Microsoft Research

Deep Residual Learning

MSRA @ ILSVRC & COCO 2015 competitions

Kaiming He

with Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, Jifeng Dai, & Jian Sun

Microsoft Research Asia (MSRA)

ICCV15 International Conference on Computer Vision

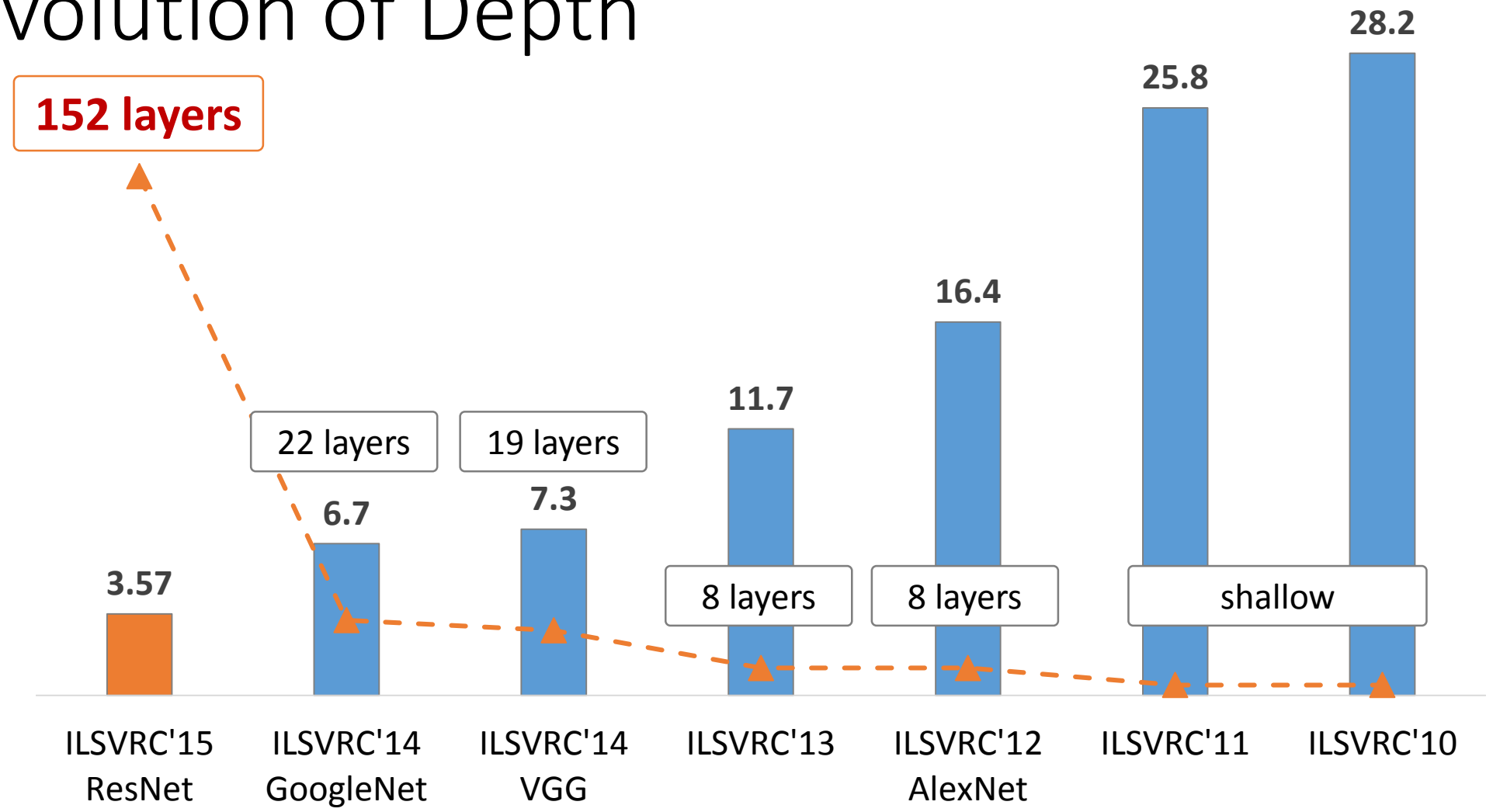
MSRA @ ILSVRC & COCO 2015 Competitions

- **1st places in all five main tracks**
  - ImageNet Classification: "*Ultra-deep*" (quote Yann) 152-layer nets
  - ImageNet Detection: 16% better than 2nd
  - ImageNet Localization: 27% better than 2nd
  - COCO Detection: 11% better than 2nd
  - COCO Segmentation: 12% better than 2nd

*improvements are relative numbers

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition". arXiv 2015.

Revolution of Depth



Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

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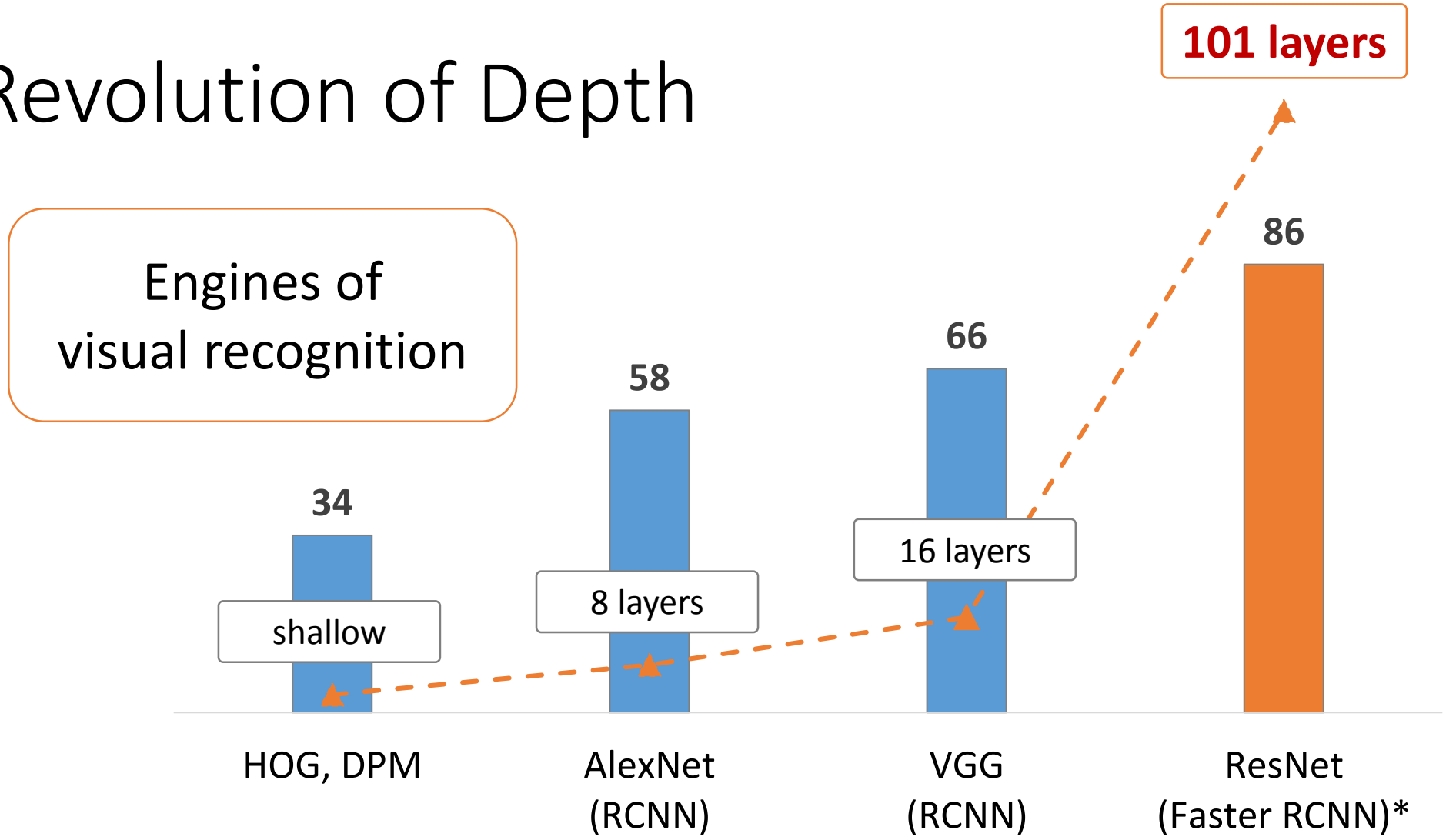


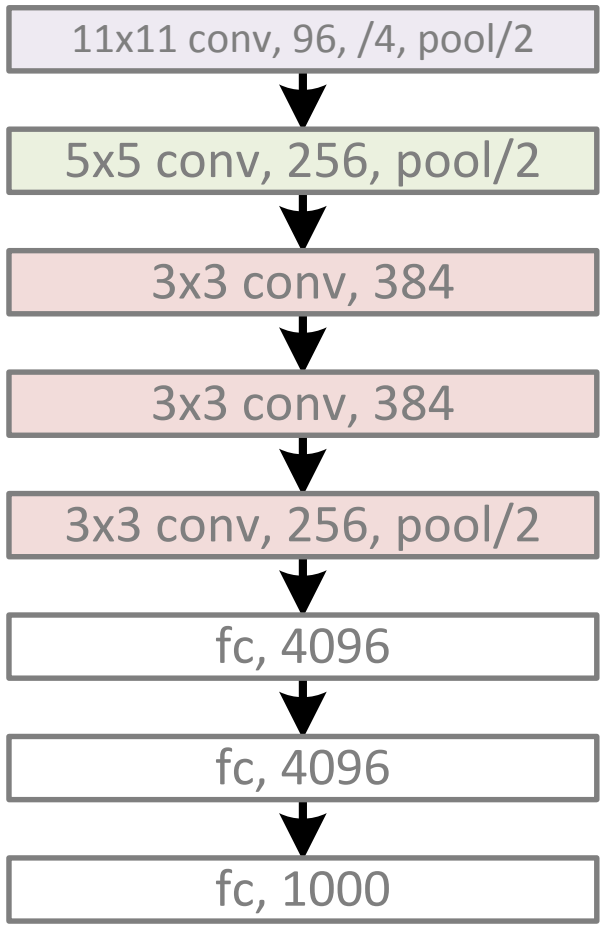
PASCAL VOC 2007 **Object Detection** mAP (%)

