

Booklet of Code and Output  
for  
STAD29/STA 1007 Midterm Exam

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```

library(MASS)
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages -----
tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.1.0    v purrr 0.3.0
## v tibble 2.0.1     v dplyr 0.7.8
## v tidyr 0.8.2      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.3.1      v forcats 0.3.0
## -- Conflicts -----
tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::select() masks MASS::select()

library(broom)
library(survival)
library(survminer)

## Loading required package: ggpubr
## Loading required package: magrittr
##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##   set_names
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##   extract

```

Figure 1: Packages

minutes	machines
97.0	7.0
86.0	6.0
78.0	5.0
10.0	1.0
75.0	5.0
62.0	4.0
101.0	7.0
39.0	3.0
53.0	4.0
33.0	2.0
118.0	8.0
65.0	5.0
25.0	2.0
71.0	5.0
105.0	7.0
17.0	1.0
49.0	4.0
68.0	5.0

Figure 2: Copiers data

```
ggplot(copiers, aes(x=machines, y=minutes))+geom_point()
```

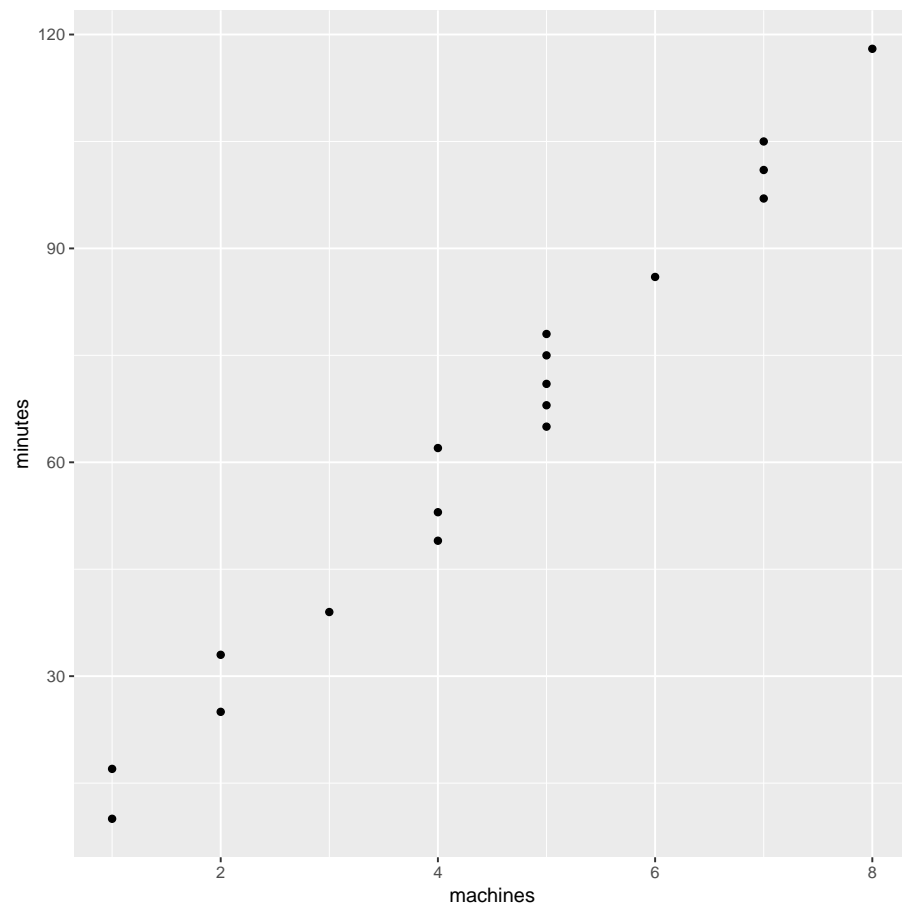


Figure 3: Copiers scatterplot

```

copiers.1=lm(minutes~machines, data=copiers)
summary(copiers.1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = minutes ~ machines, data = copiers)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -7.6309 -3.2500 -0.2383  4.0235  6.6309
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -2.3221     2.5644  -0.906   0.379
## machines      14.7383     0.5193  28.383 4.1e-15 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 4.482 on 16 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9805, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9793
## F-statistic: 805.6 on 1 and 16 DF, p-value: 4.097e-15

```

Figure 4: Regression for copiers data

```

new=tibble(machines=6)
p1=predict(copiers.1, new, interval="c")
cbind(new,p1)

##   machines      fit      lwr      upr
## 1         6 86.10738 83.32504 88.88973

p2=predict(copiers.1, new, interval="p")
cbind(new,p2)

