# Computer Communications Project

### COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING with specialization in CLOUD COMPUTING



## DEPARTMENT OF NETWORKING AND COMMUNICATIONS COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

### Small Business Network Design with Secure E-commerce Server

Submitted By

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#### **BONAFIDECERTIFICATE**

1	Register No			
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, B.tech deg	ree course in the practica	al		
18CSS202J-Computer Communic	ations in SRM Institute of	f Science		
and Technology, Kattankulathur	during the academic year	2021-		
22.				
Date:	Lab Incharge	:		
Submitted for university examinat	ion held in			
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## Project Title – Small Business Network Design with Secure E-commerce server

#### **Project Scope:**

To design a network for a small business organization which has 100 users. The organization hosts an e-commerce application on a server which is accessible to internet users using https and with a public IP address securely.

#### Requirements:

- **Software:** We use Cisco Packet Tracer in this project for better services, considering best security features. It provides the hardware and software services which can help us to mitigate any network related problem in future.
- **Personal Computer (P.C):** A personal computer can be defined as an end-point of connection which will connect with the computer network.
- Switches: A network switch (also called switching hub, bridging hub, and by the IEEE MAC bridge) is networking hardware that connects devices on a computer network by using packet switching to receive and forward data to the destination device.
- Router: A router is a networking device that forwards data packets between computer networks. Routers perform the traffic directing functions on the Internet. Data sent through the internet, such as a web page or email, is in the form of data packets. A packet is typically forwarded from one router to another router through the networks that constitute an internetwork (e.g. the Internet) until it reaches its destination node. A router is connected to two or more data lines from different IP networks. When a data packet comes in on one of

the lines, the router reads the network address information in the packet header to determine the ultimate destination. Then, using information in its routing table or routing policy, it directs the packet to the next network on its journey.

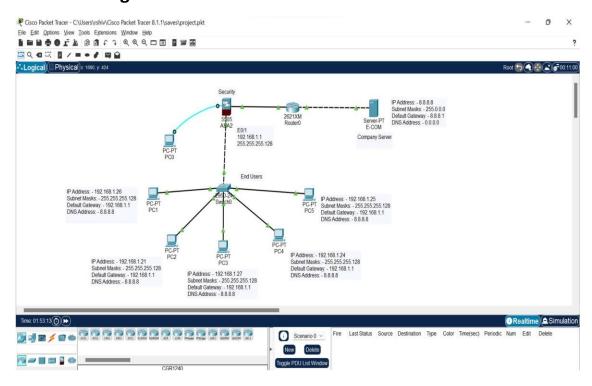
- **Firewall:** Firewall is a network security system that monitors and controls incoming and outgoing network traffics based on predetermined security rules. A firewall typically establishes a barrier between a trusted network and an untrusted network, such as the internet.
- **Server:** In our project, we provide HTTPS Protocol in our server to enhance security. HTTPS protocol to transfer encrypted data/data's over secure connection so HTTPS does encryption of data between a client and server, which protects against eavesdropping, forging of information and tampering of data.

#### **Requirements Analysis:**

Our project deals with Small Business Network Design with Secure E-commerce server where it has the following three departments

- Internet Users: Consists of people (Max 100 users) who wants to buy product/products from an e-commerce platform. Made it user friendly. Internet Service Provider: It consists of all internet services provider companies that provide a medium for passing the internet user and E-commerce Server respectively with having a specific and secure medium.
- Securities against malicious user: Duals protection (https & firewall) use for securities purpose with the information transfer between the other authorities and will be safe and secure for administrative computing.
- Administration Control: Administration Control maintains the origin design, update securities and privacy of the small business network. It also compliance regulatory requirements
  - i.e. IP address, Network Address Translation (NAT), Access Control List (ACL), etc. A network has to be designed for a small business organization which has 100 users. The organization hosts an e-commerce application on a server which is accessible to internet users using https and with a public IP address.

#### **Network Diagram:**



#### TCP/IP Table:

Device	Interface	IP	Subnet	Default	DNS
		Address	Mask	Gateway	Address
PC0	Fa0/0	-	-	-	-
PC1	Fa0/0	192.168.1.26	255.255.255.128	192.168.1.1	8.8.8.8
PC2	Fa0/0	192.168.1.21	255.255.255.128	192.168.1.1	8.8.8.8
PC3	Fa0/0	192.168.1.27	255.255.255.128	192.168.1.1	8.8.8.8
PC4	Fa0/0	192.168.1.24	255.255.255.128	192.168.1.1	8.8.8.8
PC5	Fa0/0	192.168.1.25	255.255.255.128	192.168.1.1	8.8.8.8
Server	Fa0/0	8.8.8.8	255.0.0.0	8.8.8.1	0.0.0.0
Firewall	E0/0	50.1.1.2	255.0.0.0	-	-
Firewall	E0/1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.128	-	-
Router	F0/0	8.8.8.1	255.0.0.0	-	-
Router	F0/1	50.1.1.1	255.0.0.0	-	-