*w/ other improvements & more data

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Revolution of Depth

AlexNet, 8 layers
(ILSVRC 2012)



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Revolution of Depth

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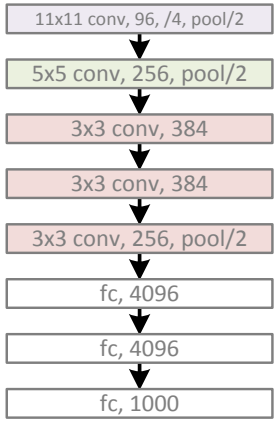
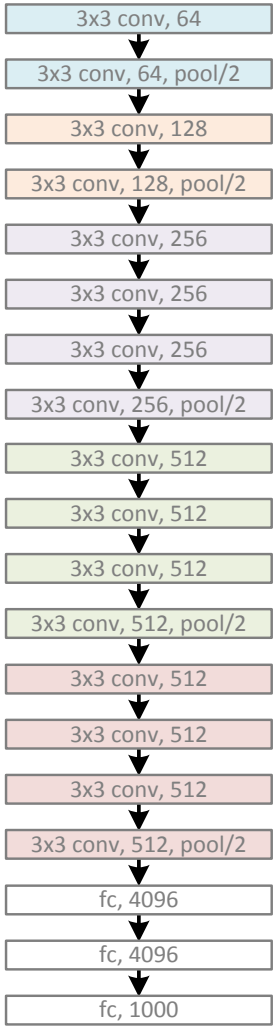


VGG, 19 layers
(ILSVRC 2014)



GoogleNet, 22 layers
(ILSVRC 2014)

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

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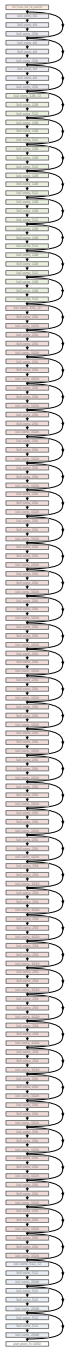
Revolution of Depth

AlexNet, 8 layers
(ILSVRC 2012)

VGG, 19 layers
(ILSVRC 2014)

ResNet, 152 layers
(ILSVRC 2015)



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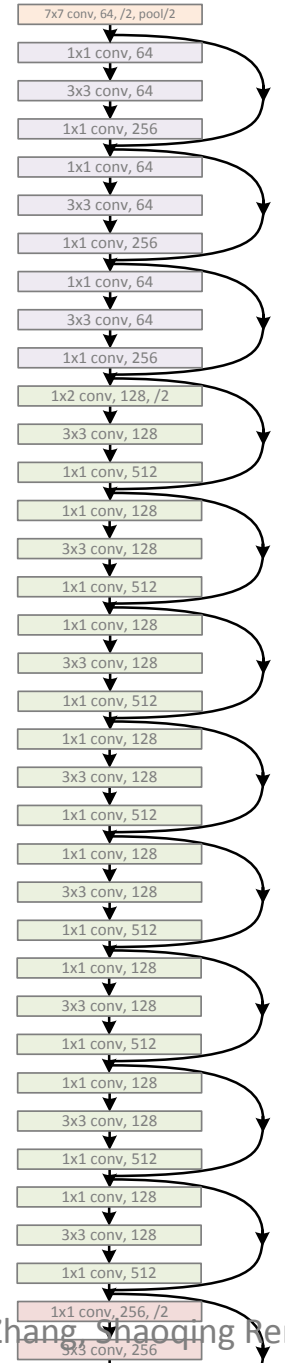
Revolution of Depth

ResNet, 152 layers



(there was an animation here)

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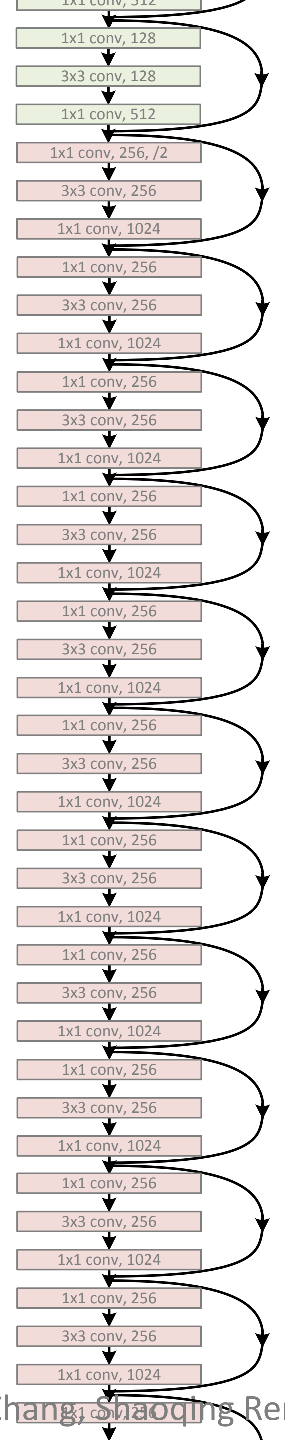
Revolution of Depth

ResNet, 152 layers



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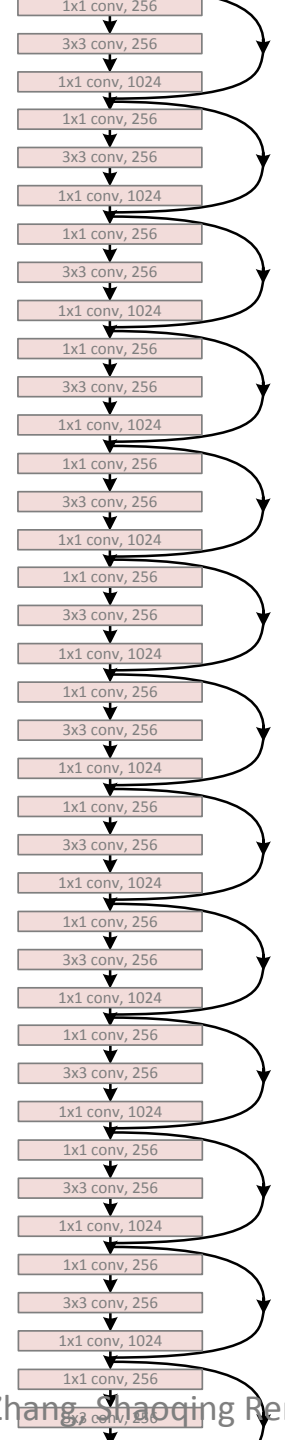

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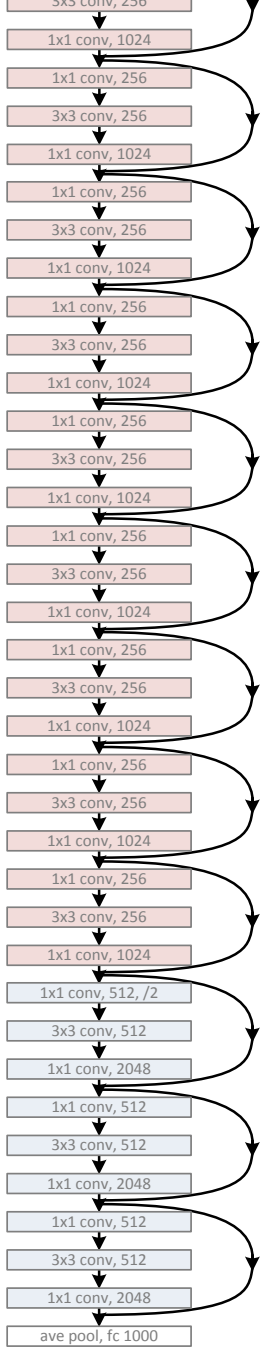
ResNet, 152 layers



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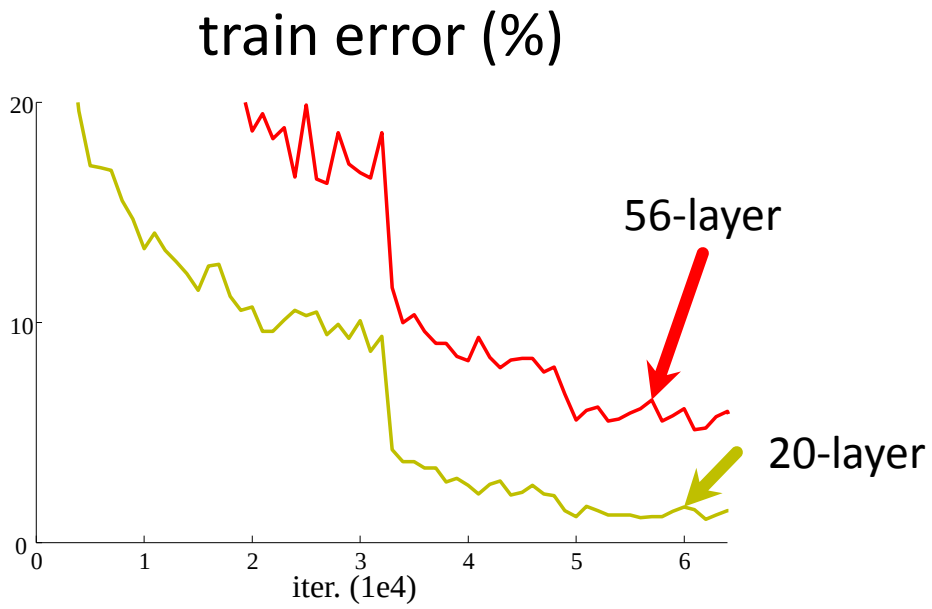
Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

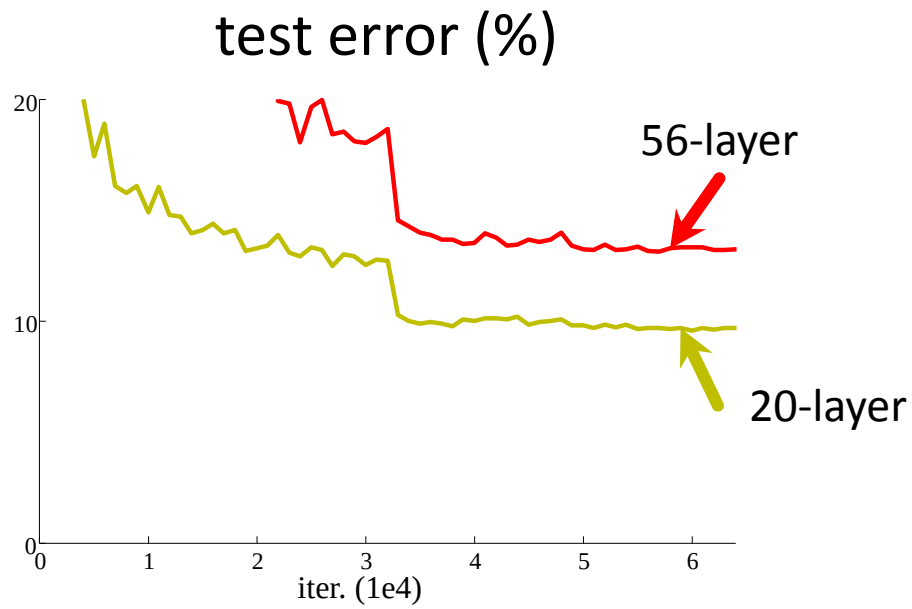
Is learning better networks as simple as stacking more layers?

