## STAT2371 Assignment

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## Question 1

Suppose that two independent binomial random variables  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are observed where  $X_1$  has a Binomial(n, p) distribution and  $X_2$  has a Binomial(2n, p) distribution. You may assume that n is known, whereas p is an unknown parameter. Define two possible estimators of p

$$\hat{p}_1 = \frac{1}{3n}(X_1 + X_2)$$
 and  $\hat{p}_2 = \frac{1}{2n}(X_1 + 0.5X_2)$ .

(a) Show that both of the estimators  $\hat{p}_1$  and  $\hat{p}_2$  are unbiased estimators of p.

$$E(\hat{p}_1) = \frac{1}{3n}(E(X_1) + E(X_2)) \quad \text{applying expected value linearity}$$
 
$$= \frac{1}{3n}(n \cdot p + 2n \cdot p) \quad \text{applying the binomial expectation formula}$$
 
$$= p$$
 
$$\text{bias}(\hat{p}_1, p) = E(\hat{p}_1) - p = 0.$$

Similarly,

$$E(\hat{p}_2) = \frac{1}{2n} (E(X_1) + 0.5E(X_2))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n} (n \cdot p + 0.5 \cdot 2n \cdot p)$$

$$= p$$

$$bias(\hat{p}_2, p) = E(\hat{p}_2) - p = 0.$$

Hence  $\hat{p}_1$  and  $\hat{p}_2$  are unbiased estimators of p.

(b) Find  $Var(\hat{p}_1)$  and  $Var(\hat{p}_2)$ .

$$Var(\hat{p}_1) = \frac{1}{9n^2}(Var(X_1) + Var(X_2))$$
 applying the formula for independent case 
$$= \frac{1}{9n^2}(np(1-p) + 2np(1-p))$$
 applying the binomial variance formula

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$$=\frac{p(1-p)}{3n}.$$

Similarly,

$$Var(\hat{p}_2) = \frac{1}{4n^2}(Var(X_1) + 0.5^2Var(X_2))$$
$$= \frac{1}{4n^2}(np(1-p) + 0.25 \cdot 2np(1-p))$$
$$= \frac{3p(1-p)}{8n}.$$

(c) Show that both estimators are consistent estimators of p.