

link to my collab: <https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1trprNJ9EXHnN56SeX6ciygA3evZO8kM9#scrollTo=H6VEIXGUwIPV>

## ▼ Project one

The below project will look at data understanding, data preparation, feature understanding, feature relationship

```
import pandas
# Get the path to the CSV file
#csv_file_path = '/content/Vehicle_data.csv'
train=pandas.read_csv("/content/sample_data/mine1/train.csv")
print(train)
```

12318	12321	2013-11-20	30	18.0	6.0	9.0	2.0
12319	12322	2013-11-20	46	NaN	14.0	17.0	1.0
12320	12323	2013-11-20	45	30.0	3.0	9.0	1.0
12321	12324	2013-11-20	60	42.0	2.0	9.0	1.0
12322	12325	2013-11-20	43	26.0	5.0	5.0	2.0

```

      build_year  num_room  kitch_sq  ...  cafe_count_5000_price_2500  \
0             NaN        NaN        NaN  ...                      9.0
1             NaN        NaN        NaN  ...                      15.0
2             NaN        NaN        NaN  ...                      10.0
3             NaN        NaN        NaN  ...                      11.0
4             NaN        NaN        NaN  ...                     319.0
...          ...        ...        ...  ...                      ...
12318        1967.0        1.0        5.0  ...                      5.0
12319         NaN        1.0        1.0  ...                      1.0
12320        1973.0        2.0        6.0  ...                     19.0
12321        1975.0        3.0        6.0  ...                     15.0
12322        1963.0        2.0        5.0  ...                      NaN

      cafe_count_5000_price_4000  cafe_count_5000_price_high  \
0                               4.0                        0.0
1                               3.0                        0.0
2                               3.0                        0.0
3                               2.0                        1.0
4                              108.0                       17.0
...                             ...                        ...
12318                          2.0                        0.0
12319                          0.0                        0.0
12320                          5.0                        1.0
12321                          4.0                        0.0
12322                         NaN                        NaN

      big_church_count_5000  church_count_5000  mosque_count_5000  \
0                          13.0                22.0                1.0
1                          15.0                29.0                1.0
2                          11.0                27.0                0.0
3                           4.0                 4.0                0.0
4                         135.0               236.0                2.0
...                             ...                ...                ...
12318                      6.0                12.0                0.0
12319                      2.0                 3.0                0.0
12320                      8.0                11.0                0.0
12321                     12.0                28.0                1.0
12322                      NaN                 NaN                NaN

      leisure_count_5000  sport_count_5000  market_count_5000  price_doc
0                      0.0                52.0                 4.0  5850000.0
1                      10.0                66.0                14.0  6000000.0
2                      4.0                67.0                10.0  5700000.0
3                      0.0                26.0                 3.0  13100000.0
4                      91.0               195.0                14.0  16331452.0
...                             ...                ...                ...
12318                    2.0                38.0                 5.0  4900000.0
12319                    0.0                 6.0                 1.0  4750284.0
12320                    1.0                56.0                 7.0  6400000.0
12321                    2.0                82.0                 9.0  7500000.0
12322                    NaN                 NaN                 NaN         NaN

[12323 rows x 292 columns]
```

## ▼ Data understanding

Dataframe shape Dtypes Describe Head and tail columns

```
# Get the shape of the dataframe
shape = train.shape
# Print the shape of the dataframe
print(shape)
```

```
(12323, 292)
```

```
# Check the data types of the columns in the dataframe
print(train.dtypes)
```

```
id                int64
timestamp         object
full_sq           int64
life_sq           float64
floor             float64
...
mosque_count_5000 float64
leisure_count_5000 float64
sport_count_5000  float64
market_count_5000 float64
price_doc         float64
Length: 292, dtype: object
```

```
# Print the summary of the dataframe
print(train.describe())
```

	id	full_sq	life_sq	floor	max_floor \
count	12323.000000	12323.000000	9575.000000	12156.000000	2751.000000
mean	6163.795748	53.613568	33.940888	7.922178	12.454744
std	3557.805713	53.209593	21.828396	5.391573	6.683171
min	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	3083.500000	38.000000	20.000000	4.000000	9.000000
50%	6164.000000	47.000000	30.000000	7.000000	12.000000
75%	9244.500000	62.000000	42.000000	11.000000	17.000000
max	12325.000000	5326.000000	802.000000	44.000000	40.000000

	material	build_year	num_room	kitch_sq	state ... \
count	2751.000000	2.209000e+03	2751.000000	2751.000000	2144.000000 ...
mean	1.890585	1.098305e+04	1.885133	7.145402	2.240672 ...
std	1.503459	4.265981e+05	0.870465	40.344110	1.073547 ...
min	1.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000 ...
25%	1.000000	1.966000e+03	1.000000	1.000000	2.000000 ...
50%	1.000000	1.978000e+03	2.000000	6.000000	2.000000 ...
75%	2.000000	2.002000e+03	2.000000	9.000000	3.000000 ...
max	6.000000	2.005201e+07	19.000000	2013.000000	33.000000 ...

