Choosing things in dataframes

Packages

The usual:

library(tidyverse)

Doing things with data frames

Let's go back to our Australian athletes:

athletes

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
  Sex
        Sport RCC
                  WCC
                        Hc Hg Ferr
                                        BMI SSF `%Bfat`
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                   <dbl>
1 female Netb~ 4.56 13.3 42.2 13.6
                                    20 19.2 49 11.3
2 female Netb~ 4.15
                  6
                        38
                             12.7
                                    59
                                        21.2 110.
                                                    25.3
3 female Netb~ 4.16 7.6 37.5 12.3
                                    22
                                        21.4 89 19.4
                                        21.0 98.3 19.6
4 female Netb~ 4.32 6.4 37.7 12.3
                                    30
5 female Netb~ 4.06 5.8 38.7 12.8
                                    78
                                       21.8 122.
                                                    23.1
6 female Netb~ 4.12 6.1 36.6 11.8
                                    21
                                        21.4 90.4 16.9
7 female Netb~ 4.17
                    5
                        37.4 12.7 109
                                        21.5 107.
                                                    21.3
8 female Netb~ 3.8 6.6 36.5 12.4 102
                                       24.4 157.
                                                    26.6
9 female Netb~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                    71
                                       22.6 101. 17.9
10 female Netb~ 4.44 9.7 41.4 14.1
                                    64
                                        22.8 126.
                                                    25.0
# i 192 more rows
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Choosing a column

```
athletes %>% select(Sport)
```

```
A tibble: 202 x 1
   Sport
   <chr>>
   Netball
 2 Netball
 3 Netball
4 Netball
 5 Netball
  Netball
   Netball
   Netball
   Netball
10 Netball
# i 192 more rows
```

Choosing several columns

```
athletes %>% select(Sport, Hg, BMI)
```

```
A tibble: 202 x 3
  Sport
             Hg
                  BMI
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
  Netball 13.6 19.2
2 Netball 12.7 21.2
3 Netball 12.3 21.4
4 Netball 12.3 21.0
5 Netball 12.8 21.8
6 Netball 11.8 21.4
  Netball 12.7 21.5
  Netball 12.4 24.4
  Netball 12.4 22.6
10 Netball 14.1 22.8
# i 192 more rows
```

Choosing consecutive columns

athletes %>% select(Sex:WCC, BMI)

```
A tibble: 202 x 5
                       WCC
                            BMI
  Sex
        Sport
                  RCC
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Netball 4.56 13.3 19.2
2 female Netball 4.15 6 21.2
3 female Netball 4.16 7.6 21.4
4 female Netball 4.32 6.4 21.0
5 female Netball 4.06 5.8 21.8
6 female Netball 4.12 6.1 21.4
  female Netball 4.17 5 21.5
8 female Netball 3.8 6.6 24.4
9 female Netball 3.96 5.5 22.6
10 female Netball 4.44
                       9.7 22.8
# i 192 more rows
```

Choosing all-but some columns

```
athletes %>% select(-(RCC:LBM))
```

```
A tibble: 202 x 4
  Sex
         Sport
               Ht
                         Wt.
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 female Netball 177.
                       59.9
2 female Netball 173.
                       63
3 female Netball 176 66.3
4 female Netball 170. 60.7
5 female Netball 183 72.9
6 female Netball 178. 67.9
7 female Netball 177. 67.5
8 female Netball 174. 74.1
9 female Netball 174.
                       68.2
10 female Netball 174.
                       68.8
# i 192 more rows
```

Select-helpers

Other ways to select columns: those whose name:

- starts_with something
- ends_with something
- contains something
- matches a "regular expression"
- everything() select all the columns

Columns whose names begin with S

```
athletes %>% select(starts_with("S"))
```

```
# A tibble: 202 x 3
  Sex Sport
                   SSF
  <chr> <chr> <dbl>
 1 female Netball 49
 2 female Netball 110.
 3 female Netball 89
4 female Netball 98.3
 5 female Netball 122.
 6 female Netball 90.4
7 female Netball 107.
 8 female Netball 157.
 9 female Netball 101.
10 female Netball 126.
# i 192 more rows
```

