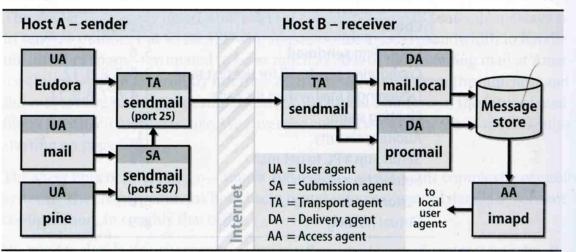


Introduction

- sendmail is a MTA program
 - The most complete and complex mail transport program with about 70% popularity
 - Interface between MUA and MDA
 - Speak SMTP and deliver mail to remote via the Internet

Exhibit A Mail system components



History of sendmail

- sendmail version5
 - Eric Allman, student of UC Berkeley, in 1983
- IDA sendmail enhanced from v5
 - Lennart Lovstrand, student of University of Linkoping in Sweden, 1987
 - Institutionen for Datavetenskap (cs department)
- KJS sendmail enhanced from IDA
 - Paul Vixie at DECWRL during 1989-1993
 - King James Sendmail
- sendmail version8
 - Eric included enhanced features in IDA and KJS in 1993
- Newest version
 - Sendmail 8.14.2 on 2007-11-01

Version of sendmail

- Check your sendmail version
 - % /usr/sbin/sendmail –d0.1 –bt < /dev/null
 - % telnet localhost 25

```
lucky7:~ -lwhsu- telnet localhost 25
Trying ::1...
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
220 lucky7.cs.nctu.edu.tw ESMTP Sendmail 8.14.3/8.14.3; Wed, 15 Apr 2009 17:04:22 +0800 (CST)
quit
221 2.0.0 lucky7.cs.nctu.edu.tw closing connection
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

Major components of sendmail

- /usr/sbin/sendmail
 - The sendmail binary with access mode 4755 setuid to root
- o /etc/mail/sendmail.cf
 - Configuration file
- /var/spool/mqueue
 - Mail queue directory, with mode 700 owned by root
- newaliases, mailq, hoststat, ...
 - Various link to sendmail
- mail.local and smrsh
 - sendmail's safer local delivery agent
- * If you want to replace your sendmail with new one
 - Install from /usr/ports/mail/sendmail

Modes of operation

o sendmail can be run in several modes

Flag	Meaning	link
-bd	In daemon mode, on port 25	
-bD	In daemon mode, on port 25, foreground	
-bh	View recent connection information	hoststat
-bH	Purge disk copy of outdated connection info	purgestat
-bi	Initialize hashed aliases	newaliases
-bp	Print mail queue	mailq
-bt	Enter address test mode	
-bv	Verify mail address only; don't send mail	
-bs	Enter SMTP server mode (on stdin, not port 25)	

Modes of operation

- daemon mode
- Daemon mode
 - sendmail listens on port 25 and waits for work
 - Usually specify the –q flag to set the interval to process mails in queue
 - -q30m to check the queue every 30 minutes
 - q1h to check the queue every 1 hour
 - /var/run/sendmail.pid
 - Contain the sendmail pid and command that starts it
 - Reset sendmail when you change the configuration
 - # kill -1 `head -1 /var/run/sendmail.pid`
 - # cd /etc/mail && make restart

Mail queue (1)

- When to store message in queue
 - Messages that host is too busy to deliver immediately or
 - Messages that destination host is unavailable
- Components of each queued message
 - Each message is saved in pieces in several different files
 - Filename: Two-bit-prefix + random-ID

Mail queue (2)

- Queued message prefix
 - Required pieces
 - o qf
 - Message header (H)
 - envelope address
 - Sender Address (S)
 - Recipient Address (R)
 - The date to return as undeliverable
 - Message priority in queue (P)
 - The reason of why being queued (M)
 - Time last processed (K)
 - Time created (T)
 - df
 - Message body

Mail queue (3)

Example of qf

```
V8
T1177422814
K1177422889
P30424
MDeferred: Operation timed out with nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw.
Fbs
$ localhost [127.0.0.1]
$FFSMTP
$slwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
${daemon flags}
fine {127.0.0.1}
S<\wh>su@\wbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
MDeferred: Operation timed out with nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw.
rRFC822; lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
RPFD:<lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
```

Mail queue (4)

