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MTH2302D - A17
Question #1 (6 points)
 a) X \sim N(\mu=1; \sigma^2 = \frac{1}{100}) Z \sim N(0,1) où Z = \frac{X-\mu}{\sigma}
       P(1 \le \overline{\chi} \le 1.05) = P(0 \le 2 \le 0.5)
= \overline{\Phi}(0.5) - \overline{\Phi}(0)
                           -0,69146-0.5
                            = 0,19146
 6) P(T>U) = P(T-U>0) = P(V>0)
                                                        où V=T-U => V~N(3,9)
                                      = P(\Xi > -1)
                                      = $(1)
                                      - 0,84134
  c) y = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (x_i - 1)^2
       1.c) Y~ X200
       2.c) Y~ N(K, 2K)
  g = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X^{i} - 1)_{3} + H = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X^{i} - 1)_{3}
5582
          Par la bi de Fishes:
               F= G/U = G/6 = G
H/V = H/2 = 2H
           On a:
             P(G > mH) = 0.01
= P(G > m) = 0.01
               => m = Fo,01; 6,3 = 27,91 => m= 55,82
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| Question | (#) | 2 (| 6 prints) | | |
|----------|--|-------|----------------------------|-------|--|
| a) H | : X | ~ Poi | i(c) | | |
| 6) | o) On rejette Ho si $M_0 > \chi_{0.05; K-p-1}$ | | | | C= (15.0+45.1+25.2+15.3) = 1.4 |
|) | X | Oi | P(X=k) 1.4°. e = 0,2466 | E | 2) $\mu_0 = \frac{(15 - 24.66)^2}{24.66} + \frac{(45 - 34.52)^2}{34.52} + \frac{(25 - 24.17)^2}{34.17} + \frac{(15 - 11.28)^2}{11.28}$ |
| | 0 | 15 | 1.4°. e = 0,2466 | 24,66 | $\frac{(25-24.17)^2}{24.17} + \frac{(15-11.28)^2}{11.28}$ |
| | | | 0,3452 | | = 3,7841 + 3,1816 + 0.0285 + 1.2268 $= 8,22$ |
| | 2 | 25 | 0,2417 | 24,17 | 3) $\chi_{0.05;2}^{3} = 5,99$ |
| | 3 | 15 | 0.1128 | 11.28 | 1 10,05;2 = 5,99 |
| | | | te Ho, ca | | 0.05; 2 |

Question #3 (8 points) a) $n > \left(\frac{2}{e}\right)^2 \cdot 0.5(1-0.5)$ N > (ZH2)2 - 1 $n > \left(\frac{1.96}{6.045}\right)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{4}$ n > 474,27 n = 475 b) p: proportion actuelle d'unités non-conformes d'une production Ho: p=0.10 Hi: p>0.10 c) · Rejetter Ho, car 0,0024 < 0,05 · 1) 1-0,0024 = 0,9976 => \(\bar{\pi}(z)) = 0,9976 \(\bar{z}_0 = 2.82\) 2) $Z_0 = \frac{\hat{p} - 0.10}{\int 0.10(1 - 0.10)^7} = 2.82 \implies \hat{p} = 0.1423$ 3) 400.0,1423 = 56,92 = 57 unités d) B = P(Erreur de deuxième espace) $\beta = P(P_0 - P_1 + Z_{\times} | P_0(1 - P_0)' | H_1)$ $= P(Z_1) - P(Z_2) - P(Z_3) - P(Z_4) - P(Z_5) - P(Z_$ 三百 (0,86) = 0,80511 -80,511%

