

Lab 1: Pytorch setup & Introduction Jan 26, 2023

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- Virtual Environments
- Conda Environments
- Setting up the Environment
- Pytorch
- Walkthrough jupyter notebook
 - Generating Tensors
 - Tensor Operations
 - Numpy Conversions
 - Device
 - Gradient Descent with Autograd
 - A simple model in Pytorch!





- Useful to maintain dependencies of different projects.
- Essentially just a directory!
- Two popular packaging systems Conda & Pip.
- Pip is focused around python and neglects non-python library dependencies. Conda becomes useful when you are working with non-python dependencies.





- Conda is a directory that contains a specific collection of Conda packages that you have installed.
- Handles dependencies outside of python packages & python packages themselves.
- Not interchangeable with pip, but you can install pip packages in conda environments.
- Anaconda installs over 150 scientific packages, however Miniconda installs basic packages.





- Install Anaconda/Miniconda environments
 - https://docs.anaconda.com/anaconda/install
 - https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html
- Create a conda environment with the following commands:
 - o conda create --name dlm-2023 python=3.8.8 (PyTorch is not compatible with the latest version of Python 3.10. For now, version3.9.7 or below would do just fine.)
 - conda activate dlm-2023 (Feel free to use other names instead of dlm-2023)
 - o pip3 install torch torchvision torchaudio
 - o pip3 install notebook
 - o jupyter notebook



- Tensorflow works on lazy computing, pytorch is dynamic and imperative, hence eager.
- Python performance is faster in Pytorch.
- Easier to learn, more memory efficient, and lighter to work with.
- Consists of Tensors as building blocks, basically numpy on GPU.





- Learn the basics of Pytorch
 (https://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/basics/intro.html)
- 2. <u>Virtual Environments in Python</u> (https://rcpedia.stanford.edu/topicGuides/pythonEnv.html)
- 3. <u>Managing environments in Conda</u> (https://conda.io/projects/conda/en/latest/user-guide/tasks/manage-environments.html)