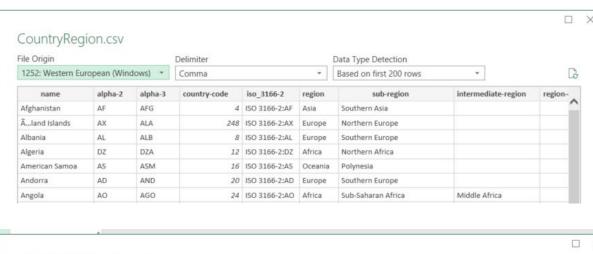
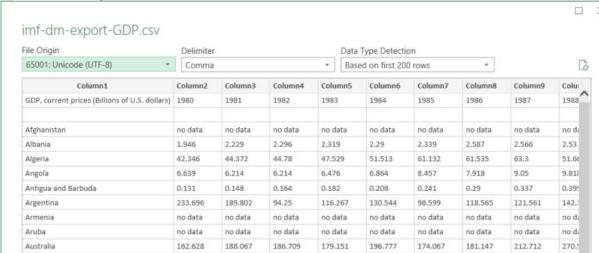
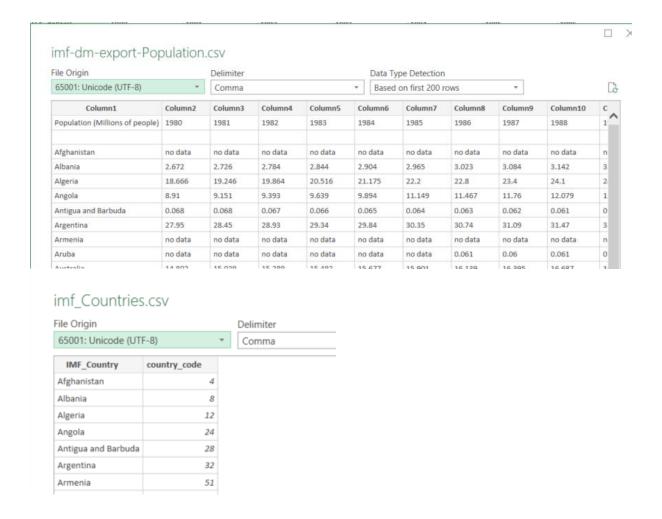
Sample Exercise Instructions SOLUTIOIN

- 1. Locate and download data sets you have been given access to
 - a. CountryRegion.csv
 - b. imf-dm-export-GDP.csv
 - c. imf-dm-export-Population.csv
 - d. imf Countries
- 2. Open the data sets and review the structure of the data. (column and row headings). Hint: Country names used by IMF do not match exactly the names used in the CountryRegion dataset so a cross reference file exists to link the two spellings via a Country Code column



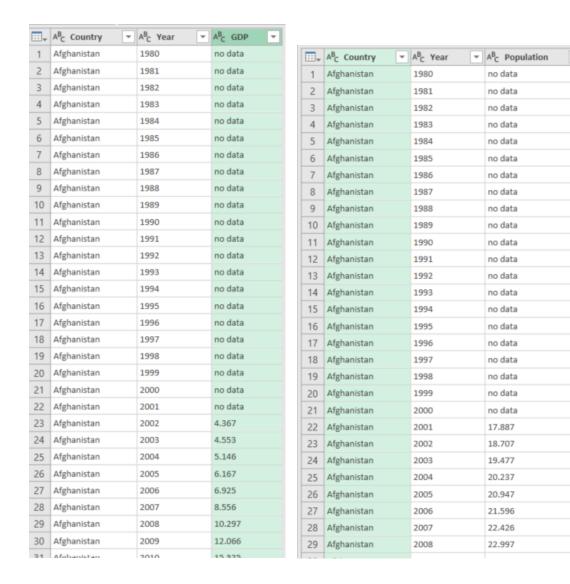




CountryRegion.csv contains all the names of countries with their codes and regions and sub regions. So ideal if you need to look up any categorical information like Europe, Asia for Region and North America, Sub-Sahara Africa for Sub Regions.