Question #4 (12 paints)
a) On said que
$$X_a \sim N(\mu_a, \sigma_a^2)$$
 $IDC(\mu_z) = \overline{X} \pm t \pm \frac{1}{3}, n-1 \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{n}}$
 $= 50,3 \pm t \cos 5, 0 \cdot \frac{1.48}{3}$
 $= 50,3 \pm 1.86 \cdot \frac{1.48}{3}$
 $= [49,3824;5/,2176]$
b) $X_{n+1} \in \overline{X} \pm \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \in [49,3824;5/,2176]$
 $X_{n+1} \in 50,3 \pm 1.86 \cdot 1.476 \cdot \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{3}}$
 $X_{n+1} \in 50,3 \pm 9.89$
 $X_{n+1} \in [47,41;53.13]$
c) $H_0: \overline{X}_1^2 = 0.5$
 $H_1: \overline{X}_1^2 = 0.5$
 $H_1: \overline{X}_1^2 = 0.5$
 $Rejetter Ho si $X_0^2 < X_{\frac{3}{3},n-1}^2$
 $I(X_0^2) = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{50.2} = \frac{15 \cdot 0.37}{0.5} = 11.1$
 $I(X_0^2) = 0.37 + 0.27$$

| d) H | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
|-------|--|
| | Rejetter si Fo < Fi-&; n,-1; n,-1 ou Fo > Fy; n,-1; nz-1 |
| | $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}$ |
| | 2) $F_{1-\frac{\omega}{2};n_{1},n_{2}-1} = \frac{1}{3.20} = 0.3125$ $F_{0} < F_{1-\frac{\omega}{2}}$ (rejetter H ₀) |
| | 3) $F_{\frac{x}{2}}, n_{1} - 1, n_{2} - 1 = +1, 10$ |
| e) Ho | $\mu_1 = \mu_2$ |
| H. | 1: Mi > Ma |
| | Rejetter Ho & To > tx; v |
| | 1) $N = \frac{(S_1^2/n_1 + S_2^2/n_2)^2}{(S_1^2/n_1)^2} = 2$ 2) $T_0 = \frac{X_1 - X_2}{X_1 - X_2}$ $T_0 = \frac{X_1 - X_2}{N_1 + N_2 + 1}$ |
| | $\frac{(S_1^2/n_1)^2}{n_1+1} + \frac{(S_2^2/n_2)^2}{n_2+1}$ $= 9.94$ $= 41.07673$ |
| | ×10 |
| | 3) E0,05;16 = 1.81 |
| | On rejette Ho, oui on peut affirmer quien moyenne les délais du protocole expérimental sont plus rousts que reux du protocole standard. |
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Question # 5 (14 points)
   a) \beta_0 = \overline{Y} - \hat{\beta}_1 \overline{X}
         \beta_1 = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}}
              1)S_{xy} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i Y_i - n \overline{X} \overline{Y}
                   1.7 \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{244.10}{12} = 20.34
                  \frac{12}{12} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} Y_{i} = \frac{1182,20}{12} = 98,52
                Reprenons S_{xy} = 25 (31.34 - 12(20,34)(98,52)
= 1584,58
              2) S_{xx} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{2} - n\overline{x}^{2} = 5567,37 - 12(20,34)^{2} = 602,78
             3) \hat{\beta}_1 - \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} = \frac{1584,58}{602.78} = 2.63
              H) \hat{\beta_0} = \bar{Y} - \hat{\beta}, \bar{X} = 98,52 - 2.63. 20,34 = 45,02
                               Y = 45.02 + 2,63x + 6
            Source de Somme begrés de Hoyenne Fo
variation : des carrés liberté des carrés
Régression SSR = 4167,45 1 MSR = 4167,45 MSR = 32,69
             Erreur 1274.86 = 10 = 127.49

Totale 5450.197^{n-1} - 9
             75S_{R} = \hat{\beta}, S_{XY} = 2.63 - 1584, 58 = 4167.45
75S_{E} = 55T - 35R
= S_{YY} - 55R
= \hat{\Sigma}^{1}Y^{2} - n\hat{Y}^{2} - 4167.45
                       = 121916,60 - 12(98,52) - 4167,45
= 1274,86
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