	cafe_count_5000_price_2500	cafe_count_5000_price_4000 \
count	12322.000000	12322.000000
mean	31.02037	10.353758
std	71.72763	27.672551
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.000000	1.000000
50%	8.000000	2.000000
75%	20.000000	4.000000
max	377.000000	147.000000

	cafe_count_5000_price_high	big_church_count_5000	church_count_5000 \
count	12322.000000	12322.000000	12322.000000
mean	1.691852	14.662392	29.535222
std	5.284772	28.412069	46.343634
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	2.000000	8.000000
50%	0.000000	7.000000	16.000000
75%	1.000000	12.000000	28.000000
max	30.000000	151.000000	250.000000

	mosque_count_5000	leisure_count_5000	sport_count_5000 \
count	12322.000000	12322.000000	12322.000000
mean	0.480441	8.278120	52.428989
std	0.608877	20.137471	45.376008
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000
50%	0.000000	2.000000	47.000000
75%	1.000000	6.000000	75.000000
max	2.000000	105.000000	218.000000

	market_count_5000	price_doc
count	12322.000000	1.232200e+04
mean	5.956825	6.493737e+06
std	4.774291	4.389983e+06
min	0.000000	1.900000e+05

```

25%          1.000000  4.321635e+06
50%          5.000000  5.756100e+06
75%         10.000000  7.500000e+06

# Get the list of columns
columns = train.columns

# Print the list of columns
print(columns)

Index(['id', 'timestamp', 'full_sq', 'life_sq', 'floor', 'max_floor',
       'material', 'build_year', 'num_room', 'kitch_sq',
       ...,
       'cafe_count_5000_price_2500', 'cafe_count_5000_price_4000',
       'cafe_count_5000_price_high', 'big_church_count_5000',
       'church_count_5000', 'mosque_count_5000', 'leisure_count_5000',
       'sport_count_5000', 'market_count_5000', 'price_doc'],
      dtype='object', length=292)

# Identify the quantitative variables
quantitative_variables = [column for column in train.columns if train[column].dtype in ['float', 'int']]

# Identify the qualitative variables
qualitative_variables = [column for column in train.columns if train[column].dtype == 'object']

print('Quantitative variables:', quantitative_variables)
print('Qualitative variables:', qualitative_variables)

Quantitative variables: ['id', 'full_sq', 'life_sq', 'floor', 'max_floor', 'material', 'build_year', 'num_room', 'kitch_sq', 'state',
Qualitative variables: ['timestamp', 'product_type', 'sub_area', 'culture_objects_top_25', 'thermal_power_plant_raion', 'incineration_

# Print the summary of the dataframe
print(train.describe())

```

	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
id	3155.777778	53.209593	1.000000	3083.500000	6164.000000	9244.500000	12325.000000
full_sq	3557.805713	53.209593	1.000000	38.000000	47.000000	62.000000	5326.000000
life_sq	21.828396	21.828396	0.000000	20.000000	30.000000	42.000000	802.000000
floor	5.391573	5.391573	0.000000	4.000000	7.000000	11.000000	44.000000
max_floor	6.683171	6.683171	0.000000	9.000000	12.000000	17.000000	40.000000

	material	build_year	num_room	kitch_sq	state	...
count	2751.000000	2.209000e+03	2751.000000	2751.000000	2144.000000	...
mean	1.890585	1.098305e+04	1.885133	7.145402	2.240672	...
std	1.503459	4.265981e+05	0.870465	40.344110	1.073547	...
min	1.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	...
25%	1.000000	1.966000e+03	1.000000	1.000000	2.000000	...
50%	1.000000	1.978000e+03	2.000000	6.000000	2.000000	...
75%	2.000000	2.002000e+03	2.000000	9.000000	3.000000	...
max	6.000000	2.005201e+07	19.000000	2013.000000	33.000000	...

	cafe_count_5000_price_2500	cafe_count_5000_price_4000	...
count	12322.000000	12322.000000	...
mean	31.02037	10.353758	...
std	71.72763	27.672551	...
min	0.000000	0.000000	...
25%	2.000000	1.000000	...
50%	8.000000	2.000000	...
75%	20.000000	4.000000	...
max	377.000000	147.000000	...

	cafe_count_5000_price_high	big_church_count_5000	church_count_5000	...
count	12322.000000	12322.000000	12322.000000	...
mean	1.691852	14.662392	29.535222	...
std	5.284772	28.412069	46.343634	...
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	...
25%	0.000000	2.000000	8.000000	...
50%	0.000000	7.000000	16.000000	...
75%	1.000000	12.000000	28.000000	...
max	30.000000	151.000000	250.000000	...

	mosque_count_5000	leisure_count_5000	sport_count_5000	...
count	12322.000000	12322.000000	12322.000000	...
mean	0.480441	8.278120	52.428989	...
std	0.608877	20.137471	45.376008	...
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	...

```

max          2.000000      105.000000      218.000000

      market_count_5000      price_doc
count      12322.000000      1.232200e+04
mean         5.956825      6.493737e+06
std          4.774291      4.389983e+06
min          0.000000      1.900000e+05
25%          1.000000      4.321635e+06
50%          5.000000      5.756100e+06
75%         10.000000      7.500000e+06
max         20.000000      1.111111e+08

```

## ▼ Data preperation

drop irrelevant columns and rows identify duplicate columns renaming columns feature creation

Method #1: missing data (by columns) heatmap

```

# Missing data
# How to find out?
# Method #1: missing data (by columns) count & percentage
train[qualitative_variables].info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 12323 entries, 0 to 12322
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   timestamp                             12323 non-null  object
1   product_type                           12323 non-null  object
2   sub_area                               12323 non-null  object
3   culture_objects_top_25                 12323 non-null  object
4   thermal_power_plant_raion              12323 non-null  object
5   incineration_raion                     12323 non-null  object
6   oil_chemistry_raion                    12323 non-null  object
7   radiation_raion                        12323 non-null  object
8   railroad_terminal_raion                 12323 non-null  object
9   big_market_raion                       12323 non-null  object
10  nuclear_reactor_raion                   12323 non-null  object
11  detention_facility_raion                12323 non-null  object
12  water_1line                             12323 non-null  object
13  big_road1_1line                         12323 non-null  object
14  railroad_1line                          12323 non-null  object
15  ecology                                 12323 non-null  object
dtypes: object(16)
memory usage: 1.5+ MB

```

```

# Counts the missing values by columns
num_missing = train.isna().sum()
columns_with_missing = num_missing[num_missing > 0]

print(columns_with_missing)