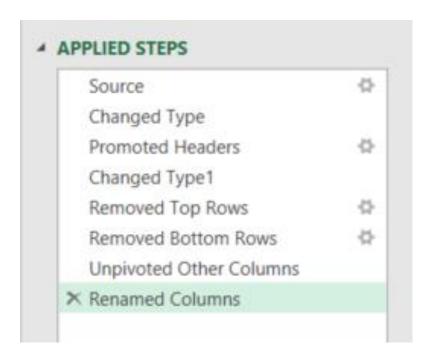
- 3. Using your skills create a data model for Country, Population and GDP
- 4. To achieve this you may need to combine the data sets, cleanse and filter.

The imf-dm-export-GDP and Population files need to be converted into this format

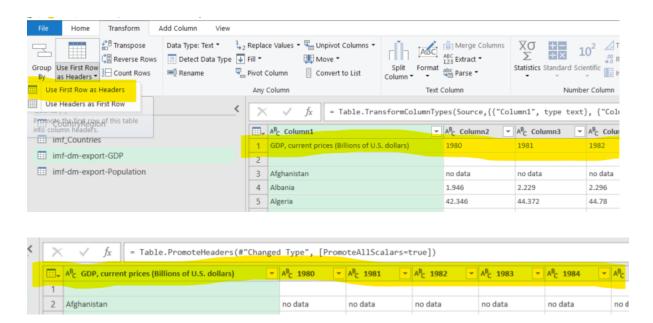


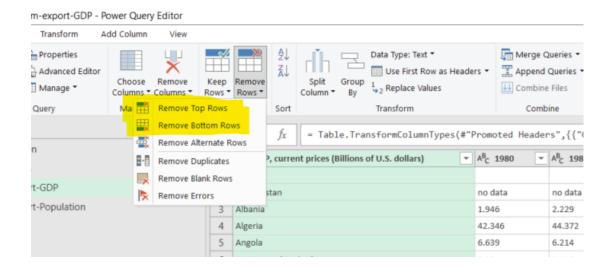
To achieve this various steps need to be performed culminating in unpivoting all the columns except the country name

PowerQuery is the ideal tool to complete these tasks for example



So let us complete each step in turn





Remove top row and also the bottom 34 rows that include summary information for the regions. The last row should be Zimbabwe

