

Pinápolis, 04 de dezembro de 2023

$$1) y = (x^2 - 3x + 6)^4 \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 - 3x + 6)$$

$$3(2x - 3)$$

$$2) y = \left( \frac{3x+2}{2x+1} \right)^5 \Rightarrow 5 \left( \frac{3x+2}{2x+1} \right)^4 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{3x+2}{2x+1} \right)$$

$$\frac{5(3x+2)^4}{(2x+1)^6} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2} \right)$$

$$3) y = (x^3 + 4x)^2 \Rightarrow 2(x^3 + 4x)^1 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (x^3 + 4x)$$

$$2(x^3 + 4x)^1 (3x^2 + 4)$$

$$4) y = (1 + 2x + x^3)^4 \Rightarrow 4(1 + 2x + x^3)^3 \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (1 + 2x + x^3)$$

$$4(1 + 2x + x^3)^3 (3x^2 + 2)$$

$$\frac{3x^2 + 2}{4(1 + 2x + x^3)^3}$$



$$1) \frac{d}{dx} 5 \sin(x^2 + 1) \Rightarrow 5 \cdot \cos(x^2 + 1) \cdot 2x$$

$$= 10x \cdot \cos(x^2 + 1)$$

$$2) \frac{d}{dx} \tan(\sqrt{x}) \Rightarrow \sec^2(\sqrt{x}) \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x})$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \sec^2(\sqrt{x}) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sec^2(\sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$3) \frac{d}{dx} \tan(\sqrt{3x}) \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}(\tan(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x}))$$

$$\sec^2(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x}) \frac{d}{dx}(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x}) \Rightarrow \sec^2(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x}) \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3} \sec^2(\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x})}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$4) \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\tan(3x)} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\tan(3x)}} \cdot \sec^2(3x) \cdot 3$$

$$\frac{3 \sec^2(3x)}{2\sqrt{\tan(3x)}}$$