

Building Android Accesories

... using the Open Accessory Development Kit and Arduino

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Demonstrations
- Setting up
- A Simple Example
- -The Arduino library
- -Android
- Resources





Introduction

Arduino

- USB-enabled prototyping board
- Simple, low power 8 bit microcontroller
- Electronics enthusiasts and artists
- IDE Windows, Mac, Linux
- Open source hardware

Open Accessory

- Google Standard and APIs for USB communication to Accessories for Android phones
- Uses the Arduino firmware (bootloader) and the Arduino IDE

ADK

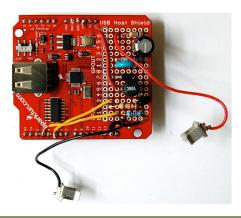
- Google reference design hardware, similar to Arduino board





Geiger Counter Accessory

- Arduino Uno
- Sparkfun USB Host Shield
- Prototyping area









Light Show Charger

- Duinodroid Base
- Off board Arduino in prototying area of USB host shield







Setting Up - Arduino



- Arduino Libraries
 - Copy into arduino/libraries
 - From microbridge.googlecode.com/files/usb_host_patched.zip
 - Modified for USB Host Shield and Arduino Uno
 - USB_Host_Shield
 - #include <Max3421e.h>
 - #include <Usb.h>
 - From developer.android.com/guide/topics/usb/adk.html
 - #include <AndroidAccessory.h>
 - Do NOT install USB_Host_Shield from here
 - Example Arduino Sketch www.duinodroid.com
 - apA_open_accessory_test.zip



Arduino Options

- Arduino Uno + USB Host Shield
- Arduino Mega ADK
 - Arduino Mega with USB Host

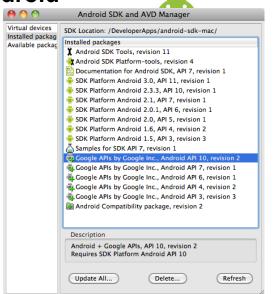






Setting Up - Android

- Android
 - Android Version
 - Android 2.3.4+ (but not all)
 - Nexus One
 - Nexus S
 - Some HTC models?
 - ADK Eclipse Project
 - developer.android.com/guide/topics/usb/adk.html
 - Google APIs level 10 (Android 2.3.3)
 - This example project www.duinodroid.com
 - OpenAccessoryTest.zip source project
 - OpenAccessoryTest.apk binary



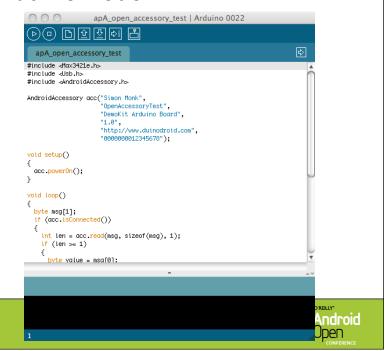


Simple Example

- Increment
 - Enter a number in a field on the phone and click 'send'
 - The Arduino Increments it and sends it back
- Trace
 - Log area displays the execution path through the App
- My attempt to get a handle on a complex process
- A template for you to use.



- Arduino has its own IDE
- C / C++
- Wiring library
- Connect Arduino by USB and upload a 'Sketch' to the board
- Compiles and sends executable code to Arduino board's Flash memory













```
void sendMessage(int value)
{
  if (acc.isConnected())
  {
    byte msg[2];
    msg[0] = value >> 8;
    msg[1] = value & 0xff;
    acc.write(msg, 2);
  }
}
```



Autostart and Download

Arduino

Android

</resources>

AndroidAccessory acc("Simon Monk",

"OpenAccessoryTest",

"DemoKit Arduino Board",

"1.0",

"http://www.duinodroid.com",

"000000012345678");



```
<meta-data android:name="android.hardware.usb.action.USB_ACCESSORY_ATTACHED"
android:resource="@xml/accessory_filter"/>
```