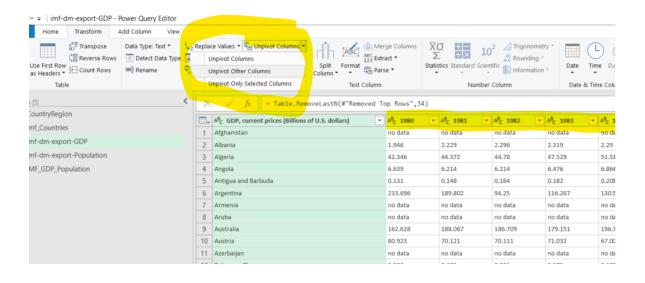
Before

	, ABC GDP, current prices (Billions of U.S. dollars)	A ^B _C 1980	A ^B _C 1981	A ^B _C 1982 ▼	A
191	Venezuela	69.841	78.367	79.998	7
192	Vietnam	35.357	17.617	23.369	3
193	West Bank and Gaza	no data	no data	no data	n
194	Yemen	no data	no data	no data	n
195	Zambia	4.246	4.385	4.232	3
196	Zimbabwe	no data	no data	no data	n
197	Africa (Region)	452.24	461.543	468.331	4
198	Asia and Pacific	2332.04	2515.656	2447.025	2
199	Australia and New Zealand	185.148	211.506	209.914	2
200	Caribbean	18.04	19.73	21.79	2
201	Central America	34.6	34.871	35.303	3
202	Central Asia and the Caucasus	96,596	97.865	88.918	8
203	East Asia	1570.606	1688.818	1605.847	1
204	Eastern Europe	160.124	169.825	183.443	1
205	Europe	4007.285	3607.257	3492.48	3
206	Middle East (Region)	402.931	435.946	415.674	4
207	North Africa	136.375	130.856	135.728	1
208	North America	3376.402	3823.836	3888.28	4
209	Pacific Islands	5.931	5.896	5.644	5
210	South America	581.546	584,403	494.949	4
211	South Asia	227.85	263.568	273.017	2
212	Southeast Asia	245.909	248.004	263.685	2
213	Sub-Saharan Africa (Region)	315.865	330.686	332.603	3
214	Western Europe	3847.16	3437.432	3309.037	3
215	Western Hemisphere (Region)	4010.588	4462.84	4440,323	4
216	ASEAN-5	231.915	232.519	246.687	2
217	Advanced economies	8480.504	8615.632	8554.98	8
218	Emerging and Developing Asia	742.886	758.572	774.533	8

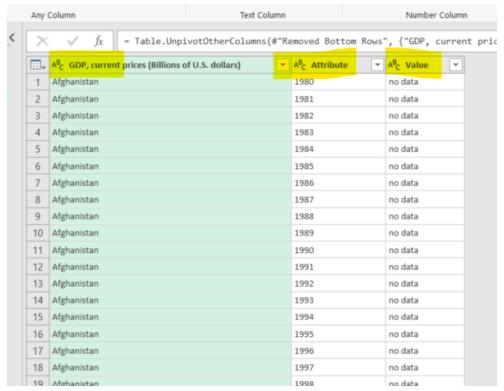
102	OBuriou	7.700	44144	0.74
183	Ukraine	no data	no data	no data
184	United Arab Emirates	40.415	45.002	41.848
185	United Kingdom	603.983	587.652	558.72
186	United States	2857,325	3207.025	3343.8
187	Uruguay	12.165	13.578	11.1
188	Uzbekistan	no data	no data	no data
189	Vanuatu	0.121	0.114	0.114
190	Venezuela	69.841	78.367	79.998
191	Vietnam	35.357	17.617	23.369
192	West Bank and Gaza	no data	no data	no data
193	Yemen	no data	no data	no data
194	Zambia	4.246	4.385	4.232
195	Zimbabwe	no data	no data	no data

Now to do any analysis on this data we need to be able to differentiate the year associated with the GDPO and Populastion. Currenlty the Year is represented as a column so there are the years 1980 to 2026 as 46 columns one for each year in the range.

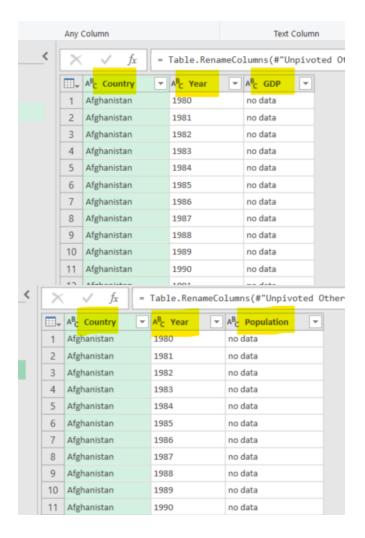
To convert these columns to rows we use the Unpivot option in the Transform tab.