##   machines      fit      lwr      upr
## 1         6 86.10738 76.20721 96.00756

```

Figure 5: Predictions for copiers data

```
bottles

## # A tibble: 6 x 3
##   deposit sold returned
##   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1      2   500      72
## 2      5   500     103
## 3     10   500     170
## 4     20   500     296
## 5     25   500     406
## 6     30   500     449
```

Figure 6: Soft drink bottle return data

```
bottles.1=glm(y~deposit, data=bottles, family=binomial)
summary(bottles.1)

##
## Call:
## glm(formula = y ~ deposit, family = binomial, data = bottles)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      1      2      3      4      5      6
## 0.1754  0.4330  0.5784 -2.9193  1.2710  1.2209
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -2.076565   0.084839  -24.48  <2e-16 ***
## deposit      0.135851   0.004772   28.47  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 1108.171  on 5  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance:   12.181  on 4  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 53.419
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 3
```

Figure 7: Bottles logistic regression

```

probability=predict(bottles.1, bottles, type="response")
preds=cbind(bottles, probability)
preds

##   deposit sold returned probability
## 1      2   500      72   0.1412601
## 2      5   500     103   0.1982432
## 3     10   500     170   0.3278210
## 4     20   500     296   0.6548554
## 5     25   500     406   0.7891326
## 6     30   500     449   0.8806877

```

Figure 8: Predictions for bottles data

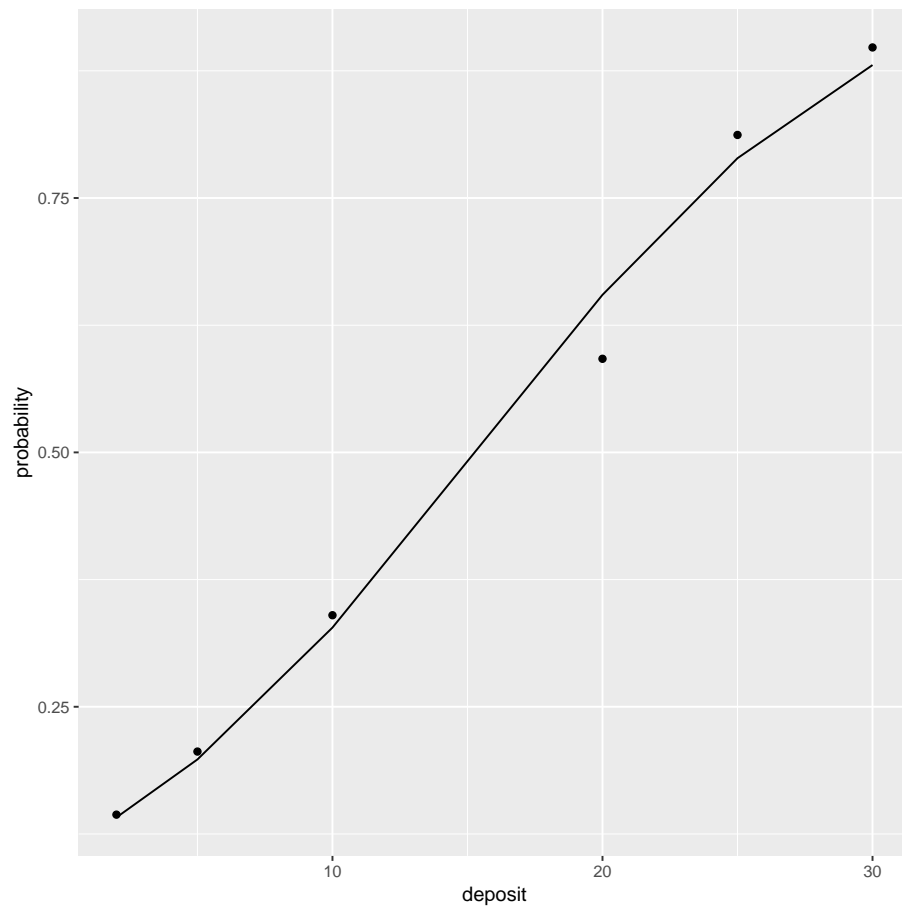


Figure 9: Plot of predictions and proportions



```

arthritis=read_table("arthritis.txt")

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   id = col_double(),
##   treatment = col_character(),
##   sex = col_character(),
##   age = col_double(),
##   impr = col_double()
## )

arthritis

## # A tibble: 85 x 5
##       id treatment sex      age impr
##   <dbl> <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1    57 Treated  Male    27     1
## 2    46 Treated  Male    29     0
## 3    77 Treated  Male    30     0
## 4    17 Treated  Male    32     2
## 5    36 Treated  Male    46     2
## 6    23 Treated  Male    58     2
## 7    75 Treated  Male    59     0
## 8    39 Treated  Male    59     2
## 9    33 Treated  Male    63     0
## 10   55 Treated  Male    63     0
## # ... with 75 more rows

```

Figure 10: Arthritis data (some)

