

Temporal, Spatial, and Regression Analyses of Lead Air Pollution Patterns and Sources in Pennsylvania

[https://github.com/nyb5208/Alcorn_Bao_Hermanson_ENV_872_EDA
_FinalProject.git](https://github.com/nyb5208/Alcorn_Bao_Hermanson_ENV_872_EDA_FinalProject.git)

Jack Alcorn, Max Hermanson, and Nancy Bao

Contents

1	Introduction	5
2	Rationale	5
3	Dataset Information	7
3.1	CDC Childhood Blood Lead Surveillance Data: Blood Lead Levels ($\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$) among Children < 72 Months of Age, by County and Blood Lead Level (BLL) Group, 2017 (.csv)	7
3.2	Federal Aviation Administration Airport Data (shapefile)	7
3.3	Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Database on Mineral Preparation Plants and Incinerators (shapefile)	7
3.4	US Census Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 .	8
3.5	US EPA Daily Air Lead Data 2010-2020	8
3.6	CDC Social Vulnerability Data (2010 and 2018)	8
3.6.1	Exploratory Analysis	10
3.6.2	Data Analysis	10
3.7	Question 2: What are the spatial associations between air lead levels and socioeconomic factors (ie. income and poverty) across counties in Pennsylvania?	11
3.7.1	Data Wrangling	11
3.7.2	Exploratory Analysis	11
3.7.3	Data Analysis	11
3.8	Question 3: Is lead exposure (measured via blood lead levels) in children in Pennsylvania associated with air lead emission sources?	12
3.8.1	Data Wrangling	12
3.8.2	Exploratory Analysis	12
4	Results	14
4.1	Question 1: How do air lead levels vary from 2010 to 2020 across the major metropolitan areas in Pennsylvania?	14
4.2	Question 2: What are the spatial associations between air lead levels and socioeconomic factors (ie. income and poverty) across counties in Pennsylvania?	22
4.2.1	Final Model (Model 9)	34
5	Summary and Conclusions	44
6	References	45

List of Tables

List of Figures

1	Monthly Average Pb Air Concentrations from 2010 to 2020 in PA Metro Areas	23
2	Daily average air Pb levels from 2010 to 2020 in the five most populous metropolitan areas in PA	24
3	2010 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	25
4	2010 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	26
5	2010 Max Lead Levels over .15 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	27
6	2015 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	28
7	2015 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	29
8	2015 Max Lead Levels over .15 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	30
9	2020 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	31
10	2020 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania	32
11	2020 Max Lead Levels over .15 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	33
12	Model Assumption Plots	42

1 Introduction

Lead is a heavy metal that is naturally found in the Earth’s crust and commonly used in many human products and industries (WHO, 2019). However, its ubiquitous use has caused extensive environmental contamination and public health concerns in many parts of the world (Ab Latif Wani and Usmani, 2015). Main sources of lead contamination include mining, smelting, manufacturing, recycling activities, leaded paint, leaded gasoline, and leaded aviation fuel (US EPA, 2021a). Over three quarters of global lead consumption is for the manufacturing of lead-acid batteries for motor vehicles (WHO, 2019).

Once ingested, lead spreads through the blood into other parts of the body. Depending on the level of exposure, lead can adversely affect the nervous system, kidney function, immune system, reproductive and developmental systems and the cardiovascular system (US EPA, 2020a). One of the biggest health concerns of lead consumption is the neurological effects on children. Children are particularly sensitive to lead exposure and can have side effects such as behavioral problems, learning disabilities, and lower IQ (Ab Latif Wani and Usmani, 2015).

Currently, the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for lead are 0.15 micrograms per cubic meter Pb in total suspended particles as a 3-month average (US EPA, 2021b). Air quality monitors are placed throughout the United States in order to measure air lead levels. In our project, we look at lead air quality monitors in the state of Pennsylvania from 2010 to 2020.

2 Rationale

In this study, we were interested in evaluating lead air pollution in Pennsylvania. In the 2019 United Health Foundation’s annual American Health Rankings report, Pennsylvania was rated 47th in the United States for air quality (United Health Foundation, 2019). The metropolitan areas around major Pennsylvania cities such as Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, and Lancaster are currently ranked among the top 25 most polluted in the country (American Lung Association, 2021). Pennsylvania’s pollution history is embedded in various industries such as agriculture, manufacturing steel production, and coal mining and smelting (Stevens, 1955). The latter two have contributed to the current sources of lead pollution in the air, soil, and water around the state (O’Shea et al., 2020).

Other historical uses of lead in paints, gasoline, water pipes, and batteries fueled the lead smelting industries in the state, especially in major cities like Philadelphia (O’Shea et al., 2020). From a 2014 report from the Pennsylvania Department of Health, approximately 70% of homes in Pennsylvania were built prior to the leaded paint ban in 1978 (PA Department of Health, 2014); this has become a major source of human lead exposure as homes begin aging and the leaded paint chips deposit into the soil (O’Shea et al., 2020; PA Department of Health, 2014). Current industrial emissions (e.g. from smelters, airports, metal processing facilities, incinerators) and lead from historical uses are now found in soils and roadside dust that get resuspended into the ambient air (US EPA, 2021a). Humans can be exposed to lead via inhalation of resuspended dust and soil particles containing lead in the air. Humans may also be exposed via ingestion of lead-contaminated water, food, and dust (Pizzol and

Andersen, 2010).

Considering Pennsylvania's industrial and historical uses of lead as well as its current air quality status, we were interested in current air lead pollution levels and lead exposure levels in Pennsylvania. We decided to look at more recent temporal trends of air lead levels of the EPA criteria pollutant, and chose a ten-year period from 2010 to 2020. Furthermore, we were interested in identifying how air lead levels were spatially associated with socioeconomic factors including income and poverty at the county level. As lead is an EPA criteria pollutant, we were also interested in exploring how sources of air lead (e.g. frequency of metal processing plants, airports, incinerators) may be associated with lead exposure in children in Pennsylvania. These analyses are summarized in the following research questions:

##Research Questions:

1. *How do air lead levels vary from 2010 to 2020 across the major metropolitan areas in Pennsylvania?*
2. *What are the spatial associations between air lead levels and socioeconomic factors (ie. income and poverty) across counties in Pennsylvania?*
3. *Is lead exposure (measured via blood lead levels) in children in Pennsylvania associated with air lead emission sources?*

3 Dataset Information

3.1 CDC Childhood Blood Lead Surveillance Data: Blood Lead Levels ($\mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$) among Children < 72 Months of Age, by County and Blood Lead Level (BLL) Group, 2017 (.csv)

The CDC has a national surveillance system for assessing blood lead levels (BLL). Data is collected from health-care provider reports to the CDC on a variety of metrics, which include number of patients with BLL greater than $5 \mu\text{g}/\text{dL}$, and the average BLL of counties. The CDC notes these data may be biased by the fact that those who are tested for elevated BLL are typically tested because they predisposed to higher levels due to certain criteria.

3.2 Federal Aviation Administration Airport Data (shapefile)

These data are collected by the FAA through legally-required reporting by existing airports. This dataset is updated regularly, and the data used in our research project was from April, 2021. Notable attributes included for each airport were geographic coordinates, status active, airport purpose, and type of aircraft used at the airport.

3.3 Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) Database on Mineral Preparation Plants and Incinerators (shapefile)

A mineral preparation plant is a site at which extracted minerals are processed in order to separate and purify elements and compounds of interest. These processes typically require heating the minerals to very high temperatures, which can release lead particulates into the air. The DEP keeps track of the location, owner, site status, and primary facility type of these plants. Data used in this study were dated to April of 2021.

Detailed and regular incinerator data is also maintained by the DEP (last updated in April 2021). Incinerators combust waste products, which emits particulate matter whose composition depends upon the type of waste being burned. Incinerators are used for a variety of materials, including garbage, industrial scrap products, hospital waste, and dead organisms or cadavers. Filters were applied to select only industrial-waste-related incinerators that might possess lead particulates.

3.4 US Census Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019

Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change were collected by the US Census in 2019 across the United States. Estimates for total population size, numeric change in total population, births, deaths, natural increase periods defined by births minus deaths, net domestic migration, net international migration, net migration periods, and residuals from 2011 to 2019 were based on population size data from the 2010 US Census (US Census Bureau, 2020a). The dataset also contains the population size reported in the 2010 US Census as the variable, CENSUS2010POP. The following dataset contained the following identifier variables for the metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas in the United States: name of the statistical area (NAME), the 5-digit core statistical based area (CBSA) code, and the legal statistical area description (LSAD) (US Census Bureau, 2020b). For this study, only the following variables were used: CBSA, NAME, LSAD, and CENSUS2010POP.

3.5 US EPA Daily Air Lead Data 2010-2020

The daily air lead levels data were collected from all outdoor monitoring sites from the US EPA Air Quality System Data Mart. Data for each year were individually downloaded from the US EPA Outdoor Air Quality Database. The daily air lead levels were taken from 24-hr average lead level observations measured in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and recorded by the air quality System (AQS) (About Air Data Reports, 2021). The data included the following variables: date of air lead measurement, source of data, the daily mean lead concentration $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, daily observation count, and data completion percentage, based on the site monitoring frequency and schedule (About Air Data Reports, 2021).

The following site identifier variables were also included in the datasets: parameter occurrence code (POC), which specifies the monitor number that collected the data, 5-digit AQS parameter code, site name, 2-digit state federal information processing system (FIPS) code, state name, the 3-digit county FIPS code, county name, site ID (composed of the state FIPs code, county FIPS code, and 4-character AQS code), core statistical based area (CBSA) name and code for the metropolitan area designated to the monitoring site, and the site latitude and longitude coordinates (About Air Data Reports, 2021).

3.6 CDC Social Vulnerability Data (2010 and 2018)

Social Vulnerability data was collected over five year time periods in the state of Pennsylvania using the American Community Survey. For the 2010 data, data was collected from 2006-2010 and the 2018 data was collected from the years 2014-2018. Questions involved in the survey covered vulnerability topics such as socioeconomic status, household composition and disability, minority status and language, and housing type and transportation. The data set included over one hundred variables. The variables used in the following analysis include

county name, per capita income (E_PCI), and percentage of persons below poverty estimate (EP_POV).

Methods ## Question 1: How do air lead levels vary from 2010 to 2020 across the major metropolitan areas in Pennsylvania? ### Data Wrangling US EPA daily mean air lead concentration data for each year from 2010 to 2020 were individually read into RStudio as separate dataframes and combined into one dataframe for all daily mean air lead levels from 2010 to 2020, using the `rbind()` function. The combined data frame was further processed with a pipe that selected for the date lead levels were collected, the monitoring site ID, the site name, the CBSA name and code identifiers, state name, county name and county FIPS code; a new variable for month, year, and date formatted as month-year were created using the `mutate()` function.

Air lead levels from 2010 to 2020 were assessed across Pennsylvania by metropolitan statistical areas. The top five most populous metropolitan areas were the focus of this portion of the study. The reason is that these areas were assumed to have historically higher industrial emissions and more sources of lead associated with legacy paint and gasoline, and sources from aviation fuel from airports (US EPA, 2020a). Furthermore, the Air Quality System only collected lead concentration measurements for 15 counties in Pennsylvania across this period, and so we were limited to analyses at the metropolitan area level rather than at the county level.

US Census data for Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 were read in as a dataframe and processed with a pipeline that selected for metropolitan area data by the 5-digit CBSA code, names of the metropolitan areas that overlapped with the US EPA daily mean lead concentration dataset, as well as the 2010 US Census reported population size. The top five metropolitan areas by population size (1= most populous) in Pennsylvania were identified as (1) Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD, (2)Pittsburgh, PA, (3)Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ, (4)Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA, (5)Lancaster, PA.

The processed, combined 2010-2020 US EPA daily mean air lead concentrations dataframe were filtered by the unique CBSA codes for each metropolitan area and individual data frames were created for each metropolitan area which contained their respective date and lead concentration measurements.

3.6.1 Exploratory Analysis

A new variable was created using the `mutate()` function to summarize and calculate the monthly mean air lead levels for each metropolitan area dataframe. Monthly mean air lead levels for all metropolitan areas were calculated from 2010 to 2020. Line plots were generated for the monthly mean air lead levels for each metropolitan area to assess the trends in air lead levels between 2010 to 2020. The monthly air lead levels were graphed in three-month intervals in each metropolitan area and were compared to the primary and secondary EPA 3-month rolling average NAAQS for lead, $0.15\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.

3.6.2 Data Analysis

The daily mean air lead data for each metropolitan area data frame contained missing air lead concentration measurements for certain days and a linear interpolation was applied to

the daily mean air lead levels for each metropolitan area. Spline interpolations were not used as data did not follow a quadratic or higher-order polynomial trend. Linear interpolation was used over piecewise interpolation because our study was interested in the change in air lead levels over a continuous ten-year period of time from 2010 to 2020. The linearly interpolated daily mean air lead levels for each metropolitan area were combined into one dataframe. Following linear interpolation of the daily mean air lead levels for each metropolitan area dataframe, the data frames were converted into time series objects for daily observations and monthly observations. Seasonality was not observed for the interpolated daily mean air lead levels for the metropolitan areas. Nonseasonal Mann-Kendall trend tests were conducted on the daily and monthly time series objects for mean air lead levels for each of the five metropolitan areas.

3.7 Question 2: What are the spatial associations between air lead levels and socioeconomic factors (ie. income and poverty) across counties in Pennsylvania?

3.7.1 Data Wrangling

Data wrangling began with grouping EPA air lead concentration data by county, latitude and longitude for the years of 2010, 2015, and 2020 using the `group_by()` function. County mean and maximum lead concentrations for 2010, 2015, and 2020 were computed by averaging all county daily mean lead concentrations and selecting the maximum county daily mean lead concentration through the `summarize()` function. These data sets were then converted into spatial features `st_as_sf()` function and using NAD 83 as a coordinate reference system. EPA mean and maximum air lead concentration values were then joined with a Pennsylvania county shape file, county per capita income estimates and percentage of people in poverty estimates using the `left_join()` function. These data frames were joined by the county column. We also looked at lead concentrations that exceeded air quality standards of .15 micrograms per cubic meter for 2010, 2015, and 2020. To obtain max lead concentrations over .15 micrograms per cubic meter, values that exceeded this limit in the EPA air lead concentration were filtered out of the EPA air lead concentration data using the `filter()` function.

3.7.2 Exploratory Analysis

Data exploration used graphs to visually analyze lead concentration for 2010, 2015 and 2020. Different data visualization techniques were experimented with to determine what best represented the data and made the graphs visually appealing. Mean population for each county was also considered as a variable for spatial associations of high lead concentrations but this did not prove to be useful when graphed. This variable was taken out of the analysis.

3.7.3 Data Analysis

Analysis consisted of overlaying per capita income and percentage of people in poverty estimates on top of mean and max air lead concentration values. In the end, maps were

created for lead concentration levels paired with either per capita income or percentage of persons below poverty for all years. These were visually compared to each other to determine trends in the past to years and if the variables used showed spatial association. Maps were also created for the max lead concentration levels that were above .15 micrograms per cubic meter. These were used to analyze differences between all three years.

3.8 Question 3: Is lead exposure (measured via blood lead levels) in children in Pennsylvania associated with air lead emission sources?

3.8.1 Data Wrangling

1. Matching coordinates with counties Shape files for specific metal processing plants, incinerators, and airports were individually read as separate dataframes and converted to 'sf' dataframes within R, and the 'st_intersects' function was used in conjunction with U.S. 2010 census data to identify in which county each of these features were located.

Specific types of metal processing plants, incinerators, and airports were filtered out using the filter() function for a variety of criteria specified in the Dataset Description section of this document.

2. Combining datasets into one (converted column classes, renamed columns) It was important to compile attribute information for each county into a single dataframe so that a regression could be run upon each county observation. In order to combine separate dataframes for the aforementioned shapefiles, class differences and syntax differences between the columns and their values were resolved. Common changes that had to occur were getting rid of leading zeros (001 vs. 1) and renaming the county code columns for each attribute to "COUNTYFP10" (later on, Jack's county per capita income and county poverty sf dataframes were merged into this dataframe to include more variables into the model).
3. Cleaning and prepping data Data was cleaned and prepped for transformations: replaced NA's with zeros for the plant/airport data and added small integer values to all data in order to log transform variables with values of zero.

