

# Computational Physics: Homework 1

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## Problem 1

### Introduction

In this problem we created a plot of the Mandelbrot set. The Mandelbrot set created iteratively using the equation

$$z' = z^2 + c \tag{1}$$

where  $z$  is a complex input number and  $c = x + iy$  is another complex number used to create the output,  $z'$ . For a pair of  $x$  and  $y$  values we create the complex number  $c$  and start with  $z = 0$ . We then iterate using equation (1) and if  $|z| > 2$  then the point at  $(x, y)$  is **not** in the Mandelbrot set.

### Methods

For our purposes we made a evenly spaced grid in  $x$  and  $y$  ranging from -2 to 2 with which the values for  $c$  were made. For each point, we iterated a maximum of 100 times to check if the point at  $(x, y)$  was in the set. At first our grid size was 100x100 but it was ultimately increased to 750x750 to produce the final plots.

To keep track of whether an  $(x, y)$  pair was in the set, an array of zeros,  $Z$ , of size  $(N, N)$  was created where  $N$  is the size of the  $x$  and  $y$  grids. If,  $|z|$  was ever greater than 2, the corresponding point in  $Z$  was left as 0. If, after 100 iterations, the value for  $|z|$  was less than 2, the corresponding point was given a value of 1. This method was used to make a 'binary' Mandelbrot set where points are considered either 'in' or 'out'. Additionally, a Mandelbrot 'density' plot was made where the value in  $Z$  was incremented based on the number of iterations before  $|z|$  becomes larger than 2.

### Results

plots

## Problem 2

### Introduction

In this problem we wrote our own linear least squares fitting code.

### Methods

stuff

## Results

plots