



Centurion
UNIVERSITY
*Shaping Lives...
Empowering Communities...*

School: Campus:

Academic Year: Subject Name: Subject Code:

Semester: Program: Branch: Specialization:

Date:

Applied and Action Learning

(Learning by Doing and Discovery)

Name of the Experiment :

* **Coding Phase: Pseudo Code / Flow Chart / Algorithm**

Steps (Implementation):

- 1.Wrote and deployed smart contract using Remix
- 2.users staked different amounts of ETH
- 3.Used getChance to view % chances for each validator
- 4.Simulated validator selection using JavaScript script

* **Softwares used**

- 1.Remix IDE
- 2.Solidity ^0.8.x
- 3.MetaMask
4. Remix VM

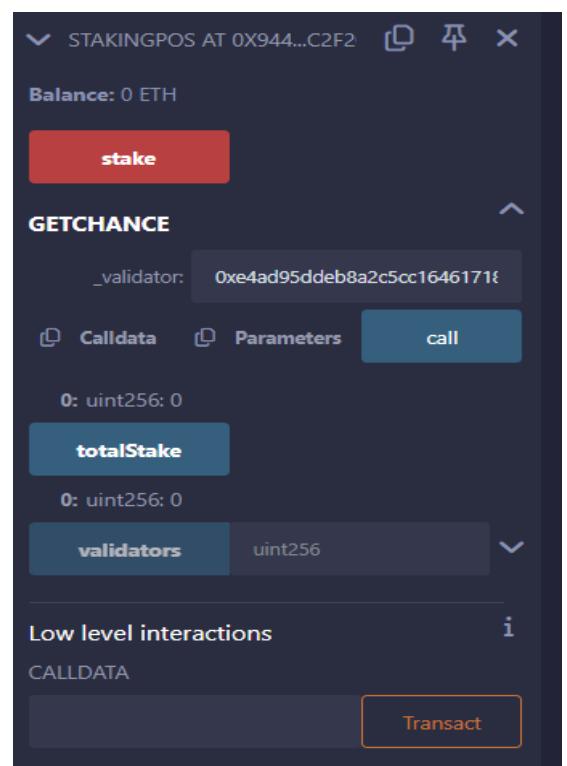
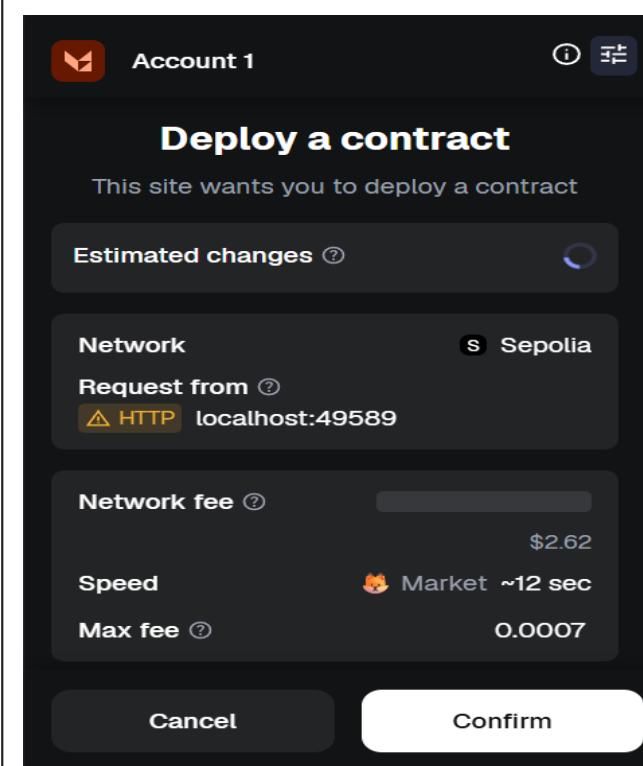
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**As applicable according to the experiment.
Two sheets per experiment (10-20) to be used.*

* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

```

1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
3 contract StakingPoS {
4     struct Validator {
5         address account;
6         uint256 stake;
7     }
8     Validator[] public validators;
9     uint256 public totalStake;
10    function stake() public payable {    █ infinite gas
11        require(msg.value > 0, "Stake must be greater than 0");
12        for (uint256 i = 0; i < validators.length; i++) {
13            if (validators[i].account == msg.sender) {
14                validators[i].stake += msg.value;
15                totalStake += msg.value;
16                return;
17            }
18        }
19        validators.push(Validator(msg.sender, msg.value));
20        totalStake += msg.value;
21    }
22    function getChance(address _validator) public view returns(uint256) {    █ infinite gas
23        for (uint256 i = 0; i < validators.length; i++) {
24            if (validators[i].account == _validator) {
25                return (validators[i].stake * 100) / totalStake;
26            }
27        }
28        return 0;
29    }
30 }
```



* Implementation Phase: Final Output (no error)

Applied and Action Learning

```
[block:9537734 txIndex:3] from: 0xe4a...ca52e to: StakingPoS.(constructor)
value: 0 wei data: 0x608...e0033 logs: 0 hash: 0x825...c62a7
Debug ✓

view on Etherscan view on Blockscout
call to StakingPoS.getChance

CALL [call] from: 0xe4aD95DdeB8a2C5cC1646171850841668E8Ca52E
to: StakingPoS.getChance(address) data: 0x312...ca52e
call to StakingPoS.totalStake

CALL [call] from: 0xe4aD95DdeB8a2C5cC1646171850841668E8Ca52E
to: StakingPoS.totalStake() data: 0x8b0...e9f3f
Debug ✓

0x9440Ec21ECf666659f8ba73dA0f8f0c9a6Ec2F2c
```

* Observations

1. Validators with a higher stake had a greater chance of being selected for block validation.
2. The total stake percentage directly influenced the probability of validator selection.
3. Even validators with low stake had a chance of being selected, but it was significantly reduced.
4. The simulation successfully showed how PoS promotes fairness and energy efficiency compared to Proof of Work.

ASSESSMENT

Rubrics	Full Mark	Marks Obtained	Remarks
Concept	10		
Planning and Execution/ Practical Simulation/ Programming	10		
Result and Interpretation	10		
Record of Applied and Action Learning	10		
Viva	10		
Total	50		

Signature of the Student:

Name :

Regn. No. :

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Signature of the Faculty:

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