3.8.2 Exploratory Analysis

1. Examined distribution of variables and transformed where necessary The variables' distributions were examined, and individual scatter plots for each explanatory variable (EV) were created against the response variables to check for linearity. Based on these results, the metal processing plant data (METAL) and incinerator data (INCINERATE) were logged, and the county poverty data (POV) were squared to be a quadratic term. Residuals v Fitted graphs of these showed better fits. ### Data Analysis
2. Tested assumptions An ordinary least squares (OLS) multilinear regression was carried out. The following assumptions were tested for: linearity, homoscedasticity, multicollinearity, and normality.

Based on the residuals vs fitted plot, the final model is non-linear. It possesses an upward-cone shape and the red trend line sharply trails off at higher fitted values. The final model appears to be heteroskedastic based on its scale-location graph, which sharply deviates from zero at higher fitted values. This model does not meet the homoskedasticity assumption. Multicollinearity was examined using the `vif()` function, which conducts a Variance Inflation Factor between explanatory variables. Values above two are considered moderately correlated, but given how close two most of them were, mean-centering was not performed. This model met the normality assumption based on the Normal Q-Q plot.

4 Results

4.1 Question 1: How do air lead levels vary from 2010 to 2020 across the major metropolitan areas in Pennsylvania?

From the lineplot of the linearly interpolated daily mean air lead levels for the five metropolitan areas, we see that mean daily lead levels appear to be decreasing from 2010 to 2020. It is important to note that the time intervals vary between the metropolitan areas for mean daily air lead measurements. Mean daily air lead levels were measured from 2010 to 2020 for the Pittsburgh, PA and the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD metropolitan areas. Mean daily air lead levels were measured from 2012 to 2020 for the Lancaster, PA and the Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ metropolitan areas. The mean daily air lead levels were measured from 2010 to 2018 for the Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA metropolitan areas.

To further assess the trends, the non-seasonal Mann-Kendall trend tests for the daily time series objects found that four of the five most populous metropolitan followed significant, monotonic trends for daily and monthly mean air lead levels. The Mann-Kendall trend test for the daily time series found significant ($p < 0.05$) downward monotonic trends for mean daily air lead levels the following metropolitan areas: Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD ($\tau = -0.168$, $p\text{-value} = < 2.22e-16$), Pittsburgh, PA ($\tau = -0.276$, $p\text{-value} = < 2.22e-16$), Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ ($\tau = -0.257$, $p\text{-value} = < 2.22e-16$), Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA ($\tau = -0.53$, $p\text{-value} = < 2.22e-16$). Lancaster, PA had a downward, non-monotonic trend ($p > 0.05$) for daily mean air lead levels ($\tau = -0.0181$, $p\text{-value} = 0.145$). The nonseasonal Mann-Kendall trend tests for the monthly time series objects found significant ($p < 0.05$) downward monotonic trends for the following metropolitan areas: Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD ($\tau = -0.711$, $p\text{-value} < 2.22e-16$), Pittsburgh, PA ($\tau = -0.755$, $p\text{-value} < 2.22e-16$), Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ ($\tau = -0.378$, $p\text{-value} = 1.78e-08$), and Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA ($\tau = -0.593$, $p\text{-value} < 2.22e-16$). There was a non-monotonic ($p\text{-value} > 0.05$) downward trend observed for monthly mean air lead levels in Lancaster, PA ($\tau = -0.0055$, $p\text{-value} = 0.934$).

##	Chambersburg-Waynesboro, PA
##	372
##	Indiana, PA
##	396
##	New Castle, PA
##	587
##	Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD
##	3978
##	Pittsburgh, PA
##	4940
##	Reading, PA
##	3719
##	Scranton--Wilkes-Barre--Hazleton, PA
##	466

```

##          Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ
##                               925
##          Lancaster, PA
##                               773
##          Erie, PA
##                               222
##          Lewisburg, PA
##                               258

## 10900 16540 21500 26860 29540 30260 35260 37980 38300 39740 42540
##    925   372   222   396   773   258   587   3978  4940  3719   466

## Allegheny      Beaver      Berks      Delaware      Franklin      Indiana
##    1757        2408        3719        1514        372        396
## Lawrence      Luzerne Philadelphia Westmoreland      Carbon      Lancaster
##    587        466        2464        621        925        773
## Butler        Erie        Union
##    154        222        258

## [1] 10180 10180 10180 10180 10420 10420 10420 10500 10500 10500 10500 10500
## [13] 10540 10540 10580 10580 10580 10580 10580 10580 10740 10740 10740 10740
## [25] 10740 10780 10780 10780 10900 10900 10900 10900 10900 11020 11020 11100
## [37] 11100 11100 11100 11100 11100 11180 11180 11180 11260 11260 11260 11460
## [49] 11460 11500 11500 11540 11540 11540 11700 11700 11700 11700 11700 12020
## [61] 12020 12020 12020 12020 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060
## [73] 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060
## [85] 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12060 12100 12100
## [97] 12220 12220 12260 12260 12260 12260 12260 12260 12260 12260 12420 12420
## [109] 12420 12420 12420 12420 12540 12540 12580 12580 12580 12580 12580 12580
## [121] 12580 12580 12620 12620 12700 12700 12940 12940 12940 12940 12940 12940
## [133] 12940 12940 12940 12940 12940 12980 12980 13020 13020 13140 13140 13140
## [145] 13140 13220 13220 13220 13380 13380 13460 13460 13740 13740 13740 13740
## [157] 13780 13780 13780 13820 13820 13820 13820 13820 13820 13820 13900 13900
## [169] 13900 13900 13980 13980 13980 13980 13980 14010 14010 14020 14020 14020
## [181] 14100 14100 14100 14260 14260 14260 14260 14260 14260 14460 14460 14460
## [193] 14460 14460 14460 14460 14460 14460 14460 14460 14500 14500 14540 14540
## [205] 14540 14540 14540 14740 14740 14860 14860 15180 15180 15260 15260 15260
## [217] 15260 15380 15380 15380 15500 15500 15540 15540 15540 15540 15680 15680
## [229] 15940 15940 15940 15980 15980 16020 16020 16020 16020 16060 16060 16060
## [241] 16060 16180 16180 16220 16220 16300 16300 16300 16300 16540 16540 16580
## [253] 16580 16580 16620 16620 16620 16620 16620 16620 16700 16700 16700 16700
## [265] 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740 16740
## [277] 16820 16820 16820 16820 16820 16820 16860 16860 16860 16860 16860 16860
## [289] 16860 16940 16940 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980
## [301] 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 16980 17020 17020
## [313] 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140 17140

```

##	[325]	17140	17140	17140	17140	17140	17300	17300	17300	17300	17300	17420	17420
##	[337]	17420	17460	17460	17460	17460	17460	17460	17660	17660	17780	17780	17780
##	[349]	17780	17820	17820	17820	17860	17860	17860	17860	17900	17900	17900	17900
##	[361]	17900	17900	17900	17980	17980	17980	17980	17980	17980	17980	17980	18020
##	[373]	18020	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140	18140
##	[385]	18580	18580	18580	18700	18700	18880	18880	18880	19060	19060	19060	19100
##	[397]	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100	19100
##	[409]	19100	19140	19140	19140	19180	19180	19300	19300	19340	19340	19340	19340
##	[421]	19340	19430	19430	19430	19430	19460	19460	19460	19500	19500	19660	19660
##	[433]	19660	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740	19740
##	[445]	19780	19780	19780	19780	19780	19780	19780	19820	19820	19820	19820	19820
##	[457]	19820	19820	19820	19820	20020	20020	20020	20020	20100	20100	20220	20220
##	[469]	20260	20260	20260	20260	20260	20500	20500	20500	20500	20500	20500	20700
##	[481]	20700	20740	20740	20740	20940	20940	21060	21060	21060	21060	21140	21140
##	[493]	21300	21300	21340	21340	21340	21420	21420	21500	21500	21660	21660	21780
##	[505]	21780	21780	21780	21780	21820	21820	22020	22020	22020	22140	22140	22180
##	[517]	22180	22180	22180	22220	22220	22220	22220	22380	22380	22420	22420	22500
##	[529]	22500	22500	22520	22520	22520	22540	22540	22660	22660	22900	22900	22900
##	[541]	22900	22900	23060	23060	23060	23420	23420	23460	23460	23540	23540	23540
##	[553]	23540	23580	23580	23900	23900	24020	24020	24020	24140	24140	24220	24220
##	[565]	24220	24260	24260	24260	24260	24300	24300	24340	24340	24340	24340	24340
##	[577]	24420	24420	24500	24500	24540	24540	24580	24580	24580	24580	24660	24660
##	[589]	24660	24660	24780	24780	24860	24860	24860	24860	24860	25060	25060	25060
##	[601]	25060	25060	25180	25180	25180	25180	25220	25220	25260	25260	25420	25420
##	[613]	25420	25420	25500	25500	25500	25540	25540	25540	25540	25620	25620	25620
##	[625]	25620	25620	25860	25860	25860	25860	25860	25940	25940	25940	25980	25980
##	[637]	25980	26140	26140	26300	26300	26380	26380	26380	26420	26420	26420	26420
##	[649]	26420	26420	26420	26420	26420	26420	26580	26580	26580	26580	26580	26580
##	[661]	26580	26580	26620	26620	26620	26820	26820	26820	26820	26900	26900	26900
##	[673]	26900	26900	26900	26900	26900	26900	26900	26900	26900	26980	26980	26980
##	[685]	27060	27060	27100	27100	27140	27140	27140	27140	27140	27140	27140	27140
##	[697]	27180	27180	27180	27180	27180	27260	27260	27260	27260	27260	27260	27340
##	[709]	27340	27500	27500	27620	27620	27620	27620	27620	27740	27740	27740	27740
##	[721]	27780	27780	27860	27860	27860	27900	27900	27900	27980	27980	28020	28020
##	[733]	28100	28100	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140
##	[745]	28140	28140	28140	28140	28140	28420	28420	28420	28660	28660	28660	28660
##	[757]	28700	28700	28700	28700	28700	28700	28740	28740	28940	28940	28940	28940
##	[769]	28940	28940	28940	28940	28940	29020	29020	29100	29100	29100	29180	29180
##	[781]	29180	29180	29180	29180	29200	29200	29200	29200	29200	29340	29340	29340
##	[793]	29420	29420	29460	29460	29540	29540	29620	29620	29620	29620	29620	29700
##	[805]	29700	29740	29740	29820	29820	29940	29940	30020	30020	30020	30140	30140
##	[817]	30300	30300	30300	30340	30340	30460	30460	30460	30460	30460	30460	30460
##	[829]	30620	30620	30700	30700	30700	30780	30780	30780	30780	30780	30780	30780
##	[841]	30860	30860	30860	30980	30980	30980	30980	30980	31020	31020	31080	31080
##	[853]	31080	31080	31080	31140	31140	31140	31140	31140	31140	31140	31140	31140

##	[865]	31140	31140	31180	31180	31180	31180	31340	31340	31340	31340	31340	31340
##	[877]	31420	31420	31420	31420	31420	31420	31460	31460	31540	31540	31540	31540
##	[889]	31540	31700	31700	31740	31740	31740	31740	31860	31860	31860	31900	31900
##	[901]	32580	32580	32780	32780	32820	32820	32820	32820	32820	32820	32820	32820
##	[913]	32820	32900	32900	33100	33100	33100	33100	33100	33100	33100	33140	33140
##	[925]	33220	33220	33260	33260	33260	33340	33340	33340	33340	33340	33460	33460
##	[937]	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460	33460
##	[949]	33460	33460	33540	33540	33660	33660	33660	33700	33700	33740	33740	33740
##	[961]	33740	33780	33780	33860	33860	33860	33860	33860	34060	34060	34060	34100
##	[973]	34100	34100	34100	34580	34580	34620	34620	34740	34740	34820	34820	34820
##	[985]	34900	34900	34940	34940	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980
##	[997]	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980	34980	35100	35100	35100	35100	35300	35300
##	[1009]	35380	35380	35380	35380	35380	35380	35380	35380	35380	35620	35620	35620
##	[1021]	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620
##	[1033]	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620	35620
##	[1045]	35620	35660	35660	35840	35840	35840	35980	35980	36100	36100	36140	36140
##	[1057]	36220	36220	36260	36260	36260	36260	36260	36420	36420	36420	36420	36420
##	[1069]	36420	36420	36420	36500	36500	36540	36540	36540	36540	36540	36540	36540
##	[1081]	36540	36540	36740	36740	36740	36740	36740	36780	36780	36980	36980	36980
##	[1093]	36980	37100	37100	37340	37340	37460	37460	37620	37620	37620	37860	37860
##	[1105]	37860	37900	37900	37900	37900	37900	37900	37900	37980	37980	37980	37980
##	[1117]	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980	37980
##	[1129]	38060	38060	38060	38220	38220	38220	38220	38300	38300	38300	38300	38300
##	[1141]	38300	38300	38300	38340	38340	38540	38540	38540	38860	38860	38860	38860
##	[1153]	38900	38900	38900	38900	38900	38900	38900	38900	38940	38940	38940	39100
##	[1165]	39100	39100	39150	39150	39300	39300	39300	39300	39300	39300	39300	39340
##	[1177]	39340	39340	39380	39380	39460	39460	39540	39540	39580	39580	39580	39580
##	[1189]	39660	39660	39660	39740	39740	39820	39820	39900	39900	39900	40060	40060
##	[1201]	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060	40060
##	[1213]	40060	40060	40060	40060	40140	40140	40140	40220	40220	40220	40220	40220
##	[1225]	40220	40220	40340	40340	40340	40340	40340	40380	40380	40380	40380	40380
##	[1237]	40380	40380	40420	40420	40420	40580	40580	40580	40660	40660	40900	40900
##	[1249]	40900	40900	40900	40980	40980	41060	41060	41060	41100	41100	41140	41140
##	[1261]	41140	41140	41140	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180
##	[1273]	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41180	41420	41420	41420	41500	41500
##	[1285]	41540	41540	41540	41540	41540	41620	41620	41620	41660	41660	41660	41660
##	[1297]	41700	41700	41700	41700	41700	41700	41700	41700	41700	41740	41740	41860
##	[1309]	41860	41860	41860	41860	41860	41860	41860	41860	41940	41940	41940	42020
##	[1321]	42020	42100	42100	42140	42140	42200	42200	42220	42220	42340	42340	42340
##	[1333]	42340	42540	42540	42540	42540	42660	42660	42660	42660	42660	42660	42680
##	[1345]	42680	42700	42700	43100	43100	43300	43300	43340	43340	43340	43340	43420
##	[1357]	43420	43580	43580	43580	43580	43580	43620	43620	43620	43620	43620	43780
##	[1369]	43780	43780	43900	43900	44060	44060	44060	44100	44100	44100	44140	44140
##	[1381]	44140	44140	44180	44180	44180	44180	44180	44180	44220	44220	44300	44300
##	[1393]	44420	44420	44420	44420	44700	44700	44940	44940	44940	45060	45060	45060

