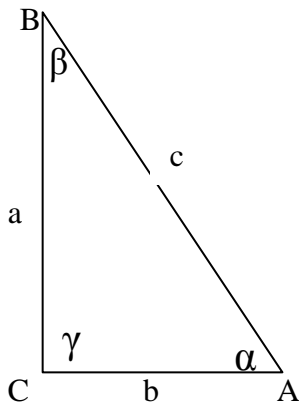


# Rumus - rumus Trigonometri



$$\sin \alpha = \frac{a}{c} = \frac{\text{sisi dihadapan sudut } \alpha}{\text{hipotenusa}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{b}{c} = \frac{\text{sisi didekat sudut } \alpha}{\text{hipotenusa}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{\text{sisi dihadapan sudut } \alpha}{\text{sisi didekat sudut } \alpha}$$

## 1. JUMLAH & SELISIH DUA SUDUT

$$\sin (\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\sin (\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\cos (\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\cos (\alpha - \beta) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\tan (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha + \operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 - \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \beta}$$

$$\tan (\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha - \operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 + \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \beta}$$

## 2. SUDUT GANDA

$$\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\cos 2\alpha = 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1$$

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} \alpha}{1 - \operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha}$$

## 3. PERKALIAN SINUS DAN COSINUS

$$2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta = \sin (\alpha + \beta) + \sin (\alpha - \beta)$$

$$2 \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta = \sin (\alpha + \beta) - \sin (\alpha - \beta)$$

$$2 \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta = \cos (\alpha + \beta) + \cos (\alpha - \beta)$$

$$2 \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta = -\{ \cos (\alpha + \beta) - \cos (\alpha - \beta) \}$$

## 4. JUMLAH & SELISIH PD SINUS & COSINUS

$$\sin A + \sin B = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2} (A + B) \cdot \cos \frac{1}{2} (A - B)$$

$$\sin A - \sin B = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2} (A + B) \cdot \sin \frac{1}{2} (A - B)$$

$$\cos A + \cos B = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2} (A + B) \cdot \cos \frac{1}{2} (A - B)$$

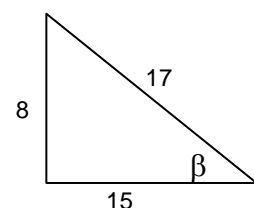
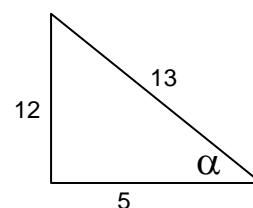
$$\cos A - \cos B = -2 \sin \frac{1}{2} (A + B) \cdot \sin \frac{1}{2} (A - B)$$

### Contoh SOAL 1

Diketahui  $\sin \alpha = \frac{12}{13}$  dan  $\tan \beta = \frac{8}{15}$  Carilah nilai :

- $\sin (\alpha + \beta)$
- $\cos (\alpha + \beta)$
- $\tan (\alpha - \beta)$

jwb



$$\text{a. } \sin (\alpha + \beta) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\sin (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{15}{17} + \frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{8}{17} = \frac{220}{221}$$

$$\text{b. } \cos (\alpha + \beta) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$$

$$\cos (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{15}{17} - \frac{12}{13} \cdot \frac{8}{17} = -\frac{21}{221}$$

$$\text{c. } \tan (\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha + \operatorname{tg} \beta}{1 - \operatorname{tg} \alpha \cdot \operatorname{tg} \beta}$$



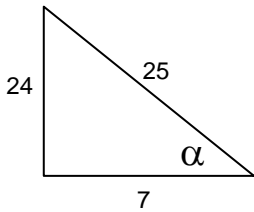
$$\begin{aligned}\tan(\alpha + \beta) &= \frac{\frac{12}{5} + \frac{8}{15}}{1 - \frac{12}{5} \cdot \frac{8}{15}} = \frac{\frac{44}{15}}{1 - \frac{32}{25}} = \frac{\frac{44}{15}}{-\frac{7}{25}} \\ &= \frac{44}{15} \cdot -\frac{25}{7} = -\frac{220}{21}\end{aligned}$$