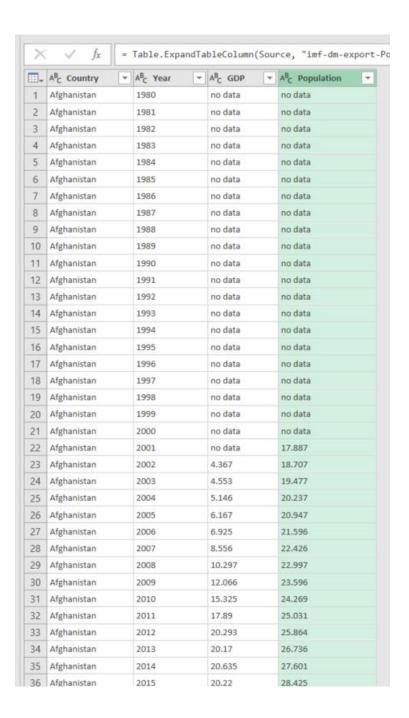
This results in



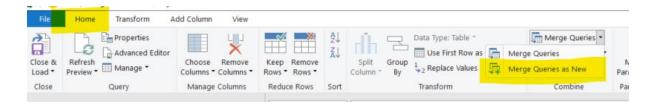
So now we just rename the columns and do exactly the same steps for the Population data set.

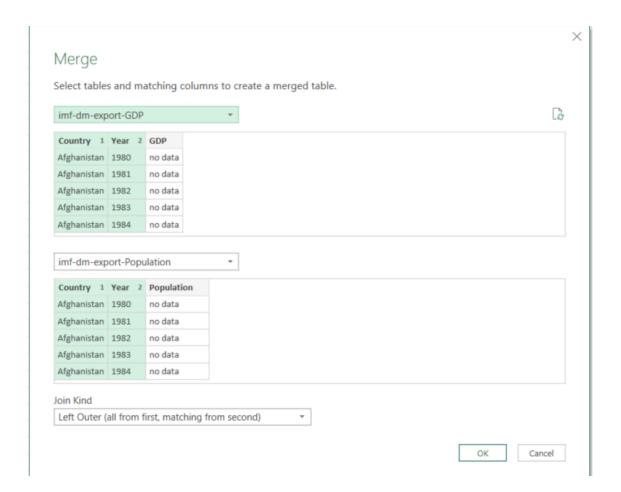


We now MERGE these two data sets together to produce one dataset consisting of

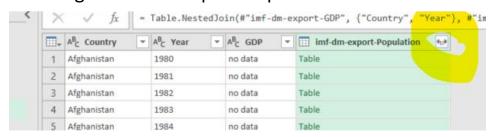


To complete this we use the Merge as New option and join on the Country name and Year this should say 195 rows match.





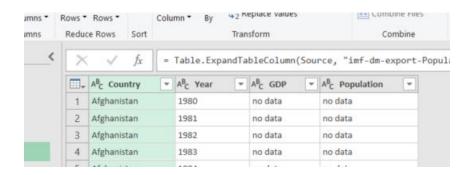
Make sure we expand the Table reference which is the second table we merged imf-dm-export-Population