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Simply stacking layers?

CIFAR-10

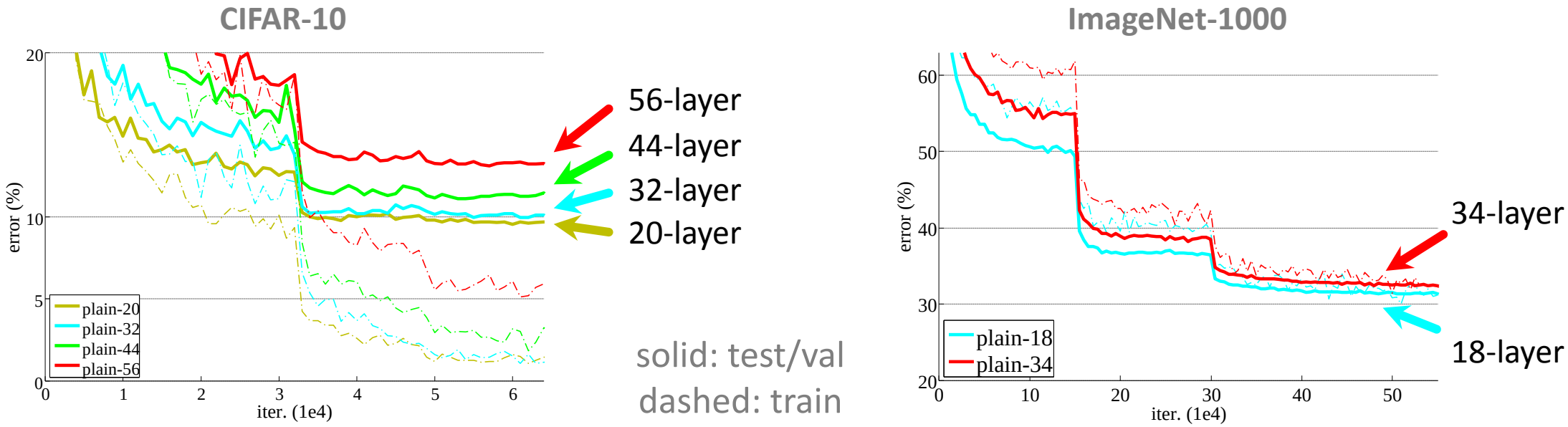




- *Plain* nets: stacking 3x3 conv layers…
- 56-layer net has **higher training error** and test error than 20-layer net

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

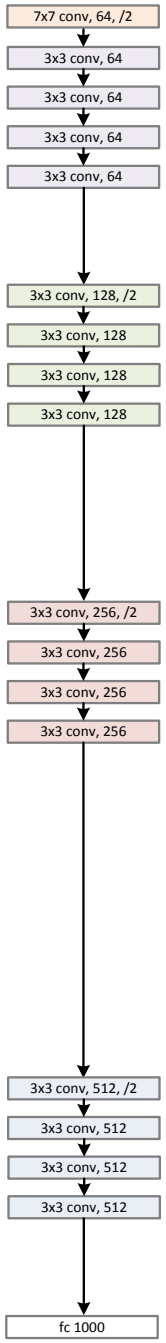
Simply stacking layers?

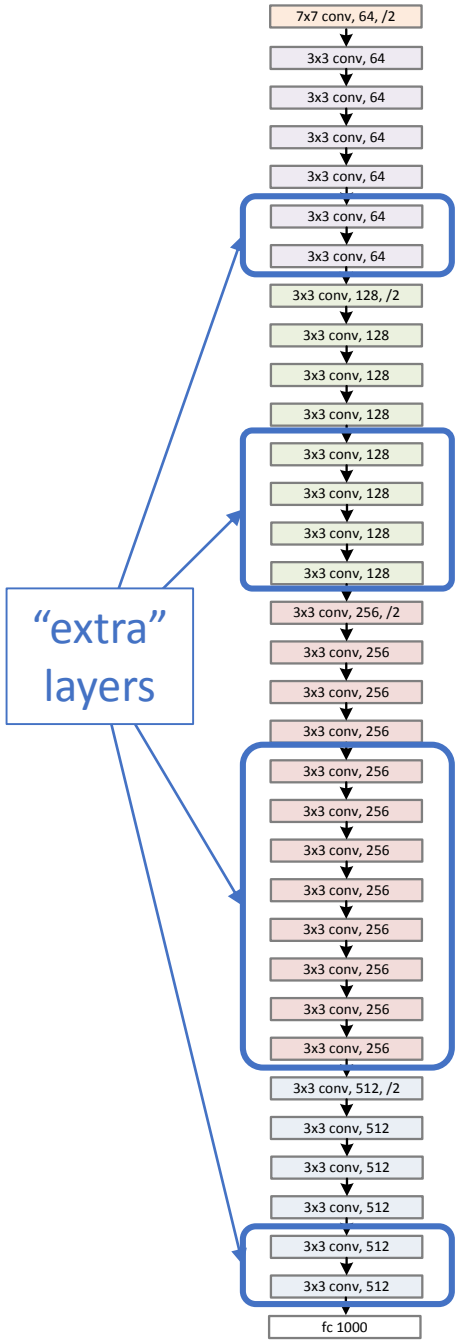


- "Overly deep" plain nets have **higher training error**
- A general phenomenon, observed in many datasets

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition". arXiv 2015.

a shallower model (18 layers)





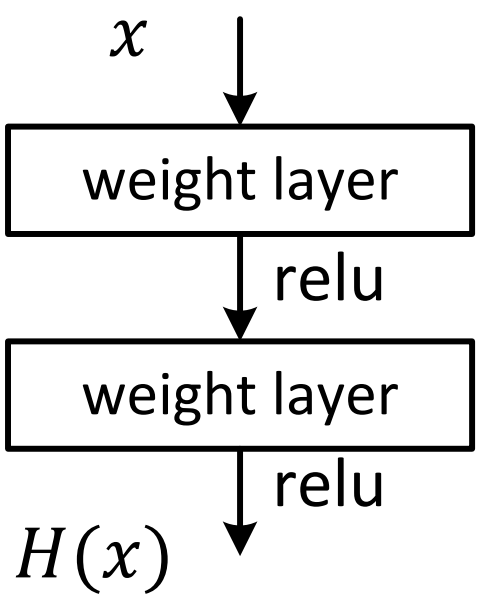
a deeper counterpart (34 layers)

- A deeper model should not have **higher training error**
- A solution *by construction*:
  - original layers: copied from a learned shallower model
  - extra layers: set as identity
  - at least the same training error
- Optimization difficulties: solvers cannot find the solution when going deeper…

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition". arXiv 2015.