Columns whose names end with C

either uppercase or lowercase:

```
athletes %>% select(ends_with("c"))
```

```
A tibble: 202 x 3
    RCC
         WCC
               Hc
  <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
  4.56 13.3 42.2
2
   4.15 6 38
3
   4.16 7.6 37.5
4
   4.32 6.4 37.7
5
   4.06 5.8 38.7
6
   4.12 6.1 36.6
   4.17 5 37.4
7
8
   3.8 6.6 36.5
9
   3.96 5.5 36.3
   4.44 9.7 41.4
10
   192 more rows
```

Case-sensitive

This works with any of the select-helpers:

```
athletes %>% select(ends_with("C", ignore.case=FALSE))
```

```
# A tibble: 202 x 2
    RCC
        WCC
  <dbl> <dbl>
1 4.56 13.3
2 4.15 6
3 4.16 7.6
  4.32 6.4
5
  4.06 5.8
  4.12 6.1
6
7 4.17 5
  3.8 6.6
8
  3.96 5.5
10 4.44 9.7
# i 192 more rows
```

Column names containing letter R

```
athletes %>% select(contains("r"))
```

```
# A tibble: 202 \times 3
  Sport
           RCC Ferr
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Netball 4.56
                  20
2 Netball 4.15 59
3 Netball 4.16 22
4 Netball 4.32 30
5 Netball 4.06 78
6 Netball 4.12 21
7 Netball 4.17
                 109
8 Netball 3.8
                 102
9 Netball 3.96
               71
10 Netball 4.44
                  64
# i 192 more rows
```

Exactly two characters, ending with T

In regular expression terms, this is ^.t\$:

- ^ means "start of text"
- means "exactly one character, but could be anything"
- t means a literal letter t (uppercase or lowercase)
- \$ means "end of text".

Matching a regular expression

```
athletes %>% select(matches("^.t$"))
```

```
A tibble: 202 \times 2
     Ht.
           Wt.
  <dbl> <dbl>
   177. 59.9
2 173. 63
3
  176 66.3
  170. 60.7
 5 183 72.9
  178. 67.9
7 177. 67.5
8
  174. 74.1
9
  174. 68.2
10 174. 68.8
# i 192 more rows
```

Choosing columns by property

- Use where as with summarizing several columns
- eg, to choose text columns:

```
athletes %>% select(where(is.character))
```

```
# A tibble: 202 x 2
   Sex
          Sport
   <chr> <chr>
 1 female Nethall
 2 female Netball
 3 female Netball
 4 female Nethall
  female Netball
 6 female Netball
 7 female Netball
  female Netball
  female Netball
10 female Netball
# i 192 more rows
```

Choosing rows by number

athletes %>% slice(16:25)

```
# A tibble: 10 x 13
  Sex
        Sport
               RCC
                  WCC
                          Нc
                               Hg Ferr
                                         BMI SSF `%Bfat`
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                   <dbl>
1 female Netb~ 4.25 10.7 39.5 13.2 127
                                        24.5 157. 26.5
2 female Netb~ 4.46 10.9 39.7 13.7 102
                                        24.0 116.
                                                    23.0
3 female Netb~ 4.4 9.3 40.4 13.6
                                    86
                                        26.2 182.
                                                    30.1
4 female Netb~ 4.83 8.4 41.8 13.4
                                    40
                                        20.0 71.6 13.9
5 female Netb~ 4.23 6.9 38.3 12.6
                                    50
                                        25.7 144.
                                                    26.6
6 female Netb~ 4.24 8.4 37.6 12.5
                                     58
                                        25.6 201.
                                                    35.5
7 female Netb~ 3.95 6.6 38.4 12.8
                                     33
                                        19.9 68.9 15.6
8 female Netb~ 4.03 8.5 37.7 13
                                     51
                                        23.4 104. 19.6
9 female BBall 3.96 7.5 37.5 12.3
                                        20.6 109. 19.8
                                    60
10 female BBall 4.41
                                        20.7 103.
                   8.3 38.2 12.7
                                    68
                                                    21.3
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Non-consecutive rows

