slot is unused (disabled).
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_tx_mirror(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, uint8_t idx,
                                  const char* p_mirror_name)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    /* 'p_mirror_name' is allowed to be NULL */
    if (FPP_MIRRORS_CNT > idx)
    {
        set_text(p_phyif->tx_mirrors[idx], p_mirror_name, MIRROR_NAME_SIZE);
}
 * @brief
                   Set FlexibleParser table to act as a FlexibleFilter for
                   a physical interface.
 * @details
                   [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in,out] p_phyif
                                 Local data to be modified.
                   p_table_name Name of a FlexibleParser table.
 * @param[in]
                                 Can be NULL. If NULL or "" (empty string), then
                                 FlexibleFilter of this physical interface is disabled.
void demo_phy_if_ld_set_flexifilter(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, const char* p_table_name)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    /* 'p_table_name' is allowed to be NULL */
    set_text(p_phyif->ftable, p_table_name, IFNAMSIZ);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========= */
 * @brief
               Query the status of the "enable" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
              p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
               true : was enabled ("up")
               false : was disabled ("down")
\verb|bool| demo_phy_if_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t * p_phyif)|
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_ENABLED);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
               Query the status of the "enable" flag (inverted logic).
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
               true : was disabled ("down")
               false : was enabled ("up)
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_disabled(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    return !demo_phy_if_ld_is_enabled(p_phyif);
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the status of the "promiscuous mode" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
               p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
               true : was in a promiscuous mode
               false : was NOT in a promiscuous mode
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_promisc(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_PROMISC);
}
/*
* @brief
               Ouery the status of the "VLAN conformance check" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in]
               p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
 * @return
               \hbox{true} \quad \hbox{: was checking VLAN conformance of an incoming traffic}
               false: was NOT checking VLAN conformance of an incoming traffic
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_vlan_conf(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_VLAN_CONF_CHECK);
}
               Query the status of the "PTP conformance check" flag.
* @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in]
              p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
 * @return
               true : was checking PTP conformance of an incoming traffic
               false: was NOT checking PTP conformance of an incoming traffic
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_ptp_conf(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_PTP_CONF_CHECK);
               Query the status of the "PTP promisc" flag.
 * @brief
```



```
* @details
               [localdata_phyif]
              p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
 * @return
               true : was using PTP promiscuous mode
               false: was NOT using PTP promiscuous mode
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_ptp_promisc(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_PTP_PROMISC);
 * @brief
               Query the status of the "Q-in-Q" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
 * @return
               true : was accepting Q-in-Q traffic
               false : was NOT accepting Q-in-Q traffic
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_qinq(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_ALLOW_Q_IN_Q);
 * @brief
               Query the status of the "discard if TTL<2" flag.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
               This feature applies only if the physical interface is in a mode
               which decrements TTL of packets (e.g. L3 Router).
 * @param[in]
               p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the physical interface:
 * @return
               true : was discarding packets which have TTL<2 (only for some modes)</pre>
               false : was sending packets which have TTL<2 to a host (only for some modes)
 */
bool demo_phy_if_ld_is_discard_ttl(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_IF_DISCARD_TTL);
/*
 * @brief
              Query the name of a physical interface.
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               Name of the physical interface.
 * @return
*/
const char* demo_phy_if_ld_get_name(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    return (p_phyif->name);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
               Query the ID of a physical interface.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
              ID of the physical interface.
*/
uint32_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_id(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
{
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   return ntohl(p_phyif->id);
* @brief
               Query the flags of a physical interface (the whole bitset).
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Flags bitset at time when the data was obtained from PFE.
fpp_if_flags_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_flags(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   fpp_if_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_phyif->flags);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_if_flags_t));
   return (tmp_flags);
}
 * @brief
              Query the operation mode of a physical interface.
              [localdata_phyif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               Operation mode of the physical interface at time when
               the data was obtained from PFE.
*/
fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_mode(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t tmp_mode = (p_phyif->mode);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_mode, sizeof(fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t));
   return (tmp_mode);
}
 * @brief
              Query the blocking state of a physical interface.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Blocking state of the physical interface at time when
               the data was obtained from PFE.
fpp_phy_if_block_state_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_block_state(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    fpp_phy_if_block_state_t tmp_block_state = (p_phyif->block_state);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_block_state, sizeof(fpp_phy_if_op_mode_t));
   return (tmp_block_state);
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the name of rx mirroring rule.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in]
              p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in] idx
                        Index into the array of interface's tx mirroring rules.
 * @return
               Name of the mirroring rule which was assigned to the given slot at time when
               the data was obtained from PFE.
 */
```



```
const char* demo_phy_if_ld_get_rx_mirror(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, uint8_t idx)
    assert (NULL != p_phyif);
    return ((FPP_MIRRORS_CNT > idx) ? (p_phyif->rx_mirrors[idx]) : (""));
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the name of tx mirroring rule.
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
                        Index into the array of interface's tx mirroring rules.
               idx
               Name of the mirroring rule which was assigned to the given slot at time when
 * @return
               the data was obtained from PFE.
*/
const char* demo_phy_if_ld_get_tx_mirror(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif, uint8_t idx)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   return ((FPP_MIRRORS_CNT > idx) ? (p_phyif->tx_mirrors[idx]) : (""));
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query the name of a FlexibleParser table which is being used as
               a FlexibleFilter for a physical interface.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Name of the FlexibleParser table which was being used as a FlexibleFilter
               of the physical interface at time when the data was obtained from PFE.
*/
const char* demo_phy_if_ld_get_flexifilter(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   return (p_phyif->ftable);
}
* @brief
              Query the statistics of a physical interface - ingress.
 * @details
              [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Count of ingress packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
*/
uint32_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_stt_ingress(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
   assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   return ntohl(p_phyif->stats.ingress);
* @brief
              Query the statistics of a physical interface - egress.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
              Count of egressed packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
* @return
*/
uint32_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_stt_egress(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
   return ntohl(p_phyif->stats.egress);
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the statistics of a physical interface - malformed.
 * @details
               [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
               Count of malformed packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
 * @return
 * /
uint32_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_stt_malformed(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    return ntohl(p_phyif->stats.malformed);
}
 * @brief
              Query the statistics of a physical interface - discarded.
 * @details
              [localdata_phyif]
 * @param[in] p_phyif Local data to be queried.
              Count of discarded packets at the time when the data was obtained form PFE.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_phy_if_ld_get_stt_discarded(const fpp_phy_if_cmd_t* p_phyif)
    assert(NULL != p_phyif);
    return ntohl(p_phyif->stats.discarded);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
 * @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available physical interfaces in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each reported physical interface.
 * @details
              To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
              an example of a database lock procedure.
 * @param[in]
              p_cl
                          FCI client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                          --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next physical interface is picked for a print process.
                          --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                             assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available physical interfaces.
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
*/
int demo_phy_if_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_phy_if_cb_print_t p_cb_print)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_phy_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_phy_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                    sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
       print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_print_all() --> "
                            "non-zero return from callback print function!");
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                           sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /* query loop runs till there are no more physical interfaces to report */
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available physical interfaces in PFE.
               To use this function properly, the interface database of PFE must be
* @details
               locked for exclusive access. See demo_phy_if_get_by_name_sa() for
               an example of a database lock procedure.
                           FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_cl
               p_rtn_count Space to store the count of physical interfaces.
* @param[out]
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available physical interfaces.
                            Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No count was stored.
int demo_phy_if_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_phy_if_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_phy_if_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32 t count = 0u;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                   sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       count++:
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_PHY_IF,
                       sizeof(fpp_phy_if_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more physical interfaces to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_phy_if_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ======== */
```



## 5.19 demo\_qos.c

```
/* ------
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\star modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_qos.h"
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested QoS queue
               from PFE. Identify the QoS queue by the name of a parent
               physical interface and by the queue's ID.
* @param[in]
                           FCI client
              p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_que Space for data from PFE.
              p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
               que id
                             ID of the requested QoS queue.
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested QoS queue was found.
* @return
                            A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_que.
                            REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                           No data copied.
int demo_qos_que_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_rtn_que,
                          const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t que_id)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert (NULL != p_rtn_que);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
```



```
int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = que_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /\star do the query (get the QoS queue directly; no need for a loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_que = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_que_get_by_id() failed!");
    return (rtn);
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested QoS scheduler
* @brief
                from PFE. Identify the QoS scheduler by the name of a parent
                physical interface and by the scheduler's ID.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                              FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_que
                              Space for data from PFE.
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                sch id
                              ID of the requested QoS scheduler.
  @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested QoS scheduler was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_sch.
                             REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_qos_sch_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_rtn_sch,
                           const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t sch_id)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_sch);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = sch_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /\star do the query (get the QoS scheduler directly; no need for a loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER,
                        \verb|sizeof(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t)|, (unsigned short*)(\&cmd_to_fci)|,\\
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
```



```
/\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_sch = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_sch_get_by_id() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested QoS shaper
                from PFE. Identify the QoS shaper by the name of a parent
                physical interface and by the shaper's ID.
               p_cl
* @param[in]
                              FCI client
                              Space for data from PFE.
* @param[out] p_rtn_que
 * @param[in]
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                              ID of the requested QoS shaper.
                shp_id
* @return
                \ensuremath{\texttt{FPP\_ERR\_OK}} : The requested QoS shaper was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_shp.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
*/
int demo_qos_shp_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_rtn_shp,
                           const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t shp_id)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_shp);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = shp_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query (get the QoS shaper directly; no need for a loop) */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_shp = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_shp_get_by_id() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target QoS queue
                   in PFE.
* @param[in]
                   p_cl FCI client
* @param[in,out] p_que Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
```



```
the target QoS queue.
                          Initial data can be obtained via demo_qos_que_get_by_id().
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target QoS queue was
* @return
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct not updated.
int demo_qos_que_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    assert (NULL != p_que);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_que);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE, sizeof(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t),
                                        (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = demo_qos_que_get_by_id(p_cl, p_que, (p_que->if_name), (p_que->id));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_que_update() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target QoS scheduler
                   in PFE.
                   p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
 * @param[in,out] p_sch Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                          the target QoS scheduler.
                          Initial data can be obtained via demo_qos_sch_get_by_id().
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target QoS scheduler was
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct not updated.
int demo_qos_sch_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert (NULL != p_sch);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_sch);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER, sizeof(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_qos_sch_get_by_id(p_cl, p_sch, (p_sch->if_name), (p_sch->id));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_sch_update() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
```



```
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target QoS shaper
                  in PFE.
                  p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
* @param[in,out] p_shp Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                          the target QoS shaper.
                          Initial data can be obtained via demo_qos_shp_get_by_id().
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target QoS shaper was
* @return
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                             : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct not updated.
int demo_qos_shp_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert (NULL != p_shp);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_gos_shaper_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_shp);
   /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER, sizeof(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t),
                                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /* read back and update caller data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        rtn = demo_qos_shp_get_by_id(p_cl, p_shp, (p_shp->if_name), (p_shp->id));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_shp_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========= */
* @defgroup
               localdata_que [localdata_que]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_que] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
               These functions have a parameter p_que (a struct with configuration data).
               Initial data for p\_que can be obtained via demo\_qos\_que\_get\_by\_id().
                If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_qos_que_update() to update
                the configuration of a real QoS queue in PFE.
                  Set a mode (queue discipline) of a QoS queue.
* @brief
* @details
                  [localdata_que]
* @param[in,out] p_que
                            Local data to be modified.
                   que_mode Queue mode (queue discipline).
* @param[in]
                             For valid modes, see FCI API Reference,
                            chapter 'fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t'.
void demo_qos_que_ld_set_mode(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que, uint8_t que_mode)
   assert (NULL != p_que);
   p_que->mode = que_mode;
}
* @brief
                  Set a minimal threshold of a QoS queue.
* @details
                  [localdata que]
                  Meaning of a minimal threshold depends on
                  a queue mode of the given QoS queue.
* @param[in,out] p_que Local data to be modified.
```



```
* @param[in]
                   min
                          Minimal threshold.
void demo_qos_que_ld_set_min(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que, uint32_t min)
   assert(NULL != p_que);
   p_que->min = htonl(min);
 * @brief
                   Set a maximal threshold of a QoS queue.
 * @details
                   [localdata_que]
                   Meaning of a maximal threshold depends on
                   a queue mode of the given QoS queue.
 * @param[in,out] p_que Local data to be modified.
                        Maximal threshold.
 * @param[in]
                  max
 */
void demo_qos_que_ld_set_max(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que, uint32_t max)
   assert(NULL != p_que);
   p_que->max = htonl(max);
}
 * @brief
                   Set packet drop probability of a particular QoS queue's zone.
 * @details
                   [localdata_que]
                   Meaningful only for the que mode WRED.
                           Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in,out] p_que
                   zprob_id ID of a probability zone.
 * @param[in]
                             There may be less than 32 zones actually implemented in PFE.
                             (32 is just the max array limit)
                            See FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
 * @param[in]
                   percentage Drop probability in [%].
void demo_qos_que_ld_set_zprob(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que, uint8_t zprob_id,
                               uint8_t percentage)
{
    assert (NULL != p_que);
    if (32u > zprob_id)
    {
       p_que->zprob[zprob_id] = percentage;
    }
}
 * @defgroup
                localdata_sch [localdata_sch]
                Functions marked as [localdata_sch] access only local data.
 * @brief:
                No FCI calls are made.
 * @details:
                These functions have a parameter p_sch (a struct with configuration data).
                Initial data for p_sch can be obtained via demo_qos_sch_get_by_id().
                If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_qos_sch_update() to update
                the configuration of a real QoS scheduler in PFE.
* @brief
                   Set a mode of a QoS scheduler.
 * @details
                   [localdata_sch]
 * @param[in,out] p_sch Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   sch_mode Scheduler mode.
                             For valid modes, see FCI API Reference,
                             chapter 'fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t'.
void demo_qos_sch_ld_set_mode(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch, uint8_t sch_mode)
   assert (NULL != p_sch);
   p_sch->mode = sch_mode;
}
```