Deep Residual Learning

- Plaint net



any two stacked layers

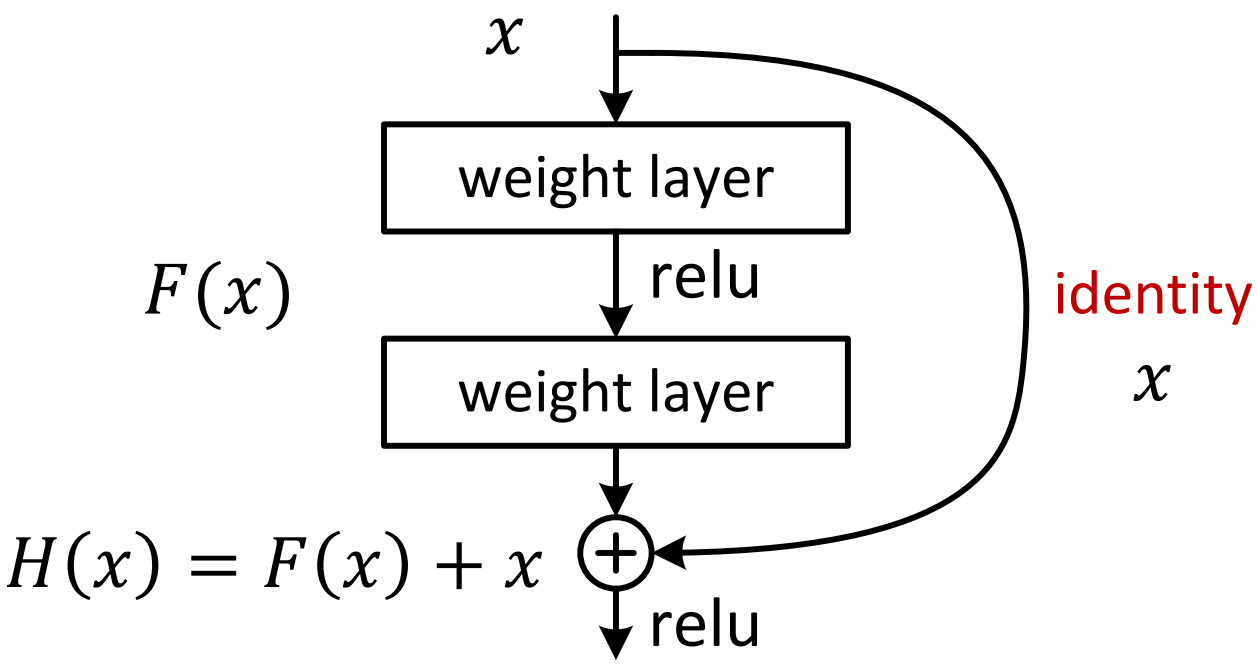
$H(x)$ is any desired mapping,

hope the 2 weight layers fit $H(x)$

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Deep Residual Learning

- Residual net



$H(x)$ is any desired mapping,

~~hope the 2 weight layers fit $H(x)$~~

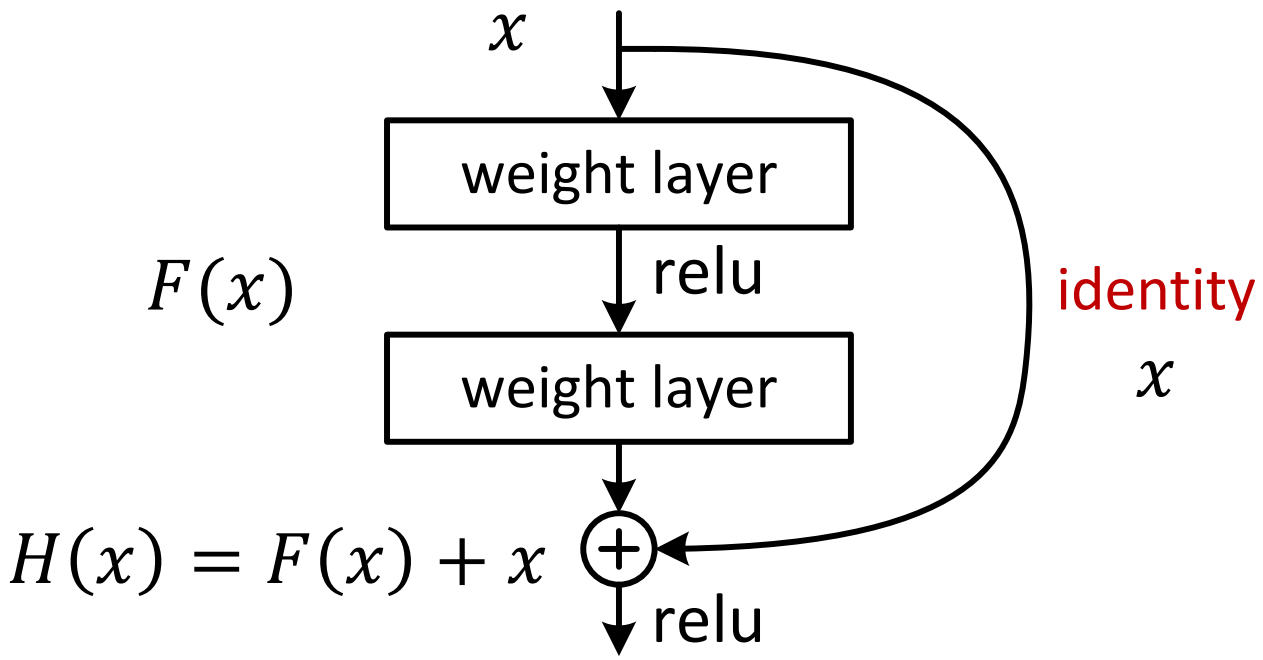
hope the 2 weight layers fit $F(x)$

let $H(x) = F(x) + x$

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Deep Residual Learning

- $F(x)$ is a residual mapping w.r.t. identity



- If identity were optimal, easy to set weights as 0
- If optimal mapping is closer to identity, easier to find small fluctuations

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Related Works – Residual Representations

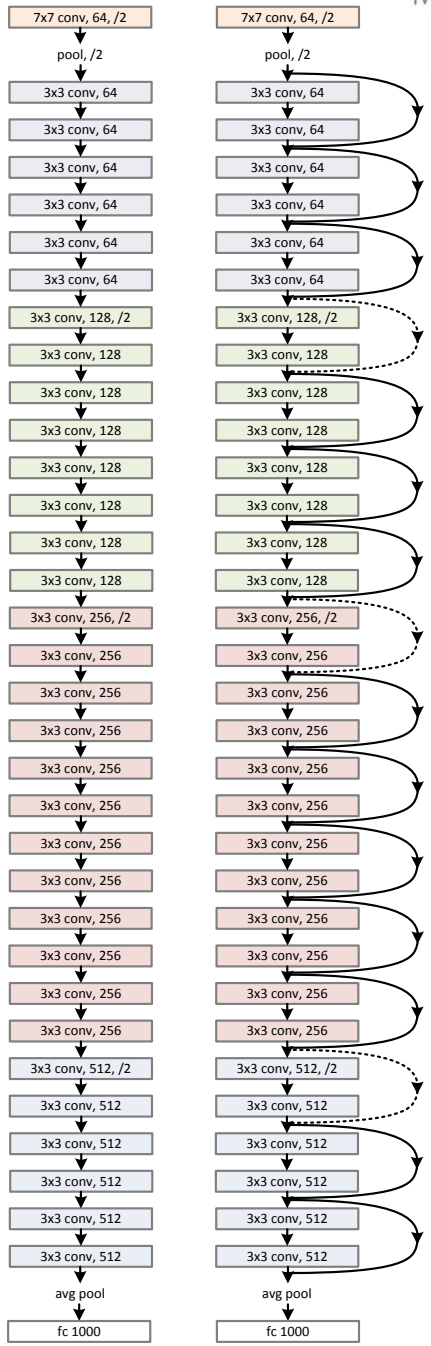
- VLAD & Fisher Vector [Jegou et al 2010], [Perronnin et al 2007]
  - Encoding residual vectors; powerful shallower representations.
- Product Quantization (IVF-ADC) [Jegou et al 2011]
  - Quantizing residual vectors; efficient nearest-neighbor search.
- MultiGrid & Hierarchical Precondition [Briggs, et al 2000], [Szeliski 1990, 2006]
  - Solving residual sub-problems; efficient PDE solvers.

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Network “Design”

- Keep it simple
- Our basic design (VGG-style)
  - all 3x3 conv (almost)
  - spatial size /2 => # filters x2
  - Simple design; just deep!
- Other remarks:
  - no max pooling (almost)
  - no hidden fc
  - no dropout

plain net



ResNet

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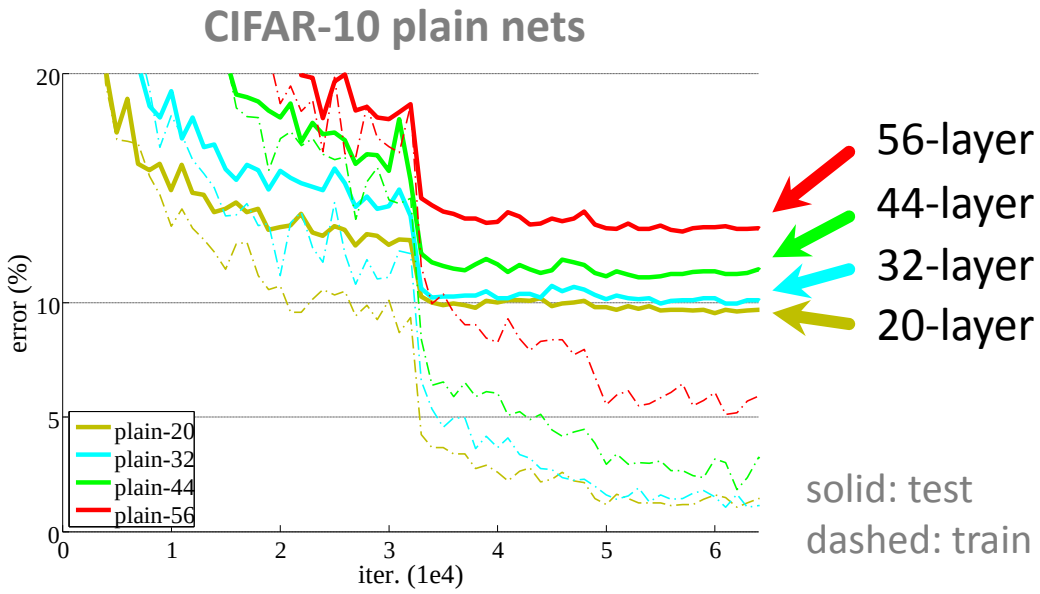
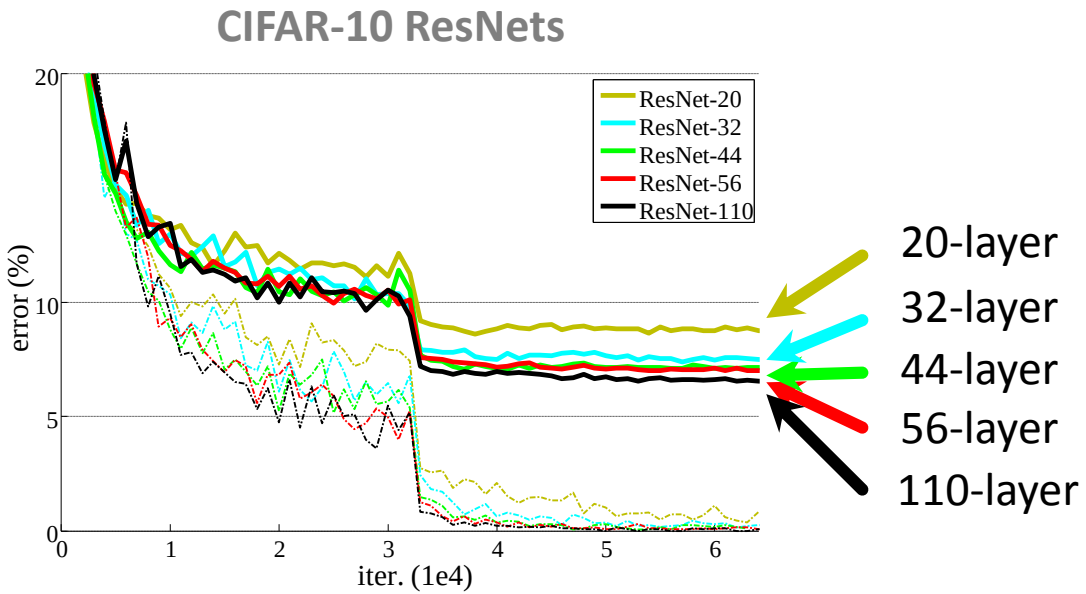
Training