```
H?P?Return-Path: <q>
H??Received: from lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw (localhost [127.0.0.1])
     by lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw (8.13.8/8.13.8) with ESMTP id I3ODrYjL039757
     for <lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>; Tue, 24 Apr 2007 21:53:34 +0800 (CST)
     (envelope-from lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw)
H?x?Full-Name: Li-Wen Hsu
H??Received: (from lwhsu@localhost)
     by lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw (8.13.8/8.13.8/Submit) id l3ODrXx9039756
     for lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw; Tue, 24 Apr 2007 21:53:33 +0800 (CST)
     (envelope-from lwhsu)
H??Date: Tue, 24 Apr 2007 21:53:33 +0800 (CST)
H??From: Li-Wen Hsu < lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
H??Message-Id: <200704241353.l3ODrXx9039756@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
H??To: lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
H??Subject: From lwbsd to NABSD
```

Mail queue (5)

- When /var/spool/mqueue is full
 - we can move mqueue to another place and digest it later using this command
 - % /usr/sbin/sendmail -<u>oQ/var/spool/cloggedqueue</u>
 - Example script to help to digest large amount of queued mails manually

sendmail Configuration

Configuration File (1)

- File path: /etc/mail/sendmail.cf
 - Determine how sendmail to do:
 - Choice of delivery agents
 - Address rewriting rules
 - Mail header formats
 - Security precaution
 - Spam resistance
 - Other options
 - Designed to be easy to parse
 - However, it's huge and complex, hard to manipulate it directly.
 - Solution: Use "m4" macro
 - Help to deal with about 98% sendmail.cf configuration cases

Configuration File (2)

Problem: Huge & complex, hard to manipulate it directly.

Huge size: %wc -l /etc/mail/sendmail/cf
 → 1832 lines

Complex: Part example of sendmail.cf

```
###########################
    Format of headers
H?P?Return-Path: <$g>
HReceived: $?sfrom $s $.$? ($?s$|from $.$ )
        $.$?{auth type}(authenticated$?{auth ssf} bits=${auth ssf}$.)
        $.by $j (\sqrt{\$v/\$Z})$?r with $r$. id $i$?\sqrt{\$t} version}
         (version=${tls version} cipher=${cipher} bits=${cipher bits} verify=${verify})$.$?u
        for $u; $|;
        $.$b$?a
        (envelope-from $q)$.
H?D?Resent-Date: $a
H?D?Date: $a
H?F?Resent-From: $?x$x < $q>$|$q$.
H?F?From: $?x$x <$g>$|$g$.
H?x?Full-Name: $x
# HPosted-Date: $a
# H?l?Received-Date: $b
H?M?Resent-Message-Id: <$t.$i@$j>
H?M?Message-Id: <$t.$i@$j>
```

m4 – macro language processor (1)

- m4 utility
 - Front-end preprocessor for other languages
 - Transform macros into their corresponding values based on the macro definitions
 - Easy example:

```
% cat abc.m
define(`A',`B')
define(`C',`D')
A
C
% m4 abc.m
B
D
```

- Arguments:
 - Each argument will be used to replace \$1, \$2 ...

```
% cat argu.m
define(`MYFUNC',`$1$2$3')dnl
MYFUNC(`hello',`-you-',`haha')dnl
% m4 argu.m
hello-you-hahadnl
```

m4 – macro language processor (2)

- Useful m4 predefined macro
 - define # define a new macro
 - undefine(arg) # discard a previous "arg" macro definition
 - dnl # discard characters up to next newline
 - include(arg) # include the "arg" file
 - divert(queue) # select an output queue (0 ~ 9)