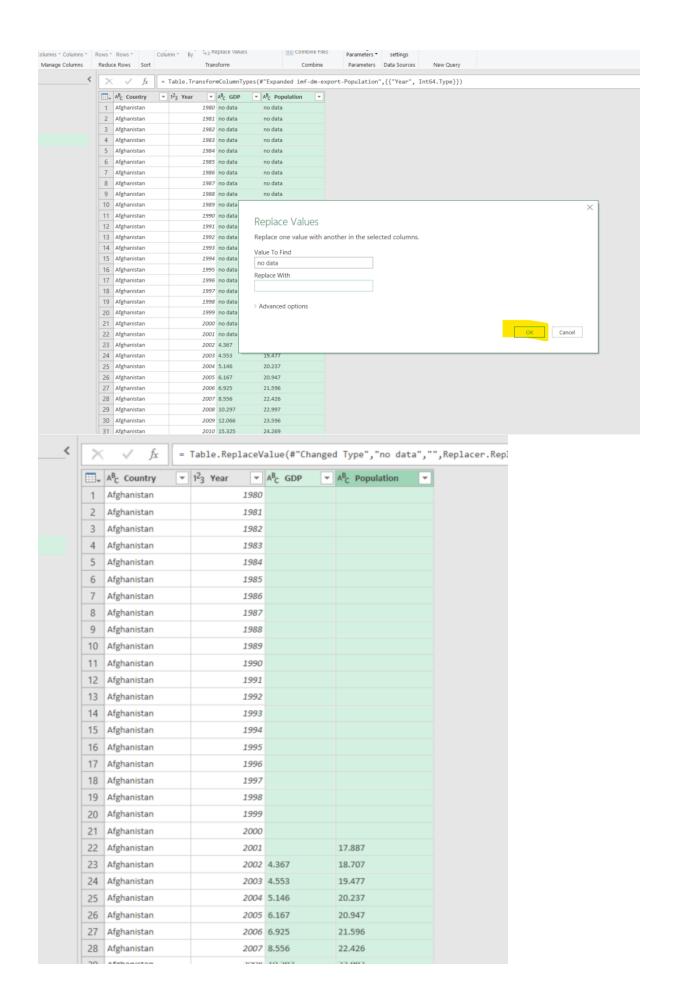


We only need to add the Population column as we already have the name and year.

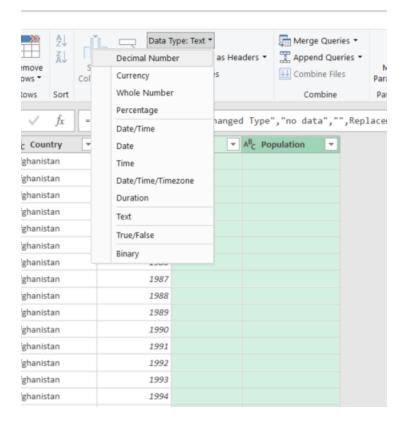
Data types of our columns are very important

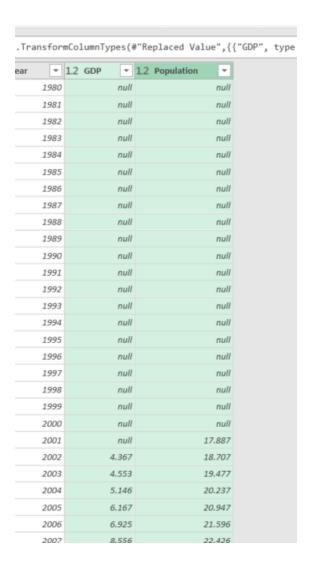


Currently Year, GDP and Population are all Text columns. This is because the GDP and Population columns include the text "no data" from the original IMF csv files. We need to replace these with *null* to be able to convert them to decimal columns.



Now with GDP and Populatiopn columns selected use the Data Type option on the Home Tab





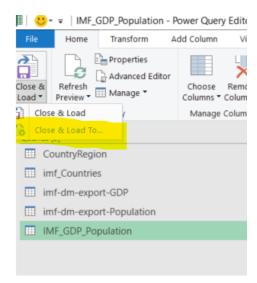
Rename the merged dataset as IMF_GDP_Population



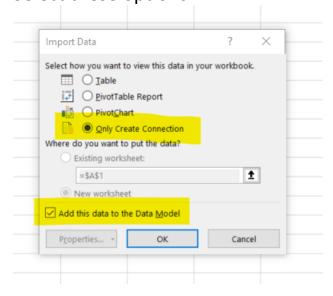
- 1. Some suggested analysis
 - a. What are the average GDPs and Populations for all countries?

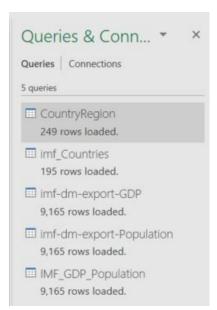
Best way of achieving this in Excel is with a Pivot Table