```

```

life_sq          2748
floor            167
max_floor        9572
material          9572
build_year       10114
...
mosque_count_5000      1
leisure_count_5000     1
sport_count_5000       1
market_count_5000      1
price_doc              1
Length: 109, dtype: int64

```

```

# Calculate the missing values by columns using mean
num_missing = train.isna().mean()
columns_with_missing = num_missing[num_missing > 0]

print(columns_with_missing)

```

```

life_sq          0.222998
floor            0.013552
max_floor        0.776759
material          0.776759

```

```

build_year      0.820742
...
mosque_count_5000  0.000081
leisure_count_5000  0.000081
sport_count_5000   0.000081
market_count_5000  0.000081
price_doc        0.000081
Length: 109, dtype: float64

```

```

# Calculate the percentages of missing values by columns
num_missing = train.isna().mean()*100
columns_with_missing = num_missing[num_missing > 0]

```

```
print(columns_with_missing)
```

```

life_sq      22.299765
floor        1.355189
max_floor    77.675891
material     77.675891
build_year   82.074170
...
mosque_count_5000  0.008115
leisure_count_5000  0.008115
sport_count_5000   0.008115
market_count_5000  0.008115
price_doc        0.008115
Length: 109, dtype: float64

```

## ▼ Method #2: missing data (by columns) heatmap

```

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

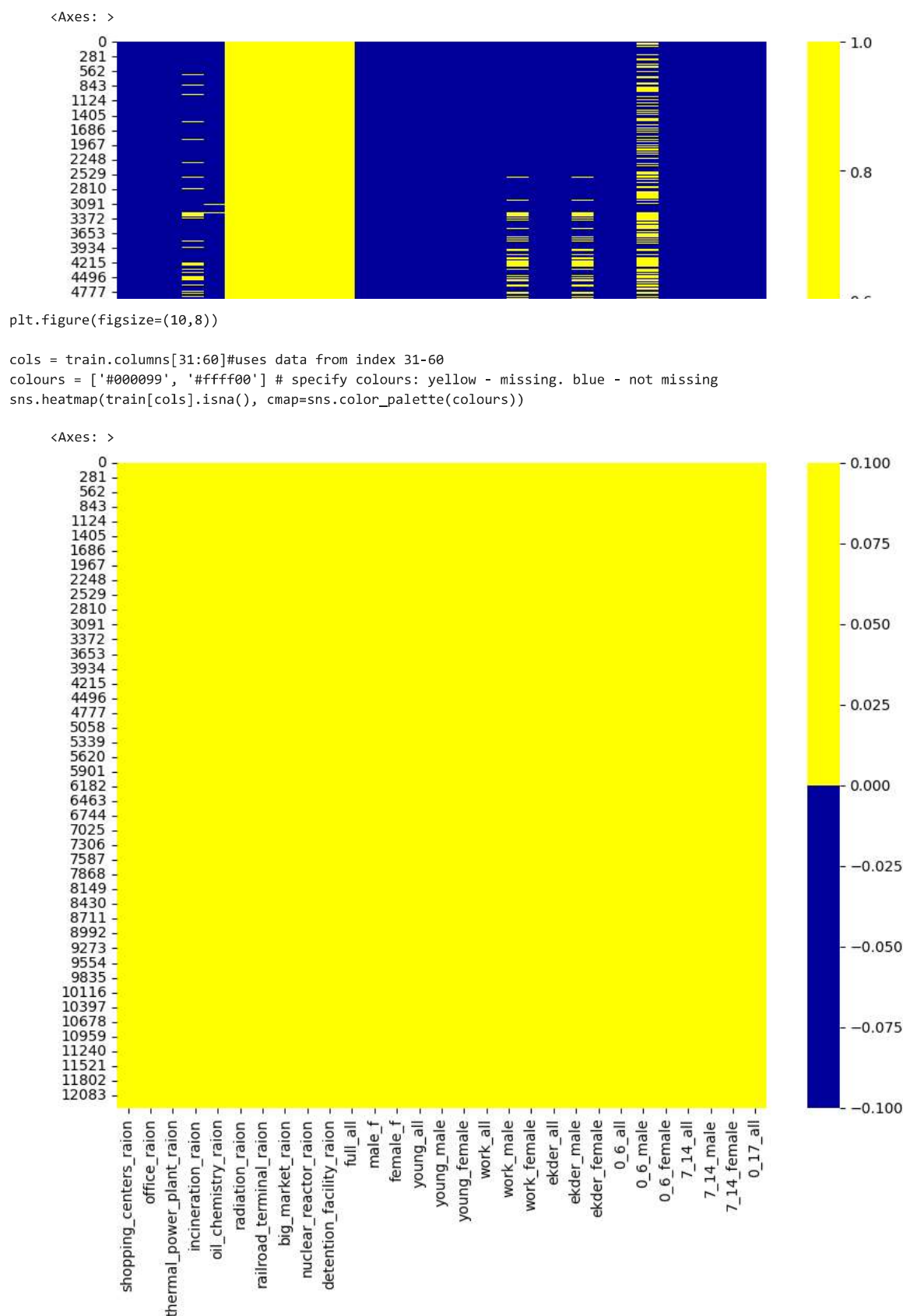
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
```

```

cols = train.columns[:30]#uses data from index 1-30
colours = ['#000099', '#ffff00'] # specify colours: yellow - missing. blue - not missing
sns.heatmap(train[cols].isna(), cmap=sns.color_palette(colours))

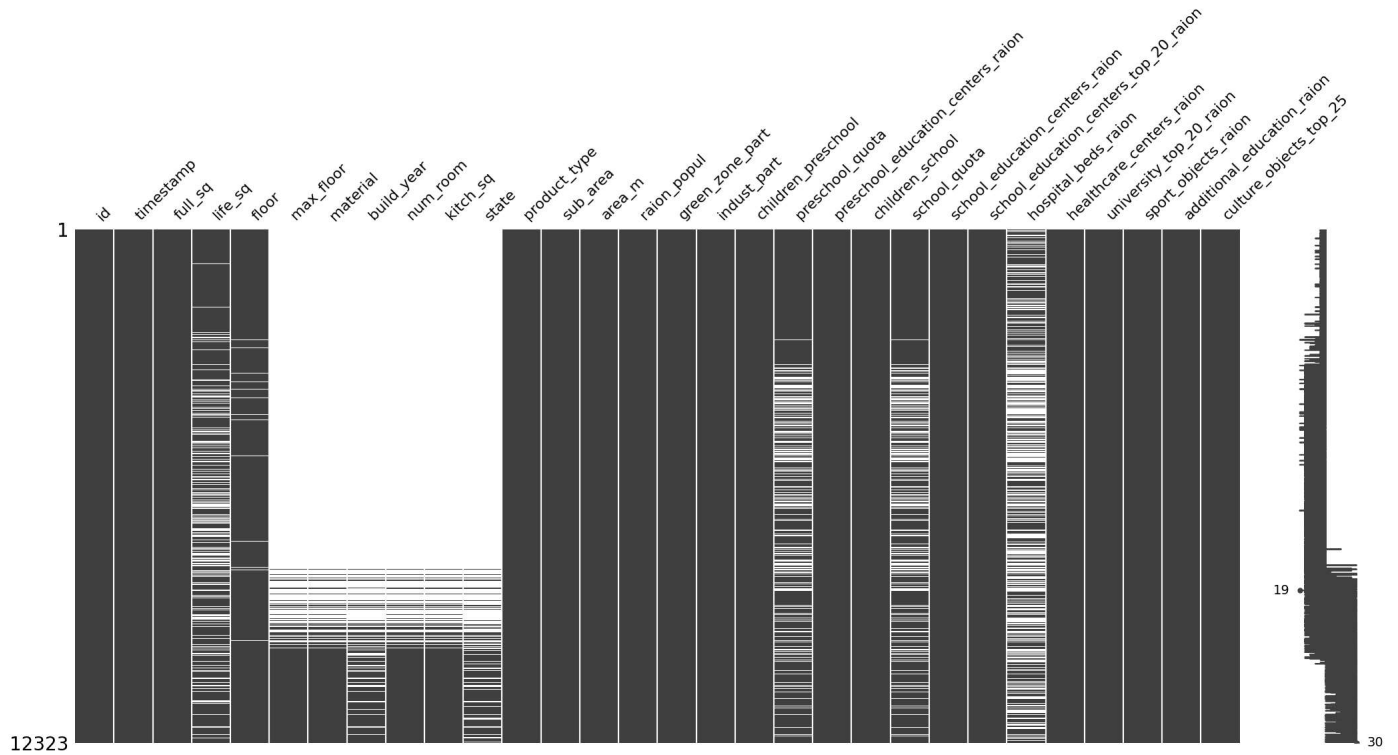
```