#### **Router Configuration: -**

#### **For IP ADDRESS**

Router> en

Router> conf t

Router(config)# int f0/0

Router(config-if)# ip add 50.1.1.1 255.0.0.0 R

outer(config-if)# no shut

Router(config)# int f0/1

Router(config-if)# ip add 8.8.8.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)# no shut

Router(config-if)# exit

#### For Network Address Translation (NAT)

Router(config)# router rip

Router(config-router)# network 8.0.0.0

Router(config-router)# network 50.0.0.0

Router(config-router)#exit

Router# conf t

Router(config-if)# ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.1

Router(config-if)# ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 8.8.8.8

#### **Firewall Configuration:**

#### For IP ADDRESS

Ciscoasa> en

Ciscoasa# conf t

Ciscoasa(config)# int vlan 1

Ciscoasa(config-if)# ip add 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.128

Ciscoasa(config-if)# no shut

Ciscoasa(config-if)# nameif inside

Ciscoasa(config-if)# security-level 100

Ciscoasa(config-if)# exit

Ciscoasa(config)# int e0/1

Ciscoasa(config-if)# switchport access vlan 1

Ciscoasa(config-if)#exit

Ciscoasa(config)# int vlan 2

Ciscoasa(config-if)# ip add 50.1.1.2 255.0.0.0

Ciscoasa(config-if)# no shut

Ciscoasa(config-if)# nameif outside

Ciscoasa(config-if)# security-level 0

Ciscoasa(config-if)# exit

Ciscoasa(config)# int e0/0

Ciscoasa(config-if)# switchport access vlan 2

Ciscoasa(config-if)#exit

Ciscoasa(config)# dhcpd address 192.168.1.21-192.168.1.121 inside

Ciscoasa(config)# dhcpd dns 8.8.8.8 interface inside

Ciscoasa(config)# route outside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 50.1.1.1

#### For Network Address Translation (NAT)

Ciscoasa(config)#object network LAN

Ciscoasa(config-network-object)# subnet 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.128

Ciscoasa(config-network-object)# nat (inside,outside) dynamic interface

Ciscoasa(config-network-object)# exit

#### For Access Control List (ACL)

Ciscoasa# conf t

Ciscoasa(config)# access-list oti extended permit tcp any any

Ciscoasa(config)# access-list oti extended permit icmp any any

Ciscoasa(config)# access-group oti in interface outside

Ciscoasa(config)# exit

#### Server E-Com: -

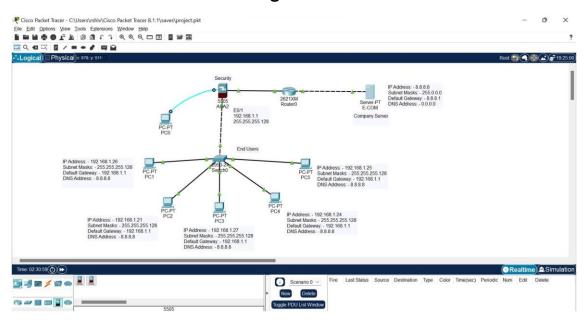
- 1. Click E-Com Servet. Then go to services.
- 2. Then on left hand side, go to HTTP.
- 3. Then Turn OFF the HTTP and Turn ON the HTTPS.
- 4. Make the changes According and save it.

#### **Hardware List:**

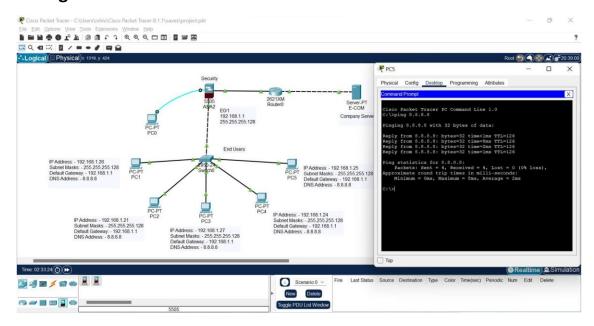
Devices	Required No's
PCs	6
Router	1
Server	1
ASA	1
Copper Cross Over	2
Copper Straight-Through	6
Console	1

#### **Project Screenshots:**

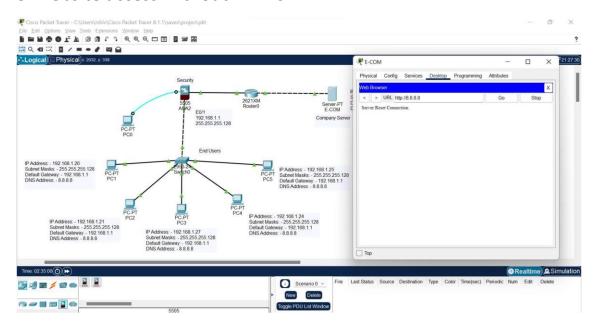
#### 1. Small Business Network Design with Secure E-commerce server



#### 2.Ping to Server



#### 3. Website access without HTTPS



#### 4. Website access with HTTPS:

