OR 1,792,917

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Feb. 17, 1931.

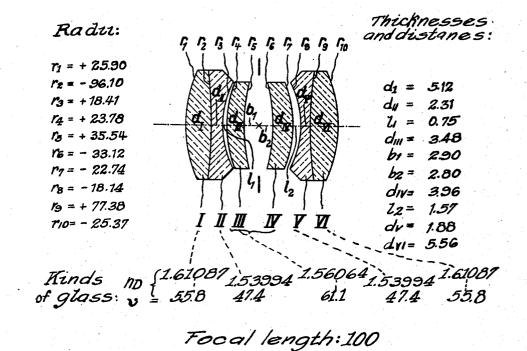
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PHOTOGRAPHIC OBJECTIVE

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Emventor: Willy Ment

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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

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PHOTOGRAPHIC OBJECTIVE

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graphic double objectives, corrected spher- and for coma, composed of two unsymmetriically, chromatically, astigmatically and for coma, whose halves consist each of an isolated 5 collective meniscus, facing the diaphragm, and of two members cemented together, viz., a biconcave and a biconvex member.

According to the present invention one attains a good correction, extending over a 10 large image field, by constructing the two halves of the double objective in such a way that when using each of the same so as to which are parallel to one another and com-15 ing from the side of the meniscus through a small diaphragm lying there, the rays intersect each other in such a manner that at least with larger angles of inclination of the ray pencils relatively to the axis the 20 sagittal and the tangential points of inter-section of the rays follow each other with both halves in opposite sense.

The annexed drawing shows as an exam-

ple a double objective according to the pres-25 ent invention whose numerical values are given in the subjoined table for a focal length of the double objective of 100 units. The double objective shown sharply covers at a relative aperture of 1:4.5 an image field 30 of 65°. Each of the halves may also be

used singly.

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Radii	Thicknesses and distances	
$r_1 = +25.90$ $r_2 = -96.10$ $r_3 = +18.41$ $r_4 = +23.78$ $r_5 = +35.54$ $r_6 = -33.12$ $r_7 = -22.74$ $r_8 = -18.14$ $r_9 = +77.38$ $r_{10} = -25.37$	d _I =5.12 d _{II} =2.31 l _I =0.75 d _{III} =3.48 b _I =2.90 b ₂ =2.80 d _{IV} =3.96 l ₃ =1.88 d _{VI} =5.56	

Kinds of glass

45	:	I and VI	II and V	III and IV	
	n _D	1. 61087 55. 8	1.53994 47.4	1. 56064 61. 1	

I claim: Photographic double objective, corrected

The present invention relates to such photo-spherically, chromatically astigmatically cal halves, each of which consists of an isolated collective meniscus, facing the other half, and of two members cemented together, as of which two members one is biconcave and one biconvex, the two halves being so constructed that when using each of the same so as to receive light pencils composed each of rays which are parallel to one another 60 and coming from the side of the meniscus through a small diaphragm lying there the receive light pencils composed each of rays rays intersect each other in such a manner that at least with larger angles of inclination of the ray pencils relatively to the axis 65 the sagittal and the tangential points of intersection of the rays follow each other with both halves in opposite sense.

WILLY MERTÉ.

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