```
% cat abc.m
define(`A',`B')
define(`C',`D')
A
C
% m4 abc.m
B
D
```

```
% cat abc.m
define(`A',`B')
dnl
define(`C',`D')
dnl
A
C
% m4 abc.m
B
D
```

Configure with m4 (1)

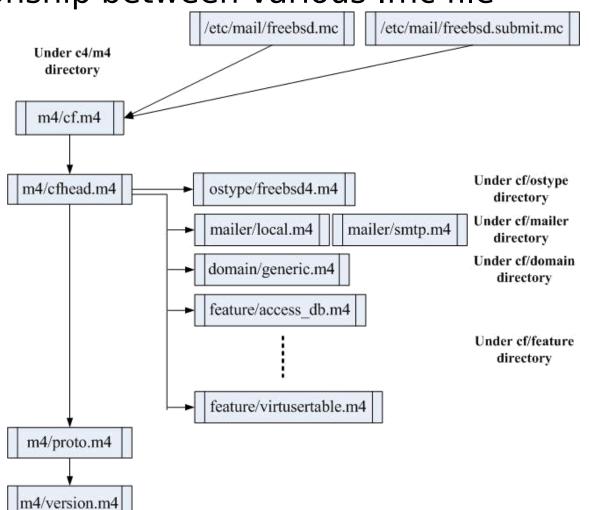
- Generate .cf from .mc file in /etc/mail
 - Edit your mc file (`hostname`.mc) and then
 - % make all
 - % make install
 - mc means "Master Config"
 - A set of m4 macro statements
 - mc will combine with cf.m4 to generate .cf file
 - For example:

```
lwbsd [/etc/mail] -lwhsu- sudo make all
/usr/bin/m4 -D_CF_DIR_=/usr/share/sendmail/cf/ \
/usr/share/sendmail/cf/m4/cf.m4 lwbsd.mc > lwbsd.cf

/usr/bin/m4 -D_CF_DIR_=/usr/share/sendmail/cf/ \
/usr/share/sendmail/cf/m4/cf.m4 lwbsd.submit.mc > lwbsd.submit.cf
```

Configure with m4 (2)

Relationship between various .mc file



Configure with m4 (3)

- Convention in sendmail .mc file
 - m4 commands
 - all lower case (ex. define)
 - Predefined macros
 - all capital (ex. OSTYPE)
 - Configurable variable name
 - "conf" + all-capital variable name
 - (ex. confCOPY_ERROR_TO)

Configure with m4 (4)

Typical order of .mc files

```
divert(-1)
#
# lwbsd:/etc/mail/lwbsd.mc, 2007/04/20
#
divert(0)dnl
VERSIONID(`$FreeBSD: src/etc/sendmail/freebsd.mc,v 1.30.2.2 2006/08/23 03:31:00 gshapiro Exp $')
OSTYPE(`freebsd6')dnl
DOMAIN(`generic')dnl
option definitions
FEATURE(access_db, `hash -o -T<TMPF>/etc/mail/access')
macro definitions
MAILER(local)
MAILER(smtp)
ruleset definitions
```

Configure with m4 (5)

- Restart sendmail after re-configuration
 - # killall -1 sendmail
 - (or kill -1 `head -1 /var/run/sendmail.pid)
 - # sh /etc/rc.sendmail restart
 - (or /etc/rc.d/sendmail.sh restart)
 - # cd /etc/mail && make restart

Tables and Databases (1)

- Table
 - A text file that contains information about routing, aliasing, access or others
- Database
 - Hashed version of table
- Database Libraries
 - dbm/ndbm
 - Berkeley DB
- Table → Database conversion
 - Use "makemap" command
 - % /usr/bin/makemap map-type map.db < map
 - Map-type
 - dbm use dbm/ndbm hashing algorithm
 - hash use standard DB hashing algorithm
 - btree use DB hashing algorithm with B-tree data structure

TABLES AND DATABASES (2)

Tables

- /etc/mail/mailertable
- /etc/mail/genericstable
- /etc/mail/virtusertable
- /etc/mail/access
- /etc/mail/aliases

Databases



- /etc/mail/mailertable.db
- /etc/mail/genericstable.db
- /etc/mail/virtusertable.db
- /etc/mail/access.db
- /etc/mail/aliases.db



- VERSIONID macro

- Embed version information
 - Each config file should put this macro to insert an identifier
 - These identifiers will appear in the final sendmail.cf file as a comment
 - Ex:

In /etc/mail/freebsd.mc

```
VERSIONID(`$FreeBSD: src/etc/sendmail/freebsd.mc,v 1.30.2.2 2006/08/23 03:31:00 gshapiro Exp $'
```

In /etc/mail/sendmail.cf

```
##### $Id: cfhead.m4,v 8.116 2004/01/28 22:02:22 ca Exp $ #####
##### $Id: cf.m4,v 8.32 1999/02/07 07:26:14 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $FreeBSD: src/etc/sendmail/freebsd.mc,v 1.30.2.2 2006/08/23 03:31:00 gshapiro Exp $ ####
##### $Id: freebsd6.m4,v 1.1 2005/06/14 02:16:35 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $Id: generic.m4,v 8.15 1999/04/04 00:51:09 ca Exp $ #####
##### $Id: redirect.m4,v 8.15 1999/08/06 01:47:36 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $Id: use_cw_file.m4,v 8.11 2001/08/26 20:58:57 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $Id: access_db.m4,v 8.26 2004/06/24 18:10:02 ca Exp $ #####
##### $Id: blacklist_recipients.m4,v 8.13 1999/04/02 02:25:13 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $Id: local_lmtp.m4,v 8.17 2002/11/17 04:41:04 ca Exp $ #####
##### $Id: mailertable.m4,v 8.25 2002/06/27 23:23:57 gshapiro Exp $ #####
##### $Id: virtusertable.m4,v 8.23 2002/06/27 23:23:57 gshapiro Exp $ #####
```

- OSTYPE macro (1)
- Define OS type of site
 - Each OS type will correspond to one ostype.mc file
 - ostype.mc file packages a variety of vendor-specific information, including
 - Expected locations of mail-related files
 - Path to sendmail related commands
 - Flags to mailer programs
 - An ostype file looks nearly empty since everything is default

In cf/ostype/freebsd6.mc

```
VERSIONID(`$Id: freebsd6.m4,v 1.1 2005/06/14 02:16:35 gshapiro Exp $')
ifdef(`STATUS_FILE',, `define(`STATUS_FILE', `/var/log/sendmail.st')')dnl
dnl turn on S flag for local mailer
MODIFY_MAILER_FLAGS(`LOCAL', `+S')dnl
ifdef(`LOCAL_MAILER_PATH',, `define(`LOCAL_MAILER_PATH', /usr/libexec/mail.local)')dnl
ifdef(`LOCAL_MAILER_ARGS',, `define(`LOCAL_MAILER_ARGS', `mail $u')')dnl
ifdef(`UUCP_MAILER_PATH',, `define(`UUCP_MAILER_PATH', `/usr/local/bin/uux')')dnl
ifdef(`UUCP_MAILER_ARGS',, `define(`UUCP_MAILER_ARGS', `uux - -r -z -a$g $h!rmail ($u)')')dnl
```

OSTYPE macro (2)

- Part of Variable sets in ostype files
 - See cf/READE file, OSTYPE section

Variable	Default Value	Description
ALIAS_FILE	/etc/mail/aliases	Text version alias file
HELP_FILE	/etc/mail/helpfile	Information for HELP command
QUEUE_DIR	/var/spool/mqueue	Mail queue directory
STATUS_FILE	/etc/mail/statistics	Information of status
LOCAL_MAILER_PATH	/bin/mail	Program used to deliver local mail
LOCAL_MAILER_MAX	Undefined	Maximum size of local mail
LOCAL_SHELL_PATH	/bin/sh	Shell used to deliver piped email
SMTP_MAILER_MAX	Undefined	Maximum size of smtp like mailer
PROCMAIL_MAILER_PATH	/usr/local/bin/procmail	Path for procmail program
PROCMAIL_MAILER_MAX	Undefined	Maximum size of accepted by procmail

- OSTYPE macro (3)
- Override the default value in ostype .mc file
 - Specify them in your config.mc file
 - For example:
 - Let sendmail use multiple alias files

define(`ALIAS_FILE', `/etc/mail/aliases,nis:mail.aliases@+cs.nis')dnl

DOMAIN macro

- Define DOMAIN of site
 - Each DOMAIN type will correspond to one domain.mc file
 - domain.mc file packages information common to the entire domain as you wish, usually including
 - Relay
 - Rule that sends all of one type of mail to a specific destination
 - Ex: define(`LOCAL_RELAY',`smtp:relay.cs.nctu.edu.tw')
 - Masquerading
 - Transforming local hostname in address into another domain name
 - Ex: MASQUERADE_AS(cs.nctu.edu.tw)dnl

- MAILER macro (1)
- Declare delivery agent you want to enable
 - Put your MAILER in the bottom of .mc file
 - MAILER(`local')
 - Always include this except if you relay all your mail to another site
 - local DA, deliver mail to user's mailbox
 - prog DA, send mail through program for delivery
 - MAILER(`smtp')
 - Support for sending email to other hosts
 - smtp DA, speak regular SMTP
 - esmtp DA, speak extended SMTP
 - smtp8 DA, send mail to server not knowing 8-bit MIME
 - dsmtp DA, send mail on demand
 - relay DA, for transmission to various relay host

– MAILER macro (2)

- Other MAILER
 - See sendmail/cf/READE file, MAILER section
 - usenet
 - Used to post message to USENET newsgroups
 - uucp
 - Used to forward email over UUCP network
 - procmail
 - procmail can be used as local delivery agent to do filtering or route maile to files
 - pop
 - Provide a way to perform local delivery for user that does not have a local UNIX account
 - fax
 - Used to deliver mail to a fax-sending program
 - Ex: To: joe@5554321.fax
 - error
 - Used to send bounce mail with error message
 - junk

Masquerading related macros(1)

Masquerading

- The process of transforming local hostname in address to another domain
- Macros can be used to rewrite header-sender, headerrecipient or envelope address

Related macros

- MASQUERADE_AS(`server')
- EXPOSED_USER(`user')
- EXPOSED_USER_FILE(`file')
- MASQUERADE_DOMAIN(`otherhost.domain')
- MASQUERADE_DOMAIN_FILE(`file')
- MASQUERADE_EXCEPTION(`host.domain')
- MASQUERADE_EXCEPTION(`file')

Masquerading related macros(2)

- MASQUERADE_AS(`server')
 - Used to make all clients' mail to appear as if it is from the specified server
 - "From:" will be changed to masqueraded server, but "Received:" and "Message-ID:" are the same
 - Ex:
 - lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw → lwhsu@lwhsu.cs.nctu.edu.tw
 - MASQUERADE AS(`cs.nctu.edu.tw')

For Exceptions

- EXPOSED_USER(`user')
- EXPOSED_USER_FILE(`/etc/mail/exposedusers')

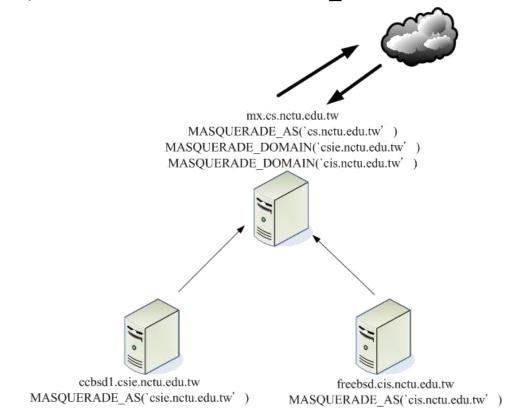
- Masquerading related macros(3)
- MASQUERADE_AS('server') plus
- FEATURE(`allmasquerade')
 - MASQUERADE_AS will change "From:" header
 - allmasquerade feature will change "To:" header either
 - Ex:
 - MASQUERADE_AS(`cs.nctu.edu.tw')
 - FEATURE(`allmasquerade')
 - lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw → lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw

```
From lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw Wed Apr 25 13:54:40 2007
...
Date: Wed, 25 Apr 2007 13:54:39 +0800 (CST)
From: Li-Wen Hsu <lwhsu@cs.nctu.edu.tw>
Message-Id: <200704250554.l3P5sdpi044993@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
To: lwhsu@cs.nctu.edu.tw
...
```

- Masquerading related macros(4)
- MASQUERADE_AS(`server')
- FEATURE(masquerade_envelope)
 - This feature will change envelope address
 - Ex:
 - MASQUERADE_AS(`cs.nctu.edu.tw')
 - FEATURE(`masquerade_envelope')
 - lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw → lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw

• Ex:

- Masquerading related macros(5)
- MASQUERADE_DOMAIN(`other.domain')
- MASQUERADE_DOMAIN_FILE(`file')
 - Masquerade a domain other than your local one to the host specified in MASQUERADE_AS



- Masquerading related macros(6)
- MASQUERADE EXCEPTION(`domain')
- MASQUERADE EXCEPTION FILE(`file')
 - Ex:
 - MASQUERADE_AS(`nctu.edu.tw')
 - FEATURE(`masquerade_entire_domain')
 - MASQUERADE_EXCEPTION(`cs.nctu.edu.tw')

FEATURE macros (1)

FEATURE

- Some useful functionality
- Macro syntax:
 - FEATURE(keyword)
 - FEATURE(keyword, argument)
 - FEATURE(keyword, argument, argument, ...)
- Each FEATURE macro declaration will cause a file in feature/keyword.mc to be used to generate .cf file
- See cf/feature directory for feature listing

- FEATURE macros (2)
- FEATURE(accept_unqualified_senders)
- FEATURE(accept_unresolvable_domains)