```
athletes %>%
 slice(10, 13, 17, 42)
# A tibble: 4 \times 13
 Sex
        Sport RCC
                    WCC Hc
                                 Hg Ferr
                                            BMI
                                                 SSF `%Bfat`
 <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                       <dbl>
1 female Netba~ 4.44 9.7 41.4 14.1
                                       64
                                                        25.0
                                           22.8
                                                126.
2 female Netba~ 4.02 9.1 37.7 12.7 107
                                           23.0
                                                77 18.1
3 female Netba~ 4.46 10.9 39.7 13.7 102
                                           24.0 116.
                                                        23.0
4 female Row 4.37 8.1 41.8 14.3
                                       53 23.5
                                                 98
                                                        21.8
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

A random sample of rows

athletes %>% slice_sample(n=8)

```
# A tibble: 8 x 13
 Sex
       Sport
               RCC
                    WCC
                          Hс
                                Hg Ferr
                                         BMI
                                               SSF `%Bfat`
 <chr> <chr>
             <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                    <dbl>
1 male
       Row 4.87
                    8.2
                         43.8
                             15
                                    130
                                        23.6 49.2
                                                    9
2 female BBall 4.41 8.3 38.2 12.7
                                     68
                                        20.7 103.
                                                    21.3
3 female Row 4.63 6
                         43.7 14.7
                                     30
                                        22.6
                                              97.2
                                                    18.8
4 female TSprnt 4.82 7.6 43.2 14.4
                                     58
                                        22.4
                                              50
                                                    11.6
5 male
       Swim 5.17 4.1
                        44.9 15
                                     76
                                        23.2
                                              50.9
                                                    8.56
6 male WPolo 5.04 6
                         45.9 15
                                     52
                                        21.3
                                              43.3 7.82
7 male T400m 4.71
                  7.2 43.6 14
                                     32
                                        20.4
                                              30.5 5.63
8 male
       Tennis 4.97
                    8.8
                         43
                              14.9
                                    233
                                        22.3
                                              60.4
                                                    11.5
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Rows for which something is true

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis")
```

```
# A tibble: 11 \times 13
                                                 SSF '%Bfat'
  Sex
         Sport
                RCC
                     WCC
                            Hс
                                 Hg
                                     Ferr
                                           BMI
         <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <dbl>
 1 female Tenn~
               4
                     4.2
                          36.6
                                12
                                       57
                                           25.4 109
                                                      20.9
2 female Tenn~ 4.4
                     4
                          40.8
                               13.9
                                       73
                                           22.1
                                                98.1
                                                      19.6
3 female Tenn~ 4.38
                   7.9
                          39.8
                               13.5
                                       88
                                          21.2
                                                80.6
                                                      17.1
4 female Tenn~ 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1 182
                                          20.5
                                                68.3
                                                      15.3
5 female Tenn~ 4.98
                   6.4
                         44.8
                               14.8
                                       80
                                           17.1
                                                47.6
                                                      11.1
                                                      12.9
6 female Tenn~ 5.16
                   7.2 44.3 14.5
                                       88
                                           18.3
                                                61.9
7 female Tenn~ 4.66 6.4 40.9 13.9
                                           18.4
                                                38.2
                                                     8.45
                                     109
8 male
       Tenn~ 5.66 8.3 50.2
                               17.7
                                       38
                                           23.8
                                                56.5
                                                      10.0
9 male Tenn~ 5.03 6.4 42.7
                               14.3
                                      122
                                          22.0
                                                47.6
                                                      8.51
10 male Tenn~ 4.97 8.8
                          43
                               14.9
                                      233
                                           22.3
                                                60.4
                                                      11.5
11 male
        Tenn~ 5.38
                     6.3
                          46
                               15.7
                                       32
                                          21.1
                                                34.9
                                                       6.26
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

More complicated selections

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis", RCC < 5)</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 7 \times 13
 Sex
      Sport
              RCC WCC
                      Hс
                             Hg Ferr
                                     BMI
                                          SSF `%Bfat`
 <dbl>
1 female Tennis 4
                  4.2 36.6 12
                                 57
                                     25.4 109
                                               20.9
2 female Tennis 4.4
                                 73
                                               19.6
                  4
                      40.8 13.9
                                     22.1
                                         98.1
3 female Tennis 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                 88
                                     21.2
                                         80.6 17.1
4 female Tennis 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1 182
                                     20.5
                                         68.3 15.3
5 female Tennis 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8 80 17.1 47.6 11.1
6 female Tennis 4.66 6.4 40.9 13.9 109
                                     18.4
                                         38.2 8.45
7 male
      Tennis 4.97 8.8
                      43
                           14.9
                                 233 22.3
                                         60.4
                                               11.5
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Another way to do "and"

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis") %>%
  filter(RCC < 5)</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 7 \times 13
 Sex
       Sport
               RCC
                   WCC
                        Нc
                                Hg Ferr
                                          BMI
                                               SSF `%Bfat`
 <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                    <dbl>
1 female Tennis 4 4.2 36.6 12
                                     57
                                         25.4 109
                                                    20.9
2 female Tennis 4.4 4
                         40.8 13.9
                                     73
                                         22.1 98.1 19.6
3 female Tennis 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                     88
                                         21.2 80.6 17.1
4 female Tennis 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1 182
                                         20.5
                                              68.3 15.3
5 female Tennis 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8 80
                                         17.1 47.6 11.1
6 female Tennis 4.66 6.4 40.9 13.9 109 18.4
                                              38.2 8.45
       Tennis 4.97
                   8.8
                         43
                              14.9
                                    233
                                         22.3
                                              60.4 11.5
7 male
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Either/Or

```
athletes %>% filter(Sport == "Tennis" | RCC > 5)
```

```
# A tibble: 66 x 13
                                Hg Ferr
                                               SSF '%Bfat'
  Sex
        Sport
               RCC
                    WCC
                           Hс
                                          BMI
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                    <dbl>
1 female Row 5.02
                   6.4
                         44.8
                              15.2
                                     48
                                         19.8
                                              91
                                                     19.2
2 female T400m 5.31 9.5 47.1 15.9
                                     29
                                         21.4
                                              57.9
                                                     11.1
3 female Field 5.33 9.3 47
                              15
                                     62
                                         25.3 103.
                                                     19.5
4 female TSpr~ 5.16 8.2 45.3 14.7
                                         20.3 46.1
                                                     10.2
                                     34
5 female Tenn~ 4 4.2 36.6
                              12
                                     57
                                         25.4 109
                                                     20.9
6 female Tenn~ 4.4
                    4
                         40.8 13.9
                                     73
                                         22.1
                                              98.1
                                                     19.6
7 female Tenn~ 4.38 7.9 39.8 13.5
                                     88
                                         21.2
                                                     17.1
                                              80.6
8 female Tenn~ 4.08 6.6 37.8 12.1 182
                                         20.5 68.3
                                                     15.3
9 female Tenn~ 4.98 6.4 44.8 14.8
                                         17.1 47.6
                                                     11.1
                                     80
10 female Tenn~ 5.16 7.2 44.3 14.5
                                     88
                                                     12.9
                                         18.3
                                              61.9
# i 56 more rows
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Sorting into order

athletes %>% arrange(RCC)

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
                                                SSF '%Bfat'
  Sex
        Sport
               RCC
                     WCC
                           Hс
                                 Hg
                                    Ferr
                                          BMI
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                     <dbl>
1 female Netb~ 3.8
                     6.6 36.5 12.4
                                     102
                                          24.4 157.
                                                      26.6
2 female Netb~ 3.9 6.3 35.9 12.1
                                      78
                                          20.1
                                               70
                                                      15.0
3 female T400m 3.9
                     6
                         38.9
                              13.5
                                      16
                                          19.4 48.4
                                                      10.5
4 female Row 3.91 7.3 37.6 12.9
                                                      25.2
                                      43
                                         22.3 126.
5 female Netb~ 3.95
                   6.6 38.4 12.8
                                      33
                                          19.9
                                               68.9
                                                      15.6
6 female Row 3.95 3.3 36.9 12.5
                                      40
                                         24.5 74.9
                                                      16.4
7 female Netb~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                                      17.9
                                      71
                                         22.6 101.
8 female BBall 3.96 7.5 37.5 12.3
                                      60
                                          20.6 109.
                                                      19.8
9 female Tenn~ 4
                 4.2 36.6 12
                                      57
                                          25.4 109
                                                      20.9
10 female Netb~ 4.02
                     9.1 37.7
                               12.7
                                     107
                                          23.0 77
                                                      18.1
# i 192 more rows
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Breaking ties by another variable

athletes %>% arrange(RCC, BMI)