##	[1405]	45060	45220	45220	45220	45220	45220	45300	45300	45300	45300	45300	45460
##	[1417]	45460	45460	45460	45460	45460	45500	45500	45500	45500	45540	45540	45780
##	[1429]	45780	45780	45780	45780	45820	45820	45820	45820	45820	45820	45940	45940
##	[1441]	46060	46060	46140	46140	46140	46140	46140	46140	46140	46140	46220	46220
##	[1453]	46220	46220	46220	46300	46300	46300	46340	46340	46520	46520	46540	46540
##	[1465]	46540	46660	46660	46660	46660	46660	46700	46700	47020	47020	47020	47220
##	[1477]	47220	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260
##	[1489]	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47260	47300	47300	47380
##	[1501]	47380	47380	47460	47460	47580	47580	47580	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900
##	[1513]	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900
##	[1525]	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47900	47940
##	[1537]	47940	47940	47940	48060	48060	48140	48140	48140	48260	48260	48260	48260
##	[1549]	48300	48300	48300	48540	48540	48540	48540	48620	48620	48620	48620	48620
##	[1561]	48660	48660	48660	48660	48700	48700	48900	48900	48900	49020	49020	49020
##	[1573]	49020	49180	49180	49180	49180	49180	49180	49340	49340	49340	49420	49420
##	[1585]	49620	49620	49660	49660	49660	49660	49700	49700	49700	49740	49740	10100
##	[1597]	10100	10100	10140	10140	10220	10220	10300	10300	10460	10460	10620	10620
##	[1609]	10660	10660	10700	10700	10760	10760	10760	10820	10820	10860	10860	10860
##	[1621]	10940	10940	10980	10980	11060	11060	11140	11140	11140	11220	11220	11380
##	[1633]	11380	11420	11420	11580	11580	11620	11620	11620	11660	11660	11740	11740
##	[1645]	11780	11780	11820	11820	11860	11860	11900	11900	11940	11940	11980	11980
##	[1657]	12120	12120	12140	12140	12180	12180	12300	12300	12380	12380	12460	12460
##	[1669]	12660	12660	12680	12680	12740	12740	12780	12780	12860	12860	12900	12900
##	[1681]	12900	13060	13060	13100	13100	13180	13180	13260	13260	13300	13300	13340
##	[1693]	13340	13420	13420	13500	13500	13540	13540	13620	13620	13660	13660	13700
##	[1705]	13700	13720	13720	13720	13940	13940	14140	14140	14140	14140	14180	14180
##	[1717]	14220	14220	14300	14300	14380	14380	14420	14420	14580	14580	14620	14620
##	[1729]	14660	14660	14660	14700	14700	14720	14720	14780	14780	14820	14820	15020
##	[1741]	15020	15060	15060	15100	15100	15140	15140	15220	15220	15340	15340	15420
##	[1753]	15420	15420	15460	15460	15460	15580	15580	15620	15620	15620	15660	15660
##	[1765]	15700	15700	15740	15740	15780	15780	15780	15820	15820	15820	15860	15860
##	[1777]	16100	16100	16140	16140	16260	16260	16340	16340	16380	16380	16420	16420
##	[1789]	16460	16460	16500	16500	16660	16660	16660	17060	17060	17220	17220	17220
##	[1801]	17220	17260	17260	17340	17340	17380	17380	17500	17500	17540	17540	17580
##	[1813]	17580	17700	17700	17740	17740	18060	18060	18100	18100	18180	18180	18220
##	[1825]	18220	18260	18260	18260	18260	18300	18300	18380	18380	18420	18420	18460
##	[1837]	18460	18500	18500	18620	18620	18660	18660	18740	18740	18780	18780	18820
##	[1849]	18820	18860	18860	18900	18900	18980	18980	19000	19000	19000	19220	19220
##	[1861]	19220	19260	19260	19260	19420	19420	19540	19540	19580	19580	19620	19620
##	[1873]	19700	19700	19760	19760	19860	19860	19860	19940	19940	19980	19980	20060
##	[1885]	20060	20060	20140	20140	20140	20140	20180	20180	20300	20300	20340	20340
##	[1897]	20420	20420	20460	20460	20540	20540	20580	20580	20660	20660	20780	20780
##	[1909]	20820	20820	20900	20900	20980	20980	21020	21020	21020	21120	21120	21180
##	[1921]	21180	21220	21220	21220	21260	21260	21380	21380	21380	21460	21460	21540
##	[1933]	21540	21580	21580	21640	21640	21640	21700	21700	21740	21740	21840	21840

##	[1945]	21860	21860	21900	21900	21980	21980	22060	22060	22100	22100	22260	22260
##	[1957]	22280	22280	22300	22300	22340	22340	22580	22580	22620	22620	22700	22700
##	[1969]	22780	22780	22800	22800	22800	22800	22820	22820	22840	22840	22860	22860
##	[1981]	23140	23140	23180	23180	23180	23240	23240	23300	23300	23340	23340	23380
##	[1993]	23380	23500	23500	23620	23620	23660	23660	23700	23700	23780	23780	23780
##	[2005]	23820	23820	23860	23860	23940	23940	23940	23940	23980	23980	23980	24060
##	[2017]	24060	24060	24100	24100	24180	24180	24330	24330	24380	24380	24460	24460
##	[2029]	24620	24620	24700	24700	24740	24740	24820	24820	24900	24900	24900	24940
##	[2041]	24940	24980	24980	25100	25100	25200	25200	25200	25300	25300	25300	25460
##	[2053]	25460	25460	25580	25580	25700	25700	25720	25720	25720	25740	25740	25740
##	[2065]	25760	25760	25780	25780	25820	25820	25840	25840	25840	25880	25880	25900
##	[2077]	25900	26020	26020	26090	26090	26220	26220	26260	26260	26260	26340	26340
##	[2089]	26340	26460	26460	26500	26500	26540	26540	26660	26660	26700	26700	26700
##	[2101]	26740	26740	26780	26780	26860	26860	26940	26940	27020	27020	27020	27160
##	[2113]	27160	27220	27220	27220	27300	27300	27300	27380	27380	27420	27420	27460
##	[2125]	27460	27530	27530	27540	27540	27540	27600	27600	27660	27660	27700	27700
##	[2137]	27940	27940	28060	28060	28180	28180	28260	28260	28260	28300	28300	28340
##	[2149]	28340	28380	28380	28500	28500	28540	28540	28580	28580	28620	28620	28780
##	[2161]	28780	28780	28820	28820	28860	28860	28860	28900	28900	29060	29060	29260
##	[2173]	29260	29300	29300	29300	29380	29380	29500	29500	29660	29660	29780	29780
##	[2185]	29780	29860	29860	29860	29900	29900	29980	29980	30060	30060	30100	30100
##	[2197]	30100	30100	30100	30220	30220	30260	30260	30280	30280	30380	30380	30420
##	[2209]	30420	30420	30580	30580	30660	30660	30820	30820	30900	30900	30940	30940
##	[2221]	30940	30940	30940	31060	31060	31220	31220	31260	31260	31300	31300	31380
##	[2233]	31380	31500	31500	31580	31580	31620	31620	31660	31660	31680	31680	31820
##	[2245]	31820	31930	31930	31940	31940	31940	31980	31980	32000	32000	32020	32020
##	[2257]	32100	32100	32140	32140	32180	32180	32260	32260	32280	32280	32300	32300
##	[2269]	32300	32340	32340	32380	32380	32380	32460	32460	32500	32500	32540	32540
##	[2281]	32620	32620	32660	32660	32700	32700	32740	32740	32860	32860	32940	32940
##	[2293]	32940	32940	33020	33020	33060	33060	33180	33180	33300	33300	33300	33380
##	[2305]	33380	33420	33420	33500	33500	33500	33500	33580	33580	33580	33620	33620
##	[2317]	33940	33940	33940	33980	33980	34020	34020	34140	34140	34180	34180	34220
##	[2329]	34220	34260	34260	34300	34300	34340	34340	34350	34350	34380	34380	34420
##	[2341]	34420	34420	34460	34460	34460	34460	34500	34500	34540	34540	34660	34660
##	[2353]	34700	34700	34780	34780	34860	34860	35020	35020	35020	35060	35060	35140
##	[2365]	35140	35220	35220	35260	35260	35420	35420	35440	35440	35460	35460	35580
##	[2377]	35580	35700	35700	35740	35740	35740	35740	35820	35820	35820	35820	35860
##	[2389]	35860	35900	35900	35940	35940	36020	36020	36300	36300	36340	36340	36380
##	[2401]	36380	36460	36460	36580	36580	36620	36620	36620	36660	36660	36700	36700
##	[2413]	36820	36820	36830	36830	36837	36837	36837	36837	36840	36840	36900	36900
##	[2425]	36940	36940	37060	37060	37120	37120	37140	37140	37140	37140	37140	37220
##	[2437]	37220	37260	37260	37300	37300	37420	37420	37420	37500	37500	37540	37540
##	[2449]	37580	37580	37660	37660	37740	37740	37770	37770	37780	37780	37780	37800
##	[2461]	37800	37940	37940	38100	38100	38180	38180	38180	38240	38240	38260	38260
##	[2473]	38380	38380	38420	38420	38460	38460	38500	38500	38580	38580	38580	38620

```

## [2485] 38620 38700 38700 38740 38740 38740 38780 38780 38820 38820 38920 38920
## [2497] 39020 39020 39060 39060 39220 39220 39260 39260 39420 39420 39500 39500
## [2509] 39500 39700 39700 39780 39780 39860 39860 39940 39940 39940 39980 39980
## [2521] 40080 40080 40080 40100 40100 40180 40180 40260 40260 40260 40300 40300
## [2533] 40460 40460 40530 40530 40540 40540 40620 40620 40700 40700 40740 40740
## [2545] 40760 40760 40780 40780 40780 40820 40820 40860 40860 40940 40940 41220
## [2557] 41220 41260 41260 41400 41400 41460 41460 41460 41760 41760 41780 41780
## [2569] 41820 41820 42300 42300 42380 42380 42420 42420 42420 42420 42460 42460
## [2581] 42500 42500 42620 42620 42740 42740 42780 42780 42820 42820 42860 42860
## [2593] 42900 42900 42940 42940 42980 42980 43020 43020 43020 43060 43060 43140
## [2605] 43140 43180 43180 43220 43220 43260 43260 43320 43320 43380 43380 43460
## [2617] 43460 43500 43500 43660 43660 43700 43700 43740 43740 43760 43760 43940
## [2629] 43940 43980 43980 44020 44020 44260 44260 44260 44340 44340 44460 44460
## [2641] 44500 44500 44540 44540 44580 44580 44620 44620 44660 44660 44740 44740
## [2653] 44780 44780 44860 44860 44900 44900 44980 44980 45000 45000 45020 45020
## [2665] 45140 45140 45180 45180 45340 45340 45380 45380 45520 45520 45580 45580
## [2677] 45620 45620 45660 45660 45700 45700 45740 45740 45860 45860 45900 45900
## [2689] 45900 45900 45900 45980 45980 46020 46020 46100 46100 46100 46100 46180
## [2701] 46180 46180 46180 46180 46380 46380 46420 46420 46460 46460 46500 46500
## [2713] 46620 46620 46780 46780 46820 46820 46860 46860 46900 46900 46980 46980
## [2725] 47080 47080 47080 47180 47180 47240 47240 47340 47340 47420 47420 47420
## [2737] 47540 47540 47620 47620 47660 47660 47700 47700 47780 47780 47820 47820
## [2749] 47920 47920 47980 47980 47980 48020 48020 48100 48100 48180 48180 48180
## [2761] 48220 48220 48460 48460 48500 48500 48580 48580 48780 48780 48820 48820
## [2773] 48940 48940 48980 48980 49060 49060 49080 49080 49100 49100 49220 49220
## [2785] 49260 49260 49260 49300 49300 49380 49380 49460 49460 49780 49780 49820
## [2797] 49820
## 926 Levels: 10100 10140 10180 10220 10300 10420 10460 10500 10540 ... 49820

## # A tibble: 132 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA
##   <date>          <dbl> <chr>
## 1 2010-01-01      0.0199 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 2 2010-02-01      0.0230 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 3 2010-03-01      0.0234 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 4 2010-04-01      0.0222 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 5 2010-05-01      0.0253 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 6 2010-06-01      0.0207 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 7 2010-07-01      0.0178 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 8 2010-08-01      0.0193 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 9 2010-09-01      0.0226 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 10 2010-10-01     0.0188 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## # ... with 122 more rows

## # A tibble: 132 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA

```

```

##      <date>                <dbl> <chr>
##  1 2010-01-01              0.0494 Pittsburgh
##  2 2010-02-01              0.0560 Pittsburgh
##  3 2010-03-01              0.0757 Pittsburgh
##  4 2010-04-01              0.0669 Pittsburgh
##  5 2010-05-01              0.0708 Pittsburgh
##  6 2010-06-01              0.0438 Pittsburgh
##  7 2010-07-01              0.0674 Pittsburgh
##  8 2010-08-01              0.0450 Pittsburgh
##  9 2010-09-01              0.033  Pittsburgh
## 10 2010-10-01              0.0443 Pittsburgh
## # ... with 122 more rows

## # A tibble: 102 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA
##   <date>                <dbl> <chr>
##  1 2012-07-01          0.0765 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  2 2012-08-01          0.0335 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  3 2012-09-01          0.0886 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  4 2012-10-01          0.081  Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  5 2012-11-01          0.321  Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  6 2012-12-01          0.02   Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  7 2013-01-01          0.047  Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  8 2013-02-01          0.02   Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
##  9 2013-03-01          0.014  Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
## 10 2013-04-01          0.143  Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton
## # ... with 92 more rows

## # A tibble: 98 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA
##   <date>                <dbl> <chr>
##  1 2010-01-01          0.102  Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  2 2010-02-01          0.0965 Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  3 2010-03-01          0.045  Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  4 2010-04-01          0.044  Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  5 2010-05-01          0.0426 Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  6 2010-06-01          0.0935 Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  7 2010-07-01          0.268  Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  8 2010-08-01          0.0494 Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
##  9 2010-09-01          0.0445 Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
## 10 2010-10-01          0.162  Scranton-Wilkes_Barre-Hazleton
## # ... with 88 more rows

## # A tibble: 108 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA
##   <date>                <dbl> <chr>

```

```
## 1 2012-01-01      0.06   Lancaster
## 2 2012-02-01      0.0438 Lancaster
## 3 2012-03-01      0.0684 Lancaster
## 4 2012-04-01      0.0926 Lancaster
## 5 2012-05-01      0.0138 Lancaster
## 6 2012-06-01      0.0534 Lancaster
## 7 2012-07-01      0.0168 Lancaster
## 8 2012-08-01      0.0262 Lancaster
## 9 2012-09-01      0.01   Lancaster
## 10 2012-10-01     0.0188 Lancaster
## # ... with 98 more rows

## # A tibble: 572 x 3
##   Date_combined Mean.monthly.Pb CBSA
##   <date>          <dbl> <chr>
## 1 2010-01-01      0.0199 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 2 2010-02-01      0.0230 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 3 2010-03-01      0.0234 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 4 2010-04-01      0.0222 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 5 2010-05-01      0.0253 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 6 2010-06-01      0.0207 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 7 2010-07-01      0.0178 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 8 2010-08-01      0.0193 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 9 2010-09-01      0.0226 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## 10 2010-10-01     0.0188 Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington
## # ... with 562 more rows

## [1] "Date"

## [1] "Date"
```

4.2 Question 2: What are the spatial associations between air lead levels and socioeconomic factors (ie. income and poverty) across counties in Pennsylvania?

The spatial analysis confirmed that mean lead concentration levels have gone down from 2010 to 2020. The highest mean concentration levels for 2010 was .15 ug/m³ compared to .1 ug/m³ for 2015 and .03 ug/m³ for 2020. The graphs also showed where high lead concentrations resided in the state of Pennsylvania. Counties that had the highest concentrations were Lancaster, Berks, Lehigh, Beaver, Allegheny, and Indiana. These are areas that have medium levels of people below poverty and tend to have lower per capita income levels compared with the rest of the state. When looking at the amount of maximum lead concentration levels that were above the air quality standard of .15 ug/m³, 2010 had 7 locations that exceeded this limit. Berks and Beaver each had two areas with readings above .9 ug/m³. For 2015 and 2020, there were only three locations (for each year) that exceeded the air quality standard limit. Beaver county had zero areas during these years and

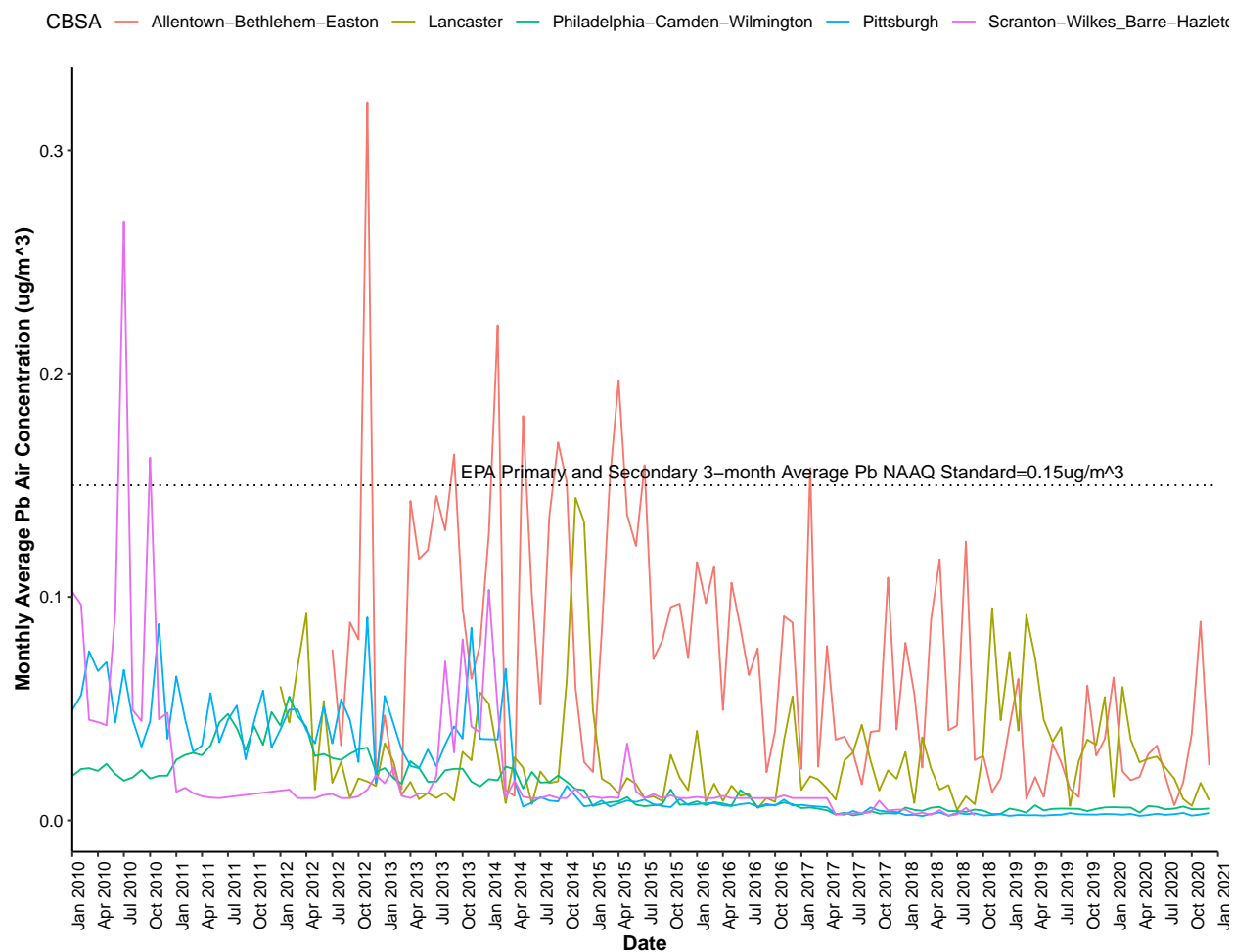


Figure 1: Monthly Average Pb Air Concentrations from 2010 to 2020 in PA Metro Areas