- All plain/residual nets are trained from scratch
- All plain/residual nets use Batch Normalization
- Standard hyper-parameters & augmentation

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

CIFAR-10 experiments



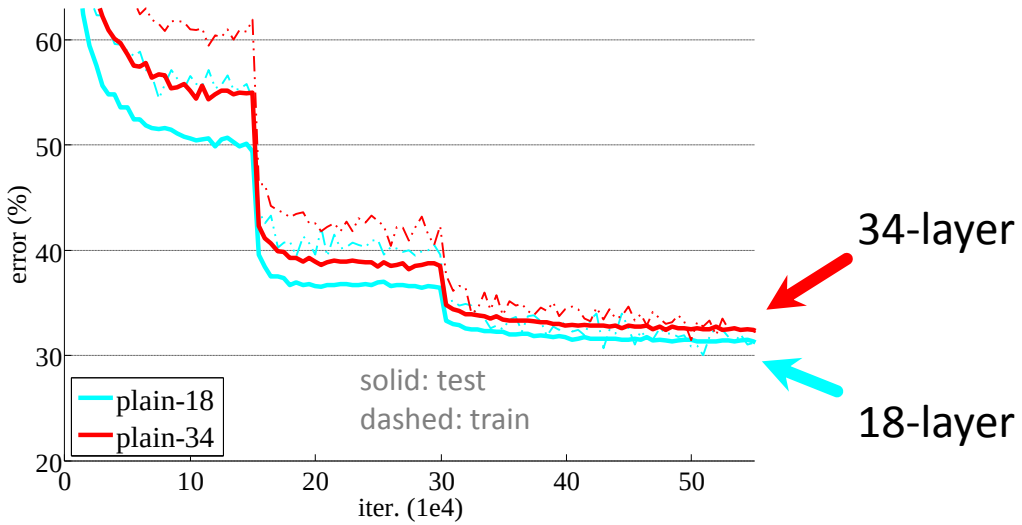


- Deep ResNets can be trained without difficulties
- Deeper ResNets have **lower training error**, and also lower test error

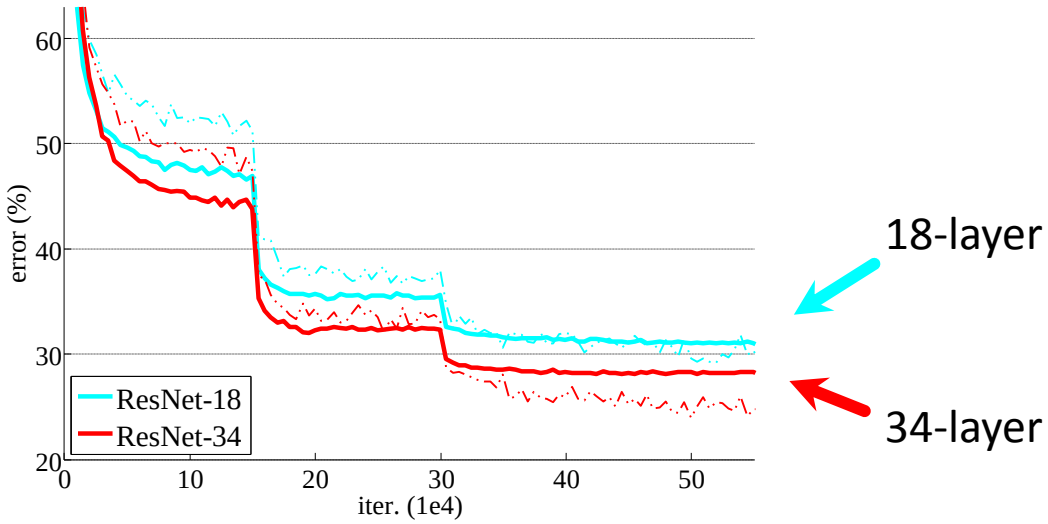
Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

ImageNet experiments

ImageNet plain nets



ImageNet ResNets



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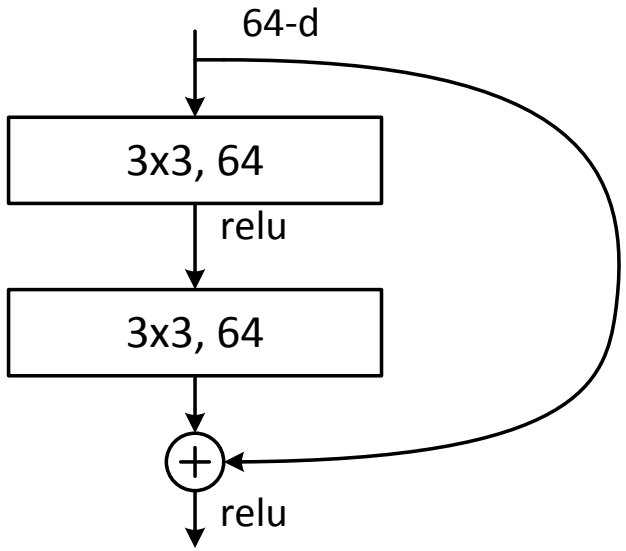
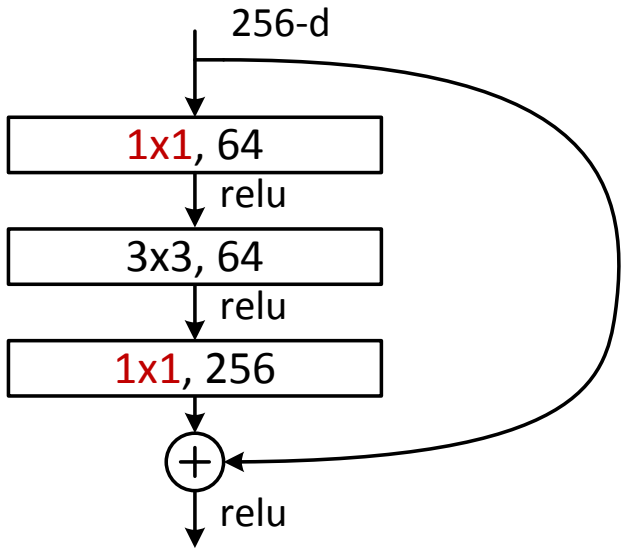
ImageNet experiments

- A practical design of going deeper



all-3x3

similar complexity



bottleneck

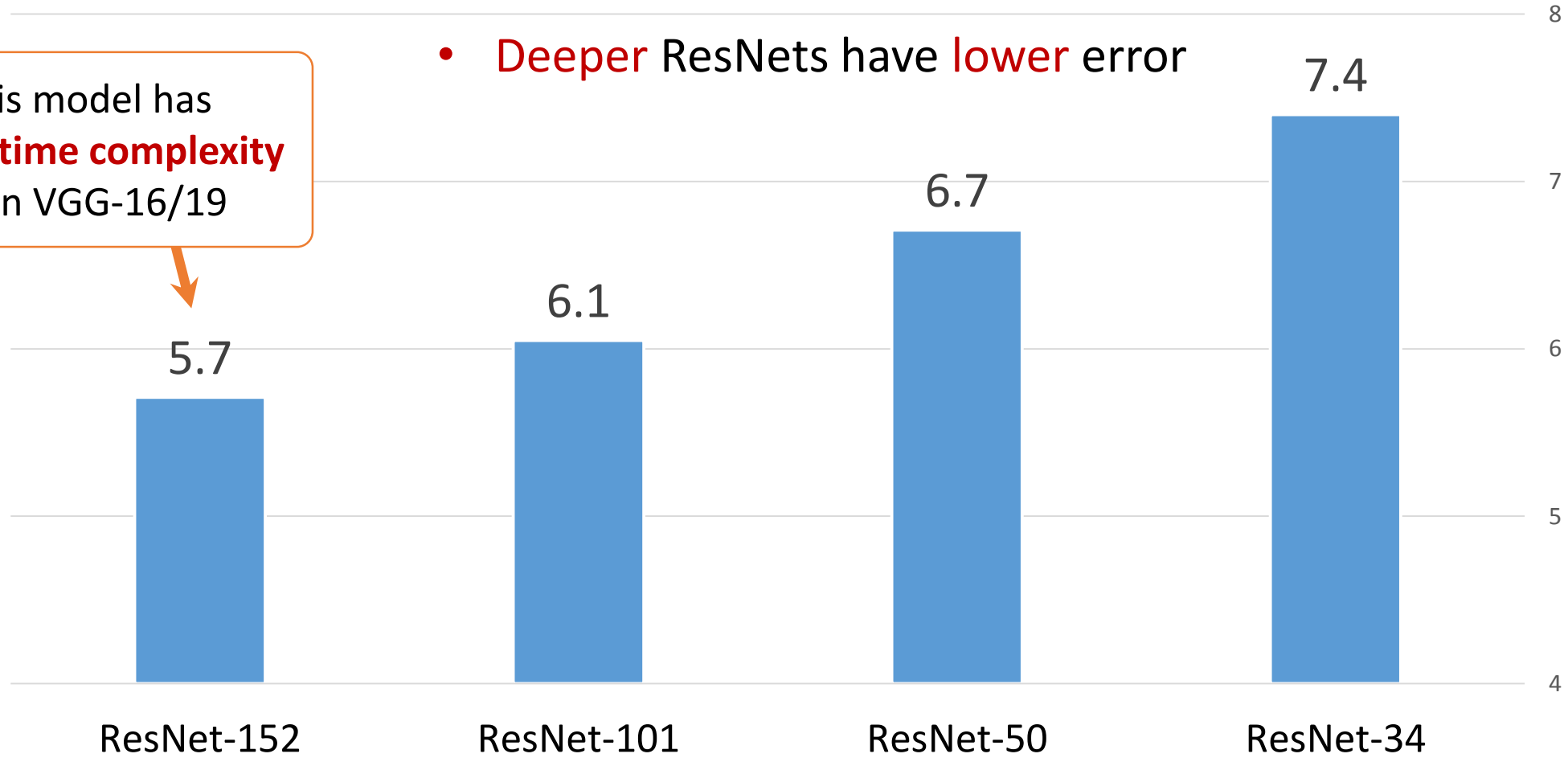
(for ResNet-50/101/152)