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
                               Hg Ferr
  Sex
        Sport
               RCC
                    WCC
                          Hс
                                         BMI
                                              SSF `%Bfat`
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                    <dbl>
1 female Netb~ 3.8 6.6 36.5 12.4
                                    102
                                        24.4 157.
                                                    26.6
2 female T400m 3.9 6
                        38.9 13.5
                                     16
                                        19.4 48.4 10.5
3 female Netb~ 3.9 6.3 35.9 12.1
                                             70
                                     78
                                        20.1
                                                    15.0
4 female Row 3.91 7.3 37.6 12.9
                                                    25.2
                                     43
                                        22.3 126.
5 female Netb~ 3.95
                  6.6 38.4 12.8
                                     33
                                        19.9 68.9 15.6
6 female Row 3.95 3.3 36.9 12.5
                                     40
                                        24.5 74.9 16.4
7 female BBall 3.96 7.5 37.5 12.3
                                     60
                                        20.6 109. 19.8
8 female Netb~ 3.96 5.5 36.3 12.4
                                     71
                                        22.6 101.
                                                    17.9
9 female Tenn~ 4
                                        25.4 109
                4.2 36.6 12
                                     57
                                                    20.9
10 female Netb~ 4.02 9.1 37.7
                              12.7
                                    107
                                                    18.1
                                        23.0 77
# i 192 more rows
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

Descending order

athletes %>% arrange(desc(BMI))

```
# A tibble: 202 x 13
                                 Hg Ferr
                                           BMI
                                                SSF `%Bfat`
  Sex
         Sport
                RCC
                     WCC
                           Hс
  <chr>
        <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <
                                                      <dbl>
 1 male Field 5.48
                     6.2
                          48.2
                               16.3
                                      94
                                          34.4 82.7
                                                      13.9
2 male Field 4.96 8.3
                         45.3
                               15.7 141
                                          33.7 114.
                                                      17.4
3 male Field 5.48
                   4.6
                         49.4
                               18
                                     132
                                          32.5 55.7
                                                      8.51
4 female Field 4.75 7.5
                         43.8
                               15.2
                                      90
                                          31.9 132.
                                                      23.0
5 male
        Field 5.01
                   8.9
                          46
                               15.9 212
                                          30.2 112.
                                                      19.9
6 male Field 5.01
                   8.9
                          46
                               15.9
                                     212
                                          30.2 96.9
                                                      18.1
7 male Field 5.09
                   8.9 46.3 15.4
                                      44
                                          30.0 71.1
                                                      14.0
8 female Field 4.58 5.8 42.1
                               14.7 164
                                          28.6 110.
                                                      21.3
9 female Field 4.51
                               14.3
                                      36
                                          28.1 136.
                     9
                          39.7
                                                      24.9
10 male
        WPolo 5.34
                     6.2
                          49.8
                               17.2
                                     143
                                          27.8 75.7
                                                      13.5
# i 192 more rows
# i 3 more variables: LBM <dbl>, Ht <dbl>, Wt <dbl>
```

"The top ones"

```
athletes %>%
  arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
  slice(1:7) %>%
  select(Sport, Wt)
```

Another way

5 Field 103. 6 WPolo 101 7 BBall 100.

```
athletes %>%
 slice_max(order_by = Wt, n=7) %>%
 select(Sport, Wt)
# A tibble: 7 x 2
 Sport Wt
 <chr> <dbl>
1 Field 123.
2 BBall 114.
3 Field 111.
4 Field 108.
```

Create new variables from old ones

10 Netball female 51.9 114.

i 192 more rows

```
athletes %>%
 mutate(wt_lb = Wt * 2.2) %>%
 select(Sport, Sex, Wt, wt_lb) %>%
 arrange(Wt)
# A tibble: 202 x 4
  Sport Sex Wt wt lb
  <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Gym female 37.8 83.2
2 Gym female 43.8 96.4
3 Gym female 45.1 99.2
4 Tennis female 45.8 101.
5 Tennis female 47.4 104.
6 Gym female 47.8 105.
7 T400m female 49.2 108.
8 Row female 49.8 110.
9 T400m female 50.9 112.
```

Turning the result into a number

Output is always data frame unless you explicitly turn it into something else, eg. the weight of the heaviest athlete, as a number:

```
athletes %>% arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
  pluck("Wt", 1) -> heavy
heavy
```