```
/*
* @brief
                  Set a selection algorithm of a QoS scheduler.
* @details
                  [localdata_sch]
* @param[in,out] p_sch Local data to be modified.
                  algo Selection algorithm.
* @param[in]
                         For valid modes, see the FCI API Reference,
                         chapter 'fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t'.
void demo_qos_sch_ld_set_algo(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch, uint8_t algo)
   assert (NULL != p_sch);
   p_sch->algo = algo;
* @brief
                  Set an input (and its properties) of a QoS scheduler.
* @details
                  [localdata_sch]
* @param[in,out] p_sch Local data to be modified.
                  input_id ID of the scheduler's input.
* @param[in]
                            There may be less than 32 inputs per scheduler
                             actually implemented in PFE. (32 is just the max array limit)
                            See FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
                  enable
                             Request to enable/disable the given scheduler input.
                            Data source which is connected to the given sscheduler input.
                  src
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
                            Weight ("importance") of the given scheduler input.
                  weight
void demo_qos_sch_ld_set_input(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch, uint8_t input_id,
                              bool enable, uint8_t src, uint32_t weight)
   assert (NULL != p_sch);
   if (32u > input_id)
    {
        if (enable)
        {
           p_sch->input_en |= htonl(1uL « input_id);
        }
       else
        {
           p_sch->input_en &= htonl((uint32_t)(~(1uL « input_id)));
       p_sch->input_w[input_id] = htonl(weight);
       p_sch->input_src[input_id] = src;
   }
}
* @defgroup
               localdata_shp [localdata_shp]
               Functions marked as [localdata_shp] access only local data.
* @brief:
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p\_shp (a struct with configuration data).
               Initial data for p_shp can be obtained via demo\_qos\_shp\_get\_by\_id().
               If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
               are done and finished, call demo\_shp\_sch\_update() to update
               the configuration of a real QoS shaper in PFE.
* @brief
                  Set a mode of a QoS shaper.
* @details
                  [localdata_shp]
* @param[in,out] p_shp Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  shp_mode Shaper mode.
                            For valid modes, see FCI API Reference,
                            chapter 'fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t'.
```



```
void demo_qos_shp_ld_set_mode(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp, uint8_t shp_mode)
    assert (NULL != p_shp);
   p_shp->mode = shp_mode;
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set a position of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in,out] p_shp
                           Local data to be modified.
                  position Position of the QoS shaper in a QoS configuration.
 * @param[in]
                            For valid positions, see FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
*/
void demo_qos_shp_ld_set_position(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp, uint8_t position)
    assert (NULL != p_shp);
   p_shp->position = position;
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set an idle slope rate of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in,out] p_shp Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  isl
                         Idle slope rate (units per second).
                         Units depend on the mode of a QoS shaper.
*/
void demo_qos_shp_ld_set_isl(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp, uint32_t isl)
   assert(NULL != p_shp);
   p_shp->isl = htonl(isl);
* @brief
                  Set a minimal credit of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
                 [localdata_shp]
* @param[in,out] p_shp
                              Local data to be modified.
                  min_credit Minimal credit.
* @param[in]
void demo_qos_shp_ld_set_min_credit(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp, int32_t min_credit)
   assert (NULL != p_shp);
   p_shp->min_credit = (int32_t)(htonl(min_credit));
}
* @brief
                  Set a maximal credit of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
                 [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in,out] p_shp
                              Local data to be modified.
                  min_credit Maximal credit.
 * @param[in]
*/
void demo_qos_shp_ld_set_max_credit(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp, int32_t max_credit)
   assert (NULL != p_shp);
   p_shp->max_credit = (int32_t)(htonl(max_credit));
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) =========== */
* @brief
              Query the name of a parent physical interface of a QoS queue.
 * @details
              [localdata_que]
 * @param[in] p_que Local data to be queried.
              Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @return
*/
const char* demo_qos_que_ld_qet_if_name(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
```



```
assert (p_que);
    return (p_que->if_name);
}
* @brief
               Query the ID of a QoS queue.
 * @details
              [localdata_que]
 * @param[in] p_{que} Local data to be queried.
              ID of a QoS queue.
 * @return
*/
uint8_t demo_qos_que_ld_get_id(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
{
   assert (p_que);
   return (p_que->id);
}
* @brief
              Query the mode of a QoS queue.
 * @details
              [localdata_que]
* @param[in] p_que Local data to be queried.
              Mode of a QoS queue.
*/
uint8_t demo_qos_que_ld_get_mode(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
{
   assert (p que);
   return (p_que->mode);
}
* @brief
              Query the minimal threshold of a QoS queue.
 * @details
               [localdata_que]
* @param[in] p_que Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Minimal threshold of a QoS queue.
*/
uint32_t demo_qos_que_ld_get_min(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
   assert (p_que);
   return ntohl(p_que->min);
}
* @brief
              Query the maximal threshold of a QoS queue.
 * @details
               [localdata_que]
* @param[in] p_que Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Maximal threshold of a QoS queue.
*/
uint32_t demo_qos_que_ld_get_max(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que)
   assert (p_que);
   return ntohl(p_que->max);
}
* @brief
              Query the percentage chance for packet drop.
 * @details
               [localdata_que]
 * @param[in] p_que Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in] zprob_id ID of a probability zone.
                         There may be less than 32 zones actually implemented in PFE.
                         (32 is just the max array limit)
                         See FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
               Percentage drop chance of the given probability zone.
uint8_t demo_qos_que_ld_get_zprob_by_id(const fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t* p_que, uint8_t zprob_id)
   assert (p que);
   return ((32u > zprob_id) ? (p_que->zprob[zprob_id]) : (255u));
}
```



```
* @brief
              Query the name of a parent physical interface of a QoS scheduler.
              [localdata_sch]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
              Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @return
const char* demo_qos_sch_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch)
    assert (p_sch);
   return (p_sch->if_name);
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query the ID of a QoS scheduler.
 * @details
            [localdata_sch]
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               ID of a QoS scheduler.
uint8_t demo_qos_sch_ld_get_id(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch)
    assert (p_sch);
   return (p_sch->id);
}
 * @brief
              Query the mode of a QoS scheduler.
 * @details
              [localdata_sch]
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
              Mode of a QoS scheduler.
uint8_t demo_qos_sch_ld_get_mode(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch)
{
    assert (p_sch);
    return (p_sch->mode);
}
* @brief
              Query the selection algorithm of a QoS scheduler.
             [localdata_sch]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Selection algorithm of a QoS scheduler.
*/
uint8_t demo_qos_sch_ld_get_algo(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch)
    assert (p sch);
    return (p_sch->algo);
}
* @brief
              Query whether an input of a QoS scheduler is enabled or not.
 * @details
               [localdata_sch]
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
              input_id Queried scheduler input.
 * @param[in]
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the input of the QoS scheduler:
 * @return
               true : was enabled
               false : was disabled
bool demo_qos_sch_ld_is_input_enabled(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch, uint8_t input_id)
    assert (NULL != p_sch);
    return (bool)((32u > input_id) ? (ntohl(p_sch->input_en) & (1uL « input_id)) : (0u));
}
 * @brief
               Query the weight of a QoS scheduler input.
```



```
* @details
                [localdata_sch]
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
* @param[in] input_id Queried scheduler input.
               Weight of a QoS scheduler input.
uint32_t demo_qos_sch_ld_get_input_weight(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch,
                                             uint8_t input_id)
{
    assert(NULL != p_sch);
    return ((32u > input_id) ? (ntohl(p_sch->input_w[input_id])) : (0uL));
}
* @brief
               Query the traffic source of a QoS scheduler input.
               [localdata_sch]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_sch Local data to be queried.
* @param[in] input_id Queried scheduler input.
* @return Traffic source of a QoS scheduler input.
 */
uint8_t demo_qos_sch_ld_qet_input_src(const fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t* p_sch, uint8_t input_id)
    assert(NULL != p_sch);
    return ((32u > input_id) ? (p_sch->input_src[input_id]) : (0uL));
}
 /*
 * @brief
               Query the name of a parent physical interface of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
             [localdata_shp]
 * p_{\min}[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
               Name of a parent physical interface.
*/
const char* demo_qos_shp_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
{
   assert(p_shp);
    return (p_shp->if_name);
}
* @brief
               Query the ID of a QoS shaper.
             [localdata_shp]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
 * @return
                ID of a QoS shaper.
*/
uint8_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_id(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
    assert (p shp);
   return (p_shp->id);
 /*
 * @brief
               Query the position of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
             [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
 * @return
                Position of a QoS shaper.
uint8_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_position(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
   assert (p_shp);
   return (p_shp->position);
}
* @brief
               Query the mode of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
              [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
               Mode of a QoS shaper.
 * @return
```



```
uint8_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_mode(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
    assert (p_shp);
   return (p_shp->mode);
}
* @brief
             Query the idle slope of a QoS shaper.
              [localdata_shp]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
              Idle slope of a QoS shaper.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_isl(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
   assert (p_shp);
   return ntohl(p_shp->isl);
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query the maximal credit of a QoS shaper.
              [localdata_shp]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
              Maximal credit of a QoS shaper.
*/
int32_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_max_credit(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
    assert (p_shp);
    return (int32_t) (ntohl(p_shp->max_credit));
}
* @brief
              Query the minimal credit of a QoS shaper.
 * @details
              [localdata_shp]
 * @param[in] p_shp Local data to be queried.
              Minimal credit of a QoS shaper.
int32_t demo_qos_shp_ld_get_min_credit(const fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t* p_shp)
   assert (p_shp);
    return (int32_t) (ntohl(p_shp->min_credit));
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
 * @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available QoS queues of
              a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
              each QoS queue.
 * @param[in] p_cl
                            FCI client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print
                            Callback print function.
                            --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                a next QoS queue is picked for a print process.
                            --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                            Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                            See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
 * @return
              FPP_ERR_OK: Successfully iterated through all available QoS queues of
                           the given physical interface.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                           No count was stored.
int demo_qos_que_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_qos_que_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                               const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert (NULL != p_cl);
    assert (NULL != p_cb_print);
```



```
assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       /* query loop */
       uint8_t que_id = 0u;
       while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           cmd_to_fci.id = que_id;
           cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
           rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE,
                           sizeof(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                           &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
           if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
           que_id++;
       /\star query loop runs till there are no more QoS queues to report \star/
       /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
       if (FPP_ERR_QOS_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
           rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_que_print_by_phyif() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available QoS gueues in PFE which
               are a part of a given parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of QoS queues.
Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable QoS queues.
                            Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No count was stored.
int demo_qos_que_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                   const char* p_phyif_name)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
```



```
/* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* query loop */
       uint8_t que_id = 0u;
       while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.id = que_id;
           cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_QUEUE,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_queue_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                que_id++;
        }
        /* query loop runs till there are no more QoS queues to report */
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_QUEUE_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            *p_rtn_count = que_id;
           rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_que_get_count_by_phyif() failed!");
   return (rtn):
}
 * @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available QoS schedulers of
               a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
               each QoS scheduler.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                            FCI client
                             Callback print function.
 * @param[in]
              p_cb_print
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                a next QoS scheduler is picked for a print process.
                             --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                               assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through QoS schedulers of
                            the given physical interface.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No count was stored.
int demo_qos_sch_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_qos_sch_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                                const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* query loop */
```



```
uint8_t sch_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.id = sch_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
            sch_id++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more QoS schedulers to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_SCHEDULER_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_sch_print_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available QoS schedulers in PFE which
                are a part of a given parent physical interface.
                p_cl
                             FCI client
* @param[in]
* @param[out] p_rtn_count
                              Space to store the count of QoS schedulers.
 * @param[in]
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable QoS schedulers.
* @return
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_qos_sch_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                    const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* query loop */
       uint8_t sch_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.id = sch_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SCHEDULER,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_scheduler_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
```



```
sch_id++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more QoS schedulers to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_SCHEDULER_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            *p_rtn_count = sch_id;
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_sch_get_count_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available QoS shapers of
* @brief
               a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
               each QoS shaper.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                             FCI client
  @param[in] p_cb_print
                            Callback print function.
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                 a next QoS shaper is picked for a print process.
                             --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available QoS shapers of
                            the given physical interface.
               other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_qos_shp_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_qos_shp_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                                const char* p_phyif_name)
{
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* query loop */
        uint8_t shp_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.id = shp_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
            shp_id++;
```



```
/\star query loop runs till there are no more QoS shapers to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_SHAPER_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_shp_print_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available QoS shapers in PFE which
                are a part of a given parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                             FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_count
                              Space to store the count of QoS shapers.
* @param[in]
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable QoS shapers.
* @return
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_qos_shp_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                    const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* query loop */
       uint8_t shp_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.id = shp_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_SHAPER,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_shaper_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                shp_id++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more QoS shapers to report \star/
        /* the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) */
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_SHAPER_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
        {
            *p_rtn_count = shp_id;
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_qos_shp_qet_count_by_phyif() failed!");
```



```
return (rtn);
}
/* ------**
```

## 5.20 demo\_qos\_pol.c

```
______
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 * modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
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* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
 * ======= */
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_gos_pol.h"
/* ==== PRIVATE FUNCTIONS =========== */
* @brief
             Set/unset a flow type flag (from argumentless set) in a policer flow struct.
* @param[out] p_rtn_polflow Struct to be modified.
              enable New state of a flag.
* @param[in]
             flag
                           The flag.
* @param[in]
static void set_polflow_m_flag(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_rtn_polflow, bool enable,
                             fpp_iqos_flow_type_t flag)
   assert (NULL != p_rtn_polflow);
   hton_enum(&flag, sizeof(fpp_iqos_flow_type_t));
```



```
if (enable)
    {
        p_rtn_polflow->flow.type_mask |= flag;
   else
    {
       p_rtn_polflow->flow.type_mask &= (fpp_iqos_flow_type_t)(~flag);
    }
}
               Set/unset a flow type flag (from argumentful set) in a policer flow struct.
* @param[out] p_rtn_polflow Struct to be modified.
* @param[in]
                enable
                               New state of a flag.
* @param[in]
                flaσ
                               The flag.
*/
static void set_polflow_am_flag(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_rtn_polflow, bool enable,
                                fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t flag)
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_polflow);
   hton_enum(&flag, sizeof(fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t));
    if (enable)
    {
       p_rtn_polflow->flow.arg_type_mask |= flag;
    }
   else
    {
       p_rtn_polflow->flow.arg_type_mask &= (fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t)(~flag);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested Ingress QoS policer
                from PFE.
* @param[in]
                               FCI client
                p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_pol
                               Space for data from PFE.
               p_phyif_name
                              Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                \ensuremath{\texttt{FPP\_ERR\_OK}} : The requested Ingress QoS policer was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_pol.
                             REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_pol_get(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t* p_rtn_pol, const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_pol);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /\star do the query (get the Ingress QoS policer directly; no need for a loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
```



```
&reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_pol = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_pol_get() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested Ingress QoS wred
                from PFE. Identify the Ingress QoS wred by the name of a parent
                physical interface and by the associated wred queue.
* @param[in]
                p_cl
                                FCI client
* @param[out]
               p_rtn_polwred Space for data from PFE.
                p_phyif_name  Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                                Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                                See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                polwred_que
                                Associated queue.
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested Ingress QoS wred was found.
                              A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_polwred.
                              REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No data copied.
int demo_polwred_get_by_que(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_rtn_polwred,
                             const char* p_phyif_name, fpp_iqos_queue_t polwred_que)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_polwred);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.queue = polwred_que;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /\star do the query (get the Ingress QoS shaper directly; no need for a loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_WRED,
                         \label{lem:size_of_cond_t} size of (\texttt{fpp\_qos\_policer\_wred\_cmd\_t}) \text{, (unsigned short*) (\&cmd\_to\_fci),}
                         &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_polwred = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polwred_get_by_que() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested Ingress QoS shaper
                from PFE. Identify the Ingress QoS shaper by the name of a parent
                physical interface and by the shaper's ID.
```