```

arthritis.1=polr(factor(impr)~treatment+sex+age, data=arthritis)
drop1(arthritis.1, test="Chisq")

## Single term deletions
##
## Model:
## factor(impr) ~ treatment + sex + age
##           Df      AIC      LRT  Pr(>Chi)
## <none>           155.46
## treatment  1 168.17 14.7095 0.0001254 ***
## sex        1 159.15  5.6880 0.0170812 *
## age        1 158.03  4.5715 0.0325081 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

Figure 11: Arthritis model

	treatment	sex	age	0	1	2
## 1	Placebo	Female	46	0.6849211	0.15738536	0.15769352
## 2	Placebo	Female	63	0.5318884	0.20439438	0.26371724
## 3	Placebo	Male	46	0.8837222	0.06545116	0.05082667
## 4	Placebo	Male	63	0.7988957	0.10817798	0.09292635
## 5	Treated	Female	46	0.2751180	0.20743935	0.51744266
## 6	Treated	Female	63	0.1655413	0.16217047	0.67228824
## 7	Treated	Male	46	0.5702499	0.19503589	0.23471420
## 8	Treated	Male	63	0.4095362	0.22067590	0.36978787

Figure 12: Arthritis predictions

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   id = col_double(),
##   survtime = col_double(),
##   status = col_character(),
##   treatment = col_double(),
##   age = col_double()
## )

## # A tibble: 15 x 5
##       id survtime status  treatment    age
##   <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>    <chr>    <dbl>
## 1     1     1    1 Died      B      75
## 2     2     1    1 Died      B      79
## 3     3     4    4 Died      B      85
## 4     4     5    5 Died      B      76
## 5     5     6   6 Unknown  B      66
## 6     6     8    8 Died      A      75
## 7     7     9   9 Survived B      72
## 8     8     9    9 Died      B      70
## 9     9    12   12 Died      A      71
## 10    10    15  15 Unknown  A      73
## 11    11    22   22 Died      B      66
## 12    12    25  25 Survived A      73
## 13    13    37   37 Died      A      68
## 14    14    55   55 Died      A      59
## 15    15    72  72 Survived A      61
```

Figure 13: Patient survival data

```

patients.1=coxph(y~treatment+age, data=patients)
summary(patients.1)

## Call:
## coxph(formula = y ~ treatment + age, data = patients)
##
##      n= 15, number of events= 10
##
##              coef exp(coef) se(coef)      z Pr(>|z|)
## treatmentB 1.88484   6.58531  0.96833 1.946  0.05160 .
## age         0.21739   1.24283  0.08429 2.579  0.00991 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
##              exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## treatmentB      6.585      0.1519      0.987    43.936
## age              1.243      0.8046      1.054      1.466
##
## Concordance= 0.873  (se = 0.034 )
## Rsquare= 0.617  (max possible= 0.933 )
## Likelihood ratio test= 14.41  on 2 df,   p=7e-04
## Wald test              = 9.03  on 2 df,   p=0.01
## Score (logrank) test = 12.61  on 2 df,   p=0.002

```

Figure 14: Patient survival Cox model

Treatment	Male	Female
A	22	21
	25	19
	26	18
	27	24
	24	25
B	14	21
	17	20
	19	23
	20	27
	17	25
C	15	37
	17	34
	19	36
	14	26
	12	29

Figure 15: Headache pain relief times, original layout of data

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   Treatment = col_character(),
##   Male = col_double(),
##   Female = col_double()
## )

painrelief.1=aov(Time~Treatment*Gender, data=painrelief)
summary(painrelief.1)
```

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value	Pr(>F)
Treatment	2	71.5	35.73	3.822	0.0362 *
Gender	1	313.6	313.63	33.544	5.70e-06 ***
Treatment:Gender	2	521.9	260.93	27.907	5.46e-07 ***
Residuals	24	224.4	9.35		

```
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Figure 16: ANOVA with interaction for headache pain relief times

```

painrelief.2=update(painrelief.1, .~-Treatment:Gender)
summary(painrelief.2)

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Treatment      2   71.5    35.73    1.245 0.30456
## Gender          1  313.6   313.63   10.927 0.00277 **
## Residuals     26  746.3    28.70
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

TukeyHSD(painrelief.2)

