# Dekóderek

"Mi a következő token?": A nyelvmodellezés elvei

Nyéki Bence Nyelvtudományi Kutatóközpont 2022.03.28.



## A nyelv és a nyelvmodell

- <u>Nyelv</u>: Tetszőleges véges A halmaz feletti A\* halmaz tetszőleges részhalmazát **nyelvnek** nevezzük, ahol A\* az A halmaz elemeiből alkotott füzérek halmaza. (Alberti 2006)
  - pl.  $A = \{a, b\}, A^* = \{e, a, b, aa, ab, ba, bb, abc, ...\}$
- Nyelvmodell: valószínűségi eloszlás A\* füzérei felett



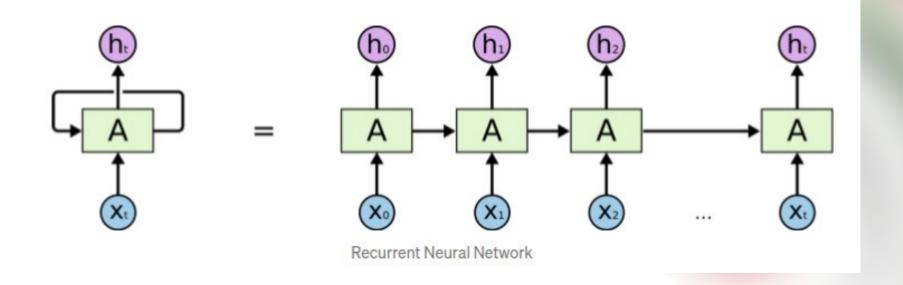
# Nyelvmodellezés feltételes valószínűséggel

- Legyen s egy füzér A halmaz elemeiből.
- Ekkor  $s=t_1t_2\ldots t_n,\ t_1,t_2,\ldots t_n\in A$
- $P(s) = P(t_1t_2...t_n) = P(t_1)P(t_2|t_1)...P(t_n|t_1,t_2,...,t_{n-1})$



### Nyelvmodellezés RNN-nel

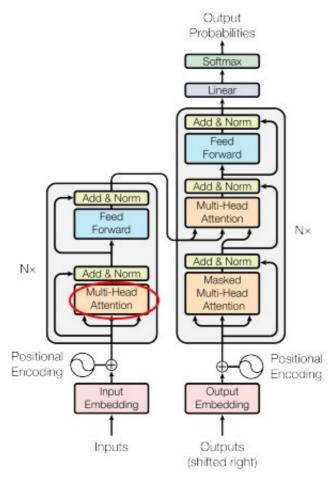
$$h_i = P(t_{i+1}|t_0,t_1,\ldots,t_i)$$



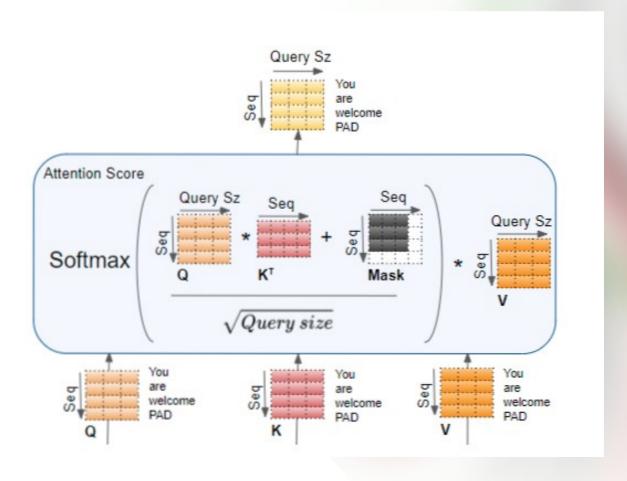
Forrás: Pranoy Radhakrishnan (2017): Introduction to Recurrent Neural Network



#### Emlékeztető: a Transformer



Eredeti kép forrása: Vaswani et al. (2017)

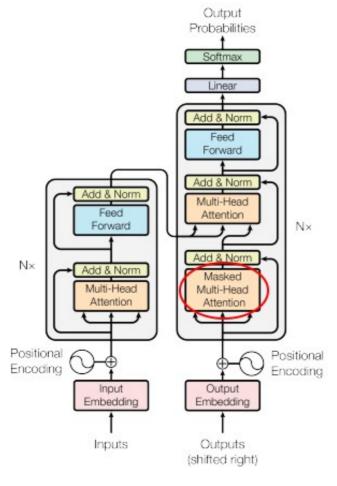


Forrás: Ketan Doshi (2021):

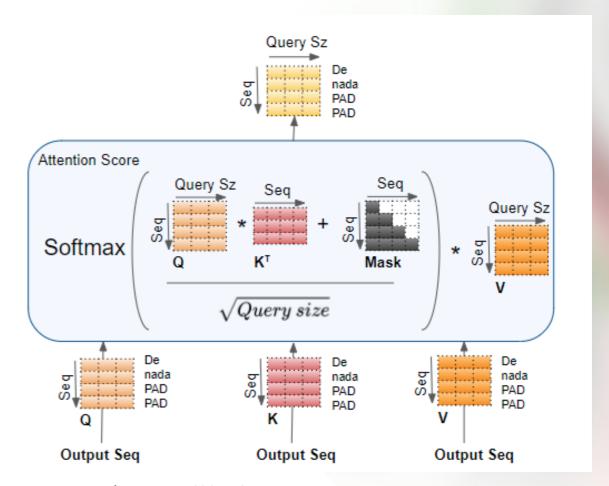
Transformers Explained Visually (Part 3): Multi-head Attention, deep dive



#### A Transformer dekóder



Eredeti kép forrása: Vaswani et al. (2017)