### ▼ Method 3

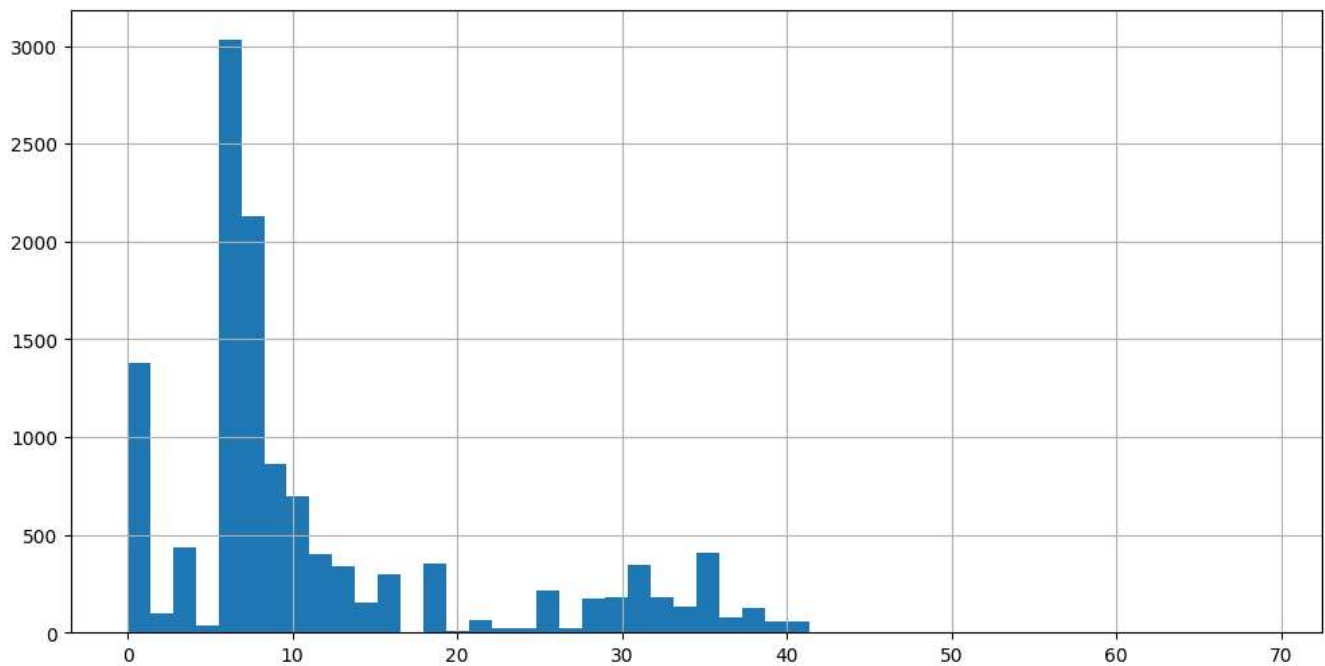
```
# Using missingno library
import missingno as msno
msno.matrix(train.iloc[:, :30])
```