[1] 123.2

Or the 20 heaviest weights in descending order:

```
athletes %>%

arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%

slice(1:20) %>%

pluck("Wt")
```

```
[1] 123.20 113.70 111.30 108.20 102.70 101.00 100.20 98.00 97.90 97.90 [11] 97.00 96.90 96.30 94.80 94.80 94.70 94.70 94.60 94.25 94.20
```

Another way to do the last one

```
athletes %>%
  arrange(desc(Wt)) %>%
  slice(1:20) %>%
  pull("Wt")
```

```
[1] 123.20 113.70 111.30 108.20 102.70 101.00 100.20 98.00 97.90 97.90 [11] 97.00 96.90 96.30 94.80 94.80 94.70 94.70 94.60 94.25 94.20
```

pull grabs the column you name as a vector (of whatever it contains).

To find the mean height of the women athletes

Two ways:

```
athletes %>% group_by(Sex) %>% summarize(m = mean(Ht))
# A tibble: 2 x 2
 Sex
 <chr> <dbl>
1 female 175.
2 male 186.
athletes %>%
 filter(Sex == "female") %>%
  summarize(m = mean(Ht))
# A tibble: 1 x 1
```

1 175.

m <dbl>

Summary of data selection/arrangement "verbs"

Verb	Purpose
select	Choose columns
slice	Choose rows by number
slice_sample	Choose random rows
slice_max	Choose rows with largest values on a variable (also
	slice_min)
filter	Choose rows satisfying conditions
arrange	Sort in order by column(s)
mutate	Create new variables
group_by	Create groups to work with
summarize	Calculate summary statistics (by groups if defined)
pluck	Extract items from data frame
pull	Extract a single column from a data frame as a vector

Looking things up in another data frame

• Suppose you are working in the nails department of a hardware store and you find that you have sold these items:

```
my_url <- "http://ritsokiguess.site/datafiles/nail_sales.csv"
sales <- read_csv(my_url)
sales</pre>
```

Product descriptions and prices

- but you don't remember what these product codes are, and you would like to know the total revenue from these sales.
- Fortunately you found a list of product descriptions and prices:

```
my_url <- "http://ritsokiguess.site/datafiles/nail_desc.csv"
desc <- read_csv(my_url)
desc</pre>
```

```
# A tibble: 7 \times 5
  product code description
                               size
                                            qty price
  <chr>>
               <chr>>
                               <chr>
                                          <dbl> <dbl>
1 061-4525-2
                               "10\""
               spike nail
                                                 1.49
                               "1.5\""
2 061-5329-4
               masonry nail
                                            112
                                                 8.19
                               "1\""
3 061-5344-6
               finishing nail
                                           1298
                                                 6.99
4 061-5375-2
               roofing nail
                               "1.25\""
                                            192
                                                 6.99
                               "4\""
5 061-5388-2
               framing nail
                                             25
                                                 8.19
                               "1\""
6 161-0090-0
               wood nail
                                             25
                                                 2.39
                               "1-5/8\""
7 161-0199-4
               panel nail
                                             20
                                                 4.69
```

The lookup

- How do you "look up" the product codes to find the product descriptions and prices?
- left_join.

sales %>% left_join(desc)

```
# A tibble: 6 x 6
  product_code sales description
                                     size
                                                 qty price
  <chr>>
               <dbl> <chr>
                                     <chr>
                                               <dbl> <dbl>
                                     "1\""
1 061-5344-6
                                                      6.99
                  10 finishing nail
                                                1298
2 161-0090-0
                   6 wood nail
                                     "1\""
                                                  25 2.39
                                     "4\""
                                                  25 8.19
3 061-5388-2
                   2 framing nail
4 161-0199-4
                   8 panel nail
                                     "1-5/8\""
                                                  20
                                                      4.69
5 061-5375-2
                   5 roofing nail
                                     "1.25\""
                                                 192 6.99
6 061-4525-2
                                     "10\""
                                                       1.49
                   3 spike nail
```

What we have

- this looks up all the rows in the *first* dataframe that are also in the *second*.
- by default matches all columns with same name in two dataframes (product_code here)
- get all columns in both dataframes. The rows are the ones for that product_code.