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

ImageNet experiments

- Deeper ResNets have lower error

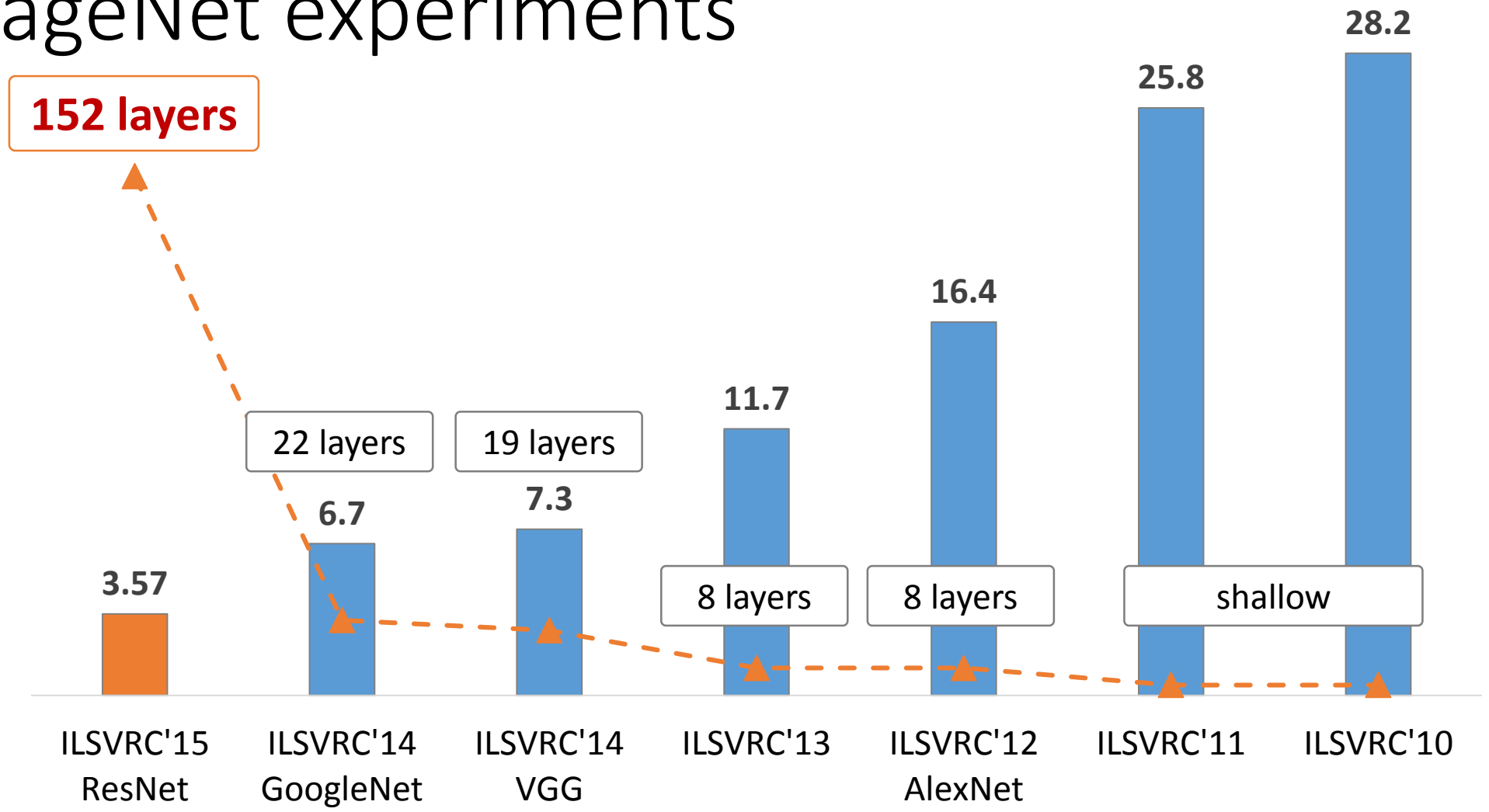
this model has **lower time complexity** than VGG-16/19



10-crop testing, top-5 val error (%)

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

ImageNet experiments



Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

Just classification?

A treasure from ImageNet is on learning features.

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.

"Features matter." (quote [Girshick et al. 2014], the R-CNN paper)

task	2nd-place winner	MSRA	margin (relative)
ImageNet Localization (top-5 error)	12.0	9.0	**27%**
ImageNet Detection (mAP@.5)	53.6	62.1	**16%**
COCO Detection (mAP@.5:.95)	33.5	37.3	**11%**
COCO Segmentation (mAP@.5:.95)	25.1	28.2	**12%**

absolute 8.5% better!

- Our results are all based on ResNet-101
- Our features are well transferrable

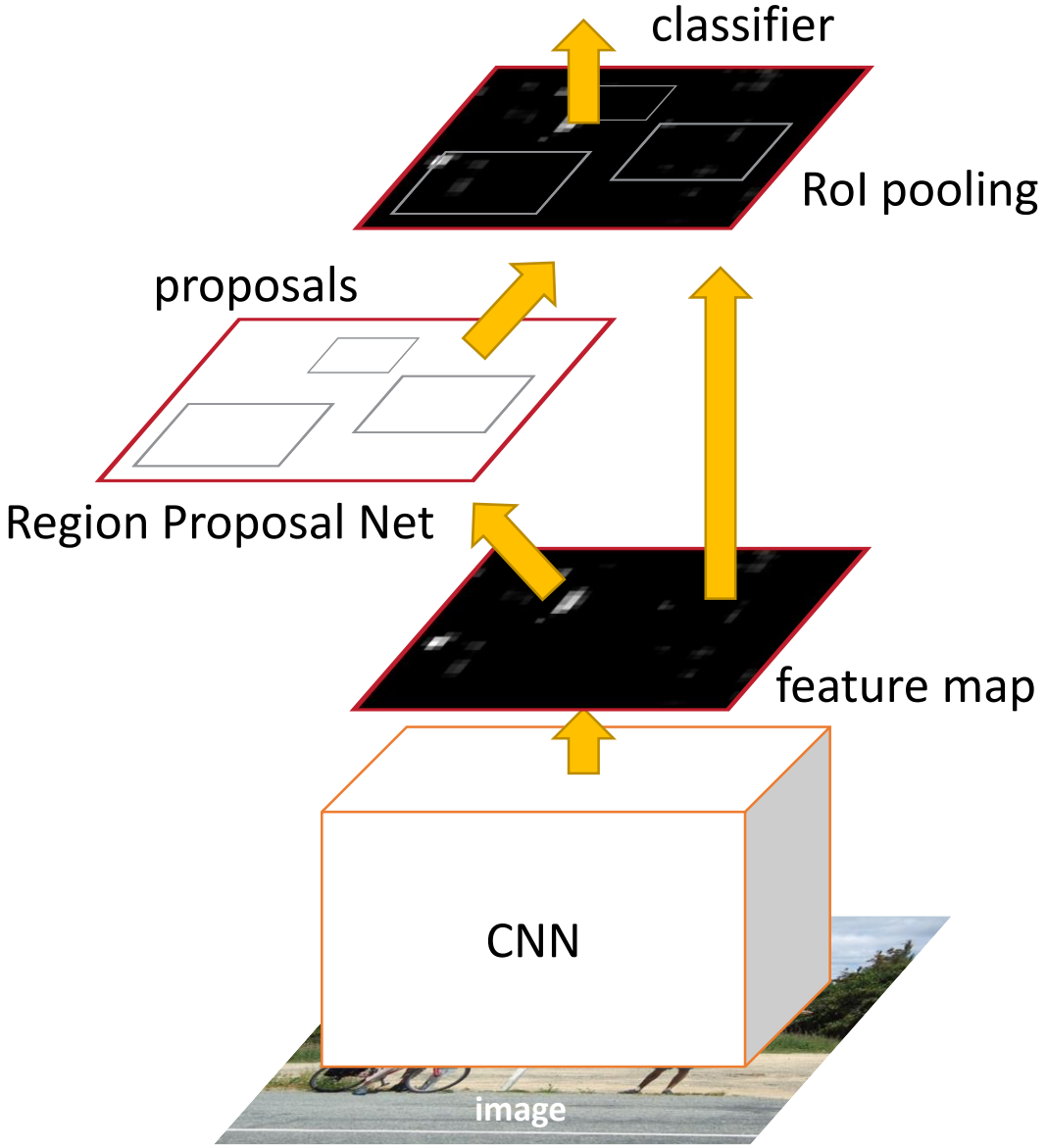
Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition". arXiv 2015.

Object Detection (brief)

- Simply “Faster R-CNN + ResNet”

Faster R-CNN baseline	mAP@.5	mAP@.5:.95
VGG-16	41.5	21.5
ResNet-101	**48.4**	**27.2**

COCO detection results
(ResNet has 28% relative gain)



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Shaoqing Ren, Kaiming He, Ross Girshick, & Jian Sun. “Faster R-CNN: Towards Real-Time Object Detection with Region Proposal Networks”. NIPS 2015.

Object Detection (brief)

- RPN learns proposals by extremely deep nets
  - We use only 300 proposals (no SS/EB/MCG!)
- Add what is just missing in Faster R-CNN…
  - Iterative localization
  - Context modeling
  - Multi-scale testing
- All are based on CNN features; all are end-to-end (train and/or inference)
- All benefit more from deeper features – cumulative gains!