&lt;Axes: &gt;



```
# Method #3: missing data (by rows) histogram
plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
missing_by_row = train.isna().sum(axis='columns')
missing_by_row.hist(bins=50)
```

&lt;Axes: &gt;



## ▼ DATA CLEANING

Technique #1: drop columns / features

```
#Identifying the numeric data with more than 30% missing values
pct_missing = train.isna().mean()*100
```

```
pct_missing[pct_missing > 30]

max_floor      77.675891
material       77.675891
build_year     82.074170
num_room       77.675891
kitch_sq       77.675891
state          82.601639
hospital_beds_raion 47.318023
cafe_sum_500_min_price_avg 45.289296
cafe_sum_500_max_price_avg 45.289296
cafe_avg_price_500 45.289296
dtype: float64
```

Technique #2: drop rows / observations

```
#train.dropna(axis='index', thresh=292-35+1).shape
#same as the code above
train_less_missing_rows = train[missing_by_row < 35].copy()
train_less_missing_rows.shape

(11593, 292)
```

Technique #3: impute the missing with constant values

```
train_copy = train.copy()
train_copy[quantitative_variables] = train_copy[quantitative_variables].fillna(-999)
train_copy[qualitative_variables] = train_copy[qualitative_variables].fillna('MISSING')
train_copy.head(10)# displaying the first ten rows
```

	id	timestamp	full_sq	life_sq	floor	max_floor	material	build_year	num_room	kitch_sq	...	cafe_count_5000_price_2500	cafe_cc
0	1	2011-08-20	43	27.0	4.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	9.0	
1	2	2011-08-23	34	19.0	3.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	15.0	
2	3	2011-08-27	43	29.0	2.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	10.0	
3	4	2011-09-01	89	50.0	9.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	11.0	
4	5	2011-09-05	77	77.0	4.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	319.0	
5	6	2011-09-06	67	46.0	14.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	62.0	
6	7	2011-09-08	25	14.0	10.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	81.0	
7	8	2011-09-09	44	44.0	5.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	9.0	
8	9	2011-09-10	42	27.0	5.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	19.0	
9	10	2011-09-13	36	21.0	9.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	-999.0	...	19.0	

10 rows × 292 columns



Technique #4: impute the missing with statistics

```
# We can impute the numeric columns with their respective medians.

train_copy = train.copy()
```



```
med = train_copy[quantitative_variables].median()
train_copy[quantitative_variables] = train_copy[quantitative_variables].fillna(med)
print(train_copy)# displaying the whole rows
```

12318	12321	2013-11-20	30	18.0	6.0	9.0	2.0
12319	12322	2013-11-20	46	30.0	14.0	17.0	1.0
12320	12323	2013-11-20	45	30.0	3.0	9.0	1.0
12321	12324	2013-11-20	60	42.0	2.0	9.0	1.0
12322	12325	2013-11-20	43	26.0	5.0	5.0	2.0

	build_year	num_room	kitch_sq	...	cafe_count_5000	price_2500	\
0	1978.0	2.0	6.0	...			9.0
1	1978.0	2.0	6.0	...			15.0
2	1978.0	2.0	6.0	...			10.0
3	1978.0	2.0	6.0	...			11.0
4	1978.0	2.0	6.0	...			319.0
...	...	...	...	...			...
12318	1967.0	1.0	5.0	...			5.0
12319	1978.0	1.0	1.0	...			1.0
12320	1973.0	2.0	6.0	...			19.0
12321	1975.0	3.0	6.0	...			15.0
12322	1963.0	2.0	5.0	...			8.0

	cafe_count_5000	price_4000	cafe_count_5000	price_high	\
0		4.0		0.0	
1		3.0		0.0	
2		3.0		0.0	
3		2.0		1.0	
4		108.0		17.0	
...		...		...	
12318		2.0		0.0	
12319		0.0		0.0	
12320		5.0		1.0	
12321		4.0		0.0	
12322		2.0		0.0	

	big_church_count_5000	church_count_5000	mosque_count_5000	\
0		13.0	22.0	1.0
1		15.0	29.0	1.0
2		11.0	27.0	0.0
3		4.0	4.0	0.0
4		135.0	236.0	2.0
...		...	...	...
12318		6.0	12.0	0.0
12319		2.0	3.0	0.0
12320		8.0	11.0	0.0
12321		12.0	28.0	1.0
12322		7.0	16.0	0.0

	leisure_count_5000	sport_count_5000	market_count_5000	price_doc
0	0.0	52.0	4.0	5850000.0
1	10.0	66.0	14.0	6000000.0
2	4.0	67.0	10.0	5700000.0
3	0.0	26.0	3.0	13100000.0
4	91.0	195.0	14.0	16331452.0
...	...	...	...	...
12318	2.0	38.0	5.0	4900000.0
12319	0.0	6.0	1.0	4750284.0
12320	1.0	56.0	7.0	6400000.0
12321	2.0	82.0	9.0	7500000.0
12322	2.0	47.0	5.0	5756100.0

[12323 rows x 292 columns]

```
# We can also impute the non-numeric columns with their most frequent values.
```

```
most_freq = train_copy[qualitative_variables].describe().loc['top']
train_copy[qualitative_variables] = train_copy[qualitative_variables].fillna(most_freq)
#most_freq.head(10)# displaying the first ten rows
print(most_freq)# displaying the whole rows
```

timestamp	2013-11-14
product_type	Investment
sub_area	Poselenie Sosenskoe
culture_objects_top_25	no
thermal_power_plant_raion	no
incineration_raion	no
oil_chemistry_raion	no
radiation_raion	no
railroad_terminal_raion	no
big_market_raion	no
nuclear_reactor_raion	no
detention_facility_raion	no

```

water_1line          no
big_road1_1line      no
railroad_1line       no
ecology              poor
Name: top, dtype: object