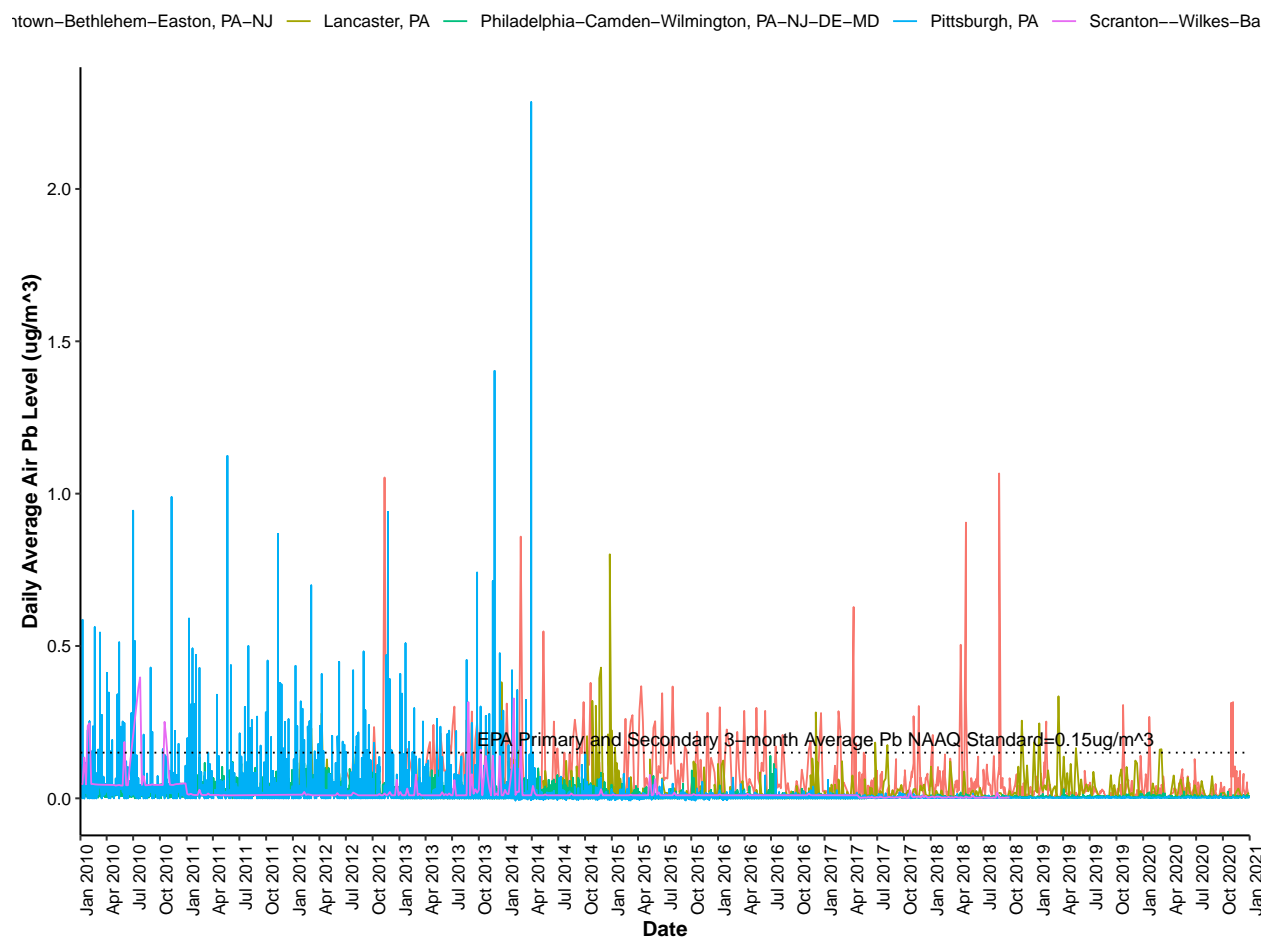


Figure 2: Daily average air Pb levels from 2010 to 2020 in the five most populous metropolitan areas in PA

Berks county reduced to only one reading at approximately $.24 \text{ ug/m}^3$. This spatial analysis assists with the time series analysis done in the section above. Moving forward, doing an analysis at a smaller scale would provide improved results. Future analysis could look at counties, such as Berks and Beaver, and perform analysis at the zip code level.

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'COUNTY', 'SITE_LATITUDE'. You can override using
## [1] 0.02118966 0.17580357

## Reading layer `cb_2018_us_county_20m' from data source `/Users/mothership/Desktop/EDA
## Simple feature collection with 3220 features and 9 fields
## Geometry type: MULTIPOLYGON
## Dimension:      XY
## Bounding box:   xmin: -179.1743 ymin: 17.91377 xmax: 179.7739 ymax: 71.35256
## Geodetic CRS:  NAD83

## [1] 15691.33 40670.86
```

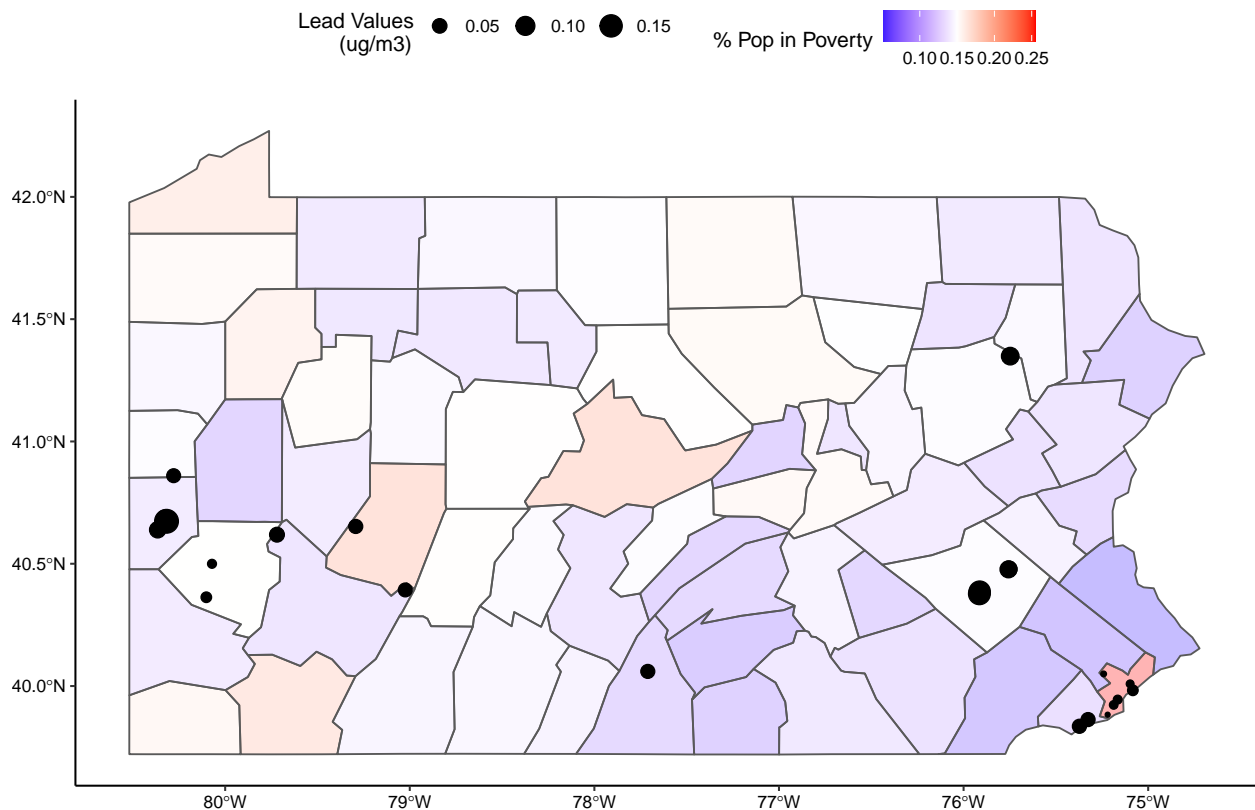


Figure 3: 2010 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'COUNTY', 'SITE_LATITUDE'. You can override using
## [1] 0.02118966 0.17580357

## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'COUNTY', 'SITE_LATITUDE'. You can override using
```

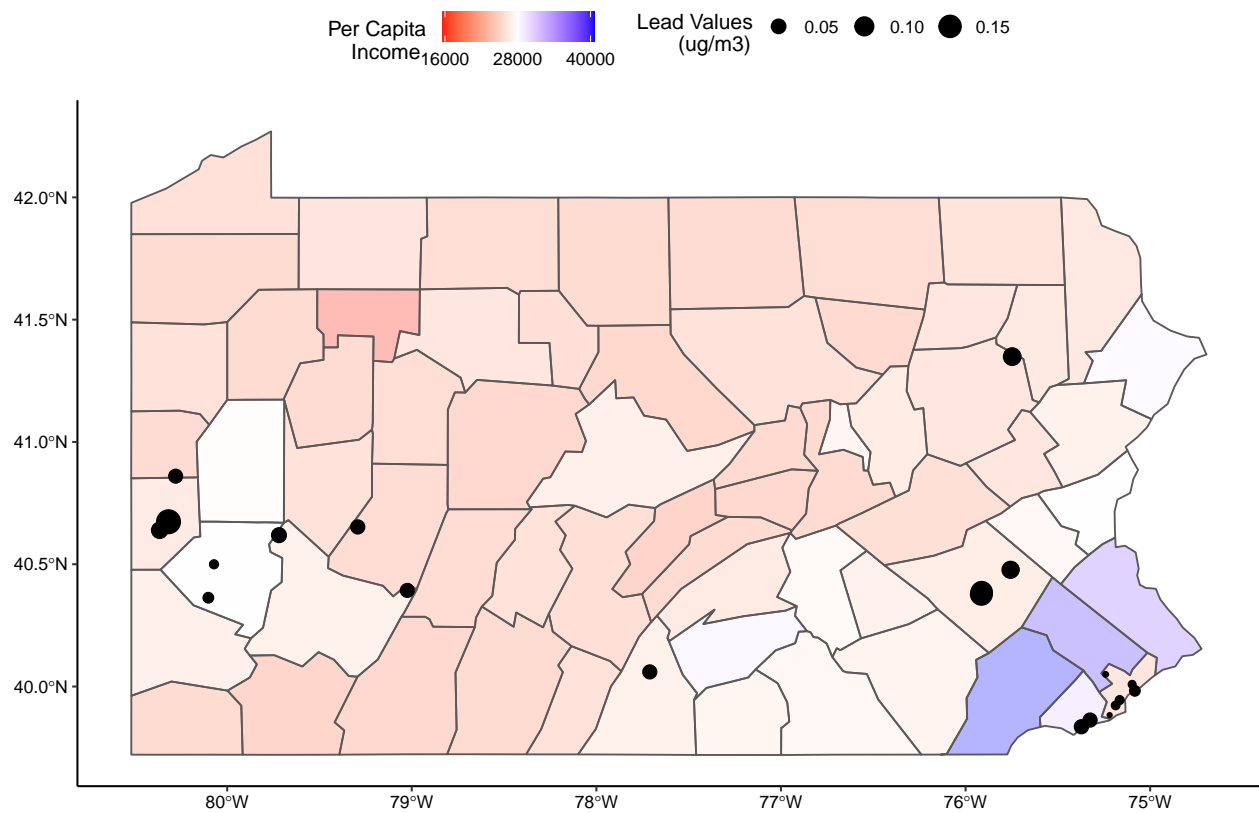


Figure 4: 2010 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

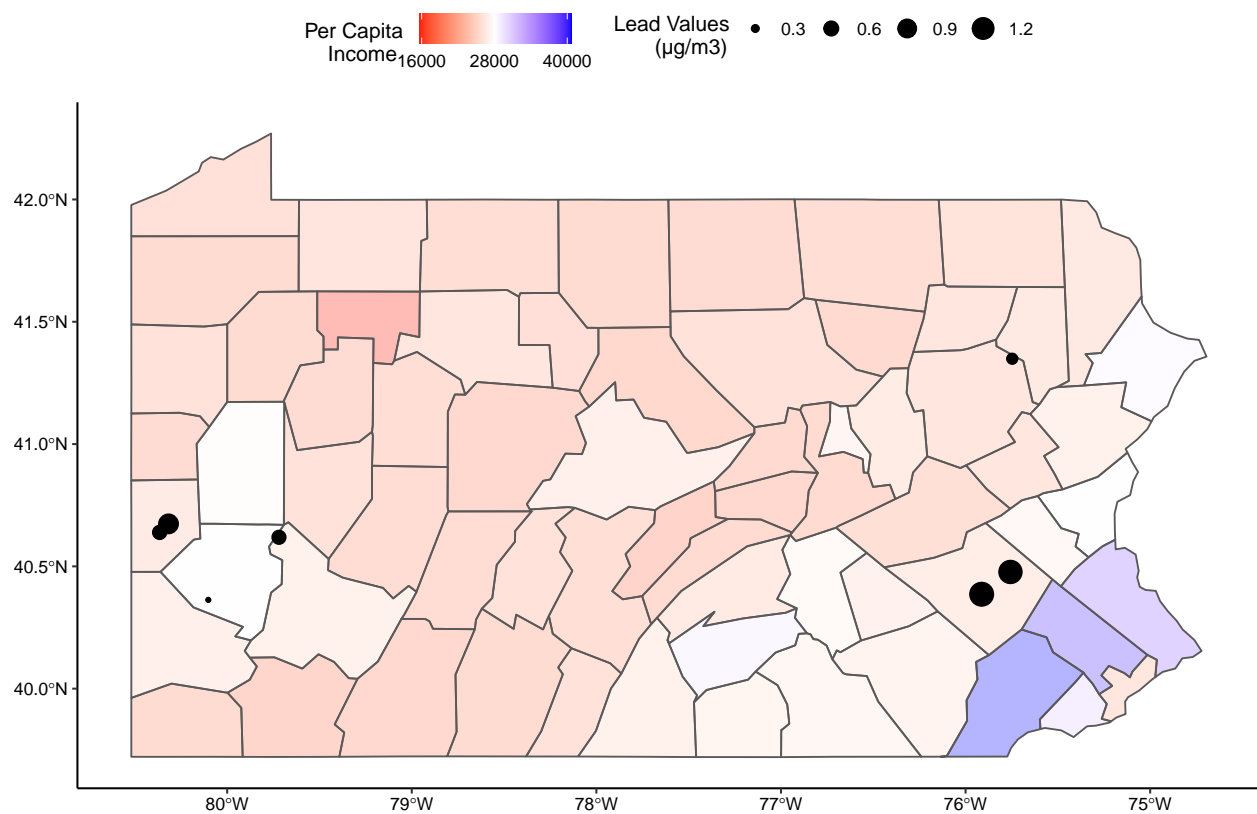


Figure 5: 2010 Max Lead Levels over .15 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