```
nabsd [/home/lwhsu] -lwhsu- telnet lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw 25
Trying 140.113.17.212...
Connected to lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw.
Escape character is '^]'.
220 lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw ESMTP Sendmail 8.13.8/8.13.8; Wed, 25 Apr 2007 14:12:52 +0800 (CST)
HELO nabsd
250 lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw Hello nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw [140.113.17.215], pleased to meet you
MAIL FROM: lwhsu
553 5.5.4 lwhsu... Domain name required for sender address lwhsu unqualified
MAIL FROM: lwhsu@notexist.cs.nctu.edu.tw
553 5.1.8 lwhsu@notexist.cs.nctu.edu.tw
553 5.1.8 lwhsu@notexist.cs.nctu.edu.tw does not exist
MAIL FROM: lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
250 2.1.0 lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw... Sender ok
```

FEATURE macros (3)

- FEATURE(`genericstable')
 - /etc/mail/genericstable syntax user@orignal.domain another-user@another.domain
 - Aliasing for outgoing mail (change From: address)
 - Rewrite only header, not envelope
 - Mail delivery is not affected, only replies
 - Only host in generic class would be looked up in table
 - To use this feature:
 - GENERICS_DOMAIN_FILE(`/etc/mail/local-host-names')
 - Or GENERIC DOMAIN(`host') macro
 - FEATURE(`genericstable')
 - Ex:
 - o lwhsu chonsi@gmail.com
 - lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw → lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw

```
From lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw Wed Apr 25 14:39:01 2007
...
From: Li-Wen Hsu <chonsi@gmail.com>
Message-Id: <200704250636.l3P6aBsM045979@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw>
To: lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
```

FEATURE macros (4)

- FEATURE(`virtusertable')
 - /etc/mail/virtusertable syntax
 user@virtual.domain another-user@another.domain
 - Aliasing for incoming mail (compared with genericstable)
 - Route mail to another address (header, envelope won't be changed)
 - When local delivery, if matching entry in table, this mail will send to the specify address
 - To use this feature:
 - VIRTUSER_DOMAIN(`vdomain')
 - Or VIRTUSER_DOMAIN_FILE macro
 - FEATURE(`virtusertable')
 - Ex:
 - @abc.com %1@real.com@def.com haha@real.com
 - joe@gh.com error:No such user
 - Ex:
 - o lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw freg@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
 - lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw → lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
 - When mail reach lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw, this mail will route to nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw for freg. (Note: freg got one mail "To: lwhsu@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw")

- FEATURE macros (5)
- FEATURE(`mailertable')
 - /etc/mail/mailertable syntax
 old_domain mailer:user@new_domain
 - This feature redirect mail addressed to "old_domain" to alternate "destination" via particular "mailer" when the mail goes out from a site
 - Ex:
 - ieee.org smtp:mgate1.csie.nctu.edu.tw
 - .hinet.net smtp:mgate1.csie.nctu.edu.tw
 - bad.csie.nctu.edu.tw
 error:5.7.0:500 mail to bad is prohibited
 - o cg8848.com junk:

FEATURE macros (6)

- FEATURE(redirect)
 - Allow aliases bounce with an indication of the new forwarding address
 - This feature might cause double bounce with spam mail
 - Ex: abcd@lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw has moved to lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
 - In /etc/mail/aliases

abcd: lwhsu@nabsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw.REDIRECT

FEATURE macros (7)

- FEATURE(use_cw_file)
 - cw_file is the file that contains the names of all local host for which this host accepts to local delivery
 - Default cw_file is /etc/mail/local-host-names
 - Use the following macro to change this default:
 - define(`confCW_FILE', `-o /etc/mail/local.list')
 - Each client machine should contain
 - Its hostname
 - Nickname
 - Localhost
 - A mail hub should contain
 - Any local hosts
 - Any accepted virtual domains

lwbsd
localhost
localhost.cs.nctu.edu.tw
lwbsd.cs.nctu.edu.tw
lwbsd.dyndns.org

localhost localhost.cs.nctu.edu.tw csmailgate csmailgate.cs.nctu.edu.tw csie.nctu.edu.tw eecsep.nctu.edu.tw

- FEATURE macros (8)
- Default
 - Local delivery agent is /bin/mail and
 - Local delivery agent use /bin/sh to pipe mail to program
- sendmail's security ones
 - mail.local and smrsh
- FEATURE(`local_Imtp', `/usr/libexec/mail.local')
 - Change local mailer to mail.local
- FEATURE(`smrsh', `/usr/libexec/smrsh')
 - Change shell to smrsh, the restricted shell provided by sendmail

Relay related macros

Rule that sends all of one type of mail to a specific destination

Relay Macros

- LOCAL_RELAY and LOCAL_USER
- Local delivery
 - Any email address that is username only will be delivered using "local" DA
- LOCAL_RELAY macro
 - Relay this kind of mails to other mail server
 - define(`LOCAL_RELAY', `relay_host')
 - Ex:
 - define(`LOCAL RELAY', `fastmx.cs.nctu.edu.tw')
- LOCAL_USER and LOCAL_USER_FILE macro
 - Local delivery such users even if LOCAL_RELAY is using
 - Ex:
 - LOCAL_USER(`operator')

Relay Macros

MAIL HUB

MAIL_HUB

- Route all incoming mail to a central server for delivery
- Often used when there is a central mail box server
- Ex:
 - define(`MAIL_HUB', `smtp:csmailgate.cs.nctu.edu.tw')
 - In csmailgate, it use /etc/mail/local-host-names to decides wither to do local delivery or /etc/mail/mailertable, /etc/mail/virtusertable for further relay

Relay Macros - SMART_HOST

- SMART_HOST
 - Make external mail relay to other mail server
- Comparison
 - LOCAL RELAY
 - Applied to unqualified names
 - MAIL HUB
 - Applied to names qualified with the name in /etc/mail/local-host-names
 - SMART_HOST
 - Applied to name qualified with other hosts

Configuration Options

- queued mail related

- confTO_QUEUERETURN
 - How long a message will remain in queue if it cannot be delivered
- confTO_QUEUEWARN
 - How long it will sit before the sender is notified that there might problems with delivery
- o Ex:
 - define(`confTO QUEUERETURN', `3d')
 - define(`confTO_QUEUEWARN', `4h')

- privacy related
- confPRIVACY_FLAGS
 - Used to force other sites to adhere some SMTP conventions
 - Flags

noetrn Disallow all SMTP ETRN commands

noexpn Disallow all SMTP EXPN commands