So now can work out how much the total revenue was:

```
sales %>% left_join(desc) %>%
  mutate(product_revenue = sales*price) %>%
  summarize(total_revenue = sum(product_revenue))
```

More comments

- if any product codes are not matched, you get NA in the added columns
- anything in the second dataframe that was not in the first does not appear (here, any products that were not sold)
- other variations (examples follow):
 - ▶ if there are two columns with the same name in the two dataframes, and you only want to match on one, use by with one column name
 - ▶ if the columns you want to look up have different names in the two dataframes, use by with a "named list"

Matching on only some matching names

 Suppose the sales dataframe also had a column qty (which was the quantity sold):

```
sales %>% rename("qty"="sales") -> sales1
sales1
```

• The qty in sales1 is the quantity sold, but the qty in desc is the number of nails in a package. These should *not* be matched: they are

Matching only on product code

```
sales1 %>%
left_join(desc, join_by(product_code))
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 6
 product code qty.x description
                                   size
                                             qty.y price
 <chr>
          <dbl> <chr>
                                   <chr>
                                             <dbl> <dbl>
                                    "1\""
1 061-5344-6
                 10 finishing nail
                                               1298
                                                    6.99
                                    "1\""
                                                25 2.39
2 161-0090-0
                  6 wood nail
                                    "4\""
                                                25 8.19
3 061-5388-2
                  2 framing nail
                                   "1-5/8\""
                                                20 4.69
4 161-0199-4
                  8 panel nail
5 061-5375-2
                                              192 6.99
                  5 roofing nail
                                   "1.25\""
6 061-4525-2
                  3 spike nail
                                    "10\""
                                                    1.49
```

• Get qty.x (from sales1) and qty.y (from desc).

Matching on different names 1/2

• Suppose the product code in sales was just code:

```
sales %>% rename("code" = "product_code") -> sales2
sales2
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
code sales
<chr> <dbl>
1 061-5344-6 10
2 161-0090-0 6
3 061-5388-2 2
4 161-0199-4 8
5 061-5375-2 5
6 061-4525-2 3
```

• How to match the two product codes that have different names?

Matching on different names 2/2

• Use join_by, but like this:

```
sales2 %>%
left_join(desc, join_by(code == product_code))
```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 6
 code sales description
                               size
                                          qty price
 <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                               <chr>
                                        <dbl> <dbl>
                               "1\""
1 061-5344-6
              10 finishing nail
                                         1298 6.99
                               "1\""
2 161-0090-0
               6 wood nail
                                           25 2.39
                               "4\""
3 061-5388-2
                                           25 8.19
               2 framing nail
4 161-0199-4
               8 panel nail
                               "1-5/8\""
                                           20 4.69
                               "1.25\""
                                          192 6.99
5 061-5375-2
               5 roofing nail
                               "10\""
                                            1 1.49
6 061-4525-2
               3 spike nail
```

Other types of join

- right_join: interchanges roles, looking up keys from second dataframe in first.
- anti_join: give me all the rows in the first dataframe that are not in the second. (Use this eg. to see whether the product descriptions are incomplete.)
- full_join: give me all the rows in both dataframes, with missings as needed.

Full join here

sales %>% full_join(desc)

```
# A tibble: 7 \times 6
  product code sales description
                                      size
                                                   qty price
               <dbl> <chr>
  <chr>>
                                      <chr>>
                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                                      "1\""
1 061-5344-6
                   10 finishing nail
                                                  1298
                                                        6.99
                                      "1\""
2 161-0090-0
                    6 wood nail
                                                    25 2.39
                                      "4\""
                                                    25 8.19
3 061-5388-2
                    2 framing nail
                                      "1-5/8\""
4 161-0199-4
                    8 panel nail
                                                    20 4.69
                                      "1.25\""
                                                   192 6.99
5 061-5375-2
                    5 roofing nail
6 061-4525-2
                    3 spike nail
                                      "10\""
                                                     1 1.49
                                      "1.5\""
7 061-5329-4
                   NA masonry nail
                                                   112
                                                        8.19
```

• The missing sales for "masonry nail" says that it was in the lookup table desc, but we didn't sell any.

The same thing, but with anti_join

Anything in first df but not in second?

```
desc %>% anti_join(sales)
```

Masonry nails are the only thing in our product description file that we did not sell any of.

The other way around

```
sales %>% anti_join(desc)
```

```
# A tibble: 0 x 2
```

i 2 variables: product_code <chr>, sales <dbl>

There was nothing we sold that was not in the description file.