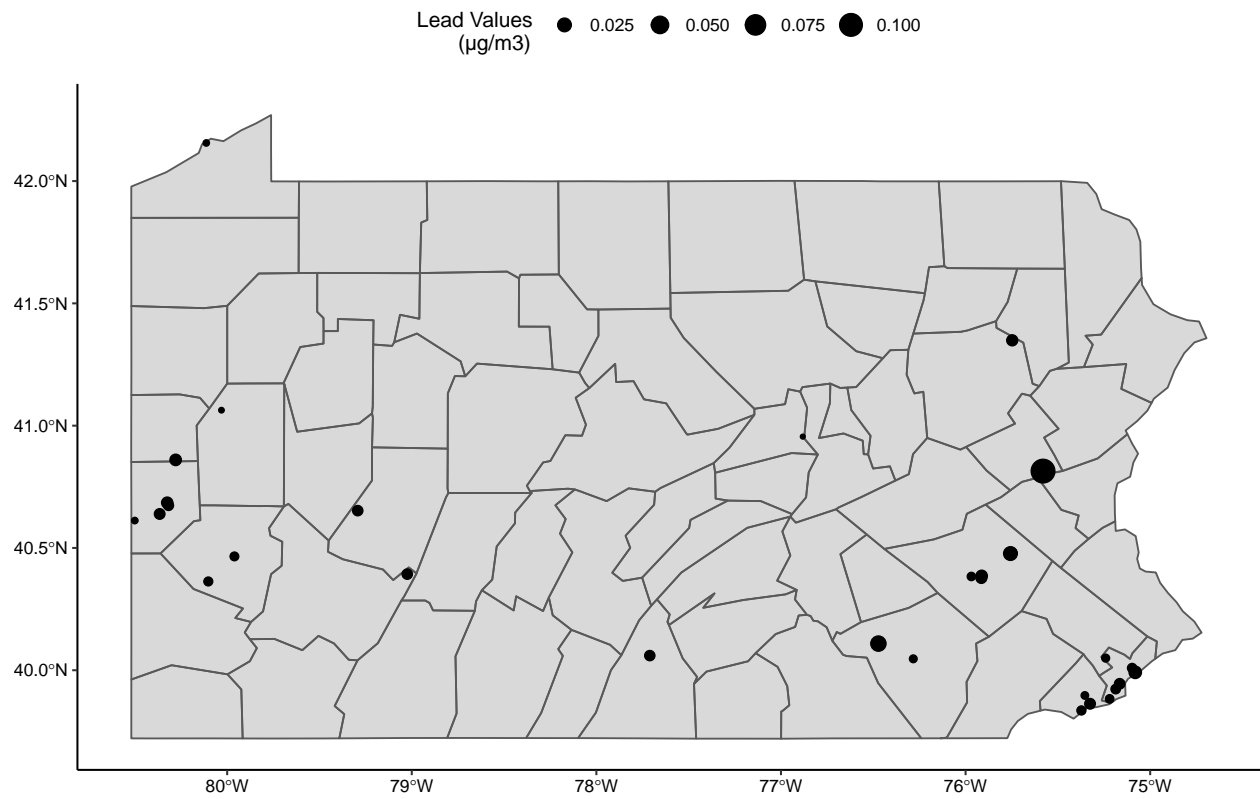


Figure 6: 2015 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

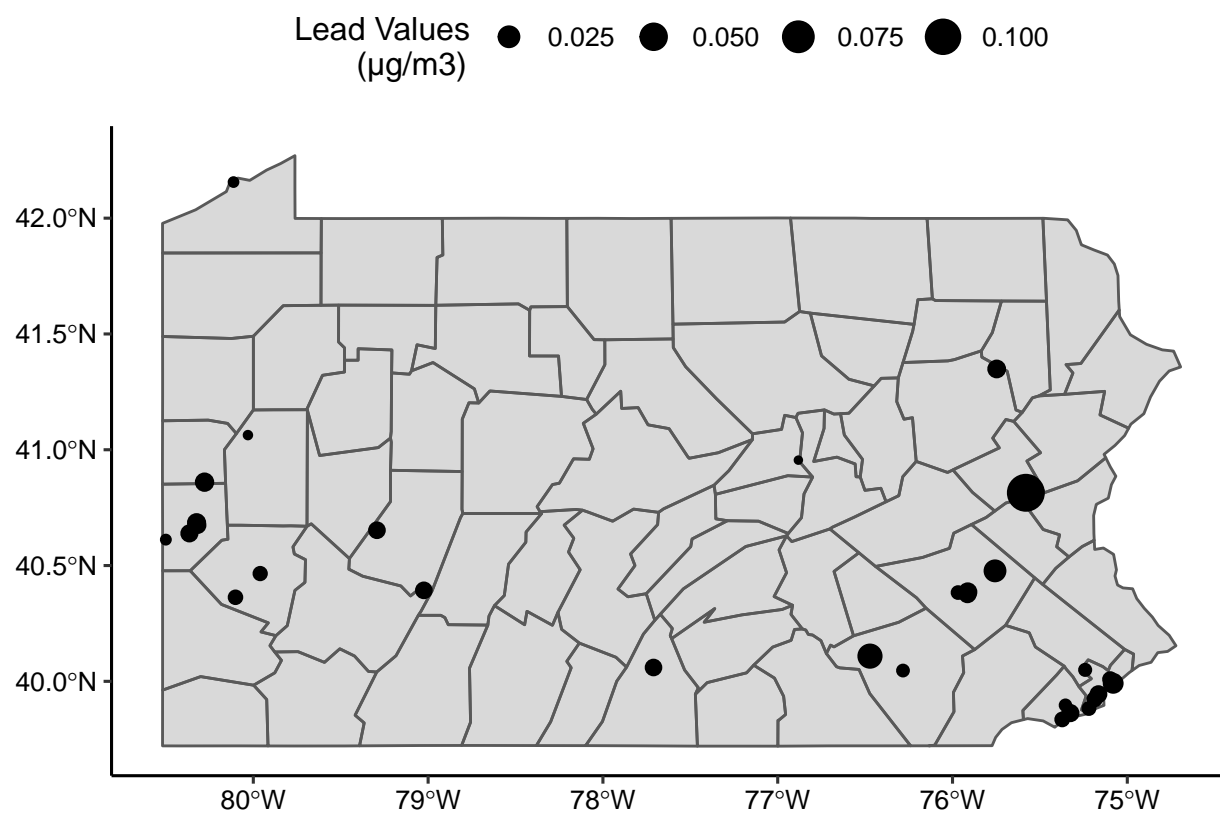


Figure 7: 2015 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

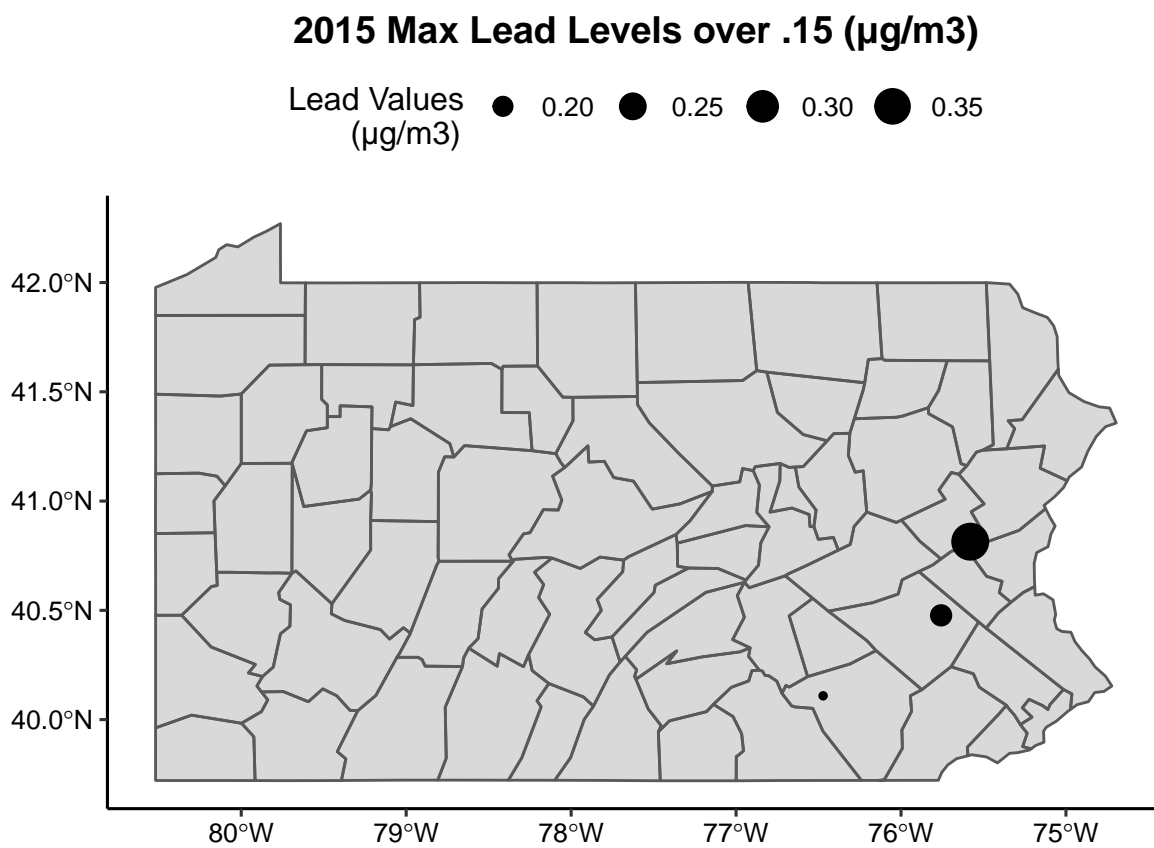


Figure 8: 2015 Max Lead Levels over .15 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