```
* @param[in]
                               FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_polshp
                               Space for data from PFE.
                               Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
               p_phyif_name
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                polshp_id
                               ID of the requested Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested Ingress QoS shaper was found.
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_polshp.
                             REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No data copied.
int demo_polshp_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_rtn_polshp,
                          const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t polshp_id)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_polshp);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = polshp_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /\star do the query (get the Ingress QoS shaper directly; no need for a loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_SHP,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_polshp = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polshp_get_by_id() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested Ingress QoS flow
                from PFE. Identify the Ingress QoS flow by the name of a parent
                physical interface and by the flow's ID.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                               FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_polflow Space for data from PFE.
               p_phyif_name     Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                               ID of the requested Ingress QoS flow.
                polflow_id
                FPP_ERR_OK : The requested Ingress QoS flow was found.
  @return
                             A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_polflow.
                             REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_polflow_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_rtn_polflow,
                           const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t polflow_id)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_polflow);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
```



```
int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.id = polflow_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* start query process */
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop (with a search condition) */
        while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (reply_from_fci.id != polflow_id))
        {
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
           rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                           sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                           &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        }
    }
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_polflow = reply_from_fci;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_get_by_id() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== */
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to enable/disable Ingress QoS block of a physical interface.
* @param[in]
               p_cl FCI client
              p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                             Enable/disable Ingress QoS block of a physical interface.
* @param[in]
              enable
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : Static MAC table entries of all bridge domains were
                             successfully flushed in PFE.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_pol_enable(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_phyif_name, bool enable)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.enable = enable;
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
        rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t),
```



```
(unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_pol_enable() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target Ingress QoS wred
                   in PFE.
                   p_cl FCI client
* @param[in]
 * @param[in,out] p_polwred Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
                              the target Ingress QoS wred.
                              Initial data can be obtained via demo_polwred_get_by_que().
* @return
                  \label{eq:fpp_error} \mbox{FPP\_ERR\_OK} : \mbox{Configuration of the target Ingress QoS wred was}
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                               readback data from PFE.
                  other
                              : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct not updated.
int demo_polwred_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_polwred);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_WRED, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t),
                                                    (unsigned short*) (&cmd to fci));
    /\star read back and update caller data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = demo_polwred_get_by_que(p_cl, p_polwred, (p_polwred->if_name),
                                                         (p_polwred->queue));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polwred_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                   Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target Ingress QoS shaper
                   in PFE.
* @param[in]
                   p_cl FCI client
                             Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
* @param[in,out] p_polshp
                              the target Ingress QoS shaper.
                              Initial data can be obtained via demo_polshp_get_by_id().
                  FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target Ingress QoS shaper was
* @return
                               successfully updated in PFE.
                               The local data struct was automatically updated with
                                readback data from PFE.
                              : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                               The local data struct not updated.
int demo_polshp_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_polshp);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_polshp);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
```



```
rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_SHP, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t),
                                                  (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    /* read back and update caller data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = demo_polshp_get_by_id(p_cl, p_polshp, (p_polshp->if_name), (p_polshp->id));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polwred_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======= */
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new Ingress QoS flow for a target physical interface
                in PFE.
* @param[in]
                              FCT client
               p_cl
 * @param[out] p_rtn_polflow Space for data from PFE.
                               This will contain a copy of configuration data of
                               the newly created Ingress QoS flow.
                               Can be NULL. If NULL, then there is no local data to fill.
                              Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in] p_phyif_name
                               Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                               See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @param[in]
               polflow_id
                              ID of the requested Ingress QoS flow.
 * @param[in]
               p_polflow_data Configuration data of the new Ingress QoS flow.
                              To create a new flow, a local data struct must be created,
                               configured and then passed to this function.
                               See [localdata_polflow] to learn more.
               FPP_ERR_OK : New Ingress QoS flow was created.
* @return
                             If applicable, then its configuration data were
                             copied into p_rtn_polflow.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                            No data copied.
int demo_polflow_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t polflow_id,
                    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow_data)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   /* 'p_rtn_polflow' is allowed to be NULL */
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = (*p_polflow_data);
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.id = polflow_id;
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* send data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t),
                                                      (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to destroy the target Ingress QoS flow in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
* @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
```



```
See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                              ID of the Ingress QoS flow to destroy.
               FPP_ERR_OK : The Ingress QoS flow was destroyed.
 * @return
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
\verb|int demo_polflow_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_phyif_name, uint8_t polflow_id)| \\
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = polflow_id;
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
        rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW, sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t),
                                                       (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_del() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========= */
 * @defaroup
                localdata_polflow [localdata_polflow]
               Functions marked as [localdata_polflow] access only local data.
 * @brief:
                No FCI calls are made.
                These functions have a parameter p_polflow (a struct with configuration data).
 * @details:
                Initial data for p_polflow can be obtained via demo_polflow_get_by_id().
                If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_polflow_update() to update
                the configuration of a real Ingress QoS flow in PFE.
* @brief
                  Clear all argumentless flow types of an Ingress QoS flow.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  action
                            Requested action for Ingress QoS flow.
void demo_polflow_ld_set_action(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow,
                                fpp_iqos_flow_action_t action)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   p_polflow->flow.action = action;
}
* @brief
                   Clear all argumentless flow types of an Ingress QoS flow.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
void demo_polflow_ld_clear_m(fpp_gos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   p_polflow->flow.type_mask = 0u;
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_ETH).
 * @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
```



```
* p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                              Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
 * @param[in]
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_eth(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ETH);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_PPPOE).
 * @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                   set
                              Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_pppoe(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_PPPOE);
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_ARP).
                   [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
\verb|void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_arp(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t \star p_polflow, bool set)| \\
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_ARP);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_IP4).
 * @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                              Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
* @param[in]
                   set
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_ip4(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV4);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_IP6).
 * @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
*/
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_ip6(fpp_gos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool_set)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPV6);
}
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_IPX).
 * @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                              Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
 * @param[in]
                   set
* /
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_ipx(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
    assert (NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_IPX);
}
```



```
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_MCAST).
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                            Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
                  set
*/
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_mcast(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_MCAST);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_BCAST).
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                            Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
                  set
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_bcast(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_BCAST);
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentless flow type (TYPE_VLAN).
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  set
                            Request to set/unset the given flow tpye.
void demo_polflow_ld_set_m_type_vlan(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_m_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_FLOW_TYPE_VLAN);
}
* @brief
                  Clear all argumentful flow types of an Ingress QoS flow.
                  (also zeroify all associated flow type arguments)
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
void demo_polflow_ld_clear_am(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   p_polflow->flow.arg_type_mask = 0u;
   memset(&(p_polflow->flow.args), 0, sizeof(fpp_iqos_flow_args_t));
}
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (VLAN) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
                  set.
* @param[in]
                  vlan
                             New VLAN ID for this flow type.
                              When this flow type is active, it compares value of its
                              'vlan' argument with the value of traffic's 'VID' field.
                              Comparison is bitmasked by value from vlan_m argument.
                             New bitmask for VLAN ID.
* @param[in]
                  vlan m
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_vlan(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                uint16_t vlan, uint16_t vlan_m)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
```



```
set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_VLAN);
   p_polflow->flow.args.vlan = htons(vlan);
   p_polflow->flow.args.vlan_m = htons(vlan_m);
* @brief
                   Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (TOS) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
* @param[in]
                  set.
* @param[in]
                   tos
                             New TOS/TCLASS value for this flow type to match.
                             When this flow type is active, it compares value of its
                              'tos' argument with the value of traffic's 'TOS' field.
                              Comparison is bitmasked by value from tos_m argument.
* @param[in]
                             New bitmask for TOS/TCLASS.
                  tos m
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_tos(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                uint8_t tos, uint8_t tos_m)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_TOS);
   p_polflow->flow.args.tos = tos;
   p_polflow->flow.args.tos_m = tos_m;
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (L4PROTO) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                              Request to set/unset the given flow type.
 * @param[in]
                              New PROTOCOL value for this flow type to match.
                              When this flow type is active, it compares value of its
                              'l4proto' argument with the value of traffic's 'Protocol' field.
                              Comparison is bitmasked by value from 14proto_m argument.
* @param[in]
                             New bitmask for PROTOCOL.
                  tos m
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_proto(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                 uint8_t proto, uint8_t proto_m)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_L4PROTO);
   p_polflow->flow.args.14proto = proto;
   p_polflow->flow.args.14proto_m = proto_m;
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (SIP) and its argument.
* @details
                   [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   set
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
* @param[in]
                              New source IP address for this flow type to match.
                   sip
                             When this flow type is active, it compares value of its
                              'sip' argument with the value of traffic's
                              'source address'.
                              Comparison is bitmasked by source address subnet prefix.
  @param[in]
                   sip_m
                             New subnet prefix for source IP address.
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_sip(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                uint32_t sip, uint8_t sip_m)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_SIP);
   p_polflow->flow.args.sip = htonl(sip);
   p_polflow->flow.args.sip_m = sip_m;
```



```
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (DIP) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
                  set
                             New destination IP address for this flow type to match.
* @param[in]
                  dip
                             When this flow type is active, it compares value of its
                             'dip' argument with the value of traffic's
                             'destination address'.
                             Comparison is bitmasked by destination address subnet prefix.
                             New subnet prefix for destination IP address.
* @param[in]
                  dip m
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_dip(fpp_gos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                               uint32_t dip, uint8_t dip_m)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_DIP);
   p_polflow->flow.args.dip = htonl(dip);
   p_polflow->flow.args.dip_m = dip_m;
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (DIP) and its argument.
                  [localdata_polflow]
 * @details
                  When this flow type is active, it compares traffic's 'source port'
                  with a defined range of source ports (from min to max).
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
* @param[in]
                  set.
                  sport_min New range of source ports - minimal port.
* @param[in]
                  sport_max New range of source ports - maximal port.
* @param[in]
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_sport(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                 uint16_t sport_min, uint16_t sport_max)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_SPORT);
   p_polflow->flow.args.sport_min = htons(sport_min);
   p_polflow->flow.args.sport_max = htons(sport_max);
* @brief
                  Set/unset the given argumentful flow type (DIP) and its argument.
* @details
                  [localdata_polflow]
                  When this flow type is active, it compares traffic's 'destination port'
                  with a defined range of destination ports (from min to max).
* @param[in,out] p_polflow Local data to be modified.
                             Request to set/unset the given flow type.
* @param[in]
                  set
* @param[in]
                  * @param[in]
                  dport_max New range of destination ports - maximal port.
void demo_polflow_ld_set_am_dport(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow, bool set,
                                 uint16_t dport_min, uint16_t dport_max)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    set_polflow_am_flag(p_polflow, set, FPP_IQOS_ARG_DPORT);
   p_polflow->flow.args.dport_min = htons(dport_min);
   p_polflow->flow.args.dport_max = htons(dport_max);
               localdata_wred [localdata_polwred]
* @defaroup
               Functions marked as [localdata_polwred] access only local data.
* @brief:
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_polwred (a struct with configuration data).
               Initial data for p_polwred can be obtained via demo_polwred_get_by_que().
```



```
If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_polwred_update() to update
                the configuration of a real Ingress QoS wred in PFE.
* @brief
                  Enable/disable Ingress QoS wred.
* @details
                  [localdata_polwred]
* @param[in,out] p_polwred Local data to be modified.
                           Enable/disable Ingress QoS wred.
* @param[in]
                  enable
void demo_polwred_ld_enable(fpp_gos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred, bool enable)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
   p_polwred->enable = enable;
}
* @brief
                  Set a minimal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
* @details
                  [localdata_polwred]
* @param[in,out] p_polwred Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                           Minimal threshold.
                  min
void demo_polwred_ld_set_min(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred, uint16_t min)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
   p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR] = htons(min);
}
* @brief
                  Set a maximal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
                  [localdata_polwred]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_polwred Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  max
                            Maximal threshold.
void demo_polwred_ld_set_max(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred, uint16_t max)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
   p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR] = htons(max);
}
                  Set a queue length ('full' threshold) of Ingress QoS wred.
* @brief
* @details
                  [localdata_polwred]
* @param[in,out] p_pol_wred Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                   full
                             Maximal threshold.
*/
void demo_polwred_ld_set_full(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred, uint16_t full)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
   p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_FULL_THR] = htons(full);
}
* @brief
                  Set packet drop probability of a particular Ingress QoS wred's zone.
* @details
                  [localdata_polwred]
* @param[in,out] p_polwred Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] zprob_id ID of a probability zone.
                  percentage Drop probability in [%].
* @param[in]
void demo_polwred_ld_set_zprob(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred, uint8_t zprob_id,
                               uint8_t percentage)
   assert(NULL != p_polwred);
   if (FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONES_COUNT > zprob_id)
        /* FCI command for Ingress QoS wred expects drop probability in compressed format */
       const uint8_t compressed = (uint8_t)((percentage * 0x0Fu) / 100u);
```



```
p_polwred->zprob[zprob_id] = compressed;
    }
}
* @defgroup
                localdata_polshp [localdata_polshp]
 * @brief:
                Functions marked as [localdata_polshp] access only local data.
                No FCI calls are made.
 * @details:
                These functions have a parameter p_polshp (a struct with configuration data).
                Initial data for p_polshp can be obtained via demo_polshp_get_by_id().
                If some modifications are made to local data, then after all modifications
                are done and finished, call demo_polshp_update() to update
                the configuration of a real Ingress QoS shaper in PFE.
* @brief
                  Enable/disable Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polshp]
* @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] enable Enable/disable Ingress QoS shaper.
void demo_polshp_ld_enable(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp, bool enable)
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
    p_polshp->enable = enable;
* @brief
                  Set a type of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polshp]
* @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] shp_type Shaper type.
*/
void demo_polshp_ld_set_type(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp,
                              fpp_iqos_shp_type_t shp_type)
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
    p_polshp->type = shp_type;
             Set a mode of Ingress QoS shaper.
* @brief
 * @details
                   [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  shp_mode Shaper mode.
void demo_polshp_ld_set_mode(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp,
                             fpp_iqos_shp_rate_mode_t shp_mode)
{
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
   p_polshp->mode = shp_mode;
}
 * @brief
                   Set an idle slope rate of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                             Idle slope rate (units per second).
                   isl
                             Units depend on the mode of a QoS shaper.
* /
void demo_polshp_ld_set_isl(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp, uint32_t isl)
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
   p_polshp->isl = htonl(isl);
}
```