When leaving Power Query using the option



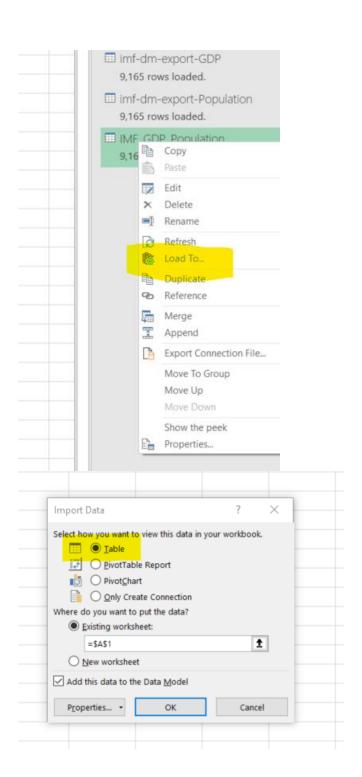
Select these options





By default you end up with worksheets for each of the datasets. We only need one data set to start with and that is the IMF_GDP_Population dataset

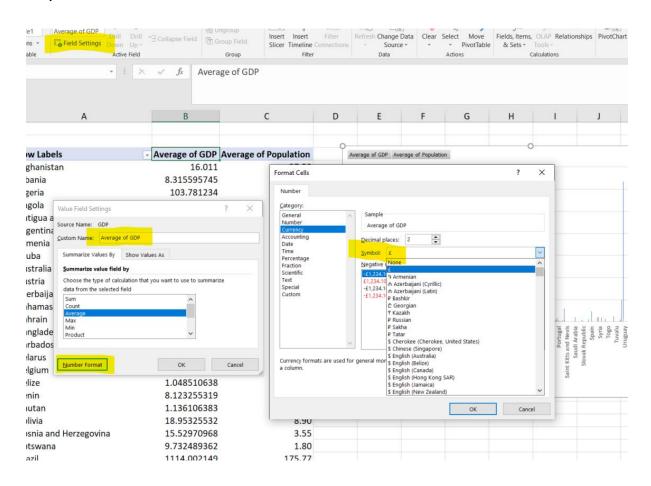
To create a Worksheet with that dataset as a table use the following option when right clicking on the relevant connection

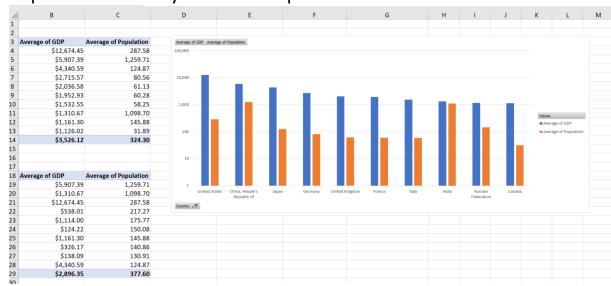


	Α	В	С	D
1	Country	Year 🕶	GDP -	Population 🔽
2	Afghanistan	1980		
3	Afghanistan	1981		
4	Afghanistan	1982		
5	Afghanistan	1983		
6	Afghanistan	1984		
7	Afghanistan	1985		
8	Afghanistan	1986		
9	Afghanistan	1987		
10	Afghanistan	1988		
11	Afghanistan	1989		
12	Afghanistan	1990		
13	Afghanistan	1991		
14	Afghanistan	1992		
15	Afghanistan	1993		
16	Afghanistan	1994		
17	Afghanistan	1995		
18	Afghanistan	1996		
19	Afghanistan	1997		
20	Afghanistan	1998		
21	Afghanistan	1999		
22	Afghanistan	2000		
23	Armenia	1980		
24	Armenia	1981		
25	Armenia	1982		
26	Armenia	1983		
27	Armenia	1984		
28	Armenia	1985		
29	Armenia	1986		
30	Armenia	1987		
21	Armonia	1000		

1148	Samoa	1997	0.188
9149	Samoa	1993	0.193
9150	Samoa	1994	0.154
9151	Samoa	1995	0.236
9152	Samoa	1996	0.251
9153	Samoa	1997	0.273
9154	Somalia	2011	3.499
9155	Suriname	1980	1.192
9156	Suriname	1981	1.333
9157	Suriname	1982	1.372
9158	Suriname	1983	1.325
9159	Suriname	1984	1.296
9160	Suriname	1985	1.309
9161	Suriname	1986	1.336
9162	Suriname	1987	1.469
9163	Suriname	1988	1.741
9164	Suriname	1989	2.034
9165	Tuvalu	2000	0.014
9166	Tuvalu	2001	0.013
167			