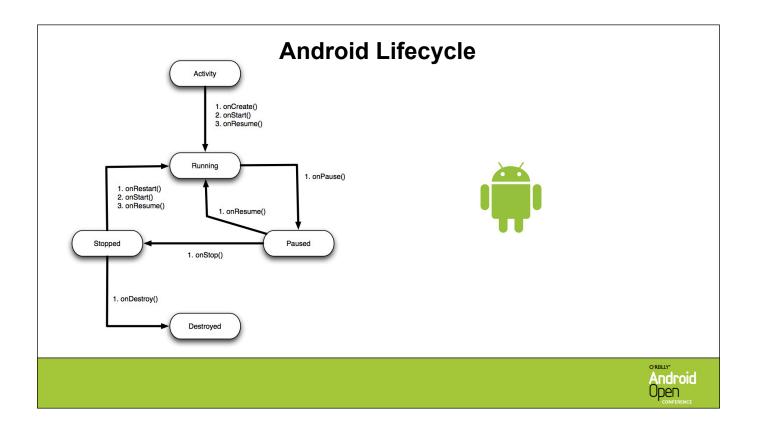
xml/accessory_filter.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
```



<uses-library android:name="com.android.future.usb.accessory"/>





Opening the Accessory



setupAccessory()



openAccessory()

```
private void openAccessory(UsbAccessory accessory) {
    mFileDescriptor = mUsbManager.openAccessory(accessory);
    if (mFileDescriptor != null) {
        mAccessory = accessory;
        FileDescriptor fd = mFileDescriptor.getFileDescriptor();
        mInputStream = new FileInputStream(fd);
        mOutputStream = new FileOutputStream(fd);
        Thread thread = new Thread(null, this, "OpenAccessoryTest");
        thread.start();
        alert("openAccessory: Accessory opened");
    } else {
        log("openAccessory: accessory open failed");
    }
}
```

- Create input and output streams
- Start a thread listening for incoming messages





onResume()

```
public void onResume() {
    log("Resuming");
        otherwise, establish permissions and open
    super.onResume();

if (mInputStream != null && mOutputStream != null) {
    log("Resuming: streams were not null");
} else {
    log("Resuming: streams were null");
    establishPermissionsAndOpenAccessory();
}
```



establishPermissionsAndOpenAccessory()

```
private void establishPermissionsAndOpenAccessory() {
   UsbAccessory[] accessories = mUsbManager.getAccessoryList();
   UsbAccessory accessory = (accessories == null ? null : accessories[0]);
   if (accessory != null) {
     if (mUsbManager.hasPermission(accessory)) {
                                                              • If we have an accessory and permissions,
       openAccessory(accessory);
                                                              open the streams
      synchronized (mUsbReceiver) {
                                                              • Otherwise request permission to use USB
         if (!mPermissionRequestPending) {
           mUsbManager.requestPermission(accessory, mPermissionIntent);
           mPermissionRequestPending = true;
   } else {
     log("establishPermissionsAndOpenAccessory:mAccessory is null");
 }
```



Broadcast Receiver



closeAccessory()

```
private void closeAccessory() {
    log("In closeAccessory");
    try {
        if (mFileDescriptor != null) {
            mFileDescriptor.close();
        }
    } catch (IOException e) {
        finally {
            mFileDescriptor = null;
            mAccessory = null;
            mInputStream = null;
            mOutputStream = null;
    }
}
```

- Close and null everything
- When we reconnect we will start agan





Sending Data

- sendMessageToArduino
- read a byte value from the text field
- call sendCommand(value)
 - construct a byte array
 - write it on the output stream





sendCommand()

```
public void sendCommand(byte value) {
   byte[] buffer = new byte[1];
   buffer[0] = (byte) value;
   if (mOutputStream != null) {
      try {
            moutputStream.write(buffer);
      } catch (IOException e) {
        log("Send failed: " + e.getMessage());
      }
   } else {
      log("Send failed: mOutStream was null");
   }
}
* More than we need for this example (we could just send the byte)

* Generally, pack all the data to send into a byte array

* byte array

* log("Send failed: " + e.getMessage());

* log("Send failed: mOutStream was null");
}

* OutputStream was null");

* Description of this example (we could just send the byte)

* Generally, pack all the data to send into a byte array

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*
```



Back on the Arduino

