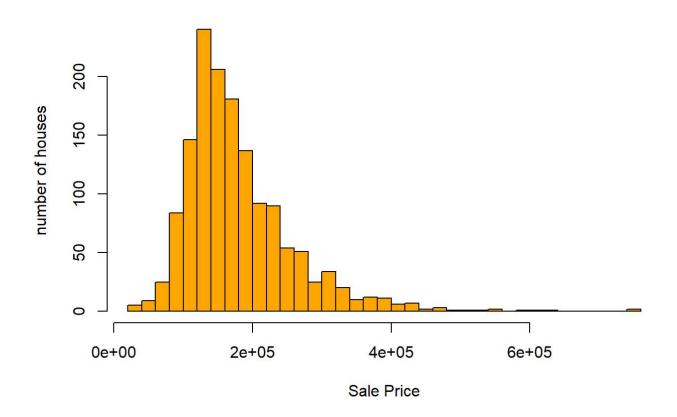
eda-lab-assignment-in-r.R

nzcoo

2022-05-15

Distribution of Sale Prices

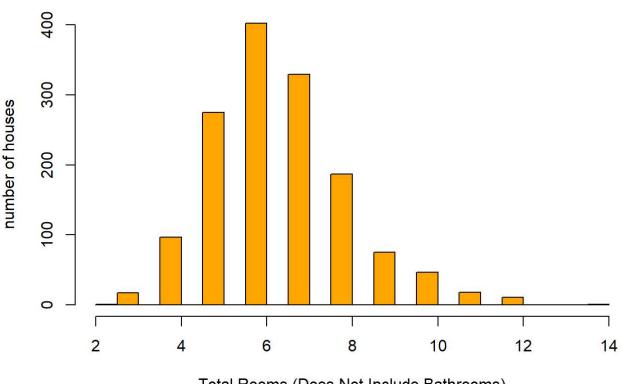


```
mean(ames[["SalePrice"]]) -> spm
median(ames[["SalePrice"]]) -> spmd
sd(ames[["SalePrice"]]) -> sps
print("mean 181k, median 163k, standard deviation 79k.")
```

```
## [1] "mean 181k, median 163k, standard deviation 79k."
```

hist(ames\$TotRmsAbvGrd,main="Distribution of Total Rooms Above Grade", xlab="Total Rooms (Does N ot Include Bathrooms)",ylab = "number of houses", col="orange", breaks= 40)

Distribution of Total Rooms Above Grade



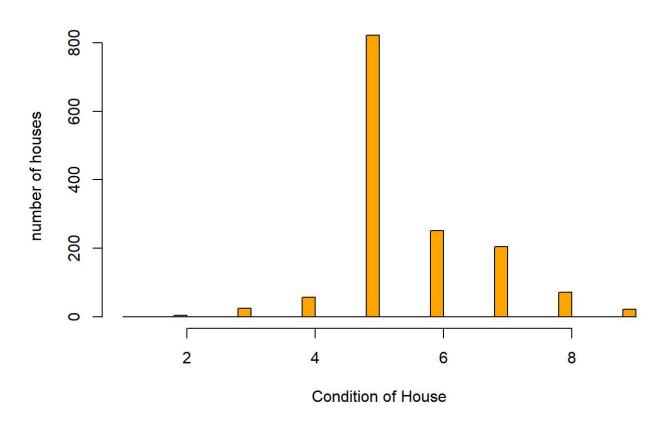
Total Rooms (Does Not Include Bathrooms)

```
mean(ames[["TotRmsAbvGrd"]]) -> tragm
median(ames[["TotRmsAbvGrd"]]) -> tragmd
sd(ames[["TotRmsAbvGrd"]]) -> trags
print("mean 181k, median 163k, standard deviation 79k.")
```

```
## [1] "mean 181k, median 163k, standard deviation 79k."
```

hist(ames\$OverallCond,main="Distribution of Overall Condition of Houses on a 1-10 Scale", xlab=
"Condition of House",ylab = "number of houses", col="orange", breaks= 40)

Distribution of Overall Condition of Houses on a 1-10 Scale



```
mean(ames[["OverallCond"]]) -> ocm
median(ames[["OverallCond"]]) -> ocmd
sd(ames[["OverallCond"]]) -> ocs
print("mean 6.52, median 6, standard deviation 1.63.")
```

```
## [1] "mean 6.52, median 6, standard deviation 1.63."
```

```
belowavg <- subset(ames,OverallCond <5)
avgavg <- subset(ames,OverallCond ==5)
aboveavg <- subset(ames,OverallCond >5)

plot(density(belowavg$SalePrice),col='red')
lines(density(avgavg$SalePrice),col='blue')
lines(density(aboveavg$SalePrice),col='green')

print("In the density graph we can see that the below average conditioned houses (red) mostly se
ll for a lower amount than the other groups. This group has been sold more than the above avera
ge(green) and average (blue) groups. There are less average homes sold than any other type of h
ouse. it is suprising that there are not more average homes sold.")
```