noverb Disallow all SMTP VERB commands

novrfy
 Disallow all SMTP VRFY commands

needexpnhelo Require HELO before EXPN

needmailhelo Require HELO before MAIL FROM:

needvrfyhelo Require HELO before VRFY

o ...

- Ex.
 - define(`confPRIVACY_FLAGS', `authwarnings,noexpn,novrfy')

- performance related (1)
- confHOSTStatusDirectory
 - When mail queue is run, sendmail will fork a child process to process each queued mail.
 - Keep a file for each host's status information, which is failed to send mail
 - These information can be used to prioritize the hosts when queue is run again
 - Ex:
 - define(`confHOST_STATUS_DIRECTORY', `/var/spool')

- performance related (2)
- confFALLBACK_MX
 - Forward all undeliverable mail to a local server
 - This can free the regular mail server to deliver the mail with good address
 - Ex:
 - define(`confFALLBACK MX', `clearnerMX.cs.nctu.edu.tw')

performance related (3)

confQUEUE_LA

- Let sendmail to queue message instead of delivering it when the load comes to setting value
- Default is 8#CPU
 - define(`confQUEUE_LA', 10)

confREFUSE_LA

- Let sendmail to refuse connection rather than accepting them when the load comes to setting value
- Default is 12#CPU
 - define(`confREFUSE_LA', 15)



Strategy

- Spam handling strategy
 - Relay with care
 - Access database
 - Check against blacklist
 - Header checking

access database (1)

- Access database
 - Sendmail use access database to check incoming mail to reject some specific user or domain
 - Sendmail also use access database to determine whether relay host or domain
 - To use access database:
 FEATURE(`access db', `hash -T<TMPF> /etc/mail/access')

Prepare your access in text file

/usr/sbin/makemap hash access.db < access (or just type "make maps" in /etc/mail)

access database (2)

• The access file

Syntax: LHS RHS

LHS: Part of the address or user

host.your.domain

your.domain

o user@

user@host.domain

123.45.67.89

123.45 numbers) ← a hostname

← a domain name

← a username

← an user address

← IPv4 host address

← IPv4 network (leftmost

- With Prefix
 - From: address, To:Address
 - From → envelog sender, To→ envelop recipient
 - Address cound be either the IP or hostname, with/without user@
 - Ex. From:spammer@some.domain, From:cyberspammer.com
 - Connect: address
 - The address is ether the IP or hostname of a connecting host

access database (3)

- RHS: action
 - OK
 - RELAY
 - Accept this mail and relay to its destination
 - REJECT
 - Reject the mail with a generic error message
 - This message can be defined in confREJECT_MSG macro
 - DISCARD
 - Silently discard the message
 - xxx message
 - Return an error, xxx must be an RFC821 code
 - ERROR: xxx message
 - ERROR: x.x.x message
 - Return an error, x.x.x must be an RFC1893 code

access database (4)

61.70.163.206

Example

OK okay.cyberspammer.com nctu.edu.tw **RELAY** 140.113 RELAY 127.0.0.1 RELAY Galaxy.os.NCTU.edu.tw REJECT www@csie.nctu.edu.tw **DISCARD** 550 Mailbox disabled for this #bsduser@some.domain recipient mailman@es1.seed.net.tw 550 Mailbox disabled for this recipient mailman@postman1.seed.net.tw 550 Mailbox disabled for this recipient 61.30.99.136 REJECT 61.56.251.5 REJECT 61.70.162.11 **REJECT**

REJECT

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Blacklisting user or sites (1)

- Black user
 - Use FEATURE(`blacklist_recipients') with access table to block local users or hosts
 - Ex:
 - FEATURE(`blacklist_recipients')
 - IN /etc/mail/access
 - lwhsu@cs.nctu.edu.tw550 Mailbox disabled for this user

DNSBL

- Block other hosts
- Domain Name Services BlackList
- It is a list of:
 - Mail server hostname that run open relays
 - Host that might be owned by known spammers

Blacklisting user or sites (2)

- How DNSBL work
 - Normal mail transaction
 - Connect → DNS for IP → SMTP
 - DNSBL involved
 - Connect → DNS for IP → DNSBL that IP → SMTP
 - When do DNSBL
 - reverse IP
 - Append black-list related domain name
 - Lookup that hostname with DNSBL DNS server
 - o If found, this IP is in the black list maintained by that org
 - Ex:
 - 123.45.67.89 is the IP
 - o 89.67.45.123 is the reversed IP
 - o 89.67.45.123.relay.mail-abuse.org

Blacklisting user or sites (3)

- Some DNSBL maintainer
 - http://www.spamcop.net/ SCBL-SpamCop Blocking List
 - http://mail-abuse.org Mail Abuse Prevention Systems
- Usage
 - FEATURE(`dnsbl',`dns-host', `message')
 - Ex:

FEATURE(`dnsbl', `relays.mail-abuse.org', `Mail from \$&{client_addr} rejected; see http://mail-abuse.org/')

Other content

- You can find many material in sendmail
 - Ruleset and rule
 - Various configuration commands in sendmail.cf
 - R (Rule) command
 - S (Rule set) command
 - M (Mail DA) command
 - D (Define macro) command
 - C and F (Class macro) command
 - K (Database-map) command
 - O (Options) command
 - H (Header) command
 - Sendmail debug mode with –d
 - MAA, content-filtering program with sendmail