```

```
print(train_copy)# displaying the whole rows
```

```

12318 12321 2013-11-20    30    18.0    6.0    9.0    2.0
12319 12322 2013-11-20    46    30.0   14.0   17.0    1.0
12320 12323 2013-11-20    45    30.0    3.0    9.0    1.0
12321 12324 2013-11-20    60    42.0    2.0    9.0    1.0
12322 12325 2013-11-20    43    26.0    5.0    5.0    2.0

    build_year  num_room  kitch_sq  ...  cafe_count_5000_price_2500  \
0      1978.0      2.0      6.0  ...                      9.0
1      1978.0      2.0      6.0  ...                     15.0
2      1978.0      2.0      6.0  ...                     10.0
3      1978.0      2.0      6.0  ...                     11.0
4      1978.0      2.0      6.0  ...                    319.0
...      ...      ...      ...  ...      ...
12318      1967.0      1.0      5.0  ...                      5.0
12319      1978.0      1.0      1.0  ...                      1.0
12320      1973.0      2.0      6.0  ...                     19.0
12321      1975.0      3.0      6.0  ...                     15.0
12322      1963.0      2.0      5.0  ...                      8.0

    cafe_count_5000_price_4000  cafe_count_5000_price_high  \
0                          4.0                          0.0
1                          3.0                          0.0
2                          3.0                          0.0
3                          2.0                          1.0
4                        108.0                        17.0
...                          ...                          ...
12318                        2.0                          0.0
12319                        0.0                          0.0
12320                        5.0                          1.0
12321                        4.0                          0.0
12322                        2.0                          0.0

    big_church_count_5000  church_count_5000  mosque_count_5000  \
0                      13.0                  22.0                1.0
1                      15.0                  29.0                1.0
2                      11.0                  27.0                0.0
3                       4.0                   4.0                0.0
4                     135.0                 236.0                2.0
...                      ...                  ...                ...
12318                    6.0                  12.0                0.0
12319                    2.0                   3.0                0.0
12320                    8.0                  11.0                0.0
12321                   12.0                  28.0                1.0
12322                    7.0                  16.0                0.0

    leisure_count_5000  sport_count_5000  market_count_5000  price_doc
0                   0.0                52.0                4.0  5850000.0
1                  10.0                66.0               14.0  6000000.0
2                   4.0                67.0               10.0  5700000.0
3                   0.0                26.0                3.0  13100000.0
4                  91.0               195.0               14.0  16331452.0
...                  ...                  ...                ...
12318                 2.0                38.0                5.0  4900000.0
12319                 0.0                 6.0                1.0  4750284.0
12320                 1.0               56.0                7.0  6400000.0
12321                 2.0               82.0                9.0  7500000.0
12322                 2.0               47.0                5.0  5756100.0