Using the table create a Pivot Table to summarise GDP and Population





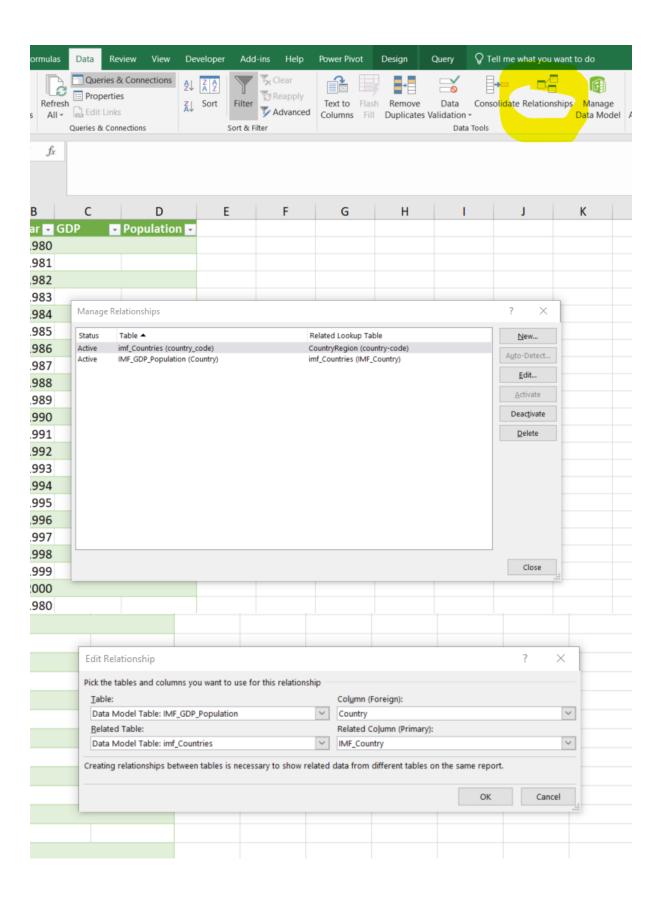
Top 10 countries by GDP and Population

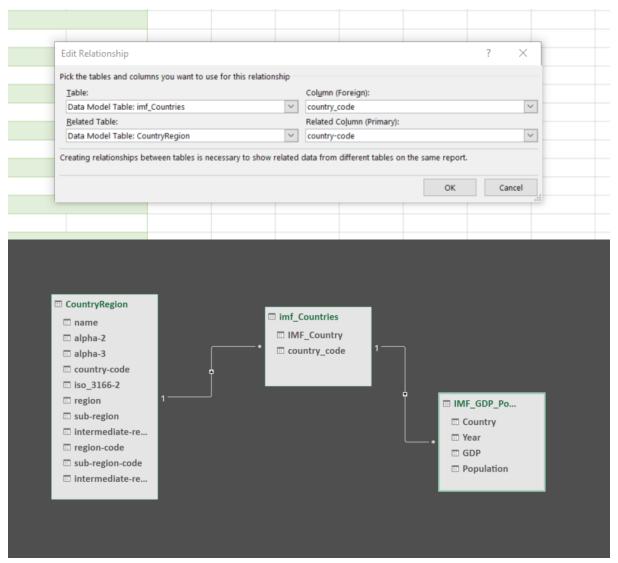
2. As an enhancement link the Region and Sub Region to the country so summary statistics for GDP and Population can be shown for the region information.