```
void loop()
{
  byte msg[1];
  if (acc.isConnected())
  {
    int len = acc.read(msg, sizeof(msg), 1);
    if (len >= 1)
        {
        byte value = msg[0];
        sendMessage(value + 1);
        }
    }
}
```



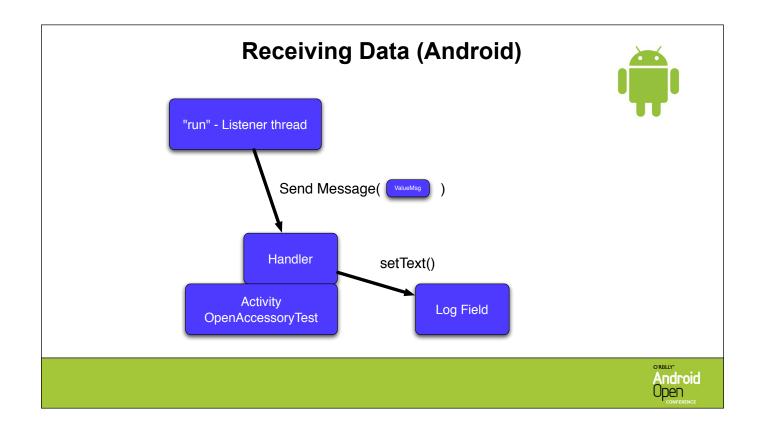
Back on the Arduino

```
void sendMessage(int value)
{
   if (acc.isConnected())
   {
     byte msg[2];
   msg[0] = value >> 8;
   msg[1] = value & 0xff;
   acc.write(msg, 2);
   }
}
```



- if not connected, then connect
- pack the int into a byte array
- send the byte array to Android





Handler

```
Handler mHandler = new Handler() {
    @Override
    public void handleMessage(Message msg) {
        ValueMsg t = (ValueMsg) msg.obj;
        log("Arduino sent: " + t.getFlag() + " " + t.getReading());
    }
};
```

- Direct interaction with Activity thread is not allowed
- A 'Handler' is allowed to act on the Activity
- The handler passes a message object



ValueMsg

```
public class ValueMsg {
    private char flag;
    private int reading;

    public ValueMsg(char flag, int reading) {
        this.flag = flag;
        this.reading = reading;
    }

    public int getReading() {
        return reading;
    }

    public char getFlag() {
        return flag;
    }
}
```



• For more complex messages from the Arduino then add more properties.



Receiving data

```
public void run() {
   int ret = 0;
   byte[] buffer = new byte[16384];
   int i;
   while (true) {
      try {
      ret = mInputStream.read(buffer);
      } catch (IOException e) {
      break;
    }
      i = 0;
```

- read the message
- construct a Message
- send the Message to the Handler for the Activity



Open Accessory Alternatives (USB)

- ADK Googles reference hardware given away at another Android conference!
- Microbridge
- ADB to standard Arduino over USB using USB Host board.
- http://romfont.com/2011/05/15/microbridge-adb-support-for-arduino/
- IOIO (yoyo)
 - With or without Open Accessory USB, non standard Arduino board

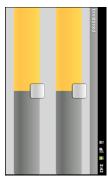


Open Accessory Alternatives (Non-USB)

- Amarino
 - Arduino and Android Bluetooth project
 - http://www.amarino-toolkit.net/
- Ethernet / WiFi Shield
 - Web Interface





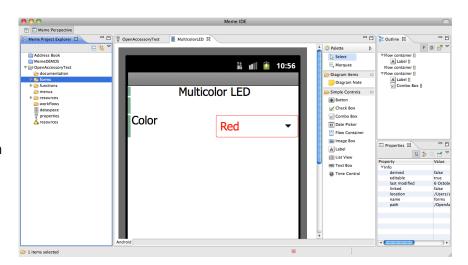






Android SDK Alternatives

- Native Interfaces from Cross-platform tools
 - Phone Gap (next door)
 - Meme IDE
- Meme IDE Presentation
 - NOT part of Android Open
- Today, this hotel, Board Room C
- 6pm 7pm





Resources

- Books
 - Open Accessory and Arduino
 - Arduino + Android Projects for the Evil Genius. Simon Monk. (Dec 2011)
 - Android Programming
 - Hello Android. Ed Burnette
- Web Resources
- Official Google Page
 - http://developer.android.com/guide/topics/usb/adk.html
- Useful tips on using standard Arduino kit
 - http://letsmakerobots.com/node/26839
- My Blog: http://srmonk.blogspot.com/