```
/*
 * @brief
                  Set a minimal credit of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  min_credit Minimal credit.
*/
void demo_polshp_ld_set_min_credit(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp, int32_t min_credit)
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
    p_polshp->min_credit = (int32_t)(htonl(min_credit));
}
/*
 * @brief
                  Set a maximal credit of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
                  [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in,out] p_polshp Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  max_credit Maximal credit.
void demo_polshp_ld_set_max_credit(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp, int32_t max_credit)
    assert(NULL != p_polshp);
    p_polshp->max_credit = (int32_t)(htonl(max_credit));
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========== \star/
              Query the name of a parent physical interface of Ingress QoS policer.
* @brief
 * @details
              p_pol Local data of Ingress QoS policer.
              Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @return
*/
const char* demo_pol_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t* p_pol)
   assert (p_pol);
   return (p_pol->if_name);
}
              Query the status of Ingress QoS policer "enable" flag.
              p_pol Local data of Ingress QoS policer.
 * @details
 * @return
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the Ingress QoS policer:
              true : was enabled
               false : was disabled
bool demo_pol_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_qos_policer_cmd_t* p_pol)
    assert(p_pol);
    return (p_pol->enable);
              Query the name of a parent physical interface of Ingress QoS flow.
 * @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Name of a parent physical interface.
*/
const char* demo_polflow_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
    assert(p_polflow);
    return (p_polflow->if_name);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
               Query the ID of Ingress QoS flow.
               [localdata_polflow]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              ID of Ingress QoS flow.
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_id(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
   assert(p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->id);
              Query the action of Ingress QoS flow.
* @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Action
fpp_iqos_flow_action_t demo_polflow_ld_get_action(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert (p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.action);
}
* @brief
              Query the argumentless flow types bitset of Ingress QoS flow.
* @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitset of argumentless flow types.
 * @return
*/
fpp_iqos_flow_type_t demo_polflow_ld_get_m_bitset(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   fpp_iqos_flow_type_t type_mask = (p_polflow->flow.type_mask);
   ntoh_enum(&type_mask, sizeof(fpp_iqos_flow_type_t));
   return (type_mask);
}
* @brief
              Query the argumentful flow types bitset of Ingress QoS flow.
 * @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitset of argumentful flow types.
 * @return
fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_bitset(
   const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t arg_type_mask = (p_polflow->flow.arg_type_mask);
   ntoh_enum(&arg_type_mask, sizeof(fpp_iqos_flow_arg_type_t));
   return (arg type mask):
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type VLAN.
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (VLAN ID) of the given flow type.
* @return
*/
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_vlan(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.vlan);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of the argumentful flow type VLAN.
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitmask for VLAN ID.
*/
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_vlan_m(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.vlan_m);
* @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type TOS.
 * @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
 * @return
             Argument (TOS) of the given flow type.
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_tos(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.tos);
}
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of the argumentful flow type TOS.
* @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitmask for TOS.
 * @return
*/
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_tos_m(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.tos_m);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type PROTOCOL.
* @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (Protocol ID) of the given flow type.
* @return
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_proto(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.l4proto);
}
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of the argumentful flow type PROTOCOL.
              [localdata_polflow]
* @details
 * p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitmask for Protocol ID.
 * @return
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_proto_m(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.l4proto_m);
}
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type SIP.
              [localdata_polflow]
* @details
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (source IP address) of the given flow type.
uint32_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_sip(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
```



```
return ntohl(p_polflow->flow.args.sip);
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of the argumentful flow type SIP.
 * @details
             [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Bitmask for source IP address.
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_sip_m(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert (NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.sip_m);
* @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type DIP.
 * @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (destination IP address) of the given flow type.
* @return
*/
uint32_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_dip(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return ntohl(p_polflow->flow.args.dip);
}
* @brief
              Query the bitmask of the argumentful flow type SIP.
 * @details
             [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Bitmask for destination IP address.
* @return
*/
uint8_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_dip_m(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
   assert (NULL != p_polflow);
   return (p_polflow->flow.args.dip_m);
}
             Query the argument of the argumentful flow type SPORT.
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (source port range - minimal port) of the given flow type.
* @return
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_sport_min(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.sport_min);
}
* @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type SPORT.
* @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (source port range - maximal port) of the given flow type.
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_sport_max(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
{
   assert(NULL != p_polflow);
   return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.sport_max);
}
 * @brief
              Query the argument of the argumentful flow type DPORT.
 * @details
              [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
```



```
* @return
               Argument (destination port range - minimal port) of the given flow type.
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_dport_min(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
    assert (NULL != p_polflow);
    return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.dport_min);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query the argument of the argumentful flow type DPORT.
 * @details
               [localdata_polflow]
 * @param[in] p_polflow Local data to be queried.
              Argument (destination port range - maximal port) of the given flow type.
 * @return
 */
uint16_t demo_polflow_ld_get_am_dport_max(const fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t* p_polflow)
    assert(NULL != p_polflow);
    return ntohs(p_polflow->flow.args.dport_max);
}
 * @brief
               Query the name of a parent physical interface of Ingress QoS wred.
 * @details
               [localdata_polwred]
 * @param[in] p_polwred Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Name of a parent physical interface.
*/
const char* demo_polwred_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
    assert (p_polwred);
    return (p_polwred->if_name);
}
 * @brief
               Query the queue of Ingress QoS wred.
 * @details
               [localdata_polwred]
 * @param[in] p_polwred Local data to be queried.
               Queue of the given Ingress QoS wred.
 */
fpp_iqos_queue_t demo_polwred_ld_get_que(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
    assert(p_polwred);
    return (p_polwred->queue);
}
 * @brief
               Query the status of Ingress QoS wred "enable" flag.
 * @param[in]
              p_polwred Local data to be queried.
               At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the Ingress QoS wred:
 * @return
               true : was enabled
               false : was disabled
 +/
bool demo_polwred_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
{
    assert(p_polwred);
    return (p_polwred->enable);
}
               Query the minimal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
* @brief
               [localdata_polwred]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_polwred Local data to be queried.
               Minimal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
uint16_t demo_polwred_ld_get_min(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
    assert (p_polwred);
```



```
return ntohs(p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MIN_THR]);
}
* @brief
               Query the maximal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
 * @details
             [localdata_polwred]
 * @param[in] p_polwred Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Maximal threshold of Ingress QoS wred.
uint16_t demo_polwred_ld_get_max(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
   assert (p_polwred);
   return ntohs(p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_MAX_THR]);
* @brief
               Query the queue length (full threshold) of Ingress QoS wred.
 * @details
              [localdata_polwred]
 * @param[in] p_polwred Local data to be queried.
               Queue length (full threshold) of Ingress QoS wred.
 * @return
 */
uint16_t demo_polwred_ld_get_full(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred)
   assert (p_polwred);
    return ntohs(p_polwred->thr[FPP_IQOS_WRED_FULL_THR]);
}
               Query the percentage chance for packet drop.
* @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_polwred]
 * @param[in]
              p_que
                        Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in] zprob_id ID of a probability zone.
                         There may be less than 32 zones actually implemented in PFE.
                         (32 is just the max array limit)
                         See FCI API Reference, chapter Egress QoS.
 * @return
               Percentage drop chance of the given probability zone.
uint8_t demo_polwred_ld_get_zprob_by_id(const fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t* p_polwred,
                                        uint8_t zprob_id)
{
    assert(p_polwred);
    uint8_t percentage = 255u; /* default value */
    if (FPP_IQOS_WRED_ZONES_COUNT > zprob_id)
        /\star FCI command for Ingress QoS wred provides drop probability in compressed format \star/
        percentage = (uint8_t)((p_polwred->zprob[zprob_id] * 100u) / 0x0Fu);
    }
    return (percentage);
}
              Query the name of a parent physical interface of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @brief
               [localdata_polshp]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
              Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @return
*/
const char* demo_polshp_ld_get_if_name(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
{
    assert(p_polshp);
    return (p_polshp->if_name);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
               Query the ID of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
               [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
              ID of Ingress QoS shaper.
uint8_t demo_polshp_ld_get_id(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
   assert (p_polshp);
    return (p_polshp->id);
* @brief
               Query the status of Ingress QoS shaper "enable" flag.
 * @param[in]
              p_polshp Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              At time when the data was obtained from PFE, the Ingress QoS wred:
               true : was enabled
               false : was disabled
bool demo_polshp_ld_is_enabled(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
{
   assert (p_polshp);
   return (p_polshp->enable);
}
* @brief
              Query the type of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
              [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Type of Ingress QoS shaper.
*/
fpp_iqos_shp_type_t demo_polshp_ld_get_type(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
    assert(p_polshp);
   return (p_polshp->type);
}
              Query the mode of Ingress QoS shaper.
* @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Mode of Ingress QoS shaper.
fpp_iqos_shp_rate_mode_t demo_polshp_ld_get_mode(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
   assert(p_polshp);
   return (p_polshp->mode);
* @brief
              Query the idle slope of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
              [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
               Idle slope of Ingress QoS shaper.
* @return
*/
uint32_t demo_polshp_ld_get_isl(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
    assert (p_polshp);
   return ntohl(p_polshp->isl);
}
* @brief
              Query the maximal credit of Ingress QoS shaper.
 * @details
               [localdata_polshp]
 * @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
              Maximal credit of Ingress QoS shaper.
* @return
int32_t demo_polshp_ld_get_max_credit(const fpp_gos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
```



```
assert (p_polshp);
   return (int32_t) (ntohl(p_polshp->max_credit));
* @brief
              Query the minimal credit of Ingress QoS shaper.
              [localdata_polshp]
* @details
* @param[in] p_polshp Local data to be queried.
              Minimal credit of a QoS shaper.
* @return
*/
int32_t demo_polshp_ld_get_min_credit(const fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t* p_polshp)
   assert (p_polshp);
   return (int32_t) (ntohl(p_polshp->min_credit));
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available Ingress QoS wreds of
              a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
              each Ingress QoS wred.
* @param[in] p_cl
                           FCI client
                            Callback print function.
 * @param[in] p_cb_print
                            --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                a next Ingress QoS wred is picked for a print process.
                            --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
 * @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                            Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                            See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available Ingress QoS wred of
                           the given physical interface.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
              other
                           No count was stored.
int demo_polwred_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_polwred_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                               const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   /* do the query */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* query loop */
       uint8_t wred_queue = 0u;
       while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
           cmd_to_fci.queue = wred_queue;
           cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
           rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_WRED,
                           sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t),
                           (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                           &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
            }
```



```
wred_queue++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more Ingress QoS wreds to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE == rtn)
        {
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polwred_print_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available Ingress QoS wreds in PFE which
                are a part of a given parent physical interface.
                             FCI client
* @param[in]
                p_cl
\star @param[out] <code>p_rtn_count</code> Space to store the count of Ingress QoS wreds.
              p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable Ingress QoS wreds.
* @return
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_polwred_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                    const char* p_phyif_name)
{
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* query loop */
       uint8_t wred_queue = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.queue = wred_queue;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_WRED,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_wred_cmd_t),
                             (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            wred_queue++;
        }
        /* query loop runs till there are no more Ingress QoS wreds to report */
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE == rtn)
        {
            *p_rtn_count = wred_queue;
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polwred_get_count_by_phyif() failed!");
```



```
return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available Ingress QoS shapers of
               a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
               each Ingress QoS shaper.
* @param[in] p_cl
                            FCI client
                            Callback print function.
* @param[in] p_cb_print
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                 a next Ingress QoS shaper is picked for a print process.
                             --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                 assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available Ingress QoS shapers of
* @return
                            the given physical interface.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                            No count was stored.
*/
int demo_polshp_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_polshp_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                               const char* p_phyif_name)
{
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* query loop */
        uint8_t shp_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.id = shp_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_SHP,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
            }
            shp_id++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more Ingress QoS shapers to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE == rtn)
        {
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polshp_print_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
```



```
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available Ingress QoS shapers in PFE which
                are a part of a given parent physical interface.
                             FCI client
* @param[in]
                p_cl
\star @param[out] <code>p_rtn_count</code> Space to store the count of Ingress QoS shapers.
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable Ingress QoS shapers.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_polshp_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                   const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* query loop */
       uint8_t shp_id = 0u;
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            cmd_to_fci.id = shp_id;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_SHP,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_shp_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            shp_id++;
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more Ingress QoS shapers to report \star/
        /* the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) */
        if (FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE == rtn)
            *p_rtn_count = shp_id;
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polshp_get_count_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available Ingress QoS flows of
               a given physical interface and execute a callback print function for
               each Ingress QoS flow.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                             FCI client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print
                            Callback print function.
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                 a next Ingress QoS flow is picked for a print process.
                             --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
```



```
See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all available Ingress QoS flows of
                            the given physical interface.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No count was stored.
int demo_polflow_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_polflow_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                                const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        /* start query process */
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop */
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
            print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_print_by_phyif() --> "
                                "non-zero return from callback print function!");
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
                cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
                rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                                sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t),
                                (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            }
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more Ingress QoS flows to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_QOS_POLICER_FLOW_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_print_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available Ingress QoS flows in PFE which
                are a part of a given parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                p_cl
                             FCI client
                            Space to store the count of Ingress QoS flows.
* @param[out] p_rtn_count
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all applicable Ingress QoS flows.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
```



```
other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_polflow_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                    const char* p_phyif_name)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    uint32_t count = 0u;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.if_name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* start query process */
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                        sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop */
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            count++;
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_QOS_POLICER_FLOW,
                            sizeof(fpp_qos_policer_flow_cmd_t),
                            (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more logical interfaces to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_count = count;
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_polflow_get_count_by_phyif() failed!");
    return (rtn);
```

## 5.21 demo\_rt\_ct.c