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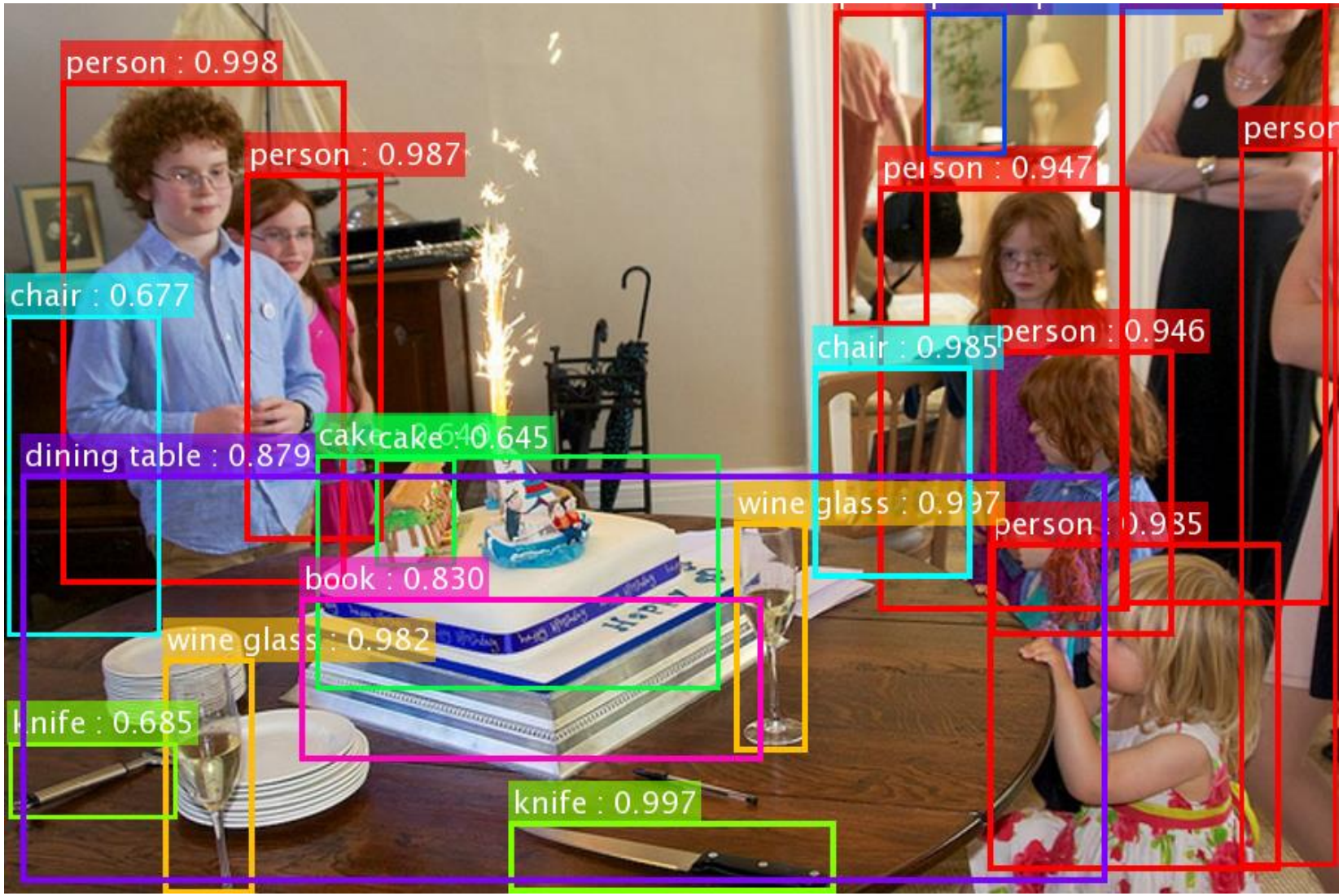

Our results on COCO – too many objects, let's check carefully!

*the original image is from the COCO dataset

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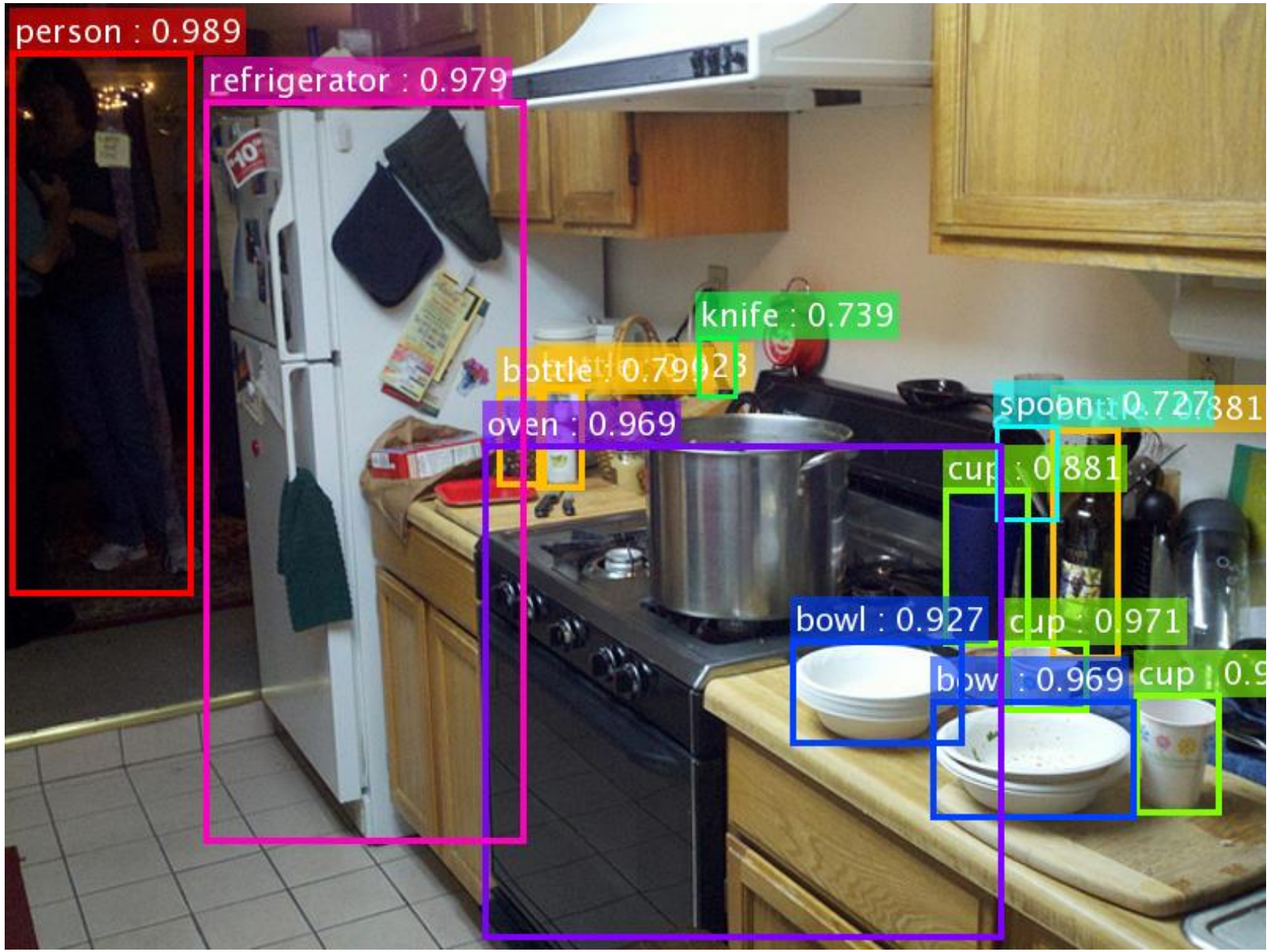

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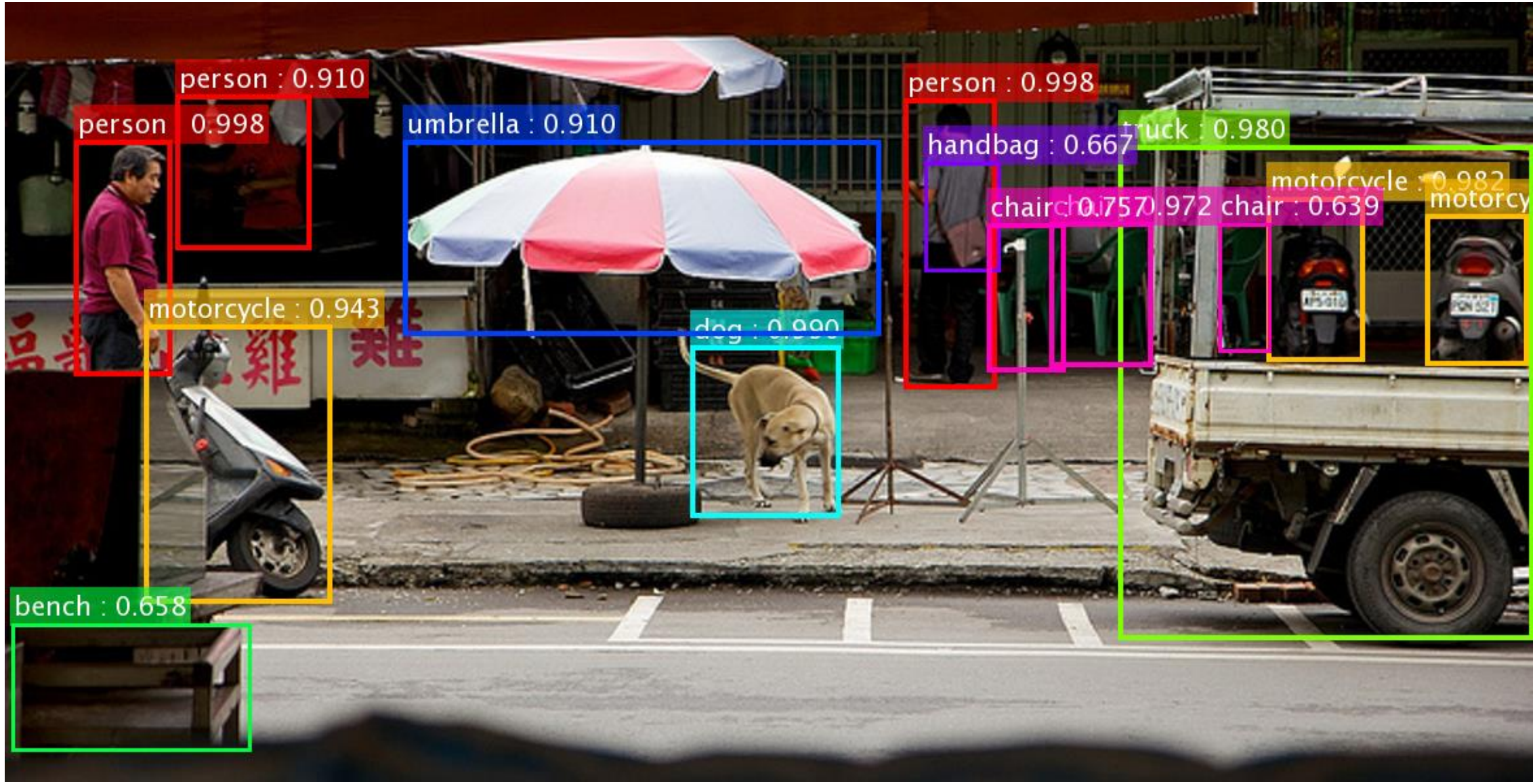