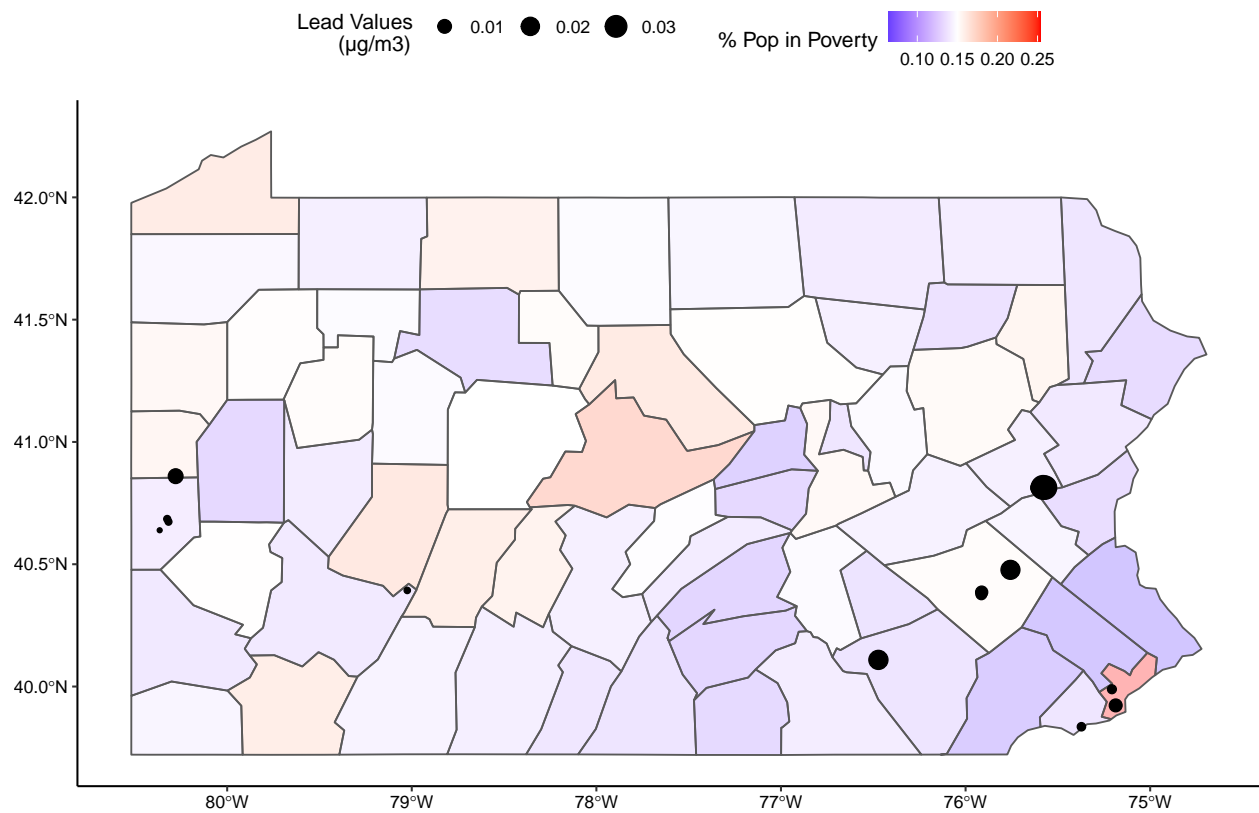


Figure 9: 2020 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

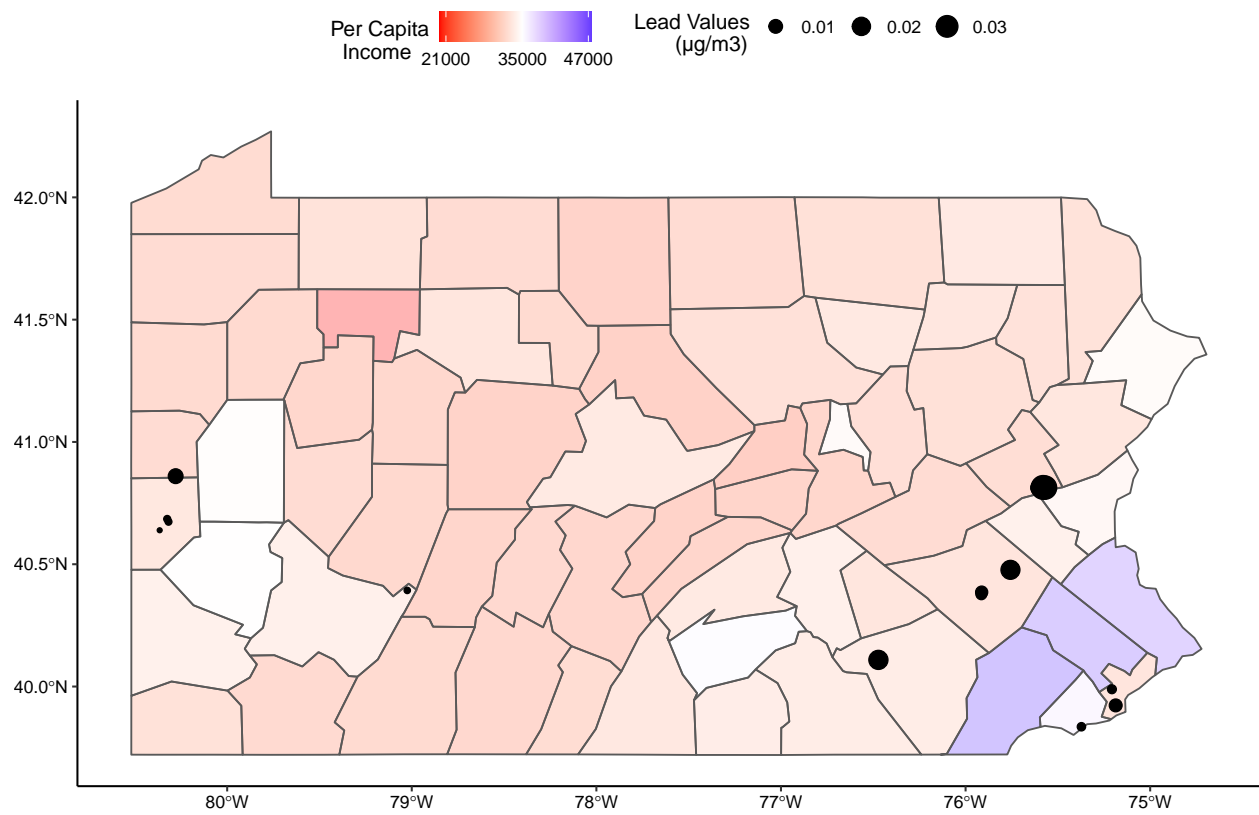


Figure 10: 2020 Mean Lead Levels Across Pennsylvania

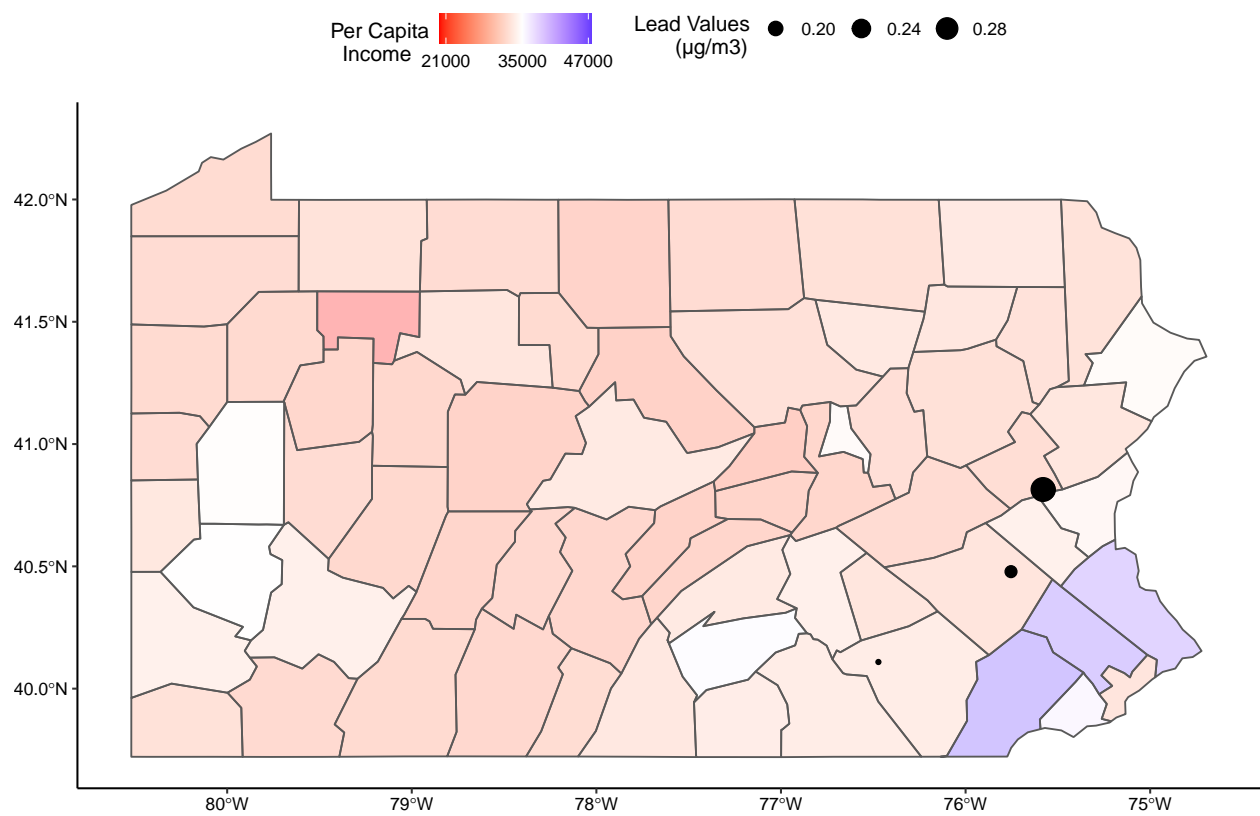


Figure 11: 2020 Max Lead Levels over .15 (µg/m³)

4.2.1 Final Model (Model 9)

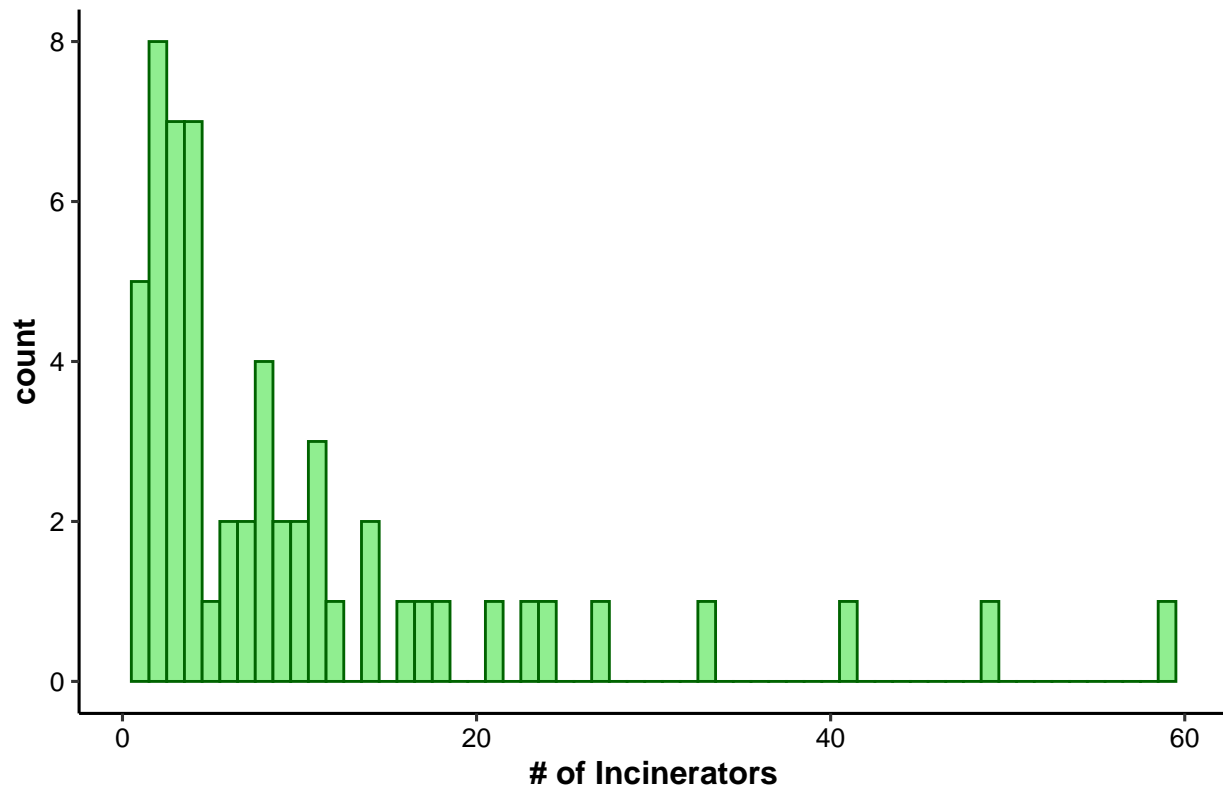
4.2.1.1 Blood lead = (beta1 x log_metal) + (beta2 x log_incinerate) + (beta4 x meanPerCapIncome) + (beta5 x POV\$^2) This model is statistically insignificant overall, with an f-statistics p-value (0.29) being far greater than 0.05. The coefficient of meanPCI (mean per-capita income) was statistically significant ($p < 0.05$), and can be interpreted as every decrease in income by 2,877 dollars is correlated with a 1% increase in blood-lead levels in children.

The low significance of this model is not surprising, given the limitations of the data. The number of metal/incinerator plants may not necessarily reflect the quantity of particulate lead being emitted, which likely varies greatly between plants. If data were able to be obtained about how much smoke/lead-particulate matter is being emitted per plant, then that would have been more useful. The same applies to airports; it is likely that the quantity of airports does not matter so much as the number of flights and size of planes cycling through each airport; were FAA data on these parameters available, they would have been carried out. This is ultimately why the airport data was omitted from the final model.

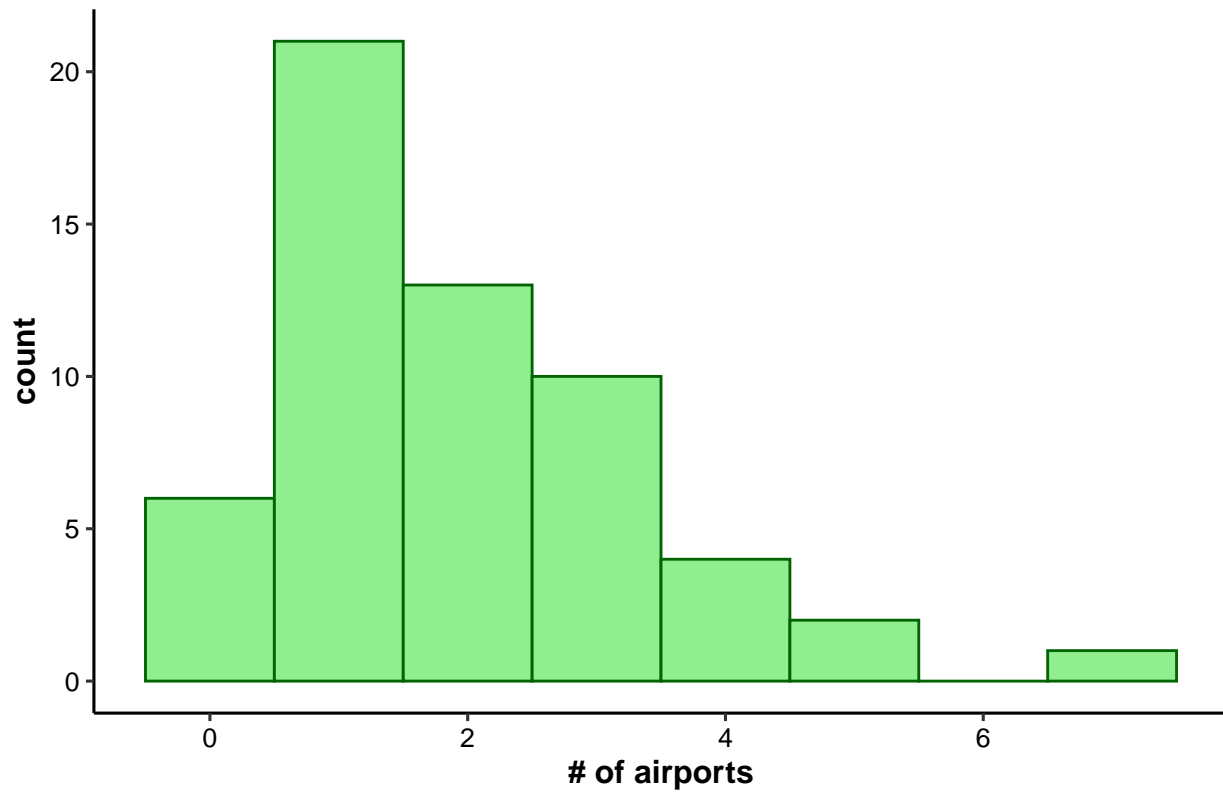
Quantity of plants/airports would have been more useful if the geographic units used in this model were smaller – county-level data was the smallest data we could work with, given the reported blood lead levels reported by the CDC were at a county level. Another geographical consideration is that lead-emissions from the studied sources may not affect their respective counties and instead disperse to other counties.

Of further concern with the metal processing data was that the range of metal-processing plants was low across counties (max number of plants was 12, min 0), with the mean being 1.72 plants/county. Such skewness of the mean may not be appropriate for an OLS regression.