### Contoh SOAL 2

Diketahui  $\cos \alpha = \frac{7}{25}$ , carilah nilai :

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. $\sin 2\alpha$ | d. $\sin 3\alpha$ |
| b. $\cos 2\alpha$ | e. $\sin 4\alpha$ |
| c. $\tan 2\alpha$ | f. $\cos 4\alpha$ |
|                   | g. $\tan 4\alpha$ |

jwb



$$\sin \alpha = \frac{24}{25}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{7}{25}$$

$$a. \sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha = 2 \cdot \frac{24}{25} \cdot \frac{7}{25} = \frac{336}{625}$$

$$b. \cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{24}{25}\right)^2 = -\frac{527}{625}$$

$$c. \tan 2\alpha =$$

$$\frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{7}{25}}{1 - \left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2} = \frac{\frac{14}{25}}{-\frac{527}{625}} = -\frac{336}{527}$$

$$d. \sin 3\alpha = 3 \sin \alpha - 4 \sin^3 \alpha = 3 \cdot \frac{24}{25} -$$

$$4 \left(\frac{24}{25}\right)^3 = -\frac{10.296}{15.625}$$

$$e. \sin 4\alpha = 2 \sin 2\alpha \cdot \cos 2\alpha = 2 \cdot \frac{336}{625} \cdot -\frac{527}{625}$$

$$= -\frac{354.144}{390.625}$$

$$f. \cos 4\alpha = 2 \cos^2 2\alpha - 1 = 2 \cdot \left(-\frac{527}{625}\right)^2 -$$

$$1 = \frac{164.833}{390.625}$$

$$\begin{aligned}g. \tan 4\alpha &= \frac{2 \tan 2\alpha}{1 - \tan^2 2\alpha} = \frac{2 \cdot \left(-\frac{336}{527}\right)}{1 - \left(-\frac{336}{527}\right)^2} = \frac{-\frac{672}{527}}{\frac{164.833}{277.729}} \\ &= -\frac{354.144}{164.833}\end{aligned}$$

## LATIHAN

1. Lengkapi rumus trigonometri berikut :

- |                                   |                                     |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a. $\cos(\alpha + \beta) = \dots$ | d. $\sin 2\beta = \dots$            |
| b. $\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \dots$ | e. $\tan 2\beta = \dots$            |
| c. $\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \dots$ | f. $\cos \frac{1}{2}\alpha = \dots$ |

2. Diketahui  $\alpha$  dan  $\beta$  adalah sudut lancip.

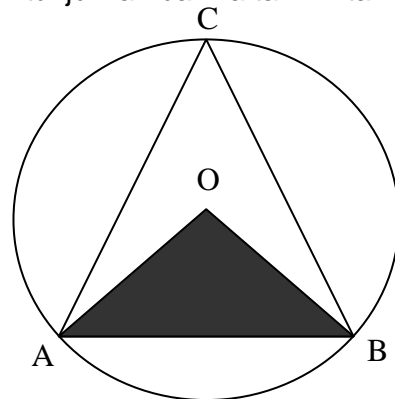
Jika  $\sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$  dan  $\cos \beta = \frac{24}{25}$ , hitunglah :

- |                           |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| a. $\cos(\alpha + \beta)$ | d. $\cos 2\alpha$          |
| b. $\sin(\alpha + \beta)$ | e. $\sin \frac{1}{2}\beta$ |
| c. $\sin 2\alpha$         | f. $\cos \frac{1}{2}\beta$ |

3. a. Hitunglah nilai dari  $2 \sin 75^\circ \cos 75^\circ$

b. Jika  $2 \cos(A+B) = \cos(A-B)$ ,  
tunjukkan bahwa  $\tan A \cdot \tan B = \frac{1}{3}$

4.



Pada gambar disamping, O adalah titik pusat lingkaran luar segitiga ABC. Jika  $\sin C = \frac{2}{3}$ ,

hitunglah :

- $\sin \angle AOB$
- $\cos \angle AOB$
- $\tan \angle AOB$