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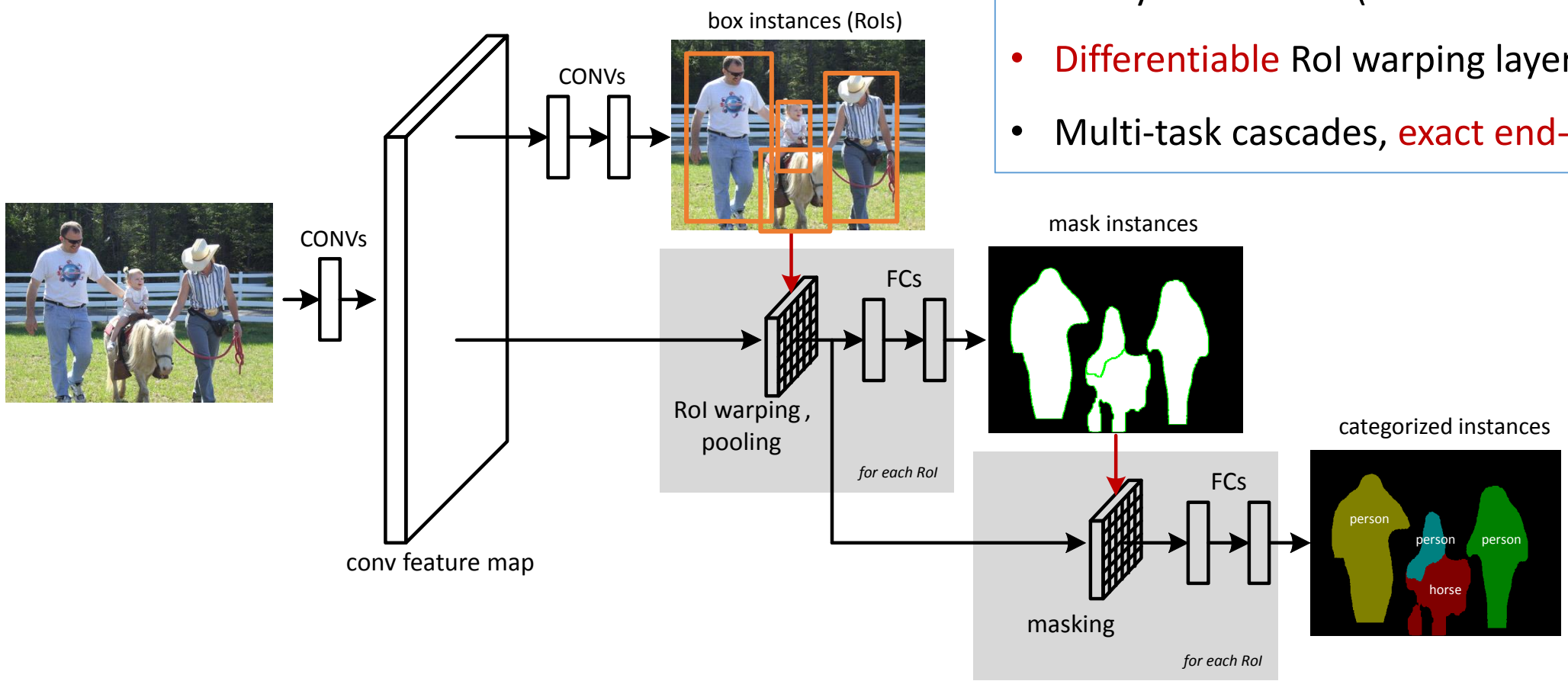
Instance Segmentation (brief)

- Solely CNN-based (“features matter”)
- Differentiable RoI warping layer (w.r.t box coord.)
- Multi-task cascades, exact end-to-end training



Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. “Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition”. arXiv 2015.
Jifeng Dai, Kaiming He, & Jian Sun. “Instance-aware Semantic Segmentation via Multi-task Network Cascades”. arXiv 2015.

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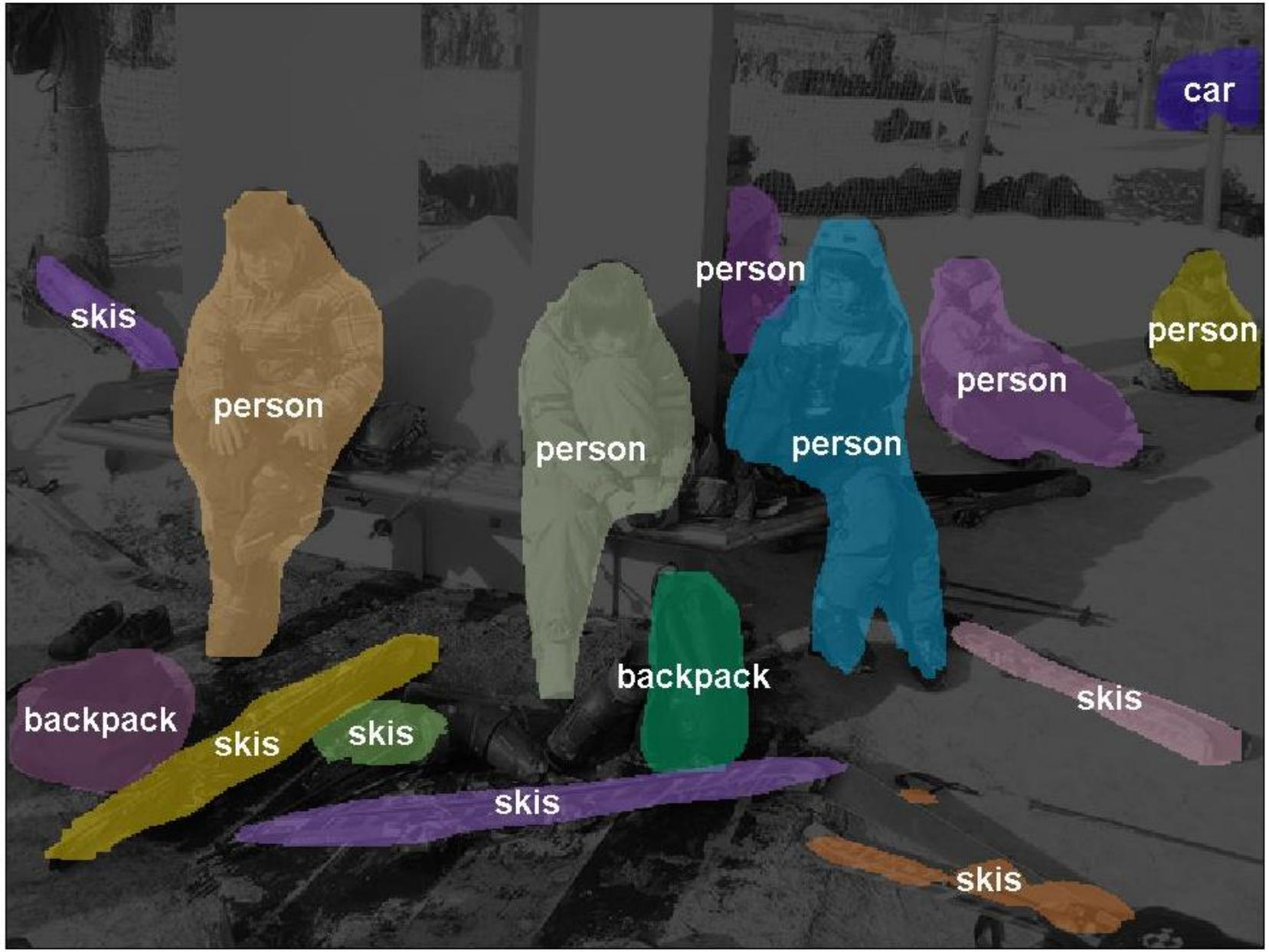

input

*the original image is from the COCO dataset

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Jifeng Dai, Kaiming He, & Jian Sun. “Instance-aware Semantic Segmentation via Multi-task Network Cascades”. arXiv 2015.

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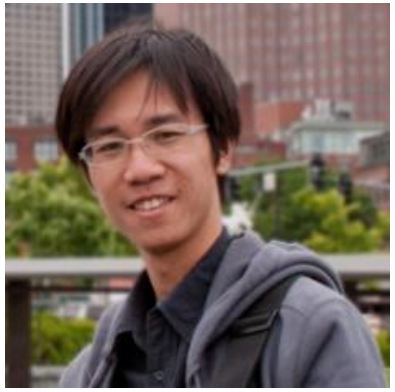
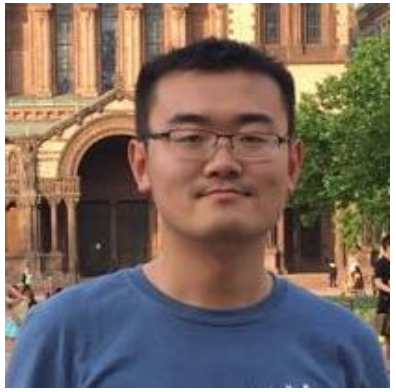
Conclusions

- Deeper is still better
- "*Features matter*"!
- Faster R-CNN is just amazing

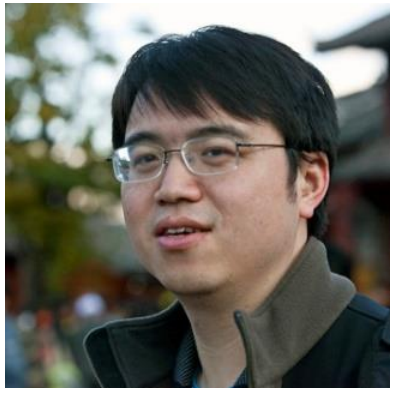
MSRA team


Kaiming He


Xiangyu Zhang


Shaoqing Ren


Jifeng Dai


Jian Sun

Kaiming He, Xiangyu Zhang, Shaoqing Ren, & Jian Sun. "Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition". arXiv 2015.
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