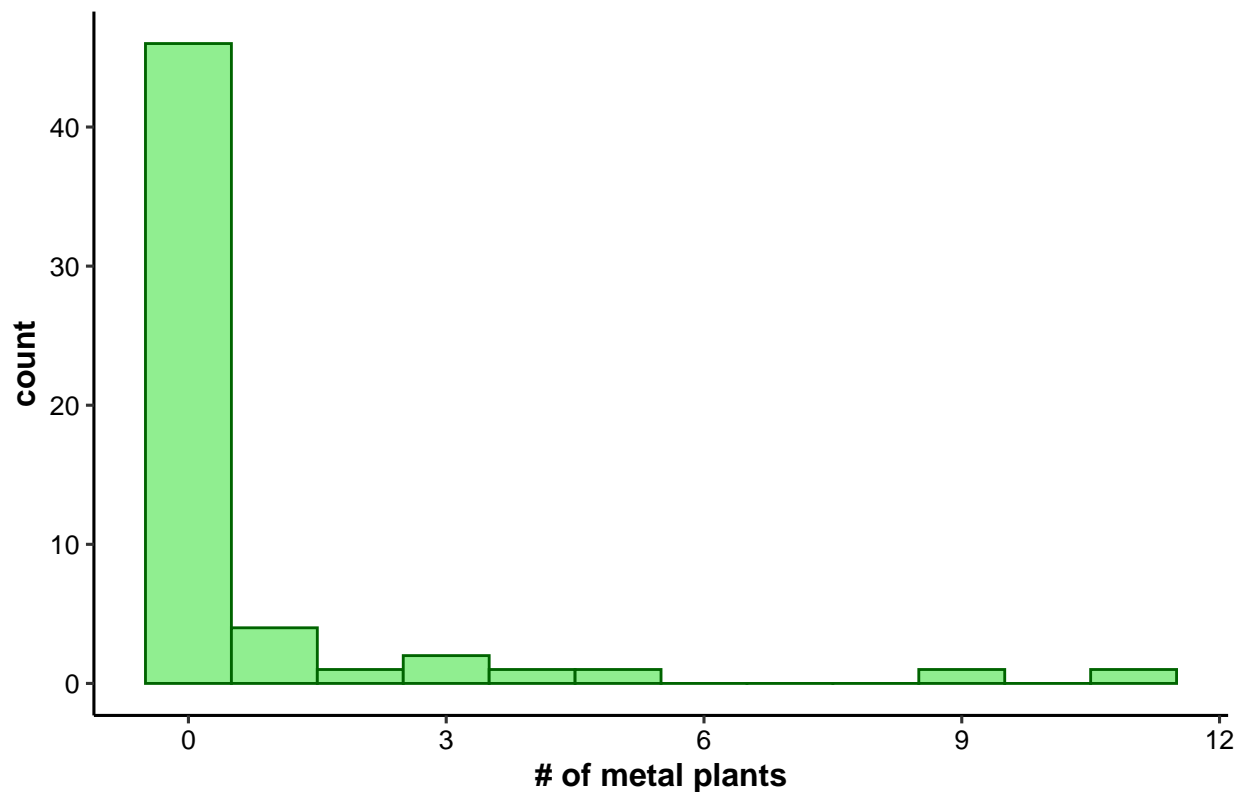
Incinerators per county, histogram



Airports per county, histogram



Processing plants per county, histogram

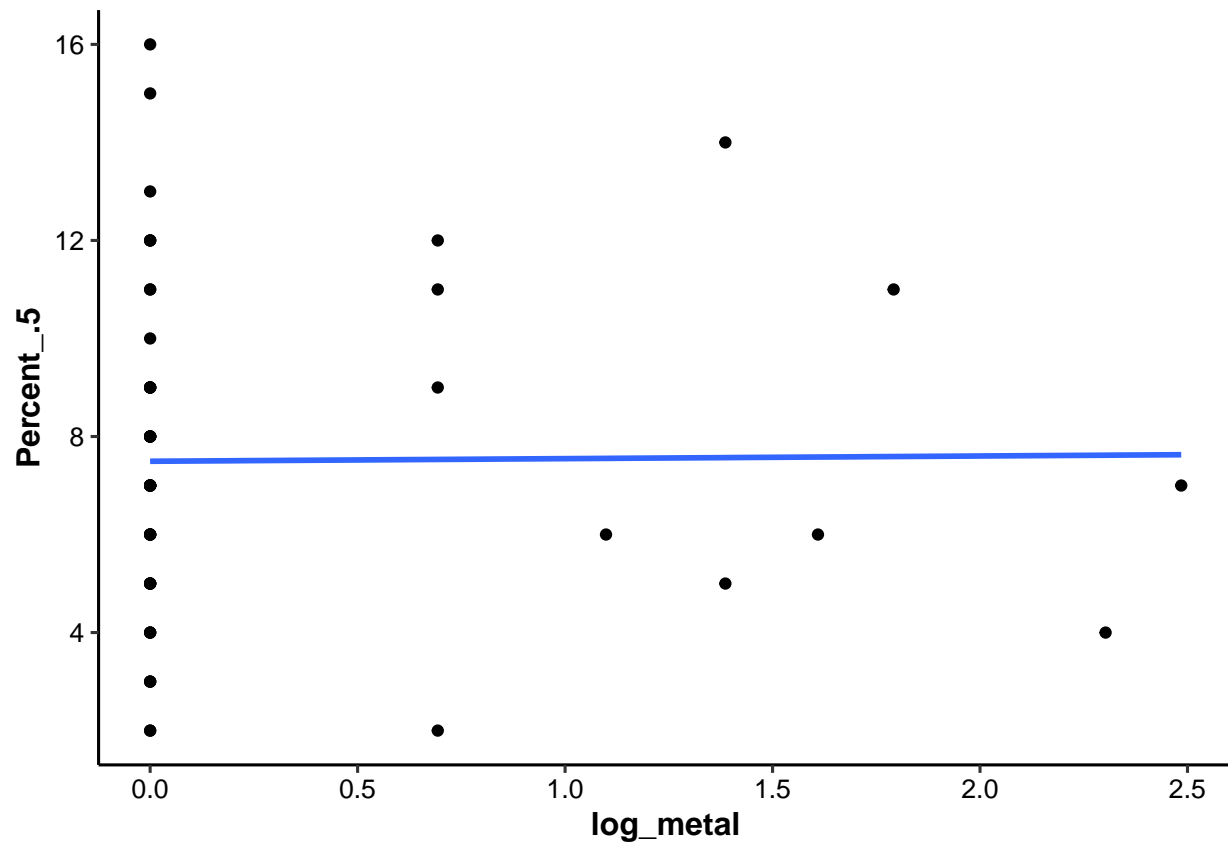


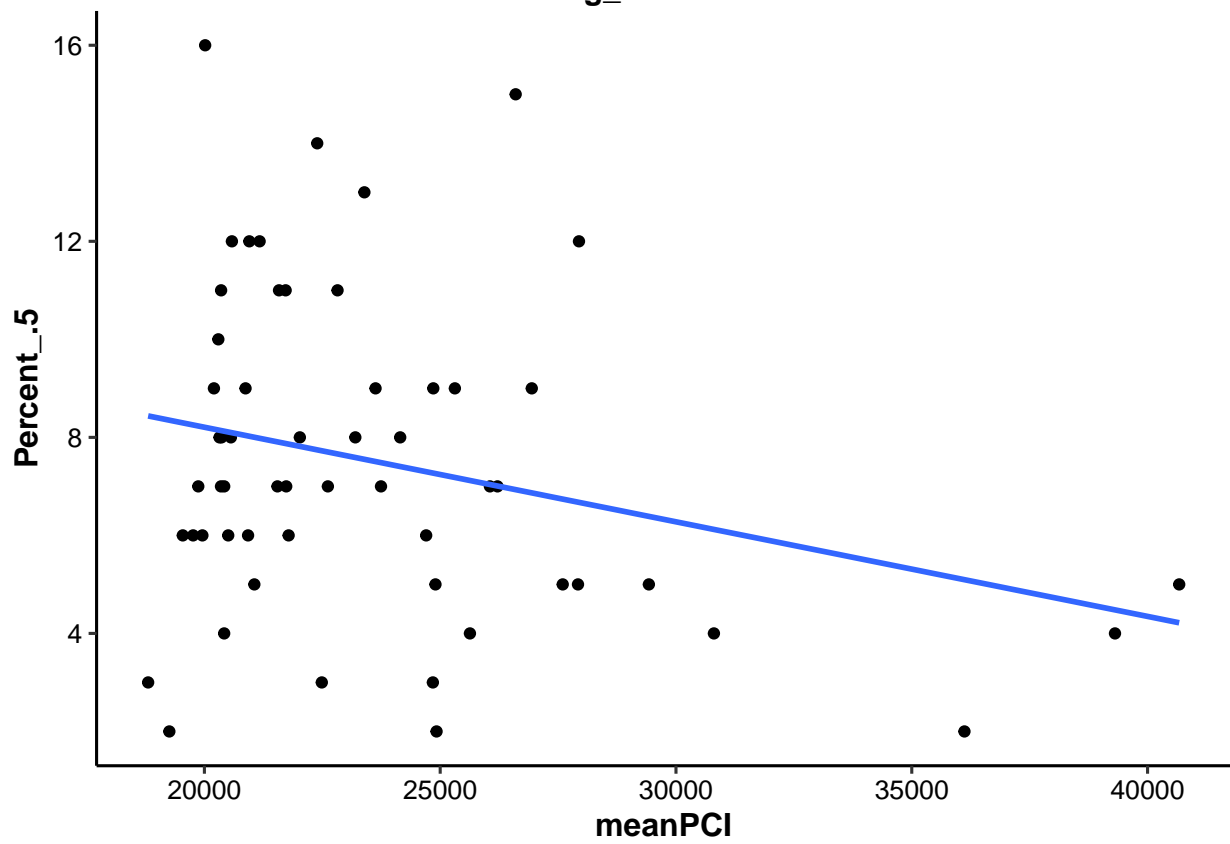
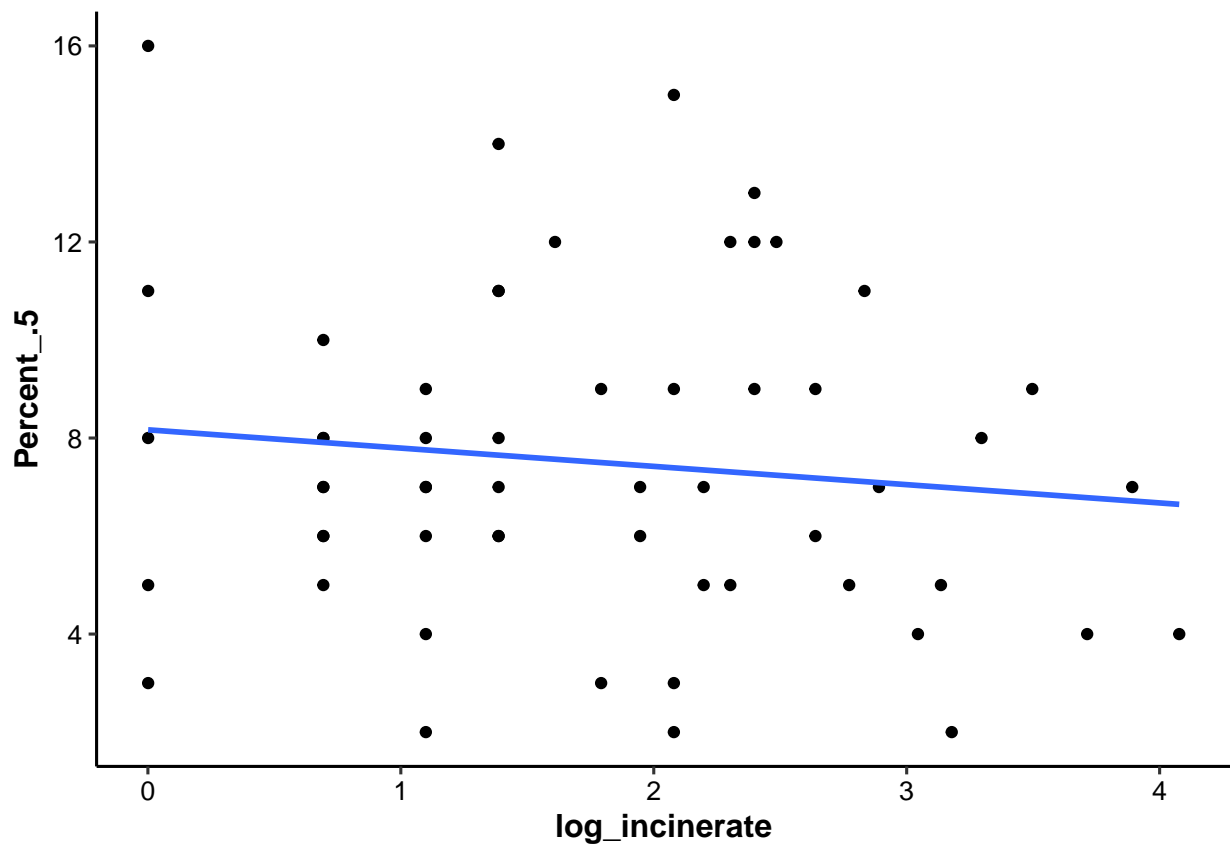
```
## Rows: 1
## Columns: 6
## $ Length <int> 57
## $ Mean <dbl> 0.7192982
## $ Median <dbl> 0
## $ Std_Dev <dbl> 2.068077
## $ Minimum <dbl> 0
## $ Maximum <dbl> 11
```

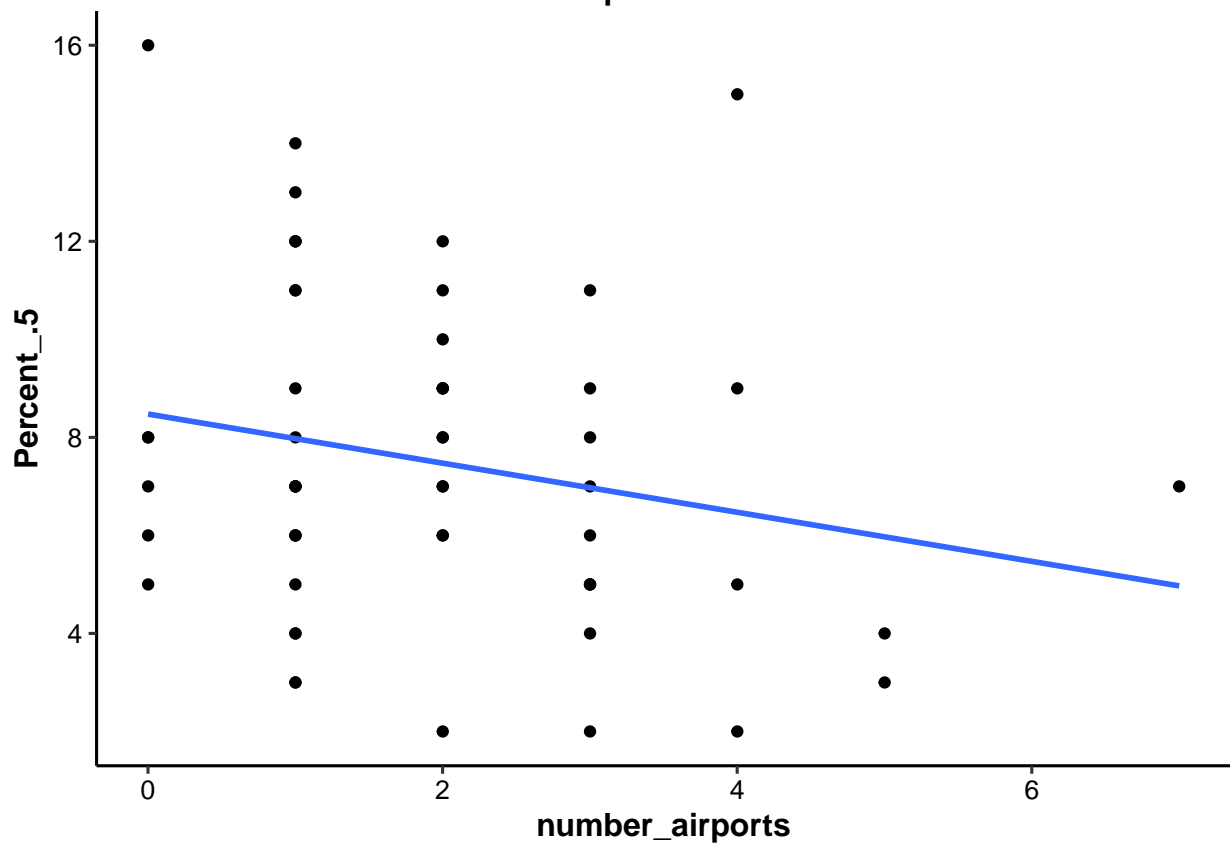
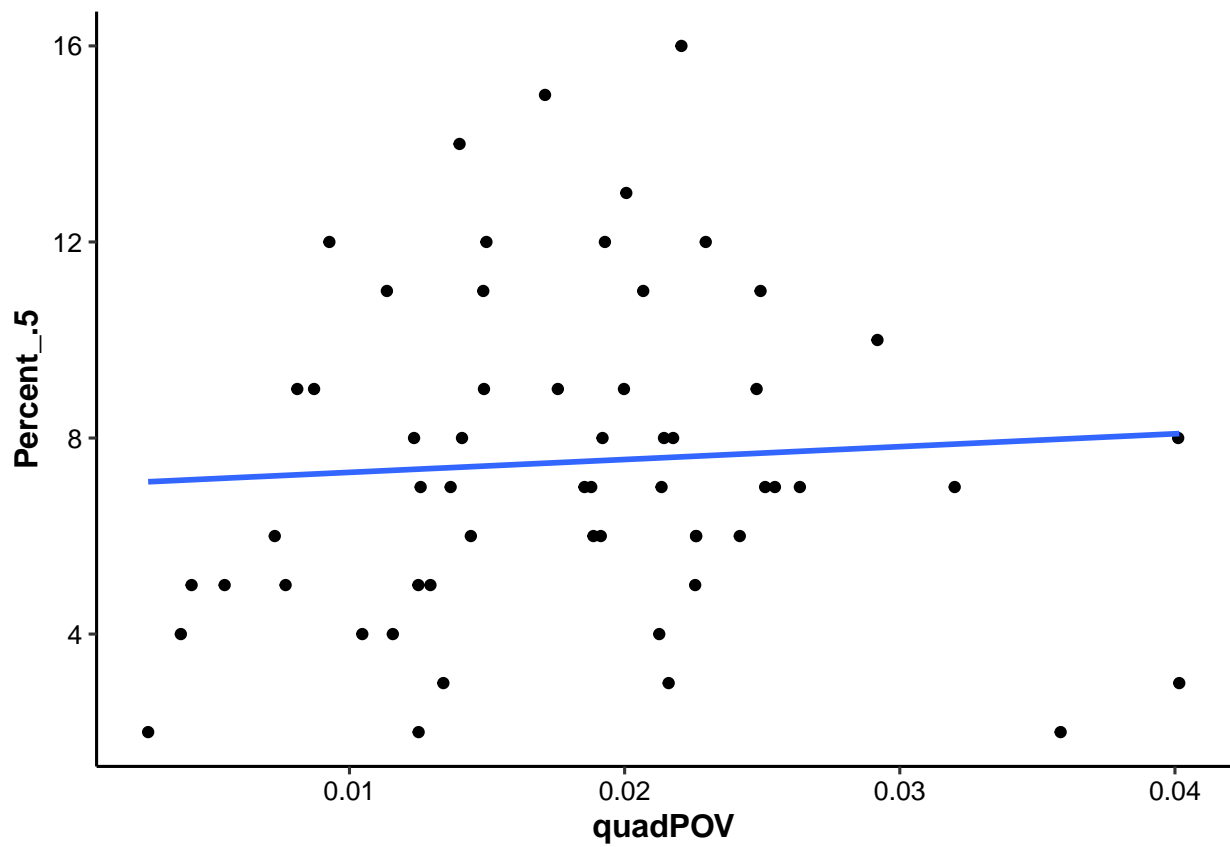
```
## Rows: 1
## Columns: 6
## $ Length <int> 57
## $ Mean <dbl> 10.03509
## $ Median <int> 6
## $ Std_Dev <dbl> 11.93728
## $ Minimum <int> 1
## $ Maximum <int> 59
```