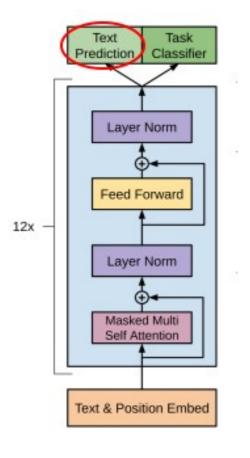


Forrás: Ketan Doshi (2021):

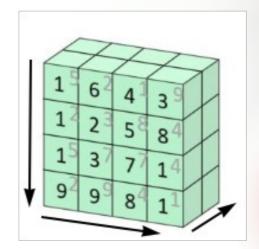
Transformers Explained Visually (Part 3): Multi-head Attention, deep dive



#### **A GPT**



Eredeti kép forrása: Radford et al. (2018)



Eredeti kép forrása: PyTorch – Tensors – The main data structure



#### Szöveggenerálás

- Mintavételezés valószínűségi eloszlásokból
- Algoritmusok: greedy, beam, top-k, top-p
- Top-k algoritmus: A valószínűséget újra elosztjuk, de csak a k legvalószínűbb token között, utána mintavételezünk



#### Hogyan alkalmazható ez?

- Minden NLP feladat felfogható szöveggenerálásként
  - Kérdés válasz: Mi Spanyolország fővárosa? Madrid.
  - ◆ Osztályozás (szentiment): Ma jó napom van! 1
  - ◆ Fordítás: The cat is purring. A macska dorombol.
- Transfer learning: általános szöveggenerálás előtanítás alatt, specifikus szöveggenerálás finomhangolás alatt



### A transfer learning vége?

- Few-shot learning: Néhány példát megadunk kontextusként, majd folytatjuk a szöveget
- Zero-shot learning: Nincsenek példák, csak az előtanításra támaszkodik a modell



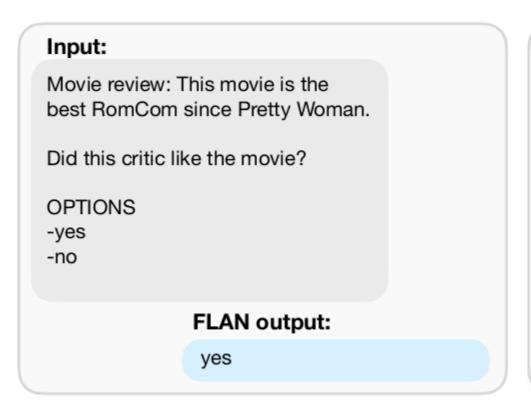
#### GPT3 few-shot példa

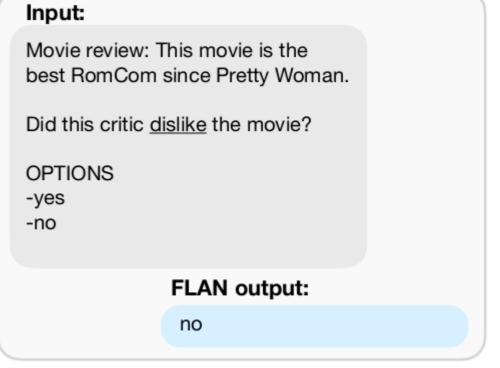
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Poor English input: I eated the purple berries.
Good English output: I ate the purple berries.
Poor English input: Thank you for picking me as your designer. I'd appreciate it.
Good English output: Thank you for choosing me as your designer. I appreciate it.
Poor English input: The mentioned changes have done. or I did the alteration that you
requested. or I changed things you wanted and did the modifications.
Good English output: The requested changes have been made. or I made the alteration that you
requested. or I changed things you wanted and made the modifications.
Poor English input: I'd be more than happy to work with you in another project.
Good English output: I'd be more than happy to work with you on another project.
Poor English input: Please provide me with a short brief of the design you're looking for and
that'd be nice if you could share some examples or project you did before.
Good English output: Please provide me with a brief description of the design you're
looking for and that would be nice if you could share some examples or projects you have
done before.
Poor English input: The patient was died.
Good English output: The patient died.
Poor English input: We think that Leslie likes ourselves.
Good English output: We think that Leslie likes us.
Poor English input: Janet broke Bill on the finger.
Good English output: Janet broke Bill's finger.
Poor English input: Mary arranged for, in St. Louis, John to rent a house cheap.
Good English output: Mary arranged for John to rent a house in St. Louis.
Poor English input: Today I have went to the store to to buys some many bottle of water.
Good English output: Today I went to the store to buy some bottles of water.
Poor English input: I have tried to hit ball with bat, but my swing is has miss.
Good English output: I tried to hit the ball with the bat, but my swing missed.
```

Forrás: Brown et al. (2020)



#### FLAN zero-shot példa





Forrás: Wei et al. (2021)



#### Cikkek, linkek

Alberti Gábor (2006): Matematika a természetes nyelvek leírásában. Budapest: Tinta kiadó.

Brown et al. (2020): Language Models are Few-Shot Learners. Link

Radford et al. (2018): Improving Language Understanding by Generative Pre-Training. Link

Radford et al. (2019): Language Models are Unsupervised Multitask Learners. Link

Vaswani et al. (2017): Attention is all you need. Link

Wei et al. (2021): Finetuned Language Models Are Zero-Shot Learners. Link

Ketan Doshi (2021): Transformers Explained Visually (Part 3): Multi-head Attention, deep dive. (Towards Data Science) Link

Patrick von Platen: How to generate text: using different decoding methods for language generation with Transformers. Link

Pranoy Radhakrishnan (2017): Introduction to Recurrent Neural Network. (Towards Data Science) Link

PyTorch – Tensors – The main data structure. (Data Hacker) Link

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