

Team TheThree - Task 1

Transform the ReqIf (Requirements Interchange Format) file to json format

Requirements

Write a command line program by java or python, the program allows to transform requirements from ReqIf file to JSON file and preserve the values of attributes and object hierarchy.

Input: Reqif file as sample attachment (Requirements.reqif file)

Output: JSON file as sample attachment (Json_Output_Sample.json) and program source code

Evaluation

- [x] Module Info
- [x] All requirements and order
- [x] Mandatory attributes
- [x] Clean code

Installation

- Python version required **>=3.10**
 - Check your python version:

```
python --version
```

- Upgrade python version:

MacOS : <https://macosx-faq.com/how-to-update-python-terminal/>

Linux : <https://cloudbytes.dev/snippets/upgrade-python-to-latest-version-on-ubuntu-linux>

Windows: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/how-to-update-python-on-windows/>

Install the required packages by using **pip**

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Getting Started

```
python main.py -i Requirements.reqif -o Json_Output.json
```

Usage

The program have 2 arguments. You can check the documentation by using the command

```
python main.py -h
```

```
usage: main.py [-h] [-i INPUT_FILE] [-o OUTPUT_FILE]

options:
  -h, --help            show this help message and exit
  -i INPUT_FILE, --input_file INPUT_FILE
                        Directory to input file. Accepts file *.reqif or
                        *.xml only
  -o OUTPUT_FILE, --output_file OUTPUT_FILE
                        Directory to output *.json file.
```

Example command:

```
python main.py -i Requirements.reqif -o Json_Output.json
```

Experiment

In first step

We read and load the file `*.reqif` which such as file `*.xml` by using 3rd party libraries `xmltodict`

Next step is reading `module info`

We find the following information by using these functions:

```
def find_name_module(data):
    spec = list(find_keys(data, 'SPECIFICATIONS'))[0]['SPECIFICATION']

    return spec.get(NAME_TAG)
```

```
def find_type_module(data):
    return list(
        find_keys(dict(data), 'SPECIFICATION-TYPE'))[0].get(NAME_TAG)
```

We see that:

- The information **Module Name** is stored in **SPECIFICATION**

```
<SPECIFICATIONS>
  <SPECIFICATION LONG-NAME="ECU_Requirement" LAST-CHANGE="2023-
05-22T03:17:41.877Z" IDENTIFIER="_8f06d09f-ce45-4c07-9d71-a656c6e5c3aa">
</SPECIFICATIONS>
```

- The information **Module Type** is stored in **SPECIFICATION-TYPE**

```
<SPECIFICATION-TYPE LONG-NAME="MO_RS" LAST-CHANGE="2020-12-
16T04:03:43.649Z" IDENTIFIER="_8e22da9e-0198-40c8-b577-02cca0635202"
DESC="Module for MO Requirements PTSA 2.0">
</SPECIFICATION-TYPE>
```

- Both functions have the same parameters is the data which load in the first step

Next is find the **List Artifact Info**

- The requirements said that

The hierarchy of the objects is defined in section `SPEC-HIERARCHY`.

- Look at more details we can see that The top-level element is **CHILDREN**, which contains a list of **SPEC-HIERARCHY** elements.
 - Each **SPEC-HIERARCHY** element represents a level in the hierarchy and contains the following properties:
 - **@LAST-CHANGE**: Represents the timestamp of the last change made to the element.
 - **@IDENTIFIER**: Unique identifier for the element.
 - **OBJECT**: Contains an object with a **SPEC-OBJECT-REF** property, which likely references another object.
 - **CHILDREN**: May contain nested **SPEC-HIERARCHY** elements or a single **SPEC-HIERARCHY** element.
- The structure seems to be recursive, as **SPEC-HIERARCHY** elements can contain more **SPEC-HIERARCHY** elements within their **CHILDREN** property.