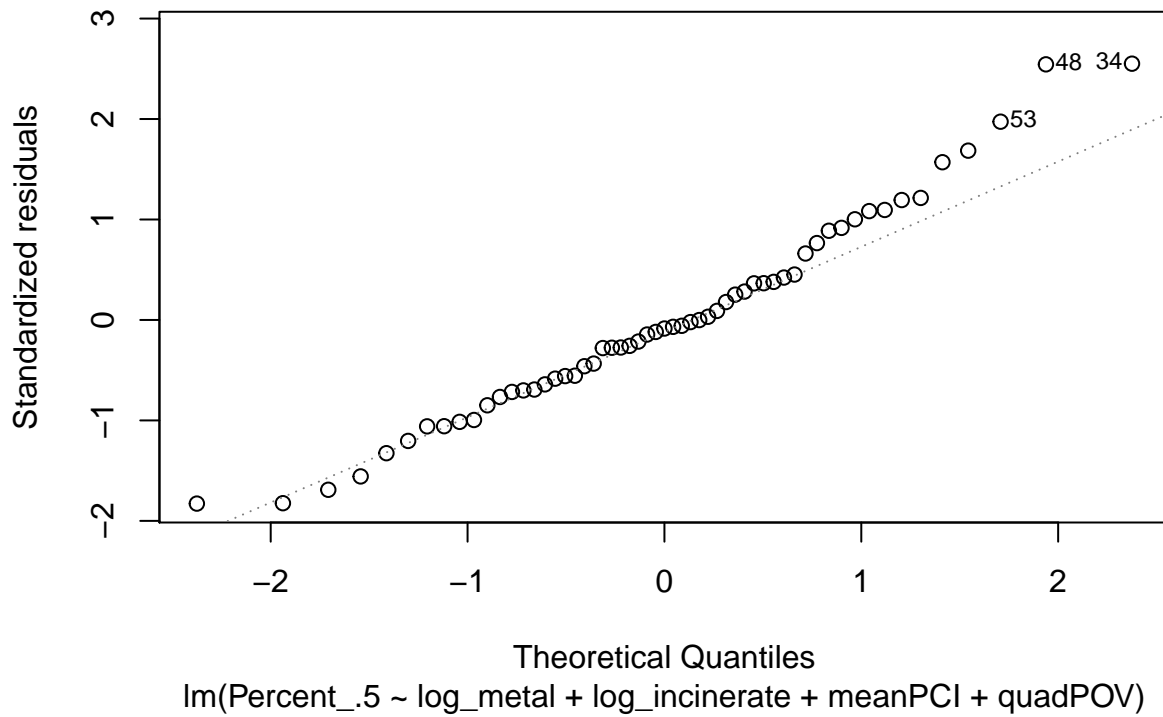
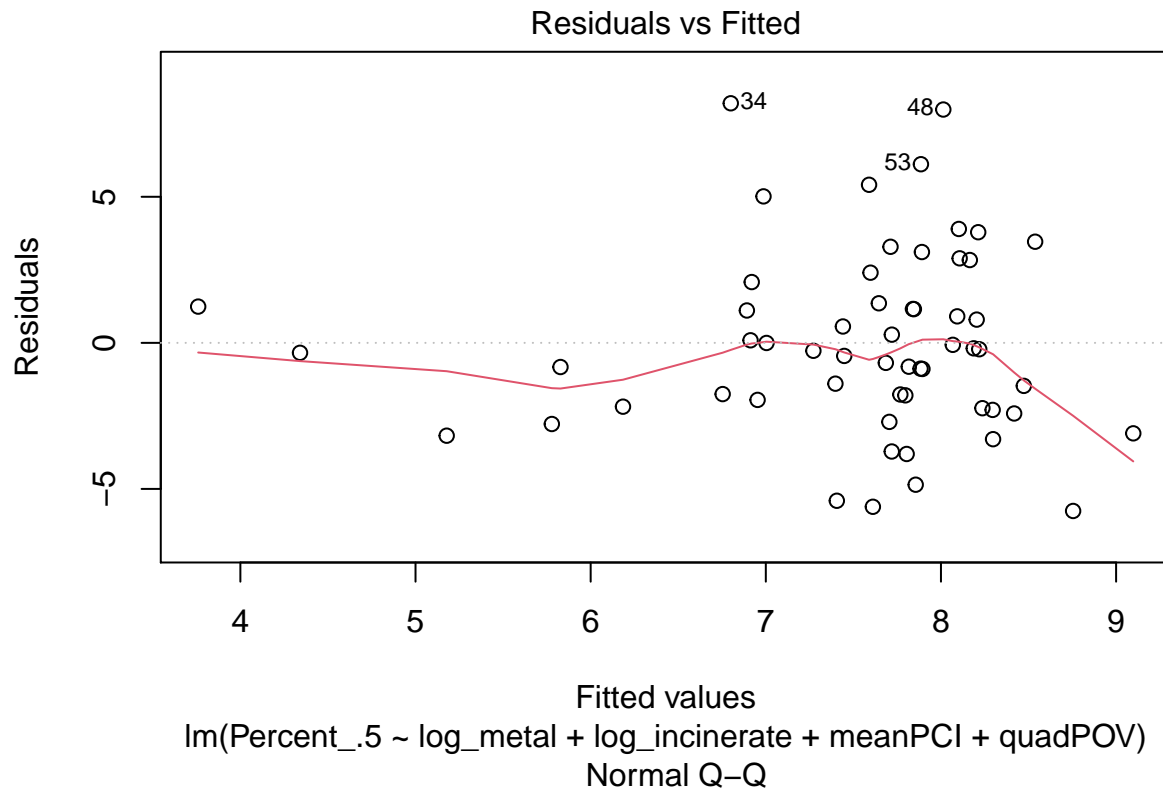
```
## Rows: 1
## Columns: 6
## $ Length <int> 57
## $ Mean <dbl> 1.929825
## $ Median <dbl> 2
```

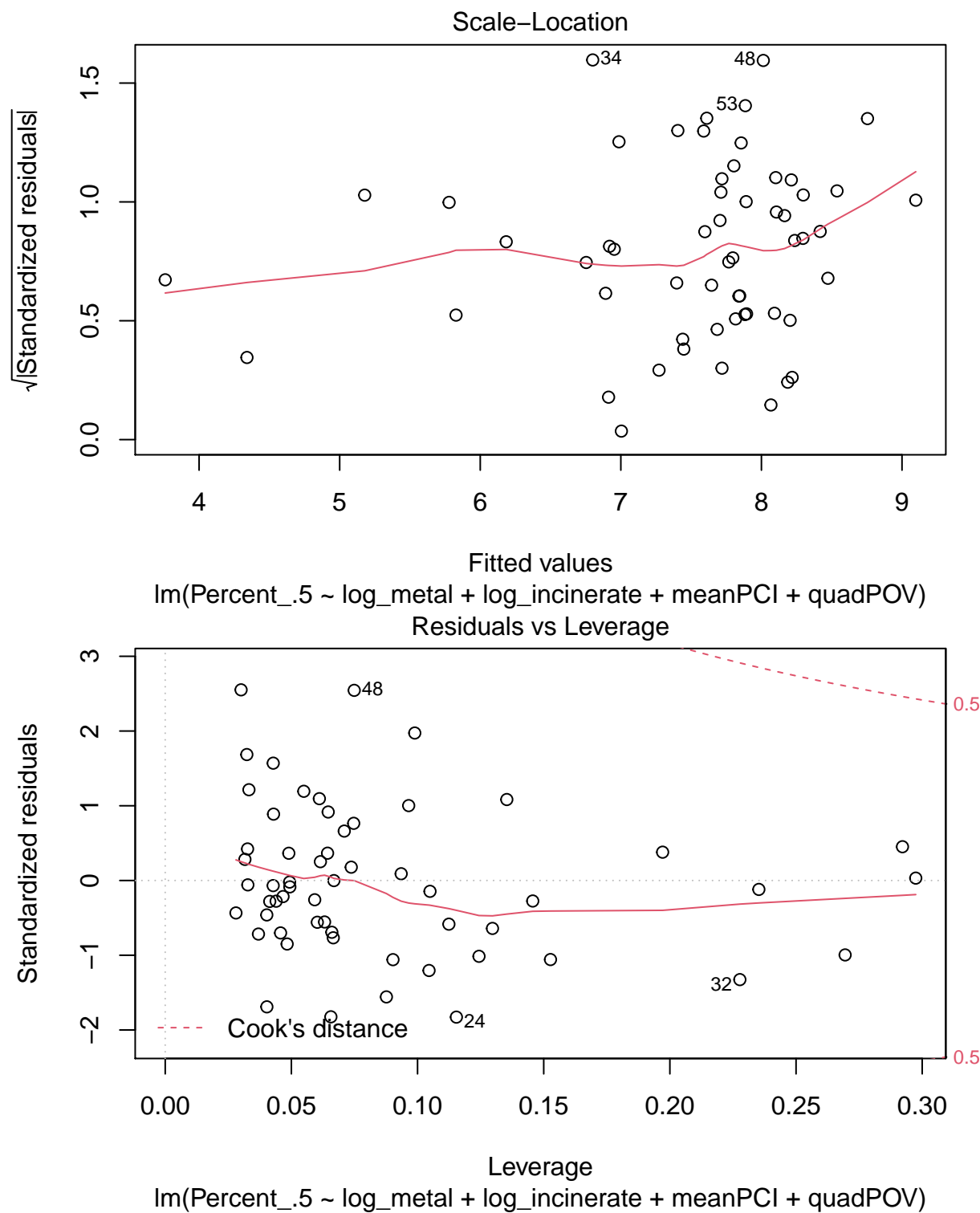
```
## $ Std_Dev <dbl> 1.425027
## $ Minimum <dbl> 0
## $ Maximum <dbl> 7
```











```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Percent_.5 ~ log_metal + log_incinerate + meanPCI +
##     quadPOV, data = i_a_m_b_join)
##
```

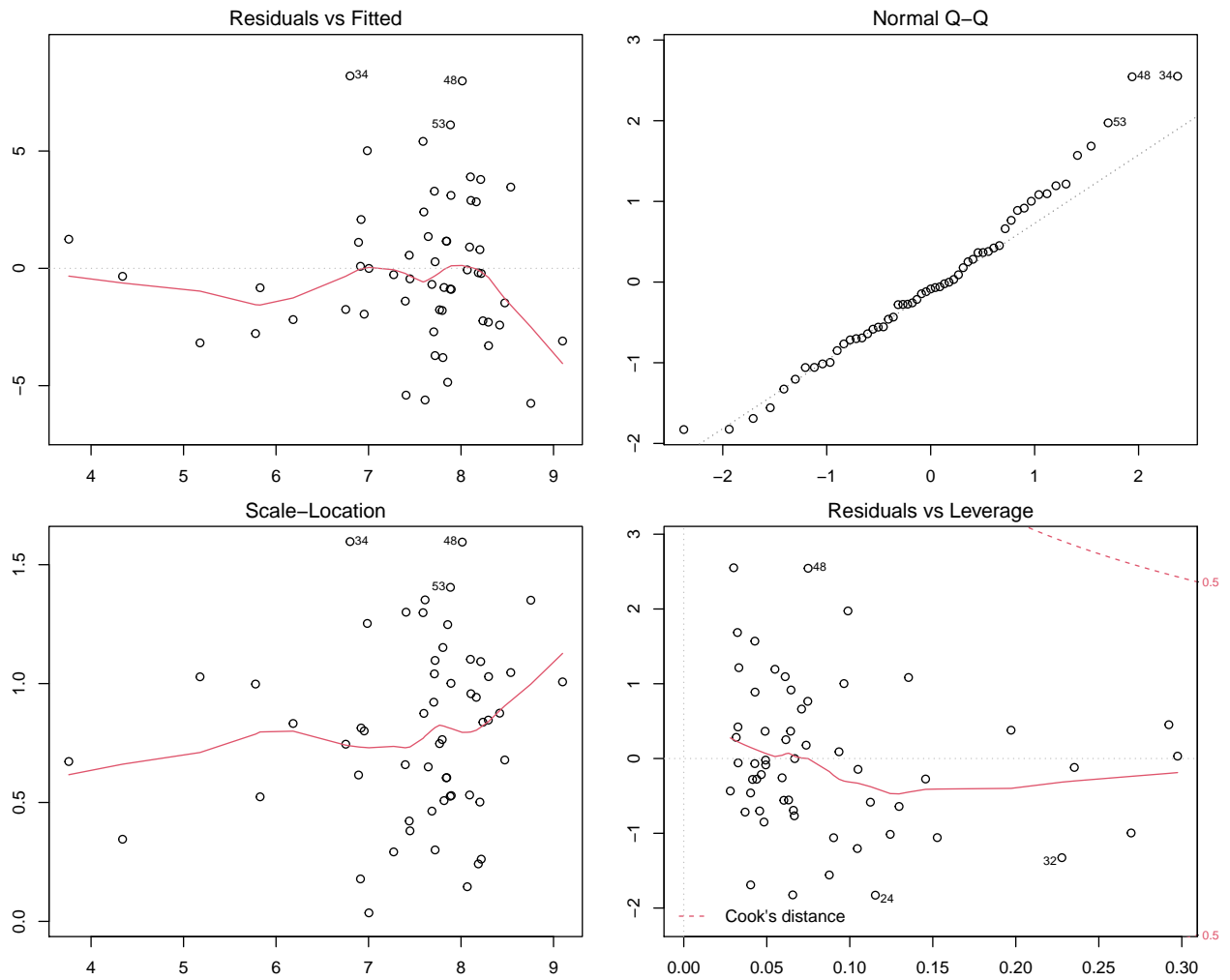


Figure 12: Model Assumption Plots

```

## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -5.7545 -2.1846 -0.2716  1.3546  8.2000
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   1.519e+01  3.865e+00   3.929 0.000253 ***
## log_metal     -1.463e-01  7.386e-01  -0.198 0.843749
## log_incinerate 1.749e-01  4.964e-01   0.352 0.725962
## meanPCI       -2.877e-04  1.403e-04  -2.051 0.045363 *
## quadPOV       -6.406e+01  6.798e+01  -0.942 0.350397
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.264 on 52 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.08933,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.01928
## F-statistic: 1.275 on 4 and 52 DF,  p-value: 0.2917
## [1] 303.3744
##
##      log_metal log_incinerate      meanPCI      quadPOV
##      1.044164      1.422348      2.158539      1.639418
##
## number_metal_plants number_incinerators      number_airports      meanPCI
##           1.053063           2.118427           1.871259      2.954335
##           meanPOV
##           2.189966

```

5 Summary and Conclusions

We found that four of the five most populous metropolitan areas Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD (2010-2020), Pittsburgh, PA (2010-2020), Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ (2012-2020), and Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, PA (2010-2018) in Pennsylvania had downward monotonic trends for daily and monthly mean air lead concentrations ($p < 0.05$). The Lancaster, PA metropolitan area did not show a monotonic downward trend for air lead levels, which may be attributed to other factors not explored in this study such as industrial emissions between 2012 and 2020. It is important to note that the downward trend for the other four metropolitan areas may be attributed to the banning of lead in paints in 1978, the banning of lead in vehicle fuels in 1996, the waning of lead-smelting industry, or other factors such as lead abatement programs from 2010 to 2020 in Pennsylvania into the twenty-first century (Schwarz et al., 2012). Future studies may look at conducting multiple linear regression to assess air lead levels in association with remediation measures to reduce air lead exposure or other factors such as climate factors like temperature and wind speed, which may influence quantity of lead in ambient air (Kinney, 2018). Obtaining census-block specific data and air emissions data will enable stronger multilinear regression in future models.

6 References

- Ab Latif Wani, A. A., & Usmani, J. A. (2015). Lead toxicity: a review. *Interdisciplinary toxicology*, 8(2), 55. doi: 10.1515/intox-2015-0009
- About Air Data Reports. (2021). United States Environmental Protection Agency. Retrieved from [link](#)
- American Lung Association (2021). Most Polluted Cities. Retrieved from [link](#)
- CDC Social Vulnerability Index Data [internet database] available via [link](#)
- Kinney, P. L. (2018). Interactions of climate change, air pollution, and human health. *Current environmental health reports*, 5(1), 179-186. [link](#)
- O'Shea, M. J., Vann, D. R., Hwang, W. T., & Gieré, R. (2020). A mineralogical and chemical investigation of road dust in Philadelphia, PA, USA. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 1-20. [link](#)
- PA Department of Health (2014). 2014 Childhood Lead Surveillance Annual Report. Retrieved from [link](#)
- Pizzol, M., Thomsen, M., & Andersen, M. S. (2010). Long-term human exposure to lead from different media and intake pathways. *Science of the total environment*, 408(22), 5478-5488. [link](#)
- Schwarz, K., Pickett, S. T., Lathrop, R. G., Weathers, K. C., Pouyat, R. V., & Cadenasso, M. L. (2012). The effects of the urban built environment on the spatial distribution of lead in residential soils. *Environmental pollution*, 163, 32-39. [link](#)
- Stevens, S. K. (1955). A Century of Industry in Pennsylvania. *Pennsylvania History: A Journal of Mid-Atlantic Studies*, 22(1), 49-68.
- United Health Foundation. (2019). America's Health Rankings. Retrieved from [link](#)
- US Census Bureau. (2019). Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Area Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Change: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 (CBSA-EST2019-alldata). Retrieved from [link](#)
- US Census Bureau. (2020a). CBSA-EST2019-alldata: Annual Resident Population Estimates and Estimated Components of Resident Population Change for Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas and Their Geographic Components: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 [link](#)
- US Census Bureau (2020b). METHODOLOGY FOR THE UNITED STATES POPULATION ESTIMATES: VINTAGE 2019 Nation, States, Counties, and Puerto Rico – April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019. Retrieved from [link](#)
- US Environmental Protection Agency. Air Quality System Data Mart [internet database] available via [link](#)
- US EPA. (2021a). Basic Information about Lead Air Pollution. Lead Air Pollution. Retrieved from [link](#)

US EPA. (2021b). Timeline of Lead (Pb) National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)
Retrieved from link

WHO. (2021). Lead poisoning and health. Retrieved April 24, 2021, from link