To achieve this we need to link the CountryRegion dataset to the IMF_GDP_Population dataset. We can do this using Power Pivot and first set up the relationships in the Data tab where we link

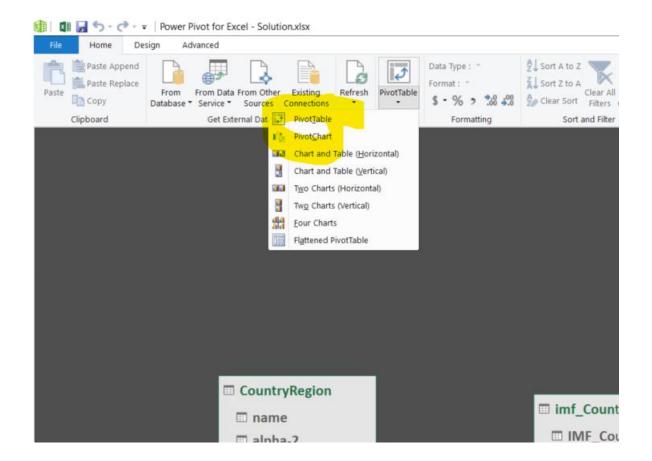
Country field in **IMF_GDP_Population** with **imf_Countries IMF_Country** field

We then link the *imf_Countries* field *country_code* with *CountryRegion country-code* field (hyphen rather than underscore)

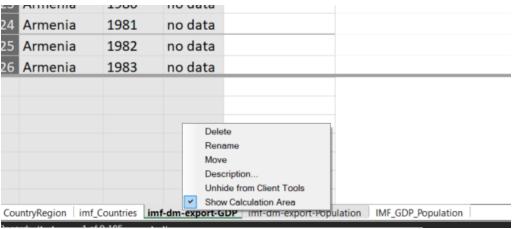


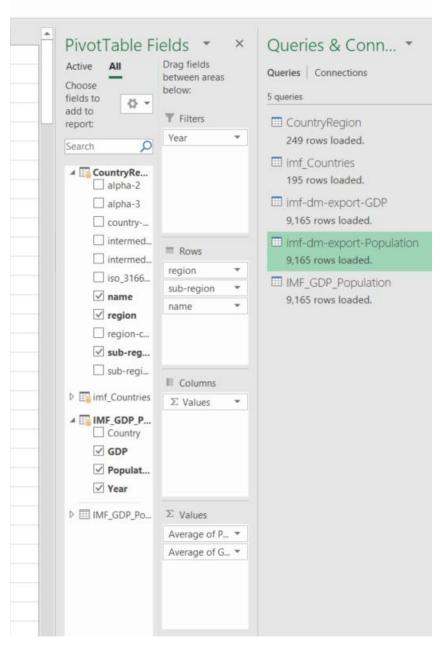


The resultant Pivot Table now has access to all the tables listed above.



The imf-dm_export_GDP and imf-dem-export-Population tables have been hidden from the client tools





Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	
	Year	All					
	region	sub-region -	name 🔻	Average of Population	Average of GDP		
	■ Africa	■ Northern Africa		30.36	\$74.32		
		⊞ Sub-Saharan Africa		15.69	\$21.73		
	■ Americas	⊞ Latin America and the Ca ⊞ Northern America ⊞ Central Asia ⊞ Eastern Asia ⊞ South-eastern Asia ⊞ Southern Asia		15.59	\$95.00		
		■ Northern America		159.74	\$6,900.23		
	■Asia	⊞ Central Asia		12.73	\$39.49		
		⊞ Eastern Asia		230.68	+-/		
		⊞ South-eastern Asia		51.56	\$155.68		
		⊞ Southern Asia		176.02	\$235.75		
		⊞ Western Asia		11.59	\$108.95		
	■ Europe	⊞ Eastern Europe		29.57	\$215.84		
		■ Northern Europe		10.30	\$371.29		
		■ Southern Europe		12.49	\$263.22		
		⊞ Western Europe		26.23	\$920.09		
	■Oceania	■ Australia and New Z	ealand	12.32	\$472.18		
		⊞ Melanesia		1.85	+		
		⊞ Micronesia		0.06	\$0.19		
		⊞ Polynesia		0.10	70.00		
				34.42	\$286.14		

We can now summarise based on Regions and Sub Regions