```
/* -------

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```



```
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\star WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
\star OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
 * ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_rt_ct.h"
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested route from PFE.
               Identify the route by its ID.
* @param[in]
                         FCI client
              p_cl
* @param[out] p_rtn_rt Space for data from PFE.
* @param[in]
                         ID of the requested route.
               id
                         Route IDs are user-defined. See demo_rt_add().
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested route was found.
* @return
                            A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_rt.
                            REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No data copied.
int demo_rt_get_by_id(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rtn_rt, uint32_t id)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_rt);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_rt_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
                    sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
   while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (ntohl(reply_from_fci.id) != id))
    {
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
```



```
sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                         &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        *p_rtn_rt = reply_from_fci;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rt_get_by_id() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
 * @brief
                Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested IPv4 conntrack
                from PFE. Identify the conntrack by a specific tuple of parameters.
                p_cl
* @param[in]
                           FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_ct
                           Space for data from PFE.
                p_ct_data Configuration data for IPv4 conntrack identification.
 * @param[in]
                            To identify a conntrack, all the following data must be
                            correctly set:
                              --> protocol
                              --> saddr
                              --> daddr
                              --> sport
                              --> dport
                            REMINDER: It is assumed that data are in a network byte order.
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK: The requested IPv4 conntrack was found.
                              A copy of its configuration was stored into p_rtn_ct.
                              REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                other
                            : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                              No data copied.
int demo_ct_get_by_tuple(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_rtn_ct,
                                      const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct_data)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_ct);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_ct_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                     sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
    while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) &&
           ! (
             /\star both sides are in network byte order (thus no byte order conversion needed) \star/
             ((reply_from_fci.protocol) == (p_ct_data->protocol)) &&
             ((reply_from_fci.sport) == (p_ct_data->sport)) &&
             ((reply_from_fci.dport) == (p_ct_data->dport)) &&
             ((reply_from_fci.saddr) == (p_ct_data->saddr)) &&
((reply_from_fci.daddr) == (p_ct_data->daddr))
          )
    {
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                         sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
```



```
if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       *p_rtn_ct = reply_from_fci;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_get_by_tuple() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested IPv6 conntrack
* @brief
               from PFE. Identify the conntrack by a specific tuple of parameters.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                           FCI client
p_ct6_data Configuration data for IPv6 conntrack identification.
 * @param[in]
                           To identify a conntrack, all the following data must be
                           correctly set:
                             --> protocol
                             --> saddr
                             --> daddr
                             --> sport
                              --> dport
                           REMINDER: It is assumed that data are in a network byte order.
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested IPv6 conntrack was found.
                            A copy of its configuration was stored into p_rtn_ct6.
                            REMINDER: Data from PFE are in a network byte order.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                            No data copied.
int demo_ct6_get_by_tuple(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_rtn_ct6,
                                     const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_ct6);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                    sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop (with a search condition) */
   while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) &&
          ! (
            /\star both sides are in network byte order (thus no byte order conversion needed) \star/
            ((reply_from_fci.protocol) == (p_ct6_data->protocol)) &&
             ((reply_from_fci.sport) == (p_ct6_data->sport)) &&
            ((reply_from_fci.dport) == (p_ct6_data->dport)) &&
            (0 == memcmp(reply_from_fci.saddr, p_ct6_data->saddr, (4 * sizeof(uint32_t)))) &&
            (0 == memcmp(reply_from_fci.daddr, p_ct6_data->daddr, (4 * sizeof(uint32_t))))
    {
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                       sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /\star if a query is successful, then assign the data \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
       *p_rtn_ct6 = reply_from_fci;
```



```
print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_get_by_tuple() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to update data in PFE ======== \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target IPv4 conntrack in PFE.
 * @details
                For conntracks, only a few selected parameters can be modified.
                See FCI API Reference, chapter FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                subsection "Action FPP_ACTION_UPDATE".
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                          FCI client
               p_ct_data Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
* @param[in]
                           the target IPv4 conntrack.
                           Initial data can be obtained via demo_ct_get_by_tuple().
               FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target IPv4 conntrack was
* @return
                            successfully updated in PFE.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_ct_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct_data);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_ct_data;
    /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to update configuration of a target IPv6 conntrack in PFE.
* @details
                For conntracks, only a few selected parameters can be modified.
               See FCI API Reference, chapter FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                subsection "Action FPP_ACTION_UPDATE".
* @param[in]
                            FCI client
               p_cl
               p_ct6_data Local data struct which represents a new configuration of
 * @param[in]
                            the target IPv6 conntrack.
                            Initial data can be obtained via demo_ct6_get_by_tuple().
               FPP_ERR_OK : Configuration of the target IPv6 conntrack was
* @return
                            successfully updated in PFE.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_ct6_update(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6_data)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct6_data);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_ct6_data;
    /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_UPDATE;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
```



```
print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_update() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to set timeout for IPv4 TCP conntracks in PFE.
              p_cl FCI client
timeout Timeout [seconds]
* @param[in]
* @param[in]
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : New timeout was set.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
*/
int demo_ct_timeout_tcp(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t timeout)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_timeout_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.protocol = htons(6u); /* 6 == tcp */
   cmd_to_fci.timeout_value1 = htonl(timeout);
   /* send data */
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_SET_TIMEOUT, sizeof(fpp_timeout_cmd_t),
                                                   (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_timeout_tcp() failed!");
   return (rtn);
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to set timeout for IPv4 UDP conntracks in PFE.
* @param[in] p_cl FCI client
              timeout
                         Timeout [seconds]
* @param[in]
               FPP_ERR_OK : New timeout was set.
* @return
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_ct_timeout_udp(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t timeout)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_timeout_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.protocol = htons(17u); /* 17 == udp */
   cmd_to_fci.timeout_value1 = htonl(timeout);
   /* send data */
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_SET_TIMEOUT, sizeof(fpp_timeout_cmd_t),
                                                   (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_timeout_udp() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to set timeout for all other IPv4 conntracks than TCP/UDP ones.
* @param[in]
               p_cl FCI client
              timeout Timeout [seconds]
* @param[in]
               FPP_ERR_OK : New timeout was set.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
* /
int demo_ct_timeout_others(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t timeout)
```



```
assert(NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_timeout_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.protocol = htons(Ou); /* O == others */
    cmd_to_fci.timeout_value1 = htonl(timeout);
    /* send data */
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_SET_TIMEOUT, sizeof(fpp_timeout_cmd_t),
                                                    (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_timeout_others() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======= \star/
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new route in PFE.
                In the context of PFE, a "route" is a configuration data element that
* @details
                specifies which physical interface of PFE shall be used as an egress interface
                and what destination MAC address shall be set in the routed traffic.
                These "routes" are used as a part of IPv4/IPv6 conntracks.
                         FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_cl
* @param[in]
               id
                           ID of the new route.
               p_rt_data Configuration data of the new route.
 * @param[in]
                           To create a new route, a local data struct must be created,
                           configured and then passed to this function.
                           See [localdata_rt] to learn more.
                FPP_ERR_OK : New route was created.
* @return
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_rt_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t id, const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt_data)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rt_data);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci = *p_rt_data;
    cmd_to_fci.id = htonl(id);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE, sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t),
                                           (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rt_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to destroy the target route in PFE.
               p_cl FCI client
id ID of the route to destroy.
* @param[in]
* @param[in]
               FPP_ERR_OK : The route was destroyed.
* @return
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_rt_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t id)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
```



```
/* prepare data */
    cmd_to_fci.id = htonl(id);
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE, sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t),
                                            (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rt_del() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new IPv4 conntrack in PFE.
                         FCI client
* @param[in] p_cl
 * @param[in]
              p_ct_data Configuration data of the new IPv4 conntrack.
                           To create a new IPv4 conntrack, a local data struct must
                           be created, configured and then passed to this function.
                           See [localdata_ct] to learn more.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : New IPv4 conntrack was created.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_ct_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct_data);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_ct_data;
    /* send data */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
    rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t),
                                                  (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to destroy the target IPv4 conntrack in PFE.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                         FCI client
* @param[in]
               p_ct_data Configuration data for IPv4 conntrack identification.
                           To identify a conntrack, all the following data must be
                           correctly set:
                             --> protocol
                             --> saddr
                             --> daddr
                             --> sport
                             --> dport
                           REMINDER: It is assumed that data are in a network byte order.
                \ensuremath{\texttt{FPP\_ERR\_OK}} : The \ensuremath{\texttt{IPv4}} conntrack was destroyed.
* @return
                other
                       : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_ct_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct_data);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
```



```
cmd_to_fci = *p_ct_data;
    /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to create a new IPv6 conntrack in PFE.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                            FCI client
               p_ct6_data Configuration data of the new IPv6 conntrack.
* @param[in]
                            To create a new IPv6 conntrack, a local data struct must
                            be created, configured and then passed to this function.
                            See [localdata_ct6] to learn more.
 * @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : New IPv6 conntrack was created.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_ct6_add(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6_data)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct6_data);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_ct6_data;
   /* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to destroy the target IPv6 conntrack in PFE.
               p_cl
* @param[in]
                           FCI client
               p_ct6_data Configuration data for IPv6 conntrack identification.
* @param[in]
                            To identify a conntrack, all the following data must be
                            correctly set:
                              --> protocol
                              --> saddr
                              --> daddr
                              --> sport
                              --> dport
                            REMINDER: It is assumed that data are in a network byte order.
               FPP_ERR_OK : The IPv6 conntrack was destroyed.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_ct6_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6_data)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_ct6_data);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci = *p_ct6_data;
```



```
/* send data */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK, sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t),
                                                 (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to reset (clear) all IPv4 routes & conntracks in PFE.
* @param[in]
              p_cl FCI client
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : All IPv4 routes & conntracks were cleared.
                      : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_rtct_reset_ip4(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   /* prepare data */
   /* empty */
   /* send data */
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_RESET, 0, NULL);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rtct_reset_ip4() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to reset (clear) all IPv6 routes & conntracks in PFE.
              p_cl FCI clientf
* @param[in]
               FPP_ERR_OK : All IPv6 routes & conntracks were cleared.
* @return
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
*/
int demo_rtct_reset_ip6(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    /* prepare data */
   /* empty */
    /* send data */
   rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_RESET, 0, NULL);
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rtct_reset_ip6() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ========= \star/
* @defgroup
               localdata_rt [localdata_rt]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_rt] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
               These functions have a parameter p\_rt (a struct with configuration data).
* @details:
               When adding a new route, there are no "initial data" to be obtained from PFE.
                Simply declare a local data struct and configure it.
               Then, after all modifications are done and finished,
               call demo_rt_add() to create a new route in PFE.
                REMINDER: In the context of PFE, a "route" is a configuration data element
                          which is used as a part of IPv4/IPv6 conntracks.
```



```
* @brief
                   Set a route as an IPv4 route. If the route was previously set as
                   an IPv6 route, then the IPv6 flag is removed.
 * @details
                   [localdata_rt]
                   Symbol names are a bit confusing (inherited from another project).
                   FPP_IP_ROUTE_604 == route is an IPv4 route
                   FPP_IP_ROUTE_406 == route is an IPv6 route
                   It is forbidden to set both flags at the same time (undefined behavior).
* @param[in,out] p_rt Local data to be modified.
void demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip4(fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
   assert(NULL != p_rt);
   p_rt->flags &= htonl(~FPP_IP_ROUTE_406);
   p_rt->flags |= htonl(FPP_IP_ROUTE_604);
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set a route as an IPv6 route. If the route was previously set as
                   an IPv4 route, then the IPv4 flag is removed.
* @details
                   [localdata_rt]
* @param[in,out] p_rt Local data to be modified.
                   Symbol names are a bit confusing (inherited from another project).
                   FPP_IP_ROUTE_604 == route is an IPv4 route
                   FPP_IP_ROUTE_406 == route is an IPv6 route
                   It is forbidden to set both flags at the same time (undefined behavior).
* @param[in,out] p_rt Local data to be modified.
*/
void demo_rt_ld_set_as_ip6(fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
   assert(NULL != p_rt);
   p_rt->flags &= htonl(~FPP_IP_ROUTE_604);
   p_rt->flags |= htonl(FPP_IP_ROUTE_406);
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set a source MAC address of a route.
* @details [localdata_rt]
* @param[in,out] p_rt Local data to be modified.
                   p_src_mac Source MAC address.
*/
void demo_rt_ld_set_src_mac(fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt, const uint8_t p_src_mac[6])
   assert(NULL != p_rt);
   assert(NULL != p_src_mac);
   memcpy((p_rt->src_mac), p_src_mac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
}
/*
* @brief
                   Set a destination MAC address of a route.
* @details
                  [localdata_rt]
* @param[in,out] p_rt Local data to be modified.
                   p_dst_mac Destination MAC address.
* /
void demo_rt_ld_set_dst_mac(fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt, const uint8_t p_dst_mac[6])
   assert(NULL != p_rt);
   assert(NULL != p_dst_mac);
   memcpy((p_rt->dst_mac), p_dst_mac, (6 * sizeof(uint8_t)));
* @brief
                   Set an egress physical interface of a route.
* @details
                  [localdata_rt]
* @param[in,out] p_rt
                                 Local data to be modified.
                   p_phyif_name Name of a physical interface which shall be used as egress.
* @param[in]
```



```
Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                                 See the FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
*/
void demo_rt_ld_set_egress_phyif(fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt, const char* p_phyif_name)
   assert(NULL != p_rt);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   set_text((p_rt->output_device), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
* @defgroup
                localdata_ct [localdata_ct]
                Functions marked as [localdata_ct] access only local data.
* @brief:
                No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
                These functions have a parameter p_ct (a struct with configuration data).
                When adding a new IPv4 conntrack, there are no "initial data" to be obtained