- In the implementation, we get the **SPEC-OBJECT-REF** as a list followed by the **SPEC-HIERARCHY** order element

```
def get_spec_object_ref_hierarchy(data, hierarchy=None):
    if hierarchy is None:
        hierarchy = []

    if isinstance(data, list):
        for item in data:
            get_spec_object_ref_hierarchy(item, hierarchy)

    elif isinstance(data, dict):
        object_ref = data.get("OBJECT", {}).get("SPEC-OBJECT-REF")
        if object_ref:
            hierarchy.append(object_ref)

        children = data.get("CHILDREN")

        if children:
            get_spec_object_ref_hierarchy(
                children.get('SPEC-HIERARCHY'), hierarchy)

    return hierarchy
```

- After got the hierarchy of the objects, we can iterate over all the content of the objects which contain in the **SPEC-OBJECTS**
- We can got the type of the **SPEC-OBJECT** which stored in the

```
<TYPE>
  <SPEC-OBJECT-TYPE-REF>
    {REFERENCE}
  </SPEC-OBJECT-TYPE-REF>
</TYPE>
```

and easily mapping the **{REFERENCE}** by looking up the **SPEC-OBJECT-TYPE**

In each **SPEC-OBJECT** it have 4 **VALUES** attributes is

- **ATTRIBUTE-VALUE-XHTML**
- **ATTRIBUTE-VALUE-DATE**
- **ATTRIBUTE-VALUE-STRING**
- **ATTRIBUTE-VALUE-ENUMERATION**

And following the description:

Attributes are specified in sub section {SPEC-OBJECT-TYPE} of {SPEC-TYPES}, the name is defined in {LONG-NAME}. Each attribute consists of {DEFINITION} and {THE-VALUE}. The {DEFINITION} references to section {DATATYPES}. {THE-VALUE} contains the value of attribute

For each **ATTRIBUTE**, we mapping the **VALUE** and the **DEFINITION** by the function with parameters is **spec_attrs** is the **SPEC-ATTRIBUTES** in the **SPEC-OBJECT-TYPE** abd **spec_obj_values** is the **VALUE** of the **SPEC-OBJECT**

```
def mapping_attr_definition(spec_attrs, spec_obj_values, attr_key):
    result = []

    attrs = spec_obj_values.get(attr_key)
    attr_name = attr_key.split('-')[-1]

    DEFINITION_TAG = f'ATTRIBUTE-DEFINITION-{attr_name}'

    if isinstance(attrs, dict):
        attrs = [attrs]

    for attr in attrs:
        for def_attr in spec_attrs.get(DEFINITION_TAG):
            attr_ref = attr['DEFINITION'][f'{DEFINITION_TAG}-REF']

            if attr_ref == def_attr.get(IDENTIFIER_TAG):
                key = def_attr.get(NAME_TAG)
                value = attr.get('THE-VALUE')

                if value is None:
                    value = attr.get('@THE-VALUE')

                key, value = refactor_key_value(key, value, attr_name,
attr)

                if key is not None:
                    result.append({key: value})

    return result
```

Parallel with mapping **VALUE** and **DEFINITION** attributes we also refactor the **key** and **value** attributes which will save in the result.

```
def refactor_key_value(key, value, attr_name, attr):
    match key:
        # XHTML
        # - ReqIF.ChapterName is ReqIF.Text in the "Heading"
        case 'ReqIF.Text':
            key = 'ReqIF.Text'
            value = xmldict.unparse(value, pretty=True)[39:]
        case 'ReqIF.Name':
            key = 'Title'
            value = value.get('div', {}).get('#text', '')
        case 'ReqIF.ChapterName':
            key = 'ReqIF.Text'
            value = xmldict.unparse(value, pretty=True)[39:]
        case 'ReqIF.Description':
            key = 'Description'
            value = value.get('div', {}).get('#text', '')

        # DATE
        case 'ReqIF.ForeignCreatedOn':
            key = 'Created On'
        case 'ReqIF.ForeignModifiedOn':
            key = 'Modified On'

        # STRING
        case 'ReqIF.ForeignID':
            key = 'Identifier'
            value = int(value)
        case 'ReqIF.ForeignCreatedBy':
            key = 'Creator'
        case 'ReqIF.ForeignModifiedBy':
            key = 'Contributor'

        # ENUMERATION
        # - Artifact Format not needed to collect
        case 'Artifact Format':
            key = None

        # OTHERWISE
        case _:
            if attr_name == 'STRING':
                key = key

            elif attr_name == 'ENUMERATION':
                value = find_enum_value(
                    attr['VALUES']['ENUM-VALUE-REF'])

            else:
                key = None

    return key, value
```