[1] "In the density graph we can see that the below average conditioned houses (red) mostly s ell for a lower amount than the other groups. This group has been sold more than the above aver age(green) and average (blue) groups. There are less average homes sold than any other type of house. it is suprising that there are not more average homes sold."

```
library("dplyr")

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

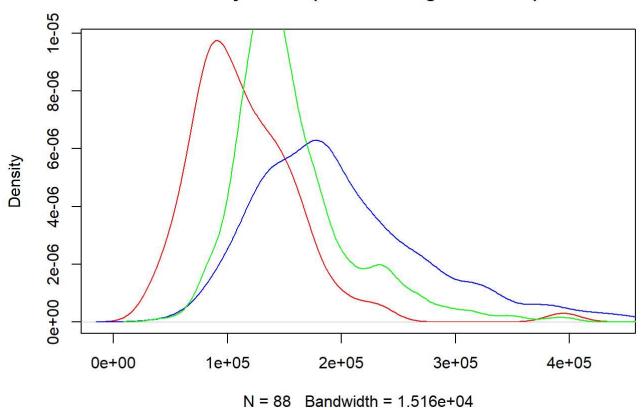
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

numbers <- select_if(ames, is.numeric)
correlation <-cor(numbers$SalePrice,numbers)
library(ggcorrplot)

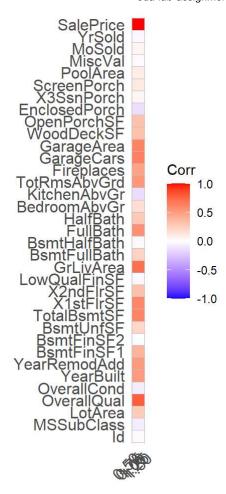
## Loading required package: ggplot2</pre>
```

```
III LOGGING TEQUITED PUCKAGE. ESPICE
```

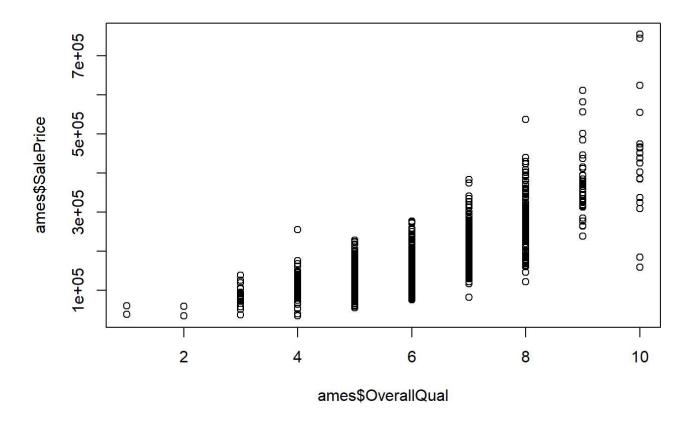
density.default(x = belowavg\$SalePrice)



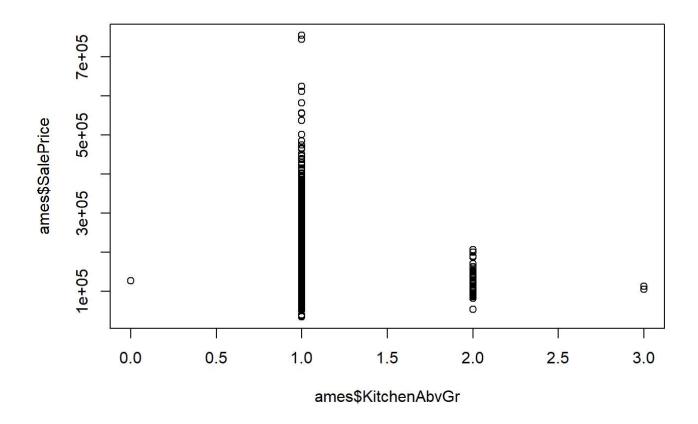
ggcorrplot(correlation)



plot(ames\$OverallQual,ames\$SalePrice)



plot (ames\$KitchenAbvGr,ames\$SalePrice)



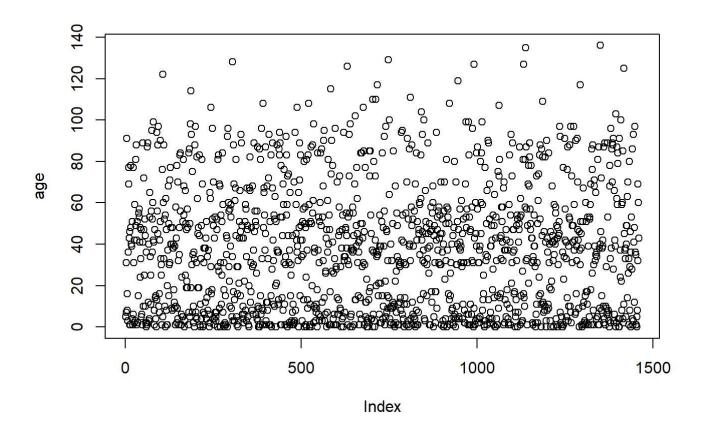
print ("the most correlated is overallquality, the least correlated is kitchen above ground")

[1] "the most correlated is overallquality, the least correlated is kitchen above ground"

age <- ames\$YrSold - ames\$YearBuilt
print (head(age))</pre>

[1] 5 31 7 91 8 16

plot(age)



print ("age and price of the house are positively correlated")

[1] "age and price of the house are positively correlated"