                from PFE. Simply declare a local data struct and configure it.
                Then, after all modifications are done and finished,
                call demo\_ct\_add() to create a new IPv4 conntrack in PFE.
* @brief
                  Set a protocol type of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
                   [localdata_ct]
* @param[in,out] p_ct Local data to be modified.
                  protocol IP protocol ID
* @param[in]
                             See "IANA Assigned Internet Protocol Number":
                  https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
void demo_ct_ld_set_protocol(fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct, uint16_t protocol)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
   p_ct->protocol = htons(protocol);
}
* @brief
                   Set a ttl decrement flag of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
                   [localdata ct]
                   If set, then the TTL value of a packet is decremented when
                   the packet is routed by the IPv4 conntrack.
* @param[in,out] p_ct Local data to be modified.
* @param[in] set Request to enable/disable the ttl decrement.
void demo_ct_ld_set_ttl_decr(fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct, bool set)
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
    if (set)
    {
       p_ct->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT);
    }
   else
    {
       p_ct->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT));
}
                  Set "orig direction" data of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @brief
* @details
                   [localdata_ct]
* @param[in,out] p_ct Local data to be modified.
                            IPv4 source address.
* @param[in]
                  saddr
* @param[in]
                  daddr
                            IPv4 destination address.
                            Source port.
* @param[in]
                  sport
* @param[in]
                  dport
                            Destination port.
* @param[in]
                  vlan
                             VLAN tag.
                                        : No VLAN tag modifications in this direction.
                               ZERO
```



```
non ZERO : --> If a packet is not tagged,
                                               then a VLAN tag is added.
                                            -> If a packet is already tagged,
                                              then the VLAN tag is replaced.
  @param[in]
                   route_id ID of a route for the orig direction.
                             The route must already exist in PFE.
                             See demo_rt_add().
                   unidir_orig_only Request to make the conntrack unidirectional
 * @param[in]
                                      (orig direction only).
                                      If true and the conntrack was previously
                                     configured as "reply direction only", it gets newly reconfigured as "orig direction only".
void demo_ct_ld_set_orig_dir(fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct, uint32_t saddr, uint32_t daddr,
                             uint16_t sport, uint16_t dport, uint16_t vlan,
                             uint32_t route_id, bool unidir_orig_only)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
   p_ct->saddr = htonl(saddr);
   p_ct->daddr = htonl(daddr);
   p_ct->sport = htons(sport);
   p_ct->dport = htons(dport);
    p_ct->vlan = htons(vlan);
    p_ct->route_id = htonl(route_id);
    if (unidir_orig_only)
        p_ct->route_id_reply = htonl(0u);
       p_ct->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED);
       p_ct->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED));
}
* @brief
                   Set "reply direction" data of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
                   [localdata_ct]
* @param[in,out] p_ct
                                      Local data to be modified.
                  saddr_reply
* @param[in]
                                       IPv4 source address (reply direction).
* @param[in]
                   daddr_reply
                                      IPv4 destination address (reply direction).
 * @param[in]
                                       Source port (reply direction).
                  sport_reply
* @param[in]
                                      Destination port (reply direction).
                  dport_reply
* @param[in]
                   vlan_reply
                                      VLAN tag (reply direction).
                                                : No VLAN tag modifications in this direction
                                         non ZERO : --> If a packet is not tagged,
                                                        then a VLAN tag is added.
                                                    --> If a packet is already tagged,
                                                       then the VLAN tag is replaced.
 * @param[in]
                  route_id_reply
                                      ID of a route for the reply direction.
                                       The route must already exist in PFE.
                                       See demo_rt_add().
 * @param[in]
                   unidir_reply_only
                                      Request to make the conntrack unidirectional
                                       (reply direction only).
                                       If true and the conntrack was previously
                                       configured as "orig direction only",
                                       it gets newly reconfigured as "reply direction only".
void demo_ct_ld_set_reply_dir(fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct, uint32_t saddr_reply, uint32_t daddr_reply,
                              uint16_t sport_reply, uint16_t dport_reply, uint16_t vlan_reply,
                              uint32_t route_id_reply, bool unidir_reply_only)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
   p_ct->saddr_reply = htonl(saddr_reply);
    p_ct->daddr_reply = htonl(daddr_reply);
   p_ct->sport_reply = htons(sport_reply);
    p_ct->dport_reply = htons(dport_reply);
    p_ct->vlan_reply = htons(vlan_reply);
    p_ct->route_id_reply = htonl(route_id_reply);
    if (unidir_reply_only)
    {
```



```
p_ct->route_id = htonl(0u);
       p_ct->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED);
       p_ct->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED));
    }
}
* @defaroup
               localdata_ct6 [localdata_ct6]
* @brief:
               Functions marked as [localdata_ct6] access only local data.
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p\_ct6 (a struct with configuration data).
               When adding a new IPv6 conntrack, there are no "initial data" to be obtained
               from PFE. Simply declare a local data struct and configure it.
               Then, after all modifications are done and finished,
               call demo_ct6_add() to create a new IPv6 conntrack in PFE.
/*
* @brief
                  Set a protocol type of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
                  [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in,out] p_ct6
                         Local data to be modified.
                 protocol IP protocol ID
* @param[in]
                           See "IANA Assigned Internet Protocol Number":
                 https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
void demo_ct6_ld_set_protocol(fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6, uint16_t protocol)
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   p_ct6->protocol = htons(protocol);
* @brief
                  Set a ttl decrement flag of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
                  [localdata_ct6]
                  If set, then the TTL value of a packet is decremented when
                  the packet is routed by the IPv6 conntrack.
* @param[in,out] p_ct6 Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                       Request to enable/disable the ttl decrement.
                  set
void demo_ct6_ld_set_ttl_decr(fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6, bool set)
{
   assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   if (set)
    {
       p_ct6->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT);
   }
   else
    {
       p_ct6->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT));
}
/*
* @brief
                  Set "orig direction" data of an IPv6 conntrack.
                 [localdata_ct6]
* @details
* @param[in,out] p_ct6
                           Local data to be modified.
                  p_saddr
* @param[in]
                           IPv6 source address.
                 * @param[in]
* @param[in]
                  sport
                            Source port.
                 dport
                            Destination port.
* @param[in]
* @param[in]
                 vlan
                            VLAN tag
                                       : No VLAN tag modifications in this direction.
                              ZERO
                              non ZERO : --> If a packet is not tagged,
                                            then a VLAN tag is added.
                                         --> If a packet is already tagged,
                                             then the VLAN tag is replaced.
```



```
@param[in]
                   route_id ID of a route for the orig direction.
                             The route must already exist in PFE.
                             See demo_rt_add().
                   unidir_orig_only Request to make the conntrack unidirectional
  @param[in]
                                     (orig direction only).
                                     If true and the conntrack was previously
                                     configured as "reply direction only",
                                     it gets newly reconfigured as "orig direction only".
void demo_ct6_ld_set_orig_dir(fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6, const uint32_t p_saddr[4],
                              const uint32_t p_daddr[4],
                              uint16_t sport, uint16_t dport, uint16_t vlan,
                              uint32_t route_id, bool unidir_orig_only)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   assert(NULL != p_saddr);
   assert (NULL != p_daddr);
   p_ct6->saddr[0] = htonl(p_saddr[0]);
   p_ct6->saddr[1] = htonl(p_saddr[1]);
   p_ct6->saddr[2] = htonl(p_saddr[2]);
   p_ct6->saddr[3] = htonl(p_saddr[3]);
   p_ct6->daddr[0] = htonl(p_daddr[0]);
   p_ct6->daddr[1] = htonl(p_daddr[1]);
   p_ct6->daddr[2] = htonl(p_daddr[2]);
   p_ct6->daddr[3] = htonl(p_daddr[3]);
   p_ct6->sport = htons(sport);
   p_ct6->dport = htons(dport);
   p_ct6->vlan = htons(vlan);
   p_ct6->route_id = htonl(route_id);
    if (unidir_orig_only)
    {
        p_ct6->route_id_reply = htonl(0u);
       p_ct6->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED);
       p_ct6->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED));
    }
}
* @brief
                  Set "reply direction" data of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
                  [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in,out] p_ct6
                                      Local data to be modified.
                  p_saddr_reply
* @param[in]
                                      IPv6 source address (reply direction).
                  p_daddr_reply
* @param[in]
                                      IPv6 destination address (reply direction).
* @param[in]
                                      Source port (reply direction).
                  sport_reply
* @param[in]
                  dport_reply
                                      Destination port (reply direction).
                                      VLAN tag (reply direction).
 * @param[in]
                  vlan_reply
                                        ZERO
                                                : No VLAN tag modifications in this direction
                                        non ZERO : --> If a packet is not tagged,
                                                       then a VLAN tag is added.
                                                   --> If a packet is already tagged,
                                                       then the VLAN tag is replaced.
                                      ID of a route for the reply direction.
* @param[in]
                  route id reply
                   unidir_reply_only
                                      Request to make the conntrack unidirectional
 * @param[in]
                                      (reply direction only).
                                      If true and the conntrack was previously
                                      configured as "orig direction only",
                                      it gets newly reconfigured as "reply direction only".
void demo_ct6_ld_set_reply_dir(fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6, const uint32_t p_saddr_reply[4],
                               const uint32_t p_daddr_reply[4],
                               uint16_t sport_reply, uint16_t dport_reply, uint16_t vlan_reply,
                               uint32_t route_id_reply, bool unidir_reply_only)
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   assert(NULL != p_saddr_reply);
   assert(NULL != p_daddr_reply);
   p_ct6->saddr_reply[0] = htonl(p_saddr_reply[0]);
```



```
p_ct6->saddr_reply[1] = htonl(p_saddr_reply[1]);
    p_ct6->saddr_reply[2] = htonl(p_saddr_reply[2]);
    p_ct6->saddr_reply[3] = htonl(p_saddr_reply[3]);
    p_ct6->daddr_reply[0] = htonl(p_daddr_reply[0]);
    p_ct6->daddr_reply[1] = htonl(p_daddr_reply[1]);
    p_ct6->daddr_reply[2] = htonl(p_daddr_reply[2]);
    p_ct6->daddr_reply[3] = htonl(p_daddr_reply[3]);
    p_ct6->sport_reply = htons(sport_reply);
    p_ct6->dport_reply = htons(dport_reply);
    p_ct6->vlan_reply = htons(vlan_reply);
    p_ct6->route_id_reply = htonl(route_id_reply);
    if (unidir_reply_only)
    {
        p_ct6->route_id = htonl(0u);
        p_ct6->flags |= htons(CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED);
        p_ct6->flags &= htons((uint16_t)(~CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED));
    }
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========= */
/*
* @brief
               Query whether a route is an IPv4 route.
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               The route:
               true : is an IPv4 route.
               false : is NOT an IPv4 route.
bool demo_rt_ld_is_ip4(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
    assert(NULL != p_rt);
    return (bool) (ntohl(p_rt->flags) & FPP_IP_ROUTE_604);
}
* @brief
              Query whether a route is an IPv6 route.
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               The route:
               true : is an IPv6 route.
               false : is NOT an IPv6 route.
bool demo_rt_ld_is_ip6(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
{
    assert(NULL != p_rt);
    return (bool) (ntohl(p_rt->flags) & FPP_IP_ROUTE_406);
}
* @brief
             Query the ID of a route.
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @details [100aluata_10]

* @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
               ID of the route.
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_rt_ld_get_route_id(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
{
    assert (NULL != p_rt);
    return ntohl(p_rt->id);
}
             Query the source MAC of a route.
 * @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
```



```
* @return
               Source MAC which shall be set in the routed traffic.
const uint8_t* demo_rt_ld_get_src_mac(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
    assert(NULL != p_rt);
    return (p_rt->src_mac);
}
 * @brief
               Query the destination MAC of a route.
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
               Destination MAC which shall be set in the routed traffic.
 * @return
*/
const uint8_t* demo_rt_ld_get_dst_mac(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
    assert(NULL != p_rt);
   return (p_rt->dst_mac);
}
/*
* @brief
               Query the egress interface of a route.
 * @details
               [localdata_rt]
 * @param[in] p_rt Local data to be queried.
               Name of a physical interface which shall be used as an egress interface.
 * @return
const char* demo_rt_ld_get_egress_phyif(const fpp_rt_cmd_t* p_rt)
    assert (NULL != p_rt);
    return (p_rt->output_device);
}
 * @brief
               Query whether an IPv4 conntrack serves as a NAT.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
               p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @param[in]
               The IPv4 conntrack:
               true : does serve as a NAT.
               false : does NOT serve as a NAT.
bool demo_ct_ld_is_nat(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    /\star no need to transform byte order when comparing members of one struct \star/
    return (bool) (((p_ct->daddr_reply) != (p_ct->saddr)) ||
                  ((p_ct->saddr_reply) != (p_ct->daddr)));
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query whether an IPv4 conntrack serves as a PAT.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               The IPv4 conntrack:
               true : does serve as a PAT.
               false : does NOT serve as a PAT.
 */
bool demo_ct_ld_is_pat(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    /\star no need to transform byte order when comparing members of one struct \star/
    return (bool) (((p_ct->dport_reply) != (p_ct->sport)) ||
                  ((p_ct->sport_reply) != (p_ct->dport)));
}
 * @brief
               Query whether an IPv4 conntrack modifies VLAN tags.
```



```
* @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               The IPv4 conntrack:
 * @return
               true : does modify VLAN tags of serviced packets.
               false : does NOT modify VLAN tags of serviced packets.
bool demo_ct_ld_is_vlan_tagging(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    /\star no need to transform byte order when comparing with ZERO \star/
    return (bool)((Ou != p_ct->vlan) || (Ou != p_ct->vlan_reply));
}
/*
* @brief
               Query whether an IPv4 conntrack decrements packet's TTL counter or not.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               The IPV4 conntrack:
 * @return
               true : does decrement TTL counter.
               false : does NOT decrement TTL counter.
 */
bool demo_ct_ld_is_ttl_decr(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT);
}
 * @brief
              Query whether an IPv4 conntrack is orig direction only.
              [localdata_ct]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               The IPv4 conntrack:
               true : is orig direction only.
               false : is NOT orig direction only.
bool demo_ct_ld_is_orig_only(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED);
}
* @brief
               Query whether an IPv4 conntrack is reply direction only.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               The IPv4 conntrack:
 * @return
               true : is reply direction only.
               false : is NOT reply direction only.
 */
bool demo_ct_ld_is_reply_only(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert (NULL != p_ct);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED);
}
              Query the protocol of an IPv4 conntrack.
              [localdata_ct]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              IP Protocol ID
*/
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_protocol(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohs(p_ct->protocol);
}
/*
```



```
* @brief
              Query the source address of an IPv4 conntrack.
 * @details
              [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
              Source IPv4 address.
*/
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_saddr(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->saddr);
* @brief
              Query the destination address of an IPv4 conntrack.
 * @details
              [localdata_ct]
* @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
             Destination IPv4 address.
* @return
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_daddr(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->daddr);
}
* @brief
              Query the source port of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct]
* @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
              Source port.
* @return
*/
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_sport(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohs(p_ct->sport);
}
* @brief
              Query the destination port of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
* @return
              Destination port.
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_dport(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert (NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohs(p_ct->dport);
}
* @brief
             Query the used VLAN tag of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
              VLAN tag. 0 == no VLAN tagging in this direction.
* @return
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_vlan(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohs(p_ct->vlan);
}
* @brief
              Query the route ID of an IPv4 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
              Route ID.
* @return
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_route_id(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
```



```
return ntohl(p_ct->route_id);
* @brief
               Query the source address of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
             [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Source IPv4 address (reply direction).
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_saddr_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->saddr_reply);
* @brief
               Query the destination address of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
             [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               Destination IPv4 address (reply direction).
* @return
*/
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_daddr_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->daddr_reply);
}
* @brief
              Query the source port of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details [localdata_ct]

* @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               Source port (reply direction).
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_sport_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohs(p_ct->sport_reply);
}
             Query the destination port of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
* @brief
* @details [localdata_ct]
* @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
* @return
               Destination port (reply direction).
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_dport_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohs(p_ct->dport_reply);
}
* @brief