Finally

Store the result in file `*.json` by calling `json.dump()`

```
json_data = json.dumps({
    "Module Name": find_name_module(data_dict),
    "Module Type": find_type_module(data_dict),
    "List Artifact Info": find_list_artifact_info(data_dict)
})

with open(OUT_SRC, "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(json_data)
```

Demo

Here is our result which runs in the sample file `Requirements.reqif`

```
{
  "Module Name": "ECU_Requirement",
  "Module Type": "MO_RS",
  "List Artifact Info": [
    {
      "Attribute Type": "Heading",
      "Contributor": "kit7fe",
      "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
      "Creator": "kit7fe",
      "Description": "",
      "Identifier": 629021,
      "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
      "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>General Overview / Document
Scope</p>\n</div>",
      "Title": "General Overview / Document Scope"
    },
    {
      "Attribute Type": "Heading",
      "Contributor": "kit7fe",
      "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
      "Creator": "kit7fe",
      "Description": "",
      "Identifier": 629020,
      "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
      "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>Document Scope</p>\n</div>",
      "Title": "Document Scope"
    },
    {
      "Attribute Type": "Information",
      "Contributor": "kit7fe",
      "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
```

```

    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629016,
    "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>&lt;put below a first
description of the scope for ECU requirement specification&gt;
</p>\n</div>",
    "Title": "<put below a first description of the scope for software
requirement specification>"
  },
  {
    "Attribute Type": "Heading",
    "Contributor": "kit7fe",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629012,
    "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>Document Specific
Glossary</p>\n</div>",
    "Title": "Document Specific Glossary"
  },
  {
    "Attribute Type": "Information",
    "Contributor": "kit7fe",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629013,
    "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>&lt;put below a definition of
first glossary specific terms&gt;</p>\n</div>",
    "Title": "<put below a definition of first glossary specific terms>"
  },
  {
    "Attribute Type": "Heading",
    "Contributor": "kit7fe",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629019,
    "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.662Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>System
Requirements</p>\n</div>",
    "Title": "System Requirement"
  },
  {
    "Attribute Type": "Information",
    "Contributor": "kit7fe",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",

```


9 / 10

```

    "Verification Criteria": "Test Environment:\nTest Bench/Lab-car with
hardware setup\n\nSuccess Criteria: Verify whether the signal value is
correct or not"
  },
  {
    "Attribute Type": "Heading",
    "Contributor": "kit7fe",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629018,
    "Modified On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>System Non Functional
Requirements</p>\n</div>",
    "Title": "System Non Functional Requirements"
  },
  {
    "Allocation": "Non_Func Allocation",
    "Attribute Type": "MO_NON_FUNC_REQ",
    "CRQ": "RQONE03587423",
    "Contributor": "MIG1COB",
    "Created On": "2019-10-08T06:18:45.677Z",
    "Creator": "kit7fe",
    "Description": "",
    "Identifier": 629014,
    "Modified On": "2023-05-23T02:56:54.487Z",
    "ReqIF.Text": "<div
xmlns=\"http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml\">\n\t<p>&lt;description of the non
functional requirement in requirements language&gt;</p>\n</div>",
    "Safety Classification": "ASIL B",
    "Status": "NEW/CHANGED",
    "Title": "<description of the non functional requirement in
requirements language>",
    "VAR_FUNC_SYS": "Var_func_sys value 2",
    "Verification Criteria": "Non Func Test Environment:\nTest Bench/Lab-
car with hardware setup\n\nSuccess Criteria: Verify whether the signal
value is correct or not"
  }
]
}

```

- And same as file `Json_Output_Sample.json`.