```

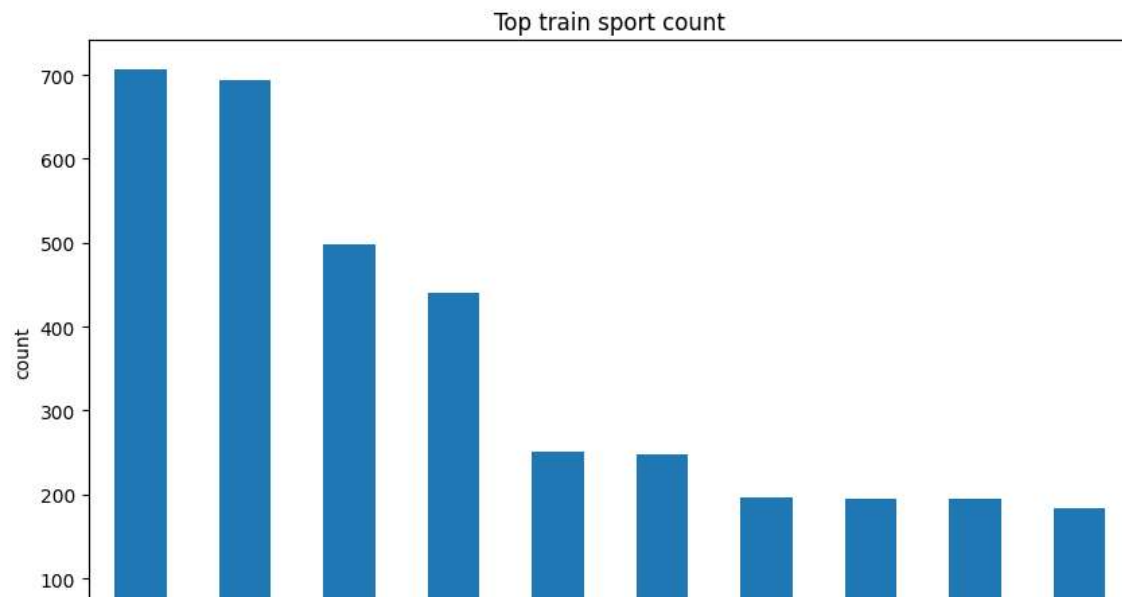
```
[12323 rows x 292 columns]
```

```

plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
ax=train["sport_count_5000"].value_counts()\
.head(10)\
.plot(kind="bar", title="Top train sport count")
ax.set_xlabel("sport_count")
ax.set_ylabel("count")

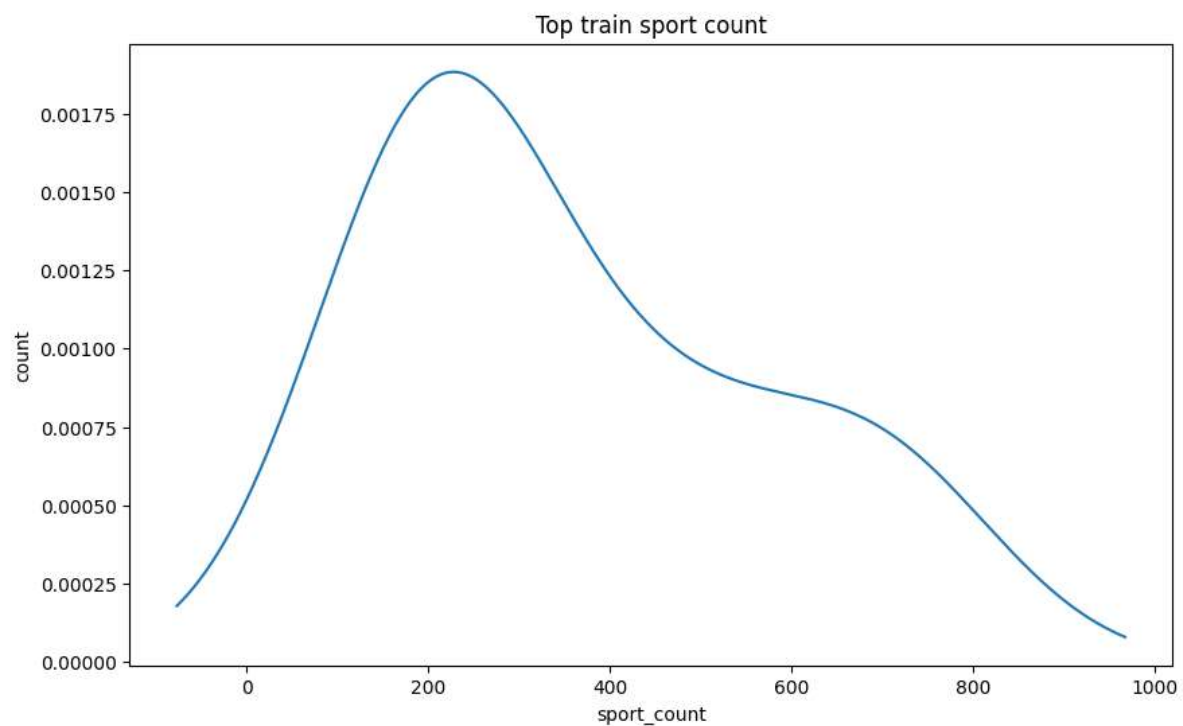
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'count')



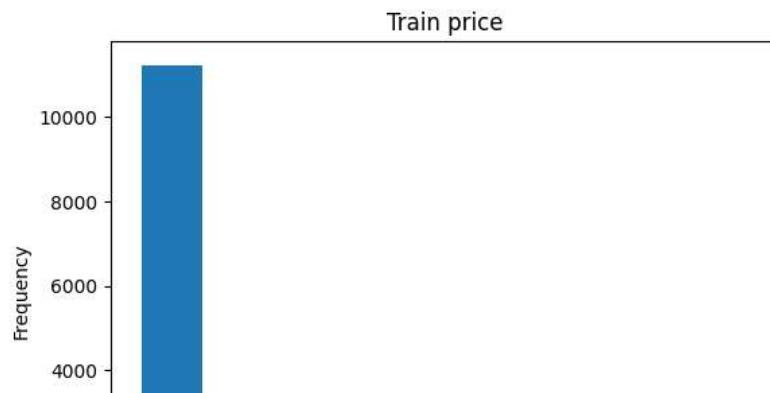
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
ax=train["sport_count_5000"].value_counts()\
.head(10)\
.plot(kind="kde", title="Top train sport count")
ax.set_xlabel("sport_count")
ax.set_ylabel("count")
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'count')



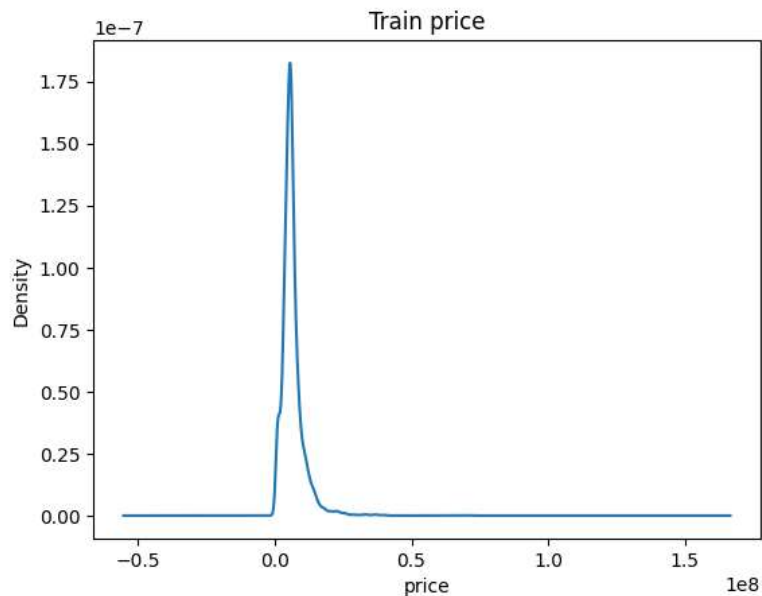
```
ax=train["price_doc"].plot(kind="hist", bins=10, title="Train price")
ax.set_xlabel("price")
```