##      Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##      95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = Time ~ Treatment + Gender, data = painrelief)
##
## $Treatment
##      diff      lwr      upr      p adj
## B-A -2.8 -8.753648 3.153648 0.4819497
## C-A  0.8 -5.153648 6.753648 0.9405350
## C-B  3.6 -2.353648 9.553648 0.3062075
##
## $Gender
##      diff      lwr      upr      p adj
## Male-Female -6.466667 -10.48785 -2.445488 0.0027695

```

Figure 17: Analysis of main effects for headache pain relief times

```

painrelief %>% filter(Gender=="Male") -> painrelief_male
painrelief.3a=aov(Time~Treatment, data=painrelief_male)
summary(painrelief.3a)

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Treatment      2  245.2   122.60    22.56 8.59e-05 ***
## Residuals     12   65.2     5.43
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

TukeyHSD(painrelief.3a)

##    Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##      95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = Time ~ Treatment, data = painrelief_male)
##
## $Treatment
##      diff      lwr      upr      p adj
## B-A -7.4 -11.333026 -3.466974 0.0008076
## C-A -9.4 -13.333026 -5.466974 0.0000968
## C-B -2.0  -5.933026  1.933026 0.3928918

```

Figure 18: Simple effects of treatment for males

```

painrelief %>% filter(Gender=="Female") -> painrelief_female
painrelief.3b=aov(Time~Treatment, data=painrelief_female)
summary(painrelief.3b)

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Treatment      2  348.1   174.07    13.12 0.000955 ***
## Residuals     12  159.2    13.27
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

TukeyHSD(painrelief.3b)

##      Tukey multiple comparisons of means
##      95% family-wise confidence level
##
## Fit: aov(formula = Time ~ Treatment, data = painrelief_female)
##
## $Treatment
##      diff      lwr      upr      p adj
## B-A    1.8 -4.345745  7.945745 0.7210392
## C-A   11.0  4.854255 17.145745 0.0012146
## C-B    9.2  3.054255 15.345745 0.0046858

```

Figure 19: Simple effects of treatment for females



```
## # A tibble: 20 x 2
##   discipline score
##   <fct>      <dbl>
## 1 Eth        5
## 2 Eth        5
## 3 Other      5
## 4 Other      3
## 5 Phil       3
## 6 Eth        5
## 7 Eth        5
## 8 Eth        3
## 9 Eth        3
## 10 Other     5
## 11 Phil      4
## 12 Other     5
## 13 Phil      5
## 14 Phil      2
## 15 Eth       4
## 16 Phil      2
## 17 Phil      1
## 18 Phil      5
## 19 Other     5
## 20 Phil      4
```

Figure 20: Morality of eating meat data (some randomly chosen rows)

```
meat %>% group_by(discipline) %>%
  summarize(mean_score=mean(score))

## # A tibble: 3 x 2
##   discipline mean_score
##   <fct>      <dbl>
## 1 Eth        4.17
## 2 Phil       3.73
## 3 Other      4.63
```

Figure 21: Mean scores by group for meat data

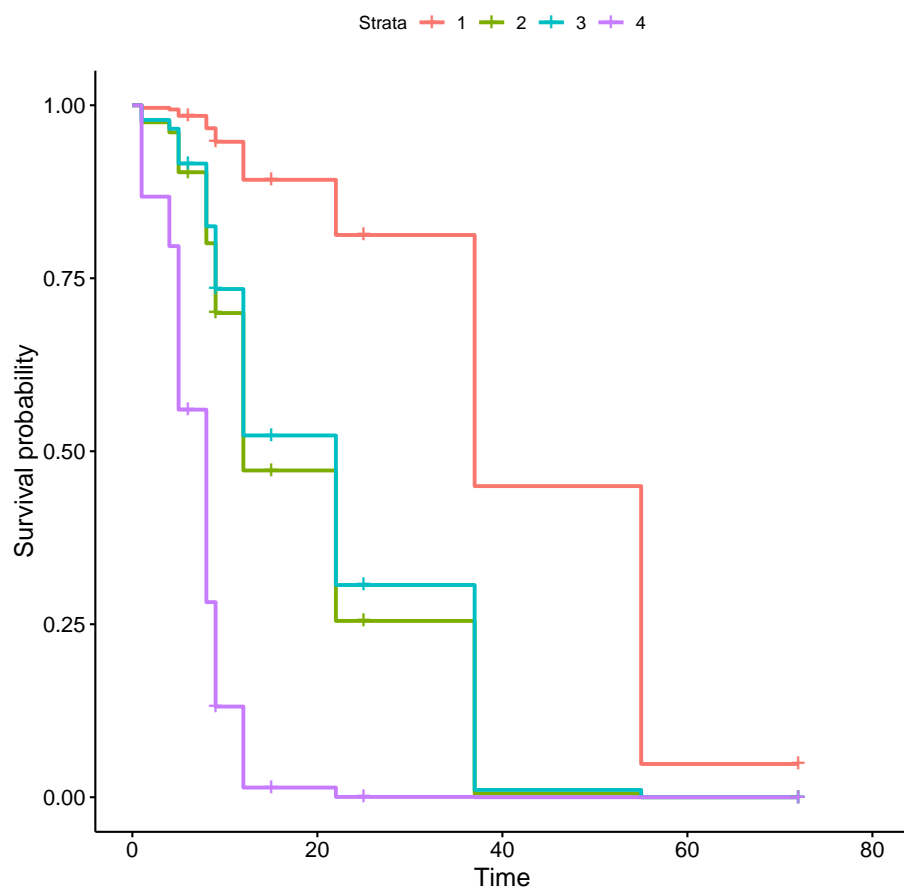
```