               Query the used VLAN tag of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
* @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               VLAN tag (reply direction). 0 == no VLAN tagging in this direction.
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_vlan_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohs(p_ct->vlan_reply);
}
             Query the route ID of an IPv4 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
```



```
* @return
               Route ID (reply direction).
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_route_id_reply(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohl(p_ct->route_id_reply);
}
/*
              Query the flags of an IPv4 conntrack.
 * @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
              Flags bitset at time when the data was obtained from PFE.
 * @return
uint16_t demo_ct_ld_get_flags(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohs(p_ct->flags);
}
/*
              Query the statistics of an IPv4 conntrack (number of frames).
* @brief
 * @details
               [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               Number of frames that used the conntrack.
 * @return
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_stt_hit(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
    assert (NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->stats.hit);
}
/*
              Query the statistics of an IPv6 conntrack (number of bytes).
 * @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Sum of bytesizes of all frames that used the conntrack.
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_stt_hit_bytes(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
   return ntohl(p_ct->stats.hit_bytes);
}
* @brief
              Query the statistics of an IPv4 conntrack (number of frames).
              [localdata_ct]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Number of frames that used the conntrack (reply direction).
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_stt_reply_hit(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohl(p_ct->stats_reply.hit);
}
 * @brief
              Query the statistics of an IPv4 conntrack (number of bytes).
 * @details
             [localdata_ct]
 * @param[in] p_ct Local data to be queried.
               Sum of bytesizes of all frames that used the conntrack (reply direction).
*/
uint32_t demo_ct_ld_get_stt_reply_hit_bytes(const fpp_ct_cmd_t* p_ct)
    assert (NULL != p_ct);
    return ntohl(p_ct->stats_reply.hit_bytes);
}
```



```
* @brief
              Query whether an IPv6 conntrack serves as a NAT.
              [localdata_ct6]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               The IPv6 conntrack:
 * @return
               true : does serve as a NAT.
               false : does NOT serve as a NAT.
*/
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_nat(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    /\star no need to transform byte order when comparing members of one struct \star/
    return (bool)((0 != memcmp(p_ct6->daddr_reply, p_ct6->saddr, (4 * sizeof(uint32_t)))) ||
                  (0 != memcmp(p_ct6->saddr_reply, p_ct6->daddr, (4 * sizeof(uint32_t)))));
}
* @brief
              Query whether an IPv6 conntrack serves as a PAT.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               The IPv6 conntrack:
               true : does serve as a PAT.
               false : does NOT serve as a PAT.
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_pat(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    /st no need to transform byte order when comparing members of one struct st/
    return (bool) (((p_ct6->dport_reply) != (p_ct6->sport)) ||
                  ((p_ct6->sport_reply) != (p_ct6->dport)));
}
 * @brief
               Query whether an IPv6 conntrack modifies VLAN tags.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               The IPv6 conntrack:
               true : does modify VLAN tags of serviced packets.
               false : does NOT modify VLAN tags of serviced packets.
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_vlan_tagging(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    /\star no need to transform byte order when comparing with ZERO \star/
    return (bool)((Ou != p_ct6->vlan) || (Ou != p_ct6->vlan_reply));
}
 * @brief
              Query whether an IPv6 conntrack decrements packet's TTL counter or not.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               The IPV6 conntrack:
               true : does decrement TTL counter.
               false : does NOT decrement TTL counter.
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_ttl_decr(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct6->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_TTL_DECREMENT);
}
* @brief
               Query whether an IPv6 conntrack is orig direction only.
 * @details
              [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               The IPv6 conntrack:
 * @return
```



```
true : is orig direction only.
               false: is NOT orig direction only.
 */
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_orig_only(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct6->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_REP_DISABLED);
}
/*
 * @brief
               Query whether an IPv6 conntrack is reply direction only.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               The IPv6 conntrack:
               true : is reply direction only.
               false: is NOT reply direction only.
bool demo_ct6_ld_is_reply_only(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
    return (bool) (ntohs(p_ct6->flags) & CTCMD_FLAGS_ORIG_DISABLED);
}
* @brief
               Query the protocol of an IPv6 conntrack.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
              IP Protocol ID.
 * @return
 */
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_protocol(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohs(p_ct6->protocol);
}
* @brief
               Query the source address of an IPv6 conntrack.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               Source IPv6 address.
 * @return
const uint32_t* demo_ct6_ld_get_saddr(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
    static uint32_t rtn_saddr[4] = {0u};
    rtn_saddr[0] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr[0]);
   rtn_saddr[1] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr[1]);
    rtn_saddr[2] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr[2]);
    rtn_saddr[3] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr[3]);
   return (rtn_saddr);
}
* @brief
               Query the destination address of an IPv6 conntrack.
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Destination IPv4 address.
 */
const uint32_t* demo_ct6_ld_get_daddr(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   static uint32_t rtn_daddr[4] = {0u};
    rtn_daddr[0] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr[0]);
    rtn_daddr[1] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr[1]);
    rtn_daddr[2] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr[2]);
rtn_daddr[3] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr[3]);
```



```
return (rtn_daddr);
}
* @brief
              Query the source port of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
              Source port.
 * @return
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_sport(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohs(p_ct6->sport);
}
* @brief
              Query the destination port of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
             Destination port.
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_dport(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohs(p_ct6->dport);
}
* @brief
              Query the used VLAN tag of an IPv6 conntrack.
 * @details
              [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
* @return
              VLAN tag. 0 == no VLAN tagging in this direction.
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_vlan(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
   assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohs(p_ct6->vlan);
}
* @brief
              Query the route ID of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details
              [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
              Route ID
 * @return
*/
uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_route_id(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
   assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohl(p_ct6->route_id);
}
* @brief
              Query the source address of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
* @details
              [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
              Source IPv6 address (reply direction).
* @return
const uint32_t* demo_ct6_ld_get_saddr_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
   assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   static uint32_t rtn_saddr_reply[4] = {0u};
   rtn_saddr_reply[0] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr_reply[0]);
   rtn_saddr_reply[1] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr_reply[1]);
   rtn_saddr_reply[2] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr_reply[2]);
   rtn_saddr_reply[3] = ntohl(p_ct6->saddr_reply[3]);
```



```
return (rtn_saddr_reply);
* @brief
               Query the destination address of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
             [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Destination IPv6 address (reply direction).
const uint32_t* demo_ct6_ld_get_daddr_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   static uint32_t rtn_daddr_reply[4] = {0u};
    rtn_daddr_reply[0] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr_reply[0]);
    rtn_daddr_reply[1] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr_reply[1]);
   rtn_daddr_reply[2] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr_reply[2]);
rtn_daddr_reply[3] = ntohl(p_ct6->daddr_reply[3]);
    return (rtn_daddr_reply);
}
* @brief
               Query the source port of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
* @details
               [localdata ct.6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               Source port (reply direction).
* @return
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_sport_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
    assert (NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohs(p_ct6->sport_reply);
}
* @brief
               Query the destination port of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
* @details
               [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
               Destination port (reply direction).
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_dport_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohs(p_ct6->dport_reply);
}
* @brief
               Query the used VLAN tag of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
* @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               VLAN tag (reply direction). 0 == no VLAN tagging in this direction.
*/
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_vlan_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohs(p_ct6->vlan_reply);
}
* @brief
               Query the route ID of an IPv6 conntrack (reply direction).
 * @details
               [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Route ID (reply direction).
\verb|uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_route_id_reply(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t * p_ct6)|\\
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohl(p_ct6->route_id_reply);
```



```
}
 * @brief Query the flags of an IPv6 conntrack.
* @details [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
              Flags bitset at time when the data was obtained from PFE.
 * @return
uint16_t demo_ct6_ld_get_flags(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohs(p_ct6->flags);
}
              Query the statistics of an IPv6 conntrack (number of frames).
 * @details [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Number of frames that used the conntrack.
*/
uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_stt_hit(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
    assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohl(p_ct6->stats.hit);
}
 * @brief
              Query the statistics of an IPv6 conntrack (number of bytes).
 * @details
            [localdata_ct6]
 * p_{\text{def}} Local data to be queried.
              Sum of bytesizes of all frames that used the conntrack.
uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_stt_hit_bytes(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
{
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
    return ntohl(p_ct6->stats.hit_bytes);
}
* @brief
              Query the statistics of an IPv6 conntrack (number of frames).
            [localdata_ct6]
 * @details
 * p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Number of frames that used the conntrack (reply direction).
*/
uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_stt_reply_hit(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
   assert (NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohl(p_ct6->stats_reply.hit);
}
* @brief
              Query the statistics of an IPv6 conntrack (number of bytes).
 * @details
            [localdata_ct6]
 * @param[in] p_ct6 Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Sum of bytesizes of all frames that used the conntrack (reply direction).
uint32_t demo_ct6_ld_get_stt_reply_hit_bytes(const fpp_ct6_cmd_t* p_ct6)
   assert(NULL != p_ct6);
   return ntohl(p_ct6->stats_reply.hit_bytes);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ======== */
 * @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all available routes in PFE and
```



```
execute a callback print function for each applicable route.
 * @param[in]
                          FCI client
              p_cl
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                           --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next route is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                              assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
                          Set true to print IPv4 routes.
* @param[in] print_ip4
* @param[in]
              print_ip6
                          Set true to print IPv6 routes.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all applicable routes.
              other
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_rt_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_rt_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                     bool print_ip4, bool print_ip6)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
   fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_rt_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
                    sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        if ((print_ip4) && demo_rt_ld_is_ip4(&reply_from_fci))
            rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci); /* print IPv4 route */
        if ((print_ip6) && demo_rt_ld_is_ip6(&reply_from_fci))
           rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci); /* print IPv6 route */
        if (FPP ERR OK == rtn)
           cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
                            sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more routes to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_RT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rt_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all available routes in PFE.
               p_cl
                        FCI client
* @param[in]
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of routes.
               FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available routes.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                other
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
```



```
int demo_rt_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
{
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_rt_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_rt_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    uint32_t count = 0u;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
                    sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* guery loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IP_ROUTE,
                        sizeof(fpp_rt_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more routes to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_RT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        *p_rtn_count = count;
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_rt_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn):
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available IPv4 conntracks in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each reported IPv4 conntrack.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                           FCI client
* @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                           --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                              a next IPv4 conntrack is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                              assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @return
              FPP_ERR_OK: Successfully iterated through all available IPv4 conntracks.
                      : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_ct_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_ct_cb_print_t p_cb_print)
{
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_ct_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                    sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
```



```
/* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                            sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more IPv4 conntracks to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_CT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_print_all() failed!");
    return (rtn);
}
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available IPv4 conntracks in PFE.
* @brief
* @param[in]
                p_cl
                            FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_count Space to store the count of IPv4 conntracks.
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available IPv4 conntracks.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
int demo_ct_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_ct_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_ct_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    uint32_t count = 0u;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                    sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       count++;
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV4_CONNTRACK,
                        sizeof(fpp_ct_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more IPv4 conntracks to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_CT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
        *p_rtn_count = count;
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
```



```
print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct_get_count() failed!");
    return (rtn);
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to iterate through all available IPv6 conntracks in PFE and
               execute a callback print function for each reported IPv6 conntrack.
* @param[in] p_cl
                          FCI client
 * @param[in] p_cb_print Callback print function.
                            --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                               a next IPv6 conntrack is picked for a print process.
                           --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                               assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
* @return
               {\tt FPP\_ERR\_OK} \ : \ {\tt Successfully iterated through all available IPv6 conntracks.}
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
\verb|int_demo_ct6_print_all(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_ct6_cb_print_t p_cb_print)|\\
    assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
    int rtn = FPP ERR INTERNAL FAILURE;
    fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_ct6_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
    unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* start query process */
    cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
    rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                    sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                    &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    /* query loop */
    while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
        if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        {
            cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
            rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                            sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                            &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
    }
    /\star query loop runs till there are no more IPv6 conntracks to report \star/
    /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
    if (FPP_ERR_CT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
    {
        rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_print_all() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
                Use FCI calls to get a count of all available IPv6 conntracks in PFE.
* @param[in]
                p_cl
                             FCI client
               p_rtn_count Space to store the count of IPv6 conntracks.
* @param[out]
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available IPv6 conntracks.
                             Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                             No count was stored.
```



```
int demo_ct6_get_count(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_ct6_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
   uint32_t count = 0u;
   /* start query process */
   cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
   rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                   sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                   &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   /* query loop */
   while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
   {
       count++;
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_IPV6_CONNTRACK,
                       sizeof(fpp_ct6_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
   }
   /\star query loop runs till there are no more IPv6 conntracks to report \star/
   /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
   if (FPP_ERR_CT_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
       *p_rtn_count = count;
       rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_ct6_get_count() failed!");
   return (rtn);
/* ========================== */
```

