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Tracking current Maximum Element in a Stack

Given a Stack, keep track of the maximum value in it. The maximum value may be the top element of the stack, but once a new element is pushed or an element is pop from the stack, the maximum element will be now from the rest of the elements.

Examples:

Input : 4 19 7 14 20

Output : Max Values in stack are
4 19 19 19 20

Input : 40 19 7 14 20 5

Output : Max Values in stack are
40 40 40 40 40 40

Recommended: Please try your approach on *{IDE}* first, before moving on to the solution.

Method 1 (Brute-force): We keep pushing the elements in the main stack and whenever we are asked to return the maximum element, we traverse the stack and print the max element.



Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Auxiliary Space : $O(1)$

Method 2 (Efficient): An efficient approach would be to maintain an auxiliary stack while pushing element in the main stack. This auxiliary stack will keep track of the maximum element.

Below is the step by step algorithm to do this:

1. Create an auxiliary stack, say 'trackStack' to keep the track of maximum element
2. Push the first element to both mainStack and the trackStack.
3. Now from the second element, push the element to the main stack. Compare the element with the top element of the track stack, if the current element is greater than top of trackStack then push the current element to trackStack otherwise push the top element of trackStack again into it.
4. If we pop an element from the main stack, then pop an element from the trackStack as well.
5. Now to compute the maximum of the main stack at any point, we can simply print the top element of Track stack.

Step by step explanation :

Suppose the elements are pushed on to the stack in the order {4, 2, 14, 1, 18}

Step 1 : Push 4, Current max : 4

Step 2 : Push 2, Current max : 4

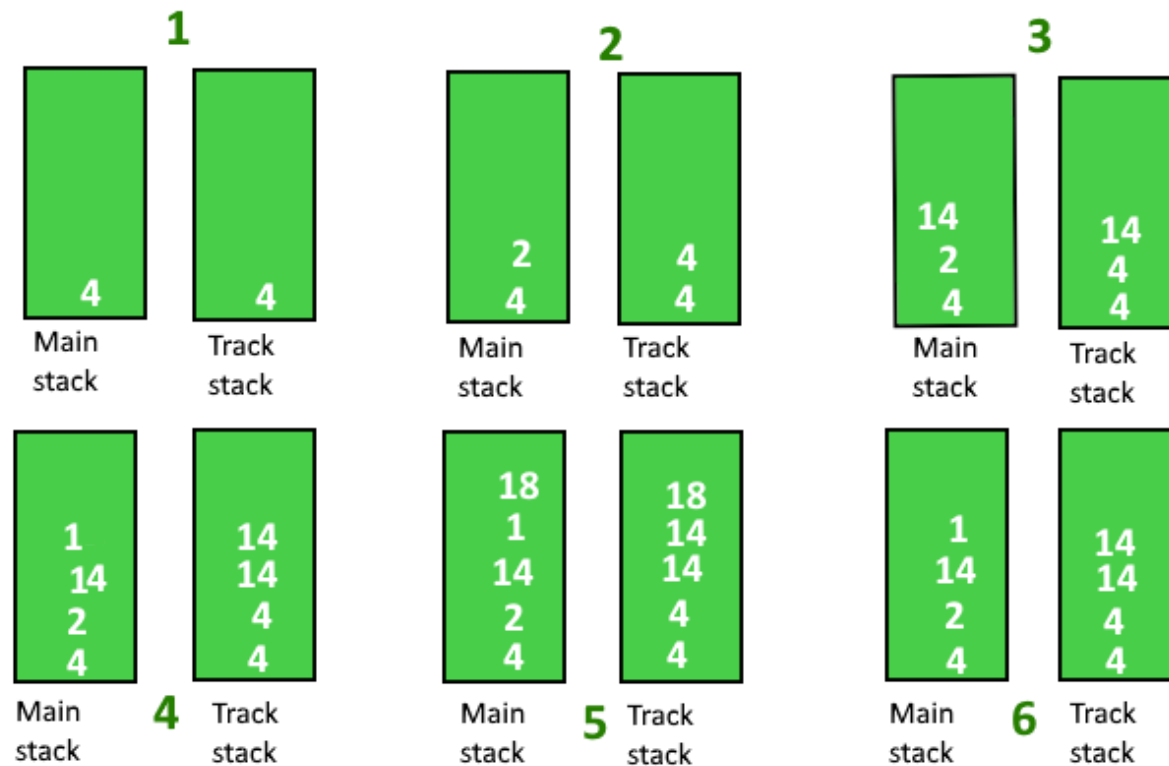
Step 3 : Push 14, Current max : 14

Step 4 : Push 1, Current max : 14

Step 5 : Push 18, Current max : 18

Step 6 : Pop 18, Current max : 14





Below is the C++ implementation of above approach:

```
// C++ program to keep track of maximum
// element in a stack
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

class StackWithMax
{
    // main stack
    stack<int> mainStack;

    // tack to keep track of max element
    stack<int> trackStack;

public:
    void push(int x)
    {
        mainStack.push(x);
        if (mainStack.size() == 1)
        {
            trackStack.push(x);
            return;
        }

        // If current element is greater than
        // the top element of track stack, push
        // the current element to track stack
        // otherwise push the element at top of
        // track stack again into it.
        if (x > trackStack.top())
            trackStack.push(x);
        else
            trackStack.push(trackStack.top());
    }

    int getMax()
    {
        return trackStack.top();
    }

    int pop()
    {
        mainStack.pop();
        trackStack.pop();
    }
}
```



```
    }  
};  
  
// Driver program to test above functions  
int main()  
{  
    StackWithMax s;  
    s.push(20);  
    cout << s.getMax() << endl;  
    s.push(10);  
    cout << s.getMax() << endl;  
    s.push(50);  
    cout << s.getMax() << endl;  
    return 0;  
}
```

[Run on IDE](#)[Copy Code](#)

Output:

```
20  
20  
50
```

Time Complexity : $O(1)$

Auxiliary Complexity : $O(n)$

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