meat.1=lm(score~discipline, data=meat)
summary(meat.1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = score ~ discipline, data = meat)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.6333 -0.7333  0.3667  0.8333  1.2667
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    4.1778     0.1180  35.409 < 2e-16 ***
## discipline1   -0.2333     0.1445  -1.615  0.10999
## discipline2   -0.4444     0.1669  -2.664  0.00921 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.119 on 87 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1003, Adjusted R-squared:  0.07965
## F-statistic: 4.851 on 2 and 87 DF,  p-value: 0.01006

```

Figure 22: Testing of contrasts for meat data



```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   age treatment
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1    67 A
## 2    67 B
## 3    75 A
## 4    75 B
```

Figure 23: Predicted survival curves for ages and treatments given below plot

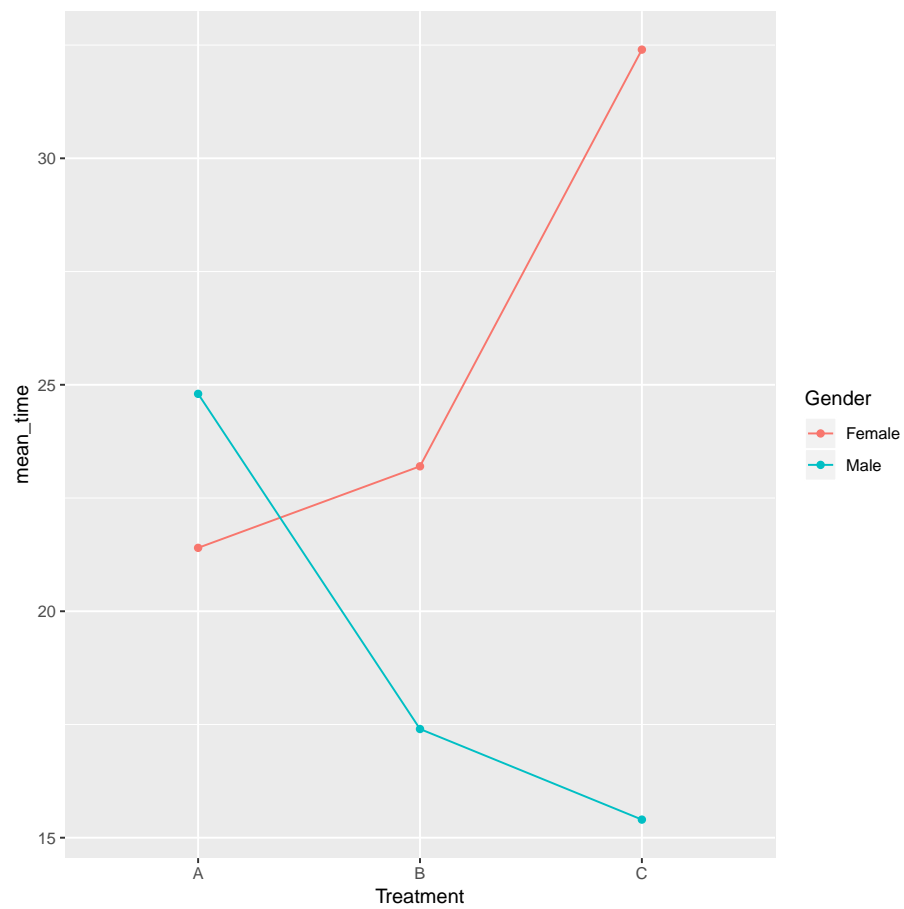


Figure 24: Headache pain relief times, interaction plot