```
Text(0.5, 0, 'price')
```



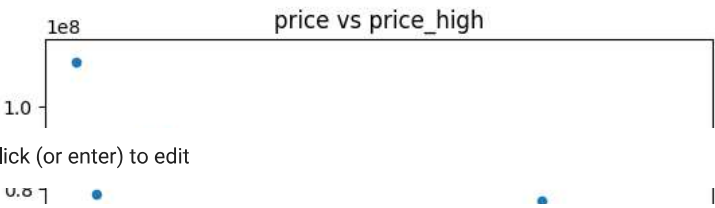
```
ax=train["price_doc"].plot(kind="kde", title="Train price")
ax.set_xlabel("price")
```

```
Text(0.5, 0, 'price')
```



## ▼ Price vs price\_high graph using matplotlib

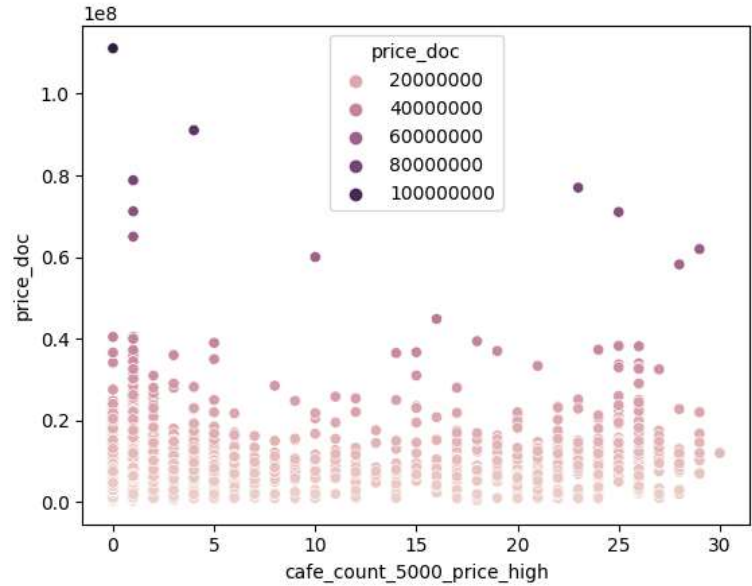
```
train.plot(kind="scatter",
           x="cafe_count_5000_price_high",
           y="price_doc",
           title="price vs price_high")
plt.show()
```



▼ Price vs price\_high graph using seaborn

```
sns.scatterplot(x="cafe_count_5000_price_high",
                y="price_doc",
                hue="price_doc",
                data=train)
```

<Axes: xlabel='cafe\_count\_5000\_price\_high', ylabel='price\_doc'>



```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

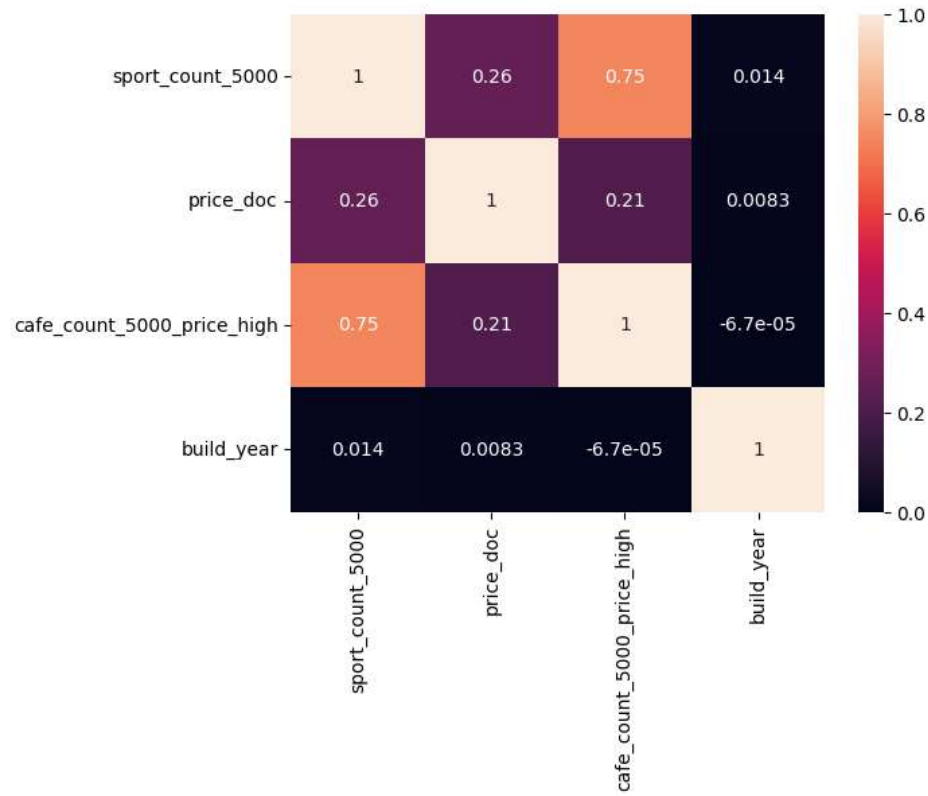
▼ The correlations

```
train[["sport_count_5000", "price_doc", "cafe_count_5000_price_high", "build_year"]].dropna().corr()
```

	sport_count_5000	price_doc	cafe_count_5000_price_high	build_year
sport_count_5000	1.000000	0.261316	0.749006	0.014100
price_doc	0.261316	1.000000	0.209695	0.008270
cafe_count_5000_price_high	0.749006	0.209695	1.000000	-0.000067
build_year	0.014100	0.008270	-0.000067	1.000000

```
train_corr=train[["sport_count_5000", "price_doc", "cafe_count_5000_price_high", "build_year"]].dropna().corr()
sns.heatmap(train_corr, annot=True)
```

<Axes: >



✓ 0s completed at 5:03 AM

✗