## 5.22 demo\_spd.c



```
* OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL,
* EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
* PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS;
* OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY,
* WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE
* OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF
* ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
#include <assert.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "fpp.h"
#include "fpp_ext.h"
#include "libfci.h"
#include "demo_common.h"
#include "demo_spd.h"
/* ==== PRIVATE FUNCTIONS ========== */
              Set/unset a flag in a SecurityPolicy struct.
* @brief
* @param[out] p_rtn_spd Struct to be modified.
             enable
* @param[in]
                          New state of a flag.
* @param[in]
               flag
                         The flag.
static void set_spd_flag(fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_rtn_spd, bool enable, fpp_spd_flags_t flag)
   assert (NULL != p_rtn_spd);
   hton_enum(&flag, sizeof(fpp_spd_flags_t));
    if (enable)
       p_rtn_spd->flags |= flag;
   }
   else
    {
       p_rtn_spd->flags &= (fpp_spd_flags_t)(~flag);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to get data from PFE ======== */
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get configuration data of a requested SecurityPolicy
               from PFE. Identify the SecurityPolicy by a name of the parent
               physical interface (each physical interface has its own SPD) and by
               a position of the policy in the SPD.
* @param[in]
               p_cl
                          FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_spd
                             Space for data from PFE.
 * @param[in] p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                            Position of the requested SecurityPolicy in the SPD.
* @return
               FPP_ERR_OK : The requested SecurityPolicy was found.
                            A copy of its configuration data was stored into p_rtn_spd.
                          : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
                           No data copied.
int demo_spd_get_by_position(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_rtn_spd,
                            const char* p_phyif_name, uint16_t position)
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
```



```
assert(NULL != p_rtn_spd);
       assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
       int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
       fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
       fpp_spd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
       unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
       /* prepare data */
       rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
       /* do the query */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               /* start query process */
               cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
               rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD,
                                             sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                              &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
               /\star query loop (with a search condition) \star/
               while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (ntohs(reply_from_fci.position) != position))
               {
                       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
                      rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD,
                                                      sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                                      &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
       }
       /* if a query is successful, then assign the data */
       if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
               *p_rtn_spd = reply_from_fci;
       }
       print_if_error(rtn, "demo_spd_get_by_position() failed!");
       return (rtn):
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : use FCI calls to add/del items in PFE ======== \star/
 * @brief
                              Use FCI calls to create a new SecurityPolicy in PFE.
                              The new policy is added into SPD of a provided parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                                                         FCI client instance
                              p_cl
                             p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
 * @param[in]
                                                         Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                                                         See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                            position
                                                         Position of the new SecurityPolicy in the SPD.
 * @param[in]
 * @param[in]
                            p_spd_data
                                                         Configuration data for the new SecurityPolicy.
                                                         To create a new SecurityPolicy, a local data struct must be
                                                         created, configured and then passed to this function.
                                                         See [localdata_spd] to learn more.
 * @return
                              FPP_ERR_OK : New SecurityPolicy was created.
                                                    : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
\verb|int_demo_spd_add| (FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const_char* p_phyif_name, uint16_t_position, | const_char* p_phyif_name, uint16_t_position, | const_char* p_phyif_name, | const_c
                                const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd_data)
{
       assert(NULL != p_cl);
       int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
       fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
       /* prepare data */
       cmd_to_fci = (*p_spd_data);
       cmd_to_fci.position = htons(position);
       rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
```



```
/* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
        cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_REGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD, sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t),
                                          (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_spd_add() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/*
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to destroy the target SecurityPolicy in PFE.
* @param[in]
                             FCI client instance
               p_cl
              p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
                             Position of the target SecurityPolicy in the SPD.
* @param[in]
              position
               FPP_ERR_OK : The SecurityPolicy was destroyed.
* @return
                        : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
               other
int demo_spd_del(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, const char* p_phyif_name, uint16_t position)
{
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    /* prepare data */
   cmd_to_fci.position = htons(position);
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   /* send data */
   if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_DEREGISTER;
       rtn = fci_write(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD, sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t),
                                          (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci));
   }
   print_if_error(rtn, "demo_spd_del() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : modify local data (no FCI calls) ======= */
/*
* @defgroup
               localdata_spd [localdata_spd]
               Functions marked as [localdata_spd] access only local data.
* @brief:
               No FCI calls are made.
* @details:
               These functions have a parameter p_spd (a struct with configuration data).
               When adding a new SecurityPolicy, there are no "initial data"
                to be obtained from PFE. Simply declare a local data struct and configure it.
                Then, after all modifications are done and finished,
               call demo_spd_add() to create a new SecurityPolicy in PFE.
* @brief
                  Set a protocol type of a SecurityPolicy.
* @details
                  [localdata_spd]
* @param[in,out] p_spd Local data to be modified.
* @param[in]
                  protocol IP protocol ID
                            See "IANA Assigned Internet Protocol Number":
                 https://www.iana.org/assignments/protocol-numbers/protocol-numbers.xhtml
void demo_spd_ld_set_protocol(fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd, uint8_t protocol)
```



```
assert (NULL != p_spd);
    p_spd->protocol = protocol;
 * @brief
                    Set a source/destination IP address of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
                    [localdata_spd]
                    BEWARE: Address type (IPv4/IPv6) of p_saddr and p_daddr must be the same!
* @param[in,out] p_spd Local data to be modified.
                 p_saddr Source IP address (IPv4 or IPv6).
p_daddr Destination IP address (IP4 or IP6).
is_ip6 Set if provided addresses are IPv6 type addresses.
 * @param[in]
 * @param[in]
 * @param[in]
void demo_spd_ld_set_ip(fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd, const uint32_t p_saddr[4],
                         const uint32_t p_daddr[4], bool is_ip6)
{
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
    assert(NULL != p_saddr);
    assert (NULL != p_daddr);
    if (is_ip6)
        p_spd->saddr[0] = htonl(p_saddr[0]);
        p_spd->saddr[1] = htonl(p_saddr[1]);
        p_spd->saddr[2] = htonl(p_saddr[2]);
        p_spd->saddr[3] = htonl(p_saddr[3]);
        p_spd->daddr[0] = htonl(p_daddr[0]);
        p_spd->daddr[1] = htonl(p_daddr[1]);
        p_spd->daddr[2] = htonl(p_daddr[2]);
        p_spd->daddr[3] = htonl(p_daddr[3]);
    }
    else
    {
        p_spd->saddr[0] = htonl(p_saddr[0]);
        p_spd->saddr[1] = 0u;
        p_spd->saddr[2] = 0u;
        p_spd->saddr[3] = 0u;
        p_spd->daddr[0] = htonl(p_daddr[0]);
        p_spd->daddr[1] = 0u;
        p spd \rightarrow daddr[2] = 0u;
        p_spd->daddr[3] = 0u;
    set_spd_flag(p_spd, is_ip6, FPP_SPD_FLAG_IPv6);
* @brief
                   Set a source/destination port of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
                   [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in,out] p_spd
                                Local data to be modified.
                    use_sport Prompt to use the source port value of this SecurityPolicy
 * @param[in]
                                during SPD matching process (evaluation which policy to use).
                                If false, then source port of the given SecurityPolicy is
                                ignored (not tested) when the policy is evaluated.
 * @param[in]
                    sport
                                Source port
 * @param[in]
                    use_dport Prompt to use the destination port value of this SecurityPolicy
                                during SPD matching process (evaluation which policy to use).
                                If false, then destination port of the given SecurityPolicy is
                                ignored (not tested) when the policy is evaluated.
 * @param[in]
                   dport
                                Destination port
void demo_spd_ld_set_port(fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd, bool use_sport, uint16_t sport,
                            bool use_dport, uint16_t dport)
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
    p_spd->sport = ((use_sport) ? htons(sport) : (0u));
    p_spd->dport = ((use_dport) ? htons(dport) : (0u));
    set_spd_flag(p_spd, (!use_sport), FPP_SPD_FLAG_SPORT_OPAQUE); /* inverted logic */
set_spd_flag(p_spd, (!use_dport), FPP_SPD_FLAG_DPORT_OPAQUE); /* inverted logic */
```



```
}
                  Set action of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @brief
                  [localdata_spd]
 * @details
 * @param[in,out] p_spd Local data to be modified.
 * @param[in]
                  spd_action Action to do if traffic matches this SecurityPolicy.
                              See description of the fpp_spd_action_t type in
                              FCI API Reference.
                  sa_id Meaningful ONLY if the action is FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE.
 * @param[in]
                          ID of an item in the SAD (Security Association Database).
                          SAD is stored in the HSE FW (Hardware Security Engine).
                         Meaningful ONLY if the action is FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE.
                  spi
 * @param[in]
                          Security Parameter Index (will be looked for in the traffic data).
void demo_spd_ld_set_action(fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd, fpp_spd_action_t spd_action,
                           uint32_t sa_id, uint32_t spi)
{
    assert (NULL != p_spd);
    {
        fpp_spd_action_t tmp_action = spd_action;
       hton_enum(&tmp_action, sizeof(fpp_spd_action_t));
       p_spd->spd_action = tmp_action;
    p_spd->sa_id = ((FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE == spd_action) ? htonl(sa_id) : (0uL));
    p_spd->spi = ((FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE == spd_action) ? htonl(spi) : (0uL));
/\star ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : query local data (no FCI calls) ========= \star/
/*
              Query address type of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @brief
 * @details
              [localdata_spd]
 * p\_spd Local data to be queried.
              IP address of the policy:
 * @return
              true : is IPv6 type.
              false : is NOT IPv6 type.
 */
bool demo_spd_ld_is_ip6(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
    fpp_spd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_spd->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_spd_flags_t));
    return (bool) (tmp_flags & FPP_SPD_FLAG_IPv6);
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query whether the source port value is used during SPD matching process.
 * @details
              [localdata spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Source port value:
              true : is used in a matching process.
               false : is NOT used in a matching process.
 */
bool demo_spd_ld_is_used_sport(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
    fpp_spd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_spd->flags);
    ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_spd_flags_t));
    return ! (tmp_flags & FPP_SPD_FLAG_SPORT_OPAQUE); /* the flag has inverted logic */
}
```



```
Query whether the destination port value is used during SPD matching process.
 * @details
               [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Destination port value:
               true : is used in a matching process.
               false : is NOT used in a matching process.
*/
bool demo_spd_ld_is_used_dport(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   fpp_spd_flags_t tmp_flags = (p_spd->flags);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_flags, sizeof(fpp_spd_flags_t));
   return !(tmp_flags & FPP_SPD_FLAG_DPORT_OPAQUE); /* the flag has inverted logic */
}
/*
 * @brief
              Query the position of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
              [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
              Position of the Security Policy within the SPD.
*/
uint16_t demo_spd_ld_get_position(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   return ntohs(p_spd->position);
}
* @brief
              Query the source IP address of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
               [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
               Source IP address.
               Use demo_spd_ld_is_ip6() to distinguish between IPv4 and IPv6.
+/
const uint32_t* demo_spd_ld_get_saddr(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
   static uint32_t rtn_saddr[4] = {0u};
   rtn_saddr[0] = htonl(p_spd->saddr[0]);
   rtn_saddr[1] = htonl(p_spd->saddr[1]);
   rtn_saddr[2] = htonl(p_spd->saddr[2]);
   rtn_saddr[3] = htonl(p_spd->saddr[3]);
   return (rtn_saddr);
}
* @brief
              Query the destination IP address of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
               [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               Destination IP address.
               Use demo_spd_ld_is_ip6() to distinguish between IPv4 and IPv6.
*/
const uint32_t* demo_spd_ld_get_daddr(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   static uint32_t rtn_daddr[4] = {0u};
   rtn_daddr[0] = htonl(p_spd->daddr[0]);
   rtn_daddr[1] = htonl(p_spd->daddr[1]);
   rtn_daddr[2] = htonl(p_spd->daddr[2]);
   rtn_daddr[3] = htonl(p_spd->daddr[3]);
    return (rtn_daddr);
```



```
}
 * @brief Query the source port of a SecurityPolicy.
* @details [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Source port.
uint16_t demo_spd_ld_get_sport(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   return ntohs(p_spd->sport);
}
* @brief
              Query the destination port of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
              Destination port.
uint16_t demo_spd_ld_get_dport(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
    assert(NULL != p_spd);
   return ntohs(p_spd->dport);
}
 * @brief
              Query the destination port of a SecurityPolicy.
            [localdata_spd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
               IP Protocol ID
uint8_t demo_spd_ld_get_protocol(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
{
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   return (p_spd->protocol);
}
* @brief
              Query the ID of an item in the SAD (Security Association Database).
              [localdata_spd]
 * @details
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
 * @return
               ID of an associated item in the SAD.
               Meaningful ONLY if the action is FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_ENCODE.
+/
uint32_t demo_spd_ld_get_sa_id(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
{
   assert(NULL != p_spd);
   return ntohl(p_spd->sa_id);
}
* @brief
               Query the SPI tag of a SecurityPolicy.
 * @details
               [localdata_spd]
 * @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
               SPI tag associated with the SecurityPolicy.
               Meaningful ONLY if the action is FPP_SPD_ACTION_PROCESS_DECODE.
uint32_t demo_spd_ld_get_spi(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
{
    assert (NULL != p_spd);
    return ntohl(p_spd->spi);
}
             Query the action of a SecurityPolicy.
* @brief
 * @details [localdata_spd]
```



```
* @param[in] p_spd Local data to be queried.
              Action to be done if this SecurityPolicy is utilized.
fpp_spd_action_t demo_spd_ld_get_action(const fpp_spd_cmd_t* p_spd)
   assert (NULL != p_spd);
   fpp_spd_action_t tmp_action = (p_spd->spd_action);
   ntoh_enum(&tmp_action, sizeof(fpp_spd_action_t));
   return (tmp_action);
}
/* ==== PUBLIC FUNCTIONS : misc ========== */
* @brief
              Use FCI calls to iterate through all SecurityPolicies of a given physical
              interface and execute a callback print function for each SecurityPolicy.
* @param[in]
              p_cl
                             FCI client
                             Callback print function.
 * @param[in]
              p_cb_print
                             --> If the callback returns ZERO, then all is OK and
                                 a next SecurityPolicy is picked for a print process.
                              --> If the callback returns NON-ZERO, then some problem is
                                assumed and this function terminates prematurely.
                             Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in] p_phyif_name
                             Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                             See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* eparam[in] position_init Start invoking a callback print function from
                             this position in the SPD.
                             If O, start from the very first SecurityPolicy in the SPD.
                             Print only this count of SecurityPolicies, then end.
* @param[in] count
                              If O, keep printing SecurityPolicies till the end of the SPD.
              FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully iterated through all SecrityPolicies of
* @return
                           the given physical interface.
                         : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
int demo_spd_print_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, demo_spd_cb_print_t p_cb_print,
                           const char* p_phyif_name, uint16_t position_init, uint16_t count)
   assert (NULL != p_cl);
   assert(NULL != p_cb_print);
   assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
   fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
   fpp_spd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = Ou;
    /* prepare data */
   rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
   if (0u == count) /* if 0, set max possible count of items */
       count--; /* WARNING: intentional use of owf behavior */
    }
    /* do the guery */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
       /* start query process */
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
       rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD,
                       sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                       &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
       /* query loop */
       uint16_t position = 0u;
       while ((FPP_ERR_OK == rtn) && (Ou != count))
            if (position >= position_init)
            {
```



```
rtn = p_cb_print(&reply_from_fci);
                count--;
            position++;
            if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            {
                cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY_CONT;
                rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD,
                                sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                                &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
            }
        }
        /\star query loop runs till there are no more SecurityPolicies to report \star/
        /\star the following error is therefore OK and expected (it ends the query loop) \star/
        if (FPP_ERR_IF_ENTRY_NOT_FOUND == rtn)
            rtn = FPP_ERR_OK;
    }
    print_if_error(rtn, "demo_spd_print_by_phyif() failed!");
   return (rtn);
}
* @brief
               Use FCI calls to get a count of all SecurityPolicies in PFE which are
               associated with the given physical interface.
               p_cl
* @param[in]
                              FCI client
* @param[out] p_rtn_count
                              Space to store the count of SecurityPolicies.
               p_phyif_name Name of a parent physical interface.
* @param[in]
                              Names of physical interfaces are hardcoded.
                              See FCI API Reference, chapter Interface Management.
* @return
                FPP_ERR_OK : Successfully counted all available SecurityPolicies of
                             the given physical interface. Count was stored into p_rtn_count.
                           : Some error occurred (represented by the respective error code).
                other
                             No count was stored.
int demo_spd_get_count_by_phyif(FCI_CLIENT* p_cl, uint32_t* p_rtn_count,
                                const char* p_phyif_name)
{
   assert(NULL != p_cl);
    assert(NULL != p_rtn_count);
    assert(NULL != p_phyif_name);
   int rtn = FPP_ERR_INTERNAL_FAILURE;
    fpp_spd_cmd_t cmd_to_fci = {0};
    fpp_spd_cmd_t reply_from_fci = {0};
   unsigned short reply_length = 0u;
    uint16_t count = 0u;
    /* prepare data */
    rtn = set_text((cmd_to_fci.name), p_phyif_name, IFNAMSIZ);
    /* do the query */
    if (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
    {
        /* start query process */
       cmd_to_fci.action = FPP_ACTION_QUERY;
        rtn = fci_query(p_cl, FPP_CMD_SPD,
                        sizeof(fpp_spd_cmd_t), (unsigned short*)(&cmd_to_fci),
                        &reply_length, (unsigned short*)(&reply_from_fci));
        /* query loop */
        while (FPP_ERR_OK == rtn)
            count++;
```





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