UNITED EPONX PARENTS
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THE EDUCATIONAL NEEDS
OF THE
PUERTO RICAH CHILD
IN

HEN YORK CITY

MITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON DISTRICT 7, SOUTH DRONK

LAS NECESIDADES EDUCACIONALES

DEL

HIÑO PUERTORRIQUEÑO

EN NUEVA YORK

CON EMFASIS ESPECIAL EN EL DISTRITO # 7, SUP DEL BRONX

Prepared for Presentation to the New York State Board of Regents March 25, 1971 by Evelina Antonetty Executive Director United Brown Parents Preparado para ser presentado a la Junta de Profesores del Estado de Nueva York 25 de marzo de 1971 Evelina Antonetty Directora Ejecutiva Padres Unidos del Bronx

#### MHAT HAPPENS TO OUR CHILDREN WHEN THEY GO TO THESE SCHOOLS?

Statistics cannot tell the story. When there is such a shocking lack of Spanish-speaking staff in a district like ours, the cost to the pupil and his family is immeasurable!

- We can tell you statistically that 15% of our children speak no English at all. But can you visualize what happens to these 3000 children individually? Nost of them waste their hours away sitting in front of an English-speaking teacher.
- The child does not respond. The teacher thinks something is wrong with the child's brain. He is tested in English. He is labelled retarded. He is left to stagnate. Is it surprising that he suddenly "runs wild" through the halls or throws rocks at the school window.
- Parents come to ask questions. But the only professional in the entire school who speaks Spanish is the bilingual teacher. She is so busy translating for the principal, translating for the secretaries, translating for the teachers, -- that she can barely find time for the parents.
- \*\* Guidance Counselors who don't understand us discourage our children. They often misguide them.
- \*\* Teachers tell their students to listen and learn. They teach about Paul Bunyan, but they don't listen or understand when the children giggle about Juan Bobo. They make the class memorize the history of Plysouth, Massachusette or Janestown, Virginia. But when the children chatter about Caparra or Lares, the teachers call for silence.
- \*\* And our community turns frustrated and bitter. The Black English-speaking onlidren are held back when the Spanish children don't understand what is going on. But out of anger, the children often turn on each other.
- \*\* A hundred times each day opportunities for cultural understanding and appreciation, opportunities for learning in two languages are ignored. Although the Blacks and the Puerto Ricans are living side by side in our community, we never get a chance to learn what we have in common. We are set at each other's throats by a school system which is cheating us toth.

# WHAT SOLUTIONS DO WE PROPOSE?

### MOPE BILINGUAL EDUCATION

- We want to see bilingual classes in every grade in every school in our district.
- \*\* The schools in Pistrict 7 must be restructured so that Spanish speaking pupils will be thught English for part of the day, and all other subjects in their native language until they become proficient in English.
- \*\* After the children have learned English, they should, if they wish, continue learning in both languages.
- \*\* The English speaking children should also have the opportunity to learn Spanish.

## MORE PUERTO RICAN AND HISPANIC STAFF

- There must be a massive increase of Ellingual personnel in our school system. Starting this September, in District 7, we would like to see every single vacancy filled by a Black or Bilingual person, with maximum emphasis on the Puerte Rican. This calls for an aggressive staff recruitment campaign.
- \*\* The state must except districts such as ours from all the traditional licensing requirements. Experienced teachers from Puerto Rice, Guna and other Latin countries should be actively and enthustatically such after. They should be hired as provisional teachers immediately, and allowed to demonstrate their ability through our-the-job performance.
- If a condition is experienced and speaks Spanish Fluently, but is weak in English, all smould be placed as a teacher working with Spanish openking children, while she studies and increases her proficiency in English. The school day should be reorganized to make full use of these talents, with the children studying English under another teacher.

# INCREASE TEACHER TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PUERTO RICANS.

- An intense program is needed to help Puerto Rican migs achool graduates. Puerto Rican college students, and Puerto Rican pare-professionals become teachers. Too many are now being dumped into unrealisate courses which can no help them but do frighten them. They need financial and personal support, and released time so they can become teachers as guidely as possible.
- \*\* An intermedip program is needed to prepare Puerto Ricans to assure supervieory positions in our district. Current opportunities are too limited and remove talented people from our community.

- Although everyone talks about the many books and new curriculum materials available for the Puerco Rican child, we do not see them in most of our schools.
- \*\* New screening tests are needed for the Spanish youngster. He should be tested in his own language by people who can understand him culturally and linguistically.

### PERFORMANCE STANDARDS MUST BE HIGH -- FOR THE STAFF AND THE STUDENTS

- \*\* Me bolieve that the warents, the staff, and the Community School Sourd must be performance standards for the staff. We shink that poor officient can learn just as well as "The staff of the staff of
  - \*\* The Puerto Rican onlid must be tested annually, just as She English speaking child is tested. Yearly reports must be required driving academic propries in residing and math for two Shanian speaking child mine securing and math testing the second securing the second of the second second because they want a meak English. Test them in Sonnian!
- \*\* The state must hold the schools accountable, too. When you test all the children, and find that some schools have three-fourths of the children three and four years benind in reading, the state should take over those schools. It is should be considered the control of the children schools.
  - \* We are opposed to the policy of annually promoting everyone whether or not they learn.
  - We are equally opposed to the policy of keeping teachers on staff whether or not they teach.